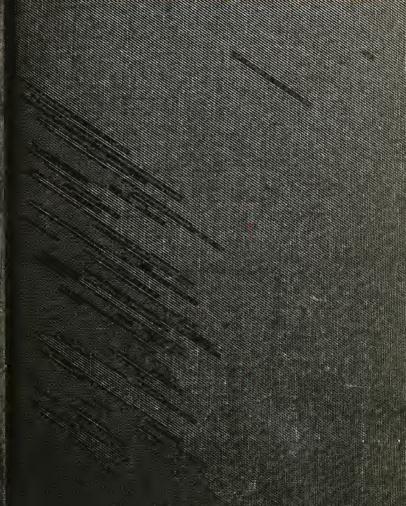
FIELPS TO THE STUDY OF THE BIRLE









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HELPS

TO

THE STUDY OF THE BIBLE

WITH

A GENERAL INDEX, A DICTIONARY OF PROPER NAMES

A CONCORDANCE, AND A SERIES OF MAPS



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HELPS TO THE STUDY OF THE BIBLE.

The Bible.

I. THE TITLE OF THE BIBLE.

THE TITLE of the Bible is of medieval origin. It is not found in Anglo-Saxon, though Gospel (God-spell or good-spell, i. e. story of God or good story) has come to us from that tongue. It is derived through the Norman French from the Latin Biblia, which was treated in the Middle Ages as a feminine singular noun, though it was a mere transliteration of the Greek neuter plural βιβλία. That Greek Christians should call the books which were read in their churches τὰ βιβλία (THE BOOKS) was natural enough: but this usage has not been traced higher than the fourth century, when it is found in Chrysostom. In the Gospels, and Acts, and Epistles, the books which were read in the Jewish synagogues are often entitled "The Scriptures." Sometimes (e.g. 1 Cor. xiv. 21) "The Law" seems to be used as a name which comprehends them all. Paul, in a notable passage, calls the books of Moses, if not the whole of the Hebrew Canon, "The Old Covenant," (ἐπὶ τῆ ἀναγνώσει τῆς παλαιᾶς διαθήκης, 2 Cor. iii. 14). In the same context he describes himself and his fellow-labourers as "ministers of a New Covenant." These terms (ἡ παλαιὰ διαθήκη and ή καινή διαθήκη) were employed afterwards by ecclesiastical writers to denote the Jewish and Christian Scriptures respectively. rendering of διαθήκη fluctuated at first between instrumentum and testamentum; but testamentum prevailed. Hence in the languages of the West the two collections of writings which make up the Bible came to be called "The Old Testament" and "The New Testament."

II. THE CANON OF SCRIPTURE.

Canon (Greek, a straight rod), used figuratively of a testing rule in art, logic, grammar, or ethics, occurs in the sense of a "rule of life" in Gal. vi. 16. In the early ages of Christianity, the term was used generally to denote a standard of opinion and practice. Its first direct application to the Holy Scriptures occurs in the "imprimatur" appended by Amphilochius to his Catalogue (A.D. 380); though Origen seems to have termed those books Canonical which Christians regard as genuine and of Divine authority. Uncanonical books are those not specified in the Canon. Apacryphal books are

those of uncertain authority; they are found in MSS. as well as in printed Bibles in company with the *Canonical* books, and are read for historical purposes, and for "instruction of manners." External and internal evidence alike is against their inspiration and Divine authority, and they are no part of the rule of faith. The Bible is the Canon, or authoritative standard, of religion and morals.

The Jewish Canon. Before the Captivity there are only faint traces of the mode of preserving the sacred writings. Moses ordered "the Book of the Law" to be put "in the side of the ark" (Deut. xxxi. 26; cp. 2 Kings xxii. 8). To this was subsequently added that of Joshua, and other Annals; and later, Proverbs, and some Prophecies, for Daniel refers to the "Books" (ix. 2). Zechariah to "the Law and former Prophets" (vii. 12), and Isaiah to "the Book of the Lord" (xxix. 18; xxxiv. 16). Ezra and the "Great Synagogue" most probably determined the Canon of the Law in its final shape; and Nehemiah "gathered together the acts of the kings and the prophets, and those of David," when "founding a library" for the second Temple (2 Macc. ii. 13), c. 432 B.C. The first notice of the Old Testament as a collection of writings is in the Prologue to the Greek translation of Ecclesiasticus (B.C. 131), which specifies the "Law and the Prophets, and the rest of the books." (Cp. Luke xxiv. 44.) Philo Judæus (B.C. 20-A.D. 40) refers to constant use of "the laws and oracles produced by the prophets, and hymns and other" (writings). Josephus (A.D. 38—c. 100) enumerates twenty-two books as "divine," viz. five of Moses, thirteen of Prophets (in which Job was probably included), and four of "hymns and directions of life." He mentions all the books of the Old Testament as Canonical, except Job, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, and the Song of Solomon, to which he does not allude, as none of them furnished any materials for his work. He also adds, that, since the death of Artaxerxes (B.C. 424), "no one had dared, up to his day, to add anything to them, to take anything from them, or to make any change in them" (Against Apion, I. 8). Thus, the Iewish Canon was finally settled in the time of Ezra and Nehemiah, and its contents were identical with our own, our thirty-nine books being grouped so as to accord with the twenty-two letters of the Hebrew alphabet (the twelve minor prophets counting as one, Ruth being coupled with Judges, Ezra with Nehemiah, Lamentations with Ieremiah, while the two Books of Samuel, Kings, and Chronicles were reckoned as one each). That these did not constitute the entire Hebrew sacred literature is evident from the fact that reference is made in the Old Testament to fifteen other books, while others again are mentioned in the Apocrypha which were rejected from the Jewish Canon. The whole of the books included in the Jewish Canon are quoted in the New Testament as "Scripture," except Judges, Ecclesiastes, the Song of Solomon, Esther, Ezra, and Nehemiah; but, in addition, the "Book of Enoch" is quoted by Jude (verse 14). Our Lord also quotes from an unknown book (Luke xi. 49–51; John vii. 38), and so, too, James (iv. 5, 6). Jerome notices that the twenty-two books coincide with the letters in the Hebrew alphabet, and that the five double letters coincide with the five double books (Samuel, Kings, Chronicles, Ezra, and Jeremiah). He gives the contents of the Law, Prophets, and Hagiographa in exact accordance with the Hebrew authorities, as mentioned above, classing Daniel with the last. The Talmud also agrees in the same list, and gives the writers of the several books.

The Christian Canon. The Books of the Jewish Canon were read from the first in Christian assemblies, as of Divine authority (Lardner, ii. 132, 526), and were largely quoted by ecclesiastical authors. Melito and Origen deemed it important to enumerate them carefully. Together with the writings of the Apostles and the Evangelists they formed the Christian Canon.

III. VERSIONS OF THE SCRIPTURES 1.

Greek Versions. I. Of these the Septuagint occupies the highest rank. According to tradition, it was translated from the Hebrew by seventy-two Jews, each of whom, in a separate cell, made a complete translation of the entire Old Testament, and, when compared, these seventy-two copies were found to be so completely identical that they were deemed to be inspired. Jerome disbelieved this story; and the inequality of the rendering of different portions seems to afford convincing proof that they were the work of different persons and of different times. More probably it was begun in the time of Ptolemy Lagi, and finished in that of his successor Ptolemy Philadelphus (B.C. 285). It seems to have been the only Scripture with which the Alexandrian Jews and the early Christian writers were familiar. It is not accurately translated from the Hebrew, the text showing many important variations, both in words and phrases, as well as some additions to the original; and it contains many Coptic words. In this version, the Pentateuch possesses the highest literary merit, the Book of Proverbs ranks next, and Ecclesiastes occupies a very low place; the Prophets, Psalms, and other books are poor productions, while the Book of Daniel was so incorrect as to be disused by the early Christian Church.

¹ For Notes on the HEBREW TEXT of the Old Testament, see Section IV.

- 2. Aquila, at the instigation of the Alexandrian Jews, sought in the second century A.D. to correct the inaccuracy of the LXX. by a new translation, which was so literal as to be sometimes unintelligible: it was highly esteemed by the Jews, and is quoted in the Talmud; but it is discredited by early Christian writers.
- 3. Theodotion, about the same time, revised the LXX., merely correcting its inaccuracies, and his translation of Daniel superseded that of the LXX.
- 4. Symmachus (c. A.D. 200) gives his name to a new translation, which is paraphrastic, like the LXX., but displays more purity and elegance of language. It proceeded from the Ebionites, a sect of Christian heretics, who did not admit the divinity of Christ.

Three later versions (quoted in Origen's Hexapla) were anonymous: only fragments of them are preserved.

Syriac. The *Peshito* version has been attributed to the second or even to the first century after Christ, and a Syriac version certainly existed very early. It contains all the Canonical Books of the Old Testament, as well as those of the New (except the latest, viz. the 2nd and 3rd Epistles of John, 2 Peter, the Epistle of Jude, and the Revelation). The Old Testament is translated from the Hebrew. This version has been always accepted by all sections of the Syrian Church as authentic, and from it several Arabic translations have been made.

Latin Versions. Fragments of an ancient Latin Version of the African Church, translated from the LXX., of about the second century A.D., are found in ancient Christian writers. This was superseded in Italy by the *Itala*, and this in turn by the *Vulgate* (i.e. the *current* text). Jerome (A.D. 383) revised the current Latin version of the New Testament. He also translated the Old Testament into Latin from the Hebrew. For this work he took up his residence at Bethlehem, and was occupied upon it for twenty-one years. Although at first the reverence for the LXX. militated against its reception, from the time of Gregory the Great it became the authorised version of the Western Church. This translation, however, was gradually corrupted by intermixture with other Latin versions. The discordance of the copies in use was noticed by the Council of Trent in one of its decrees, and Sixtus V gave to the world a revised text in 1590 A.D. Three years later the present standard edition was issued by Clement VIII.

Besides the Syriac and the Latin, there are many other versions, made at different times, and in countries widely separated one from another. These are for the most part independent testimonies, and

not mere copies of some one common original, as their verbal differences sufficiently attest; but their complete agreement in all essential points demonstrates the care with which the sacred books have been preserved, while it establishes their integrity more satisfactorily than that of any other ancient book is established.

English Versions. Translations of the Psalter and of some other parts of the Bible were made in the thirteenth century or earlier.

1380. Wycliffe translated the New Testament from the Latin Vulgate. His followers added the Old Testament, (The whole work was edited by Forshall and Madden for the Clarendon Press in 1850.)

1525. Tyndale's New Testament was printed at Cologne. Many copies of it were publicly burnt by order of the Bishop of London.

1535. Miles Coverdale translated the whole Bible from the Latin Vulgate and the German, probably under the patronage of Thomas Cromwell. This was the first version of the whole Bible published in English. It was probably printed at Zürich.

1537. Matthew's Bible. A fusion of the two translations of Tyndale and Coverdale by John Rogers. This was begun abroad, but the printing was eventually undertaken by Grafton and Whitchurch of London. It was published with the King's licence, and was the first "Authorised Version."

1539. Taverner's, an expurgated edition of Matthew's Bible, edited by Taverner at the instigation of the ecclesiastical authorities.

1539. Cranmer's, or The Great Bible. A new edition of Matthew's Bible, revised, and compared with the Hebrew, by Coverdale and others, and published in England under the sanction of Cranmer.

1560. The Geneva Bible. Published by the refugee reformers at Geneva, and for half-a-century the most popular of all English versions.

1568. The Bishops' Bible. A revision of the Great Bible made at the suggestion of Abp. Parker by fifteen theologians, eight of whom were Bishops. A second edition appeared in 1572.

1582. The Rheims Version of the New Testament. This translation was made from the Vulgate. A companion translation of the

Old Testament was published at Douai in 1609-1610.

1611. The Authorised Version, translated from the Hebrew and Greek (by order of James I) by forty-seven divines, each taking a portion, which was revised by the whole body. This, from its great excellence, gradually superseded all preceding versions.

1881. The New Testament, being the Version set forth A.D. 1611 compared with the most ancient authorities and revised. Printed for the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge.

The Old Testament.

IV. GENUINENESS AND INTEGRITY OF THE OLD TESTAMENT.

In writings which claim to command belief from the world in all ages the following credentials are requisite:—1. Genuineness, i.e. that they are the works of the persons whose names they bear. 2. Integrity, i.e. that they are the unaltered writings of those authors.

ITS GENUINENESS. External Evidence. The Jews, to whom these books were entrusted, have been in all ages unanimous in their testimony that the Pentateuch was written by Moses; the Psalms by David, and those whose names are affixed to them; the Proverbs by Solomon; and that others were the work of those whose names they bear; and, with equal unanimity, testify to the authority of those books whose writers' names are lost. They are accredited by successive generations, till we come to the mention of them in the "Prologue" to Ecclesiasticus, the treatise of Josephus against Apion, and the writings of the New Testament. They are also frequently quoted by one another as authoritative and genuine; and the Pentateuch, Psalms, and Prophets, as well as the historical books, are so quoted by our Lord Himself. They were all admitted to be genuine by successive councils of the Christian Church.

Internal Evidence. (1) The Nationality of the writers. They all (with the possible exceptions of the authors of Job and Esther) profess to be Jews of Palestine, a people peculiarly separated from the rest of mankind by religion, by unique customs, and by physical position. These peculiarities are implicitly maintained throughout the whole books, which show no evidence of contact with the literature of any other countries except those in which the writers profess to have been in temporary exile.

(2) The Language, except in Daniel and Ezra, is uniformly Hebrew, which ceased to be a living speech soon after the Babylonish Captivity. Some parts of Daniel and also of Ezra are written in Hebrew, others in a form of Aramaic which is transitional, and presents various points of difference from the later Chaldee. This curious phenomenon finds its explanation in the residence of Daniel and Ezra at Babylon, and their relation to Babylonian and Persian

rulers who successively held sway over that city and the surrounding countries.

- (3) Circumstantiality. The records contain histories, frequent genealogies, and biographies, all of which are capable of more or less verification from other records, but no material discrepancy has been proved.
- (4) The Undesigned Coincidences (see Blunt's work on this subject) are numerous and deserve attention. Then, again, the physical allusions are exclusively applicable to Palestine, whose geographical and geological conformation is unparalleled; while the flora and fauna, as gathered from the work itself, have been proved by modern explorers to correspond exactly with the phenomena of that country (see List of "TREES, PLANTS, &c.," pp. 203 foll.).

ITS INTEGRITY. The scrupulous care taken by Ezra, and those who followed him, to preserve the text of the Old Testament. after its Canon was completed, is sufficiently evident from the zealous accuracy with which the discrepancies in the text of various copies have been preserved. This is perhaps most conspicuous in certain Psalms, of which two distinct MSS, are extant, containing in some instances as many as sixty variations in the text of the two copies. The ancient Hebrew, in which it was written, was, after the Captivity, superseded by the Aramaic (a mixture of Chaldee with Hebrew). For a time the former was retained as the sacred, while the latter was the vernacular, language; but, before the Christian era, almost all the Scriptures were translated into Aramaic. In the time of Ezra, it is evident that an Aramaic version followed the reading of the Hebrew original in the synagogues (Neh. viii. 8). These Aramaic interpretations, called "Targums," are valuable, as affording proofs of the correct readings of ancient MSS. of the Old Testament, and also of the precise meaning of obscure words.

Of these Targums ten have come down to us, giving between them a complete interpretation of the whole of the books, except Ezra and Nehemiah. The Targum to Daniel is not fully known. The earliest are those of Jonathan (on the Prophets) and Onkelos (on the Pentateuch): the former is a paraphrase, the latter a literal translation, word for word, from the Hebrew; the former was written shortly before the Christian era, while Onkelos was contemporary with Christ, and a pupil of Gamaliel.

The Hebrew MSS. consist of the Synagogue Rolls, and copies for private reading. The former are the more important, and were

written, as Josephus tells us, on fine skins (some of which, found in the Crimea, and therefore possibly belonging to the Jews of the Dispersion, are still preserved in the Imperial Library at St. Petersburg). The care with which they were transcribed is evident from the rules laid down in the Talmud. One scribe copied the consonants, another inserted the vowel-points and accents in a fainter ink, a third revised the copy, and a fourth wrote in the Masorah. These rolls consisted of, (1) the Pentateuch (or Law); (2) Megilloth ("rolls"); and (3) the Haphtaroth ("dismissals"). It is from these and the Greek translations, made by the Alexandrian Jews, compared together, that a correct copy of the Scriptures must be derived; and the English Authorised Version was formed from the best recensions known at the time of its preparation.

Although the "various readings" in the MSS, and printed editions of the Hebrew Bible are very numerous, being estimated at 30,000, and even by some scholars at 200,000, these are very unimportant. The Hebrew Bible of the present day is substantially the same as the recension made by Ezra and others, which was the "Textus Receptus" of our Lord's time. In it, however, the old phraseology has been occasionally modernised, obscure expressions explained by glosses. and the chronologies and genealogies have suffered, especially through the errors of transcribers. Thus there are many alterations in the language, yet none in the meaning, of the original writers. We have no autographs and no perfect MSS, of either Hebrew or Greek Scriptures, neither have we of any Greek or Latin classic author: on the contrary, there is no ancient book (sacred or secular) of which the text is not more or less imperfect. In this respect the Hebrew Scriptures stand in the same position as all other writings of antiquity. Dr. Bentley states the case truly:—"It is a fact undeniable, that the sacred books have suffered no more alterations than common or classic authors, and have no more variations than what must necessarily have happened from the nature of things; and it has been the common sense of men of letters, that numbers of MSS, do not make a text precarious, but are useful, nay necessary, to its establishment and certainty."

The Talmindists undertook a highly critical collation of many different texts, which, however, they interpreted by a great mass of traditional commentary; but they collected together all that was known and approved of (both written and oral) respecting the sacred books, rejecting what was not supported by a considerable weight of testimony. In the sixth century A.D., a school of Jewish Doctors at

Tiberias, known as the "Masoretes," extracted from the Talmud the traditional comments (Masorah) of criticism and grammatical emendations, in order to establish the genuine text of the Hebrew Scriptures. The text, as so fixed by them, became the standard, from which others were multiplied. In the eleventh century a collation was made of the Masoretic text of Tiberias, known as the Palestine Codex, with the Babylonian text, and between the two there were found to be eight hundred differences of reading, none of them, however, in any way affecting the sense of the subject-matter.

The Samaritan Pentateuch must belong to a date earlier than the Captivity of Judah, as the Samaritans had no intercourse with the Jews subsequently: it is highly probable that it existed prior to the separation of the two kingdoms. A careful comparison, in modern times, of its text with that of the Hebrew ("Textus Receptus"), has shown that they agree in every material point, the differences being merely verbal.

V. SUMMARY OF THE BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT.

Divisions of the Old Testament. The Hebrews divided their sacred books into three parts:—

- 1. "THE LAW" (Torah), comprising the five books of Moses.
- 2. "THE PROPHETS" (Nebiim), comprising the books of Joshua, Judges, I and 2 Samuel, I and 2 Kings, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel, and the twelve Minor Prophets.
- 2 3. "THE SCRIPTURES" (Kethubim). Under this title were placed:
 - (1) Psalms, Proverbs, Job.
 - (2) Song of Solomon, Ruth, Lamentations, Ecclesiastes, Esther.
 - (3) Daniel, Ezra, Nehemiah, 1 and 2 Chronicles.
- 1. The Law. The "Book of the Law" is mentioned in Deut. xxxi. 24, 26; Josh. i. 8; viii. 34; xxiv. 26. The distinctness of the five portions shows that they were designed to be separate, and so distinct names were found for each. The Hebrews used for this purpose the *chief word* in the first verse of each. In the LXX. they are denoted by titles indicating the *subject-matter*, which are still in use in the Christian Church, e.g. Genesis, Exodus, &c.
- 2. The Prophets. This general appellation was given to these twenty-one books, because they were written by Prophets, who, as the Teachers of the people, were naturally the annalists also: e.g. Samuel, Nathan, Gad, Iddo, Isaiah, Jeremiah, &c. We read of

them sometimes as living in communities. They seem to have cultivated literature, music, psalmody, &c.; and their writings, whether devotional or historical, were regarded as more or less prophetic (which means instructive, as well as predictive, cp. Acts xiii. 1; I Cor. xiii. 2, 8). They were divided into PRIORES (Joshua, Judges, I and 2 Samuel, I and 2 Kings) and POSTERIORES; these last being subdivided into Majores and Minores. The former designation was given to the writings of Isaiah, Jeremiah, and Ezekiel, because of their greater bulk, as well as prophetical pre-eminence; the latter to the remaining twelve prophetical books. The book of Daniel was excluded, partly on account of its author having exercised no prophetic office among "the people," partly because of its late reception into the Sacred Canon; and also, in later times, because it was quoted by Christians against the Jews.

3. The Scriptures include the remaining books of the Hebrew Canon. The first group (1) consisted of the devotional books used in the services of the synagogue (the Psalms and Proverbs weekly, Job on most of the great fasts). The second (2), called the "Five Rolls," supplied for the most part the Lessons used on special festivals; the third (3) was a sort of Appendix, in which were placed those Canonical books which were not ranked among "The Prophets."

Divisions of the Books. The quotations made in the New Testament from the Old cite only the book (Acts ii. 16) from whence they are taken (except in the case of the Psalms, Acts xiii. 33, 35). They are mostly from the books read in the synagogue every Sabbath-day, and there are indications of a division into sections (Luke iv. 17; Acts xiii. 15, 33, 35; xv. 21; 2 Cor. iii. 14).

The Talmud divided "The Law" into fifty-four portions, one for each sabbath of the intercalary year. These were called *Parshioth*, which were subdivided into lesser *Parshioth*, being the sections of the Lesson taken by each individual Reader. These, again, were classed under two heads, viz. "Open" (*Petuchoth*), which marked a change of subject, like the modern paragraph, and began with a *fresh line* in the MSS.; and "Shut" (*Satumoth*), corresponding to minor divisions, like sentences, marked only by a *space* in the line. These breaks in the text were denoted by the initials "P" or "S" in the margin, to catch the reader's eye; which would seem to be the origin of the ¶ placed before certain verses in the Authorised Version.

"The Prophets" also were subdivided into Sabbath Lessons, though

not with the same precision or authority. These portions were called Haphtaroth ("dismissals"), because they were read immediately before the close of the service. These were in the ninth century A.D. subdivided by the Masoretes into Verses (Pesukim), the termination of each in the Hebrew MSS. being marked by a colon (:), which is retained in the Prayer-book version of the Psalms to point them for chanting. In the thirteenth century a more systematic division into Capitula or Chapters, ascribed to Stephen Langton, or Hugh of S. Cher, was generally adopted in the Latin Vulgate to facilitate reference to the text. In the sixteenth century the Masoretic division into Verses was combined with this division into Chapters, and passed from the Latin Vulgate into the English translation published at Geneva in 1560.

In our Old Testament the books are conveniently arranged according to their subject-matter, thus: 1. The PENTATEUCH (or Five Books of Moses). 2. The HISTORICAL BOOKS (from Joshua to the end of Esther). 3. The POETICAL or DEVOTIONAL BOOKS (from Job to the Song of Solomon). 4. The PROPHETICAL BOOKS (from Isaiah to Malachi).

1.—THE PENTATEUCH, or *five-volume* book, is ascribed to Moses by all tradition, Jewish and heathen; and is in other parts of the Old Testament quoted as such, and also by our Lord and His Apostles (Matt. xix. 8; John vii. 19; Acts iii. 22).

In the Old Testament history, whenever mentioned, it is treated as one book, and as an original book of Moses, under the various titles, —"The Law of Moses" (Ezra vii. 6), "The Book of the Law of Moses" (Neh. viii. 1), "The Book of Moses" (Ezra vi. 18), "The Book of the Law of Jehovah by the hand of Moses" (2 Chron. xxxiv. 14), "The Book' of the Covenant" (2 Chron. xxxiv. 30), "The Book of the Law of Jehovah" (2 Chron. xvii. 9). This designation extends from the days of Jehoshaphat (B.C. 915) to the time of Jesus the son of Sirach (c. 250–200 B.C.). There can be little doubt that the book so styled is virtually the same as our Pentateuch, and identical with the "Book of the Law" placed by Moses in the ark (Dent. xxxi. 26).

The Creation. There is no conflict between the Mosaic account of creation and geology. As regards the formation of the material globe, it is merely stated, in general terms, "In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth." The distinction must be carefully observed between the words "created" and "made" throughout

the first chapter of Genesis. The six days' work relates entirely to the Divine action on the earth's *surface*, and the objects visible from it, at the beginning of the present epoch of humanity: thus—

- 1. A change from darkness to light.
- 2. Separation of waters above and below by the intervention of a firmament.
- 3. A further division of the waters below into seas and earth, followed by growth of vegetable life.
- 4. Appearance of sun, moon, and stars, visible from the earth's surface.
- 5. Production of living creatures out of the water and in the air.
- 6. Production of animals, including man, from the material earth.

The summary account of the Creation in the Fourth Commandment (Exod. xx) refers, in general terms, only to the appearance under the Divine hand of visible phenomena above the earth's surface; but in neither of these accounts is there any allusion to the mode by which formations below the crust of the earth were made.

Genuineness of the Pentateuch. Although some fragments claim a higher antiquity, GENESIS is acknowledged to be the most ancient complete book in existence. It must be viewed, however, in connexion with the four books that follow it, and of which it is an integral part, the scope of the whole being the foundation of a theocracy based upon the idea of a single family. Although there seem to be portions of more ancient narratives embodied by the writer in the book as it now stands (e.g. the story of Lamech and his two wives: a second account of the Creation, chap. ii.; the battle of the five kings against four in the Vale of Siddim; the meeting of Abraham and Melchizedek; &c.), whence some have supposed that the original narrative has been enlarged at various times by three or more subsequent compilers; yet it is believed that the record in its present state is substantially that of Moses, with a few later additions made in the time of the monarchy. Some commentators maintain that two quite distinct narratives have been interwoven together: the one. more ancient, in which the Deity is throughout designated by the general term Elohim (God), while in the other He is called by the more mystic name of Jehovah (The LORD)—the former representing a general Divine influence in the material world, the latter a supernatural, overruling power, creating and directing it, and requiring adoration in return. These two portions are characterised as the Elohistic and Jehovistic; the former teaching natural, the latter revealed religion. There is, however, throughout the Pentateuch a unity, which can only be ascribed satisfactorily to one writer.

In the Book of Exodus also, some critics have conjectured the existence of two distinct documents (Elohistic and Jehovistic) blended together, though they find it much more difficult to accurately define them. The book, as a whole, is strongly impregnated with the atmosphere of Egypt, as made known to us by modern research. language shows a large infusion of Egyptian words; the Ten Plagues are directed, in three groups, against the three primary divinities of ancient Egypt, viz. water, heavenly bodies, and earth,—as also is the Second Commandment; the enactments of the Mosaic Law are based upon Egyptian life: the whole constitution of religious worship is antagonistic to Egyptian mythology (e.g. the sacrifice of sacred animals), and presupposes residence in a camp, and in a wilderness, as the established rule: while words peculiar to such a life remain stamped upon ordinances and accessories of worship throughout the religion of the nation. Thus, the place of worship is always "the Tabernacle," i.e. the tent: excommunication implies being "cast out of the Camp;" the scapegoat carries the sins of the people into the "Wilderness:" the Sabbath becomes a rest from the labour of "Bondage:" and the peculiar rites of the Passover, such as the posture of the eaters, the unleavened bread, and "the haste," possess their significance, as memorials of a hasty flight; while the Divine Presence on Mount Sinai is commemorated by the erection at Jerusalem of an artificial mountain by Solomon, on which the figurative presence of the "Most High" is localised, and even the fence, placed round Mount Sinai by Moses, is perpetuated by a trellis at the foot of Mount Moriah. Hence, internal evidence strongly supports the belief that the book was written at the time and under the circumstances professed by its author. It is doubtful, however, whether we are to ascribe a period of 215, or of 400, years to the residence of the Israelites in Egypt, as the passages in the record are ambiguous; but the number of the people, at the time of the Exodus, would suggest the longer period.

In LEVITICUS and NUMBERS, the attempt to define two distinct Elohistic and Jehovistic portions has failed to command support; it is generally allowed that there is but one narrative, in the main; though there may be some minor additions to it of a later date.

The apparent variation of style (from the historical to the hortatory) in the Book of DEUTERONOMY, as well as certain seeming discrepancies between it and the previous books, has raised doubts as to its authorship, some assigning it to Jeremiah, and others to a Jew living in Egypt in the time of Manasseh. The majority of critics,

however, uphold the traditional theory that it was the work of Moses, at the close of his life; since the writer evidently had in view the approaching entrance of the Israelites into their promised inheritance. The discrepancies are not irreconcilable, and the enactments which provide for an established form of government, including even a monarchy and permanent settlement in cities, might well be prospective. On the other hand, there are many similarities between it and the rest of the Pentateuch (e.g. the use of peculiar Hebrew words and grammatical forms, the frequent reference to the Tews' slavery in Egypt, to Egyptian laws and customs, &c.) which are strong evidence in favour of its being the work of the same author, to which must be added the direct testimony of the writer himself in the book. and its frequent quotation as the "Law of Moses" in the New Testament. On the whole, the great preponderance of testimony, both from external and internal evidence, favours the view that the entire Pentateuch (with the exception of a few unimportant phrases) is the work of Moses

GENESIS. The Beginning of the inhabited world in man's epoch. I. The Creation, Fall, and antediluvian history of man, including the First Covenant. II. The Deluge, Second Covenant with Noah, repeopling of the earth; the Dispersion, and confusion of language. III. The Call and history of Abraham and his sons, to the third generation, ending with the death of Joseph; the entire book thus embracing a period, according to the generally received chronology, of 2,369 years. The general subject is the Creation, the decline of humanity through sin, and its capability of being reclaimed by communion with God its Maker. Hope and faith are kept alive by the example of a chosen few, who through obedience to God become heirs to promised blessings, which are continually postponed, with mercy to those who are sinful, and a deepening of faith in those who are righteous.

EXODUS. The Going out or Departure of the chosen people—descendants of Abraham—from bondage in Egypt to a promised land, illustrating, in the history of a tribe, the general dealings of God with His people, and their pilgrimage through temporal life in a probationary state. There is declension, moral, political, and religious, till the cry of the degenerate, in their conscious misery, rises to heaven. Then Divine help appears, working supernaturally through human means, and deliverance is effected by "shedding of blood," the Passover Lamb being typical of the redeeming blood of the promised Saviour. In brief, the book gives a sketch of the early

history of Israel as a nation—(1) enslaved, (2) redeemed, and (3) set apart, through the blending of its religious and political life, and consecrated to the service of God. The Moral Law which it contains is universal and unalterable. It is in fact an authoritative republication of the Law engraved by the Creator on the human heart.

It embraces a period of 215, or 400, years, and includes events from the birth of Moses to the erection of the Tabernacle. The chief of these are:—the early life of Moses, and his call to be the Prophet of Israel; the ten plagues, and deliverance of Israel from Egyptian slavery; the institution of the Passover, and dedication of every first-born male to God's service; the passage of the Red Sea; miraculous food and drink; victory, by means of prayer, over Amalek; the promulgation of the Moral Law; instructions for making the tabernacle, ark, and other accessories of worship, with the consecration of the family of Aaron to the priesthood, and of their vestments; the stricter obligation of the sabbath, and punishment for making a visible representation of the Deity (e.g. the golden calf).

LEVITICUS. The book of laws and ceremonies regulating the service of the sanctuary by the sacred tribe (Levi), as substitutes for the firstborn male of each family, its natural priest. It is closely connected with Exodus at its beginning, and with Numbers at its close: for, while the order for consecration of priests is given in the former, the ceremony itself is recorded in Leviticus; and the exemption of the Levites from military service, and their special functions, are given in Numbers. But it has a distinctive character in the general exclusion from it of historical narrative (the exceptions being the Consecration of Priests, Death of Nadab and Abihu, Stoning of the Blasphemer). It embraces the history of only one month. Its contents are: -1. Laws for the Altar (for the people and the priests). 2. Consecration of Priests, and death of those offering unbidden incense. 3. Laws of clean and unclean food. 4. Purifications. 5. Leprosy. 6. Day of Atonement. 7. Slaughter of animals. 8. Unlawful marriages and lusts. 9. Precepts on the duties of the people and holiness of the priests. 10. Victims for the Altar. vocation days. 12. Weekly offerings of oil and bread. 13. Punishment of blasphemer. 14. Sabbatical year and Jubilee. 15. Promises and warnings. 16. Vows.

Offerings. The general name korbān is equivalent to oblation, including everything given to the service of God, e.g. firstfruits, tithes, contributions to the maintenance of the sanctuary, priests, worship, and all kinds of sacrifices.

Offerings for the Altar were animal (I. Burnt-offerings, 2. Peace-offerings, 3. Sin-offerings) and vegetable (I. Meat- and drink-offerings for the great altar in the Court, 2. Incense and meat-offerings for the altar in the Holy Place). Every burnt-offering and peace-offering was accompanied by a meat-offering and drink-offering, in proportion to the victim, thus:—

	Flour.	Oil.	Wine.
With a bullock	$\frac{9}{10}$ ephah.	$\frac{1}{2}$ hin.	$\frac{1}{2}$ hin.
With a ram	2 10 ,,	1 / 3 ,,	1 ,,
With a sheep or goat	10 "	I "	<u>I</u> ,,

These offerings were (1) Public sacrifices, at the cost and on behalf of the "whole congregation" (e.g. daily morning and evening sacrifices, and those on festivals); (2) Private sacrifices, enjoined by law on particular occasions, or provided by the voluntary devotion of the worshipper—as thank-offerings. Besides these, there were special sacrifices on the Day of Atonement, Passover, &c. A trespass-offering was a sin-offering, accompanied by a pecuniary fine.

Feasts. The weekly festival was the sabbath (commemorating rest from creation, and deliverance from bondage in Egypt); the monthly festival was the day of the new moon, on which rest was not enjoined, but additional services. The new moon of the seventh month Tisri, or Feast of Trumpets, began the civil year, and that of Abib the ecclesiastical year. The great festivals were (1) Passover, on the eve of the 14th of Abib, which lasted to the 21st; (2) Pentecost (the fiftieth day after), or feast of weeks, on completion of the harvest; (3) Tabernacles, from the 15th to 23rd of Tisri, commemorating the ingathering of all fruits. The people lived for a week in booths, to remind them of their desert wanderings. The last day was "the great day" (John vii. 37). This feast was preceded by the Day of Atonement. Every seventh year was sabbatical, when the land had rest. Every fiftieth was a jubilee, when slaves were freed, land sold reverted to its original owner, and mortgages were cancelled.

To these were added *Purim* ("Lots"), 14th and 15th of Adar, in remembrance of the deliverance by Esther; and the *Dedication* of the Second Temple (25th of Chisleu).

Fasts. The only fast appointed by the Law was the "Day of Atonement," the 10th of Tisri, spoken of in Acts xxvii. 9 as "the Fast." Four annual fasts were observed by the Jews during the Captivity; and special fasts were kept on occasions of national humiliation.

NUMBERS. This book is so named from the two numberings of the people, at the beginning and end of the wanderings. prises a period of thirty-eight years and three months, from the completion of the Law-giving, "the first day of the second month of the second year" of the Exodus, to the first day of the fifth month of the fortieth year. Its contents are: (1) The breaking-up of the encampment at Sinai; arrangement of the army, and the service of the priestly tribe, with an inventory of their charge; the parting service and blessing. (2) The march upon Canaan, and its repulse. (3) Rebellions: confirmation of Moses and Aaron in authority; condemnation of the people to death in the wilderness. (4) Various events in the forty years' wandering. (5) Events of the last year, e.g. the deaths of Miriam and Aaron: Balaam's mission: the corruption of the people by the Midianites, and its consequences; laws of inheritance, and of certain sacrifices, solemnities, and vows; summary of journeys; boundaries of Canaan, and Levitical cities.

DEUTERONOMY, the *repetition of the Law*, consists mainly of three addresses by Moses to the people who had been born in the wilderness, and had not heard the original promulgation of the Law. To these are added some of the latest acts and words of the lawgiver, viz. the appointment of his successor, his song, and his final blessing, to which was appended (probably by Joshua) the account of his death.

The first address is introductory, reminding the people of their deliverance from bondage, of God's guidance and protection in their wanderings, and their frequent ingratitude, closing with a warning from the past, and an exhortation to obedience in the future, so as to secure the inheritance now within reach. The second is a practical exposition of the whole Law, beginning with the Ten Commandments, more particularly applying the precepts of the First Table; followed by the enforcement of particular regulations in three main groups, viz. (1) laws concerning religion; (2) concerning administration of justice; (3) concerning private and social rights. The third address is the solemn renewal of the covenant, with an impressive recital of the blessings upon observance, and the curses on neglect of the Law. The delivery of these speeches, of the song, and final benediction, together with the closing scene of Moses' life, could not have occupied more than ten days (the first ten of the eleventh month of the fortieth year). Their character is that of a solemn exhortation, their style earnest and impressive, with a review of the past, and a stirring appeal to the future career open before his hearers on the other side of the Jordan. Moses vividly portrays to those who had not seen it

the divine delivery of the Law at Sinai. He recalls much that had been forgotten, or remained in abeyance from want of opportunity to exercise it in the wilderness; but all of which would now be the code of laws under which, as a settled people, they must be governed. His hearers are only partially conversant with the Law; hence some things are assumed, others are dealt with in minute detail, and even supplemented by new regulations to complete the Mosaic system (chaps. xii-xxvi). These later civil institutions are promulgated by God's command, and so have the same Divine sanction as those relating to religious worship. In this book Moses comes forth as a prophet, enunciating some of the most notable predictions in the Old Testament (xviii. 15 sqq. and xxviii-xxxii).

2.—THE HISTORICAL BOOKS (from Joshua to Esther inclusive) contain the history of the Israelite people during three great periods of their national life: (1) As a confederation of independent tribes united by religion and blood; (2) as a monarchy, separated after three generations into two perfectly distinct kingdoms; (3) as tributary to foreign invaders.

JOSHUA (Fehovah is salvation), the first of the twelve so-called "Historical Books," embracing a period of twenty-five years, is supposed to have been written by Joshua, whose name it bears. He was the successor of Moses, as the prophet of the Lord and leader of His people, to whom was entrusted the task of settling them in Canaan. It consists of three parts: (1) The conquest of Canaan during the seven years' war, and destruction of its thirty-one kings. (2) Distribution of the country by lot, and settlement of the tabernacle at Shiloh. (3) Final admonitions, and death of Joshua, which must have been added by one of his survivors. The characteristic feature of the book is that "the Lord drove out the nations before them," and that "He fought for Israel." The conquest opens with the miraculous fall of Jericho, after the renewal of circumcision, and the apparition of the "Captain of the Lord's host." Then follows a march into the interior, to the primary altar of Abraham at Shechem, where the covenant is renewed by oath and sacrifices; and next the miraculous victory at Beth-horon, and general panic of the heathen inhabitants. It closes with a general assembly at Shiloh (where the tabernacle was permanently fixed), the allotment of territory to each tribe, and a final renewal of the covenant at Shechem, followed by Joshua's death. The typical aspect of the history is pointed out in the Epistle to the Hebrews, chap, iv.

Date and Authorship. That the events are recorded by a contemporary is evidenced by such passages as iii. 15, 16; v. 1; the prophetic character of the writer by vi. 26; though some later additions to the original are traceable in x. 13; xix. 47; xxiv. 29-33. The expression used of certain memorials as remaining "up to this day." which occurs fourteen times, does not in any case seem to be inconsistent with the period embraced by the narrative; while it is difficult to imagine that any but a contemporary could have written such passages as vi. 25: and his two addresses (xxiii and xxiv), as well as the various records of his intercourse with God, would appear to have been committed to writing by Joshua himself, who is expressly declared to have written some documents (xxiv. 26). Ewald supposes that the book has undergone five transformations at the hands of successive compilers; but this view has met with little support. Others have tried to discriminate between an Elohistic and Iehovistic narrative; but this hypothesis is difficult to maintain. The authorship has been variously attributed to Joshua (according to the tradition of the Jews and early Christian writers), Phinehas, Eleazar, one of the elders who survived Joshua, Samuel, and Jeremiah; again, some have assigned its date to the time of the Judges, the reign of Josiah, and even to the time after the Babylonish Captivity. All these conjectures present far greater difficulties than the old tradition, that it is the work of Joshua, who followed the example of Moses by writing the annals of his own time; a task which seems to have been divinely committed to him on his first appointment as the assistant of Moses (Exod. xvii. 14).

JUDGES, the second historical book, comprising a period of about 300 years (or 450 years, according to the LXX. chronology, quoted by Paul, Acts xiii. 20), chronicles the gradual decline of Israel, after Joshua's death, into a state of political anarchy and religious apostasy.

Date and Authorship. Its authorship is uncertain; but Jewish tradition ascribes it to Samuel. The phrase, "up to this day," is thought by modern critics to signify the time of Solomon; though i. 21 seems to refer to a date prior to David's capture of Jebus at the beginning of his reign, while xviii. 14 would seem to mark a date posterior to the Assyrian captivity of Israel. There is little doubt that chaps. i. 6—xvi. form an early record, most probably written by Samuel, and continued by other annalists; and that these documents were combined into one harmonious whole (terminating with 2 Kings), probably by Ezra, or Nehemiah. The text of the

whole is, "There was no king in Israel; every man did that which was right in his own eyes." The government may be called a confederation of tribes. But irreligion, and the want of unity, made them a prey to the heathens around, whom they neglected to extirpate. Seven times Israel became subject to a foreign yoke, while thirteen judges assumed, by God's command, or the people's choice (as Abimelech), a temporary dictatorship. Of these some were contemporaries, as Samson and Samuel, and probably Abimelech, Tola, and Jair. This office subsequently became life-long (after Jephthah). and hereditary (in Samuel's time), gradually preparing the way for a monarchy.

It is notable that, from the days of Phinehas to the days of Eli, the priesthood is never mentioned, and that in Eli the office had passed from the family of Eleazar to that of Ithamar, on account, as the Iews say, of the sanction given by the former to Jephthah's unnatural sacrifice. The books of Joshua and Judges bear the same relation to the books of the Law as the Acts of the Apostles to the Gospels; but the former mark the decline of the Jewish, the latter

records the progress of the Christian Church.

RUTH. This is a sequel to the Book of Judges (with which the Iews classed it), and is the link connecting that period with the monarchy. It supplies the genealogy of David, and so carries on the descent of the "promised seed" from Abraham. It comprises a period of ten years, during the judgeship of Deborah and Barak. and is said to have been written by Samuel. It is remarkably rich in examples of faith, patience, industry, tender affection, and of the merciful providence of God, in bringing good out of evil. The pious amiability of Boaz contrasts favourably with the prominent characters among the judges (Abimelech, Jephthah, Samson); while the conversion of the Moabitess, her adoption into the church of God, and her acceptance as "a mother in Israel," put to shame the decline into heathenism of "the chosen people" and the immorality displayed in the closing chapters of the Book of Judges, and anticipate the warning of Christ, "Many shall come from the east and west, and shall sit down with Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, in the kingdom of heaven" (Matt. viii, 11).

As the Books of Joshua and Judges show the dealings of God with tribes confederate and yet mutually independent, so the four succeeding books show His dealings with His people under a monarchy. The nation takes its tone from the king, as the father of the family: according as he walks with God, in the ways of David,

he prospers; if he follow the statutes of Omri, or walk in the steps of Jeroboam, he fails, and is dethroned. Thus there are eight kings of Israel in the first ninety years, five of whom meet with violent deaths; while of the six of Judah in the same space, only the last is killed, as a punishment for his alliance with the house of Ahab.

1 and 2 SAMUEL. The two books bearing Samuel's name are one in the Hebrew Canon, while in the LXX. they are called I and II Kings. The former of the two is a continuation of the history of the judges, containing the narrative of the office of the last two (Eli and Samuel), who were not warriors, but only civil governors. Samuel is the connecting link by which the judgeship passes on to monarchy. To his personal character, administrative skill, and intellectual ability is due the reformation of the people from unbridled licentious anarchy to a peaceful acquiescence in a monarchy and a respect for justice.

The latter portion of the book contains the history of the reign of Saul, the first king, selected in accordance with the qualities desired by his subjects. He is the personification of the Israelite character; proud, selfish, reserved, obstinately stiffnecked, and profane, he sought to govern absolutely, instead of as the vicegerent of God. But he was never actually sovereign of more than the central part of the country. Indeed he was rather the pastoral chief of amalgamated tribes than the monarch of a kingdom.

Date and Authorship. There is no evidence, either external or internal, bearing on the authorship of these books, neither is their title indicative of more than the subject-matter of their former portion (like that of the Book of Exodus). Comparing them with the Books of Kings, we judge the author to have written during a time when the Mosaic Law was forgotten, as he betrays no displeasure at its infringement by sacrificing in high places, such as is shown by the writer of the Kings. Therefore their date would seem to be prior to the finding of the Law by Josiah; while the mention of Ziklag being attached to the kingdom of Judah (1 Sam. xxvii. 6) marks a period subsequent to the secession of the Ten Tribes. The compilation of these annals must therefore be assigned to a period between the accession of Rehoboam and that of Josiah (from B. C. 976 to B. C. 640); and the purity of the language accords with this supposition, though these books may not have assumed precisely their present form and arrangement until the days of Nehemiah (2 Macc. ii. 13).

1 and 2 KINGS. These two books are united in one in the ancient Hebrew copies. The present division is taken from the

LXX. and Vulgate. They give the history of the kingdoms of Israel and Judah from the death of David to the Captivity. The history of the two kingdoms is intermingled until the captivity of Israel, after which that of Judah is continued for 130 years longer. The whole is a conflict between faith and infidelity; the "sons of God" and the "sons of men;" the worship of Jehovah (the Supreme eternal Source of life) and Baal (the personification of natural causes). declines from God, her kings follow Jeroboam, "who made Israel to sin." She becomes outcast, and her record is wiped out of the Book of Life, just as is that of the family of Cain and the apostate descendants of Noah and of Abraham; while Judah is stayed by a few faithful kings (as Asa, Hezekiah, Josiah), repents of her unfaithfulness during her exile in Babylon, and is restored. Both books contain several prophecies, and are quoted by our Lord and the writers of the New Testament as Canonical (see Luke iv. 25-27; James v. 17). Their authorship is uncertain. It is probable that annals of their own times were written by several of the prophets, and that a continuous history of these kingdoms was compiled out of them by Ieremiah or Ezra. The number of Chaldaisms in the text points to a late origin, and there is a great similarity of style between them and the Book of Jeremiah (whose authorship Jewish tradition favours). There is likewise a very marked resemblance between the later portion of 2 Kings (in the incidents of which Jeremiah was a participator) and the corresponding narratives in the book which bears his name, and in which some of the events are described more fully (cp. 2 Kings xxv. 22, and Jer. xliii. 7); while the writer appears to have remained in Judea during the Captivity, and the history terminates at the precise point where Jeremiah is carried into Egypt and is lost sight of. But the vividness of certain scenes (such as the biographies of Elijah and Elisha, the scene of Ahab consulting Micaiah, and the career of Jehu) seems to betoken an eve-witness, whose record has been introduced unaltered by the compiler. These books embrace a period of 427 years.

1 and 2 CHRONICLES. These are united into one book in the Hebrew, "The Diaries," from whence our title arises. In the LXX, they are called "Things Omitted" (Paralipomena), or "Supplement." They contain much of the matter of the previous Books of Kings, but supply additional information. The genealogical tables are valuable, since they record the unbroken line of the chosen people for about 3,500 years.

The authority of these books has been unsuccessfully assailed by

those critics who wish to maintain that the origin of the Pentateuch belongs to the period subsequent to the Captivity. Jewish tradition and Christian writers agree in ascribing their compilation to Ezra, who obtained his material from various annals of the monarchy. The cause of their compilation is naturally suggested by the first difficulties which would present themselves to the leaders of those who returned from captivity, in allotting the various portions of territory to the families entitled to them according to the Mosaic Law. Again, the maintenance of the Temple service, and of the payment of tithes, &c., required strict legal proof of hereditary descent on the part of the officiating Priests and Levites. These two great political questions necessitated the compilation of authoritative genealogical tables. To this work Ezra and Nehemiah seem to have earnestly set themselves. In their hands, moreover, the restoration of the Temple and its worship became the great feature in the new constitution. They felt the vital importance of restoring a spirit of patriotism in the people, and of confidence in the favour of God, notwithstanding the punishment He had inflicted upon them by captivity. For this purpose, nothing could be more effectual than a continuous history of the nation, from David downwards, representing the Divine favour as dependent upon the faithfulness of rulers and people to the original covenant, and Divine punishment as the natural result of unfaithfulness. The Book of Chronicles (for it is properly only one) draws the picture which would most stimulate hope and patriotism. It gives in order the establishment of the Temple ritual, with its course of priests and officers, under David; its further development under Solomon; its restoration under Jehoshaphat, Hezekiah, and Josiah; and the reappearance of Divine favour at the final restoration of Church and nation after the Cantivity. Thus the Chronicles are the beginning of the ecclesiastical history which continues in an unbroken thread to the end of the Book of Nehemiah, and of which the following is a summary:-

- (Chaps. i—viii). Genealogical tables, and settlements of the various tribes.
- II. (Chap. ix). The disturbance of these by the Babylonish Captivity, and their partial restoration on their return. (Cp. Neh. xi. 3—22.)
- III. Introduction to the main history, viz. the end of Saul's reign, with a complete genealogy, copied from one drawn up in the reign of Hezekiah.
- IV. (1 Chron. xi-xxix. 28). History of David.

V. (2 Chron. i-ix). Reign of Solomon.

VI. (2 Chron. x. 1—xxxvi. 21). History of the kings of Judah and Israel.

VII. (2 Chron. xxxvi. 22-Ezra i. 4). Proclamation of Cyrus.

VIII. (Ezra iv. 2). First caravan of Jews returns to Jerusalem.

IX. (Ezra iii, 1-7). Restoration of sacrifices.

X. (Ezra iii. 8-13). Foundation of second Temple laid.

XI. (Ezra iv. 1-24). Interruption of building of Temple by Samaritan interference.

XII. (Ezra v—vi. 12). Recommencement of building of Temple under Darius Hystaspis.

XIII. (Ezra vi. 13-22). Completion of the Temple.

XIV. (Ezra vii, viii). Second caravan of Jews.

XV. (Ezra ix, x; Neh. viii). Governorship of Ezra.

XVI. (Neh. i, ii). Rebuilding of the walls under Nehemiah, and the opposition of Sanballat (from i-vii. 4).

XVII. (Neh. ix-xii). Nehemiah's first administration.

XVIII. (Neh. xiii). Nehemiah's second administration.

Peculiarities. The following passages are peculiar to the Book of Chronicles, and afford evidence of its aim:—1 Chron. xv—xxvii; xxii—xxix; 2 Chron. xiii—xv; xxiv, xxvi, xxix—xxxi, and xxxv.

Date and Authorship. Internal evidence favours the supposition that Ezra was the author of the Chronicles, since the style and the Chaldaisms strongly resemble those of the Book of Ezra.

The writer seems to have had no personal knowledge of the events which happened in Jerusalem after the commencement of the Captivity, since he entirely omits the details which close 2 Kings; but the phraseology, which accords with that of the Book of Ezra, favours the notion that he was resident in Babylon, while the whole history terminates with Ezra's death. The sources of this compilation are various tribal genealogical tables and registers, the records of certain seers (e.g. Gad, Nathan, Iddo, Shemaiah), and also the "Books of the Kings of Israel and Judah," and public registers (Neh. xii. 23).

EZRA. Ezra was the son of Seraiah, and was probably born at Babylon. He was a "Scribe" (Ezra vii. 6), who went up to Jerusalem with the second body of returned captives. He speaks of himself as the author of the book which bears his name (vii. 27, 28; viii. 1, &c.). It consists of two portions, with a considerable interval between the two. The first gives the return of the captives in the time of Cyrus

(B. C. 536), and the rebuilding of the Temple, interrupted by the Samaritans, but renewed at the preaching of Haggai and Zechariah. Some portions of this book are in Chaldee. The second part relates the second immigration of exiles in the reign of Artaxerxes Longimanus (B. C. 457), with Ezra himself, and his reformation of the people. The whole period extends over seventy-nine years (from 536 to 457).

NEHEMIAH. This was anciently united with the Book of Ezra, and in the Vulgate it is called 2 Esdras. It carries on the history from about twelve years after the close of Ezra's book to the last jubilee (B. C. 445-413), covering a period of thirty-two years. Zerubbabel had rebuilt the Temple, but not the city walls of Jerusalem, which were restored in fifty-two days under Nehemiah's direction. He was full of zeal, and gave up his lucrative post of cupbearer to the King of Persia, that he might join his fellow-countrymen in their difficulties. He reformed their civil and religious condition, enforcing economy and justice, attracting a large number of settlers to the city, restoring the Temple services, and re-enacting the Mosaic Covenant. This closes the Old Testament History. Nehemiah himself, after twelve years' sojourn in Judea, returned to his post in the Persian Court.

ESTHER. The book called by Esther's name contains an episode in the history of those Israelites who did not return from captivity. and it shows their moral decline. Having chosen to remain in a heathen land, Mordecai and his family accommodate themselves to their adopted nationality till their lives are imperilled. His kinswoman Esther being constrained to compete for a position in the harem of a heathen monarch, Mordecai charges her to conceal her nationality and religion for temporal aggrandisement. Although God's providence never forsakes His people, and in answer to their prayers deliverance is wrought, His name remains secret among them. The contrast throughout between the tone of Mordecai and Daniel under similar circumstances, and the inferiority of the former to his contemporaries Ezra and Nehemiah, are very marked. The incident is supposed to have its historical position between the 6th and 7th chapters of Ezra, and Ahasuerus is conjectured to have been Artaxerxes; though some see in him a stronger resemblance to the effeminate Xerxes, and place the events which this book records in the later years of his reign.

It is impossible to identify Esther with any queen mentioned in profane history, and it is most probable that she was a favourite

concubine, to whom that title was accorded. The author of the book is unknown, but was most probably Mordecai, as no one else could well possess such minute knowledge of the names of Haman's family, as also of that of Esther and the domestic details of the palace of Shushan, as is shown in this narrative. It has been attributed to Ezra, who may have brought it with him from Babylon to Jerusalem, and added it to the Canon. It was written in Hebrew, though additions were made to it in Greek by the LXX. (See NOTES ON THE APOCRYPHA, p. 58.)

The feast of Purim remains to this day as an evidence of the truth of the story; and the book has been always esteemed Canonical both by Jews and by Christians.

- 3.—THE POETICAL BOOKS (including Job to Song of Solomon) were written at various times, some being of earlier, others of later date, than the historical books. They are classed together, partly because they are in Hebrew verse, but mainly because they formed the devotional books of the Jewish Church.
- JOB. The antiquity of this book is proved by its style; but there is much diversity of opinion respecting its date. The long life of Job, the patriarchal customs and form of worship, the absence of allusion to the Mosaic Law, favour the opinion that Job was coeval with Abraham; while the coincidence of names with some of the descendants of Ishmael and Esau, and supposed allusions to the destruction of Sodom (xv. 34; xviii. 15), point to a date nearer the Exodus. The scientific and physical knowledge displayed in it, and references to artificial instruments of advanced civilisation (xli. 1, 7, 13), have led some to assign it to the time of Solomon.

As Job is classed with other holy men (Ezek. xiv. 14; James v. 11), he was a real person. The place of his residence was probably in the N.E. of Arabia Deserta.

Supposed Date. External evidence. The unanimous tradition of the ancient Jews ascribes the book to the Patriarchal age, and regards it as substantially based on historical incidents. The Talmudists, while agreeing as to its date, regard it as founded upon fact; while others, of a later date, have treated it as a parable or a philosophical fiction. Modern critics, of different schools, unite in the view that it is a theological discussion of very high merit, founded upon a historical basis, displaying the opinions of opposite schools on an unsettled question, of the connexion between human suffering and guilt, and whether there is any higher motive for religion than selfishness.

While agreement is nearly uniform that the historical incident belongs to the Patriarchal age, opinions differ as to the date of the composition of the book. Some place it before the Mosaic Dispensation. others in the time of Solomon, and others in a period after the Babylonish Captivity. Modern research has thrown some light on the question. (1) The Assyrian tablets bear witness to astronomical knowledge, in the cities of the Euphrates, as far advanced as that displayed by the Book of Job, at an earlier date than B.C. 1750. (2) Assyrian monuments prove that Chaldaan invasions were not uncommon at as early a period. Also the animals and monsters (except the leviathan) used as illustrations by Job are precisely those found on Assyrian monuments, but were not for the most part familiar to the Jews of Palestine. The leviathan (or crocodile), though peculiar to Egypt, would be known to the inhabitants of Arabia Petræa, the mines of which were extensively worked by Egyptians long before the Exodus.

Internal evidence. The manners and customs portrayed in this book are universally allowed to be those of the Patriarchal epoch, though not at its earliest stage, since many offices, formerly discharged by the children of the family, are here delegated to servants. The language approximates more closely to Arabic than that of any other Hebrew work, and is replete with Chaldaisms, which belong to an early, and not to a late, stage of literature. The composition generally is archaic in grandeur and obscurity, and recalls the oldest portions of the Pentateuch, of the Psalms, of Proverbs (between which and the Book of Job an intimate relation has been observed by critics of more than one school), and the Song of Deborah. If we compare it with the poetical compositions of Moses (e.g. Exod. xv, Deut. xxxii, and Psalm xc), whole phrases will be found to be identical, which favours the supposition that Moses either wrote the book, or, finding the original narrative (either written or oral) during his forty years' residence in Midian, gave to it its present form, adding its introductory and concluding portions in prose. Modern critics differ much with respect to this book. They are tolerably unanimous in allowing the main portion (i.e. the poetical part), with the exception of Elihu's speech, to be the work of one author, but differ about the two prose portions. The great weight of authority, however, favours the view that these portions bear a stronger resemblance to the Pentateuch than to any other writings; that they belong to the same age, and breathe the same spirit as the rest of the book, and only differ from it as prose differs from poetry. Elihu's speech is a necessary connecting link between the dialogue of Job and his friends and the final address of God. Objections grounded on the opinion that the doctrinal teaching is in advance of the Mosaic dispensation have been completely answered.

Authorship. Some ancient Jewish writers ascribe the authorship to Job himself, which opinion has been followed by some subsequent commentators. He has been even identified with Jobab the Edomite (Gen. x. 29); others suppose Moses to have been the author; others, Solomon; others, one of the later prophets; others, a resident in Southern Judæa, on the borders of the Idumæan Desert, in the time of the monarchy anterior to Amos, by whom Job is largely quoted.

It consists of three parts:—(1) The Introduction, a prose narrative of the cause and extent of Job's sufferings, and his patient endurance. (2) The Colloquies between Job and his comforters, in poetry, the theme of which is the cause of human suffering. His friends affirm it to be sin, and exhort Job to repentance. He denies it, appeals to facts, and complains of the unkindness of his friends. This portion consists of three series: (a) Job's complaint (ch. iii), followed by the speeches of Eliphaz, Bildad, and Zophar, each being successively answered by Job (chaps. iv-xiv). (b) A further speech of each of these three, with Job's answers thereto (xv-xxi). (c) A speech of Eliphaz and Bildad, with the answer to each (xxii—xxxi), (3) The Argument of Elihu (poetical), that afflictions are remedial and for the sufferer's good; followed by a reproof to Job for his self-justification, and a vindication of God's government (xxxii-xxxvii). (4) The Address of the Almighty, revealing His power and wisdom: concluding with Job's confession and penitence (xxxviii-xlii, 6). (5) A prose Conclusion, narrating the close of Job's life in peace and prosperity (xlii. 7-17).

PSALMS. This compilation has no counterpart in the New Testament; it belongs to both Dispensations. It speaks of Christ, and Christ speaks in it. The arrangement is not chronological, and is commonly assigned to Ezra and Nehemiah. The Psalter forms one book, called in the New Testament "The Book of Psalms." Its composition extends over a thousand years of the national life, from Moses to Malachi, in which Hebrew history is set to music.

The Psalms are divided into five parts:—Part I. (i—xli) is the composition of David. Part II (xlii—lxxii) is Levitic, compiled for the Temple worship in the time of Hezekiah, and twenty-one psalms are David's (li—lxxi). Part III (lxxiii—lxxxix) was compiled for the same purpose in the time of Josiah. Part IV (xc—cvi) was com-

piled during the Captivity. Part V (cvii—cl) is miscellaneous; seventeen are Davidic, fifteen are Levitic, two penitential, and one Mosaic. Psalm cxix is divided into sections of eight verses. In the Hebrew every verse of each section begins with the letter of the alphabet inscribed over it, which is evidently intended to help the memory in reciting it, as the Psalm was composed by Ezra to be sung on the homeward march of the captives.

The Psalter, then, may be compared to an Oratorio, in five parts:-

- I. Decline of man after the Fall. It commences with a *Prologue* or *Overture* (Pss. i and ii), followed by the insurrection of Absalom; and concludes (Ps. xli) with that of Adonijah, quoted by our Lord as typical of the conspiracy of Judas against Him. The Prologue is ushered in with a Beatitude, and the Final Chorus closes with a Doxology and double Amen.
- II. Revival of the Church, prefigured by David's rising from the bed of sickness, on which he was languishing (Ps. xli), and reviving the monarchy in the person of Solomon, whom he proclaims to be king in his stead; his bidding him to build a new temple, &c. The scheme is the same as before. A *Prologue*, ushered in by a Beatitude (Ps. xli closing the one and introducing the other), followed by two Psalms of sorrow on David's flight from Absalom, and ending with a Beatitude and double Amen.
- III. A plaintive Recitative. The Church is in danger, owing to the degeneracy of Solomon's son; and the land is pillaged by the King of Egypt—again typical of the apostasy from Christ in times of peace and prosperity. It concludes (Ps. lxxxix) with the peaceful re-assurance of God, in an angelic soprano, "Once have I sworn by my holiness, that I will not lie unto David," followed by a Doxology and Chorus.
- IV. The Antiphon to the Recitative, comprising—I. A Prologue, viz. The Prayer of Moses. 2. A Thanksgiving, in hopeful confidence of victory. 3. A Double Deliverance, from Egypt and Babylon, i.e. entrance and return to the Promised Inheritance. 4. Doxology.
- V. Finale of triumphant thanksgiving, figured by the return from captivity, consisting of 1. *Prologue*: The helpless wandering of fallen man. 2. *The Return* to the sanctuary of God (fifteen songs of degrees). 3. *Restoration*, unfolded in the Dedication Hymn, Song of Ezra, Alternative Thanksgiving (cxxxvi) and Mourning (cxxxvii). 4. Anticipating *Extension* of the Church to the Gentiles. 5. *Concluding Chorus*, comprising five Invitatory Psalms to the whole

Universe to join in one mighty Chorus of Praise, rising for ever to the throne of God.

The Bible Version of the Psalms was made direct from the Hebrew in 1610. It is far more accurate, though less rhythmical, than the English Prayer Book version. The latter comes from Cranmer's Bible (1539): it is pointed for chanting, and admirably adapted for that purpose; but it is often more like a paraphrase than a translation.

There is no other Book of Praise so pregnant with expression of the heart's emotions under all the vicissitudes of life, or so adapted to all climes and ages as to be the universal medium of praise for all nations of the world. No country but Palestine, varying as it does from the arid desert to the mountains capped with snow, could have furnished such a combination of subjects for poetical imagery: its vines and fruits; its valleys thick with corn and shining with lilies; its mountains, torrents, rivers, lakes; its wild and domestic animals, and its beasts of prey—all are pictured in the Psalms with a noble simplicity to which we find no parallel elsewhere.

For purposes of devotion it has been used as much by Christians as by Jews. It is quoted seventy times in the New Testament. It is also valuable as supplying additional fragments of history unrecorded in other books.

Table of the Authorship and Compilation of the Psalms.¹

Books.	Psalms.	Authorship.	When or by whom col- lected for use in the Temple,
I.	1-41	David	David.
II.	42-49 50 51-71 72	The Levites	Time of Hezekiah.
111.	73-85 86 87-89	The Levites	Time of Josiah.
IV. V.	90-106 107-150	Various: e.g. Moses, Ezra, The Prophets	Ezra or Nehemiah.

Headings. There are only fifty Psalms without some heading, and these are mainly in Part V, composed by Ezra and Nehemiah, who

From Blunt's Annotated Prayer Book.

probably arranged the book in its present form, and may have omitted their own names. The headings were already ancient in the time of the LXX, but their authority has been much disputed.

To many of David's Psalms there are "Dedications," or "Inscriptions:" e.g. "To the chief Musician on Neginoth upon Sheminith" (vi). Some are supposed to contain musical directions, thus:—

Ps. v. . . Nechtloth, "wind instruments," marks the nature of the accompaniment.

Ps. vi. . . Neginoth, "stringed instruments," marks the nature of the accompaniment.

Ps. vi. . . Sheminith, "upon the eighth," or octave, is to be a bass solo.

Ps. vii. . . Shiggaion, "wandering, erratic," refers to a gentle, running accompaniment.

Ps. viii. . Gittith, "from Gath," denotes either a tune or a musical instrument on which the accompaniment is to be played, brought by David from Gath, and, probably, jubilant.

Ps. ix. . . Muth-labben, "a dirge," probably some well-known tune; or to be sung by "male trebles," i.e. boys.

Ps. ix. 16. : Higgaion, "meditation," either marks a pause, the commencement of a recitative, or the change to a minor key.

Ps. xvi. . . *Michtam*, "engraven in gold," seems to mark its popularity, or its value as an outpouring of thankfulness.

Ps. xxii. Aijeleth Shahar, "the hind of the morning," may refer either to some tune, or, more probably, to the use of this psalm at the hour of the morning sacrifice.

Ps. xxxii. Maskil, "an instruction," seems to refer to the subjectmatter, or to its being "Recitative."

Ps. xlv... Shoshannim, "lilies," or "six strings," may either be the name of a sweet tune, or the accompanying instrument with six strings.

Ps. xlvi. . Alamoth, "virgins," i.e. for "treble voices"; cp. 1 Chron. xv. 20.

Ps. liii. . . Machalath, "lute," either the accompaniment, or a lively

Ps. lvi. . . Jonath-elem-rechokim, "mute dove among strangers,"
i.e. either a tune so called—a dirge—or referring to the
subject-matter, David in exile.

Ps. lvii-lix, lxxv. Al-taschith, "destroy thou not."

Ps. cxx. . Ma'aloth, "ascents" or "steps" ("degrees," A. V.), the pilgrims' song of those returning from captivity; or to be sung on the steps of the inner temple court.

Selah, "eternally, for ever." According to some, forte; according to others, piano. In the LXX. regarded as a musical or rhythmical note, the key-note; or a symphony; or a pause; or Da Capo; or a blast of trumpets. It occurs seventy-one times in the Psalms, and three times in Habakkuk.

To the chief Musician is prefixed to fifty-three. It is variously interpreted: either that the music was composed by the chief Musician, to whom David dedicated the Psalm; or, that for "to" we should read "by," and understand by "the chief Musician" (i.e. David himself) the composer of the words.

Classification according to Subjects.

- 1. Instructive. On the perfection of God's law: 19, 119. On the blessing of piety, misery of vice: 1, 5, 7, 9-12, 14, 15, 17, 24, 25, 32, 34, 36, 37, 50, 52, 53, 58, 73, 75, 84, 91, 92, 94, 112, 119, 121, 125, 127, 128, 133. On vanity of human life: 39, 49, 90. On duty of rulers: 82, 101.
- 2. Devotional. Prayer.—Penitence: 6, 32, 38, 51, 102, 130, 143.

 Resignation: 3, 16, 27, 31, 54, 56, 57, 61, 62, 71, 86. Contrition: 13, 22, 69, 77, 88, 143. In severe trouble: 4, 5, 11, 28, 41, 55, 59, 64, 70, 109, 120, 140, 141, 143. In affliction: 44, 60, 74, 79, 80, 83, 89, 94, 102, 129, 137. When deprived of public worship: 42, 43, 63, 84. Intercession: 20, 67, 122, 132, 144.

Praise.—For God's providential care: 23, 34, 35, 91, 100, 103, 107, 117, 121, 145, 146. Of God's attributes: 8, 19, 24, 29, 33, 47, 50, 65, 66, 76, 77, 93, 95-97, 99, 104, 111, 113-115, 134, 139, 147, 148, 150.

Thanksgiving.—For individual mercies: 9, 18, 22, 30, 34, 40, 75, 103, 108, 116, 118, 138, 144. For general or national mercies: 46, 48, 65, 66, 68, 76, 81, 85, 98, 105, 124, 126, 129, 135, 136, 149.

- 3. Prophetical, chiefly of the Messiah: 2, 16, 22, 40, 45, 68, 69, 72, 97, 110, 118.
- 4. Historical: 78, 105, 106.

ALPHABETICAL TABLE OF THE FIRST LINE OF EACH PSALM.

PSALM !	PSALM
As the hart panteth after the water-brooks 42	Hoor my wains O Cad
113 the hart painternanter the water-brooks, 42	
Be merciful unto me, O God, be merciful	
	Hear this, all ye people
Be merciful unto me, O God: for man	His foundation is in the holy mountains. 87
would swallow me up , 56	Hold not thy peace, O God of my praise 100
TO 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	How amiable are thy tabernacles, O Lord 84
Behold, how good it is for brethren	How long wilt thou forget me, O Lord . 13
	110 w long witt thou longer me, O Hora : 13
Bless the Lord, O my soul: and all that	I cried unto God with my voice 77
is within me bless his holy name . 103	I cried unto God with my voice
Bless the Lord, O my soul. O Lord my	I cried with my whole heart . (ver 145) 119
God, thou art very great 104	I hate vain thoughts (ver. 113) 119
Blessed are the undefiled in the way . 119	I have done judgment and justice (v. 121) 119
Blessed be the Lord my strength 144	I love the Lord, because he hath heard
Blessed is every one that feareth the Lord 128	my voice
Blessed is he that considereth the poor . 41	I said, I will take heed to my ways . 39
Blessed is he whose transgression is for-	I waited patiently for the Lord 40
given	I was glad when they said unto me, Let
Blessed is the man that walketh not in	us go into the house of the Lord . 122
the counsel of the ungodly	I will bless the Lord at all times 34
Bow down thine ear, O Lord 86	I will extol thee, my God, O king 145
By the rivers of Babylon, there we sat . 137	I will extol thee, O Lord 30
-,	I will lift up mine eyes unto the hills . 121
Consider mine affliction, and deliver	I will love thee, O Lord, my strength . 18
me (ver. 153) 119	I will praise thee, O Lord, with my whole
	heart 9
Deal bountifully with thy servant (v. 17) 119	I will praise thee with my whole heart . 138
Deliver me from mine enemies 59	I will sing of mercy and judgment: unto
Deliver me, O Lord, from the evil man . 140	thee, O Lord
Do ye indeed speak righteousness 58	I will sing of the mercies of the Lord 89
	If it had not been the Lord who was on
Except the Lord build the house 127	our side
	In Judah is God known
For ever, O Lord, thy word is settled in	In my distress, I cried unto the Lord . 120
heaven (ver. 89) 119	In the Lord put I my trust
Fret not thyself because of evildoers . 37	In thee, O Lord, do I put my trust; let
	me never be ashamed
Give ear, O my people, to my law . 78	In thee, O Lord, do I put my trust: let
Give ear, O Shepherd of Israel 80	me never be put to confusion
Give ear to my prayer, O God 55	It is a good thing to give thanks unto
Give ear to my words, O Lord, consider	the Bord
my meditation 5	Judge me, O God, and plead my cause . 43
Give the king thy judgments, O God . 72	Judge me, O Lord
God he merciful unto us, and bless us . 67	Juage me, o zera v
304 Bt III.	Keep not thou silence, O God 83
	isop not men and a second
God standeth in the congregation of the	Let God arise, let his enemies be scattered 68
Great is the Lord, and greatly to be	Let my cry come near before thee, O
praised 48	Lord (ver. 169) 119
praised	Let thy mercies come also unto me (v. 41) 119
Have mercy upon me, O God 5x	Lord, how are they increased that trouble
He that dwelleth in the secret place of	me 3
the most High 91	Lord, I cry unto thee: make haste 141
Hear me when I call, O God of my right-	Lord, my heart is not haughty 131
eousness 4	Lord, remember David, and all his afflic-
Hearmy cry O God 61	tions
Hear my prayer, O Lord, and let my cry	Lord, thou hast been favourable unto thy
come unto thee	land
Hear my prayer, O Lord, give ear to my	Lord, thou hast been our dwelling-place 90
supplications. • • • 143	Lord, who shall abide in thy tabernacle 15

RSALM	PSALM
Make a joyful noise unto God 66	Praise ye the Lord. Sing unto the Lord
Make a joyful noise unto the Lord, all	a new song 149
ye lands 100	Preserve me, O God: for in thee do I
	put my trust
Make haste, O God, to deliver me 70	
Many a time have they afflicted me 129	Princes have persecuted me without a
My God, my God, why hast thou for-	cause (ver. 161) 119
saken me	
My heart is inditing a good matter 45	Rejoice in the Lord, O ye righteous . 33
My soul cleaveth unto the dust (ver. 25) 119	Remember the word unto thy servant .
My soul fainteth for thy salvation (ver. 81) 119	(ver. 49) 119
	Righteous art thou, O Lord . (ver. 137) 119
Not unto us O I and not unto us	regitted at mou, o here t (variage)
Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us 115	Same man O God by the name
O alan ridur hands all re noonlo	Save me, O God, by thy name 54
O clap your hands, all ye people . 47	Save me, O God; for the waters are
O come, let us sing unto the Lord	come in unto my soul 69
O give thanks unto the Lord; call upon	Sing aloud unto God our strength 81
his name 105	
O give thanks unto the Lord, for he is good 107	Teach me, O Lord, the way of thy sta-
OgivethanksuntotheLord; for heisgood 118	tutes (ver. 33) 119
O give thanks unto the Lord; for he is	The earth is the Lord's, and the fulness
_good	thereof 24
O God, my heart is fixed 108	The fool hath said in his heart, There is
O God, the heathen are come into thine	<i>a</i> ,
	The fool hath said in his heart, There is
O God, thou art my God 63	no God 53
O God, thou hast cast us off 60	The heavens declare the glory of God . 19
O God, why hast thou cast us off for ever 74	The king shall joy in thy strength 21
O how love I thy law (ver. 97) 119	The Lord hear thee in the day of trouble 20
O Lord God of my salvation 88	The Lord is my light and my salvation . 27
O Lord God, to whom vengeance be-	The Lord is my shepherd 23
longeth 94	The Lord reigneth, he is clothed with
O Lord my God, in thee do I put my trust 7	majesty
O Lord our Lord, how excellent is thy	ON T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
name 8	
O Lord, rebuke me not in thine anger . 6	
	The Lord said unto my Lord 110
O Lord, rebuke me not in thy wrath 38	The mighty God, even the Lord, hath
O Lord, thou hast searched me, and	spoken 50
known me	The transgression of the wicked saith
O praise the Lord, all ye nations 117	within my heart 36
O sing unto the Lord a new song; for he	They that trust in the Lord shall be as
hath done marvellous things 98	mount Zion
O sing unto the Lord a new song; sing	Thou art my portion, O Lord. (ver. 57) 119
unto the Lord	Thou hast dealt well with thy servant .
Out of the depths have I cried unto thee,	
	(ver. 65) 119
O Lord r30	Thy hands have made me and fashioned
Plead my cours O I and	me (ver. 73) 119
Plead my cause, O Lord 35	Thy testimonies are wonderful (ver. 129) 119
Praise waiteth for thee, O God 65	I hy word is a lamp unto my feet (ver. 105) 110
Praise ye the Lord. Blessed is the man	Truly God is good to Israel
that feareth the Lord 112	Truly my soul waiteth upon God 62
Praise ye the Lord: for it is good to sing	
praises unto our God 147	Unto thee lift I up mine eyes 123
Praise ye the Lord. I will praise the Lord 111	
Praise ye the Lord. O give thanks unto	Unto the O I and Ja I 150
the Lord 106	Unto thee, O Lord, do I lift up my soul 25
	Unto thee will I cry, O Lord, my rock . 28
Praise ye the Lord. Praise God in his	THE STATE OF THE S
sanctuary	We have heard with our ears, O God . 44
Praise ye the Lord. Praise, O ye servants	When Israel went out of Egypt
of the Lord	When the Lord turned again the captivity
Praise ye the Lord. Praise the Lord,	01 / 100
O my soul	Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse
Praise ye the Lord. Praise ye the Lord	
from the heavens	What horistant them themales
Praise ye the Lord. Praise ye the name	Why do the heathen rage
of the Lord , 135	Why standest thou afar off O Lord

PROVERBS. The Hebrew title of this book is Mishlê ("bywords," "proverbs," "similitudes"); in the LXX. it is called Παροιμίαι ("Proverbs"), and similarly in the Vulgate Liber Proverbiorum.

It is a manual of practical rules of life, as the Psalms are a manual of daily devotion; the former guiding the actions, the latter the thoughts. It is a book of daily lessons for all ages and states of men and women. "Wisdom" is religion; and "folly" is irreligion.

It may be divided as follows:—1. Introduction,—the value of wisdom (i—ix). 2. The Proverbs (strictly so called) of Solomon (x—xxii. 16). 3. Another introduction, on the study of wisdom (xxii. 17—xxiv). 4. A second volume of true Proverbs, collected by those who were set by Hezekiah to restore the Temple worship, among whom were Isaiah and Hosea (xxv—xxix). 5. An Appendix, containing the instructions of Agur to his pupils Ithiel and Ucal, and of the mother of Lemuel to her son (xxx. xxxi).

It is generally allowed that the main portion (x—xxii. 16) is the work of Solomon, consisting of Proverbs composed or collected by himself, and that the other portions have been collected and added to it subsequently, the original title being preserved for the whole of the compilation, just as was done for the Psalms.

Date and Authorship. The date of this final arrangement is uncertain, but it was most probably in the time of Hezekiah. Modern critics are divided in their opinion whether the first part of the book (i—ix) belongs to the seventh or ninth century B.C., and the arguments on either side are alike inconclusive. It is also a matter of dispute whether it is earlier or later than the Song of Solomon and the Book of Job, many passages in the latter bearing such a striking resemblance to the Proverbs as to leave no doubt that the writer of the one book was familiar with the other. The Jews attributed the Song of Solomon to the early youth, the Proverbs to the mature age, and Ecclesiastes to the declining years of Solomon, while others have assigned them all to the last portion of his life. There has never been any doubt of the Canonicity of the book, except on the part of some writers among the Jews themselves.

ECCLESIASTES ("The Preacher"), called in Hebrew Koheleth, is generally supposed to have been written by Solomon at the close of his life, after his lapse (I Kings xi. 1-13), and to contain the expression of his penitence. He holds himself up as a warning to others: from its title, some suggest that he delivered it in public. It is a narrative of the attempts of a worldling in various ways to find happiness. He alternates between study, pleasure, sensuality, refinement, luxury,

misanthropy, construction, mechanical skill, book-making. All are unsatisfying, and leave a void; the conclusion being that everything is vain and empty but the fear of God, and that subservience to Him is the only perfect freedom. "Wisdom" is here used in the modern sense, viz. possession of knowledge.

The Canonicity of this book is acknowledged by Jews and early Christian writers; but the former did not rank it among the poetical

books, the greater part of it being prose.

Both the age and the authorship of this book are controverted. By the intermixture of the Hebrew with Aramaic words it is thought to belong to the same period as the Books of Ezra and Nehemiah, with which its subject-matter seems to accord; e.g. the expression of misery under a tyrannical government, sudden vicissitudes of fortune, the tone of despondency, the moral and religious declension, and the condition of literature,—all seem to indicate a state of things more like that subsequent to the return from the Captivity than that of the golden age of Solomon. The attempts, however, to fix its date have, so far, manifested very little unanimity.

SONG OF SOLOMON, or **CANTICLES**. This poem is said to be the only remaining one of the 1,005 songs composed by Solomon (in the Hebrew idiom it is called *The Song of Songs*, or the best of them all); and Jewish and Christian tradition both agree in this. It has been thought to have been a Marriage Ode composed by him on his nuptials with the daughter of Pharaoh, or with some native of Palestine (espoused some years later), of noble extraction, but inferior to her husband (ii. 1, 6; vii. 1); and its language is held to be figurative of the union between Christ and His Spouse, the Church.

It is a poem in which there are two characters, a male (Shelomoh, *Peaceable*), and a female, called by the same name with a feminine termination (Shulammith). There are treble and bass solos, which occasionally glide into a duet (ii. 7; iii. 5; viii. 4), terminating in a chorus of virgins (iii. 6-11; v. 9; vi. 1, 13; viii. 5, 8, 9). The parts of the two principal characters are not distinguished in our translation, as they are in the Hebrew, by the use of masculine and feminine pronouns and adjectives; but they may be thus marked: Shulammith begins a treble solo (i. 2-6), followed by a dialogue or duet (of about a verse each), to ii. 3, terminating in the duet (ii. 6, 7). Then Shulammith sings a solo (ii. 8-13), answered by Shelomoh (ii. 14, 15), and he again by her (iii. 1-4), gliding into the duet (iii. 5), and the chorus of virgins (from ver. 6 to the end of that chapter).

Chap. iv. commences with a sonnet from Shulammith in praise of her

lover, answered by him, singing her praises in turn. The same compliments are repeated with little variation by Shelomoh (chap. vii), in praise of his spouse. The two intervening chapters (v and vi) seem to be sung by Shulammith and the chorus, and chap. viii by them all chorally.

Ewald, with much reason, has conjectured that it is not the composition of Solomon, nor yet a marriage ode; but that it had its origin in the loving cry of the faithful Church still remaining in the kingdom of the ten tribes, when rent away from the house of David. Thus, "Solomon" is the head of the Jewish Church, personified in the Temple, the centre of devotion and love of the faithful spouse now excluded from it, but whose heart still yearns towards it. The compulsory attendance on the worship at Dan and Beth-el is well portrayed by—"My mother's children were angry with me; they made me the keeper of the vineyards; but mine own vineyard (God's Church) have I not kept." And again, as the worship of the calves was the beginning of Baalism, well might the faithful Israelite Church, forced to a false worship, hide its face and cry, "Look not upon me, because I am black; because the Sun hath looked upon me."

This view is sustained by the imagery used by the two speakers one of the other: that applied to the man being such as is applicable to the physical features of Judæa; that to the woman such as belongs rather to the northern kingdom. Again, the neck of Shelomoh is like the "tower of David" (iv. 4); he lives amidst the daughters of Jerusalem, and among the roes, harts, and hinds of the field, "leaping upon the mountains" (ii. 7, 8); while Shulammith lives under Lebanon, "a dove in the clefts of the rock, in the secret stairs" (ii. 14); her eyes are like fishpools in Heshbon, her nose as the tower of Lebanon, her head like Carmel (vii. 4, 5). All names of places used in the imagery of her by Shelomoh, or by her of herself, are taken from the ten tribes, even extending to those beyond the Jordan.

Date and Authorship. With the exception of a few Talmudists (who ascribe it to the time of Hezekiah), there is a general consent of all critics, down to the last century, that it is a genuine work of Solomon, though the date at which it was written is disputed. Kennicott placed it in the time of Ezra and Nehemiah, on account of certain Chaldaisms in the Hebrew text, which, according to Gesenius, are provincialisms peculiar to the northern part of Palestine, existing in the age of Solomon, to which period he attributes the composition. There seems nothing whatever in the subject-matter which could identify it with the post-Babylonish period. Its first verse attributes it to Solomon.

The more probable time of its composition would seem to be that of Rehoboam, and it would appear as if it were an eirenikon (overture of peace) between the two hostile kingdoms of Israel and Judah, reminding them that they were brethren (compare iii. 11; v. 16; viii. 2, 5). The mention in juxtaposition of the two rival royal cities in the time of Jeroboam and Rehoboam, viz. Tirzah and Jerusalem (vi. 4); of the "threescore valiant men of Israel," expert in war, coming out of the wilderness (iii. 6-8); and of "the company of two armies," with the appeal to Shulammith to return (vi. 10), all seem to point to the conclusion of hostilities recorded in 1 Kings xii. 23, 24, or after the chastisement of Jeroboam by Abijah (2 Chron. xiii).

Shelomoh would seem to be a personification of "Salem" (Jerusalem), and this ode would thus portray the yearning of the bereaved Israelite Church towards the holy Temple on Mount Zion after the separation of the ten tribes. This more fitly typifies the love between the Church and Christ than an "Epithalamium" on the marriage of Solomon with a heathen princess; while the terms of endearment lose all their grossness when applied to two nations with their distinctive physical features,—a view which is strengthened by the constant transition (in the original Hebrew) from the singular to the

plural (or collective) pronouns.

The Canonicity of this book has never been doubted, the evidence in its favour being as strong as that in support of the other books; but, among the Jews, no one under thirty years of age was allowed to

read it.

4.—THE PROPHETICAL BOOKS. Jonah, Joel, Amos, Hosea, Isaiah, Micah, Nahum, Zephaniah, prophesied before the Captivity; Jeremiah, Habakkuk, Ezekiel, Daniel, during it; and Haggai, Zechariah, Malachi, after the Restoration, and in the chronological order given here. The arrangement of these books in our Bible is ruled chiefly by the matter; the four greater books being placed first without regard to the date of their composition.

ISAIAH (Salvation of Jehovah), the son of Amoz (not the same name as Amos), prophesied about "Judah and Jerusalem in the days of Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah." His tribe and family are uncertain, but he is believed to have been of the seed-royal of Judah. Under Uzziah and Jotham religion declined, luxury increased; under Ahaz idolatry was rampant, and the Temple closed. Isaiah warned and reproved in vain, till Hezekiah listened to his voice, and made him his adviser. He is said to have been sawn asunder in the reign

of Manasseh, on whose accession, however, he must have been nearly ninety years of age.

The first verse seems to be the heading of the whole book, which consists of a series of visions, followed by a few miscellaneous prophecies and historical facts. These visions are placed in chronological order, but only one of them is strictly "a vision" (i.e. a waking dream), the rest being subjective rather than objective pictures of future events. It is difficult to assign any of them to the reign of Jotham, except, perhaps, some of the "burdens"; but those of the reigns of Uzziah. Ahaz, and Hezekiah are indicated by the writer himself. The first portion of the book relates chiefly to the Jewish nation and its enemies, with predictions about Assyria (then in its zenith), Babylon (in its infancy as a power), Moab, Egypt (the great rival of Assyria), Philistia, Syria, Edom, and Tyre (the great mercantile power), and a few historical chapters concerning Hezekiah. The second portion embraces a forecast of the whole period between the Captivity and the close of the Christian Dispensation, the return from Babylon being used to prefigure the Advent of the Messiah and the redemption of the people. The prophecies regarding the Messiah's birth, passion, glory, rejection by the Jews, and acceptance by the Gentiles, are so exact as to have earned Isaiah the name of the "Gospel Prophet."

Principal Subjects of Prophecy:-

- I. The Captivities and Restoration of Judah and Israel (xxxix. 6, 7).
- II. The ruin and desolation of Babylon, Tyre, Damascus, Egypt, &c., and the destruction of Syria and Israel (vii. 12; xlvii. 7, 15).
- III. The conquests and conduct of Cyrus, who is mentioned by name, with his liberation of the Jews, nearly 200 years before his birth (xliv. 28; xlvi. 1-5).

IV. Prophecies respecting the Messiah:-

- 1. His Forerunner (xl. 3).
- 2. His Birth (vii. 14).
- 3. His Family (xi. 10).
- 4. His Name and Kingdom (ix. 6, 7).
- 5. His Rejection by the Jews (viii. 14).
- 6. His Acceptance by the Gentiles (xlix. 6).
- 7. His Miracles (xxxv. 5, 6).

Many eminent German critics, of the last and present century, have called in question the genuineness of the last twenty-seven

chapters, on the ground that their stand-point is the Babylonish Captivity, from whence the author looks forward to succeeding events, and forewarns his people of what seems to be coming, and hence sketches out the career of the Messiah. They think it impossible for a prophet to mention Cyrus by name 200 years before his The whole force of this objection rests upon the denial of all true prophetic inspiration. It has been ably refuted by other German critics, an excellent résumé of whose arguments will be found in Keil's Einleitung. It is difficult to imagine that such a writing in such an age should have been issued anonymously, and it must be borne in mind that the integrity of the whole book has been universally admitted by all Jews and Christians of former centuries. Moreover, forty-seven of the sixty-six chapters are quoted, directly or indirectly, in the New Testament, and in twenty-one cases Isaiah is named as the author of the prophecy. It must be conceded therefore that external evidence is wholly against the objection.

JEREMIAH (Appointed by Jehovah) was the son of Hilkiah, a priest of Anathoth (a small village close to Jerusalem). He began to prophesy in the thirteenth year of Josiah's reign, about seventy years after Isaiah's death, and continued to do so all through the troubled times of the Babylonian invasion. His utterances were regarded as of evil omen by the rulers of Jerusalem, and he was subjected to cruel persecution. He saw the city besieged and taken, his warnings neglected but fulfilled, his fellow-citizens carried captive, and Jerusalem a heap of ruins; and in an adjoining cave he wrote his Lamentations over it. A remnant rallied round him after the murder of Gedaliah, and were forbidden by God, through his mouth, to flee into Egypt; but they accused him of falsehood, and, disregarding the Divine command, carried him with them into that country (xliii), where, according to Jerome, he was put to death, having prophesied for about forty years.

His prophecies are not in chronological order, but seem to have been re-arranged according to their subjects, viz.: (1) Warnings to the Jews. (2) Survey of all nations, with an historical appendix. (3) Prediction of brighter days to come, with a similar appendix. (4) Prophecies regarding Egypt. The concluding chapters (from li. 34) are supposed to have been compiled from the later portions of 2 Kings, and may have been added by Ezra. Jeremiah was contemporary with Zephaniah, Habakkuk, Ezekiel, and Daniel. He foretold the precise date of the Captivity, the fate of Zedekiah, the Return of the Jews, the future decay of Babylon, and the fall of many

other nations. He is said to have buried the ark; and he predicted the abrogation of the Law, the inauguration of a spiritual worship, the blessing of the Atonement, the call of the Gentiles through the Gospel, and the final acceptance of the Jews.

Bunsen and Ewald consider that the prophecies seem to be most naturally grouped together by the recurrence of the formula, "The word of the Lord came to Jeremiah," as follows: 1. (Chap. i): An introduction, probably prefixed to the whole at the final revision. 2. (ii—xxi): Probably the roll written by Baruch (xxxvi. 32), after the roll read in the ears of Jehoiakim had been burnt by him. 3. (xxii—xxv): Shorter prophecies delivered against the kings of Judah and false prophets. 4. (xxv—xxviii): Two great prophecies of the fall of Jerusalem. 5. (xxix—xxxi): The message of comfort for the exiles in Babylon. 6. (xxxii—xliv): The history of the last two years before the capture of Jerusalem, and of Jeremiah's work during that and the subsequent period. 7. (xlvi—li): The prophecies against foreign nations, ending with the great predictions against Babylon. 8. (lii): The supplementary narrative, which is also a preface to the Lamentations.

The LXX. translation contains so many differences of reading, as well as variations in the arrangement of the chapters, that it would seem to have been made from some other recension of the Hebrew than any now extant; or else, the translators endeavoured to make the meaning more plain, and the arrangement more methodical. The genuineness of the book has never been seriously questioned; neither can its date be doubted. Gesenius conjectures that more than thirty Psalms (v, vi, xiv, xxii—xli, lii—lv, lix—lxxi) were composed by Jeremiah; if so, they are a valuable record of the hymnology of that period.

I.AMENTATIONS. An appendix to the preceding, in the shape of a pathetic ode, expresses Jeremiah's grief for the destruction of Jerusalem and its Temple, and the miseries of slavery and famine, inculcating the benefit of chastisement. It is full of pathetic tenderness.

Chaps. i, ii, and iv. each consist of twenty-two verses, beginning with the successive letters of the Hebrew alphabet. Chap. v. contains the same number of verses, not, however, alphabetically arranged; while chap. iii. has three verses to each letter of the alphabet, every verse in each trio beginning with the same letter. The book, however, is not one poem divided into five chapters, but consists of five distinct poems. Its original Hebrew title was Ekah (How), which is

its first word, and was a common prefix to a song of wailing. The acrostic arrangement was probably intended to assist the memory.

Date and Authorship. The external evidence rests entirely on a preface in the LXX.: "And it came to pass, that after Israel was led captive, and Jerusalem was laid waste, Jeremiah sat weeping, and lamented with this lamentation over Jerusalem;" which is followed by Josephus and others. The internal evidence connects it in style and subject-matter so closely with the book of Jeremiah's prophecies, as to leave no doubt as to the authorship. Some have supposed it to be the lamentation over the death of Josiah (2 Chron. xxxv. 25), mentioned by Josephus as extant in his time (Antiq. x. 5); but this conjecture does not accord with the tone of these poems, which evidently portray Jerusalem in ruins, and leave no doubt that they were composed after its destruction by Nebuchadnezzar.

Its Canonicity has never been doubted; but it is regarded as the work of an inspired prophet, rather than as a prophetic inspiration. It has been variously placed among the sacred writings; either between Ruth and Ecclesiastes, among the five *Megilloth* ("rolls"), as in the Hebrew, or grouped with Jeremiah's writings, but separated

from the prophetical book by that of Baruch, as in the LXX.

EZEKIEL (God will strengthen), son of Buzi, was a priest carried captive with other nobles by Nebuchadnezzar (B.C. 599), before the destruction of Jerusalem. He was settled with a Jewish colony on the banks of the Chebar (Khabāt), 200 miles N. of Babylon, where he saw visions. He lived for only twenty-seven years after, and did

not begin to prophesy till the fifth year of his exile.

His prophecies may be divided into two parts. First, those spoken before the destruction of Jerusalem, to disabuse the people of all false hope of succour from Egypt, instilling into them the certainty of God's vengeance, and exhorting them to sincere repentance. The Second part is full of consolation, exciting hopes of future restoration on their true repentance, and the final glory of God's people in a renovated land and a new Jerusalem, with the outpouring of God's blessings upon them, and the future resurrection of the flesh. Between these two parts is an intervening portion, denouncing God's judgment on the seven heathen nations around them. This was written between the commencement of Nebuchadnezzar's siege of Jerusalem and the news of its fall.

This book contains many visions, parables, and proverbs. The illustrations are often taken from buildings and their ornaments, showing the writer to have been more familiar with a city than

with rural life. He mentions Daniel by name (xxviii. 3); and as they were in exile together, they were probably well known to each other.

Summary. 1. Ezekiel's call (i—iii. 15). 2. The general carrying out of the commission (iii. 16—vii). 3. The rejection of the people, because of their idolatrous worship (viii—xi). 4. The sins of the age rebuked in detail (xii—xix). 5. The nature of the judgment, and the guilt which caused it (xx—xxiii). 6. The meaning of the now commencing punishment (xxiv). 7. God's judgment denounced on seven heathen nations (xxv—xxxii). 8. Prophecies, after the destruction of Jerusalem, concerning the future condition of Israel (xxxiii—xxxix). 9. The glorious consummation (xl—xlviii).

Hebrew tradition asserts that Jeremiah and Ezekiel exchanged writings in their lifetime, so that those of the former were read in Babylon, and those of the latter in Jerusalem. There are many similarities in the two books which favour this supposition,—especially as the character of the two writers is so different that a resemblance in their writings would seem to be due to a mutual interchange of

thoughts.

Canonicity. The great obscurity of the book (from its allegorical form), and the apparent discrepancy between it and the Pentateuch (cp. xviii. 20, and Ex. xx. 5), led the Jews to place it among "the Treasures," which no one might read before the age of thirty; and, for the same reason, the Sanhedrin hesitated to give it a place among the Canonical books of the prophets for public reading in the synagogue. But on no other ground has its Canonicity been disputed, nor has its genuineness been seriously impugned.

There are no direct quotations from it in the New Testament, though in the Revelation there are several allusions and parallel

passages which show that it was known to the writer.

DANIEL (God's Judge) was one of the princes of the royal family of Judah. He was made a eunuch in the palace of the King of Babylon, and rose to be chief of the wise men, and "ruler over the whole province of Babylon." Carried captive at the age of from twelve to eighteen, in the fourth year of Jehoiakim (eight years before Ezekiel), he prophesied during the whole period of the Captivity, and even two years after the Return. He did not accompany the Jews back to Jerusalem, but died in exile when more than ninety years of age. B.C. 603 he interpreted Nebuchadnezzar's dream, which brought him into notice. Twenty-three years later, the Three Children were, in his absence, saved from the fiery furnace. Ten years afterwards he

interpreted the king's second dream, and acted as viceroy during the seven years of that monarch's madness. He lived in retirement during the reign of Belshazzar, who preferred younger counsellors, till the writing on the wall called him forth (B.C. 538). Afterwards he was promoted to the highest post of government by Darius, which he retained under Cyrus (536), thus serving under three dynasties—the Chaldean, the Median, and the Persian.

His book consists of two distinct volumes, the prophecies of the latter being synchronous with some of the historical events narrated in the former: e. g. the first vision occurred in the first year of Belshazzar (B. C. 555); the second in 553; the third in the first year of Darius (538); the last in the third of Cyrus (534). The historical part (chaps. ii. 4—vii) is in Chaldee; the prophetical in Hebrew. In the former Daniel is spoken of in the third person, in the latter in the first; but he is believed to have been the author of both portions. Our Lord speaks of him as a prophet (Matt. xxiv. 15). An allusion is made to him in Heb. xi. 33, 34; and his language is adopted in the Revelation of John the Divine, which is the counterpart of his book in the New Testament.

Chap. ii. predicts the course of the Five Great Empires of the world, which should succeed each other in supremacy-viz. the Babylonian, Persian, Grecian, Roman, and Christian. In chap. vii. the four worldly empires, under the figure of four beasts, are viewed in their religious aspect. In chap, viii, is predicted the struggle between the Persian and Grecian powers, and the rise of the corrupting influence of Antiochus Epiphanes ("the little horn"), which prepared the way for the final overthrow of the Jews by the Romans. Then follow the precise prophecies regarding the Messiah. In seven weeks (forty-nine years) the city would be rebuilt; in sixty-two weeks (434 years) Christ would begin His ministry, and in the middle of one week (three and a half years) He would be cut off. Chap. x. foretells the opposition of the Persian power to the restoration of the Iews: while chap. xi. more minutely predicts the history of the four Persian kings, that of Alexander and his successors, till the conquest of Syria by Rome, followed by a forecast of the growth of the supremacy of Christ's kingdom to the end of the world.

This book is the first of a series of apocalyptic writings, which culminate in the Revelation of John the Divine. It has exercised far greater influence on Christian theology than any other writing of the Old Testament, depicting, as it does, not merely the Advent of the Messiah, but the effect and influence of His human existence upon

the whole future of the human race. Hence, Daniel's writings are not forewarnings of coming events, or divine threats of punishment, neither are they strictly prophetic; but they have a far wider range, disclosing the philosophy of history, both sacred and profane, revealing to the Jews the great mission destined for them in the regeneration of mankind. Thus, with Ezekiel, the latter portion of the Book of Daniel forms the connecting link between the prophecies of the Jewish dispensation and the more universal revelation of Christ and His followers.

This traditional interpretation (which dates back as far as the Second Book of Esdras and the Epistle of Barnabas) is rejected by some modern commentators, because it is thought to lose sight of the cyclic development of history: so that the Divine utterance, which has its first fulfilment in one period, receives a further and more complete one in the corresponding part of some other period. According to them, the four empires are, the Babylonian, Median, Persian, and Greek: while the fifth (the Christian), striking the feet of the composite image, crushed the foundations of them all (viz. heathen mythology), and prepared the way for its own supremacy over all future dominions. Each of these has its antitype in the Christian era-Babylon in Rome, Media in Byzantium, Persia, with its divided power, in the Teutonic races, while the great Northern nations may hereafter rival the conquests of Alexander ;—all these being eventually superseded in the triumph of Christ's second Kingdom, as the former empires were by His first Advent. In this way the Book of Daniel is both a prophecy and a revelation.

Date and Authorship. No doubt was expressed as to the authorship of Daniel, or as to the reality of the events narrated in the book, until the fourth century A.D., when Porphyry denied the truth of the prophecies concerning Antiochus Epiphanes (in whose reign he supposed the work to have been written), while affirming the historical accuracy of the preceding ones. A considerable number of modern German critics have rejected the whole book as spurious, on the ground that the earlier chapters record miracles surpassing belief, and that the prophetic portion represents historic events in such minute detail as to preclude the possibility of its being written before those events. These objections are founded on a disbelief in miraculous power and in prophetic inspiration; and those who advanced them assign the composition of the book to the period between B.C. 170 and 164. But it is impossible to believe that an impostor would have written what professed to be one continuous book partly in Chaldee and partly in Hebrew, intermingled with Greek words. The tone of the whole is thoroughly Eastern, and the Jewish tradition is most reasonable, that each historical event was recorded at the time it happened, and each vision also, by Daniel himself; that these documents were conveyed, with other sacred works, from Babylon to Jerusalem, at the time of "the Return," and that they (as well as the Visions of Ezekiel) were put together in their later form by the "Great Synagogue." Dr. Pusey says, "that neither its language, nor its historical references, nor its doctrines imply any later date than that of Daniel himself; but that, contrariwise, the character of its Hebrew exactly fits with the period of Daniel, that of its Chaldee excludes any later period: that the minute, fearless touches, involving details of customs, state institutions, history, belong to a contemporary," &c.

Canonicity. This was never doubted until the last two centuries, though the exceptional nature of the book caused it to be isolated by the Jewish canonists, who hesitated to give it a place among the prophets, but arranged it with the Babylonish documents between Esther and Nehemiah. Its popularity in early times was so great that large additions and alterations were introduced into the LXX. version, which became entirely discredited, and was superseded by that of Theodotion. The latter, as well as the Vulgate, retained the principal additions, which are relegated to the Apocrypha in the English Bible; and the old LXX. was long totally lost, and only discovered and published in the last century.

JONAH (Dove), son of Amittai (true), the author and subject of the book called by his name, was born at Gath-hepher, in Zebulun. two miles from Sephorim. He is the same prophet who is sent to Ieroboam II (2 Kings xiv. 25), in answer to the bitter cry of affliction that rose from Israel. The deliverance then worked by God brought no return of allegiance to Him. Jonah is next sent with a message of warning to their threatening invaders, the Assyrians. The contrast between the Gentile sailors and heathen Ninevites and the prophet is so greatly in favour of the former, as to stamp the narrative with truthfulness. The writer leaves us with his impetuous will unbroken (though rebuked) and unexplained, while he closes his book with God's words of tender mercy. The clue to his unwillingness and murmuring may have been his foreknowledge that the nation, so spared, was destined to be God's instrument for the punishment of his native country. The King of Nineveh was the Pul of Scripture.

The Genuineness of the book is proved by the character of the

language and the archaic idioms which pervade it; and the second chapter shows the writer to be imbued with a knowledge of the Psalms, which he *adapts* to his own needs, but does not *quote*.

It is also corroborated by the accuracy of its historical and geographical details, and by our Lord's own affirmation of its truth and of its typical significance. But some German critics, who disbelieve in miracles, regard it as fabulous or parabolic, and ascribe its composition to the time of Josiah. It has, however, been regarded as Canonical both by Jews and Christians, and is ranked among the prophetical books because of its typical reference to the Resurrection of the Messiah.

Hosea, Joel, Amos, were contemporaries. It is most probable that Joel prophesied to Judah at the same time that Amos forewarned Israel, and that these two slightly preceded Hosea, who, like Amos, was sent to the Israelites.

HOSEA (Salvation) prophesied for sixty years during the reigns of the last six kings of Israel (Jeroboam II to Hoshea). He began to prophesy before Isaiah, with whom he was contemporary. The idolatry of Jeroboam had produced all kinds of vice; the kings were profligate; the priests had introduced shameful rites throughout the land; God was forgotten; the rulers looked to Assyria or to Egypt for help in their misfortunes, and Hosea compares their defection to the unfaithfulness of a wife to her marriage vows. His illustrations are taken from rural and domestic pursuits (e.g. snaring of birds, sowing, reaping, threshing, and baking of bread). He gives us some insight into the modes of life of that day, e.g. the women were decked with earrings and jewels; the feasts and sabbaths were "days of mirth;" the people sacrificed on mountain tops, burnt incense on hills, "under oaks, and poplars, and elms;" while "troops of robbers wait for a man." This book is quoted by our Lord, by the Evangelist Matthew, and the apostles Peter and Paul.

It may be divided into two parts: (1) A symbolical representation (i—iii) of the adoption of the people, their rebellion and rejection, the conversion of the Gentiles, and the final restoration of Israel. (2) Prophetic discourses, illustrated by images of the most vivid character.

JOEL (Jehovah is God) was of the tribe of Reuben, and the son of Pethuel, and lived not later than the time of Uzziah, for he does not mention Assyria by name among the foes of Judah. The Jews say that he lived in the time of the drought (2 Kings viii. 1) of Elisha;

but we should probably understand that mentioned by Amos (iv. 7). The book begins with a warning of an impending visitation of locusts and drought, regarded as a figurative picture of threatened invasions, the "northern army" being that of Assyria, at that time unknown to them. The prophet exhorts the people of Judah to repentance, fasting, and prayer, to avert these calamities: promising a blessing in their stead, and the outpouring of the Spirit on all flesh, with a warning of the destruction of Jerusalem as typical of the final judgment in the Valley of Jehoshaphat; the foundation of a new city, and the inauguration of Messiah's kingdom in peace and prosperity. This book is quoted by Peter (Acts ii. 16—21), and Paul (Rom. x. 13).

Date. Both the style and subject-matter confirm the Hebrew tradition that Joel was the earliest of the prophets of Judah, since he foretells, in general language only, the future evils which were to come upon them from the Northern invasion, which was evidently still distant, since the prophecy is vague and there is an absence of particularity. Some modern critics have conjectured that he prophesied in the reign of Hezekiah, others in that of Manasseh, others in that of Josiah. The LXX. places the book after that of Amos and Micah.

AMOS (Burden) prophesied to the ten tribes within the twenty-five years during which Uzziah and Jeroboam II were contemporary (B.C. 809-784), "two years before the earthquake" (see Zech. xiv. 5). He was, till sent by God to prophesy at Beth-el against the worship of the calves, a shepherd of Tekoa in Judah, and a dresser of sycamore trees. But he must also have preached at Samaria, since he rebukes the vices of a capital-extreme luxury, revelry, debauchery -and contrasts them with the excessive poverty and oppression of the poor. Israel was at the height of its prosperity (under Jeroboam II the poor were oppressed, luxury abounded, and God was forgotten). He preached against the nations around the two kingdoms (Syria, Philistia, Tyre, Edom, Ammon, and Moab). He then describes the state of Israel and Judah, and especially charges Ephraim with ingratitude and obduracy. Next follow symbolical visions of successive punishments on Israel, culminating in ruin; but beyond that rises a hope of restored glory in the kingdom of the Messiah, in which the Gentiles will participate. In chap, vii. the idolatrous priest Amaziah complains to Jeroboam, who orders Amos to quit his kingdom. From this incident we have Beth-el depicted to us as a summer residence of the king, with its chief Temple of the Calves

and its hierarchy of royal chaplains (vii. 13), and the result of Amos' words of woe, that they had roused the people from one end of the land to the other. His illustrations are from agricultural pursuits: e. g. "a cart full of sheaves," "corn sifted in a sieve," the "lattergrowth after the king's mowings," "every cow at the breach that is before her," &c.

The book presupposes an acquaintance with the Law of Moses, and implies that the proper form of worship was in accordance with it. It also bears strong evidence that the writer was familiar with the Book of Job, who, on that account, has been thought by some to have lived near Tekoa (see Job). As the book is not a series of distinct prophecies, but one connected whole, there is no doubt that it was written in its present form by Amos after his return from Beth-el to Tekoa, though it probably reproduced, in more logical form, the substance of his preaching while at Beth-el.

Summary. I. (i. 1—ii. 3): He denounces the sins of the nations bordering on Israel and Judah. 2. (ii. 4—vi. 14): He describes the state of those two kingdoms, especially the former. 3. (vii. 1—ix. 10): He reflects on the previous prophecy, relates his visit to Beth-el, and sketches the impending punishment of Israel, which he predicted to Amaziah. 4. (ix. 11–15): He depicts the Advent of the Messiah, and the final restoration of His people.

MICAH (Who is like unto Jehovah?) was a native of Moreshethgath, east of Eleutheropolis. He follows the three previous prophets, and Isaiah (who survived him), reiterating their warnings. He died in the days of Hezekiah (Jer. xxvi. 18, 19). He is referred to as a prophet by Jeremiah; his language is quoted by Zephaniah (iii. 19), and Ezekiel (xxii. 27), and by our Lord (Matt. x. 35). He depicts the ruin of both kingdoms; portrays the future and better destinies of the people; shows the mercy and justice of God in contrast with the ingratitude of His people; and foretells the invasions of Shalmaneser and Sennacherib, the dispersion of Israel, the cessation of prophecy, the destruction of Jerusalem and of Assyria, the birthplace of Christ, His Divine nature, and the universality of His Kingdom.

According to the superscription, he prophesied during the reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, i.e. for a period of about fifty years, since Jotham came to the throne B.C. 756 and Hezekiah died B.C. 697. Hebrew tradition asserts that he transmitted from Isaiah, to Joel, Nahum, and Habakkuk, the mysteries of the *Kabbala*. One prophecy (iii. 12) belongs to Hezekiah's reign, and probably preceded the great

Passover (Jer. xxvi. 18).

Summary. Although the prophecies were probably delivered at different times, they have been cast into one complete whole in their present form, no doubt by the prophet himself. They are divided into three sections, each marked by a formula, "Hear ye," each beginning with denunciation and ending with a promise.

Section I. The Advent of Jehovah for judgment of the idolatry of Israel and Judah. I. (i—ii. 13): Forewarning of impending judgment. 2. Its cause—the unfaithfulness of prophets. 3. The threatened punishment; viz. the scourge of an Assyrian invasion. 4. Promise of restoration.

Section II. Judgment on Jerusalem. 1. Rebuke of the rulers of the people (iii. 14). 2. Rebuke of false prophets (iii. 6). 3. Punishment in the desolation of Mount Zion (iii. 9-12). 4. Restoration of Zion, of its Temple, and of the people, with a gathering-in of all nations under the sovereignty of the Messiah (iv. 1—v. 15). [Ewald divides this portion into four strophes.]

Section III. Dialogue between Jehovah and His people, in justification of His government (ch. vi).

NAHUM (Consolation) was a native of Elkosh, whose site is unknown, but it was traditionally a little village in Galilee. He is thought to have prophesied after the Captivity of the ten tribes, and between the two invasions of Sennacherib, whom Hezekiah had bribed with the treasure of the Temple. He comes as a consoler from Jehovah, foretelling the death of Sennacherib, and the overthrow of Assyria; but his book is chiefly the sequel to that of Jonah; the latter having warned Nineveh of impending punishment, which God remitted on its repentance, Nahum now repeats the denunciations.

Jonah concluded with the declaration of God's mercy, "slow to anger," and "repenting of evil." Nahum begins by announcing the certainty of His judgment. Nineveh had sunk back into its old sins of violence, robbery, and bloodshed, with blasphemy and hostility against God. Nahum pronounces its sentence. Its destruction was near, and would be swift and complete. There are three very distinct predictions: (1) The sudden destruction of Sennacherib's army (i. 12), and his death in the house of his god (i. 14). (2) The inevitable capture of Nineveh by the sudden irruption of the river in the midst of the siege (ii. 6). (3) Its utter desolation (iii). In Nahum's time it was the largest and most opulent city in the world. It was captured by Cyaxares (about B.C. 606), and utterly destroyed, so that its very site was unknown a century or two after its fall. Its ruins have been explored by Botta, Layard, and others during the

present century, and numerous Assyrian antiquities have been brought to Europe.

Date and Authorship. Some commentators, both ancient and modern, have assigned Alkush, on the Tigris, as the place of his birth, considering him to be the son of an Israelite captive, and the vivid picture of Nineveh to have been drawn by him from personal observation; while they also affirm that the interspersion of Assyrian words in his book points to that country as the scene of his prophecies. Others deny that internal evidence favours any other than a Palestinian origin of the work, which accords with the greatest weight of external evidence. The time of his prophecy is no less controverted. Some make him contemporary with Hosea, Amos, and Jonah (in the reign of Joash); others, with Zechariah, Haggai, and Malachi; and, while some German critics place him in the time of Ahaz, Hezekiah, Manasseh, or Josiah, Josephus distinctly states (Antiq. ix. 11) that he prophesied in the reign of Jotham.

ZEPHANIAH (Jehovah hath guarded), whose pedigree, traced by himself (chap. i. 1), is generally allowed to connect him with king Hezekiah, prophesied at the beginning of Josiah's reign (B.C. 642-611). For fifty years prophecy was silent, during most of which time the wicked reign of Manasseh hurried on the judgments of God. The book commences with a general warning against Judah, and the idolatrous worship of Baal and Moloch, followed by judgments threatening Philistia, Moab, Ammon, Ethiopia, and Nineveh, and concluding with special reproofs to Jerusalem, illuminated by the promise of restoration to glory in the latter days. There is much similarity of expression between this book and that of Jeremiah.

Summary. I. The judgment on Judæa, and its causes (chap. i). II. A call to repentance, with a promise of restoration and return to peace (ii). III. Reproof of Jerusalem, and the vice of its people (iii. 1-7). IV. Promises of restoration of the people, and destruction of their enemies (iii. 8-20).

HABAKKUK (Embrace) was a younger contemporary of Jeremiah, and prophesied in Judah during the first half of the reign of Jehoiakim, when the invasion of Nebuchadnezzar was imminent. He did not accompany the captives, but, like Jeremiah, he lamented the iniquities of his country in the midst of its ruins. Habakkuk foretells the destruction of the Chaldæans, portraying their pride and self-confidence; expostulates with God for destroying His own people by such wicked instruments; and on a re-assurance of the final triumph

of faith, he pours forth a sublime song of praise for the power and mercy of Jehovah, with a prayer for the redemption of His people, and confidence in His mercy. This book is quoted in Acts xiii. 41;

Rom. i. 17; Gal. iii. 11; Heb. x. 37.

The subscription, "To the chief singer on my stringed instruments," shows that it was used as a psalm, in which the prophet took a part, and was incorporated into the Temple service. Hence Habakkuk must have been a Levite. The whole is a colloquy between him and God. It opens with a plaintive recitative of "the faithful," struggling under the painful spectacle of the good among God's people suffering from the oppression of the evil, interspersed with God's answer of judgment awaiting them from the Chaldees. This is followed by the prophet's appeal for the righteous who will suffer with the wicked, which swells into a vivid picture of the Chaldæan scourge sweeping irresistibly before him: and then there is a brief silence of expectation for the reply, which (chap. ii) reveals the judgment upon Chaldæa. Then rises the note of prayer, which introduces the great hymn of faith, recounting the miraculous deliverances of old as earnests of future ones, and closing with the vision of all nature desolate, and God's enemies prostrate, but faith exultant in the God of salvation.

Date. The Rabbis fix the time of this prophecy in the reign of Manasseh, with which its subject seems to accord; but modern German critics prefer that of Josiah, while others have made Habakkuk contemporary with Ezekiel and Daniel in Babylonia, and with Haggai and Zechariah in Judæa.

OBADIAH (Worshipper of Jehovah) prophesied, it has been conjectured, before the destruction of Jerusalem (B.C. 588) and the conquest of Edom (583). As Nahum had foretold the downfall of Assyria, and Habakkuk that of Chaldæa, so Obadiah predicts that of the implacable foe of Israel, Edom, warning the Edomites not to rejoice in the day of their brother's calamity (for the Hebrew tenses are future, not past as in our translation). He foretells the utter annihilation of Edom, and contrasts it with the future restoration of Israel, which should also possess the land of Edom and Philistia, and enjoy the promises of her offspring, the Messiah.

Verses I to 8 are extremely similar to a passage in Jeremiah (xlix. 14 foll.). This similarity has caused a doubt which of the two prophets repeated the denunciations of the other; and therefore the exact date of this book is rendered uncertain, some advocating its priority to that of Jeremiah, others ascribing it to a later date.

Dr. Pusev maintains that the Hebrew future determines the question in favour of the priority of the Book of Obadiah. Those who take the opposite view conjecture that the occasion of this prophecy was the hostility shown by the sons of Esau to their brethren the Israelites at the time of the Babylonish invasion. They seem to have rejoiced in the downfall of Jerusalem, and to have cut off those Jews who attempted to fly through Idumæa into Egypt. Hence arose the prayer of the Jewish captives in Babylon (Ps. cxxxvii. 7), and the answer to it in the denunciations of Obadiah, who predicts the Divine retribution on Edom, and the future glory of Israel in the occupation of Idumæa. This prophecy was partially fulfilled by Nebuchadnezzar, and further by the entire subjugation of Edom by John Hyrcanus, which thenceforth vanishes from history; but its completion, in the possession of Idumæa by the Israelites, must still be anticipated after the final return of that people to their promised inheritance; and therefore this book is the favourite study of the Jews to this day.

Summary. 1. The Edomites fancied themselves secure in the fastnesses of their rocks (ver. 3). 2. The spoiler should utterly destroy them (vers. 4-16). 3. The chastisement inflicted on the Jews should be but temporary; and, after their return from captivity, they should possess Edom and Philistia, and at length rejoice in the glorious reign of the Messiah (17-21).

The Prophets after the Restoration are HAGGAI, ZECHARIAH, MALACHI. Jewish tradition identifies them with the three men with Daniel when he saw the vision (Dan. x. 7). After the Captivity they were members, it is said, of the "Great Synagogue" of 120 elders.

HAGGAI (Festive) was probably born at Babylon, and accompanied Zerubbabel to Jerusalem; though some consider that he had seen the glory of the old Temple before its destruction (see ii. 3), and that he was one of the very aged exiles who laid the foundation of the new Temple in tears (Ezra iii. 12). He was inspired by God to rouse the people to support Zerubbabel and Joshua (the High Priest) in building the Temple, after the work had been suspended for fourteen years in consequence of the counter-edict obtained by the Samaritans from Artaxerxes. When the decree of Cyrns was confirmed by Darius, the people were in a lethargic state, preferring their own temporal prosperity to the restoration of God's house, till drought and mildew wrung penitence from them. The prophecy is short and condensed. Haggai reproves their lethargy, and promises a blessing upon the work. In twenty-four days they recommence the building. The youthful Zechariah is moved to second Haggai's work, but, after one

brief prophecy, is silenced. After four weeks they become despondent, and compare the new Temple with the old; but Haggai foretells greater glory for the former. Two months later he again rebukes their slowness, and promises Divine favour. He finally appeals to Zerubbabel, as heir of the house of David, and predicts the stability of the Kingdom of God amidst the ruin of temporal sovereignties. He only prophesied for four months. He is quoted in Heb. xii. 26.

Haggai and Zechariah are associated in the LXX. in the titles of Psalms cxxy, cxxvi, cxly—cxlviii; and they are mentioned in I Esdras

vi. I; vii. 3.

ZECHARIAH (Whom Jehovah remembers), the son of Berechiah, and grandson of Iddo, was probably of the tribe of Levi, born in Babylon, and likewise came to Jerusalem with Zerubbabel. He began to prophesy two months after Haggai (i. 1), and continued during two years, encouraging the Jews to prosecute the erection of the Temple. He also foreshadowed the history of the people and of the Christian Church. The book is full of allusions to the Advent of the Messiah, and is frequently quoted in the New Testament. It consists of three parts: (1) Nine visions of the glory of the kingdom and worship of the Messiah (i—vi). (2) A colloquy between the prophet and a deputation from Babylon, regarding the fasts of penitence for the destruction of the Temple, and his exhortation to convert them into feasts of restoration (vii, viii). (3) The history of the Jews and of the Church to the final judgment (ix—xiv).

Summary. Section I. The nine visions, viz. I. (i. 7-17): A rider on a red horse, among the myrtle-trees, symbolising a general peace over the whole land, and the cessation of opposition to the building of the Temple. 2. (i. 18-21): Four horns (i.e. four enemies of the Jews), and four carpenters, by whom they are broken. 3. (ii. 1-0): A man with a measuring-line, enlarging the boundaries of Jerusalem; i.e. her increase, enclosing the Gentiles. 4. (iii): Joshua (the High Priest), changing filthy garments for new ones, signifies. the restoration of Judah, and advent of "The Branch." 5. (iv): A golden lamp, fed by two olive-trees; i.e. the rebuilding of the Temple, and future glorification of the Church by the unction of the Holy Spirit. 6. (v. 1-4): A flying roll; i.e. vengeance on the ungodly. 7. (v. 5-11): A woman, pressed into an ephah by a leaden weight, and borne eastward; i.e. repression and banishment of idolatry. 8. (vi. 1-8): Four chariots issuing from two brazen mountains: i.e. the course of Divine Providence. 9. (vi. 9-15): Crowning of Joshua; i.e. the regal and priestly office of "The Branch."

Section II. Colloquy between the prophet and exiles regarding the fasts.

1. (vii). The nature of a true fast.

2. (viii). On conversion of fasts into feasts.

Section III. The future destiny of the Jewish Church and people. 1. (ix. 1-7): Peace under Alexander's rule. 2. (ix. 12-17): Revival of power under the Maccabees. 3. (xi—xii. 12): A reverse (caused by the rejection of Messiah—punished by the destruction of Jerusalem). 4. (xii. 3-14): A period of penitence and hope. 5. (xiv): Return of the Messiah to Jerusalem in triumph over His enemies, and the inauguration of theocratic glory.

Date. The style of the book, and the frequent Chaldaisms, establish the lateness of its composition. The difference between the earlier and later portions has led some modern critics to doubt the genuineness of the last six chapters, but their conjectures have been satisfactorily refuted.

MALACHI (Messenger of Jehovah), the last of the prophets, was contemporary with Nehemiah. He prophesied about B.C. 420.

According to one tradition, he was born at Sopha in Zebulon, after the Captivity, died young, and was buried there. According to another, "Malachi" was not a name, but an office, and some go so far as to declare that Haggai, Malachi, and John the Baptist were angels in human form. Hence, one Hebrew Targum identifies the writer of this book with Ezra, another with Zerubbabel, a third with Nehemiah. Internal evidence is conclusive in favour of the writer living after the death of Ezra and the second immigration of captives. since the abuses noted in the book are exactly those which Nehemiah reformed. The new Temple was already built, and its services fully re-established. Malachi reproves the profanity of the priests: foretells the sudden appearance of the Messiah to purify that Temple and its congregation; he rebukes the frequency of mixed marriages and divorces; threatens Israel with rejection for their impiety, and the adoption of the Gentiles; and closes with a prediction of the harbinger of the Sun of Righteousness, and a warning against infringement of the law of God.

The style is prosaic and rhetorical, rather than poetic, and more closely resembles a written philosophical discourse than the oracles of the Hebrew prophets. In the LXX. and Vulgate it consists of four chapters, as in the A.V.; but in the Hebrew, chapters iii. and iv. form but one. It is quoted as Scripture in the New Testament (Mark i. 2; ix. 11, 12; Luke i. 17; Rom. ix. 13).

The prophecy naturally divides itself into three sections: I. (i. 2-ii. 0): Jehovah is represented as the loving father and ruler of His people. It may be subdivided thus: 1. (i. 1-8): Jehovah asserts and proves His love to His people by reference to the punishment of Edom. 2. (i. 6-ii. 9): Rebuke of the priests, as the leaders of spiritual defection. II. (ii. 10-16): The prophet's reproof of mixed marriages and divorces, portrayed by the deserted wives weeping at the altar. III. The sudden appearance in the Temple of the Lord as the Judge, preceded by His forerunner. This section may be thus subdivided: 1. (ii. 17-iii. 5): A threat of punishment. (iii, 6-12); A call to repentance. 3. (iii. 13-iv. 6); Reproof of distrust in God: forewarning of the final separation of good and bad; of the final judgment: and advent of the Messiah, heralded by Elijah. Thus prophecy closes with the announcement of the Messiah's coming. and prepares the people for the appearance of His precursor, John the Baptist, in the spirit and power of Elias (Matt. xi. 14: xvii. 10-13).

VI. SUMMARY OF THE APOCRYPHAL BOOKS.

THESE books form part of the sacred literature held in high esteem by the Alexandrian Jews, and appended by them to the LXX. translation of the Old Testament. They are for the most part, if not wholly, the product of the era subsequent to the commencement of the Captivity; part having their origin in Babylonia, during or after the Captivity, part belonging to the last three centuries B.C., when prophecy, oracles, and direct revelation had ceased. They form the historical link between the Old and New Testament, and have also a linguistic value in connexion with the Hellenistic phraseology of the latter. They differ from the former in the marked absence of prophetic teaching, of Divine revelation, and of religious poetry; while they point (as in the Book of Wisdom) to a spiritual kingdom which shall be eternal. The account there given of the Exodus suggests the existence of traditionary narratives (besides that which is contained in the Pentateuch), from which certain additions found in the New Testament (e.g. in Stephen's speech) were derived. The LXX. had been formed on a Hebraic mould, so that Hebraisms were sure to manifest themselves; but in the Apocrypha (much of which was originally written in Greek) we find the same Hebraic cast of thought and expression. Thus the Hellenistic phraseology of the New Testament was not a new thing, even when applied to original composition, but had become habitual.

As to their Canonical authority, Josephus seems to reject it. The

early Christians differed in opinion respecting them, but received them as part of the sacred literature. Melito, referring to the Hebrew Canon, separated them from the authoritative and Divine records. Jerome called them "apocryphal" (hidden, secret, and so spurious), affirming that "the Church doth read them for example of life and instruction of manners; but yet doth it not apply them to establish any doctrine."

In the Western Church they gradually rose in esteem, until the Council of Trent affirmed the Canonicity of the major part; but they are treated by the more critical Roman divines as "deutero-canonical."

It is not generally supposed that the books were written by those whose names they bear, but rather that the names of men illustrious in Hebrew history (e.g. Ezra and Solomon, whose writings bore most resemblance to them), were affixed to them by the writers. They are valuable historically, as supplying us with the struggles of the Jews under the Syrian Kings, of which the records elsewhere are scanty.

THE BOOKS OF ESDRAS, although quoted largely by Josephus, by Athanasius, and by some other early Christian writers, do not seem to have been ever regarded as strictly "Canonical."

The First Book appears to be a compilation of narratives by different authors, the original part of the document being confined to chapters iii—v. 6. Chapter i. is a repetition of the last two chapters of the second book of Chronicles, with some abridgments and variations of text. The rest of the book is a transcript of portions of Ezra and Nehemiah, with the apparent intention of narrating the legend about Zerubbabel, and of explaining the great obscurities of the Book of Ezra; but it is impossible to reconcile the various parts either with Holy Scripture or with one another, and therefore the latter portion of the book is thought by many not to be the work of a single author. Only Greek and Latin versions of the book are known to exist:

The Second Book. The more ancient title was the "Revelation of Ezra," but it is more commonly known as the "Fourth Book of Ezra." The original text seems to have been in Greek, from which Arabic, Ethiopic, and Latin translations have been made; and the English version has been entirely taken from the Latin. This text contains certain interpolations (chaps. i, ii; xv, xvi), which seem to be of Christian origin, and omits a long passage after chap. vii. 35, on the "intermediate state" and "intercession of departed souls," probably rejected on dogmatic grounds. From internal evidence it would seem to have been written in

Egypt, by a Jew, between B.C. 100 and A.D. 100. It consists of angelic revelations and a series of visions, teaching some of the mysteries of the moral world, and the final triumph of the righteous.

Revelation I. On the unsearchableness of God's purposes, and the signs of the last age.

- II. On the progress of the plan of Providence, and the growth of evil.
- III. Answers objections to the narrow limits prescribed for the hope of regeneration; and foretells the second advent of the Messiah.
- Vision I. A woman (Sion) lamenting the death of her only son (i.e. the city of Solomon) on his bridal day; but her sorrow is turned into joy at the appearance of a newly-built city.
- II. An eagle (Rome), rising from the sea, spreads its wings over the earth, undergoes various transformations, is rebuked by a lion (Messiah), and is burnt up.
- III. A Man (Messiah), flying on the clouds, destroys by the blast of His mouth the opposing powers of the world, gathers the lost tribes of Israel, and gives them the city of Sion.

The last chapter records the appearance of the Lord in a burning bush, who gives to Ezra the books of the Law which had been burnt; and Ezra dictates to the scribes the twenty-four Canonical books, and seventy books of secret mysteries.

THE BOOK OF ESTHER consists of certain interpolated passages found in the Septuagint Version of Esther, which are not in the original Hebrew copy. They fill up the narrative, and supply the Name of God as the Prime Mover in the events, which Name nowhere occurs in the original. These interpolated passages are supposed to have been inserted at a later date by the Alexandrine Jews. Jerome removed them from the text, and placed them, with some explanations, among the uncanonical books; but his notes have been swept away, and these disconnected fragments printed consecutively, as if they formed a complete continuation of the Canonical book.

THE BOOK OF WISDOM. The original seems to be in Greek, and is contained in the chief biblical MSS.; but there is an ancient Latin version older than the time of Jerome, and translations in Armenian, Syriac, and Arabic (of which the last two are paraphrastic).

It consists of two main parts: I. (Chaps. i—ix): The praise of wisdom in its moral and intellectual aspects: 1st, as the source of immortality in contradiction to the theory of sensualists; 2nd, as the practical guide of moral and intellectual life. II. (Chaps. x—xix): The doctrine of wisdom in its historical aspect: 1. An illustration

of the influence of wisdom in the reward of the virtuous and the punishment of the vicious, both in the case of individuals (from Adam to Moses), and of nations (e.g. the Egyptians and Canaanites); followed by (chaps. xv—xix) a contrast between the fortunes of idolatrous and religious people. The harmony pervading the whole book contradicts the opinion that it is a compilation from several authors who wrote at different times, though some have attributed the former part to Solomon, and the latter to a subsequent translator of his work. It possesses the highest literary excellence, and is comparable for sublimity of thought, rhetorical power, and command of language with some of the finest productions of classical antiquity.

Its diction, as well as its doctrine, points to a Greek original, unfettered by Hebrew idioms. The doctrine of the creation of the world from uncreated matter, the pre-existence of souls, the pervading influence of the Divine Spirit throughout the universe, the absence of the Christian doctrine of the resurrection of the body, and of any reference to the regeneration of humanity by the Messiah, while immortality is vividly depicted as the reward and consequence of wisdom, all point to Alexandria as the place of its composition, and to a period anterior to Christianity, in which Hebrew thought and Greek philosophy of various schools had be-

come fused together.

Its date is variously conjectured, from B.C. 150—B.C. 50; but its style and diction seem to point to an earlier date than that of Philo, to whom it has been ascribed. Passages in Paul's writings suggest his acquaintance with this book, but no quotation from it is found earlier than the second century A.D., when it seems to be treated as inspired Scripture. With Proverbs and Ecclesiastes it forms a sacred trilogy, in which the doctrine of Wisdom is developed, as an eternal existence with the Creator, acting on created matter, as the source of life, and continuing in the land of spirits; thus laying the foundation for the Christian doctrine of the existence and influence of the Divine Word and Holy Spirit. All the questions connected with this book are fully examined by the Rev. W. J. Deane, in his edition recently published (Clarendon Press, 1881).

ECCLESIASTICUS is so called in the Vulgate and A.V. from its local name in the African Church, gained from its practical use as a Church Lectionary or "Reading Book." Its more general name is that of "The Wisdom" or "The Proverbs of Jesus the Son of Sirach." Both internal evidence and the testimony of Jerome sufficiently attest the existence of a Hebrew original (now lost), which was subsequently

translated, with some additions, by the grandson of the author, resident in Alexandria, in the reign of Euergetes (see the *Prologues*). The date of this translation is rendered uncertain from there being two monarchs bearing that title, viz. Ptolemy-III and Ptolemy VII; and this uncertainty is not corrected by the mention among Hebrew worthies of "Simon, the son of Onias" (chap. l. 1), since this appellation would apply equally to Simon I and Simon II.

The book was not placed by the Hebrews among the Canonical Scriptures, nor is it so classed by Jerome; but it is quoted as such, and even attributed to Solomon, by many Christian writers after the second century. The text followed in the LXX, Vulgate, and A.V. is based on the translation above mentioned, but the order of its various portions is not uniform. It consists of a number of proverbs and wise sayings of ancient Hebrews, collected together by the compiler, who has appended to them additions of his own.

Its whole tone is Palestinian, without any trace of Greek philosophy. God is the Creator, Preserver, and Governor of the universe; the hope of restoration rests upon the future advent of Elias, and that of a resurrection seems fading away; religion has degenerated into minute external ritual observances; righteousness is imprisoned in innumerable legal enactments; and there is a tone of despondency underlying the exhortations to cheerfulness and resignation, which seems to point to a period between the termination of the "Great Synagogue" and the rise of the Maccabees.

THE BOOK OF BARUCH. This book, which bears the name of the companion of Jeremiah, was not regarded by the Jews as Canonical. No reference is made to it in the New Testament, or by the Apostolic Fathers; but subsequent Christian writers refer to it as the work of Jeremiah. No Hebrew version of it is known, and all others seem to be derived from a Greek original. It consists of two parts, the style and diction of the first portion being Hebraistic, and of the second Hellenistic, which suggests that the former had a Hebrew original, and was probably written during the Persian period, while the latter was written in Greek, at Alexandria, about the time of the War of Liberation.

From the unity of the book, as it now stands, the writer of the second portion would seem at the same time to have translated the former; but the Epistle of Jeremiah (chap. vi) is considered to be the work of a later writer, not earlier than the first century B.C.

It is the only book in the Apocrypha formed on the model of the ancient prophets.

The first part (chaps. i-iii. 8) consists of an introduction, followed by a confession and prayer. The second part (chap. iii. 9 to the end) contains a rebuke of Israel for their sins, with a lamentation of Jerusalem over her children, followed (by an abrupt transition) by a triumphant apostrophe to Jerusalem, foretelling the return of her children and their abiding glory.

APOCRYPHAL ADDITIONS TO DANIEL. These three fragments are not found in the original text of the Book of Daniel, but have their origin in the LXX. version, and seem to embody certain popular traditions embellishing historical facts.

- 1. The Song of the Three Children supplements the narrative in Daniel iii, and gives a supposed prayer of Azarias for deliverance from the fiery furnace, an account of the means by which the Three Children were saved, followed by a hymn of thanksgiving, sung by them in the fire, and which has been used in Christian worship, under the name of the "Benedicite," ever since the fourth century A.D. The prayer and also the hymn seem to have been similarly used in the Jewish Church after the Captivity.
- 2. The History of Susanna does not claim to form part of the Book of Daniel, but only to be an appendix to it. It is doubtless founded on an historical fact of Daniel's early career in Babylon, which has been embodied in a narrative for moral purposes, and seems to have an echo in an incident in our Saviour's life. By Christian writers it is made to bear an allegorical form, Susanna representing the Church, tempted to infidelity by Jewish and Pagan adversaries, and crying to God for help.
- 3. Bel and the Dragon, called in the LXX. "Part of the Prophecy of Habakkuk," forms a preface to the plot against Daniel to cast him into the den of lions, and supplies the motive, which seems wanting in the original narrative. With this, however, it incidentally coincides in one important feature, viz. a threatened revolt of the princes against Darius unless he ratifies their decree, which is likewise alluded to in the Book of Daniel, and appears in striking contrast to the autocratic power of that king's predecessors.

THE PRAYER OF MANASSES. The original prayer of the penitent king of Judah existed when the Book of Chronicles was written (2 Chron. xxxiii. 18), but has been long lost. This version is found in some copies of the LXX., and in the "Apostolic Constitutions," with a legend of his miraculous deliverance from captivity. Its date and authorship are both uncertain; but it is thought, from internal

evidence, to have been written by a Jew, well acquainted with the LXX. only; and the doctrine of repentance, therein displayed, suggests a date approximating to the Christian era.

TOBIT. The standard text is that of the LXX, from which all other known versions are derived; but the style and subject of the narrative would suggest a Hebrew or Chaldee original. It has the appearance of an Oriental story, employed as a medium of moral and religious instruction, rather than of an embellished historical event; but its general agreement with fact seems not to have been doubted until modern times, although no corroboration of any portion of the narrative is to be found in any historical work. The influence of good and evil spirits on human affairs, here portrayed, belongs to the belief of a period later than the Babylonish Captivity.

From internal evidence the writer seems certainly to have been a Jew, resident in the East (probably at Babylon), while the kingdom of Media was still standing, and the complete restoration of Jerusalem not yet effected. The date, therefore, must be fixed between Nehemiah and Alexander the Great, most probably about B. C. 350.

The book has been more highly esteemed by Christians than by Jews. It presents a most vivid and pleasing picture of domestic life, and the influence of religion upon it, among the captive Jews, and in this respect it bears a strong affinity to the historical part of the Book of Job.

JUDITH. Of existing texts, both a Greek and a Latin version seem to have equal claims to be regarded as genuine, since neither is a translation of the other, but they differ materially in words and expressions, and especially in names and numbers. Jerome mentions a Chaldee version, with which he had compared the others; and there would seem to have been some earlier original, most probably in Syro-Chaldaic. The geographical and historical references in the book are so irreconcileable with known facts that there is little doubt that the book is an historical fiction, intended to revive a spirit of heroism in the Jews of Palestine, when it had been completely crushed out by a long period of oppression. It would seem as if the invasion of Judæa by Antiochus Epiphanes (B.C. 168), and the atrocities committed by Athenæus at Jerusalem, with the heroic resistance offered by the unknown mother and her seven sons, who all suffered martyrdom (2 Macc. vii. 27, &c.), suggested this story, to stimulate others to follow their example, and that to it is due the patriotism which resulted in their deliverance under the Maccabees. It is probable that the leading characters were taken from historical

personages of the period, disguised under fictitious names, though some have regarded them as purely allegorical.

MACCABEES. There are four books bearing this title, but only the first and second have been regarded as worthy of a place among the sacred writings, because they supply the Hebrew history of the second century B.C., written after the model of the Books of Chronicles, though not under Divine inspiration. The origin of the name is doubtful, some attributing it to the initial letters of the war-cry (see below, p. 78), others to the final letters of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and others again deriving it from Makkâbâh, "a hammer."

First Book of Maccabees. Both ancient testimony and internal evidence point to a Hebrew original, written in Palestine, most probably between B.C. 120 and 100; but the English version is taken from a Greek translation, made at Alexandria (by some unknown hand), and annexed to the LXX. It consists of an introduction, containing a brief sketch of Alexander's conquest, followed by the invasion and oppression of Antiochus Epiphanes, culminating in his attempt to extirpate Hebrew nationality and worship. The main body of the work narrates the struggle for independence. beginning with Mattathias, and ending with Simon. It comprises a period of 33 years (B.C. 168-135). After an enumeration of the Maccabæan family, it relates the exploits of Mattathias and his five sons, by whom the struggle is carried on to a successful issue. The history divides itself into three distinct epochs, each stamped with the individuality of its leader—first, Judas; second, Jonathan: third, Simon-each of whom fell a victim to his patriotism.

The Second Book of Maccabees seems to be a compilation, made from some extant materials furnished to the compiler at Alexandria. The main portion of the book is derived from a previous work, called the "Five Books of Jason, of Cyrene" (probably the son of Eleazar). From internal evidence these books appear to have been written in Greek, between B.C. 125 and A.D. 70. The source from which the first two chapters are taken is very doubtful; and, from the extravagance of the legends contained in them, they are not believed to be authentic, but to be the work of the unknown compiler, who is supposed to have written his book at Alexandria about the end of the second century B.C.

It is the main source from which the history anterior to the Maccabees is derived, comprising a period of 25 years from B.C. 185 (?)— 161, so that a portion of the narrative is chronologically anterior to I Maccabees, another is contemporaneous with it, and a third is supplementary. It may be thus divided: I. The two introductory chapters, addressed by the Council at Jerusalem to the Jews at Alexandria. 2. The history of Heliodorus (chap. iii). 3. The beginning and course of the great persecution (chaps. iv—vii). 4. The fortunes of Judas to the restoration of the Temple service (chaps. viii—x. 9). 5. Reign of Antiochus Eupator (chaps. x. 10—xiii). 6. From the treachery of Alcimus to the final triumph of Judas (chaps. xiv and xv).

The main feature of the book is its high religious tone. In it are depicted the Divine influence over human events, retributive justice, the connexion between the visible and spiritual world, and the doctrine of a future resurrection. Holding these opinions, the compiler seems to have used historical events in support of them rather than to have adhered to strict accuracy of detail; hence there are many discrepancies between this book and I Maccabees

which are otherwise inexplicable.

VII. CHRONOLOGY OF THE OLD TESTAMENT, ACCORDING TO USHER.

1. HISTORICAL SUMMARY FROM ADAM TO CHRIST.

At the Fall of man the promise of a restorer of the race was given, and was afterwards at intervals renewed; but it was open to the whole of mankind, "the seed of the woman," until the time of Abraham, when it was restricted to his family; "in thy seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed." Abraham, called by God to leave his native place Ur (at that time the capital of Chaldaea), retires to Haran, with his father and the rest of his family. On his father's death, five years later, he is again bidden to travel to the south-west, passes through Damascus, and reaches Shechem (in the centre of the land, in the pass between Ebal and Gerizim), where God meets him and makes a covenant with him. Pursuing his journey he stops at Beth-el, where God renews the covenant. He still goes southward till he reaches Egypt, whence he is bidden to return; and he retraces his steps to Beth-el, where Lot leaves him, after which God promises him the whole land. He then removes southward to Mamre, where Ishmael is born. circumcision instituted, Isaac promised by the angel, and the destruction of Sodom revealed. After that event Abraham removed to Beer-sheba, where he lived the last seventy-five years of his life. Here Isaac was born and spent all his days. Jacob, at seventy-seven

'years of age, fled to Padan-Aram, returning after twenty years; settled at Shechem, removed to Beer-sheba, and was driven by famine into Egypt, where his descendants remained 215 years. Moses, by God's command, led them to the wilderness of Sinai, where they received from God a code of laws-social, political, and religious-and a complete constitution, with civil and ecclesiastical officers. After forty years' wandering in the wilderness, they entered Canaan, conquering on their way the aboriginal inhabitants east of Jordan, but sparing those akin to them. The extermination of the Canaanites in Palestine was miraculous, but incomplete because of the lethargy of the invaders. The succeeding 400 years of occupation was a period of listless anarchy, both priests and people being faithless to the theocracy, content with the indolent enjoyment of an exuberant land, of which the surviving remnants of the Canaanites (Philistines) and the kindred tribes of Hebrews. (Amalekites, Edomites, Moabites, Midianites) tried to dispossess them. This warfare continued, until David subjugated the latter and made the former peaceful subjects, and Israel obtained full inheritance of the promise from the River of Egypt to the Euphrates. a sovereignty which lasted till the end of Solomon's reign.

A civil rupture rent the kingdom in twain. Ten tribes revolting sought to consolidate a separate sovereignty by establishing a rival worship, of which the two great shrines were at Dan and Beth-el. This rapidly declined into Baalism, which attained its zenith under Ahab, and was punished first by incursions of the Syrians, and afterwards by the invasion of the Assyrians, who carried the people captive, and colonised the country with a mixed idolatrous race, who mingled their native worship with that of Israel. From these sprang the "Samaritans," who intermarried with some of the Jews, borrowed their rites, accepted the Pentateuch, and set up a false temple on Gerizim. The two tribes, 133 years later, were carried captive by the Babylonians; but after seventy years (B.C. 536), a portion of them returned, and rebuilt Jerusalem and the Temple, the government

being vested in a Persian Satrap resident at Damascus.

As the faith of Abraham had been rewarded by the inheritance of Canaan, the unfaithfulness of his descendants had forfeited it, and they were all sent back to that heathen land "between the rivers," from which their progenitor was divinely called; from which exile ten tribes never returned, but the remnant (principally of the tribe of Judah) came back, cured of idolatry, and looking hopefully for the restoration of their kingdom and the birth of the Promised Seed.

As the early undivided monarchy produced the devotional books of

Holy Scripture, the later monarchy brought forth the earlier, and the Captivity the later prophets, with warnings from the past, and encouragement for the future; but the glorious picture which they drew of the Messiah's kingdom raised a mistaken conception of a temporal sovereignty, which the oppression of successive tyrants (between the Captivity and the birth of Christ) was intended to correct. The fiery trial through which the people passed, and the new life which it evoked, are recorded in the Books of the Maccabees; while the moral decline of those who remained in exile, and their substitution of superstition for religion, are painfully exhibited in the Book of Esther, and those apocryphal narratives, which are valuable literary and historical documents, but have been rejected from the Canon of Holy Scripture.

2. Table of Dates from the Creation to the BIRTH OF CHRIST.

B.C. 4004 The Creation and Fall of Man. 2348 The Deluge. 2207 Babel; dispersion of Noah's descendants. (Dr. Angus, 2247.) [Job's supposed date.] 1008 Death of Noah. 1996 BIRTH OF ABRAHAM. 1921 Call of Abraham. 1010 Birth of Ishmael. 1806 Birth of Isaac. 1872 Sacrifice of Isaac. 1836 Birth of Esau and Jacob. 1728 Joseph sold into Egypt. 1706 Tacob and his sons go down into Egypt. 1680 Death of Jacob. 1571 Birth of Moses. 1531 Moses' flight into Midian. 1401 Moses at the burning bush. The

Exodus. 1451 Entrance into Canaan. 1444 Allotment of Canaan. 1338 Deborah and Barak. (Dr. Angus,

1316.) 1206 Ruth's marriage to Boaz. (Dr.

Angus, 1256.) 1201 Gideon's victory over Midian. (Dr. Angus, 1249.)

1188 Jephthah's vow. 1156 Birth of Samson.

B.C.

1155 Birth of Samuel. 1-116 Death of Samson and Eli.

1006 Saul anointed king.

1064 David anointed king(1 Sam.xvi); his victory over Goliath.

1060 David's flight from Saul.

1056 Saul's death. David made king of Judah.

1049 David made king of the whole twelve tribes; takes Jerusalem.

1025 Revolt of Absalom. 1016 Rebellion of Adonijah.

1016 Death of David. Accession of Solomon.

1004 Dedication of the Temple.

976 Death of Solomon. Revolt of Ten Tribes.

MONARCHICAL PERIOD. (See p. 67.)

536 Return of the Tews under Zerubbabel. Cyrus.

516 Dedication of the second temple. 458 Ezra goes to Jerusalem; collects

the Scriptures. 420 Completion of the wall of Jeru-

salem, under Nehemiah. (Dr. Angus, 445.) 397 The close of prophecy (Mal, iv).

332 Alexander the Great visits Teru-

FROM THE CREATION TO THE BIRTH OF CHRIST (continued).

B.C.
320 Ptolemy Lagi takes Jerusalem.
312 Selecues obtains Syria.
300 Simon the Just, High Priest.
285 LXX. version begun at Alexandria.
216 Ptolemy Philopator tries to enter the Holy of Holies.
203 Antiochus the Great obtains Palestine.
200 Sect of Sadducees founded.
170 Antiochus Epiphanes takes Jerusalem; profanes the temple.

165 Judas Maccabæus purifies the

temple.

141 Sovereignty and priesthood conferred on Simon and his heirs.
 135 The Pharisees.

135 The Phansees.
130 Temple on Gerizim destroyed.
65 Pompey reduces Syria to a Roman province.

54 Crassus plunders the temple.
37 Herod the Great takes Jerusalem.
25 Herod rebuilds Samaria.
22 Herod builds Cæsarea.

17 Herod begins to rebuild the temple.
6 Birth of John the Baptist.
5 Birth of JESUS CHRIST.

3. TABLE OF THE DIVIDED MONARCHY.

.c.	Judah.		ISRAEL.			
76 59	Rehoboam. Abijah.	•••		•••	•••	Jeroboam I.
56 55	Asa.					Nadab.
53					•••	Baasha.
31						Elah.
30						Zimri.
30						Omri.
17	Tabaahambaa			•••	•••	Ahab.
15 98	Jehoshapha				•••	Ahaziah.
97					• • • •	Jehoram.
89 85 83	Jehoram. Ahaziah. Athaliah (<i>Q</i> Toash.	ueen))	•••	•••	'Jehu.
55						Jehoahaz.
8	Amaziah.					Jehoash.
3				•••	•••	Jeroboam II.
8	Uzziah.					
71						Zachariah.
70						Shallum (1 month).
70					•••	Menahem.
51		***			•••	Pekahiah.
59						Pekah.
56.	Jotham.	,		-		
12	Ahaz.					
30 1	·· ,					Hoshea.

THE DIVIDED MONARCHY (continued).

Judah.	ISRAEL.
Hezekiah. Manasseh.	Captivity of the Ten Tribes.
Amon.	
Josiah.	
Jehoahaz (3 months).	
Jehoiakim.	
Captivity of Two Tribes.	
Jehoiachin (3 months), tribu- tary prince.	
Zedekiah, tributary prince.	
Destruction of the Temple. Complete Captivity.	

VIII. GENEALOGY FROM ADAM TO JACOB.

B.C. 400	о4 то 1836.	JACO	B'S SONS.
 Adam. Seth. Enos. Cainan. Mahalaleel. Jared. Enoch. Methuselah. Lamech. Noah. Shem. 	12. Arphaxad. 13. Salah. 14. Eber. 15. Peleg. 16. Ren. 17. Serug. 18. Nahor. 19. Terah. 20. Abram. 21. Isaac. 22. Jacob.	1. Reuben, 2. Simeon, 3. Levi, 4. Judah, 5. Issachar, 6. Zebulun, 7. Dan, 8. Naphtali, 9. Gad, 10. Asher, 11. Joseph, 12. Benjamin,	Sons of Leah. Sons of Bilhah. Sons of Zilpah. Sons of Rachel.

IX. ITINERARY OF THE JOURNEYINGS OF THE ISRAELITES TO THEIR SETTLEMENT IN CANAAN.

Rameses (from), near Port Said, to ¹Succoth (?). Southward.

To the borders of the Wilderness of Egypt. Southward.

Pi-hahiroth (to), between Migdol (Suez) and the (Red) Sea. Eastward.

Through the Red Sea to the "Wells of Moses."

¹ Succoth (Booths) was probably not a place, but only an encampment, so called from the temporary booths, hastily made from the boughs of trees, to shelter the fugitives during their Sabbath rest, for they would not be provided with tents,

Etham (Wilderness of).

Shur (Wilderness of). Three days without water.

Marah. Bitter water sweetened. Southward.

Elim. Twelve wells, seventy palm-trees. Southward.

Sin (Wilderness of). Quails and manna sent. Eastward.

Rephidim. Water from the rock of Horeb. Eastward.

Battle of Rephidim.

Massah and Meribah.

Altar of Jehovah-nissi.

Sinai, in the third month. Northward.

Sinai (from), through the Wilderness of PARAN or ZIN.

STATIONS.

Taberah ("burning"). Murmurings at fatigue; punishment by fire; three days' journey.

·Kibroth-hattaavah ("graves of lust"). Murmurings for flesh; flock of quails, and plague.

Council of seventy elders.

Hazeroth. Sedition of Aaron and Miriam, and leprosy of the latter.

Kadesh-barnea. Twelve spies sent to Canaan.

Ten spies destroyed; forty years wandering declared; defeat of the Israelites.

Rebellion of Korah, Dathan, and Abiram.

Rebellion of the congregation (14,700 die of plague).

Forty Years' Wanderings in the Wilderness of Zin.

Kadesh-barnea (return to). Water from rock at Meribah; the sin of Moses and Aaron.

Death of Miriam.

Refusal of passage through Edom.

Mount Hor (in Moab). Death of Aaron.

Hormah ("utter destruction"). Defeat of Canaanites.

Edom (circuit of borders of). Crossing Zared (R.), through Moabites' territory, to Arnon (R.).
Plague of fiery serpents.

Free passage refused by Sihon; his defeat.

Edrei. Similar refusal by Og, king of Bashan; his defeat.

These two victories gave to Israel possession of the whole country E. of Jordan, from the River Amon (which falls into the Dead Sea) to Mount Hermon.

Shittim. Alliance of Moabites, Ammonites, and Midianites, under Balak, against Israel. Balaam's fruitless attempt to curse Israel. Fornication of Israel, and defection to worship of Baal. 24,000 slain by a plague. Zeal of Phinehas. Defeat of Midian; Balaam slain.

Moab (plains of). Review of Israelite army, 625,030 males above twenty years old (B.C. 1451). Book of the Wars of the Lord.

Repetition and confirmation of the Law by Moses, to the new generation of Israel. Moses' view of Canaan from Pisgah. His death.

Jordan (crossing the).

Gilgal (encampment at). Circumcision.

Jericho (fall of). March on Ai.

Ai (its capture). Achan's sin.

Shechem. The whole congregation (half on Mount Ebal, half on Mount Gerizim) swear to the Covenant, in presence of the ark. The Law written on twelve stones on Ebal; the cursings read from the same mountain, and the blessings from Gerizim.

Gilgal (return to). Treaty with Gibeonites.

Gibeon (march to relief of).

Beth-horon. Defeat of Adoni-zedek and four other kings.
Conquest of Southern Canaan.

Merom. Defeat of Northern Canaanite confederacy.

Shiloh. Settlement of the twelve tribes in their possessions,

X. MIRACLES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT.

Miracles.	References.	
In Egypt. Aaron's rod turned into a serpent The ten plagues:— I. Water made blood 2. Frogs	Exod. vii. 10-12.	
In the Wilderness. The curing of the waters of Marah Feeding with manna Water from the rock, at Rephidim Death of Nadab and Abihu Burning of the congregation at Taberah	xv. 23-25. xvi. 14-35. xvii. 5-7. Lev. x. 1, 2. Numb. xi. 1-3.	

Miracles.	References.
Death of Korah, Dathan, and Abiram, &c Budding of Aaron's rod, at Kadesh Water from the rock, at Meribah The brazen serpent Stoppage of the Jordan stream	Numb. xvi. 31-35. — xvii. 8. — xx. 7-11. — xxi. 8, 9. Josb. iii. 14-17.
In Canaan.—Under Joshua. Fall of Jericho	vi. 6-25. x. 12-14.
Under the Kings. Death of Uzzah Withering of Jeroboam's hand, and destruction of the altar at Beth-el	2 Sam. vi. 7. 1 Kings xiii. 4-6.
By Elijah. The staying of the cruse of oil and meal at Zarephath The raising of the widow's son at Zarephath The burning of the sacrifice on Mount Carmel Burning of the captains and their companies Dividing of Jordan	xvii. 14-16. 17-24. xviii. 30-38. 2 Kings i. 10-12. ii. 7, 8. ii. 14. 21, 22. 24. iii. 16-20. iv. 2-7. 32-37. 38-41. 42-44. v. 10-14, 27. xi. 5-7. 18-20. xiii. 21.
Recorded by Isaiah. Destruction of Sennacherib's army Return of sun by the dial of Ahaz	— xix. 35. — xx. 9-11.
During Captivity. Deliverance of the Three Children from the fiery furnace	Dan. iii. 19-27.
Miscellaneous. Smiting of Philistines, and fall of Dagon Smiting of Uzziah with leprosy Deliverance of Jonah from the great fish	1 Sam. v. 3-12. 2 Chron. xxvi. 16-21. Jonah ii. 1-10.

XI. PARABLES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT.

Parables.	By whom spoken.	References.	
The ewe lamb	Nathan to David ,	2 Sam. xii. 1-4.	
The two brethren, and avengers of blood	Widow of Tekoah	xiv. 1-11.	
Escaped captive	Man of the sons of the prophets to Ahab	1 Kings xx. 35-40.	
Vineyard and grapes	Isaiah to Judah and Jeru- salem	Isaiah v. 1–7.	
Eagles and vine Lions' whelps	Ezekiel to Israel	Ezek. xvii. 3-10.	
The boiling pot	27 27	xxiv. 3-5.	
Parabolic Fables.			
Trees choosing a king Micaiah's vision Thistle and cedar	Jotham to Shechemites Jehoash to Amaziah	Judg. ix. 7-15. 1 Kings xxii. 19-23. 2 Kings xiv. 9.	

XII. SPECIAL PRAYERS IN THE OLD TESTAMENT.

Of whom recorded.	References.	Subjects.	
Aaron and priests	Nnm. 6. 22-26	The Aaronic blessing of Israel.	
Abraham	Gen. 15. 2	For a son.	
Abraham	17. 17, 18	For Ishmael's acceptance.	
Abraham	18. 23	For mercy on Sodom.	
Abraham's servant	— 24. I2	Success in his mission, when sent to find a wife for Isaac.	
Agur	Prov. 30. 1	For moderation in his desires.	
Asa	2 Chr. 14. 11	When going to battle with Zerah the Ethiopian.	
Daniel	Dan. 9. 4	For restoration of Jerusalem.	
David	2 Sam. 7. 18	Prayer for blessing on his house.	
David	Ps. 51	After his sin with Bath-sheba.	
David	2 Sam. 24. 17	After numbering the people.	
David	1 Chron. 29. 10-19	Thanksgiving at close of life.	
Elijah	1 Kings 17. 20	For the restoration of the widow's son.	
Elijah	— 18. 36 ···	For Divine attestation of his mission.	
Elijah	— 19.4	For death.	
Elisha	2 Kings 6. 17	For his servant's eyes to be opened.	
Elisha	— 6. 18	That the army sent to take him may be blinded.	

Of whom recorded.	References.	Subjects.
Ezekiel Ezra	Ezek. 9. 8 Ezra 9. 6	Intercession for his people. Confession of sin in the people's
Habakkuk Hannah	Hah. 3. 1–16 1 Sam. 1. 11	alliances with the heathen. For revival of God's work. For the gift of a son.
Hezekiah	2 Kings 19. 15; Is. 37. 16.	For protection against Sen- nacherib.
Hezekiah Hezekiah	- 20.3; Is. 38.3. 2 Chr. 30. 18	When dangerously ill. For the unprepared who had eaten of the Passover.
Israel	Deut. 21. 6-8	Expiation of undiscovered murder.
Israel	— 26. 5-IO	Confession on presenting first- fruits.
Israel Jahez	- 26. 13-15 I Chr. 4. 10	The prayer of the tithing year. For the Divine blessing.
Jacob Jehoshaphat	Gen. 32. 9 2 Chr. 20. 6	For deliverance from Esau. For protection against armies of Moabites and Ammonites.
Jeremiah Jeremiah	Jer. 14. 7 15. 15-18	In a great famine. For comfort.
Jonah	Jonah 2. 2	For deliverance from the great fish.
Joshua Levites	Josh. 7. 7-9 Neh. 9. 5	After Achan's sin. Confession of God's goodness, and their nation's sins.
Manoah	Judg. 13. 8, 9	For Divine guidance in training his child.
Moses	Ex. 32. 11; Dent. 9. 26.	Forgiveness for the people's idolatry.
Moses	33. 12 Num. 10. 35, 36	For the Divine presence. At the setting forth and stop-
Moses	— 11.11-15	ping of the ark. For Divine help to govern the Israelites.
Moses	12. 13	For Miriam, for cure from leprosy.
Moses	<u></u> 14. 13-19	For the people disappointed at the spies' report.
Moses Moses	— 27. 15 Deut. 3. 24	For a successor. To enter Canaan.
		For the remnant in captivity.
Nehemiah Nehemiah	Neh. I. 5	For protection against San- hallat and Tobiah.
Samson Solomon	Judges 16. 28 1 Kings 3. 5-9	To be avenged on his enemies. For wisdom to govern Israel.
0.1	1 Kings 8. 23; 2 Chr.	Dedication of the Temple.
Solomon	6. 14.	Dedication of the remple:

XIII. BRIEF HISTORICAL SUMMARY OF

THE INTERVAL BETWEEN

THE OLD AND NEW TESTAMENTS.

TAKEN CHIEFLY FROM

JOSEPHUS AND THE BOOKS OF MACCABEES.

EZRA and Nehemiah left a settled form of government in Palestine. the centre of which was Jerusalem. Here was established a council of elders and priests, who formed an ecclesiastical court, interpreting the Law, and enforcing its observance. These were called the "Great Synagogue." They were to the new settlement after the Captivity what the "elders that overlived Joshua" (Josh. xxiv. 31)

were to the Israelites who came out of Egypt.

It was the Jewish theory that the Law was given in a twofold form, viz. the written and the oral; the former consisting of brief official enactments, the latter entering into more copious details. With the former code, immutably formalised by God, they said the latter was orally taught to Moses on Mount Sinai by the same Divine Author as the authoritative interpretation thereof, with the command to commit the one to writing, but to transmit the other only by word of mouth. This oral law was repeated by Moses to Joshua, who handed it on to the elders who succeeded him, and they to the prophets, who, in their turn, passed it from one to another till it reached Jeremiah, who, through the medium of Baruch, conveyed it to Ezra, and he to the Great Synagogue, which Nehemiah also supplied with a library of all the sacred books he could collect (2 Macc. ii. 13). This body of elders lasted about 150 years, when it expired in its last survivor, the High Priest Simon the Just, B.C. 291. They are said to have numbered 120. To them the Jews owe the 613 Precepts; and this oral tradition may be considered the groundwork of the Talmud. It is to this "Great Synagogue" and its oral tradition that our Lord refers in the Sermon on the Mount, in the words, "it was said by them of old time" (Matt. v. 27), and elsewhere in His allusions to "the traditions of the elders,"

Ezra and Nehemiah also set up synagogues in country towns, as places of worship on the sabbath, and as schools of instruction and theological discussion during the week. Attached to each was a body of "Rulers," who were both civil magistrates and ecclesiastical presbyters. Palestine was subject to Persia at this time, and formed part of a proyince under the Satrap of Syria, but these elders were allowed to administer the government with the high priest as their responsible head.

According to Jewish tradition, related by Josephus (Antig. xi. 8. I. ff.), and repeated in the Talmud, in later Jewish writers, and in the Chronicles of Abulfeda, and supported in some of its main features by historical facts (such as the freedom of Palestine from tribute during the Sabbatical years, &c.), Alexander the Great visited Jerusalem (B.C. 331) to punish the Jews for their refusal to transfer their allegiance to him, when summoned to do so during his siege of Tyre. After the reduction of Tyre and Gaza he is said to have approached Jerusalem with hostile intent; but Jaddua the high priest, in conformity with a dream, awaited his approach, clad in his priestly robes of hyacinth and gold, and accompanied by a train of priests and citizens arraved in white. Alexander, moved by the novel spectacle, did reverence to the high priest and kissed the sacred inscription on his mitre, alleging that he had seen in a dream that same venerable form, who had promised him success in his Eastern campaign. To this incident are said to be due the peculiar privileges accorded by Alexander to the Jews in Palestine, Babylonia, and Media, which they continued to enjoy under his successors, and which were afterwards confirmed and enlarged by the Romans. After subduing Egypt, and building Alexandria, he invited a number of Jews to settle there, granting them many privileges and immunities.

Alexander's conquests broke down the barriers separating one kingdom from another, and especially those between the Asiatic and European states. Men learned to understand each other's thoughts, while Greek literature and intelligence spread over the East, and the Greek language became almost universal. After the battle of Ipsus (B.C. 301) Palestine was a kind of neutral territory between the rival empires of Syria and Egypt; and while from time to time the prey of each, its strategic importance enabled it to make favourable terms with whichever empire it acknowledged to be supreme. Internally it was able to resist the revolution which Greek supremacy effected. Ezra's Constitution was fully developed, a powerful hierarchy had substituted the idea of a Church for that of a nation, and the Jew mixed with other peoples and lived in other lands without losing any of his allegiance to his own Deity or to his peculiar customs. As a whole, the Jewish nation realised their mission as the teachers of religion to the world, and were ready to

fulfil it. The opportunity and power to do so were furnished by Alexander's conquests. While they learnt independence from the example of Greece, and soon became divided into sects (analogous to the typical forms of Greek philosophy), this freedom of thought was modified, in their case, by the contemplative temper of the Henceforward Alexandria exercised a greater influence on Judaism, in its relation to other nations, than did Jerusalem, since that city was the point of contact between Eastern and Western thought. Ptolemy Soter's invasion of Judæa (B.C. 320) led to a further settlement of Jews at Alexandria (partly as captives, partly as colonists). Under his successor, Ptolemy Philadelphus (B. C. 285), learning was fostered, and an alliance was attempted between Jewish revelation and Greek philosophy, each reacting on the other. The most important result of this was the translation of the Hebrew Scriptures into Greek (the LXX.), which became known all over the world, and thus prepared the way for the universal spread of Christianity. So Egypt disciplined and educated anew these appointed teachers of religion. It first impressed upon a nation the firm unity of a family, and then, in due time, re-connected a mature people with the world from which it had been called out.

The same patronage was extended to the Jews, throughout his reign, by Ptolemy Euergetes, who conformed to the Mosaic rites by sacrificing at Jerusalem, and conferred privileges on the high priest

which rendered him an almost independent tributary prince.

Thus there were two great centres of Judaism existing contemporaneously, and each exercising a distinctive influence, viz. (1) the gradually-decaying Jerusalem, the home of the Pharisee, and the capital of the Hebrew proper, whose ritual was that of Moses, and whose sacred and only literature was the Hebrew Scriptures and commentaries thereon; and (2) Alexandria, the capital of the Hellenist. or Greek-speaking Jew, who mingled Greek culture and independence with Jewish autonomy and Oriental contemplation and allegory. The latter infused a new spirit into Judaism, which became divided into two great parties, known, in Gospel times, as "Pharisees" and "Sadducees"; the former representing the extreme phase of Hebraism, and the latter the corresponding ultra-development of Hellenism.

A third element was introduced by the followers of Antiochus Epiphanes, who brought in a mixture of Greek and Roman paganism. and sought to break down the pure morality of Hebraism by the introduction of heathen licence. His father, Antiochus the Great, had alternately won and lost the Syrian provinces, in a succession of conflicts (from B.C. 223 to 198) with the Ptolemies.

eventually successful, in combination with Philip III of Macedon. He was hailed by the Jews as their deliverer from subjection to Egypt, and confirmed the privileges they had previously enjoyed under Alexander and his successors.

Under Antiochus Epiphanes (B.C. 173), the Hellenising party were in the majority at Jerusalem, and the high priesthood was obtained by purchase from Antiochus, who made use of his money and a victorious army to buy over the unscrupulous and to massacre the faithful, until he established heathenism in the Holy City, proscribed the use of the Mosaic ritual, and promulgated those infamous "Decrees" which led to the revival of the ancient patriotism under the Maccabees. He erected the statue of Jupiter on the altar of burnt-offering, committed all books of Scripture to the flames, and prohibited the worship of God.

During these struggles, the high priests played a conspicuous but not a very honourable part, being too often the creatures of whatever civil power chanced, for the time, to be in the ascendant.

Succession of High Priests. Those of the first century were of no political importance. Their names are Eliashib, Joiada, Jonathan or Johanan, and Jaddua (whose brother Manasseh married a Samaritan wife, for which he was banished from Jerusalem, whereupon he set up a spurious form of Jewish ritual in a temple built under his direction on Mount Gerizim; see John iv. 20). According to Josephus, it was this Jaddua who met Alexander the Great at Mizpeh. Onias I, son of Jaddua, succeeded his father about the time of the death of Alexander the Great. He was succeeded by Simon I (said by Josephus to have been named "the Just," though this title is applied by others to Simon II), who was the last teacher of the "Great Synagogue," and closes the list of the righteous in Ecclesiasticus (chap. l). was followed by his brothers Eleazar and Manasseh, in succession; after whom came Onias II, son of Simon I, (B.C. 240), whose avarice, and consequent refusal to pay the tribute, paved the way for the subsequent rupture with Egypt, which was temporarily averted by Joseph, who farmed the tribute from Ptolemy. Onias II was succeeded by his son, Simon II (supposed by some to be "Simon the Just"), who was followed by Onias III (B.C. 198), through whose prayers the intended spoliation of the Temple by Antiochus is said to have been averted. He was treacherously supplanted by his brother Jason (B.C. 175), who bought the office from Antiochus Epiphanes. But that monarch shortly after sold the office a second time to Menelaus (Onias IV), Jason's brother, by whom the rightful high priest

(Onias III) was murdered, for which crime Menelaus was executed by command of Antiochus. These internal dissensions were the cause of a secession of the most faithful lews, under the lawful high priest (Onias V, son of Onias III), to Alexandria, where he sought to give to the Hellenistic Jews a unity which was no longer possible in Judæa; and the Mosaic ritual and polity were, for a time, transferred to the colony near Heliopolis (called Onias, after its founder) and its temple. The precise site of this temple is supposed to be Tel-el-Yahood, or Tel-el-Yahoodeeyeh, twelve miles N.E. of Heliopolis, between Cairo and Zagazig.

In this period the prophecies of Daniel (viii, 20-25) were fulfilled. The one horn of the "he goat" was Alexander the Great, and the "four horns" which sprang up when it was broken were his four generals, among whom his kingdom was divided (Cassander, Lysimachus, Ptolemy, and Seleucus); and the "little horn" (vii. 8) was Antiochus Epiphanes, by whom the daily sacrifice was taken away for 2,300 days, and whose conquest of Egypt was stopped by ambassadors from Rome (the Fourth Empire) landing at Alexandria (xi. 31,

32) and requiring him to withdraw from that country.

The determination of Antiochus to stamp out Judaism produced a recoil. It culminated in the attempt of Antiochus to force the Jews publicly to eat the flesh of swine sacrificed on God's altar in honour of Jupiter. One aged scribe refused, and was followed by a mother and her seven sons, who all suffered martyrdom with the extremities of torture. In the city of Modin, Mattathias, a priest of the Asmonæan family, slew with his own hand a Jew, who was about to offer idolatrous sacrifice, and the royal officer who presided. Aided by his five sons, he rallied the faithful round him, threw down the heathen altar, fled to the mountains, and raised the standard of liberty, on which were inscribed M.K.B.I., the initials of their Hebrew war-cry, Mi-Kamoka Baelim, Jehovah, "Who is like unto thee. O Lord, among the gods?" (Exod. xv. 11), from which the insurgents got the name of Maccabees, whence the eldest son and successor of Mattathias is known in history as Judas Maccabæus. Under him they were victorious. Antiochus, stricken by God, died of a loathsome disease. The Maccabees recovered Jerusalem, purified the Temple, and restored its worship, holding for eight days (in December, B.C. 165) the first "Feast of Dedication," which continued to be annually observed in our Lord's time (John x. 22).

Maccabæan Period. The Maccabæan family continued to hold the main sway over the people, who retained their local customs. but were obliged to make terms with the Romans, under whose protection they enjoyed considerable freedom. Although the Israelites were scattered over many countries, Jerusalem was still their religious and political centre, in its Temple alone were sacrifices offered, and to it flowed in the poll-tax of half a shekel from Jews all over the world. The Roman Government acknowledged and confirmed their independent local administration, as a peculiar imperium in imperio, by the following decrees:—

(B.C. 47.) Julius Cæsar (for services in the Alexandrine war) gave to Hyrcanus and his heirs (I) all rights accorded to the high priest by law or courtesy; (2) the privilege of being *Patroni* of all Jews that were aggrieved: hence all Jews throughout the world had a direct appeal to Cæsar through the high priest, whose ambassadors had everywhere a free passage; (3) exemption from all tribute every seventh year, "because they neither sow nor reap;" (4) peculiar liberty to "meet and assemble together, and comport themselves according to

the custom of their fathers and their own laws."

(B.C. 44.) On the death of Cæsar and Hyrcanus, all the edicts of the former, whether recorded in the Treasury or not, were confirmed by the Senate, in the Consulate of Dolabella and Antony. Jews, wherever they lived, were exempt from taxation at certain times, and free from military service: were allowed to maintain their peculiar customs, and looked to their high priest in Jerusalem as their ecclesiastical and civil superior in all that related to religious or ceremonial observances. But, for maintenance of order and general political government, a Roman official (procurator), supported by a military organisation, presided over all Syria. This official at first was one allied to both interests, and to whom was delegated the nomination to the high priesthood, viz. Herod the Great (B.C. 37), an Idumæan by birth, but descended from a Philistine slave. With the aid of Roman troops he deposed the last Asmonæan prince. Antigonus. married his niece Mariamne (grand-daughter of Hyrcanus the high priest), and became a nominal sovereign, subject to Rome. A heathen at heart, a savage in character, a brute in passions, and a fawning slave to the Imperial Court, he made use of his position to betrav his country to the Romans by fostering immorality, cultivating alien customs, sapping religious faith, encouraging mutual distrust, corrupting the priesthood, and massacring the nobles. He rebuilt the Temple on the most gorgeous scale, intending it to be the proud monument of his dynasty: but it was really the whitened sepulchre that concealed the foul impurity of his family and the loathsome corruption into which he had plunged his people.

The loss of political liberty drove the Jewish spirit to an inward

self-exaltation and spiritual pride, with a senile fondness for dwelling on the glories of the past. The Jews turned to minute interpretation of and refinements on the Law, to exaggerated expectations of fulfilment of prophecy, and literal attention to trivial acts of worship. Pharisees, Scribes, and Lawyers were more in esteem than Priests and Levites, and the teaching was rhetorical and disputatious, rather than dogmatic and authoritative. Hence arose the two great rival schools of Gospel times, the Pharisees and Sadducees (see pp. 150, 151).

The literature of this period is confined to the Books of Apocrypha, the merit of which is unequal. Highest in rank are the two treatises "Wisdom" and "Ecclesiasticus," which possess high literary and moral excellence. Next are "Baruch," "The Song of the Three Children," "The Prayer of Manasses;" then the historical books; and last, the Babylonian stories, which show the decline of faith and increase of superstition among those Iews who remained in Babylon.

The Bew Testament.

XIV. GENUINENESS AND INTEGRITY OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

External Evidence. The existence and ITS GENUINENESS. authority of the several books in the New Testament are attested by quotations in a series of Christian writers which begins with the immediate successors of the Apostles. Clement of Rome, for example, refers expressly to I Corinthians as the work of Paul. Polvcarp, who had heard John, does not quote the sacred writers by name, but his Epistle contains many references to their writings. His pupil Irenæus quotes almost every book of the New Testament, and often names the writers. So do Tertullian and Clement of Alexandria in the next generation. Origen not only bears testimony by quotation, but speaks definitely on the subject of authorship. He mentions that the genuineness of 2 Peter and 2 and 3 John was not unquestioned; and, with regard to the Epistle to the Hebrews, he attributes the thoughts to Paul and the actual authorship to some unknown writer. Eusebius discusses in his Ecclesiastical History the question of the Canon. He affirms the four Gospels, the Acts of the Apostles, the fourteen Epistles of Paul, I John, and I Peter, to be universally esteemed genuine. He states that the Epistles of James and Jude, 2 Peter, and 2 and 3 John, were read publicly in most churches, but were not universally accepted. Of the Revelation he speaks with some uncertainty. We possess in the Latin Fragment, first published by Muratori in 1740, something like a full list of the New Testament Scriptures from a writer who describes himself as contemporary with Pius Bishop of Rome, c. A.D. 150. A similar list may be made out from the Syriac Version, which can hardly be later than the second century. In that Version, 2 Peter, 2 and 3 John, Jude, and the Revelation are wanting. In the fourth century complete lists are abundant, and they agree for the most part with our present Canon. The great Athanasius enumerates unhesitatingly all the Scriptures of the New Testament as we have them now: and so do the Latin Fathers Augustine and Jerome. Vestiges of the questions mentioned by Eusebius may be traced one or two centuries later in the East: in the West there is no trace of them after Jerome's time.

- Its Integrity. Early Copies!. There is no MS. of the New Testament, or of any part of it, extant which was written within the first three centuries. Of the MSS, which were written in the fourth century or later, some (as was the case with the four first named below) contained the whole of the New Testament and of the Greek Version of the Old; some contained the whole of the New Testament without the Old; the great majority contained portions only of the New Testament, such as the Gospels, the Pauline Epistles, the Catholic Epistles, and so on. The New Testament was translated into Latin and into Syriac as early as the second century, but of these Versions there are no copies extant which were written so early as the oldest of the Greek MSS. Of the Greek MSS, the most important are the following:—
- (I) Sinaitic, known to critics as & (Cent. iv), in the St. Petersburg Library; found by Tischendorf in the convent of St. Catherine on Mount Sinai in 1859. The New Testament is entire; and is followed by the Epistle of Barnabas, and part of the "Shepherd" of Hermas.
- (2) Alexandrine, known as A (Cent. v), in the *British Museum*; given by Cyril Lucar, Patriarch of Constantinople, to Charles 1 in 1628. Some parts of the New Testament are missing (Matt. i. 1—xxv. 6; John vi. 50—viii. 52; 2 Cor. iv. 13—xii. 6). At the end stands the First Epistle of Clement, and part of the Second.
- (3) Vatican, known as B (Cent. iv), in the *Vatican Library*. The First and Second Epistles to Timothy and the Epistles to Titus and Philemon are wanting: Heb. ix. 14 to the end, and Revelation, have been supplied by a modern hand (Cent. xv).
- (4) Ephrem's, known as C (Cent. v), a palimpsest, in the *Paris Library*. It contains fragments of the LXX, and of almost every book in the New Testament. The original writing was effaced in the twelfth century, and Greek translations from Ephrem Syrus' works were written over it.
- (5) Beza's, known as D (Cent. vi), in the Cambridge Library; found by Beza in the monastery of St. Irenæus at Lyons in 1562, and presented by him to the University of Cambridge. It is a Græco-Latin MS. of the Gospels and Acts, with a small fragment of 3 John.
- (6) Clermont, known as D₂ (Cent. vi), in the *Paris Library*; once in Beza's possession. It is a Græco-Latin MS. of Paul's Epistles.

¹ For further information on the subject of this section, see Hammond's 'Outlines of Textual Criticism applied to the New Testament' (ed. 4, Clarendon Press, 1884).

- (7) Laudian, known as E (Cent. vi), in the Bodleian Library. It is a Græco-Latin MS. of the Acts.
- (8) Parisian, known as L (Cent. viii), in the *Paris Library;* one of the most important of the later Uncial MSS. It contains the four Gospels (except Matt. iv. 22—v. 14; xxviii. 17-20; Mark x. 16-20; John xxi. 15-25). It agrees in a remarkable manner with the quotations found in Origen, and with the Vatican MS.

Approximate number of extant Greek MSS.:-

Uncial.—Gospels, 34; Acts and Catholic Epistles, 10; Paul's Epistles, 14; Revelation, 4.

Cursive.—Gospels, 629; Acts and Catholic Epistles, 232; Paul's Epistles, 283; Revelation, 105.

The New Testament is the Sacred Scripture of the Last Dispensation, in which a New Covenant is made between God and man, whereby all mankind are offered the privileges of (1) adoption as sons of God, (2) incorporation into Christ's Church, (3) inheritance in the kingdom of heaven. As no preference is given to any particular family or people, but these privileges are freely offered to all,—the offer, the incorporated society who accept it, the faith (or terms of membership), are all said to be Catholic, or universal, i. e. open to all, not necessarily accepted by all. This offer is called the Gospel, the Preacher of which is Christ; and He is also the Head of the Society, which is called the Church, or "Body of the Lord."

The BOOKS of the New Testament have, to some extent, their counterpart in the Old. Thus, the Four Gospels correspond with the Pentateuch, as they contain an account of the Origin and Law of the Covenant; the Acts of the Apostles with the Historical Books (especially Joshua and Judges); the twenty-one Epistles with the Prophets; and Revelation with the concluding portions of Daniel and Ezekiel.

XV. SUMMARY OF THE BOOKS OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

Divisions of the New Testament:-

- 1. Constitutional and Historical.
 - THE FOUR GOSPELS: two by Apostles, two by missionary Evangelists.
 - 2. THE ACTS OF THE APOSTLES, forming the link of connexion between the historical and didactic portions.

2. Didactic.

- 1. The PAULINE EPISTLES, viz. :
 - a. Doctrinal: addressed to Churches, viz. Romans, Corinthians, Galatians, Ephesians, Philippians, Colossians, Thessalonians, Hebrews.
 - b. Pastoral: addressed to Timothy and Titus.
 - c. Special: addressed to an individual (Philemon,
- 2. CATHOLIC EPISTLES, addressed to the Church at large:
 - a. One of James.
 - b. Two of Peter.
 - c. Three of John.
 - d. One of Jude.
- 3. Prophetic. The Revelation of John the Divine.

1. HISTORICAL.

1. THE FOUR GOSPELS. The Gospels (Εὐαγγέλιον, Evangelium) contain the "Good Tidings" of salvation through Jesus Christ. The first three give a general view of our Lord's Life and Teaching, and so are called "Synoptical"; the fourth is supplementary and doctrinal. They are not four Gospels, but one Gospel under four aspects, as presented to the minds of four different writers, supposed to have been prefigured by the four cherubim seen by Ezekiel in his vision (chap. i): Matthew as a MAN; Mark as a LION; Luke as an OX; John as an EAGLE. The first emphasises the historical import of the Life of Christ; the second His Royal dignity; the third His Sacrificial character; the fourth His Divinity.

MATTHEW gives the human descent of our Lord from Abraham, as evidence of His being the promised seed, in whom all nations should be blessed. Thus Christ completes the Old Testament history and covenant. He is the one Antitype in whom all has been fulfilled; in Him the Old Testament passes into the New; the prohibitions of the Law into the encouragements of the Gospel; Sinai into the Mount of Beatitudes; the prophetic into the teaching office; priesthood into redemption by suffering; kingship into the supremacy of Almighty grace restoring a fallen world.

The writer was the son of Alphæus, and a Hebrew. Before his conversion he was named Levi, and was a publican and collector of the tolls and customs of persons and goods crossing the lake at Capernaum. He wrote his Gospel mainly for his fellow-countrymen.

Papias, in the first half of the second century, says that he wrote it in Hebrew, and the same statement is found in other Fathers. It is possible that he put forth two editions, one in Hebrew and one in Greek; the former, perhaps, about 42, the latter about 69 A.D.

Its arrangement is not chronological, but in groups, in which Jesus, the offspring of Abraham, fulfils the promises of the Old Testament. His doctrine and life are the fulfilment of types, prophecies, and hopes, but are disappointing to false aspirations of degenerate Judaism. The conflict, provoked by this disappointment, apparently terminates against Him; really it completes His triumph and establishes His kingdom, since His death reconciles the world to God, which is the basis of His new constitution. Thus, fulfilling the old covenant, He transforms the typical into the eternal theocracy, and He is the true Christ,—eternal Prophet, Priest, and King.

The true character of the Messiah is attested :-

1. By His lineal descent, and Divine revelation at His birth (i-iv).

2. By the manifestation of His triple office (Prophet, Priest, and King), in conflict with the popular ideas (v—xvi).

3. By unfolding the true nature of His kingdom and its future history, in contrast with that of the ancient world (xvi—xx).

4. By His self-sacrifice and humiliation (xxi—xxiv).

4. By His self-sacrince and numiliation (xxi—xxiv).

5. By prophetic revelations of the judgment on the Jewish nation and on the world (xxiv, xxv).

6. By His sacerdotal presentation of Himself as the atoning sacrifice (xxvi, xxvii).

7. By His glorification at the right hand of power (xxviii).

This Gospel is peculiarly characterised by repeated reference to the Law and Prophets (i. 23; ii. 6, 15, 18; iii. 3; iv. 15; viii. 17, &c.); by careful enunciation of such teaching as would awaken Jews, and correct their false views; and by warnings of national calamities.

MARK, who bore also the Hebrew name John, was son of Mary, whose house at Jerusalem became the refuge and earliest church of the Christian community. He was nephew of Barnabas, and the attendant of Barnabas and Paul on their first mission; but returned home from Perga (Acts xiii. 5, 13), afterwards attaching himself to Barnabas, though subsequently reconciled to Paul (Col. iv. 10). He is the reputed founder of the Alexandrine Church.

He was attached to Peter (1 Pet. v. 13), from whom he obtained some materials for his Gospel. This is affirmed by Papias and other Fathers. It has been thought that he had the Gospel of Matthew before him; but other explanations may account for the

close resemblance between the two. At all events he frequently supplied new graphic touches to the narrative from some independent source: e.g. Christ is among "wild beasts": the fig-tree dried up "from the roots"; Jesus is asleep "on a pillow" (i. 13: xi. 20: iv. 38). His theme is "Judah is a young lion" (Gen. xlix. 9; Hos. xi. 10): and he depicts the Saviour as the conqueror of all Satanic powers, with a brevity and vividness which add force to the heroic character portraved. Hence he gives only a few burning words of controversy and denunciation, not the longer discourses of our Lord; event succeeds event in rapid succession; he accumulates negatives; his favourite word is "immediately"; his tenses are present; and he supplies often the very vernacular words used in the occurrences (iii. 17, 22; v. 41). The Messiah seems to rouse every emotion of the soul-amazement, fear, confidence, hope, joy-and adapts His Divine power to temper each. The rapidity and completeness of His achievements, the pervading influence of His Name throughout the world. His victory over death, and exaltation to the throne of glory, are the grand characteristics of the Divine Redeemer. heightened and relieved by regular intervals of pause and rest, preparatory to fresh campaigns; for Mark narrates only the three years' ministry of our Lord.

I. Preparation; Christ's appearance by the side of the Baptist (i. I-13). II. His conflicts in Galilee after His baptism (i. 13—ix). III. His victories in Peræa (x). IV. His conflicts in Judæa (x—xv). V. His Resurrection and Ascension.

LUKE was probably of Gentile extraction (Col. iv. 10-14), a native of Antioch, and a faithful colleague of Paul. His superior education is proved by the literary excellence of his writings (viz. the Gospel and the Acts of the Apostles, which are but two volumes of one work). His preface, in pure Greek, betokens a careful study of documentary and other evidence. He speaks of attempts made by "many" others to write a Life of Christ. Though it is the same Gospel, it is narrated with peculiar independence, containing additional matter. greater accuracy in preserving the chronological order of events. and in complying with the requirements of history. Luke tested tradition by documentary records (e.g. i. 5; ii. 2; iii. 1); by comparing the oral testimony of living witnesses (i. 2, 3); and only when he had "perfect understanding of all things from the very first," ventured to compile a "Life of Christ" as a perfect man, restoring human nature. and offering Himself a sacrifice for all mankind. To him we are indebted for the history of the birth and childhood of Iesus and the Baptist, for the liturgical hymns, and the scene in the synagogue at Nazareth (vi), which were probably communicated by the Virgin Mary. The *physician* shows himself in the particular details of diseases; the *artist* in the vivid pictures of life-like scenes; the companion of Paul in the extension of the Gospel to Gentiles (iv. 16-30), and in the favour shown by Jesus to "publicans and sinners" (vii. 36-50; xxiii. 39-43). Hence His genealogy is traced up to Adam, the progenitor of the whole race.

I. The miraculous birth of Jesus and His forerunner; His manifestation in childhood, and growth to manhood (i and ii). II. The testimony to His Messiahship (iii and iv). III. His ministry in Galilee (iv—xvii). IV. His Passion, Resurrection, and Ascension (xviii—xxiv).

JOHN, brother of James and son of Zebedee, was one of the earliest and also the youngest of our Lord's disciples, honoured with the distinction "whom Jesus loved." His Gospel was written at the close of the first century or beginning of the second, long after the others had become well known throughout Christendom. He had all of them before him; he supplied what they had omitted, corrected false impressions produced by reading them, and gave the cue for their deeper interpretation. He indirectly refers to and corroborates much that they have recorded, but abstains from traversing the same ground. He only narrates one miracle which is common to all the Gospels (the feeding of the 5,000), but gives us four others peculiar to him-the change of water into wine; the healing of the impotent man, and of one born blind; and the raising of Lazarus. While the events narrated by the Synoptists are mainly those which took place in Galilee, John's Gospel is almost wholly occupied with Christ's ministry in Judæa, and one-third of it is devoted to the sayings and doings of the last twenty-four hours of His life. omits all the Parables given by the Synoptists.

Generally, his Gospel is rather a compilation of distinct dissertations than a continuous narrative. It connects the Redemption of mankind with the Creation by the same Source of Life. Its subject is "The Eternal Word made Flesh," (1) as pre-existent, (2) as incarnate, (3) as revealing the Father, (4) as connecting humanity with Divinity through His own incarnation by means of spiritual agency. Hence the transmission of this spiritual influence through material substances is evidenced by the first miracle (ii); expounded to Nicodemus (iii); allegorised to the Samaritan woman (iv); exemplified in the impotent man (v); symbolised and emphasised in the feeding

of the 5,000, and subsequent discourse (vi). The Revelation of the Father is developed by miracle and parable in vii—x; His life-giving power communicated to human nature temporarily and eternally by spiritual agency in xi—xiii; the perpetual transmission of that power from Himself to mankind through His apostles, and their commission to execute their functions, in xiv—xxi. Many additional scenes in His Passion, and especially Pilate's efforts to release Him, are furnished only by John. His reckoning of time is in accordance with the division of the day at midnight, which is identical with our own.

2. ACTS OF THE APOSTLES.

This book, according to internal and external evidence, was written by Luke, and forms the sequel to his Gospel. It is the history of the foundation and spread of the Christian Church—the former under Peter (i-xii), the latter under Paul (xiii-xxviii). was founded on the Day of Pentecost: its first sons were Jews; hence it appeared only a Jewish sect in Judæa, and the former part of the book is occupied with its establishment there, with arguments in its favour, and with challenges to disprove the fundamental fact of Christ's Resurrection. Its first development into an organised community, with official staff, provoked the first persecution and martyrdom. which precipitated its extension to Samaria and Syria, and caused a new and more independent centre of operations to be planted at Antioch, whence under Paul (the first converted persecutor) it spread to Asia Minor, Greece, Rome, and various parts of the Gentile world. The motive influence was the direct impulse of the Holy Spirit, not any preconceived plan of the Apostolic body (ii. 4; xi. 17; xv. 6, 7, 9).

Analysis. A. The Acts of Peter:—Birth of the Christian Church, and Extension to Samaria, comprising (1) Foundation and Progress of the Church in Jerusalem and Judæa (i—viii); (2) First Persecution, and Extension to Samaria and to the Gentile family of Cornelius (viii—xi. 18); (3) Second Persecution, and Foundation of the Church at Antioch (xi. 19—xiii. 3).

B. The Acts of Paul:-Extension of the Church to the Gentiles.

(1) Paul's Call, and first Apostolic journey (xiii. 4—xv. 5);
(2) Council of Jerusalem, fixing terms of admission (xv); (3) Second Apostolic journey (xv. 36—xviii. 22); (4) Third Apostolic journey (xviii. 23—xxi. 17); (5) Paul's imprisonment at Cæsarea, and voyage to Rome (xxi. 18—xxviii). So the progress is recorded from a small Jewish sect to the universal Church. In this book all the Articles of the Apostles' Creed may be found, chiefly in Peter's speeches (i—v).

2. DIDACTIC.

I. THE PAULINE EPISTLES. These are not in their chronological order; probably the earliest is I Thessalonians, and the latest that to the Hebrews. The subscriptions are destitute of authority.

a. DOCTRINAL.

ROMANS. This Epistle is a summary of God's dealings with mankind, from the first adoption of one portion to closer connexion with Him, i. e. to sonship and inheritance of a promise. election of a particular family is illustrated by a master-potter selecting out of his bed of clay one portion for his choicest fabrics, meet vessels for the master's highest use: the particular clay was selected because of its freedom from flaw, and the rest rejected because tainted with flaws; but not rejected absolutely, since it has a position in the household, useful, but less honoured. The absence of flaw is freedom from worldliness or irreligion; its excellence is the possession of unquestioning faith—a special capacity for receiving the Divine impress, to be moulded at God's will, and so to convey to others, by precept and example, the Divine standard of perfection and the revelation of the truth. This was the peculiar quality seen by the Omniscient in the character of Abraham, which led to his call and adoption. Hence he became "the Father of the Faithful" and "the Friend of God." But it was a quality not transmitted by bodily generation; nor were the privileges accorded to Abraham, and promised to his seed, an inheritance descending by hereditary right, but resumed by God, the Giver, at each decease, and re-awarded at His decision, who "looketh on the heart." Hence "they are not all Israel, which are of Israel: neither, because they are the seed of Abraham, are they all children" of God; i.e. "they which are the children of the flesh, these are not the children of God" (ix. 6-8). Acceptance by God is the reward of faith; by it Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, were adopted; from want of it, Ishmael, Esau, and the three eldest sons of Jacob were rejected, and finally the whole Jewish nation, the Gentiles being received instead through faith. Because of unbelief the former were broken off, and the latter stand by faith.

Summary. I. Sinfulness of the human race: (a) of the heathen (i); (b) of the Jews (ii); (c) Comparison of Jews and Gentiles. II. The Plan of Salvation explained (a) in theory (iii); (b) by illustration (iv, v). III. Its value: (a) union with Christ (vi); (b) as servants of Christ (vi); (c) supplying defects of the Law (vii). IV. Justification by Faith: (a) the Christian's duty and privilege; (b) cause of

rejection of some, election of others, of Abraham's seed; (c) blindness and final rejection of the Jews. V. Development of truth (xii—xv). VI. Personal communications (xv—xvii).

It was probably written from Corinth, A.D. 58, and sent by Phœbe

(xvi. 1, 2).

1 and 2 CORINTHIANS. Two Epistles are addressed to this Church, which included not only the Corinthians, but those who lived in the adjacent towns of Achaia (the upper portion of the Morea, along the coast of the Gulf of Lepanto). Paul passed eighteen months at Corinth during his second missionary tour, visiting the neighbouring cities, and establishing Churches in them. Corinth was the great centre of commercial traffic on the overland route from Rome to the East: and also between Upper and Lower Greece. It possessed the only good harbour in that quarter, and, as it was the shortest and safest route, small vessels were dragged across the isthmus, larger ones transhipped their cargoes, and hence all the trade of the Mediterranean flowed through it, so that "a perpetual fair was held there from year's end to year's end"; to which were added the great annual gatherings of Greeks at the "Isthmian Games" (alluded to by Paul, I Cor. ix. 24-27). Hence it was proverbial for wealth, luxury, and profligacy. Its population, and that of Achaia, was mainly foreign, formed of colonists from Cæsar's army and of manumitted slaves (e. g. Tertius, Quartus, Achaicus, Fortunatus, &c.), settlers from Asia Minor, returned exiles from the islands, and at this time a large influx of Jews lately expelled from Rome (Acts xviii. 2).

Paul's preaching in the synagogue was acceptable till he boldly testified that Jesus was the Messiah: when persecution set in, he was ejected from the community, and brought before the Roman governor. Yet he formed a Church. His disciples were mostly of the lower orders, partly Jews, but mainly Roman freedmen and heathen Greeks, who became enthusiastic admirers of the Apostle. Here he wrote the second or both of his two Epistles to the Thessalonians, and one to the Romans; immediately after which he returned to Ephesus, and was succeeded in his mission by Apollos, who likewise made many converts. Apollos was imperfectly instructed in Christianity, but was well versed in the Jewish Scriptures, and very eloquent. There arose two factions,—one Jewish, clinging with Pharisaic attachment to the Law; the other Gentile, prone to push evangelical freedom to licence; professing the right faith, but claiming to indulge in absolute licentiousness. They joined freely in heathen sacrificial

feasts; degraded the Holy Communion into a festive banquet; women threw off the usual eastern veil of modest attire; and the Greek love of intellectual speculation and discussion ran riot on sacred subjects, till appeals on Christian disputes were brought before heathen tribunals, and even heathen morality was scandalised by incestuous intercourse.

The First Epistle. Amid such corruption, during three years, factions attained a formidable height. Paul was defamed by the Jewish party, and rumours of alarming disputes reached him, followed by a letter full of enquiries on matters of morality and doctrine, brought by a deputation of freedmen. Paul had already despatched thither Timotheus. He now writes the First Epistle to the Corinthians from Ephesus (A.D. 57), instead of going to them as he intended. Perhaps he deemed it his duty to stay for the great Pan-Ionian Festival to Diana, held that year at Ephesus.

Summary. I. Reproof of the Factions, contrasting human and Divine wisdom, his own simple preaching with the assumption of his followers, and the proper relation of teachers and disciples (i—iv. 20). II. Intercourse with Heathens: (a) Incest; (b) Lawsuits; (c) Church discipline (iv. 21—vi. 20). III. Answer to the Letter of the Corinthian Church: (a) Martiage; (b) Heathen feasts; (c) Public worship. 1. Male and female head-dress; 2. The Lord's Supper; 3. Exercise of spiritual gifts; 4. Unity and uniformity (vii—xiv. 40). IV. Resurrection of the Dead: the future state the aim and end of Christian life (xv). Conclusion; of a personal nature.

The Second Epistle. This was called for by the effect of the first. In the interval occurred the riot at Ephesus (headed by Demetrius), and Paul's expulsion. Timothy and Titus had both been sent to Corinth, and at Troas he waited their return in vain, till he was bowed down with anxiety and evil foreboding. Titus at last brought sufficiently cheering accounts: the Church, as a whole, had bowed to its "father's" reproofs; the incestuous man had been expelled and brought to repentance; the Gentile licence had been restrained; confidence between the Church and its founder had been restored; but the Judaisers had been reinforced by men bearing "letters of commendation" from some higher authority, and were now arrogant in their supremacy. This Epistle expresses two conflicting emotions: 1. Thankfulness for the removal of evils; 2. Indignation at the arrogance of his opponents.

The former Epistle is a careful and systematic intellectual treatise;

the latter is unstudied, expressing the natural feelings of a warm heart.

Summary. I. Its Occasion; A narrative of events, and assurance of his confidence (i, ii). II. His Apostolic Mission: (a) Its source (iii, iv); (b) Its difficulties (iv. 7—v. 10); (c) Its motive (v. 11—vi. 10). III. Intercourse with heathens (vi. 14—vii. 1). IV. Collection for fellow-Christians (viii, ix). V. His self-vindication (x—xiii).

GATATIANS. This Epistle is one of a set on doctrinal subjects, which should be read together—viz. those to Romans, Galatians, and Hebrews,—since they clearly define the relation of Jews and Gentiles to the Church of Christ, and form one whole treatise, each alone being incomplete. It has affinity also with those to the Corinthians, as it vindicates the writer against the defamation of Judaisers.

Galatia was inhabited by hordes of northern Gauls, who poured down into Asia (B. C. 300), conquered it, and settled there, but, being enervated by luxurious food and climate, were gradually driven inland to the central mountain fastnesses of Asia Minor. The people at first were barbarian, then mingling with Greeks, became tempered by Greek civilisation, and were finally subjugated by the Romans (B. C. 189). Enriched by the constant traffic of Armenian caravans to the Hellespont, many Jews settled there for trading purposes; and the inhabitants were a mixture of Scythian, Greek, Roman, and Hebrew. Paul traversed the country on his second journey. He was detained there by illness (Gal. iv. 13, 14), and converted many Jews and Greeks (iii. 27, 28). He visited it again on his third journey (Acts xviii. 23). Originally worshippers of those who were no gods (iv. 8), they were converted to Judaism (iv. 9), then by Paul to Christianity (iii. 1, 2), and again relapsed into Judaism under teachers who came forward after his visit (iv. 21-31). The Epistle was written from Ephesus, about A. D. 57, to prevent this lapse into Judaism. It resembles that to the Romans in the contrast therein presented between "the rightousness of the Law" and Justification by Faith.

Summary. I. Narrative. The Apostle's own conversion, and conflict against Judaism (i, ii). II. Argument, based on Old Testament history, showing how the Law was preparatory to the Gospel (iii, iv). III. Practical Exhortation, to use the liberty of the Gospel for the cultivation of true godliness.

EPHESIANS. The inscription of this letter to the Ephesians is doubtful, and it is thought to have been either a circular, of which

copies were sent to many adjacent churches, or to have been intended for communication to several (see Col. iv. 16). Ephesus was to Asia, as Corinth to Greece, the great port to which flowed the commerce of East and West. Its inhabitants were equally noted for licentious and luxurious life, and for cultivation of magical arts and fanatical worship of Diana (the personification of exuberant natural production). Her temple was one of the wonders of the world for its magnificent structure and extravagant enrichment. It was the great Pan-Ionian treasury, and the centre of worship and nationality, as that of Solomon was to the Jews; but a three years' sojourn there by the Apostle broke its power, till the annual festival brought about a temporary reaction (Acts xix).

This Epistle was probably written about A.D. 62, when Paul was a prisoner at Rome. It was not evoked by any relapse or special errors, but was written to establish those who had left heathenism, contrasting their present higher life with their previous degradation. Its summary of Christian revelation as the foundation of spiritual

life is couched in language both fervent and sublime.

Summary. I. *Doctrinal.* (a) Thanksgiving for their call; (b) Enumeration of Christian privileges (i, ii); (c) The mystical union between Christ and His Church, drawn out first by revelation, and then by prayer.

II. Practical. An exhortation to make their life conformable to their profession: (a) By the unity with which the Spirit of Christ brings them to Him, casting out all feelings leading to discord; (b) By the purity of Christ, whose example they must follow; (c) By the example of His obedience, the mutual forbearance of all in their respective relations of life.

PHILIPPIANS. Philippi, a chief city in Macedonia, north of the Archipelago, was the scene of the last struggle of the Roman republic against despotism, where Brutus and Cassius, defeated by Augustus and Antony, committed suicide. Hence it became a Roman "colony," with full rights of citizenship, governed by Roman magistrates and laws,—in short, Rome in miniature. The Jews were few, and had no synagogue, but were allowed a small chapel outside the gate, in a secluded spot by the river's bank. Here Paul and Silas converted Lydia, came into contact with heathen Paganism (the worship of evil spirits), and were scourged and imprisoned, which led to the jailer's conversion and the founding of a faithful Christian community.

The Epistle was written during Paul's first imprisonment at Rome (Acts xxviii), in answer to expressions of sympathy and a substantial

gift sent by Epaphroditus, who had a dangerous illness at Rome. It is a letter of grateful affection mingled with personal sorrow; of joy on their behalf, of gloom at the ingratitude of others; of anxiety also as to his own future, caused probably by the increased rigour of his incarceration.

Summary. I. Prayer for their advancement in grace (i. 1-12). II. Effects of his imprisonment, and his future prospects (i. 13-30). III. Exhortation to follow the example of Christ (ii. 1-18). IV. Personal matters (ii. 19-30). V. Warnings against Judaisers (iii). VI. Personal appeals (iv. 1-7). VII. Final exhortation and commendation (iv. 8-23).

COLOSSIANS. Nothing is known of the foundation of the Church at Colossæ, a chief city of Phrygia; but the Christians there were in danger of relapse, from a tendency to asceticism, Judaism, and angel-worship. Paul sets before them the majesty and all-sufficiency of Christ, as the source of all spiritual blessings. Christian perfection is attained by the practical realisation of this truth influencing the daily life. The attention is fixed upon the Person of Jesus Christ, whose sacrifice completes the typical offerings of Judaism, and crucifies the old man with his affections and lusts, while the Resurrection unfolds a new life in Him, elevating the soul above earthly objects more effectually than by mere mortification of the flesh quenching the emotions of the heart, according to Stoic philosophy. The Epistle was probably written about A. D. 62, during Paul's imprisonment at Rome.

Summary. I. Thanksgiving for their faith, hope, and charity, with a prayer for their spiritual progress (i. 1-15). II. The supremacy and glorious pre-existence of Christ through all eternity, and His reconciliation of humanity to God the Father by His own Resurrection and Ascension to the right hand of power (i. 16-29). III. A stimulus to advance in the knowledge of Christ by the Apostle's own example and eager desire for their perfection, and by reference to the privileges of membership with Christ; and a warning against false teaching which endangered them (ii). IV. Moral and spiritual effects of their participation in Christ's Resurrection, both generally and in various social relations (iii). V. Concluding address to the whole Church, and special salutations and messages from individuals (iv).

1 and 2 THESSALONIANS. These Epistles were addressed to a Church in Northern Greece, where Paul on his second journey had suffered persecution (Acts xvii. 1–10). Thessalonica (Saloniki),

anciently called Therma, but re-named after the sister of Alexander the Great by her husband Cassander, who restored it, was the chief metropolis of Macedonia (a region extending N. to the Danube, E. to the Black Sea, W. to the Adriatic, S. to Achaia). The most populous city of that division of Europe, and its greatest port, it was to the West what Ephesus was to the East, and Corinth to Southern Greece. Situated on the sea-margin of a vast plain, watered by numerous rivers, half-way between the Adriatic and the Hellespont, at the entrance of the pass into the Macedonian plains, a busy commercial centre, with a constant tide of traffic ebbing and flowing, abroad by sea. inland by the two arms of Roman road, it was a fit centre of evangelisation, as "from thence the word of the Lord sounded forth [as from a trumpet not only in Macedonia and Achaia, but also in every place" (1 Thess. i. 8). Here was the chief colony and chief synagogue of the Jews (even at the present day Saloniki has a Jewish population of 80,000 souls). Here Paul and Silas showed their unhealed stripes inflicted at Philippi (1 Thess. ii. 2), and for three sabbaths preached Jesus as the promised Messiah (Acts xvii. 2, 3). The Iews, failing in controversy, resorted to violence, set the city in an uproar, assailed Jason's house, where the Apostle was staying, and dragged Iason before the rulers.

The First Epistle. From the First Epistle, written probably from Corinth, A.D. 52, we learn:—The Apostle's primary success and unflinching courage in preaching; not flattering, but warning; not self-asserting, but displaying a blameless example; entreating, exhorting, rebuking; his self-support by manual labour. His converts were principally from idolatry (i. 9), but partly Jewish proselytes, some of whom were women of rank and influence (Acts xvii. 4).

Summary. I. Paul's gratitude for their eager acceptance of the Gospel, and fidelity in maintaining it; encouraging them under persecution by his own example. II. Practical exhortations: (a) against their besetting \sin ; (b) encouraging the cultivation of Christian virtues (iv, v). III. Consolation to those bereft of friends, by unfolding the glories of speedy resurrection, and transformation to a glorified body.

The Second Epistle. This Epistle was probably written, like the former, from Corinth, after Paul received an answer to the first, to correct an erroneous impression gained from the vividness of his picture of the resurrection (viz. that it was near at hand) which led to a neglect of practical duties.

Summary. I. Affectionate commendations, and exhortations to

perseverance. II. Answer to false anticipations of the Second Advent. III. Appeal for their prayers, and practical precepts for their guidance.

HEBREWS. The greatest weight of testimony favours the opinion that Paul was the author (though probably Luke was the writer) of this Epistle. It was probably composed by the former when in very strict custody, either at Cæsarea, or at Rome (A.D. 62-64), just before his martyrdom (2 Tim. iv. 6), when denied writing materials; and dictated by him to Luke, who then committed it to writing from memory. Some think we have only a Greek translation of an original Hebrew text. It was addressed especially to the Aramaic Christians of Palestine, now exposed to severe persecution from their fellow-countrymen, who adhered to the expected return of visible glory to Israel. Brought up in fond reminiscence of the glories of the past, they seemed in Christianity to be receding from their peculiar privileges of intercommunion with God, as a favoured people. Angels, Moses, the High Priest, were superseded by Jesus, the peasant of Nazareth; the Sabbath by the Lord's Day. the Old Covenant by the New; while temple and sacrifices were obsolete. What, they asked, did Christianity give in their place? And the writer answers, CHRIST; i.e. God for their Mediator and Intercessor: superior to Angels, because nearer to the Father; to Moses. because a Son, not a servant: more sympathising than the High Priest, and more powerful in intercession, because He pleads His own blood. The Sabbath is but a type of the Rest in heaven, the New Covenant is the fulfilment of the Old. Christ's atonement is perfect and eternal. and Heaven itself the true Terusalem, of which the Church is the temple, whose worshippers are all advanced into the Holy of Holies.

Thus the exceptional ministration of angels is superseded by the

continuous ininistration of man.

The legislative ministration of Moses is perfected by the Divine Lawgiver.

The typical sacrifice of the High Priest is replaced by a real sacrifice of a Priest of a higher order.

The indirect communion with God is supplanted by the direct union of God and man in Christ, and the communion of the Head with His body, the Church.

This Epistle completes the trilogy of which those to the Romans and Galatians form part.

Summary. A. Doctrinal. Showing the superiority of the Christian to the Jewish Dispensation (i.—x. 18). I. Because its Author

is superior (a) to ANGELS, and in Him humanity is exalted above them (i-ii. 18): (b) to Moses, because of (1) His position—He is the Builder, Son, Master, of the house; Moses merely part of, a servant in it: (2) His assured inheritance, viz. perfect eternal rest in heaven, instead of imperfect transitory rest in Canaan (iii-iv. 13): (c) to the AARONIC High Priest, (1) as to His office; (2) as to His nature: (3) as to His vocation (iv-v. 10). A digression of practical exhortation (v. 11-vi. 20): (d) to the PRIMÆVAL HIGH PRIEST of superior dispensation (vii. 1-28). II. Because the Old Covenant was imperfect, being incapable of making its members perfect. Comparison of the typical and real sacrifice of atonement. illustrated by the service of the sanctuary, compared with that of the Christian Sacrifice (viii, 1-x, 18). B. Practical. (a) Warning against relapse into Judaism; (b) encouraging to peace and holiness; (c) inculcating practical duties; (d) Conclusion. Special advice to individuals (probably catechumens).

b. PASTORAL.

1 and 2 TIMOTHY. Timothy was the son of a Greek father and a Jewish mother (Eunice), and was converted and circumcised by Paul at Iconium (Acts xvi. 3).

The First Epistle was probably written immediately after Paul's release from his first imprisonment, to counteract the Judaising influence so strongly at work everywhere against Paul's more liberal views of Christianity; and also to guide and encourage Timothy in the duties of his office, laying down rules of Church organisation for all times.

Summary. I. Controversial (i). Recalling the charge committed to Timothy, and Paul's claim to his allegiance; contrasting the truth with the false teaching of Judaisers. II. Practical (ii. 1—vi. 2). (a) Injunctions as to public worship generally, regarding both men and women; (b) Qualifications of ministers, and demeanour of their wives and families; (c) Special advice to Timothy himself (iv); (d) Directions respecting communities of widows, and presbyters (v); (e) Of servants. III. Doctrinal (vi. 3-21). Special exhortation to Timothy to peace, holiness, self-denial, steadfastness, humility, and to the promotion of almsgiving.

The Second Epistle. This Epistle was written (A.D. 66) from Rome, in the interval between one trial of the Apostle before the Emperor, and that at which he was condemned to death (iv. 16, 17). He viewed his case as desperate (iv. 16), and his martyrdom as imminent

(iv. 6-8); and he entreats Timothy to come to him at once (iv. 9, 21), to be with him at his last trial. It has all the tone of a farewell letter to a dear friend; full of love (i. 1-5), encouragement (i. 6—ii. 15), warning (ii. 16—iii. 9), adjuration (iv. 1-5), concluding with personal matters (iv. 6-22).

The Epistle furnishes a noble view of the consolation afforded by Christianity in the midst of suffering, and face to face with death. It alludes to a few otherwise unknown incidents of the life of Paul, between his two imprisonments; also of Timothy; viz. the falling away from Paul of some Asiatic converts of note (i. 15); the injury done him by Alexander, mentioned in Acts xix. 33; the lapse of Demas (iv. 10); his reconciliation with Mark (iv. 11); another visit to Corinth and Miletus (iv. 20), and probably to Troas (iv. 13); Timothy's presence with him on his first journey (iii. 11); the names of his grandmother and mother, and his consecration by Paul (i. 5, 6).

TITUS, a Greek by birth, is addressed by Paul as "mine own son after the common faith." He was the first Christian convert who was not circumcised, and was taken by Paul to Jerusalem to try the matter, when the Council decided against its necessity (Gal. ii. 3; Acts xv). It is not known when the Church in Crete was founded, but it is probable that it was after Paul's first imprisonment, on his way to Asia, and that he then left Titus in charge of it. His position was one of peculiar difficulty: the people had sunk into gross immorality, instability, and lying. Paul advises his deputy upon the course he should take. The Epistle resembles the first to Timothy, was probably written about the same time, and gives a condensed code of instruction on doctrine, morals, and discipline.

Summary. I. Apostolic salutation. II. Church Organisation: (a) Qualifications of elders, &c.; (b) Suppression of false teachers (i); (c) The Christian character of aged men and women, the young of both sexes, and servants (ii). III. Personal advice to Titus (iii).

c. Special (to an individual).

PHILEMON was an inhabitant of Colosse, of some considerable distinction, and a convert of Paul (ver. 19). He was a "fellow-labourer," probably only as a zealous layman, though some have thought the expression implies that he was ordained. His slave, Onesimus, had run away from him to Rome, having, perhaps, been guilty of misappropriation of his master's goods (ver. 18). Falling into Paul's hands, he was converted to Christianity, reclaimed to his

duty, and sent back to his master with this letter of reconciliation. It is remarkable for its delicacy, generosity, and justice. The Apostle maintains civil rights (even of slavery), confessing that Onesimus, though under the liberty of the Gospel, is still the slave of Philemon, and justly liable to punishment for desertion. The damage caused by his absconding Paul takes upon himself, playfully using his name "Onesimus" (profitable, both to thee and to me) as a means of urging his suit for pardon. As the returning slave was the bearer also of the Epistle to the Colossians, it was probably written at the same time (A.D. 62), near the close of Paul's first imprisonment at Rome.

2. CATHOLIC EPISTLES.

JAMES the Less, brother, or near relation, of our Lord, an apostle, had the oversight of the Church at Jerusalem (Acts xv. 13), where he remained until his martyrdom (A.D. 62). This Epistle, generally attributed to him, shows evident tokens of a degeneracy in the tone of Jewish Christians, to whom it is addressed, stimulating them to the exercise of higher principles. It reproves the prevailing vices of the writer's countrymen—hypocrisy, presumption, censoriousness, love of riches; and insists that true faith necessitates good works. It is remarkable for its eminently practical nature, the homeliness and aptness of its illustration, and the bold, plain-spoken rebukes of the wealthy oppressors of the poor. It was probably written near the close of James's life, and is addressed to the whole "twelve tribes."

Summary. I. On sincerity, and patience in afflictions (i. 1-15). II. Against hypocrisy and self-deceit (i. 16-27). III. Against adulation of the rich, and contempt of the poor; against false charity and spurious faith (ii). IV. On the duty of ruling the tongue, and cultivating peace. V. Warning against the corruption of the world, and the attempt to serve both God and mammon, by the consideration of the uncertainty of life (iv). VI. Against covetousness, impatience, oaths; with encouragement to mutual confession of faults, intercession, and holiness.

1 PETER. Simon Peter, son of Jonas, a fisherman at Bethsaida, was one of the foremost apostles, by whom three thousand were converted on the Day of Pentecost (Acts ii), and the first Gentile family admitted by baptism into Christianity (Acts x. 47, 48). He is said to have preached to the Jews scattered throughout Pontus, Galatia, Cappadocia, Asia, and Bithynia, i.e. the countries of Asia adjacent to the Black Sea, to whom he addressed this Epistle from

Babylon, probably about A.D. 63. Its general design was to comfort them under afflictions.

Summary. I. The necessity, use, and transitory nature of earthly trials (i. 1-12). II. An exhortation to lead a holy life, and to follow the example of Christ, who died to purchase their glorification (i. 13—ii. 10). III. Practical advice as to their duty in various relations of life, e.g. as citizens, slaves, husbands, wives, &c. (ii. 13—iii. 8). IV. An exhortation generally to unanimity, peaceableness, sanctification; with a warning of the Second Advent, enforced by a reference to the previous judgments of God on those who neglected the preaching of Noah (iii. 9—iv. 19). V. Practical exhortation to pastors on their duties.

2 PETER. This Epistle was written when he apprehended his death (i. 14), and not long after the former Epistle, probably A.D. 65. It is also addressed, no doubt, to the same persons. It is valuable, as containing the last words to his converts of one of the original Twelve, and for certain personal traits, such as the mention of the Transfiguration by an eye-witness (i. 17, 18), and the commendation of Paul and his Epistles (iii. 15, 16).

Summary. I. An exhortation to persevere in faith and good works, by an assurance of the reality of the glorification of Christ as the perfect man, accepted by God, and the Messiah of prophecy (i). II. Warning of the certainty of punishment on impenitent sinners, by reference to past history, e.g. the Flood, and the overthrow of Sodom (ii. 1-10). III. Warning against false teachers, by the example of Balaam (ii. 11-22). IV. The certainty of the Second Advent, and its warning (a) to the godly, (b) to the wicked (iii).

1 JOHN. The tract called the First Epistle of John seems rather to partake of the nature of a doctrinal discourse, addressed to believers generally, but more particularly to Gentiles in Asia Minor, probably in the neighbourhood of its chief city. Ephesus.

Its date is uncertain. Some place it before the destruction of Jerusalem, others towards the end of the first century, thinking that it bears marks of combating the Gnostic heresy. Its aim seems to be to establish the true doctrine concerning the Person of Christ, as to His Divine and human nature, and that true communion with Him necessitates a holy life. The chief grace inculcated in this and the two following Epistles is *love*.

Summary. I. The true nature of fellowship with God, who is Light and Love, requiring purity and holiness (i—ii. 29). II. The

blessings and duties of sonship. The privilege of adoption demands the corresponding duty of conformity to Christ, the true Son (iii—iv. 6). III. The essential bond of fellowship and sonship is love, both to the Father and to one another (iv. 7—v. 18).

2 JOHN. This Epistle contains only thirteen verses, eight of which are found in substance in the First. It was probably written about the same time, but it is addressed "to the Elect Lady" (thought by some to mean the Church), and "her children"; or to "the Lady Electa," a person so called for her eminent piety. They are exhorted to persevere in love, faith, and godliness, and to beware of false teachers.

3 JOHN. A short address, of a similar kind, to "the well-beloved Gaius," of whom nothing certain is known, though he is supposed to be identical with the Gaius named in Rom. xvi. 23 and 1 Cor. i. 14. He is commended for his hospitality and piety; warned against the ambition and malice of Diotrephes (one in authority); and his friendly offices are besought for Demetrius.

JUDE, "brother of James," is supposed to be the Apostle (surnamed Thaddæus and Lebbæus), and a near relation of our Lord (Matt. x. 3; xiii. 55; Luke vi. 16).

This Epistle is remarkable for the quotation of an otherwise unrecorded saying of Enoch (ver. 14), and a tradition of a dispute between Michael the archangel and Satan regarding the body of Moses (ver. 9). Its date, place, and occasion are unknown; but it seems to denounce the same false teachers as those rebuked in 2 Pet. ii, and in very similar language; warning them by the example of the fallen angels, of Cain, the impenitent in the times of Noah, of the wicked cities of the plain, of Korah, and Balaam; affirming the certainty of the future judgment and punishment of the wicked.

3. PROPHETIC.

REVELATION (Apocalypse) of John the Divine. This is the only prophetic book of the New Testament, and much of it remains still unfulfilled. It closes the Canon of Scripture, and the revelation of God to man. There is satisfactory evidence of its genuineness. Justin Martyr, living sixty years after its supposed date, ascribes it to John; Papias acknowledges its inspiration; Irenæus (disciple of Polycarp, who was John's own disciple) testifies to the Apostle's authorship, and that he had himself received the explanation of one

passage in it from those who had conversed with the Apostle about it. To these may be added Clement of Alexandria, Theophilus, Tertul-

lian, Origen, Cyprian, Jerome, Athanasius, &c.

John, after a vain attempt had been made to martyr him, was banished by Domitian to Patmos; but on the Emperor's death (A.D. 96) he returned, under a general amnesty, to Ephesus, and resumed the supervision of the Church there. While in exile he saw and recorded these visions, in the introductory chapters of which incidental evidence is furnished that a considerable interval must have elapsed between the foundation of the Asiatic Churches and the composition of this book: e.g. they are reproached for faults and corruptions that do not speedily arise; the Nicolaitans had separated themselves into a sect; there had been open persecutions, and Antipas had been martyred at Pergamos (ii. 13).

Summary. I. PREFATORY: The Divine authority of the record. The narrative of the first vision, respecting the Churches of proconsular Asia (i).

- II. THE MESSAGES TO THE SEVEN CHURCHES (ii, iii): viz.-
- (1) EPHESUS: reproof for forsaking its first love and first works.
- (2) SMYRNA: commendation of works, poverty, endurance of persecution.
- (3) PERGAMOS: reproof for false doctrine, immoral conduct, idolatrous pollution.
- (4) THYATIRA: reproof to one party for similar corruptions; commendation to the other for their fidelity.
- (5) SARDIS: reproof for spiritual deadness with mere nominal life.
 - (6) PHILADELPHIA: approval of its steadfastness and patience.
 - (7) LAODICEA: rebuke for lukewarmness.

These predictions have long been fulfilled; but much of the book is still a mystery, though generally regarded as prophetic of the history of the Church from the close of the first century to the end of time. By some the major part is considered to have had its fulfilment in the early ages of the Church; by others to have been gradually realised by successive religious revivals and persecutions; by others it is regarded as a picture of the historical epochs of the world and the Church. Its outline is as follows:—

III. THE PROPHETIC VISIONS: viz .-

- (1) The Divine glory, sealed book, and the Lamb (iv, v).
- (2) The vision of the opening of six seals; the sealing of 144,000 Israelites; the worship by innumerable multitudes of saints; and the opening of the seventh seal (vi, vii).
- (3) The vision of an angel offering incense on the golden altar, followed by the sounding of six trumpets (viii, ix).
- (4) The vision of an angel with an open scroll; seven thunders, and the angel's proclamation (x); measuring the temple and altar; the two witnesses; sounding of the seventh trumpet (x, xi).
- (5) The vision of the woman and the dragon; the conflict between Michael and the dragon; rescue of the woman; the rising of a beast from the sea, and of another from the earth (xii, xiii).
- (6) The vision of the Lamb and the 144,000 on Mount Sion; the proclamations of the three angels; the harvest and vintage (xiv).
- (7) The pouring out of the seven vials of wrath (xv, xvi); the woman sitting upon the beast (xvii); the angel's proclamation of the fall of Babylon, followed by songs of praise and triumph (xviii, xix. I-IO).
- (8) The vision of the "Word of God," attended by the faithful, who destroy the three great enemies, viz. the beast, false prophet, and confederate kings (xix. 11-21); the binding of the dragon for 1000 years; the reign of righteousness, and final conflict (xx. 1-10).
- (9) Visions of the last judgment, the new heaven, new earth, new Jerusalem (xx. 11—xxii. 5), with closing addresses from the angel, Christ, and John, enjoining the universal proclamation of these visions, attesting the certainty and speedy accomplishment of the predictions, and concluding with final benediction (xxii. 6-21).

XVI. HARMONY OF THE GOSPELS.

B.C.	Events.	Locality.	Matt.	Mark.	Luke.	John.
10	The Divinity of Christ	Jernsalem Nazareth Hebron, or Jut-	 i. 18		i. 1–4 i. 5–25 i. 27 i. 26–38	i. 1–5
4 4 3 A.D. 1 1 7 7 7 -26	Her return to Nazareth Joseph's vision Birth and infancy of John the Baptist Birth of Jesus Adoration by shepherds Circumcision Presentation and purification Genealogies Massacre of the Innocents Return to Nazareth Childhood of Jesus With the doctors in the temple Youth of Jesus	Nazareth Hebron Bethlehem "" Jernsalem Egypt Bethlehem Nazareth " Jerusalem " Nazareth " Jerusalem "	1. 20–25 1. 25 1. 17 11. 1–12 11. 13–15 11. 16–18		i. 55-80 ii. 57-80 ii. 27-80 iii. 21 iii. 23 iii. 39 iii. 40 iii. 40 iii. 40 iii. 40-50	,
26	Mission of John the Baptist, Ministry of John the Baptist	Bethabara	iii. 1–4 iii. 5 iii. 11, 12	i. 1–8 i. 5 i. 7, 8	iii. 1–6 iii. 7 iii. 15–18	i. 6–15

HARMONY OF THE GOSPELS (continued).

e. John.	13 i. 19–35 ii. 19–35 ii. 19–35 ii. 19–35 ii. 13–23 iii. 12–11 iii. 13–23 iii. 12–14 iv. 46–54 iiv. 46–54 iiv. 46–54 iiv. 46–54 iii. 13–23 iii. 13–24 iii.	
Luke.	iii. 21, 22 iv. 1–13	iv. 42 iv. 44
Mark.	i. 9-11 i. 13, 13 ii. 9-11 ii. 13, 13 ii. 9-11 ii. 14 ii. 14 ii. 12 ii. 13	i. 35 i. 39
Matt.	iii. 13-17 iv. 1-11 iii. iii. iii. iii. iii. iii. iii. iv. 12 iv. 18-22 iv. 18-22 iii. ii.	iv. 23–25
Locality.	Bethabara Wilderness of Judæa Bethabara Cana Capernaum Jerusalem Sychar Sychar Machærus Machærus Machærus Nazareth Capernaum	::
Events.	Baptism of Jesus by John the Baptist Temptation of Jesus John the Baptist's second testimony Call of first disciples (five) Whist to Capernaum Visit to Capernaum	First General Circuit. Preparatory Prayer
A.D.	26 27 27 27	27

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GOSPELS
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HARMONY

A,D.	Events.	Locality.	Matt.	Mark.	Luke.	John.	
1	SERMON ON THE MOUNT,	Hill above Gen- nesaret	v.—vii. 27				
	Sermon in the boat; miraculous draught of fish Healing of a leper	بب	viii. 2-4	i. 40	V. I V. 12		
	Healing of palsied man	Capernaum	ix. 2 ix. 9	ii. 13–18	v. 17 v. 27–33		
	Second Year's Ministry.						
83	Second PASSOVER	Jerusalem	:	:	:	V. I	
	The Sabbath; plucking corn	Galilee	xii. 1	ii. 23	vi. 1	74-7	
	puzi	Capemanm	XII. 10	ii. I	vi. 6		
	Retirement for brayer		; : [:	iii. 13	vi. 12		
		::	x. 2-4	iii. 14	vi. 13		
	.5	" (near)			vi. 17–49		
	Raising son of widow of Nain	Nain,	CC	: : : :	vii. 11		
	Message from John Baptist; Christ's testimony	Capérnaum	xi. 2-7		vii. 17-24		
	Warning to Chorazin, &c	: (xi: 20-28		:		
	Mary Magdalene	Capernaum (?)	:	: :	V11. 30		
	Second General Circuit.						
82	Through Galilee	Galilee	::	iii. 19	viii. 1-3		
		dann	XII. 22	111. 22			
			xii. 43				
	f His relatives	: :	xii. 46	iii. 31			

Plain of Gen xiii. 1-9, nesaret 18-23			10
Plain of Gen- xiii. 1-9, iv. 1, 14	John.	vi. 1 vi. 19 vi. 22-70	
Plain of Gen- xiii, I-9, nesaret 18-23 xiii, 24 xiii, 31 xiii, 31 xiii, 31 xiii, 31 xiii, 31 xiii, 31 xiii, 44 xiii, 31 xiii, 45 xiii, 45 xiii, 45 xiii, 45 xiii, 45 xiii, 45 xiii, 47 xiii, 24 xiii, 28 Gadara xiii, 28 xiii, 47 xiii, 28 Gapernaum xiii, 16 xiii, 17 xiiii, 17 xiii, 17 xiiii, 17 xiii, 17 xiiii, 17 xiii, 17 xiii, 17 xiii, 17 xiii, 17 xiii, 17	Luke.	viii. 4 11 -15 viii. 16 viii. 23 viii. 27 viii. 41 viii. 7 ix. 1-3 ix. 7 ix. 7 ix. 7	
rd seed	Mark.	iv. 1, 14 -20 iv. 30 iv. 37 v. 1 v. 21 vi. 6-11 vi. 39 vi. 39 vi. 39 vi. 39 vi. 39 vi. 30 vi. 30 vi. 30	vii. 1-23
rd seed	Matt.	xiii. 1-9, xiii. 1-9, xiii. 24 xiii. 31 xiii. 31 xiii. 31 xiii. 47 xiii. 47 xiii. 47 xiii. 47 xiii. 47 xiii. 48 xiii. 47 xiii. 48 xiii. 48 xiii. 48 xiii. 48 xiii. 15 xii. 16, 17 xii. 16, 17 xii. 17 xii. 18	xv. I-20
rd seed	Locality.	Plain of Gennesaret Sea of Gennesaret Capernaum Capernaum """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ ""	:
	Events.	rd seed	Discourse on pollution

HARMONY OF THE GOSPELS (continued).

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Miracles:—Healing of the deaf and dumb man of many sick
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John.

A.D.

xix. 12

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xx. 1 ... xx. 29

Jericho...

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*Healing blind Bartimæus

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HARMON Events.	7 OF 7	HARMONY OF THE GOSPELS (continued). Locality. Matt.	continued). Matt.	Mark.	Luke.
*Christ's repulse by the Samaritans *Mission of the Samarita	:	Calilee	:	:	x. 1-17
*Parable of the Good Samaritan	: :	Terusalem	: :	: : : :	x 30
:	:	Bethany	:	:	x. 38
	:	Mount of Olives	vi. 9-13	:	xi. 2-4
Parable of the importunity of a friend .	:	" "	:	:	
The dumb spirit	:	Jernsalem	:	:	x1. 14
	:	:	:	:	xii. 10
God's providence to birds and flowers .	:	:	:	:	xii. 22-30
The barren fig-tree	:	:	:	:	xiii. o
The woman with an infirmity	:	:	:	:	xiii. 11
:	:	:	:	:	xiii. 18
*Healing the man with dropsy	:	:	:	:	xiv. 1-4
*Lesson on humility	:	::	:	:	xiv. 7
Parables:—The Great Supper	:	:	:	:	XIV. IZ
Lost sheep and piece of silver	silver	:	:	:	xv. I
Prodigal son	:		:	:	xv. II
Unjust steward	:	. ::	:	:	xvi. I
Rich man and Lazarus	:	::	:	:	xvi. 19
*The ten lepers	:	Samaria	:	:	xvii. 11
Parables: —Importunate widow	:	Jerusalem	:	:	xviii. I
an	:	::	:	:	xviii. 9
	:	:	xix. 16	x. 17	xviii. 18
Labourers in the vineyard .	:	:	XX. I		
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^{*} As an interval of nearly three months occurred between the Feasts of Tabernacles and Dedication, some place the events marked * in that interval, and vary their order, putting the "healing of the ten lepers" immediately after the "repulse by the Samaritans."

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(conti
GOSPELS
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A.D.	Events.	Locality:	Matt.	Mark.	Luke.	John.
	The Last Passover.		` .	•		:
29	The supper in Simon's house	Bethany	xxvi.6-13	xiv. 3–9	:	XII. I
	Triumphal entry into the temple	Ternsalem	xxi. I-17	xi. 1-11	xix. 29-41	xii. 12–20
		Bethany	xxi. 17	xi. 11	· ·	
	:	Mount of Olives	xxi. 18	xi. 12	•	
	Cleansing the temple	Jerusalem	xxi. 12	xi. 15	xix. 45	
	Retirement to Bethany	Bethany	:	vi. 19		
	The withered fig-tree and its lesson	Mount of Olives	:	xi. 20		
	Discourses in the temple:—					
	The father and two sons	Jerusalem	xxi. 28			
	The wicked husbandmen		xxi. 33	xii. 1	xx. 9	
	The wedding garment		xxii. 1	;		
	Tribute money	:	xxii. 15	xii. 13	xx. 20	
	l resurrection	::	xxii. 23	xii. 18	xx. 27	
	" Great commandment		xxii. 34	xii. 28		
	" Widow's mite	:	:	xii. 41	xxi. I	
	" Eight woes	:	xxiii			
	Destruction of Jerusalem and of the					
	world	:	xxiv. 1	xiii. I	xxi. 5	
	:	Mount of Olives	xxv. I			
	" Talents	66 66	xxv. 14			
	" Sheep and goats		xxv. 31			
	Warning of the betrayal	Bethany	xxvi. I			
	:	Jerusalem	xxvi. 3	xiv. 1	xxii. 1	
	Indas' betrayal	:	xxvi. 14	xiv. 10	xxii. 3	
	Preparation of the Passover	:	xxvi. 17	xiv, 12	xxii. 7	
	Washing the apostles' feet	:	:	:	:	xiii. 1-17
_	The breaking of bread	: "	xxvi. 26	xiv. 22	xxii. 19	

HARMONY OF THE GOSPELS (continued).

John.	xxii, 21 xxii, 21 xxii, 34 xxii, 34 xxii, 34 xxii, 39 xxii, 39 xxii, 43, 44 xxii, 43, 44 xxii, 43, 44 xxii, 44, 47 xxii, 54 xxii, 55 xxii, 55 xxii, 55 xxii, 55 xxii, 58
Luke.	xxii. 21 xxii. 34 xxii. 34 xxii. 39 xxii. 45 xxii. 45 xxii. 50 xxii. 51 xxii. 57
Mark.	xiv. 19 xiv. 30 xiv. 36 xiv. 26 xiv. 33 xiv. 33 xiv. 34.4 xiv. 37.41 xiv. 47.4 xiv. 47.4 xiv. 50 xiv. 50 xiv. 51 xiv. 61 xiv. 64. 65 xiv. 64 xiv. 64 xiv. 64 xiv. 64 xiv. 61
Matt.	xxvi. 22–25 xxvi. 34 xxvi. 34 xxvi. 36 xxvi. 37 xxvi. 37 xxvi. 37 xxvi. 47–56 xxvi. 51 xxvi. 56 xxvi. 56 xxvi. 56 xxvi. 56 xxvi. 56 xxvi. 66, 67 xxvi. 67 xxvi. 68 xxvi. 66, 67 xxvi. 63 xxvi. 66, 67 xxvii. 3 xxvii. 26
Locality.	Jerusalem """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
	:: '\$' :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Events.	"One of you shall betray me" "Is it I?" The giving of the sop. "That thou doest, do quickly". Departure of Judas Peter warned Blessing the cup. The discourses after supper Christ's prayer for His apostles The agony His prayer (repeated thrice) His sweat, and the angel's comfort. The agony Ghrist heals the ear of Malchus "forsaken by His disciples "forsaken b
A.D.	53

(continued).
GOSPELS
OF THE
HARMONY

John.	xix. 2 xix. 5	xix. 14	xix. 16 xix. 18	xix. 19 xix. 23	xix. 26, 27	xix. 28 xix. 29 xix. 30
Luke.	xxiii. 2	xxiii. 17	xxiii. 25 xxiii. 26 xxiii. 36 xxiii. 33	xxiii. 38 xxiii. 34 xxiii. 23–34	xxiii. 35 xxiii. 40 xxiii. 43 	 xxiii. 46
Mark.	xv. 17 xv. 2	xv. 6	xv. 15 xv. 21 xv. 23	xv. 26	xv. 33	xv. 36
Matt.	xxvii. 29 xxvii. 11	xxvii. 15 xxvii. 19 xxvii. 24	xxvii. 32 xxvii. 32 xxvii. 34 xxvii. 35	xxvii. 37	xxvii. 45	xxvii. 48
Locality.	Jerusalem ""		" " Golgotha			
Events.	h thoms Pilate: "Behold the man sally e to Herod, mocked, array	"Behold your King !" Pilate desires to release Him "receives a message from his wife "washee his hands "yashee his hands	", releases bataboas delivers Jesus to be crucified Simon of Cyrene carries the cross They give Him vinegar and gall They nail Him to the cross	7ords. I vesture allotted		5. Thirst. 5. It is finished. 7. Father, into thy hands I commend my spirit
A.D.	29					

•	
(continued)	
GOSPELS	
THE	
Ö	
MONY	
HARM	

John.	xix. 34 xix. 38–42	xx. 1, 2 xx. 3	xx. 14 xx. 17	xx. 19
Luke,	xxiii. 45 xxiii. 47 xxiii. 49 xxiii. 53	 xxiv. 12 xxiv. 1	:: :	xxiv. 34 xxiv. 34 xxiv. 36
Mark.	xv. 38 xv. 39 xv. 40 xv. 46	xvi. 2	xvi. 9, 10	xvi. 12
Matt.	xxvii. 51 xxvii. 52 xxvii. 54 xxvii. 55 xxvii. 57-60 xxvii. 57-60	xxviii. 1 xxviii. 2 xxviii. 8 xxviii. 11-15	xxviii. 9	: ::
Locality.	Jerusalem xxvii. 51 xv. 38 Golgotha xxvii. 54 xv. 39 ,,, xxvii. 55 xv. 40 The Garden xxvii. 55.66 xv. 46	xxviii. 1 xxviii. 2 yeusalem xxviii. 3 The Garden Jerusalem xxviii. 1	The Garden ,,	Emmaus Jerusalem
Events,	Rending of the veil	The Great Forty Days. Women carry spices to the tomb An angel had rolled away the stone Women announce the resurrection Peter and John run to the tomb The women return to the tomb		3. To two disciples going to Emmans
A.D.	59			1

<u></u>	Events.	Locality.	Matt.	Mark.	Luke.	John.
9	"Receive ye the Holy Ghost. Whose soever sins ye remit," &c. 6. To the elevate mostles in the upper room Jerusalem	Jerusalem	:	xvi. 14	:	xx. 26
1	"Reach hither they finger," &c. "Reach hither they finger," &c. "Blessed are they that have not seen, and yet have believed." To the disciples of the See of Tiberies.	Tiberias	,	:		xxi. 1-24.
- 00	"Feed my sheep." Feed my lambs." "Feed my sheep. Feed my lambs." " To eleven anostles on a mountain in Galilee	Galilee	xxviii. 16		: :	
•	"All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth."					
	"Go ye and teach all nations, baptizing them," &c.	ı	J 10-5112			
6	end of the world. Amen." 9. To five hundred brethren at once	Galilee, or Bethany				
2112	10. To James (I Cor. xv. 7) 11. Ascension (I Cor. xv. 7) 12. To Paul (I Cor. xv. 8)	Bethany Damascus (?)	:	xvi. 19	xxiv. 50, 51	

XVII. OUR LORD'S MIRACLES.

Miracles.	Locality.	Matt.	Mark	Luke	John
I. Narrated in one Gospel only.					
Two blind men healed	Capernaum	ix.			
A dumb demoniac healed		ix.			
Stater in the mouth of the fish	,,	xvii.			
The deaf and dumb man-healed	Decapolis		vii.	ļ	
A blind man healed	Bethsaida		viii.		
When Christ passed unseen through			1		
the multitude	Nazareth			iv.	
Draught of fish	Bethsaida			v.	1
Raising the widow's son	Nain			.vii.	
Healing the woman with an infirmity	Jerusalem			xiii.	İ
,, ,, man with the dropsy	,,			xiv.	
,, ,, ten lepers	Samaria			xvii.	
,, ,, ear of Malchus, servant			i		ļ
of the high priest	Gethsemane	•••		xxii.	
Turning water into wine	Cana			٠	ii.
Healing the nobleman's son (of fever)	,,				iv.
,, ,, impotent man at Beth-		1	1		
esda	Jerusalem				v.
,, ,, man born blind ·	,,				ix.
Raising of Lazarus	Bethany				xi.
Draught of fish	Bethsaida		•••		xx
II. Narrated in two Gospels.					
Healing the daughter of the Syro-		l	ſ	1	1
	·Tyre	xv.	vii.	1	İ
Feeding the four thousand	Gennesaret (?)	xv.	viii.		
Cursing the fig-tree	Mount of Olives		xi.	1	
Healing centurion's servant (of palsy)	Capernaum	viii.		vii.	1
The blind and dumb demoniac	Galilee	xii.		xi.	
The demoniac in a synagogue	Capernaum		i.	iv.	}
• • •	Cupomaan		"		1
III. Narrated in three Gospels.	Sea of Galilee	viii.	iv.	viii.	
Stilling the storm	A 1	viii.	v.	viii.	1
	Capernaum	ix.	v.	viii.	l
Healing Jairus' daughter woman with issue of blood	Gennesaret	ix.	v.	viii.	1
the man sick of the palsy	Capernaum	ix.	ii.	v	1
	Gennesaret	viii.	i.	v.	1
Peter's mother-in-law	Bethsaida	viii.	i.	iv.	1
the man with a withered	Logisaida (V 1111.	"	1	1
	Capernaum	xii.	iii.	vi.	1
demoniae child	Mount Tabor (?)		ix.	ix.	1
,, demoniac child blind Bartimæus	Jericho	XX.	X.	xviii	.
,,	Sea of Galilee	xiv.	vi.		vi
		A	'	"	-
IV. Narrated in four Gospels.	. Doshooida			ix.	vi
Feeding the five thousand	Bethsaida	xiv.	vi.	12.	VI
a vouling and	(Julias)	ļ			

XVIII. OUR LORD'S PARABLES.

Parables.	Locality.	Matt.	Mark	Luke	Lessons.
I. Recorded in one Gospel only.					
The tares	Gennesaret	xiii.			Good and evil in life and judgment.
The hid treasure The goodly pearl	,,	xiii.			Value of the Gospel. Christian seeking sal-
The draw-net	,,	xiii.			vation. Visible Church of
The unmerciful ser-		xviii.		•••	Christ.
vant	Capernaum			•••	Danger of ingrati- tude.
The labourers in the vineyard	Jerusalem	xx.		•••	Call at various epochs.
The two sons	Jerusalem	xxi.			Insincerity and repentance.
The marriage of the king's son	Mount of Olives	xxii.		• ••	Need of righteous- ness.
The ten virgins	,,	xxv.		•••	Watchful and care less profession.
The ten talents The sheep and goats	,,	xxv.		•••	Use of advantages.
the sheep and goats	**	xxv.		•••	Final separation of good and bad.
The seed growing secretly	Gennesaret		iv.	•••	Gradual growth of religion.
The householder	~		xiii.		Watchfulness.
The two debtors The good Samaritan	Galilee Jerusalem		:::	vii. x.	Gratitude for pardor Compassion to suf-
The friend at mid-	,,	•••		xi.	fering. Perseverance in
The rich fool The wedding feast	"			xii.	prayer. Worldly-mindedness Vigilance towards
The wise steward	"			xii.	Second Advent. Conscientiousness in
The barren fig-tree				xiii.	trust. Unprofitableness un
The great supper	••				der grace.
	"	•••		xiv.	Universality of the Divine call.
The piece of money The prodigal son	3.0			xv. xv.	Joy over penitence. Fatherly love to peni-
The unjust steward	»,			xvi.	tent son. Preparation for eter-
The rich man and	**		, •••	xvi.	nity. Recompense of fu-
Lazarus The unprofitable ser-	,,	•••	·	xvii.	ture life. God's claim to all
vants The unjust judge	71			xviii.	our services. Advantage of per-

OUR LORD'S PARABLES (continued).

Parables.	Locality.	Matt.	Mark	Luke	Lessons.
The Pharisee and publican	Jerusalem			xviii.	Self-righteousness and humility.
The pounds	"	•••		xix.	Diligence rewarded, sloth punished.
II. Recorded in two Gospels.			!		
House on rock, and on the sand	Galilee	vii.		vi.	Consistent and false profession.
The leaven	Gennesaret	xiii.		viii.	Pervading influence of religion.
The lost sheep	Jerusalem	xviii.	•••	xv.	Joy over penitent.
III. Recorded in three Gospels.					
New cloth and old garment	Capernaum	ix.	ii.	v.	New doctrine on old prejudices.
New wine in old bottles	,,	ix.	ii.	v.	New spirit in unre- generate heart.
The sower	Gennesaret	xiii.	iv.	viii.	Hearers divided into
The mustard-seed	,,	xiii.	iv.	xiii.	Spread of Gospel.
The wicked husband- men	Jerusalem	xxi.	xii.	xx.	Rejection of Christ by the Jews.
The fig-tree and all the trees	Mount of Olives.	xxiv.	xiii.	xxi.	Indications of Se cond Advent.
				}	cond Ad

N.B.-These miracles and parables are grouped according to their record by the Evangelists; for their chronological position reference must be made to the "Harmony."

XIX. THE NAMES, TITLES, AND OFFICES OF CHRIST.

Adam, the Second, 1 Cor. 15. 45, 47. Advocate, an, I John 2. I.

¹ Alpha and Omega, Rev. 1.8; 22 13.

Amen, Rev. 3. 14.

² Author and Finisher of our faith, Heb. 12. 2.

Author of eternal salvation, Heb. 5.9.

Beginning of the creation of God, Rev. 3. 14. Blessed and only Potentate, I

Tim. 6. 15. Branch, Zech. 3. 8; 6. 12.

Bread of God, John 6. 33.

Bread of Life, John 6. 35.

³ Captain of Salvation, Heb. 2. 10.

N.B .- In the REVISED NEW TESTAMENT, 1881, the lines to which figures are prefixed are given as follows:-

³ Author of Salvation 1 The Alpha and the Omega. ² Author and Perfecter.

4 Child, Holy, Acts 4. 27. Child, Little, Isa, 11, 6, ⁵ Christ, the, Matt. 16. 16; Mark 8. 29; Luke 9. 20; John 6. 69. Corner-stone, Eph. 2. 20; 1 Pet. 2.6. Counsellor, Isa. 9. 6. David, Jer. 30. 9; Ezek. 34. 23; 37. 24; Hos. 3.5. David, Son of, Matt. 9. 27; 21. 9. Day-spring, Luke 1. 78. Deliverer, Rom. 11. 26. Desire of all nations, Hag. z. 7. ⁸ Emmanuel, Isa. 7. 14; Matt. 1. 23. Everlasting Father, Isa. o. 6. Faithful witness, Rev. 1. 5; 3. 14. First and Last, Rev. 1. 17. First-begotten of the dead, Rev. 1.5. God, Isa. 40. 9; John 20. 28; 1 John God blessed for ever, Rom. q. 5. Good Shepherd, John 10, 11. Governor, Matt. 2. 6. Great High Priest, Heb. 4. 14. High Priest, Heb. 5. 10. 8 Holy child Jesus, Acts 4. 27. Holy, the most, Dan. 9, 24. 9 Holy One, Luke 4. 34; Acts 3. 14; Rev. 3. 7. 10 Holy Thing, Luke 1. 35. Horn of Salvation, Luke 1. 69. I AM, Ex. 3. 14, with John 8. 58. Image of God, 2 Cor. 4. 4. Jehovah, Isa. 26. 4. . Jesus, Matt. 1. 21; 1 Thess. 1. 10. ¹¹Just One, Acts 3. 14; 7. 52; 22. 14. King of Israel, John 1. 49. King of the Jews, Matt. 2. 2. King of kings, 1 Tim. 6. 15; Rev. 17. 14; 19. 16.

Lamb of God, John 1. 29, 36.

Lawgiver, Isa. 33. 22. Life, the, John 14. 6. Life, Bread of, John 6. 35. Light of the world, John 8.12; 9.5. Light, True, John 1. 9; 12. 35. Lion of the tribe of Judah, Rev. 5.5. Living stone, I Pet. 2. 4. Lord, Matt. 3. 3; Mark 11. 3. Lord God, Almighty, Rev. 15. 3; 12- of Holy Prophets, 22. 6. Lord of all, Acts 10. 36. Lord of Glory, I Cor. 2. 8. Lord of lords, 1 Tim. 6. 15; Rev. 17. 14; 19. 16. Lord our Righteousness, Jer. 23.6. Maker and Preserver of all things, John 1. 3, 10; 1 Cor. 8. 6; Col. 1. 16; Heb. 1. 2, 10; Rev. 4. 11. Mediator, I Tim. 2. 5. 13 Mediator of the new covenant, Heb. 12. 24. Messiah, Dan. 9. 25; John I. 41. Mighty God, Isa. 9. 6. Mighty One of Jacob, Isa. 60. 16. Morning star, Rev. 22. 16. Nazsrene, Matt. 2. 23. Passover, our, I Cor. 5. 7. Priest for ever, Heb. 5. 6. Prince, Acts 5. 31. Prince of Life, Acts 3. 15. Prince of Peace, Isa. 9. 6. 12 Prince of the kings of the earth, Rev. 1. 5. Prophet, Deut, 18. 15; Luke 24. 19. Redeemer, Job 19. 25; Isa. 59. 20. Righteous, the, I John 2. I. Root and offspring of David, Rev. 22. 16. Root of David, Rev. 5. 5. Ruler in Israel, Mic. 5. 2. Same yesterday, to-day, and for ever, Heb. 13. 8. Saviour, Luke 2. 11; Acts 5. 31. Shepherd and Bishop of souls, I Pet. 2, 25.

[†] Holy Servant.

The Holy One of God (John 6. 69).

Holy Servant Jesus.

Holy and Righteous One (Acts 3. 14);

He that is holy (Rev. 3. 7).

The Lord, the God of the Spirits of the Prophets.

He arth.

Shepherd in the land, Zech. II. 16.
Shepherd of the sheep, Great, Hcb.
13. 20.
Shiloh, Gen. 49. 10.
Son, a, Heb. 3. 6.
Son, the, Ps. 2. 12.

Son, My beloved, Matt. 3. 17; 17.
5; Luke 9. 35.
Son, only-begotten, John 1. 14, 18;
3. 16, 18.
Son of David, Matt. 9. 27; 21. 9.
Son of God, Matt. 8. 29; Luke 1.

Son of Man, Matt. 8. 20; John I.

51; Acts 7. 56.

I'Star, bright and morning, Rev. 22. 16.
Star and Sceptre, Num. 24. 17.
Truth, the, John 14. 6.
Vine, the, John 15. 5.
Vine, true, John 15. 1.
Way, John 14. 6.
Witness, faithful and true, Rev. 3. 14.
Wonderful, Isa. 9. 6.

Word, John 1. 1. Word of God, Rev. 19. 13.

16 Son of the Highest, Luke 1. 32.

XX. PROPHECIES RELATING TO CHRIST.

Adoration by Magi, Ps. 72. 10, 15; Isa, 60, 3, 6. Advent, Gen. 3. 15; Deut. 18. 15; Ps. 89. 20; Isa. 2. 2; 9. 6; 28. 16; 32. 1; 35. 4; 42. 6; 49. 1; 55. 4; Ezek. 34. 24; Dan. 2. 44; Mic. 4. 1; Zech. 3. 8. Advent, time of, Gen. 49. 10; Num. 24. 17; Dan. 9. 24; Hag. 2. 7; Mal. 3. 1. Ascension and exaltation. Ps. 16. 11; 24. 7; 68. 18; 110. 1; 118. 10. Betraval by own friend, Ps. 41. 9; 55. I3. Betrayal for thirty pieces, Zech. 11. Betrayer's death, Ps. 55. 15, 23; 109. 17. Bone not to be broken, Ps. 34. 20. Burial with the rich, Isa. 53. 9. Casting lots for vesture, Ps. 22. 18. Conversion of Gentiles, Isa. 11. 10; 42. I. Crucifixion, Ps. 22. 14, 17. Death in prime of life, Ps. 89. 45; IO2. 24. Death with malefactors, Isa. 53. 9, 12.

Death attested by convulsions of nature, Amos 5. 20; 8. 9; Zech. 14. 4, 6. Descent into Egypt, Hos. 11, 1. Desertion by disciples, Zech. 13. 7. Divinity, Ps. z. 11; 45. 7; 72. 8; 110. 1; Isa. 9. 6; 25. 9; 40. 10; Jer. 23. 6; Mic. 5. 2; Mal. 3. 1. Dominion universal and everlasting, Ps. 72, 8; Isa. 9. 7; Dan. 7. 14. False accusation, Ps. 27. 12; 35. 11; 100. 2. Forerunner of Christ, Isa. 40. 3; Mal. 3. 1; 4. 5. Galilee, ministry in, Isa. 9. 1, 2. Gall and vinegar, offer of, Ps. 69. 21. Generation, human, Gen. 12. 3; 18. 18; 21, 12; 22, 18; 26, 4; 28, 14; 49. 10; Ps. 18. 50; 89. 4, 29, 36; 132. 11; Isa. 11. 1; Jer. 23. 5; 33. Insult, buffeting, spitting, scourging, Ps. 35. 15, 21; Isa. 50. 6. Massacre of Innocents, Jer. 31. 15. Miraculous power, Isa. 35. 5. Mission, Gen. 12. 3; 49. 10; Num. 24. 19; Dent. 18. 18; Ps. 21. 1; Isa. 50. 20; Jer. 33. 16.

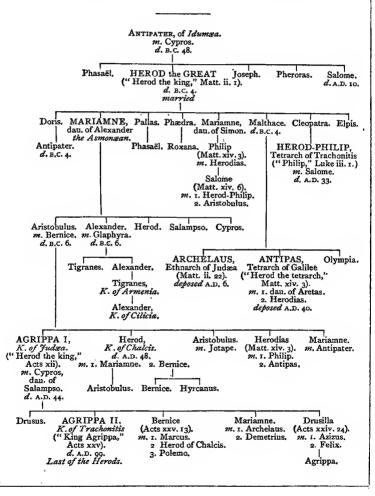
Nativity, from virgin, Gen. 3. 15; Isa. 7. 14; Jer. 31. 22. Nativity, place of, Num. 24. 17, 19; Mic. 5. 2. Patience under suffering, Isa. 53. 7, 9. Resurrection, Ps. 16. 10; 30. 3; 41.	•
Nativity, place of, Num. 24. 17, 19; Rejection by Jews and Gentiles, Mic. 5. 2. Ps. 2. 1; 22. 12; 41. 5.	
Mic. 5. 2. Ps. 2. 1; 22. 12; 41. 5.	
	,
Patience under suffering, Isa, 53, 7, 9, Resurrection, Ps. 16, 10; 30, 3; 41.	
Persecution, Ps. 22. 6; 35. 7, 12; 10; 118. 17; Hos. 6. 2.	
109. 2; Isa. 49. 7; 53. 3. Silence under accusation, Ps. 38.	
Piercing, Ps. 22. 16; Zech. 12. 10; 13; Isa. 53. 7.	
13. 6. Spiritual graces, Ps. 45. 7; Isa. 11.	
Prayer for enemies, Ps. 109. 4. 2; 42. 1; 61. 1.	
Prescher, Ps. 2. 7; Isa. 2. 3; 61. 1; Triumphal entry into Jerusalem,	,
Mic. 4. 2. Ps. 8. 2; Zech. 9. 9.	
Priest like Melchizedek, Ps. 110. 4. Vicarious suffering, Isa. 53. 4-6, 12;	;
Prophet like Moses, Dent. 18. 15. Dan. 9. 26.	

XXI. RECORDED APPEARANCES OF CHRIST AFTER HIS RESURRECTION.

Appearances.	Time.	Place.
Before Ascension. 1. To Mary Magdalene 2. To other women from Galilee. 3. To two Disciples 4. To Peter 5. To ten Apostles (with Thomas). 7. To seven Apostles and others fishing. 8. To five hundred brethren at	Day of His resurrection "" Sunday after His resurrection. Week following His resurrection. (?)	Garden. Jerusalem. Emmaus. Jerusalem. Upper Room. " Tiberias. (?)
once (I Cor. xv). 9. To James the Less (I Cor. xv) 10. To eleven Apostles and others.	Unknown Ascension Day	Jerusalem. Bethany.
After Ascension. 11. To Stephen at his martyrdom (Acts vii. 56). 12. To Paul at his conversion (I Cor. xv). 13. To the Apostle John (Rev. i).		Jerusalem. Damascus. Patmos.

XXII. FAMILY OF THE HERODS.

(FROM LEWIN'S ."LIFE AND EPISTLES OF SAINT PAUL.")



XXIII. CHRONOLOGY OF THE ACTS AND EPISTLES.

YEAR OF ROME.	A.D.	occurrênces.
(Tiberius.)	30	Introduction to the Acts of the Apostles (i. 1-14).
783-788	30-35	Events till the appointment of deacons (i. 15-vi. 6),
1-0 1	35-40	" the conversion of Cornelius (vi. 7—x).
(Caligula.)	40-43	", the establishment of the Church at Antioch (xi. 1-26).
	43-46	,, the end of Paul's first missionary journey (xi. 27—xiv. 28).
(Claudius.)	46-54	,, the end of Paul's second missionary journey (xv. 11—xviii. 22).
(Nero.)	55 - 60	EPISTLES:—1 Thess. (52); 2 Thess. (53). the end of Paul's third missionary journey (xviii. 23—xxvi).
		EPISTLES:—I Cor. (57); 2 Cor., Gal. (57); Rom. (58).
814-816 (<i>Nero.</i>)	60-63	Paul's imprisonment at Cæsarea, and voyage to Rome (xxvii, xxviii).
	61	James' General Epistle to the Jewish Christians.
	62	Paul writes his Epistle to the Ephesians.
		Timothy and Epaphroditus arrive at Rome, bringing tidings from Colosse (Col. i. 1-7).
		Paul's Epistle to the Colossians. Paul's Epistle to Philemon, on behalf of Onesimus, his runaway slave.
	63	Paul's Epistle to the Philippians.
	63	Paul's Epistle to the Hebrews, explaining how the Old Dispensation is developed into the New. Timothy liberated (Heb. xiii).
	63	Paul visits Crete; leaves Titus in charge of the Church there.
	63	Peter writes his first Epistle to Jews and Gentiles scat- tered abroad and persecuted.
	64	Paul goes to Macedonia.
	64	Paul writes his first Epistle to Timothy, at Ephesus (I Tim. i—vi).
		Paul writes his Epistle to Titus.
		Paul winters at Nicopolis, Dalmatia, Troas.
	65 (?)	Jude writes his Epistle.
	65	Peter writes his second Epistle to Jewish and Gentile Christians scattered through Poutus.
	65	Paul's second imprisonment in Rome; he is tried before Nero.

CHRONOLOGY OF THE ACTS AND EPISTLES (continued).

YEAR OF ROME.	A.D.	occurrences.
820	66	Paul's second Epistle to Timothy, summoning him to Rome. Paul's martyrdom. Peter's martyrdom at Rome.
825	71	Destruction of Jerusalem by Titus
850	75 (?) 96 97	John writes his three Epistles. Jude writes his Epistle. John writes the Book of Revelation. John writes his Gospel.

XXIV. PAUL'S MISSIONARY JOURNEYS.

I. WITH BARNABAS AND JOHN MARK (Acts xiii, xiv).

Antioch (in Syria), the centre of Gentile evangelisation. Barnabas and Saul, specially called by the Holy Ghost to mission work, and taking with them John Mark, go to

Seleucia (port of Antioch), whence they sail to the island of

Cyprus (the native place of Barnabas), landing at the eastern extremity, at

Salamis, a populous mercantile port. The apostles preached in the synagogues there; then traversed the isle (100 miles) to

Paphos, its western extremity, the capital city. Here Elymas was struck blind, and the Roman proconsul, Sergius Paulus, converted. They crossed to the southern shore of Asia Minor, landing at

Perga, the ancient port of Pamphylia, whence goods from the interior were exported. Here John Mark left them and returned home. The apostles went up into the mountains, on which journey they are supposed to have suffered the trials enumerated in 2 Cor. xi. 26, 27, till they reached

Antioch (in Pisidia), a central resting-place, just over "the pass," where the great road from Ephesus into Asia intersected the southern road. It was a Roman colony. They preached in the synagogue, the first sabbath to Jews (Paul's first recorded sermon), and the next to Gentiles. Ejected subsequently by the rulers, they followed the great road to

Iconium (capital of Lycaonia, a dreary plateau). They stayed "a long time," making many converts, till, a factious mob trying to stone them, they fled to

Lystra, a small rural town of simple heathens. Paul healing a

cripple, they were treated as gods (Jupiter and Mercury), till Jews from Iconium followed, declaring them to be impostors, and had them stoned. They fled to

Dorbe, a small town away from the high-road, where they rested awhile, returning by the same route through Lystra, Iconium, Antioch, to

Perga, where they taught with no great success; so sailed back to

Antioch, where they reported their work to a full assembly of the congregation, and abode there a long time (probably six or seven years).

II. WITH SILAS (Acts xv. 36-xviii. 22).

Antioch (in Syria), the starting-point, whence they went by land through

Syria and Cilicia, confirming the Churches, and delivering the decrees of the Council of Jerusalem. Thence across the mountains to

Derbs and Lystra, where Paul circumcised Timothy, and took him with him through

Phrygia and Galatia, where Paul fell sick (Gal. iv. 13), and being forbidden by the Spirit to enter the province of Asia, went into

Mysia; but, again being forbidden to pursue his intended journey to Bithynia, he was divinely guided to

Troas, where he met with Luke; had a vision of a Macedonian inviting him to Greece; embarked, touched at Samothracia, and landed at

Neapolis (Kavala), the seaport; whence he went up by land, across the Pharsalian plain, to

Philippi (in Macedonia), a Roman "colony," i.e. possessing the same laws and rights as Rome itself. Here Lydia was converted; the sorceress was exorcised, and her masters charged the apostles before the magistrates, who scourged and imprisoned them. They were miraculously released by night; converted and baptised the jailer and his household. Paul left here Luke and Timothy, and passed through Amphipolis and Apollonia to

Thessalonica (metropolis of Macedonia), where he stayed three sabbaths. Assailed by a Jewish mob, Jason, his host, being bound over to keep the peace, Paul escaped to

Berœa, where he was well received till persecutors followed him; then he was sent by the brethren to

Athens, probably by sea, leaving Silas, for whom he waited; here

he disputed with the Jews, and conversed with the philosophers, till forced to address the latter on Mars' hill; but, meeting with little success, he retired to

Corinth, a great mercantile centre, which for a year and a-half he made the head-quarters of evangelising efforts in Achaia. Here he was joined by Silas and Timothy, and wrote the two Epistles to the Thessalonians. He was driven from the synagogue, and brought before Gallio; was received by Aquila and Priscilla, whom he converted, and with whom he sailed from

Cenchrese, the eastern port of Corinth, to

Ephesus; where he left Aquila and Priscilla, going on himself to

Cæsarea; whence it is supposed he went by land to Jerusalem, to keep the Feast of Pentecost (xviii. 21), and then returned to

Antioch, where he remained "some time" (probably less than a year).

III. WITH TIMOTHY (Acts xviii. 23-xxi. 33).

Antioch (Syria), starting-point; thence through

Galatia and Phrygia, of which no incidents are recorded, to

Ephesus, where Apollos had baptised converts only to repentance, and with an imperfect form, whom Paul re-baptised; staying there three years, refuting false philosophy and the imposture of sorcerers, who publicly burnt their books, confessing their fraud. He retired from the synagogue; taught in the school of Tyrannus; wrote one Epistle to the Corinthians, and one to the Galatians; remained over the great annual Pan-Ionic festival of Diana, when Demetrius roused the craftsmen, and Paul was sent away by his friends to

Macedonia, where he visited and encouraged his converts in the various places visited in the former journey; passing on into

Greece, where he stayed three months, probably visiting the Churches established at Corinth and in Achaia. He intended to sail from Cenchreæ to Syria, but was waylaid by the Jews, so he sent the main body of his companions on in advance to Troas, viz. Sopater (of Berœa), Aristarchus and Secundus (of Thessalonica), Gaius (of Derbe), Timotheus (of Iconium), Tychicus and Trophimus (of the province of Asia).

Philippi was reached by some secret and unrecorded route by Paul, who was there joined by Luke. They sailed thence together, and in five days reached

Troas, where they remained seven days. Paul preached in an

upper room; Eutychus fell from the window, but was miraculously restored by Paul, who "broke bread" in the congregation, and travelled by land to Assos to meet his companions, who had gone round the coast on board the ship. At

Assos Paul embarked, and they touched at

Mitylene; the next day anchoring off Chios, and the day following put in at

Trogyllium, a promontory on the coast opposite the island of Samos. The next day they touched at

Miletus, where they probably remained two days, as Paul sent a messenger by land to the presbyters of Ephesus to come to him, when he took a solemn farewell of them. Launching thence, they sailed with a fair wind past Coos and Rhodes to

Patara, where they changed vessels, embarking on one sailing direct to Syria; sighting Cyprus, but leaving it to the left (i.e. sailing south of it), they landed at

Tyre, where the vessel discharged her cargo, remaining seven days, and where the disciples warned Paul not to go to Jerusalem. The Christians accompanied him to the ship, knelt on the shore, and prayed; thence they proceeded to

Ptolemais (Acre), remaining one day; from whence they went to

Cæsarea, staying many days with Philip, the deacon, where Agabus bound his own hands and feet with Paul's girdle, signifying the apostle's approaching imprisonment. From thence Paul's party, accompanied by Mnason (of Cyprus), went up by land to

Jerusalem, where they were received by a full assembly of the apostles and elders, who advised Paul to purify himself from his contact with Gentiles by joining four men in the completion of a vow, defraying their expenses. While engaged in these religious exercises he was seized by a tumultuous mob, from whom the Roman chief captain extricated him, put him in prison, and sent him to Cæsarea, to the governor Felix.

XXV. PAUL'S VOYAGE TO ROME,

WITH ARISTARCHUS AND CERTAIN PRISONERS UNDER CHARGE OF JULIUS, A CENTURION OF THE AUGUSTAN COHORT.

Cæsarea. Paul sailed thence in a vessel bound for Adramyttium, touching at

Sidon, where he visited his friends. Thence to leeward of

Cyprus (i.e. on the N. side), under the shores of Cilicia and Pamphylia, to

Myra (a city of Lycia), where they were transhipped to an Alexandrian corn-vessel bound for Italy, which coasted along the southern shore of Asia Minor (130 miles in "many days"), to

Cnidus, the extreme S.W. promontory: where the wind and current from the Archipelago caught and drove the ship southward to

Crete, where they rounded Cape Salmone, and got under the shelter of its southern coast, and sailed along it to

Fair Havens, near which, inland, was Lasea, and where Paul advised them to winter. The harbour however being incommodious, they tried to reach

Phenice, which had a harbour, sheltered towards the N.W. and S.W.; but they were caught by the wind Euroclydon from the N.W.; and under shelter of

Clauda (an island S. of Crete) they prepared for a tempest by striking sail, undergirding the ship, turning her head to the wind, and lying to, so as to avoid being driven on the "Syrtes" to the N. of Libya. So they drifted slowly W. by N., at the rate of 36 miles in 24 hours, till the fourteenth day, i.e. thirteen and a-half days, till midnight = 486 miles; and St. Paul's Bay is 480 miles from Clauda in an exact line W. by N. Second day, "they lightened the ship;" third day, they "cast out the tackling;" fourteenth night, they drew near to land in the neighbourhood of rocks; fourteenth day, they ran the ship aground in a creek of

Melita (Malta), where they landed by swimming, or on portions of wreck. Here the viper fastened on Paul's hand; here also he healed Publius (the chief man of the island) of fever and dysentery. After three months, they sailed in an Alexandrian corn-ship by

Syracuse (Sicily), where they stayed three days; and, making a circuit, they came to

Rhegium (Italy), and after one day they reached

Puteoli (Pozzuoli), in the Bay of Naples, where they rested seven days: thence they went by the Appian Way to

Appli Forum, where brethren from Rome met them, with whom they came to

Rome, and Paul remained in custody of a soldier for two full years in his own hired house.

XXVI. SPECIAL PRAYERS IN THE NEW TESTAMENT.

Of whom recorded.	References.	Subjects.
Apostles Early Church Jesus	Acts 1. 24 Acts 4. 24 Matt. 11. 25, 26	On choosing an apostle. For support under persecution. Thanksgiving.
Jesus Jesus	John 12. 27 — 17	Thanksgiving for the Father's acceptance of His prayer. Imploring His Father's aid. For Himself, His apostles,
Jesus	Matt. 26. 39; Lk. 22.	and all believers. For unity. Under suffering in Gethsemane.
Jesus Jesus	Luke 23. 34 Matt. 27. 46	For His murderers. Under suspension of Divine consolation.
Lord's prayer	Matt. 6.9; Luke 11.2	The model of supplication for relief of human needs.
Penitent thief Pharisee's prayer .	Luke 23. 42 — 18. 11	To be remembered by Jesus. Thanksgiving for his own righteousness.
Publican's prayer . Stephen	— 18. 13 Acts 7. 59, 60	For Divine mercy. Commendation of his soul; forgiveness of his murderers.

XXVII. PASSAGES FROM THE OLD TESTAMENT QUOTED IN THE NEW TESTAMENT.

MATTHEW.

Behold, a virgin shall he with child Thou Bethlehem, in the land of Juda					1. 23.—Is. 7. 14. 2. 6.—Micah 5. 2.
Out of Egypt have I called my son	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	2. 15.—Hos. 11. 1.
In Rama was there a voice heard	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	2. 18.—Jer. 31. 15.
The voice of one crying in the wildern	ess		• • •	•••	3. 3.—Is. 40. 3.
Man shall not live by bread alone	•••	•••	• • •		4. 4.—Deut. 8. 3.
He shall give his angels charge		•••			4. 6.—Ps. 91. 11, 12.
Thou shalt not tempt the Lord	•••	•••	•••	•••	4. 7.—Deut. 6. 16.
Thou shalt worship the Lord thy God	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	4. 10.—Deut. 6. 13.
The land of Zabulon, and the land of I	√eph:	thali	DD.		4. 15, 16.—Is. q. 1, 2;
					42. 7.
Thou shalt not kill	•••	•••		•••	5. 21.—Ex. 20. 13.
Thou shalt not commit adultery	•••				5. 27.—Ex. 20. 14.
Whosoever shall put away his wife	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	5. 31.—Deut. 24. 1.
	•••			•••	5. 33.—Lev. 19. 12.

An eye for an eye, and a tooth for	a to	otn	•••	•••	•••	5. 38.—Exod. 21. 24.
Thou shalt love thy neighbour	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	5. 43.—Lev. 19. 18.
Be ye therefore perfect		•••	• • •	•••	• • •	5. 48.—Gen. 17. 1.
Depart ye that work iniquity		,	•••	•••	• • •	7. 23.—Ps. 6. 8.
Himself took our infirmities		•••	•••	•••	• • •	8. 17.—Is. 53. 4.
I will have mercy, and not sacrifice	е	•••	•••	•••	•••	9. 13; 12. 7.—Hos. 6. 6.
Behold, I send my messenger						11. 10.—Mal. 3. 1.
Behold my servant, whom I have o						
By hearing ye shall hear, and shall						12.18-21.—Is.42.1-4. 13.14,15.—Is.6.9,10.
I will open my mouth in parables		4.144			•••	13. 35.—Ps. 78. 2.
Honour thy father and mother		•••	•••			15. 4.—Ex. 20. 12.
He that curseth father or mother		•••	•••		•••	15. 4.—Ex. 21. 17.
		•••	• • •	•••	•••	15. 4.—Ex. 21. 17.
This people draweth nigh unto me		•••	•••	• • •		15. 8, 9.—Is. 29. 13.
He made them male and fema			•••			19. 4.—Gen. 1. 27.
For this cause shall a man leave for	athe			ner		19. 5.—Gen. 2. 24.
Thou shalt do no murder	. • • •	•••	•••	•••		19. 18.—Ex. 20. 13.
Honour thy father and thy mother			•••	•••		19. 19.—Ex. 20. 12.
Thon shalt love thy neighbour as t			•••	•••	•••	19. 19.—Lev. 19. 18.
Tell ye the daughter of Sion, Beho	old, t	hy K	Cing	come	th	21. 5.—Is. 62. 11;
						Zech. 9. 9.
Blessed is he that cometh in the n	ame	of th	e Lo	$_{ m rd}$		21. g.—Ps. 118. 26.
My house shall be called the house	e of	praye	er			21. 13.—Is. 56. 7.
Ye have made it a den of thieves						21.13.—Jer. 7. 11.
Out of the mouth of babes			•••			21. 16.—Ps. 8. 2.
The stone which the builders rejec						21.42.—Ps.118.22,23.
If a man die, having no children			•••			22. 24.—Deut. 25. 5.
I am the God of Abraham					•••	22. 32.—Ex. 3. 6.
Thou shalt love the Lord thy God						22. 37.—Deut. 6. 5.
Thou shalt love thy neighbour as			•••			22. 39.—Lev. 19. 18.
The Lord said Sit thou on my						22. 44.—Ps. 110. 1.
Blessed is he that cometh in the na						23. 39.—Ps. 118. 26.
					•••	26. 31.—Zech. 13. 7.
I will smite the shepherd				•••	•••	20. 31.—Zech. 13. 7.
And they took the thirty pieces of	SHV	EL	•••	4	•••	27. 9, 10.—Zech. 11.
(T)						12, 13.
They parted my garments		· · · ·	•••	•••	•••	27. 35.—Ps. 22. 18.
My God, my God, why hast thou	torsa	ken :	me r	•••	•••	27. 46.—Ps. 22. 1.
	MA	RK.				
Behold, I send my messenger				***		1. 2.—Mal. 3. 1.
			•••	• • • •		1. 3.—Is. 40. 3.
Seeing they may see, and not perce		•••	•••	•••	•••	4. 12.—Is. 6. 9, 10.
This people honoureth me with th						7. 6, 7.—Is. 29. 13.
		ιþs	•••	•••	•••	7. 10.—Ex. 20. 12.
Honour thy father and thy mother	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	7. 10.—Ex. 20. 12.
Whoso curseth father or mother	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	7. 10.—Ex. 21. 17.
Where their worm dieth not	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	9. 44.—Is. 66. 24.
God made them male and female		•••	•••	•••	•••	10. 6.—Gen. 1. 27.
They twain shall be one flesh		•••	•••	•••	•••	10. 7, 8.—Gen. 2. 24.
Do not commit adultery, Do not k	1il	•••	•••	•••	•••	10. 19.—Ex. 20. 13,
Hosanna; Blessed is he that come	th			•••	•••	11. 9.—Ps. 118. 26.

My house shall be called the house of prayer 11. 17.—Is. 56. 7. Ye have made it a den of thieves 11. 17.—Jer. 7. 11. The stone which the builders rejected 12. 10, 11.—Ps. 118.	
12, 33. 12, 19.—Deut. 25, 5. 12 am the God of Abraham 12, 26.—Ex. 3, 6. 12. 29.—Deut. 6, 4. 14. 15. 15. 16. 16. 16. 17. 17. 18. 17. 18.	,
Luke.	
To turn the hearts of the fathers 1. 17.—Mal. 4. 6.	
Every male that openeth the womb 2. 23.—Ex. 13. 2. 12.	
A pair of turtledoves, &c 2. 24.—Lev. 12. 8.	
The voice of one crying in the wilderness 3. 4-6.—Is 40: 2-5	
Man shall not live by bread alone 4. 4.—Deut. 8. 3.	
Thou shalt worship the Lord thy God 4.8.—Deut. 6. 12.	
He shall give his angels charge over thee 4. 10, 11.—Ps. 91.	
17, 12.	
Thou shalt not tempt the Lord thy God 4. 12.—Dent. 6. 16.	
The Spirit of the Lord is upon me 4. 18, 19.—Is. 61. 1,	
2: 58. 6.	
Behold, I send my messenger 7. 27.—Mal. 3. 1.	
I hat seeing they might not see 8 to -1s 6 o	
Thon shalt love the Lord thy God 10. 27.—Dent. 6. 5;	
Lev to t8	
And thy neighbour as thyself 10, 27.—Lev. 19, 18.	
blessed is he that cometh in the name of the Lord	
Do not commit adultery, Do not kill 18.20.—Ex.20.12-16.	
My house is the house of prayer 19. 46—1s = 66.7	
re have made it a den of thieves 19. 46.— Jer. 7. 11.	
The stone which the builders rejected 20. 17.—Ps. 118. 22,	
23.	
If a man's brother die, having a wife 20. 28.—Dent. 25. 5.	
The Lord said into my Lord, Sit thou on my right hand 20 42 42 - Ps. 110 1	
The was reckoned among the transgressors	
Say to the mountains, Fall on us	
Into thy hands I commend my spirit 23. 46.—Ps. 31. 5.	
John.	
The zero them have defined the eaten me up 2. 17.—Ps. 69. 9.	
He gave them bread from heaven 6. 31.—Ps. 78. 24.	
They shall be all taught of God 6. 45.—Is. 54. 13.	
The state of the s	
Hosanna: Blessed is the King of Israel 12. 13.—Ps. 118. 26.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Fear not, daughter of Zion: Behold, thy King Lord, who hath believed our report?	
Acts.	
The his habitation had an Indian	
His bishoprick let another take 1. 20.—Ps. 109. 8.	
I will pour out my Spirit upon all flesh 2. 17-21.—Joel 2.	
28-32.	
I foresaw the Lord always before my face 2. 25-28.—Ps. 16. 8-11.	
The Lord said Sit thou on my right hand 2.34,35.—Ps. 110.1.	
A prophet shall the Lordraise uplike uuto me 3.22, 23.—Deut. 18.	
In thy seed shall all the kindreds of the earth 3. 25.—Gen. 22. 18;	
This is the stone which was set at nought 4. 11.—Ps. 118. 22.	
Why did the heathen rage 4. 25, 26.—Ps. 2. 1, 2.	
Get thee out of thy country 7. 3.—Gen. 12. 1.	
Who made thee a ruler and a judge over us? 7. 27, 28.—Ex. 2. 14.	
I am the God of thy fathers 7. 32.—Ex. 3. 6.	
Put off thy shoes from thy feet 7. 33, 34.—Ex. 3. 5, 7, 8, 10.	
A prophet shall the Lord your God raise up 7. 37. Deut. 18. 15.	
Make us gods to go before us 7. 40.—Ex. 32. 1.	
O ye house of Israel, have ye offered to me slain beasts 7. 42, 43.—Amos 5.	
Heaven is my throne, and earth is my footstool 7.49, 50.—Is.66.1, 2.	
Heaven is my throne, and earth is my iootstool 7.49,50.—15.00.1,2. He was led as a sheep to the slaughter 8.32,33.—Is.53.7,8.	
I have found David the son of Jesse 13. 22.—Ps. 89. 20.	
Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten thee 13. 33.—Ps. 2. 7.	
I will give you the sure mercies of David 13. 34.—Is. 55. 3.	
Thou shalt not suffer thy Holy One to see corruption 13. 35.—Ps. 16. 10.	
Behold, ye despisers, and wonder, and perish 13. 41.—Hab. 1. 5.	
I have set thee to be a light of the Gentiles 13. 47.—Is. 49. 6.	
After this I will return, and will build the tabernacle 15. 16, 17.—Amos 9.	
Thou shalt not speak evil of the ruler of thy people 23. 5.—Ex. 22. 28.	
Go unto this people, and say, Hearing ye shall hear 28. 26, 27.—Is. 6. 9,	
To.	

¹ Stephen, in this chapter (Acts vii. 2-50), refers to God's dealings with His people, in support of his argument that God's favour has never been limited to one particular place. He glances cursorily at the sacred records, and does not quote literally (see next Table, "Acts," pp. 137, 138).

ROMANS.

the just shall live by faith	1. 17.—Hab. 2. 4.
The just shall live by faith	O n. To so s
Thou mightest be justified in thy sayings	3. 4.—Ps. 51. 4.
There is none righteous, no, not one	3. 10.—Ps. 14. 1, 3.
There is none that understandeth	3. 11.—Ps. 14. 2.
They are all gone out of the way	3. 12.—Ps. 14. 3.
Their throat is an open sepulchre	3. 13.—Ps. 5. 9.
The second secon	140. 3.
Whose mouth is full of cursing	3. 14.—Ps. 10. 7.
Their feet are swift to shed blood	3. 15.—Is. 59. 7.
Destruction and misery are in their ways	3. 16, 17.—Is. 59. 7,8.
There is no fear of God before their eyes	3. 18.—Ps. 36. 1.
Abraham believed God, and it was counted unto him	
	4. 3.—Gen. 15. 6.
for righteousness	4. 7, 8.—Ps. 32. 1, 2.
I have made thee a father of many nations	4 Th Com The
So shall thy seed be	1 70 Cam Y# #
Thou shalt not covet	7 h En 20 7h
For thy sake we are killed all the day	0 a6 Da aa
In Isaac shall thy seed be called	0 F Com 07 70
A 4 41 - 4 C	0 o Con v0 vo
The offer shall assume the masses were	O ro Com or no
Tarak kama Tilamad kut Padutkama Tikatad	0 70 Mal 7 0 0
T 11 1 T - 211 1	0 TF E- 22 TA
There for this game manage have I reignd	0 77 17. 0 76
I will call them my people, which were not my people	9. 25.—Hos. 2. 23.
Ve are not my people	0 26 1122 7 72
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23, 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14.
Ye are not my people	9. 20.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 5. 27.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 52. 7. 10. 16.—Is. 52. 7.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath believed our report? Their sound went into all the earth	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23, 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 52. 7. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 18.—Ps. 19. 4.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath believed our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23, 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 52. 7. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 18.—Ps. 19. 4. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21.
Ye are not my people	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath believed our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy I was found of them that sought me not All day long I have stretched forth my hands	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 18.—Ps. 19. 4. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 20.—Is. 65. 1.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath believed our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy I was found of them that sought me not All day long I have stretched forth my hands	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 52. 7. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 18.—Ps. 19. 4. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 20.—Is. 65. 1. 10. 21.—Is. 65. 2.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath believed our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy I was found of them that sought me not All day long I have stretched forth my hands Lord, they have killed thy prophets	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23, 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 52. 7. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 18.—Ps. 19. 4. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 20.—Is. 65. 1. 10. 21.—Is. 65. 2. 11. 3.—I Kin. 19. 10, 14.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath believed our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy I was found of them that sought me not All day long I have stretched forth my hands Lord, they have killed thy prophets I have reserved to myself seven thousand	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 15.—Is. 5. 10. 15.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 21.—Is. 65. 2. 11. 3.—I Kin. 19. 10, 14. 11. 4.—I Kin. 19. 18.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath helieved our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy I was found of them that sought me not All day long I have stretched forth my hands Lord, they have killed thy prophets I have reserved to myself seven thousand God hath given them the spirit of slumber	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 52. 7. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 20.—Is. 65. 1. 10. 21.—Is. 65. 2. 11. 3.—I Kin. 19. 10, 14. 11. 4.—I Kin. 19. 18. 11. 8.—Is. 29. 10.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath helieved our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy I was found of them that sought me not All day long I have stretched forth my hands Lord, they have killed thy prophets I have reserved to myself seven thousand God hath given them the spirit of slumber	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 15.—Is. 5. 10. 15.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 21.—Is. 65. 2. 11. 3.—I Kin. 19. 10, 14. 11. 4.—I Kin. 19. 18.
Ye are not my people Though the number of the children of Israel Except the Lord of Sabaoth had left us a seed Behold, I lay in Sion a stumbling-stone The man which doeth those things shall live Who shall ascend into heaven The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth Whosoever believeth on him shall not he ashamed Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord How beautiful are the feet of them that preach Lord, who hath helieved our report? Their sound went into all the earth I will provoke you to jealousy I was found of them that sought me not All day long I have stretched forth my hands Lord, they have killed thy prophets I have reserved to myself seven thousand God hath given them the spirit of slumber	9. 26.—Hos. 1. 10. 9. 27, 28.—Is. 10. 22, 23. 9. 29.—Is. 1. 9. 9. 33.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 5.—Lev. 18. 5. 10. 6, 7.—Deut. 30. 12, 13. 10. 8.—Deut. 30. 14. 10. 11.—Is. 28. 16. 10. 13.—Joel 2. 32. 10. 15.—Is. 52. 7. 10. 16.—Is. 53. 1. 10. 19.—Deut. 32. 21. 10. 20.—Is. 65. 1. 10. 21.—Is. 65. 2. 11. 3.—I Kin. 19. 10, 14. 11. 4.—I Kin. 19. 18. 11. 8.—Is. 29. 10.

There shall come out of Sion the Deliverer 11. 26, 27.—Is. 59. 20,
Who hath known the mind of the Lord? 11. 34.—Is. 40. 13.
Who hath first given to him 11. 35.—Job 41. 11.
Vengeance is mine; I will repay 12. 19.—Deut. 32. 35.
If thine enemy hunger, feed him 12. 20.—Prov. 25. 21,
22.
Thou shalt not commit adultery 13.9.—Ex. 20.13-17; Lev. 19. 18.
Every knee shall bow to me 14. 11.—Is. 45. 23.
The reproaches of them that reproached thee 15. 3.—Ps. 69. 9.
For this cause I will confess to thee among the Gentiles 15. 9.—Ps. 18. 49.
Poining up Contiles with his manufacture 15 as Dout as a
Desire the Tourist all an Countillar
Those shall be a such of Tours
There shall be a root of Jesse 15. 12.—Is. 11. 1, 10.
To whom he was not spoken of, they shall see 15. 21.—Is. 52. 15.
1 CORINTHIANS.
I will destroy the wisdom of the wise 1. 19.—Is. 29. 14.
He that glorieth, let him glory in the Lord 1. 31.—Jer. 9. 24.
TVT - 1 - 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TT- 4-1-4b 4bi i 4b -i O T-b
The Lard knowsth the thoughts of the wise
The Lord knoweth the thoughts of the wise 3. 20.—Ps. 94. 11.
Two shall be one flesh 6. 16.—Gen. 2. 24.
Thou shalt not muzzle the mouth of the ox 9. 9.—Deut. 25. 4.
The people sat down to eat and drink 10. 7.—Ex. 32. 6.
The earth is the Lord's, and the fulness thereof 10. 26.—Ps. 24. 1.
With men of other tongues and other lips 14.21.—Is. 28.11, 12.
He must reign, till he hath put all enemies under his feet 15. 25.—Ps. 110. 1.
All things are put under him 15. 27.—Ps. 8. 6.
Let us eat and drink, for to-morrow we die 15. 32.—Is. 22. 13.
The first man Adam was made a living soul 15. 45.—Gen. 2. 7.
Death is swallowed up in victory 15. 54.—Is. 25. 8.
O death, where is thy sting? 15. 55.—Hos. 13. 14.
2 CORINTHIANS.
Moses put a veil over his face 3. 13.—Ex. 34. 33.
I believed, and therefore have I spoken 4. 13.—Ps. 116. 10.
I have heard thee in a time accepted 6. 2.—Is. 49. 8.
I will dwell in them, and walk in them 6. 16.—Lev. 26. 11,
12.
Wherefore come out from among them 6. 17.—Is. 52. 11.
He that had gathered much had nothing over 8. 15.—Ex. 16. 18.
He hath dispersed abroad 9. 9. 9.—Ps. 112. 9.
He that glorieth, let him glory in the Lord 10. 17.—Jer. 9. 24.
In the month of two or three witnesses 13. 1.—Deut. 19. 15.
GALATIANS.
Abraham believed God, and it was accounted 3. 6.—Gen. 15. 6.
In thee shall all nations be blessed 3. 8.—Gen. 12. 3.
C 11 Double of the Control of the Co
Cursed is every one that continueth not 3. 10.—Deut. 27. 20.

The just shall live by faith		•••	3. 11.—Hab. 2. 4.
The man that doeth them shall live in them	٠	•••	3. 12.—Lev. 18. 5.
Cursed is every one that hangeth on a tree		•••	3. 13.—Deut. 21. 23.
Rejoice, thou barren that bearest not		•••	4. 27.—Is. 54. 1.
Cast out the bondwoman and her son		•••	4. 30.—Gen. 21. 10.
Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself		•••	5. 14.—Lev. 19. 18.
		•	
EPHESIAN			
When he ascended up on high, he led captiv	ity capti	ve	4. 8.—Ps. 68. 18.
Speak every man truth with his neighbour		•••	4. 25.—Zech. 8. 16.
Be ye angry, and sin not		•••	4. 26.—Ps. 4. 4.
For this cause shall a man leave		,	5. 31.—Gen. 2. 24.
Honour thy father and thy mother			6. 2, 3.—Ex. 20. 12;
•			Deut. 5. 16.
1 Тімотн	Υ.		
Thou shalt not muzzle the ox		•••	5. 18.—Deut. 25. 4.
2 TIMOTH	TY.		
The Lord knoweth them that are his			2. 19.—Num. 16. 5.
THE TOTA KHOWETH THEM THAT ARE HIS	•••	•••	2. 1911011. 10. 5.
HEBREWS	s. '		
Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten	thee		1. 5.—Ps. 2. 7.
I will be to him a Father			1. 5.—2 Sam. 7. 14.
Let all the angels of God worship him			1. 6.—Ps. 97. 7.
Who maketh his angels spirits			1. 7.—Ps. 104. 4.
Thy throne, O God, is for ever and ever		•••	1. 8, 9.—Ps. 45. 6, 7.
Thou, Lord, in the beginning hast laid	the earth		1. 0, 9.—rs. 45. 0, 7. 1. 10-12.—Ps. 102.
rnou, nord, in the beginning hast laid	inc calif	1	
Sit on my right hand, until I make thy	footstoo	1	25-27.
What is man, that thou art mindful of him			1. 13.—Ps. 110. 1.
I will declare thy name unto my brethren		•••	2. 6-8.—Ps. 8. 4-6.
		•••	2. 12.—Ps. 22. 22.
I will put my trust in him Behold I and the children which God hath	given m	•••	2. 13.—Is. 8. 18.
	given m		2. 13.—Is. 8. 18.
To-day if ye will hear his voice	••• •••	•••	3. 7-11.—Ps. 95. 7-
As I have sworn in my wrath			4. 3.—Ps. 95. II.
And God did rest the seventh day			4. 4.—Gen. 2. 2.
Thou art my Son, to-day have I begotten t	hee		5. 5.—Ps. 2. 7.
Thou art a priest after the order of Melchis			5. 6.—Ps. 110. 4.
Blessing I will bless thee			6. 14.—Gen. 22. 17.
See that thou make all things acco	rding to	the	
pattern			8. 5.—Ex. 25. 40.
Behold, the days come, saith the Lord		•••	8. 8-12.—Jer. 31.
	*** ***	•••	31-34.
This is the blood of the testament			9. 20.—Ex. 24. 8.
Sacrifice and offering thou wouldest not	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10. 5-7.—Ps. 40. 6-8.
For ever sat down on the right hand of Go		•••	10.12,13.—Ps. 110.1.
I will put my laws into their hearts		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
z mar par mj mans mes enem nemes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	10. 16, 17.—Jer. 31.
			33, 34.

Vengeance belongeth unto me 10. 30.—Deut. 32. 35, 36.
He that shall come will come, and will not tarry 10. 37, 38.—Hab. 2.
In Isaac shall thy seed be called
Lift up the hands that hang down 12. 12.—Is. 35. 3. Yet once more I shake not the earth only I will never leave thee, nor forsake thee 12. 26.—Hag. 2. 6. I will never leave thee, nor forsake thee 13. 5.—Josh. 1. 5. The Lord is my helper, I will not fear 13. 6.—Ps. 118. 6.
TAMES.
Thou shalt love thy neighbour
1 PETER.
Be ye holy; for I am holy
The stone which the builders disallowed
God resisteth the proud, and giveth grace to the humble 5. 5.—Prov. 3. 34.
2 Peter.
The dog is turned to his own vomit 2. 22.—Prov. 26. 11.

REVELATION.

The whole of this book is a reflex of the prophetic visions of the Old Testament. It contains pictures of that heavenly form of worship divinely manifested to Moses (of which the Tabernacle ritual was only a pattern), reproduced, and further developed, by its fulfilment in the Atonement of Christ; while it also repeats the mysterious predictions, uttered by Isaiah, Ezekiel, and Daniel, portraying the philosophy of history, the recurrence of its cycles, and the supremacy over all other powers of the kingdom of Christ. It is, therefore, full of references and allusions to the writings of Moses and the prophets, too numerous to be tabulated, and often allusive rather than literal; but the marginal references will better aid the reader in working out the connexion between this Revelation, which closes Holy Scripture, and the inspirations of the glory of Christ.

XXVIII. REFERENCES TO THE OLD TESTAMENT, NOT BEING EXACT QUOTATIONS.

Γ	VIAT 7	CHEV	v.			
¹ He shall be called a Nazarene	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2. 23.—Is. 11. 1; Zech. 3. 8; 6. 12;
,						Ps. 22. 6; Is. 53. 3.
The meek shall inherit the earth	•••	•••				5. 5.—Ps. 37. 11.
Shew thyself to the priest						8. 4.—Lev. 14. 3.
The blind receive their sight						11. 5.—Is. 29. 18.
Elias, which was for to come			•••			11. 14; 17. 10.—Mal.
Elias, which was for to come	•••	•••	•••			4. 5.
David did eat the shewbread						12.3,4.—I Sam. 21.6.
Priests profane the sabbath, and a	re bl	anzel	PCC		•••	12. 5.—Num. 28. 9.
The standard the sandard, and a	dma	mtc /	of me	···		15. 9.—Is. 29. 13.
Teaching for doctrines the comman	uume	100)1 IIIC			18. 15.—Lev. 19. 17.
If thy brother trespass tell him	1	aroi		•••		
In the mouth of two or three witne			•••	•••		18. 16.—Deut. 19. 15.
Moses' command to give a writing	of d	ivor	ceme	IΙΤ		19. 7.—Deut. 24. 1.
With God all things are possible	•••	•••	•••	•••		19. 26.—Jer. 32. 17.
The parable of a vineyard				•••	•••	21. 33.—Is. 5. 1.
Your house is left unto you desola	te.		•••			23. 38.—Jer. 22. 5.
The abomination of desolation				• • •		24. 15.—Dan. 12. 11.
Wheresoever the carcase is, there	will	the e	agle	s		24. 28.—Joh 39. 30.
Immediately after shall the su	n he	darl	cened	l		24. 29.—Is. 13. 10;
						Ezek. 32. 7; Joel 2.
						10; 3. 15.
Heaven and earth shall pass away						24. 35.—Is. 51. 6.
Depart from me, ye cursed		•••		•••		25. 41.—Ps. 6. 8.
The Son of man goeth, as it is wri	tten			•••		26. 24.—Ps. 22.
At last came two false witnesses		•••	•••	•••	•••	26. 60.—Ps. 35. 11.
They did spit in his face			•••	•••		26. 67.—Is. 50. 6.
						27. 43.—Ps. 22. 8.
He trusted in God			•••	•••		
All power is given unto me	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	28. 18.—Dan. 7. 14.
	\mathbf{M}_{A}	ARK.				
Shew thyself to the priest	•••	• • •				1. 44.—Lev. 14. 3.
David did eat the shewbread					•••	2. 26.—1 Sam. 21. 6.
Elias must first come						9. 11.—Mal. 4. 5.
Moses suffered bill of divorcer						
	nent			•••		
A certain man planted a vineward	nent	•••	•••			10. 4.—Deut. 24. 1.
A certain man planted a vineyard	nent 	•••	•••		•••	10. 4.—Deut. 24. 1. 12. 1.—Is. 5. 1.
A certain man planted a vineyard More than all whole hurnt-offering	nent gs	•••			•••	10. 4.—Deut. 24. 1. 12. 1.—Is. 5. 1. 12. 33.—I Sam. 15. 22.
A certain man planted a vineyard More than all whole hurnt-offering Take heed lest any man deceive y	nent gs ou					10. 4.—Deut. 24. 1. 12. 1.—Is. 5. 1. 12. 33.—ISam.15.22. 13. 5.—Jer. 29. 8.
A certain man planted a vineyard More than all whole hurnt-offering	nent gs ou 	•••				10. 4.—Deut. 24. 1. 12. 1.—Is. 5. 1. 12. 33.—I Sam. 15. 22.

¹ This exact term is not found in any prophecy. Chrysostom and others suppose it to be quoted from some lost book. .Jerome refers it to the Hebrew word Nezer, "a sprout," and identifies it with "the Branch," by which the Messiah is designated by Isaiah and Ezekiel. This view is adopted by most modern expositors. Others consider it to be equivalent to "a reproach," or "scorn of men" [Is, liii; Ps. xxii), and recognise the fulfilment of those prophecies in the low estimation in which the people of Nazareth were held by the other Jews (John i. 46).

	4.—Is. 13. 10. 1.—Is. 40. 8.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
Luke.	
Shall give unto him the throne ofDavid 13	2.—Ps. 132. 11.
Of his kingdom there shall be no end 1. 3.	3.—Dan. 4. 3.
As he spake to Abraham, and to his seed for ever 1. 5	5Gen. 17. 19.
Oath he sware to Abraham 1.7	3.—Gen. 12. 3.
The dayspring from on high 1. 7	8.—Num. 24. 17;
Ma	al. 4. 2.
	9.— <u>I</u> s. 9. 2.
	I.—Lev. 12. 3.
	2.—Lev. 12. 2-4.
	4.—Is. 8. 14.
	4.—Lev. 14. 3.
David did take and eat the shewbread 6. 4	I Sam. 21. 6.
	8.—Lev. 18. 5.
** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	27.—Ps. 6. 8. 5.—Jer. 22. 25.
Your house is left unto you desolate 13. 3 If thy brother trespass against thee 17. 3	3.—Lev. 19. 17.
	.—Is. 5. 1.
Blessed are the harren 23. 2	9.—Is. 54. 1.
It behoved Christ to suffer 24. 4	6.—Is. 53. 5.
	00· U
Јони.	
	7.—Micah 6. 15.
If any thirst come unto me 7.3	37.—Is. 55. I.
Is.	8.—Prov. 18. 4;
	39.—1s. 44. 3.
Christ's birth at Bethlehem, and of David's house 7.4	2.—Micah 5. 2.
The testimony of two men is true 7. I	7.—Deut. 19. 15.
	4.—Ps. 89. 36, 37;
God's command to the Christ, what he shall say 12. 4	9.—Deut. 18. 18.
None shall be lost, but the son of perdition 17. I	12.—Ps. 109. 8.
They filled a sponge with vinegar, &c 19. 2	29.—Ps. 69. 21.
He must rise again from the dead 20. 9	.—Ps. 16, 10,
Acts.	
God promised to give Canaan for a possession to Abra- 7.	5.—Gen. 12. 7;
	3. 15.
That his seed should sojourn in a strange land; and that they should bring them into bondage, and entreat	
	Gen. 15. 13.
After that shall they come forth, and serve me in this	
place 7. 7	7.—Gen. 15. 16.
Abraham begat Isaac 7.8	3.—Gen. 21. 3.
And circumcised him the eighth day 7.8	3.—Gen. 21. 4.
	3.—Gen. 25. 26.
Jacob hegat the twelve patriarchs 7.8	3.—Gen. 42. 13.

The patriarchs sold Joseph into Egypt		
But God was with him		28. . 7. 9.—Gen. 39. 2, 21.
7 7 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	•••	# TE
Have ye offered to me slain beasts	•••	M A
trave ye offered to me stant beasts	••• ••	. 7. 42.—Amos 5. 25, 26.
I will carry you away beyond Babylon	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7. 43.—Amos 5. 27; Jer. 20. 4.
God is no respecter of persons		. 10. 34.—Job 34. 19.
ROMANS.		
Who will render to every man according to his	deeds	. 2. 6.—Ps. 62. 12.
There is no respect of persons with God		O TO 1 - 1
Shall the thing formed say to him that formed	it	9. 20.—Is. 45. Q.
The potter has power over the clay		. 9. 20.—Is. 45. 9. . 9. 21.—Jer. 18. 6.
Eyes that they should not see		
I CORINTHIANS		, ,
Eye hath not seen		. 2. 9.—Is. 64. 4.
Ephesians.		
Helmet of salvation		. 6. 17.—Is. 59. 17.
Philippians.		1 391.
E l 13 L -		9 to To 45 as
•		. 2. 10.—Is. 45. 23.
2 THESSALONIAI	vs.	
Exalteth himself above all that is called God	•••	. 2.4.—Dan. 11. 36.
і Тімотну.		
We brought nothing into the world		. 6. 7.—Job 1. 21.
Hebrews.		•
Abraham's seed as the stars of the sky in		
and as the sand by the see share	пинницие	, 11 C
and as the sand by the sea-shore The patriarchs confessed themselves strategies.		. 11. 12.—Gen. 22. 17.
nilorims on the earth	ngers and	1 11. 13.—Gen. 23. 4;
pilgrims on the earth	1,,	47.9.
	· ··· ··	. 11. 23.—Ex. 2. 2.
JAMES.		
As the flower of the grass he shall pass away	•••	. 1. 10.—Job 14. 2.
1 PETER.		
Tasted that the Lord is gracious		. 2. 3.—Ps. 34. 8.
A chosen generation		0 • T)
Which in time past were not a people		A - TT
Fear God. Honour the king		O D
Charity shall cover the multitude of sins	• • • •	/ O D
2 Peter.		
A thousand years as one day		. 3. 8.—Ps. 90. 4.
The beguens shall mass assess	• ••• ••	
A new heaven and a new courth		
A new neaven and a new earth	• • • • •	3. 13.—Is. 65. 17 66. 22.
ı John.		00. 44.
If we say we have no sin		1. 8.—Prov. 20. 9.
,	• ••• •	1. 0.—110v. 20. y.

XXIX. REFERENCES IN THE NEW TESTAMENT TO INCIDENTS RECORDED IN THE OLD TESTAMENT.

David's visit to Ahimelech, at Nob Matt. 12. 3, 4.—1 Sam. 21. 1.
Jonah's entombment for three days and nights in — 12. 40. Jonah 1. 17. the belly of the fish 16. 4. Jonah 1. 17. The Queen of Sheba's visit to Solomon 16. 42.—1 Kings 10. 1.
the belly of the fish — 16. 4. Johan 1. 17.
The Oneen of Sheba's visit to Solomon 16, 42,-1 Kings 10, 1.
The death of Abel23. 35.—Gen. 4. 8.
¹ Death of Zacharias23. 352 Chron. 24. 20.
Elijah's visit to the widow of Zarephath Luke 4. 26.—1 Kings 17. 9.
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Bible Lands,

THEIR INHABITANTS, CONFORMATION, PRINCIPAL CHARACTERISTICS, ETC.

XXX. ETHNOLOGY OF THE JEWS AND THEIR NEIGHBOURS.

ACCORDING to the best modern ethnologists, there are three great divisions of the human race, three principal families from which the bulk of known nations are derived. These are, (1) the Semitic; (2) the Aryan, Indo-Germanic, or Indo-European; and (3) the Turanian or Allophylian. They differ in language, in physical type, in mental power, and in habits. The highest position is taken, in some respects, by the Semites, in others by the Aryans; the Turanians occupy altogether an inferior rank. Some ethnologists add to these three races a fourth, the Hamites, who have analogies with the Semites, and also with the Turanians.

The Hebrews were Semites, and are the accepted type of that race, whereto belonged also the Phœnicians, the Syrians, the Moabites and Ammonites, the bulk of the Arabs, the Assyrians, and the later Babylonians. We know the languages of these races, and find them nearly identical in their grammatical structure, and closely allied in their vocabularies. Dialectal differences alone separate the speeches of Sennacherib and Nebuchadnezzar from that of the Israelites, whom they subjugated. The Moabite stone is readily intelligible to any Hebraist. Western Asia, from the coast of the Mediterranean to the Zagros mountain-chain, which bounds Mesopotamia on the east, was anciently peopled, in the main, by one race, a race nearly akin to the Hebrews, descended—we may well believe—from Shem (Gen. x. 21–31), and known to moderns as "Semites." The race had ramifications in Asia Minor, but was planted especially in the central region of the ancient world, Mesopotamia and Syria.

Within this region it was, however, intermixed to some extent with what seems to have been an earlier population, a population which some writers call "indigenous." We hear of Rephaim, Horim, Avim, Emim, Anakim, Zuzim, as old inhabitants of Palestine displaced by later intruders. There are no means of determining with any

certainty the ethnic character of these ancient races. The Semitic form of the names is not to be depended on, since the Hebrews naturally gave their own grammatical inflections to the foreign words which they adopted into their language. The roots of the names. Zuz, Anak, Em. &c., are either positively non-Semitic, or at any rate not shown to be Semitic. Nor can they be distinctly assigned to any other known ethnic family. These old neighbours of the Iews-(I) The REPHAIM, who dwelt on the east of Jordan in the great city of Ashteroth-Karnaim (Gen. xiv. 5) and its vicinity; (2) The ZUZIM, or ZAMZUMMIM, who dwelt in Ham, within the same district (Gen. xiv. 5; Deut. ii. 20); (3) The EMIM, who lived east of the Dead Sea, in the country afterwards known as Moab (Deut. ii. 10): (4) The HORIM, who inhabited Mount Seir, south of that sea, and adjoined on the Desert of Paran (Gen. xiv. 6; Deut. ii. 22); (5) The AVIM. who held a portion of the Philistine country (Deut. ii. 23; Josh. xiii. 3); and (6) the ANAKIM, who possessed the region about Hebron (Num, xiii. 22)—must be regarded as outlying remnants of some ancient population, whose ethnic character is undiscovered, and as distinguished from the later incomers by huge stature, great fierceness, and great physical strength. Their chief habitat was the region east of the Jordan.

To the west of the Jordan, the country was possessed, prior to the Hebrew conquest, by eight principal races. These were the Philistines to the south-west, the Canaanites in the rich plains of Jordan and Esdraëlon, the Jebusites, Hivites, and Amorites in the mountains, the Girgasites near the Sea of Galilee, the Hittites in the Lebanon district, and the Perizzites in some uncertain locality. All these races appear to have been Hamitic. The PHILISTINES are identified with the Caphtorim in Deut. ii. 23, and called "the remnant of the country of Caphtor (Ai-kaphtor)" in Jerem. xlvii. 4. "Ai-kaphtor" is probably the same as "Ai-guptos," the Caphtorim being, as we learn from Gen. x. 14, descendants of Mizraim, or the people of Egypt. It is true that the analogies of the Philistine language, so far as it can be made out, are Semitic rather than Egyptian; but their migration from Egypt must have been at a very early date, before the Egyptian peculiarities were well developed, and in their new country they may have adopted Semitic forms and names, or even changed their Hamitic for the Semitic speech. The CANAANITES are in Gen. ix. and x. distinctly derived from Ham, and their antagonism to the Semites is throughout their whole history very marked. Hamitic roots, as san for "the sun," and bek for "city." belong to some of the oldest sites in their country

(Beth-san, Baal-bek). With the Canaanites were closely connected the other six nations whom the Israelites drove out—the Hivites, Hittites, Amorites, Jebusites, Perizzites, and Girgasites (Gen. x. 15, 16). Of these, by far the most important were the Hittites, known to us as Khita in the Egyptian and as Khatti in the Assyrian inscriptions. The non-Semitic character of the Hittite language is now generally acknowledged. Its roots, so far as they can be gathered from personal and geographical names, are quite unlike those of any Semitic race, while its grammatical structure is also decidedly non-Semitic. Its closest analogies are with the language of the Vannic cuneiform inscriptions, the nearest modern representative of which is the Georgian. It has been conjectured, that "in the modern Georgians we may perhaps see the physical type of the Hittites and their kindred" (Sayce), and pointed out that anciently a homogeneous population seems to have been spread from the Van region, through Melitene, Commagene, Cilicia, the Orontes valley, and the Lebanon region, of which the Hittites may be taken as the best-known example. The people had an alphabet and literature of its own, an art of a rude kind, and an architecture far from contemptible. The remaining nations—the Hivites, Jebusites, Amorites, Perizzites and Girgasites—no doubt resembled the Hittites, but were in every way inferior and less developed.

The desert bordering Palestine on the south was peopled mainly by Amalekites and Idumæans. These were, both of them, Abrahamic races, descendants of Esau, Isaac's eldest son (Gen. xxxvi. 9-12). They were thus, not only Semites, but Semites of a type allied very closely indeed to the Hebrews. The AMALEKITES remained always, for the most part, nomads, and became completely assimilated in their mode of life to the Arabs of the Peninsula, in whom they seem ultimately to have been absorbed. The IDUMÆANS showed at Petra something of the Hebrew genius for architecture, and something of the Hebrew talent for trade and commerce. Though bitter opponents of the Jews during the greater portion of their career, they were ultimately acknowledged as "kindred" (Joseph. Ant. Jud. xiv. 8. § 1), and under Antipater and Herod the Great

became blended with the Iews into one nation.

Another Abrahamic tribe (Gen. xxv. 2), located towards the south, but of wandering habits, was that of the MIDIANITES. The Midianites intermingled with the Ishmaelites, and probably also to some extent with the Canaanites. Their general habits were those of Arabs, though in some respects they had adopted Canaanitish customs before their first contact with the Israelites, and hence their

influence upon Israel was evil and tended to corruption. We have no record of the Midianite language, excepting that which is contained in names. These are undoubtedly Semitic, and often common to the Midianites with the Israelites.

Eastward were also Abrahamic tribes, or at any rate tribes connected with the family of Abraham, the most important of which were the Moabites and Ammonites, descendants of Abraham's nephew. Lot (Gen. xix. 37, 38). We know little, comparatively speaking, of the Ammonites, who have left no records. They worshipped the Supreme Being under the name of Moloch or Milcom, the Semitic word for "king": and their capital city was Rabbath-Ammon, or "Great Ammon," where again we have a Semitic prefix. With their kindred, the MOABITES, we are better acquainted, both from the prophecies of Isaiah (chs. xv and xvi) and Jeremiah (ch. xlviii), and from the important recent discovery, the "stone" erected by Mesha. This "stone" shows that the Moabite language was, in the ninth century B.C., almost identical with the Hebrew, and that the modes of expression in the two countries were similar. The differences of language are merely dialectal, such as anak for anoki. "I," and the like. The numerals are the same; the dual termination -aim is of frequent occurrence; and a common element in the names of towns is Beth. The Moabites and Ammonites were settled races, like the Hebrews: their cities were many and strong; they cultivated the vine (Is. xvi. 8-10), grew great quantities of corn (Jer. xlviii. 32, 33). and were graziers also upon a large scale (2 Kings iii. 4). The distinction is very marked between them and the Arabs, on whom they adjoined, who dwelt in tents and wandered freely over the desert.

On the north, after the decay of the Canaanitish races, the principal neighbours of the Jews were the Phænicians and the Aramæans or Syrians. It has been usual with ethnologists to identify the Phænicians with the Canaanites; but this involves the belief that the Canaanites were Semites, which has been shown to be untenable. The Semitic character of the Phænicians is undisputed. Their remains have been completely analysed by the great Semitic scholars, Gesenius and Deutsch, who have shown the Phænician form of speech to be closely akin to the Hebrew. The Phænician ethnic character presents also certain analogies to the Jewish, combining, as it does, warlike energy and great tenacity of purpose with a remarkable aptitude for trade and commerce. The Syrians, or Aramæans, are another well-known Semitic race, whose language (Syriac) has undergone complete analysis. Placed in Genesis among the descendants of Shem (Gen. x. 22), bearing a name which is

significant in Semitic and in no other form of speech, and speaking a tongue which, though considerably varying from the Hebrew, is unmistakeably Semite in character, their position in the Semitic group of nations is quite unassailable.

If, from these immediate neighbours of the Jews, we pass to those more distant ones with whom the circumstance of war, invasion, and conquest from time to time brought them into contact, we find that, on the south, they were liable to attack from two great nations, the Egyptians and the Ethiopians; on the east they had dealings, military and other, with three—the Assyrians, the Babylonians, and the Persians; while, on the north, they came into collision, in their later history, with four races—the Scythians, the Greeks, the Romans, and the Parthians. A few words must therefore be said, in order to complete this sketch, concerning the ethnic character and affinities of these nine remoter nations.

The EGYPTIANS are the best known of the Hamitic races. Mizraim is "the son of Ham" in Genesis (x. 6). Egypt is called repeatedly in Scripture $\kappa a\tau'$ if $\delta \gamma h$, "the land of Ham" (Ps. cv. 23, 27; cvi. 22). Its own native name was Chemi, which has been explained as "the Black Land," but may likewise be interpreted "the land of the Hamites." The physique of the Egyptians was very marked and striking: they were tall and thin, with large hands, large and flat feet, good foreheads and eyes, depressed noses, and thick lips. They offered a marked contrast to their Semitic neighbours upon the east, while they resembled in many respects their Cushite neighbours upon the south. Their language had certain Semitic analogies, and received through contact and immigration a not inconsiderable Semitic infusion into it; but fundamentally it was non-Semitic, and may well be taken as a type of the Hamitic tongues. The form of the civilisation was Hamitic, somewhat elevated above the ordinary level by Semite influence.

The Ethiopians were a coarser kind of Egyptians, with darker complexions, thicker lips, and profiles more prognathous. Their descent from Ham is distinctly asserted in Genesis (x. 6). Egyptian civilisation was readily received among them, but suffered deterioration in the process, and failed to raise the race very much above the savage condition. There were times when Ethiopia threatened to become one of the "Great Powers" of the Eastern world; but the inherent weakness of savagery caused it to relapse after each success into a comparatively unimportant position.

The ASSYRIANS, who came into contact with the Israelites before the Babylonians, were pure Semites, as appears both from the Book

of Genesis (x. 22) and from the native inscriptions. The Semitic character of their language is unmistakeable, and is allowed on all hands. Their physiognomy, physical type, and manners are also clearly Semitic, and render any doubt upon the subject impossible. In features, as represented in the sculptures, they closely resemble the Jews; in general ethnic character they are not dissimilar. Their descendants, the "Chaldæaus" of the mountains near Mosul, still speak a Semitic dialect, and have features closely resembling those of the Hebrews.

The Babylonians were a mixed race. Originally Hamites (Gen. x. 8), in the course of time they became Semitised; and, when first brought into contact with the Jews, were scarcely distinguishable from the Assyrians. The languages spoken by Sennacherib and Nebuchadnezzar differed less than Spanish and Portuguese; the two nations had an almost identical religion; and their physical type was not very different. The Babylonians were somewhat shorter and clumsier in figure, their noses more depressed, their foreheads lower, and their expression altogether more commonplace.

With the PERSIANS we come upon an entirely new and distinct nationality. The Persians belonged to the Aryan (or Indo-European) family, as Darius Hystaspis emphatically asserts in the inscription upon his tomb. Indeed the word "Iran," which is the native name for the country ruled by the Shah, is the actual word "Aryan" in another form, corresponding to the Ariant of the Greeks. The language of the Persians exists in five stages, and can be traced from about B.C. 1200 to the present day. It appears as Zend in the Zendavesta; as Achæmenian Persian in the inscriptions of Cyrus, Darius, Xerxes, and Artaxerxes; as Pehlevi in the inscriptions of the Sassanians and the Pehlevi version of the Zendavesta; as Pazend in the poems of Firdausi; and as modern Persian in the mouths of the existing people. In its most ancient form Persian is closely akin to Sanskrit, in its most modern to Hindustani; in all its forms it has close analogy with the tongues of the West. And the ethnic character of the people was in many respects Western. They were lively, enterprising, spirited, worshippers of a single God, Ormazd, tasteful in their architecture, possessed of a considerable power of organisation. They have been called "the Frenchmen of the East;" and certainly their character has many resemblances to that of "la grande nation." Their physique was decidedly what has been called "Caucasian"—a high forehead, a well-formed nose, large eyes, a short

upper lip, a well-rounded chin. Their limbs were slighter than those of their Semitic neighbours, the Assyrians and Babylonians, but were well knit and muscular.

The SCYTHIANS, whose invasion of Palestine is prophetically described by Ezekiel (chs. xxxviii and xxxix) and historically related by Herodotus (i. 105), appear by the descriptions which Herodotus (Book iv) and Hippocrates (De Aere, Agua, et Locis, ch. vi) give of them, to have been predominantly a Turanian race, a people "coarse and gross in their habits, with large fleshy bodies, loose joints, soft swollen bellies, and scanty hair" (Ancient Monarchies, vol. ii. p. 223). They were probably the rudest of all the races with which the "chosen people" came into contact; and it was fortunate for that people that the contact was once only in their history, and for a short time. Turanian invasions are among the most terrible misfortunes that can befall a people; and the Scythians were Turanians of the lowest type. Their customs were barbarous in the extreme. They lived in wagons or tents of the simplest kind. subsisted on mares' milk and cheese; scalped their enemies and drank their blood; and used human skin as leather. Their principal worship was that of the naked sword (Herod. iv. 62), and among their most cherished rites was human sacrifice. Their proper habitat was the tract north of the Caucasus, though it would seem that races akin to them were to be found in Asia Minor and in the mountain region between the Halvs and the Caspian.

The ethnic character of the GREEKS and ROMANS is too well known to need many words in this place. The Hellenic and Italic races are universally recognised as two main branches of the great Aryan stock, and the two which in the ancient world carried Aryan civilisation to the highest point. Possessing languages nearly akin to each other, and not remotely allied to Sanskrit and Zend, possessing moreover vast energy and high intellectual power, they became respectively the masters of the West and East. The Jewish nationality narrowly escaped absorption into the Greek at the time of Antiochus Epiphanes, and both in Egypt and in Palestine received permanent Hellenic impressions. Before Rome it refused to bend, and the refusal led to its destruction.

As with the SCYTHIANS, so with the PARTHIANS, there was one occasion only when the "chosen people" came into contact with them. In B.C. 40, not long after the defeat of Crassus, a Parthian army crossed the Euphrates, and defeating the Romans under Decidius Saxa, occupied and ravaged the whole of Syria and

Palestine. Jerusalem itself was plundered by them, and Antigonus placed upon the throne as Parthian viceroy, a position which he occupied for three years. The ethnic character of the Parthians is somewhat difficult to determine. Upon the whole, it seems most probable that originally they were of the Turanian race, but became Aryanised to a considerable extent by intermixture with and imitation of the Persians. They were thus, at the time of their invasion of Palestine, a people very different from the Scythians of Ezekiel's time, less coarse in every way, and comparatively speaking civilised. They are perhaps best compared with the modern Turks—Turanians also by origin, but greatly changed from their old barbarity by contact with Aryan races.

XXXI. JEWISH SECTS, PARTIES, &c.

The Essenes (the derivation and meaning of the name are very doubtful). This sect numbered in the time of Josephus (Antiq. xviii. I. 5) about 4,000 devotees, who renounced all the pleasures of life; abstained from marriage, the use of meat, wine, and oil; had a community of goods; gave themselves wholly to the reading of Scripture, to united prayer and praise, to works of benevolence and mercy. They all wore white priestly dresses, lived in communities, shared the same toil; had no sacrifices; but daily lustrations; and strictly observed the Law of Moses, whom they almost deified.

The Galilæans were a turbulent and seditious sect, to whom Josephus attributes a great part of the calamities of his country (cp. Luke xiii. 1). Their leader was Judas of Galilee (Acts v. 37), who attracted to him a few Pharisees; but eventually they swallowed up almost all the other sects, and were probably the "Zealots" so conspicuous at the siege of Jerusalem (Joseph. B. J. iv. 3. 9, 13, 14). They taught that all foreign domination was unscriptural; they refused to pray for foreign princes, and performed their sacrifices apart.

The Herodians were a political party, rather than a religious sect. They were the partisans of the Idumæan dynasty, which, springing from heathenism, remained in taste, inclination, barbarity, and licentiousness, heathen still, though from state policy they outwardly conformed to the Jewish ritual observances. Supported in authority and position solely by Roman might, they endeavoured to repay their benefactors by performing their part of the compact in leavening the Jewish nation with laxity of moral tone, religious indifferentism, and the policy of temporising under Roman ascendancy.

Hence they vied with the Sadducees in scepticism and the Greeks in licentiousness, pandered to the Herods' vice and cruelty, and truckled to the Romans. Against this demoralising leaven our Lord warned His apostles (Mark viii. 15).

The Nazarites (Heb. "Nazir," separated) were of two sorts, viz. those devoted in infancy by their parents to God, and those who so devoted themselves, either for life or for a limited time. Of the former were Samson, Samuel, John the Baptist. The order was instituted by God Himself, and the laws respecting it are prescribed in Numb. vi, consisting mainly of abstinence from intoxicating liquors and from pollutions, and of the adoption of an ascetic mien and dress.

The Pharisees, a religious party whose name was derived from the Hebrew "Parush," separated, because they affected very great sanctity (John vii. 49; Acts xxvi. 5). They were strict observers of external rites and ceremonies beyond the requirements of the Law, placing the traditions of the elders on an equal footing with the written oracles. They were exclusive, formal, self-righteous; proud of their unblemished descent from Abraham; abjuring Greek culture, literature, and commerce; adhering to the land, language, and proud self-satisfaction of the ancient Hebrew race. Jerusalem was their capital; their language was Aramaic; the Hebrew Scriptures were their literature; the Temple their one centre of devotion. They held to the literal interpretation of the Law and the prophets; believed in spiritual manifestations, in the pre-existence and immortality of the soul, and in the resurrection of the dead. They were already an influential body in the time of John Hyrcanus the Maccabee (B.C. 108).

The Proselytes were Gentiles converted to Judaism. They were of two kinds, viz. "Proselytes of the Temple," and "Proselytes of the Gate." The former were circumcised, admitted to the full religious privileges, and charged with the entire obligations of the Mosaic covenant, but were not esteemed to be heirs of the promises made to Abraham and his seed. The latter were allowed to join in the worship of God, standing in the outer "court of the Gentiles;" they were not bound by the ceremonial laws of Moses, but only by the moral ones, or, as they were called, the Seven Precepts of Noah. They were uncircumcised, and were admitted into the Jewish Church by baptism. They are usually called "devout men" in the Acts of the Apostles. A difference was made between various nations, no heathens being admitted direct into the condition of Proselytes of

the Temple. Edomites and Egyptians had this privilege in the third generation, while Ammonites and Moabites were excluded till the tenth, before which they had none of the civil rights and advantages peculiar to the Jew by descent. This strictness caused the controversy in the Christian Church as to the admission of Gentile converts without circumcision (Acts xv).

The Publicans were neither a sect nor a party, but a social class. They were the tax-collectors of the civil power. The taxes were farmed by rich Roman citizens of the Equestrian Order, or sometimes by a joint-stock company at Rome, who had agents in the provinces to arrange the actual collection from the people. These agents divided the country into districts, and offered each district to public competition, to be farmed by the highest bidder. The purchaser was usually required to pay the purchase-money, either wholly or by instalments, in advance, and he was at liberty to recoup himself. He was always a native of the country, well versed in its resources and the temper of its people; using his knowledge and power to extort as much as possible for his own profit. In this he was backed by the Equestrian Order at Rome, who carried most oppressive decrees in the Senate against defaulters. Such were the "Publicans;" universally despised; branded as "plunderers;" classed as beasts of prey, with "bears and lions," among the "most ferocious of wild beasts;" and coupled with the vilest and most contemptible characters. As much of the tax was an ad valorem duty on property and produce, which the publican gauged, there was ample opportunity for unjust exaction. To this general odium must be added the peculiar sting to "Abraham's seed, in bondage to no man," that they were no longer free; and the question was ever rife, whether it were "lawful to pay tribute to Cæsar." Even our Lord classes them with "heathen men" (Matt. xviii. 17); and the Jews forbade marriage. with a family in which there was one publican, which thereby became polluted.

"The Sadducees, a party supposed to be named either from "Tsedek," righteousness, or from Zadok, disciple of Antigonus Sochæus, a president of the Sanhedrin (B.C. 200-170). They were the very opposite of the Pharisees, denying the authority of all revelation and tradition subsequent to Moses: sceptical with regard to the miraculous and supernatural, they denied the existence of spiritual beings, the immortality of the soul, and the resurrection of the body. Hence they were Deists, and viewed the Supreme Being as a quiescent Providence, calmly surveying from above the regular

working of natural laws, and the creatures which spontaneously reproduced themselves from the original germs. They gave themselves up to ease, luxury, and self-indulgence; accepted Greek culture and intercourse; mingled with foreigners, and were not indisposed to view with indifferent liberality the laxity of heathen morals and the profanity of idol worship. They divided the hierarchy with the Pharisees, and the Chief Council seems to have been equally balanced between the two (Acts xxiii. 6); the family of Annas belonging to the Sadducean faction in our Lord's time (Acts v. 17).

The Samaritans were a mixed people, derived from the colonists whom the king of Assyria sent to inhabit the land of Samaria after he had carried the Israelites captive (2 Kings xvii). These colonists had been drawn from various eastern nations; and they brought with them their various forms of national idolatry, until the plagues sent among them by God led them to petition for a priest of the God of the country to teach them the old form of worship. He was stationed at Beth-el, and they endeavoured to combine a formal reverence of God with the practice of their own heathen rites; but after the captivity of Judah they sought an alliance with the returned Jews, with whom they intermarried. When the Mosaic law as to mixed marriages was enforced, Manasses, a Jewish priest, who had married the daughter of Sanballat, chief of the Samaritans, headed a secession to Shechem, taught the people the Mosaic ritual, and erected a rival temple on Mount Gerizim: and this mixed community began to claim descent from the patriarchs, and a share in the promises, adopting the Pentateuch and Books of Joshua and Judges as their sacred books. Having the advantage of occupying a place of peculiar sanctity (Shechem), surrounded by the tombs and memorials of the patriarchs, and dividing the two portions of the Israelite people (Galilæans and Jews), they held a very strong vantage-ground, which they used to annoy their neighbours. They erected false beacons to render nugatory the announcements of the great festivals; refused a passage through their territory to pilgrims going up to the feasts; defiled the Temple by scattering dead men's bones upon its altar; and finally welcomed the invasion of Alexander the Great, and offered him their temple for a heathen fane,-a proceeding which resulted in its final destruction by the lews under John Hyrcanus (B. C. 130).

The old feud between the ten tribes and the house of David was renewed with double hostility by the Samaritans, Shechem and Jerusalem being the centres of animosity, each possessing rival claims

to sanctity. Hence the point of the Samaritan woman's questions to our Lord (John iv), and the readiness with which her fellow-citizens accepted the overture of one "being a Jew" to receive them into full religious communion. The Samaritans now number scarcely 100 persons, living at Nablous (Shechem), preserving an ancient copy of the Pentateuch, keeping up an annual sacrifice of the Passover on Mount Gerizim, living peaceful and moral lives, and observing, with some peculiar variations, the Mosaic Law.

The Sanhedrin, "The Council" of the Jewish Church and people, was a theocratic oligarchy, which, after Alexander's conquest, if not before, held chief authority "in all causes and over all persons, ecclesiastical and civil." It was suggested by the old institution of seventy-two elders (six from each tribe), appointed by Moses, at lethro's suggestion, to relieve him in the administration of justice (Ex. xviii. 14: Num. xi. 16). There is no trace of such a tribunal in the Book of Joshua, or in the time of the Judges or of the Kings. It consisted of an equal number (twenty-four) of priests, scribes, and elders, all of whom were required to be married, above thirty years of age, well-instructed in the law, and of good report among the This constituted the Supreme Court of Judicature, and Administrative Council, taking cognisance of false doctrine and teaching, as well as of breaches of the Mosaic Law, and regulating both civil and ecclesiastical observances peculiar to the Jewish nation. The power of life and death was taken from it by the Roman government (John xviii. 31; xix. 7), which otherwise covenanted to respect its decrees; though during the interval between the death of Tiberius and the accession of Caligula, and in the absence of Pilate at Rome, the opportunity was seized to stone Stephen in contravention of this compact.

The Sanhedrin usually met in the hall Gazith, within the Temple precincts, though special meetings were sometimes held in the house of the high priest (Matt. xxvi. 3), who was generally (but not necessarily) the president. There were also two vice-presidents; two scribes, or "heralds," one registering the votes of acquittal (or noes), and the other those of conviction (or ayes); and a body of lictors, or attendants (Matt. xxvi. 58). The assembly sat in the form of a semicircle, the president occupying the centre of the arc, the prisoner that of the centre of the chord, while the two heralds sat a little in advance of the president, on his right hand and his left. The name Sanhedrin is not Hebrew but Greek ($\sigma v \nu \epsilon \delta \rho u \sigma v$).

The Sopherim, "Scribes" (writers), were a learned profession,

neither a party nor a sect. They devoted themselves to the study of the Law, of which they were the expositors and transcribers. were the lawyers and public notaries of the community (Matt. xxii. 35; Mark vii. 2; Luke v. 17, 21). Such were Gamaliel and Saul. In doctrine and practice they favoured the Pharisees, with whom they are often classed (Matt. xxiii. 2). From being transcribers and expounders of the Law, they supplied, after the Captivity, the place of the prophets and inspired oracles, which had ceased; and from them arose those glosses and interpretations which our Lord rebukes under the term "traditions." These became so numerous, that they were collected by the Rabbi Judah (A.D. 200) into six books, called the Mishna (Repetition of the oral law), to which was subsequently added a book of comments (Gemara), which completed the whole traditionary doctrine of the Jewish Church. The Mishna and the Gemara together constitute the Talmud, of which there are two, one by the Jews in Judæa (called the Jerusalem Talmud), the other by those in Babylon (called the Babylonian).

Keneseth, "Synagogue," was a term applied both to the congregation in a provincial town, and to the room in which it met during the week for mutual instruction, disputation, and administration of justice, and on the sabbath for prayer and praise (not sacrifice). These buildings were the schools of the children, the debating clubs and libraries of the youths; there were 480 of them in Jerusalem.

Each Jewish community had its officers, viz.:-

- 1. Ten Batlanim (men of leisure), who devoted themselves to the interests of the community (see Jer. iii. 15). They were the provincial council, administering both ecclesiastical and civil affairs. These were the "rulers of the synagogue," and had special seats of honour assigned them during Divine worship (Matt. xxiii. 6; Acts xiii. 15).
- 2. The Shelîaeh (*Delegate*). He was a layman, delegated by the chief shepherd (*Parnas*) to recite the most sacred portions of the liturgy. The office was not permanently vested in one person, but one so delegated was the mouthpiece, for the time being, of the congregation. In large towns the qualifications required were considerable and were strictly exacted, and became the groundwork of those required for Christian bishops (1 Tim. iii. 1-7). Our Lord seems to have held this office at Nazareth (Luke iv. 16). From hence arose Christian "prophets" or "presbyters."

- 3. The Chazzan (literally *Inspector*), a minister or attendant, whose duties were partly ecclesiastical, partly civil:—
 - (a) To unrobe the priests of their sacerdotal vestments.
 - (b) To blow the trumpet for public announcements.
 - (c) To hand the roll of the Law to the Reader.
 - (d) To act as messenger to "the rulers," when dispensing justice.
 - (e) To inflict scourging (forty stripes save one).
 - (f) To take charge of the furniture, light the sabbath lamp, clean the synagogue.

These Chazzanim are mentioned fifteen times in the New Testament, but different words are used in the A. V.: viz. Officer in eleven passages (Matt. v. 25; John vii. 32, 45, 46; xviii. 3, 12, 18, 22; xix. 6; Acts v. 22, 26); Servant in three passages (Matt. xxvi. 58; Mark xiv. 54, 65); Minister in one passages (Luke iv. 20). It was with them that Peter sat and warmed himself; and it was they who smote Jesus with the palms of their hands. The Greek word is always $\hat{\nu}\pi\eta\rho\acute{e}\tau a$.

4. The Meturgeman (Interpreter). As the synagogue came mainly into use after the Captivity, when Hebrew was not well known and Greek was more generally used in common life, the Law was interpreted to the congregation by an interpreter, selected for his learning and knowledge of languages. To guard against false interpretation, the learned formed a guild of "interpreters," who drew up a Book of Paraphrases on the hebdomadal lessons, which from them was called the "Targum." This word Meturgeman, or Turgeman, has been corrupted into the modern Dragoman.

Keneseth haggedolah, "Great Synagogue," has been already mentioned (pp. 74 sq.). It is remarkable that there is no allusion to this body in Holy Scripture, in the Apocrypha, in Philo, or in Josephus. The earliest notice of it is found in the *Pirke Aboth*, a Hebrew book attributed to the second century after Christ. According to this book it ceased to exist before the historical origin of the Sanhedrin. Some critics have regarded these two bodies as identical. At all events they seem never to have existed side by side. It is not improbable that the Sanhedrin was a revival of the Great Synagogue under another name, with diminished numbers and limited functions.

THE JEWISH YEAR. XXXII.

N. B.-The SACRED YEAR was reckoned from the moon after the vernal equinox.

The prophets speak of the sacred year; those engaged in secular pursuits, of the civil year. The year was divided The CIVIL YEAR began in September (the less productive period of the year). into 12 lunar months, with a thirteenth, or intercalary month, every third year.

XXXIII. GEOGRAPHY AND TOPOGRAPHY OF THE HOLY LAND.

The country to the east of the Levant, measured from N. to S., beginning above Antioch and ending in the plain below Beer-sheba, is 360 miles in length, 60 in breadth at the narrowest, 100 at the widest part. It is as mountainous as Switzerland, though the mountains do not attain a great elevation. The northern portion (nearly two-thirds of the whole) is known as "Syria," the southern as "Palestine."

PHYSICAL FORMATION.

Syria. A branch of Mount Taurus running southward soon divides into two main forks, the one (Libanus) following the coast line, the other (Anti-Libanus) turning inland, and then sweeping westward, till it joins the other in the rocky heights that form the northern wall of the PLAIN of ESDRAËLON. The latter is broader, but less elevated than the former, and more barren, but it throws out one lofty offshoot in the jagged needle-points of HERMON (10,000 feet), from which there is spread out a fan-like range tending eastward, which sweeps along the plain past Damascus to Palmyra. A little S. of HERMON the mountains of Gilead commence, and extend in an irregular chain southward, till they join those of MOAB and EDOM, which skirt the eastern shore of the DEAD SEA. LIBANUS runs from N. to S. along the western coast, broken only in three places; (1) by the great valley of the Orontes (where ANTIOCH stands), (2) by the narrow plain of Issus (near Iskanderûn), and (3) by the wide break called the "Entrance of Hamath" (Numb. xxxiv); until, having reached its highest point (10,000 feet) near "The Cedars," it turns abruptly westward, and projects a precipitous promontory into the sea between Tyre and Achzib (Josh. xix. 29), creating a natural barrier between Syria and Palestine. Between the mouths of the Orontes valley and the Entrance of Hamath a wide plain stretches along the sea-coast, on which stood LAODICEA (Latakea); and, below it, the mountain range throws off frequent lateral roots E. and W., sometimes jutting into the sea, forming alternate bays and promontories, on the latter of which are successively situated, TRIPOLI, BEYROUT, SIDON, and TYRE. Between the two branches, Libanus and Anti-Libanus, lies the plain of Cœle-Syria (70 by 7 miles), drained by the river Leontes. which for four-fifths of its course flows towards the S.W., but then turning W. through a very narrow gorge, empties itself into the Mediterranean about two miles from Tyre.

Palestine begins at Achzib. It is bounded on the W. by the Mediterranean, and on the E. by the Jordan. Its total length is

about 140 miles, and its average breadth 70.

The whole country between these boundaries is an irregular mass of mountain range, rising in a central core, which extends from the gorge of the Leontes, with but one break, till it terminates almost precipitously at Beer-sheba. That one break is the PLAIN of ESDRAË-LON, which cuts both the range and the country in half, running irregularly across from the Mediterranean (at Kaifa) to the Jordan, near BETH-SHAN. This plain is bounded on the N. by the rocky heights of Nazareth, terminating in the Mount of Precipitation and Mount Tabor; on the E. by Little Hermon. or "the hill of Moreh" (an isolated offshoot of Anti-Libanus); and on the S. and W. by the range of CARMEL, which, coming up from the sea, sweeps round S.E. by JENIN (Engannim), till it recoils with a northward termination (Mount GILBOA), which almost divides the plain in half. It then throws off a number of isolated knolls and undulating downs about DOTHAN and the "HILL of SAMARIA," and connects itself with the main Samaritan range (EBAL and GERIZIM). Continuing its southerly course, it joins the "hill country of Judæa," gradually increasing in elevation until it reaches its culminating point in the plateau of Mamre (above HEBRON), about 3,600 feet above the sea.

One spur of this range, tending eastward, terminates in an abrupt cliff, surrounded on three sides by a deep and narrow gorge (Hinnom and Kedron, which meet at the foot), forming a natural moat. On this spur stands Jerusalem, the ancient impregnable fortress of Jebus. That city, together with Mount Olivet (the opposite crown of the Kedron gorge), Bethlehem (on one peak of the main range), and the "House of Abraham" at Mamre, are the highest points in Palestine.

This mountain range is cleft lengthwise (from N. to S.) by a singular phenomenon, viz. a great and deep valley, which begins at Antioch and extends to the Gulf of Akaba. At first it follows the course of the Orontes, then that of the Leontes, forming the "Valley of Lebanon," for an extent of 70 miles. It then falls rapidly to the upper fountains of the Jordan, joins the plains of Huleh, and forms the Jordan valley to the Dead Sea, whence it continues to the Gulf of Akaba. The valley of Lebanon at its northern extremity is 2,300 feet above the sealevel; at Huleh it is level with the Mediterranean; while the surface of the Sea of Tiberias is 682 feet, and that of the Dead Sea 1,292 feet below it. From thence the valley gradually rises, until it reaches the sea-level at EZION-GEBER. This valley is 300 miles long, 140 of which are below the level of the sea, forming a deep and wide trench in the

mountain chain, so that, to one standing in Palestine, the eastern bank of the Jordan seems to be flanked by a continuous range of mountains, which is really only the edge of the cleft, the elevated plateau continuing eastward in a gentle decline, till it sinks into the "Syrian Desert."

Summary.

Mountains. The two great ranges are: Eastern—Anti-Libanus, Bashan, Gilead, Moab, and Edom; Western—Libanus, Carmel, Samaritan and Judæan Hills.

Plains. Maritime.—Sharon, on the western coast between Joppa and Hor, which extends somewhat inland; Philistia, a narrower strip, running southward from Joppa to the "Desert of Shur," known as the "Land of the Philistines," who gave to the country its name "Palestine."

Central.—ESDRAËLON, the battle-field of Palestine, is an irregular triangle, one side (12 miles) formed by the Galilæan hills, another (18 miles) running from the E. to the Samaritan range, a third (15 miles) from Jenin to the mountains of Nazareth. But it consists of three parts: (1) N., terminating in a narrow pass into the plain of Accho W., and running on past Tabor eastward to the hills of Galilee. This is the Plain of Megiddo, where Barak defeated Sisera, and Pharaoh Necho slew Josiah. It is bounded on the S. by the terminations of Little Hermon and Gilboa, between which runs (2) the Plain of Iezreel. descending past the well of Harod (where Gideon's 300 men lapped with their tongues, Judg. vii), by Beth-shan (where the bodies of Saul and Jonathan were exposed), to the banks of the Jordan; and (3) the Plain of Jenin (En-gannim, "the garden-house," 2 Kings ix. 27, towards which Ahaziah fled from Jehu), extending southward from Gilboa to the Samaritan range. The most important historically is (2), in which the Philistines from Hermon triumphed over Saul encamped on Gilboa. At the foot of the former hill were Shunem, Nain, and En-dor; on the latter (Gilboa) stood Jezreel, and at its foot lav Naboth's vineyard. Here were fought most of the battles between Israel and the Syrians (2 Kings).

Eastern.—ARAMÆA (the "Highland" lying to the N.E. of Palestine), a vast plateau, extending from the mountains of Gilead and Bashan to the Euphrates eastward, from the Lebanons to the Arabian Desert southward. This tract must be divided into three parts:
(1) ARAM-NAHARAIM (Highland between the two Rivers), or PADAN-ARAM, lying between the Tigris and Euphrates, better known by its Greek name, Mesopotamia; (2) ARAM-DAMESK (Highland of Damascus), 2 Sam. viii. 6; (3) "WILDERNESS" OF ARAM (2 Chron. viii. 4),

still called the *Hauran*. It should be noted, that where "Syria" or "Syrian language" occurs in the Authorised Version, the original has "Aram" and "Aramaic" respectively.

Plateaux. Bashan, Gilead, Hauran.

Valleys. The great central depression intersecting the country from N. to S., beginning with that of Orontes (in the N.), followed by that of Lebanon or Cœle-Syria, Huleh, Jordan, Siddim, and Akaba.

Rivers. ORONTES, flowing N. from Mount Libanus through Antioch to the Mediterranean, 149 miles; LEONTES, rising near Baalbek, flows S. down the valley of Lebanon to the Mediterranean. 55 miles: BĂRĂDA (Abana) rises in Anti-Libanus, flows in many channels to Damascus (23 miles), and is absorbed in irrigating the plain. ARNON was the boundary between Moab and the Amorites. and became the southern frontier of the Israelites east of Jordan. It enters the Dead Sea through a narrow chasm in the rock. JABBOK rises in the eastern plateau, winds westward down a narrow gorge, and falls into the Jordan, halfway between the Sea of Galilee and the Dead Sea. Except during the winter rains, it is almost dry. It was the boundary between the territories of Sihon and Og (Josh, xii): and also the northern frontier of Ammon, and the scene of Jacob's wrestling with the angel (Gen. xxxii. 22-24). KISHON drains the Plain of Esdraëlon, and falls into the Bay of Kaifa. JORDAN (= descending) rises at the foot of Hermon, and passing through the waters of MEROM and Sea of Tiberias, falls into the Dead Sea, from which there is no outlet. The direct distance between its source and mouth is 92 miles; from the Sea of Tiberias to the Dead Sea 60; but its course between the two is 200, with a fall of 610 feet in 60 miles. KEDRON is now a dry bed, running from Jerusalem to the Dead Sea.

Lakes. MEROM (Huleh), six miles long by four broad; TIBERIAS, fifteen by eight miles; DEAD SEA (or Lake Asphaltites), forty-six by ten miles.

CHIEF TOWNS OF SYRIA.

Antioeh, the capital of the Seleucidæ, is situated 16 miles from the sea (41 from the mouth of the tortuous Orontes); its seaport was SELEUCIA. It was the third city in the Roman Empire; became the first centre of Christian Missions under Paul and Barnabas (Acts xiii. 1, 2, &c.); and after the destruction of Jerusalem was the head of the Eastern Church, its Patriarchate extending to Babylon, and including the whole of Syria and Palestine.

Damascus is the most ancient existing city. Founded by Uz, son

of Aram, son of Shem, it has existed as a city without intermission for about 4,000 years, and is still prosperous, with a population of 150,000. It owes its continued prosperity to its unique position. at the foot of the barren mountains that form the eastern termination of Anti-Libanus, and at the edge of the wide sandy desert that stretches for eight days' journey to the Euphrates. It is a paradise in a wilderness, the "garden of the Lord" in the middle of widespread desolation. Its luxuriance is due to the river Abana (and its tributary the Pharpar), which bursts out from the mountains, forces a passage through the limestone rock, distributes its waters over the alluvial deposit brought down by its boisterous torrent, and is entirely absorbed in a plain only 30 miles in diameter. It was probably visited by Abraham in his journey to Canaan (Gen. xv. 2), whence he obtained his steward; and to it he pursued the four kings who sacked Sodom. It was subjugated by David (2 Sam. viii. 6), after which, under the dynasty of the Hadads, its policy was to encourage internecine war between the rival kingdoms of Israel and Judah, siding sometimes with one, sometimes with the other, and it was alternately conquered and victorious, until the Assyrians triumphed over it and Israel (2 Kings xvi. 9); but it is called by Isaiah "the head of Syria" (Is. vii. 8). For a time it became inferior to Antioch: after the battle of Issus it passed into the hands of the Romans: in Paul's time it was held by Aretas the Arabian (2 Cor. xi. 32); it grew in magnificence, and when captured by Mohammedan Arabs (A.D. 634) was "one of the first cities of the East."

Tyre (Tsur—the Rock) probably gave its name to Syria. Its marvellous wealth and commerce are described by Ezekiel (xxvii), and its destruction by Nebuchadnezzar foretold (Ezek. xxvi. 7), which happened after thirteen years' siege. It was rebuilt on an island rock, but again stormed by Alexander. The Israelites were unable to take it (Judg. i. 31). David and Solomon made peace with Hiram its king (2 Sam. v. 11; 1 Kings v). Our Lord once visited its neighbourhood (Matt. xv. 21), and Paul landed at its port (Acts xxi. 3).

Zidon (Saīda—Fish), the mother city of Phœnicia (Is. xxiii. 12), is said to take its name from a son of Canaan; but was more probably so called from the primary occupation of its Canaanite builders, Sidon being the Greek spelling of the Syriac Saïda. It is one of the oldest cities in the world, and was already famous in Joshua's time (xix. 28). Its architects were the best in Syria (I Kings v). Ahab married the daughter of its king Ethbaal. It

was captured by Shalmaneser, B.C. 720, and again by the Persians, B.C. 350. Paul touched there on his voyage to Rome (Acts xxvii. 3). Near to Zidon stood Zarephath, where Elijah was received by the widow (I Kings xvii. 9).

CHIEF TOWNS OF PALESTINE.

On the Coast. I. Accho, or Akka, near the foot of Mount Carmel, was occupied by Phoenicians, whom the tribe of Asher could not dislodge. It is only once mentioned in the Old Testament (Judg. i. 31), and once in the New, under its later Greek name, Ptolemais (Acts xxi. 7). Under the Crusaders it became the seat of the Christian kingdom, and the head-quarters of the Knights Templars, from whom it derived its modern name of Saint Jean d'Acre. The plain of Accho, watered by the Kishon, is the most fertile in Palestine.

2. Cæsarea has no place in history before Christ. It was only a poor landing-place, 27 miles N. of Joppa, till Herod the Great built a city there worthy of the Roman power, made it the seat of government, and called it Cæsarea Sebaste (Augusta) in honour of the Emperor. It was the central depôt of Roman troops.

3. Joppa (Jaffa, Yâfa) is a place of very great antiquity. It was allotted to Dan (Josh. xix. 46). It was the port at which the timber from Lebanon for building Solomon's temple was landed (2 Chron. ii. 16), and again for rebuilding it (Ezra iii. 7). From it Jonah embarked when he fied to Tarshish (in Spain); here Peter restored Dorcas to life, saw his vision, and received the messengers of Cornelius. It is frequently mentioned in the story of the wars of the Maccabees. It is about 35 miles distant by road from Jerusalem.

Central. The main cities of Palestine were on heights naturally strong, and were also fortified by art.

Bethsaida, on the Jordan, two miles above the Sea of Galilee (also called *Julias*, after the daughter of Augustus), was built by Philip the tetrarch. Two cities were so called, both deriving their name, "House of Fishing," from the great shoals of fish attracted thither by the hot springs. It was here that Christ fed the five thousand (Luke ix. 10–17).

Bethsaida (El-Tabigheh), principally mentioned in the Gospels, and warned by the fate of its namesake SAÏDA (Sidon) on the other sea, was about two miles south-west of Chorazin, on the beach, just under the rocky promontory on which stood Capernaum, of which it was a suburb. It was the residence of Andrew, Peter, James,

John, and Philip (probably also of Thomas, John xxi. 2), and the scene of two miraculous draughts of fish.

Capernaum (Khan Minyeh1) was a Roman settlement with a castellated fort, on a promontory overlooking the Lake, "in the borders of Zabulon and Nephthalim," It was the centre of Roman taxation and government in Galilee: and accordingly possessed a garrison (Matt. viii. 5), with centurions and other officers. Civil representatives of the Roman power (the nobleman, John iv. 46), with a large staff of tax-gatherers (Mark ii. 15), were stationed there; but the Iews were too small and poor a colony to build their own synagogue (Luke vii. 5). Capernaum was built at the junction of the four great central roads from Arabia, Egypt (via Jerusalem), Tyre, and Damascus, and at the northern corner of the luxuriant "Plain of Gennesaret." Though adjacent to the sea, it does not seem to have stood on the beach. Our Lord made it "His own city" after His rejection from Nazareth; He often taught in its synagogue, yet only once did He illustrate His teaching by a parable taken from seafaring pursuits (namely, the "Draw-net"), usually choosing illustrations from the cultivation of "the Plain," or the traffic of the merchants, who bartered their goods at the Junction Fount outside the city. Here Levi sat at receipt of custom, and entertained our Lord and many publicans at a feast. Here Christ healed the palsied man (Matt. ix. 2-7); sent Peter for the tribute-money: healed the man with a withered hand; raised Jairus' daughter; most probably converted Mary of the adjoining village of Magdala; preached the sermon on the "Bread of Life" (John vi. 59), and that "in the Plain"; and foretold the overthrow of Capernaum from its proud and elevated position (Matt. xi. 23, 24), noting the similarity of its site in the "Garden of Princes" to that of Sodom in the "Garden of the Lord" (Gen. xiii. 10).

Cæsarea Philippi (Banias), near the upper source of the Jordan. It is probably the site of "Baal-gad," the northern limit of Joshua's conquests (Josh. xi. 17). Here Herod the Great erected a temple to Cæsar Augustus, which Philip (Luke iii. 1) enlarged, calling it by the name of the reigning emperor (Tiberius Cæsar), with the addition of his own. It was here that Peter confessed Christ's Divinity, six days before He was transfigured, as is supposed, on the adjacent Hermon.

¹ The identification of Capernaum with the promontory by Khan Minyeh is supported by the universal testimony of the most ancient travellers, by the mioute description of Matthew, and by the whole teoour of the Gospel narrative. There is scarcely a single valid argument in favour of Tell-Hum.

Chorazin (Tell-Hum) stood on the northern shore (western extremity) of the Lake of Gennesaret, a position on that sea corresponding to that of Tyre on the Mediterranean; hence our Lord's comparison of the two (Matt. xi. 21, 22).

Decapolis (*Ten Cities*), a district to the east of Jordan, lying south and south-east of the Sea of Galilee, extending north to Damascus, and south to the river Jabbok, colonised by veterans from the army of Alexander (whence its Greek name). The most important of its cities were Gerasa, Gadara, Hippos, Pella, Philadelphia, Scythopolis (on the west of Jordan).

Gennesaret. The banks of the Sea of Galilee are almost precipitous. On the east there is only one break, viz. opposite Tiberias. On the north-west is the small bay between Chorazin and Bethsaida, with its crescent-shaped plain about two miles in length by three-quarters of a mile in width, at the southern extremity of which stood the promontory of Capernaum. Rounding this we come upon the rich tropical plain of "Gennesaret," the Garden of Princes (the scene of "the Sower"), teeming with rich vegetation, and hedged to the water's brink with oleanders, and the nubk thorn, filled with myriads of sparrows (Luke xii. 6). This plain sweeps into an amphitheatre of hills, having a width of about one mile in its broadest part, and a length of about three miles from horn to horn.

Magdala, at the southern extremity of the Plain of Gennesaret, behind which are the "Mount of Beatitudes," and the traditional site of the miracle of feeding the four thousand.

Nazareth. Ascending the height, and journeying west by south, we come to a wide plateau on the cluster of hills which form the northern wall of the Plain of Esdraelon, and in its centre is a small dell, out of whose bosom rises, beside a crystal fountain, a knoll on which stood Cana. Passing it we mount a higher range of hills to the west, and find ourselves on the margin of an extinct volcano, on the sides of whose crater the city of Nazareth clings with its houses tier above tier.

ROYAL AND SACRED PLACES.

The history of the Old Testament is mainly confined, in Palestine, to that portion below Mount Tabor, and chiefly centres round Esdraëlon, Shechem, Shiloh, Beth-el, Mamre, Hebron, Jerusalem, Beer-sheba, all which towns (except the last) stand on high elevations.

Beer-sheba (the seven wells, or well of the oath) lay at the foot of the range, and on the edge of the plain stretching from Egypt round to the vale of Siddim. It is eleven miles south of Hebron, but twelve hours' walk. To it Abraham retired after the destruction of Sodom. and lived there 75 years, Isaac 180, Jacob 77, and Esau 100. Abraham dug there two large wells, and Isaac five more, which still exist. Abraham also built an altar, and planted a sacred grove round it, which became the first fixed sanctuary in Palestine, and here Jacob and his whole family sacrificed, as they went down into Egypt. Here also Abraham received orders to take Isaac and sacrifice him, and here were enacted all the chief events of Isaac's life:-his own birth, and that of Esau and Jacob; the purchase by Jacob of Esau's birthright, and his reception of his father's blessing. Here Samuel's sons sat as judges (1 Sam. viii. 2), and Elijah left his servant when fleeing to Mount Sinai (1 Kings xix. 3). It was the birthplace of one queen of Judah, Zibiah, wife of Ahaziah (2 Kings xii, 1); a place of idolatrous worship (2 Kings xxiii, 8); and the southern boundary of Israel.

Bethany lies on the eastern shoulder of the Mount of Olives, a mile and a half from Jerusalem, on the way to Jericho. It is reached by three roads: (1) winding westward to the north of the summit of Olivet; (2) the oldest road, striking directly up the hill, and meeting the other beyond the summit; (3) winding round the eastern shoulder. All start from Gethsemane, in the bottom of the Kedron valley. Bethany is only celebrated for our Lord's visits to the house of Lazarus on three occasions: once when Mary sat at His feet (Luke x. 38-42); again when He raised Lazarus (John xi); and again when, in Simon's house, Mary anointed His "body for the burial" (Matt. xxvi. 6, 7); from which time, till the night of His betrayal, He appears to have slept there every night. In the immediate neighbourhood Jesus ascended to heaven.

Beth-el (Luz, anciently a Canaanite royal city) was the boundary town between Benjamin and Ephraim (Josh. xviii. 22). Situated at the entrance of two great mountain-passes, (1) by Michmash to Jericho, (2) by Beth-horon to the plains of Sharon and Philistia by the sea, it was the key to the southern kingdom; hence it was one of Joshna's first conquests, and became the border-fortress of Israel. It stands on a height midway between Shechem and Hebron, in the very centre of the land, within sight of Jerusalem, only seven miles distant. Here Abraham built his second altar, received the second promise from Jehovah, and returned to sacrifice after going to

Egypt. Jacob, fleeing from Esau, slept under the shelter of Abraham's altar, had a vision of angels, and gave to the spot its name, "House of God"; he returned after twenty years to perform his vow there, rebuilt the altar, set up a pillar, and received his change of name. Here he buried Deborah under an oak, beneath whose shadow another Deborah (Judg. iv. 5) had her tent. Samuel made it a seat of judgment and central place of sacrifice, and to it David sent firstfruits of the spoil of Ziklag (1 Sam. xxx. 27). Jeroboam I. made it the chief sanctuary of his kingdom, setting up a calf and altar, which Josiah destroyed; but in Elijah's last visit before his translation there was a School of the Prophets still existing. To it Elisha returned from Jericho, and cursed the mocking youths. Under Jeroboam II. it was a royal residence, with a royal chapel and chaplains, when the prophet Amos was sent there to warn Israel (Amos vii. 13). After the Captivity, the priest sent from Assyria to teach the settlers was stationed at Beth-el.

Around Beth-el, grouped on a cluster of hills, are Ophrah (Gideon's native place), and Rimmon (the refuge of the Benjamites, Judg. xx. 45), on the east; Ramah (Samuel's home), Mizpeh (the great place of assembly, where Saul was elected), 'Gibeah (Saul's native place), and Anathoth (the birthplace of Jeremiah), in a circle to the south.

Bethlehem (House of Bread) is about four miles south of Jerusalem. It is also called Ephrath and Ephratah (Mic. v. 2). It was the scene of Rachel's death and burial (Gen. xxxv. 19); the native place of Samuel's father (I Sam. i. 1); the residence of Boaz and Ruth (Ruth iv. 11); and the birthplace of David (I Sam. xvii. 12). It was once captured by the Philistines (2 Sam. xxiii. 14). The house of Boaz, the patrimony of David, was bestowed by him on Chimham the Gileadite, and became the khan, or inn, on the great road to Egypt. It was the last rallying-point of the remnant of Judah after the invasion of Nebuchadnezzar (Jer. xli. 17), and the birthplace of our Lord (Luke ii. 11).

Hebron (Kirjath-Arba, four cities) consists of four villages on a cluster of heights, about six hours' walk south of Bethlehem, and eleven miles from Jerusalem. Its foundation was nearly contemporary with that of Damascus. Sarah died and was buried here, in the cave of Machpelah, to which were brought the remains of Abraham, Isaac, Rebekah, Leah, and Jacob. It became the inheritance of Caleb, and was a Levitical city and a city of refuge. It became David's first capital, where six of his sons were born; and here Joab killed Abner,

David received from the heads of the ten tribes the offer of the kingdom, and Absalom began his rebellion.

Jericho is distant about five and a half hours' walk from Jerusalem to the north-east, in the deep valley of the Jordan, near its mouth. It was the first acquisition of Joshua, miraculously thrown open to him, and required by God to be burnt as a first-offering (Josh. vi); and a curse was imprecated on any one who rebuilt it, which fell upon Hiel the Beth-elite in the time of Ahab, 500 years later (1 Kings xvi. 34). In the time of Elisha there was a School of the Prophets there. Antony gave it to Cleopatra. Herod rented it of her, and afterwards built a palace there, in which he died. The Jericho of the New Testament (Riha) was a mile and a half to the south of the old city; it was a small place, but was visited by our Lord, when He healed Bar-Timæus and converted Zacchæus (Luke xviii. 35; xix. 1-9).

Jerusalem (Jebus-Salem?), the ancient royal city, as is said, of MELCHI-ZEDEK (the King of Righteousness), and chief fortress of the Jebusite tribe, stands on a spur of the main range, cleft to the south into two ridges, of which the west (ZION) is the higher, and the east (Moriah) the more precipitous; the former has two peaks (Zion and Acra), and the latter two (Moriah and Bezetha), each separated from the other by a shallow depression. On Moriah Abraham offered Isaac, David the expiatory sacrifice to stay the destroying angel (2 Sam. xxiv. 25), and Solomon built the temple. It was unconquered by the Israelites till David took it and made it the capital, from which time the national history centred around it. Its isolated position and natural strength made it suitable for its purpose: but its small dimensions prevented its being more than a centre of defence and government. On its western side was the deep gorge of Hinnom, on the east that of the Kedron (also called Jehoshaphat); both gorges unite at the southern extremity, and run on to the Dead Sea, 15 miles distant. It is 33 miles from the Mediterranean, and at a maximum elevation of 2,528 feet above its level. It remained the capital for 460 years, till burned by Nebuchadnezzar; but was rebuilt by Ezra and Nehemiah, and destroyed by the Romans, A.D. 70. In the time of our Lord it was little more than the centre of the priesthood and university of Judaism, inhabited by the literati and devotees; it contained 480 synagogues for instruction. The TEMPLE was built on the crown of Moriah, "the threshing-floor of Araunah" (2 Chron. iii. 1), with a surrounding platform 612 feet square. The building (Naos)

would seem to have stood on the summit of the rock, in which graduated platforms were cut, forming the courts of the Iews and women. The Naos was small (60 by 20 cubits), and was divided into the Holy of Holies and Holy Place (i.e. a chancel and nave), the former used once a year, the latter occupied only by the priests performing daily service. In the former was the ark; in the latter, the altar of incense (in the centre of the further end), with the table of shewbread on its one side and the golden candlestick on the other. These two parts were separated by a veil, which was rent at the crucifixion (Matt. xxvii. 51). The court of the Gentiles surrounded . the Naos, but was on a lower platform, separated off by a trellis fence. The Naos was, like Mount Sinai, the sanctuary of Jehovah, fenced off (Exod. xix. 23) from the Gentiles' court, the plain below. Solomon finished his temple B.C. 1004: it was destroyed B.C. 588: rebuilt under Ezra and Nehemiah B.C. 515; polluted by Antiochus B.C. 167; its restoration commenced by Herod B.C. 17; finished A.D. 20: again destroyed by Titus A.D. 70.

Mamre is situated half an hour's walk above Hebron, on the highest elevation in Palestine, overlooking the vale of Siddim and the Mediterranean. This was Abraham's dwelling-place, when news came to him of Lot's capture. Here he had the vision of God's spiritual Presence,—the lamp of fire (Gen. xv. 17); here Ishmael was born, the rite of circumcision was ordered, the promise by the three angels of Isaac's birth and the revelation of the destruction of Sodom were made (Gen. xviii).

Samaria, the second capital of Israel, was built by Omri (Ahab's father), on the hill of Shemer (a little north-west of Shechem), and was the scene of many events under the monarchy. It was occupied by the Syrians (I Kings xx. 34), taken (B.C. 720) by Assyrians, and rebuilt by Herod the Great.

Shechem (Nablous), on the side of Gerizim, was the first spot on which Abraham built an altar (Gen. xii. 6); hence it is the most ancient sacred place in Hebrew history. This altar Jacob rescued from the Amorites (Gen. xlviii. 22), and rebuilt and surrounded with a parcel of land he bought (Gen. xxxiii. 18-20), which became the burial-place of the Patriarchs (Acts vii. 16). It was the scene of the slaughter of the Shechemites by Simeon and Levi (Gen. xxxiv. 25); under a famous oak Jacob buried the Aramite gods, around which oak Joshua assembled the Israelites to offer sacrifice, and to read out the blessings (from Gerizim) and curses (from Ebal) of the Law, immediately on entering the Promised Land; and here again he

assembled them to renew the covenant before he died, when he set up a pillar as a witness (Josh. xxiv. 26). At this pillar Abimelech was made king, and Rehoboam met the heads of tribes who sought redress. Here the ten tribes revolted, and made Jeroboam their king. Its site is still known as "The Pillar." At the well of Jacob (300 paces south-east) our Lord conversed with the Samaritan woman (John iv). It was then the chief city of the Samaritan sect, a remnant of whom still reside there. A mile distant to the east is Joseph's tomb.

Shiloh lies a little off the road, on a knoll rising out of a secluded dell, "on the north side of Beth-el, on the east of the highway that goeth up from Beth-el to Shechem, and on the south of Lebonah" (Judg. xxi. 19). Here Joshua set up the tabernacle, made the allotment of Canaan to the tribes, and dismissed them with his benediction to their possessions. It became the first great sanctuary; priests' houses sprang up round it, till it was called "the temple" (I Sam. iii. 3). Here Eli lived and died, Samuel ministered before the Lord, and an annual festival was held in honour of the ark (Judg. xxi. 19-24). After the capture of the ark by the Philistines, Shiloh declined; but Ahijah prophesied there (I Kings xiv. 1-17). Its destruction was made a warning to Jerusalem (Jer. vii. 12-14; xxvi. 6).

Tirzah, the first capital of Israel, lies a little to the north-east of Shechem, and is beautifully situated on a ridge projecting from Mount Ebal (S. of S. vi. 4). It was originally the seat of a Canaanite king (Josh. xii. 24). Here Zimri murdered Elah: here also he burnt his palace over his head when the city was taken by Omři (1 Kings xvi. 10, 18).

LEVITICAL CITIES = 48.

Hebron, Libnah, Jattir, Eshtemoa, Holon, Debir, Ain, Juttah, Beth-shemesh (*Judah* and *Simeon*); Gibeon, Geba, Anathoth, Almon (*Benjamin*); Shechem, Gezer, Kibzaim, Beth-horon (*Ephraim*); Eltekeh, Gibbethon, Aijalon, Gath-rimmon (*Dan*); Tanach, Gath-rimmon, Golan, Beesh-terah (*Manasseh*); Kishon, Dabareh, Jarmuth, En-gannim (*Issachar*); Mishal, Abdon, Helkath, Rehob (*Asher*); Kedesh, Hammoth-dor, Kartan (*Naphtali*); Jokneam, Kartah, Dimnah, Nahalal (*Zebulun*); Bezer, Jahazah, Kedemoth, Mephaath (*Reuben*); Ramoth-Gilead, Mahanaim, Heshbon, Jazer (*Gad*).

CITIES OF REFUGE.

HEBRON (in Judah), SHECHEM (in Ephraim), KEDESH (in Naphtali), BEZER (in Reuben), GOLAN (in Bashan), RAMOTH (in Gilead).

XXXIV. MOUNTAINS OF SCRIPTURE.

Name.	References.	Associations.
Abarim	Num. xxxiii. 47,48.	Balaam's blessing.
Ararat.	Gen. viii. 4.	Resting-place of the ark.
Bashan	Deut. iii. 13.	Part of Og's territory; famous for
D aniem	Deut. 11. 13	its oaks and wild cattle.
Carmel	1 Kings xviii. 19	Elijah's sacrifice.
Ebal	Deut. xxvii. 4	Cursing of law-breakers; site of the
Gerizim	Josh. viii. 32, 33.	stones inscribed with the Law.
Gerizim	John iv. 20	Blessing of the keepers of the Law;
en 131		site of Samaritan temple.
Gilboa	I Sam. xxxi. 8	Scene of Saul's death; site of Jezreel.
	I Sam. xxix. 1.	
Gilead	Gen. xxxi. 48	Scene of the covenant between Laban
		and Jacob.
Hermon (or	Deut. iv. 48	Great, a conjectured site of the Trans-
Mount Sion.)		figuration; Little, site of Shunem,
		En-dor, and Nain.
Hor	Num. xx. 28	Scene of Aaron's death.
Horeb	Ex. iii. 1	Scene of burning bush; law-giving;
	1 Kings xix, 8.	Elijah's desolation.
Lebanon	2 Chron. ii. 8-10	Source of timber for Solomon's
		temple.
Moriah	2 Chron, iii, 1,	The sacrifice of Isaac, and site of
•••		Solomon's temple; afterwards
	ł	called Zion ¹ .
Nebo	Deut. xxxiv. I	The range from whose summit
		(PISGAH) Moses saw the Promised
		Land.
Olivet,		Scene of David's flight from Ab-
02.00		salom; of Christ's weeping over
	'	Jerusalem; and of His Ascension.
Seir	Gen. xxxvi. 8	In Idumæa or Edom; taken by Esau
Dell	Gen. ARAVI. 6	from the Horites.
Sinai	Ex. xix, 1-11,	In Arabia; scene of Israelite en-
ØШан	Ex. xix. I-11	
		campment for ten months, and of
Sion (Tion)	Hab wii aa	giving of the Law.
Sion (= Zion).	Heb. xii. 22.	
	Rev. xiv. 1.	G CD 11
Tabor	Judg. iv. 14	Scene of Barak's camp, and, possibly,
	Mark ix. 2.	of Christ's transfiguration.
Zion	2 Sam. v. 7	Stronghold of Jebusites, stormed by
		Joab; site of David's palace, and
	1	of tabernacle.
	I	1

¹ The tabernacle having been erected on Zion, and all the temple worship arranged there by David, and many Psalms composed during his forty years reign, "Zion" had become incorporated into the devotional books and language of the Israelites; so, after the erection of Solomon's temple, the name Zion passed over to it with the tabernacle and the service, "Moriah" dropped out of the phraseology, and the two hills, united by a wide bridge, became one in name.

XXXV. RIVERS, LAKES, ETC. OF SCRIPTURE.

N.B.-R. = River; L. = Lake; B. = Brook; S. = Sea; W. = Waters.

Name.		Country.	.References.	Events connected with each.	Modern name.
Abana, R.	•••	Damascus, Syria.	2 Kin. v. 12.	Commended by Naaman. It is one of the chief channels of the Bărăda, which issues from the rocks of Anti-Libanus, and is absorbed in the plain of Damascus, which it renders remarkably luxuriant.	Aba- nias ¹ .
Arnon, R.		E. of Jordan, Gilead.	Num. xxi. 13-15.	Boundary of Moab and the Amorites; scene of a victory of Israel in their passage through the wilderness.	El Mo- jeb.
Chebar, R.	•••	Chaldæa	Ezek. i. r, 3.	Scene of Eze- kiel's visions.	Kha- bût.
Cherith, B.	•••	Plains of Jericho.	ı Kin. xvii. 5.	Elijah fed by ravens.	Kelt.
Egypt, River			Gen. xv. 18.	W. boundary of Promised Land.	Nile.
"Stream		Mesopotamia.	Is. xxvii, 12 Gen. ii. 14	The river on which Babylon was built; called "the Flood" (Josh. xxiv. 2). E. boundary of the Promised Land. One boundary of Paradise.	Euph- rates.

¹ Damascus has properly one great river only, the Bărăda, divided into seven channels above the city, which all pass through its various quarters, carrying an abundant supply for drinking and cleansing purposes. Each branch is called a river (Nahr), and is distinguished by some special fancied property; but the two most highly esteemed are the Abanias (Abana), and Taura (Pharpur).

RIVERS, LAKES, ETC. OF SCRIPTURE (continued).

Name.	Country.	References.	Events connected with each.	Modern name.
Chinnereth, or, Chinneroth, L Galilee, S Gennesaret, L Tiberias, S	Jordan valley¹.	Num. xxxiv. 11. Josh. xi. 2. Matt. xv. 29. Luke v. 1. John vi. 1.	Its name varied at different times, being generally taken from some important city on its shore (these names are chronologically arranged). It was the scene of most of our Lord's ministerial life in Galilee; and especially of the two miraculous draughts of fish, one at the beginning, the other at the close of His ministry (see "Gennesaret" and "Capernaum," pp. 163, 164).	Bahr Taba- riyeh.
Gihon, R	Eden	Gen. ii. 13	One boundary of Paradise.	
Habor, R	Chaldæa	2 Kin. xvii. 6; 1 Chr. v. 26.	Captivity of Reuben, Gad, Ma- nasseh, and cen- tral tribes of Israel.	Kha- bour.
Hiddekel, R	Eden	Gen. ii. 14	One boundary of Paradise.	Tigtis, or Dji- lek.
Jabbok, R	Gilead	Gen. xxxii.	Boundary be- tween Ammon and Moab; scene of Jacob's wrest- ling in prayer.	Zurka.
Jordan, R	E. boundary of Palestine.	2 Kin. v. 10.	River of baptism, or beginning of new life.	

¹ It was partly in the tribe of Zebulun, partly in Naphtali; the promontory of Arameh, the N. extremity of the plain of Gennesaret, being the boundary of those tribes (Josh. xix. 13, 35.)

RIVERS, LAKES, ETC. OF SCRIPTURE (continued).

Name.	Country.	References.	Events connected with each.	Modern name.
Kanah, R.	Palestine	Josh. xvi. 8	Border of inheritance of Ephraim and Manasseh.	
Kedron, R	Judæa	John xviii. 1.	Scene of Ado- nijah's rebellion. Crossed by Christ and apostles on the night of be- trayal.	Ke- drûn.
Kishon, R.	Palestine	Judg. iv. 7; v. 21; I Kin. xviii.	defeat and of the	Nahr Mu- katta.
Merom, W .	Asher.			١.
Sea of the Pla East Sea.	the Jorda Valley.	Deut. iv. 49. Joel ii. 20.	five kings against	Bahr-
	Europe, Asia Africa.			Medi- terra- nean.
Pharpar, R.	Damascus, Syria.	2 Kin. v. 12.	Tributary of Bă- răda: praised by Naaman.	Taura1.
Pison, R.	Eden	Gen. ii. 11	One boundary of Paradise.	
Zared, B.		Num. xxi. 12.	Boundary be- tween Edom and Moab.	

¹ See note on p. 171.

XXXVI. ANIMALS OF THE BIBLE.

In its physical characteristics Palestine is unique, combining the most opposite physical features: e.g. maritime and inland, mountain and plain, luxuriance and desert, cold and tropical, glacial and volcanic, pastoral and arable. Some species of animals, formerly abundant, have disappeared, e.g. the lion, wild bull, rhinoceros, bison; but eighty species of mammalia still exist there.

1. SUMMARY. OF THE MAMMALIA OF THE BIBLE.

GROUNOED ON THE REV. W. HOUGHTON'S PAPER (Transactions of Society of Biblical Archaology),

						_										,		
Zoological Genus or Species.	Addax.	Oryx leucoryx,	Presbytes entellus.			Ursus Syriacus.	Bos taurus.	Bos primigenius.	Camelus Arabicus.		Alcephalus bubalis.	Canis familiaris.	Delphinus.	Cervus Mesopotamicus.	Gazella guttūrosa.	Capra hircus.	" ægagrus.	Rupicapra tragus,
Remarks.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	akhira.	:	:	:	seng.	:
Rem	:	:	:	:	:	:	:				:	:	Syr. D	:	:	:	The pa	:
Assyrian Incriptions.	Da-as-su	Burkhiis	Udumu	Imiru	Tseri	Dabuu	Alap	Ri-i-mu,	Gammalu	None	:	Kalbu	Nakhiru Syr. Nakhira.	Ailu	Tsabiï	Atudu	" Tsapparu The paseng.	Ditanu
Septuagint Translation.	πύγαργος	έλαφος	тівпког.	ovos.	ரியாளos	арктов	ктήνη	μονοκέρως	κάμηλος	aïλovpos		Kύων	:	¿λαφος	Soprás	rpayos		καμηλοπάρδαλις.
Hebrew Original.	Dishôn	Το or teo ελαφος.		Chamôr	Pereh.	D6b	Aleph	Reêm	Gâmâl	None	Yachmur		:			Yatud	Tsâphîr	Zemer
English Translation.	Pygarg		Ape	Ass	Wild ass	Bear	Cattle, oxen.	Unicorn.		Cat None.	Fallow deer. Yachmur BovBalos.	Dog Keleb.	:	Hart, hind Ayyâl.	Roe, roebuck.	He-goat	:	Chamois
Animal Denoted.	Antelope	Antelope	Ape	Ass (tame)	Ass (wild)	Bear.	Bull (domestic).	Bull $(wild)$	Camel Camel.	Cat	:			Fallow deer	Gazelle	Goat (he)	:	Goat (wild) Chamois Zemer kapploondodalks. Ditanu Rupicapra tragus.

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(continued
BIBLE
THE
O.F.
MAMMALIA
THE
OF
SUMMARY

																		_
Zoological Genus or Species.	Ibex Bedeanus, or Capra Sinaitica.	Doubtful.	{ Lepus Sinaiticus. ,, Caspius.	Equus caballus.	Hyœna striata.	Canis Vulpes.	Folis leo	Spalax typhlus.	Dipus, and Alactaga.		Bos taurus.	Ovis aries.	Khinoceros unicornis.	Ovis laticaldatus.	Capra ægagius.	•	Canis lupus.	
Remarks.	:	Figured on Assyrian dish.	:	Captic Pehe-	:	:	:	:		1	Chald, Thör. Bos taurus.	:	:	:	3yr. Amo		Zebu	:
Assyrian Inscriptions.	:	None	Annabu	Susu	Akhu	Asi (?)	Numra.	Ne-essu		Parie.	Brokel rimi	Ailur	Alap nahr.	Tsieni	Ағаи		Zirbu	Actiuv
Septuagint Translation.		άλέκτωρ	χοιρογρύλλιος. Annabu	ίπποs θηρία	None	άλώπηξ.	πάρδαλις	λεων	uns.		μόσχος	Kptós	:	πρόβατα	:		:	YUKOS
Hebrew Original.	Ya'êl	Zarzir	Amebeth	Sûs Behemoth	[Ôach,	Shûal.	Nâmer		Akhbar.	Pered.	Shôr	Ayil		Tsôn.	:		Zeêb.	: :
English Translation.	Wild goat	Greyhound Zarzir.	Hare	Horse. Behemoth	Doleful crea-	Fox	Leopard	Lion	Monse	Mule.	Young Bull	Ram.		Sheep	:		Wolf	
Animal Denoted.	Goat (wild)	Greyhound	Hare,	Horse Hippopotamus.	Hyæna	Jackal	Leopard	Lion	•	Mule.	:	Ram	ceros.	Sheep	" (wild)	Unicorn (See	Wolf	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

2. QUADRUPEDS MENTIONED IN THE BIBLE.

N.B.—The Names in SMALL CAPITALS do not occur in the A.V., but the Animals are supposed to be denoted by the original text.

Ape (1 Kings x. 22) . . . Heb. Koph : Gk. πίθηκος.

Apes, and also peacocks and sandal-wood, were imported by Solomon from Ophir (probably Ceylon). The word used is a Hebraised form of the Sanskrit name. The baboon was known to the Egyptians. None are now found in Palestine.

Ass (domestic) (Judg. v. 10) . . . Heb. Chamôr: Gk. övos.

A native of Mesopotamia, of large size, the white species being most esteemed. It was the honoured animal for carrying official dignitaries—kings, prophets, judges. By the Mosaic law its firstling was to be redeemed, as was a male child. They were guarded by many legal privileges, and a royal officer took charge of them. Six thousand seven hundred and twenty returned with the captives from Babylon. The ass, as well as the camel, was a beast of burden.

Ass (wild) (Job xxxix. 5-8; Jer. ii. 24; xiv. 6) . . . Heb. (1) 'Arôd, (2)

Pereh: Gk. ὄναγρος.

*Arôd occurs only in Job; elsewhere pereh is used. The wild ass neighs like the horse, herds in droves, is more fleet than the horse, dwells in desolate places, and is very shy. It is the Asinus hemippus, seldom found now west of the Hauran.

Badger (Ex. xxvi. 14; Ezek. xvi. 10)... Heb. Tachash: Gk. ὑάκινθος.

This word is used only of the skin from which the outer covering for the tabernacle, &c. was made. Badgers are plentiful in Palestine, but their skins would hardly have been suitable for this purpose; the animal is thought by some to have been the *Dugong*, a mammal of the whale family, caught in the Red Sea; but tachash seems a generic word for "dolphins," "seals," &c., and in Ezek. xvi. 10 appears to mean "sealskin."

Bat (Lev. xi. 19) . . . Heb. Atalleph: Gk. νυκτερίς.

There are bats innumerable now in Palestine, notably in the vaults under the Temple and the rocky caves of Galilee. The former are the "short-tailed," the latter the African "tawny," and the English "long-eared." Near the Dead Sea are the "long-tailed" (*Rhinopoma*), &c. There are also the "horse-shoe," "fox-headed," "mouse-coloured," &c. They were forbidden as an article of food. See Birds, p. 184.

Bear (I Sam. xvii. 34; 2 Kin. ii. 24) . . . Heb. Dôb: Gk. а́рктоs.

The Syrian bear is a light-coloured variety of the common brown bear. It is still found in ravines of Galilee, and of Mounts Lebanon and Hermon. It is represented, as an object of chase, on Assyrian monuments.

Behemoth (Job xl. 15) ... Heb. Behemoth: Gk. θηρία.

The name is of doubtful derivation. It may be the pl. of Heb. behemah, "beast"; or a Hehraistic form of Egyptian p-ehe-mout, "water-ox." It is allowed to be the Hippopotamus, "river-horse." It is known to the Arabs as the "water-horse," and is still found in the Lower Nile.

Bittern (Is. xiv. 23; xxxiv. II; Zeph. ii. I4)... Heb. Kiphôd; Gk. exivos. This animal is mentioned with the "cormorant," and therefore by some supposed to be a bird. It is evidently a token of desolation, and the context seems to demand the idea of some marsh-loving bird, fond of waste and solitary places; whence the "bittern" is thought to be the Botaurus stellaris (so called from the noise it makes, like the hellowing of a bull, when its head is immersed in the mire). Many commentators follow the LXX. and Vulgate, and translate it "hedgehog," or "porcupine"; but these do not inhabit marshy ground, or "perch on the knops of pillars." See BIRDS, p. 184.

Bull. See Unicorn, Ox, and Deer.

Camel (Job i. 3) . . . Heb. (1) Gâmâl: Gk. κάμηλος.

— Heb. (2) Beker.

Doubtless both the Arabian one-humped and Bactrian two-humped species were known to the Hebrews, since both are found on Assyrian monuments; but the latter was rare. The camel seems to have heen a sign of wealth (r Chron. v. 21), and to have come into Palestine from Arabia. Its flesh was forbidden as food (Lev. xi. 4); but its milk was drunk, and its hair was used for weaving into cloth (Mark i. 6). Beker, bikrah (dromedary), are the male and female young camel. The dromedary, kirkarah, is a finer, swifter variety of camel.

CAT (Baruch vi. 22) ... Gk. αίλουρος.

Not mentioned in the Canonical books, though carefully kept and reverenced in Egypt, of which it was a native, and where it was dedicated to the moon, solemnly embalmed, and buried, when dead, at Bubastis.

Cattle (Ps. l. 10) . . . Heb. Aleph : Gk. κτήνη.

There were two kinds, long- and short-horned, the former more numerous, their horns pointed and projecting forwards. They were used for ploughing and threshing (i.e. treading out the corn), for sacrifices, and for food. See Ox.

Chamois (Deut. xiv. 5) ... Heb. Zemer: Gk. καμηλοπάρδαλις.

It is impossible that the camelopard, a native of South Africa, should he allowed as food to the Hehrews. The root of the word is "spring," "jump," and so it may include all the goat and antelope species. The "chamois" is not found in Palestine, or on Assyrian or Egyptian monuments. The Zemer is therefore supposed to be the wild sheep of Arabia Petræa, dwelling on inaccessible heights, having large, strong horns, curved hackwards.

Coney (Lev. xi. 5; Ps. civ. 18; Prov. xxx. 26) ... Heb. Shaphan:

Shaphan was forbidden food to the Hebrews; it lived in rocks; it was "feeble"; it chewed the cud. Jewish tradition identifies it with the "rabbit," and says the Phœuicians gave "Spain" its name from its abundance of rabbits; but this animal was unknown in Syria, till imported in later times. The "comey" is the Hyrax Syriacus, somewhat like a rabbit in size and shape, neither rodent nor ruminant, but classed by itself.

Deer (Deut. xii. 15) . . . Heb. (1) Tsebi: Gk. δορκάς.

There are four Hebrew words probably denoting deer or antelopes: (1) Tsebi ("roe," or "roebuck," A.V.), doubtless the Gazella Arabica, still abundant in Syria (not the "roebuck," which is confined to Europe). It was allowed as food. Its swiftness is often mentioned (2 Sam. ii. 18), and its being chased (Is. xiii. 14). Its elegance caused its name to be used as a favourite term of endearment, and also to be given to females, e.g. Zibiah (2 Kings xii. 1), and Tabitha (Acts ix. 36). The Arabic name is Gazel.

(Deut. xiv. 5; Is. li. 20) . . . Heb. (2) Tô, or teô: Gk. ἔλαφος.
 (2) Tô ("wild ox," and "wild bull," A.V.), a clean animal, fit for food; "caught in a net." In older versions identified with Oryx leucoryx, an antelope still found in Palestine and hunted and tamed by the Egyptians.

--- (Deut. xiv. 5) ... Heb. (3) Dishôn: Gk. πύγαργος.

- (3) Dishôn (the "pygarg," A.V.) is only once named among animals for food. It is probably the spotted-nosed Addax, though not found in Palestine, but in Arabia and Egypt, answering to the meaning of the Hebrew and Greek words.
- (Deut. xiv. 5; I Kin. iv. 23)... Heb. (4) Yachmur: Gk. βούβαλος.
 (4) Yachmur ("fallow deer," A.V.) was allowed for food, and was one of the provisions for Solomon's table. It is identified with the Alcephalus bubalis, still called "yachmur" by Arabs; it is red or pale brown. The "fallow deer" is a native of Syria and Palestine. R.

Dog (1 Sam. xvii. 43; Job xxx. 1) . . . Heb. Keleb: Gk. κύων.

Many species (for chase and vigilance) were known to the Assyrians, from the large mastiff to the hound; but the general term "dog" in the Bible is never used, except as expressive of disgust. No reference is made to his tending sheep (except Job xxx. I), or being employed in the chase; but only as guarding the house (Is. lvi. 10), warding off wild beasts, as himself a wild predatory animal, living on flesh and by rapine, and even feeding on human bodies, as in the case of Jezebel. His "price" is an abomination to the Lord (Deut. xxiii. 18),—probably the fee received for omens gained from dogs, a common Babylonian practice. Three species of dogs are now found in Palestine: viz. I. The pariah dog of towns and villages, the scavenger of the East; 2. The Syrian sheep-dog, like a Scotch colley; 3. The Persian greyhound.

Dromedary (Jer. ii. 23) ... Heb. Beker, bikrah. See Camel.

ELEPHANT (1 Kin. x. 22) . . . Gk. δδόντες έλεφάντινοι.

No mention is made of elephants living in Palestine, but only of the importation of their teeth, i. e. ivory; but in the Books of the Maccabees we learn that they were employed in the army of Antiochus Epiphanes against the Jews. They are not part of the fauna of Syria.

Ferret (Lev. xi. 30) . . . Heb. Anâkah : Gk. μυγαλη̂.

An unclean "creeping thing." Its identification is conjectural: opinions are divided between "shrew," or "field mouse" (LXX.), "hedgehog," "toad," "green lizard," "water-lizard." The root of the Hebrew word is doubtful, = either "to be long and narrow," or "to grow." See Lizard, p. 193.

Fox (Judg. xv. 4) . . . Heb. Shû'al : Gk. ἀλώπηξ.

The Hebrew word universally translated "fox" generally refers to the "jackal," which is very abundant in Palestine; and the word seems a generic one, including both. Its root is either "to burrow," or "to be brown-red." It is generally used in the plural. The common English fox is abundant in the Taurus, and another kind near the Euphrates.

Goat (Is. xiv. 9) ... Heb. (1) Yatud (male).

--- (2 Chron. xxix. 21) ... Heb. (2) Tsåpîr (male); Gk. τράγος.

—— (Lev. ix. 3) . . . Heb. (3) Sair (rough).

--- (Gen. xxx. 35) ... Heb. (4) Tayîsh (tup): Gk. τράγος.

Its flesh and milk were used as food, but its fat was prohibited (Lev. vii. 23). The he-goat, Capra **gagrus*, is used as a symbol of strength and also of impurity. It was the sin-offering for accidental manslaughter (Num. xv. 27), and for sins of the congregation on the Day of Atonement, when one goat was sacrificed, and another (Azazel), dyed with its fellow's blood, was allowed to escape into the wilderness, till its scarlet wool was bleached, as a symbol of pardoned sin. Goats' hair was used for weaving into cloth, and the skin for bottles and swimming bladders.

Goat (wild) (Deut. xiv. 5; Ps. civ. 18) ... Heb. Ya'êl: Gk. öpvê.

This animal is the Capra ibex (the Beden or Jaela), common in Arabia
Petræa and in the neighbourhood of the Dead Sea, at En-gedi ("fountain of
the kid"). Its flesh is excellent venison, and was probably that brought
by Esau to Isaac. H.

Greyhound (Prov. xxx. 31)... Heb. Zarzir Mathnaim: Gk. ἀλέκτωρ. The word "greyhound" is only once used in our Bible, as an example of what "goes well, and is comely in going." The translation is very questionable. The Hebrew words for "girt loins" are also rendered "horse," "girt in the loins." Greyhounds are represented on Assyrian monuments, and some naturalists trace their origin to an Asiatic home. They were used in Assyria and Babylonia, with the hawk, for hunting the gazelle. The LXX. translates the word "cock" in the above passage, but this bird was unknown in Palestine in those times.

Hare (Lev. xi. 6) . . . Heb. Arnebeth: Gk. χοιρογρύλλιος.

The Hebrew word is translated "bare," which is forbidden as food, though it is not ruminant, as there alleged. Turks, Armenians, and Somal Arabs now abstain from it. So also Laplanders, and the ancient Chinese. Its use was forbidden on religious grounds to the ancient Britons (Cæs. B. G. v. 12). Two kinds are found in Palestine: I. Lepus Syriacus, in the north, sembling our own, but short-eared; also represented on Assyrian sculptures: a tract was called Aranabanu, "hare country." 2. Lepus Egyptiacus, in the south, being as small as a rabbit, with very long ears. The LXX. renders the word "hedgehog," which see.

Hart, Hind (Deut. xii. 15, 22) ... Heb. Ayyal: Gk. ἔλαφος.

The "hart" (fem. hind) is mentioned with the "roebuck," as food allowed by Mosaic law, and as substantial daily food at Solomon's table. It is used as a symbol of the tribe of Naphtali (Gen. xlix. 21). It gives the name to the valley of Ajalon (Ayydion, "place of stags"); and its peculiar traits are used as similes, e.g. panting after cooling water (Ps. xlii. 1), leaping nimbly (Is. xxxv. 6); its elegant form (Cant. ii. 9), swiftness of foot (2 Sam. ii. 18), tender love (Prov. v. 19), fear of thunder (Ps. xxix. 4, 9); concealment of young (Job xxxix. 1). It is thought to have been the red-deer, now extinct in Palestine.

HEDGEHOG (Lev. xi. 6) . . . Heb. Arnebeth: Gk. χοιρογρύλλιος.

This is the LXX. rendering in Lev. xi. 6 for arnebeth (hare). See also Bittern. Both hedgehog and porcupine are very common in Palestine,—a large species of the former in the north, a smaller in Jndæa. The porcupine abounds near the Dead Sea. Both are known in Egypt and Assyria.

Horse (Nah. iii. 2, 3; Deut. xvii. 16) ... Heb. Sûs: Gk. ἵππος.

The kings of Israel were forbidden to multiply horses, because connected with the worship of the sun. They were not beasts of burden, but only for chase and war (as cavalry, and in chariots), and formed the strength of Assyrian and Egyptian armies. The horse does not occur on Assyrian sculptures, but only the wild ass. It was a native of Armenia and Media, whence it came to Palestine. In Scripture it is spoken of as less swift than the ass (Prov. xxvi. 3).

HYÆNA (1 Sam. xiii. 18; Is. xiii. 21; Jer. xii. 9) . . . Heb. *Tseboim*, [Oach, pl. Ochim].

The word does not occur in the A.V.; but the hyæna is, and always bas been, common in all parts of Syria and Mesopotamia. There are passages where some suppose it is meant: e.g. Isa. xiii. 21, \$chim, "doleful creatures," classed with \$Ziim\$ ("wild beasts"), expresses the howl of luyænas; Jer. xii. 9, \$tsabaa* ("speckled bird," A. V.) is rendered by many "hyæna;" the valley of \$Zeboim\$ is still called by Arabs \$Shukhed-Dubba*, "ravine of the hyæna," the exact equivalent of the Hebrew. Hyænas are associated with "lions," as predatory carnivora, in Assyrian records.

JACKAL (Is. xiii. 22; S. of S. ii. 15; Lam. v. 18) . . . Heb. (1) Shûal, (2) Îyyîm: Gk. (1) ἀλώπηξ, (2) ἐχίνοι.

The jackal (Canis aureus) is very common in Palestine. Two words occur in the Hebrew, viz. shhal, universally rendered "fox," though often meaning "jackal"; and fyyim (pl.), "wild beasts of the islands," which certainly seems to refer to jackals; so also tannim (pl.), "dragons," which occurs thirteen times, is used as a synonym of tyyim: the root of both is a word meaning "howl." Jackals "howl in the desert," herd in packs (tyyim and tannim are always plural), and are fond of grapes. The Arabic for shhal is shakal; and jackals still infest Syria by hundreds, being specially numerous at Baalbec, in the Jordan valley, and around the walls of Ierusalem. See Fox.

Leopard (Jer. v. 6; Hab. i. 8) . . . Heb. Nâmer: Gk. πάρδαλις.

Many cities and localities in Palestine bear in their names (Nimrah) a token of the prevalence of leopards in their vicinity, e.g. Beth-nimrah (which see), and the Nimrim in Moab. Namer means "spotted." On a broken Assyrian obelisk Tiglath-Pileser I. is recorded to have hunted and killed leopards in the country of the Hittites (i.e. S. of Palestine). The leopard is still common there; the cheetah also haunts Mount Tabor, the Galilæan hills, Gilead, &c. In Scripture, illustrations are drawn from its "spots," its "watching for prey," its "activity," &c.

Lion (Num. xxiv. 9; Jer. xlix. 19) ... Heb. (1) Ari, Aryeh: Gk. λέων.
—— (Amos iii. 4; Ps. xvii. 12; Job iv. 10) ... Heb. (2) Kepheer:
Gk. σκύμνος δράκων.

- --- (Job iv. 11) . . . Heb. (3) Laish : Gk. μυρμηκολέων.
- (Deut. xxxiii. 20) . . . Heb. (4) Lâbi : Gk. λέων.
- --- (Job iv. 10) . . . Heb. (5) Shâchal: Gk. λέαινα.

Five words occur in Hebrew: (1) general term; (2) "fierce"; (3) "strong"; (4) "roaring"; (5) poetical. The whole five occur in Job iv. 10, 11. The oldest name is "laish," whence comes the name of the city Laish. In no passage is any mention made of hunting it, except in Joh, though Ezekiel refers to its heing taken in a net or pit (Ezek. xix. 2-9); but on Assyrian monuments hunting the lion is a very favourite subject. Tiglath-Pileser slew a hundred and twenty. It is still found in India and Africa. Besides mention of its depredations, the lion was the symbol of "strength," of the "tribe of Judah," and of "Christ" (Rev. v. 5).

Mole (Lev. xi. 30) . . . Heb. (1) Tinshemeth: Gk. ἀσπάλαξ. —— (Is. ii. 20) . . . Heb. (2) Chaphar-peroth: Gk. ματαΐοι.

Two words are rendered "mole" in our Bible; the former is mentioned among unclean animals, but thought by some to be a kind of lizard; the latter is from the root chaphar, to "burrow," reduplicated, and so probably is the mole-rat (Spalax typhlus). No other mention occurs of either of these animals. No mole has yet been found in Palestine; but the mole-rat

is found in the débris about Jerusalem. It is silvery grey, without tail or eyes, and about ten inches long; it feeds on bulbs, and lives in companies underground.

Mouse (Lev. xi. 29; 1 Sam. vi. 4, 5) . . . Heb. 'Akhbar: Gk. μῦς.

The 'akhbar is mentioned as an unclean animal, and its name is generic of any small rodent. The ravages of the field-mouse were part of the plagues inflicted on Philistia during the detention of the ark. In Palestine are found the rat, mouse, marmot, dormouse, and jerboa (springing like a kangaroo, and living in sandy districts). The "hamster" is an article of food in Northern Syria, and is probably the 'akhbar, an "abominable thing eaten," condemned by Isaiah.

Mule (2 Sam. xiii. 29) . . . Heb. Pered: Gk. ἡμίονος.

Three Hebrew words (pered, rekesh, yêmûn) are translated "mule" in our A. V.; of which the first only is correct, the second ought to be "camel," and the third is doubtful. It occurs only once (Gen. xxxvi. 24), and is thought by some to indicate a discovery by a herdsman of the crossing of breeds of cattle; but the Vulgate renders his discovery "warm springs" of water. The mule was not used by the Hebrews before David's time, when with the horse it supplanted the ass as the royal beast. It is still the most valuable beast of burden, carrying heavier weights, and possessing greater powers of endurance in a mountainous country, than the horse, ass, or camel. Mules of a superior breed are represented on Assyrian monuments.

Ox (Gen. xii. 16) . . . Heb. (1) Båkår: Gk. μόσχος.

--- (Ps. xxii. 12) . . . Heb. (2) Abîrîm : Gk. ταῦροι πίονες.

— (Deut. xxii. 10) . . . Heb. (3) Shôr : Gk. μόσχος.

"Ox" is the generic term for the bovine race. There are many names by which it is distinguished in the Bible, marking difference of age or sex: e.g. båkår, collective name for "ploughing cattle"; eglath båkår, "heifer"; par ben båkår, "young bullock"; egel (m.), eglah (f.), "a calf"; abîrîm, "strong ones," i.e. "bulls"; shôr (Chald. tôr, Ezra vi. 9), "one head of cattle."

They were pastured "in the open," there being no fences, hence many of the enactments; but could not have been extensively used for food, since there is little grazing land. They are now rare in central districts from Lebanon to Hebron, and nowhere pastured, except in Dothan, Shechem, and Hamath. They are small, shaggy, short-legged, both long- and short-horned. They were used for sacrifices, ploughing, treading out corn, drawing waggons (Num. vii. 3). See Unicorn, and Cattle.

PORCUPINE. See HEDGEHOG.

Ram (Gen. xv. 9; Is. xiv. 9) . . . Heb. Ayil: Gk. κριός.

This animal was the offering of Abraham instead of his son. It was the prescribed sacrifice for trespass-offering, for the new moon, and the Day of

Atonement; the fat of its broad tail was part of the peace-offering to Jehovah. It was the symbol of power or might (Luke i. 69), and of leadership (Is. xiv. 9); and among the Egyptians represented the omnipotence of the Deity. Its dyed skins were highly esteemed (Exod. xxv. 5). See Sheep.

Roe, Roebuck. See Deer.

Sheep (Gen. iv. 2; xlvii. 3) ... Heb. Tsôn: Gk. πρόβατα.

Ovis laticaudatus, a variety of the broad-tailed sheep, with white body, head and neck black or dark brown, wool thick. Sheep-keeping was one of the earliest industries, particularly among the Hebrews, even when offensive to their neighbours (Gen. xlvi. 34). It is used as a symbol of God's pastoral care for man, both in the Old and New Testament. It is still one of the industries of Palestine, and the "ewe lamb" is the pet animal of the peasant of Jerusalem. See Ram.

Swine (Lev. xi. 7; 2 Mac. vi. 18; Matt. vii. 6) ... Heb. Chazer: Gk. §s.

The Hebrews and Phoenicians abhorred swine, and the Mosaic Law classed them with unclean animals, their flesh when badly cooked being productive of parasitical disease. In Gospel times they were kept, and probably eaten, around, if not in, Palestine.

Unicorn (Job xxxix. 9-12) . . . Heb. Reêm or Reîm : Gk. μονοκέρως.
 —— (Num. xxiii. 22) . . . Gk. άδροί.

The LXX. translation has passed into our A.V., but is erroneous, as the mention of two horns on one reêm (Deut. xxxiii. 17) proves. There Joseph is compared to a reêm, his two horns being Ephraim and Manasseh. It was a very strong, wild ox, untameable, having two tall horns, with which it gored: it is distinct from oxen and bulls, and is used figuratively for "prince" or "chieftain" (Is. xxxiv. 6, 7). The description of it tallies with Cæsar's account of the Hercynian Urus, which ranged from the Rhine to China, from Siberia to S. Persia. It is sculptured on Assyrian monuments, and the kings of Assyria hunted rêmu in Lebanon and Palestine, B.C. 884.

The rîmu (Assyr.), or reîm (Hebr.), is the Bos primigenius, a species of wild ox, with strong, thick, long, curved horns, and a hump on its back.

Weasel (Lev. xi. 29) . . . Heb. Choled: Gk. γαλη̂.

This word occurs only once among "unclean creeping things." The Hebrew is allied to the Arabic khuld, "mole-rat"; and its root being chalad, "to dig," it seems to express the habits of that animal rather than those of the "weasel." In some Rabbinical writers chuldat is the "mole," in others the "polecat"; but the description of the habits of the choled in the Talmud is more applicable to the "weasel." Weasels and polecats are common in Palestine. See Mole.

Wolf (Gen. xlix. 27; Ezek. xxii. 27) ... Heb. Zeêb: Gk. λύκος.

The Canis lupus of Syria is larger and of lighter colour than the European species. It still infests the hill country of Benjamin, the ravines of Galilee and Lebanon, and the hills of Bashan and Gilead. It was the symbol of Benjamin, and is used in Scripture as illustrative of ravening after its prey, stealing on it by night, &c.; so of dishonest gain, extortion, oppression. &c.

XXXVII. BIRDS FOUND IN PALESTINE,

WITH A REFERENCE TO THOSE NAMED IN SCRIPTURE.

N.B.—V. L. = Van Lennep; H. = Houghton; T. = Tristram. The specimens given are those found by the Palestine Explorers.

Avocet . . . (Specimen, Recurvirostra avocetta, found at Sur.)

Bat (Lev. xi. 19) . . . Heb. Atalleph: Gk. νυκτερίς. (Specimen, Vesperugo Kuhlii.)

Bats are included in the Bible among "birds," and also among "creepers on all fours." See QUADRUPEDS, p. 176.

Bee-eater ... (Specimen, *Merops apiaster*, found at Anti-Libanus.)
A summer migrant.

Bittern (Zeph. ii. 14) . . . Heb. Kippôd: Gk. ἐχῦνος. (Specimen, Botaurus stellaris. T.)

See QUADRUPEDS, p. 176.

—— (Specimen, Ardeola minuta.)
Bought at Jerusalem.

Blackbird ... (Specimen, Merula.)

Found in Palestine; not migratory, V. L.

Blackcap ... (Specimen, Silvia atricapilla, found at Jericho.)

Blue Jay.

The blue jay is still found in Palestine. V. L.

Bulbul ... (Specimen, Ixus xanthopygius, found at Beit Atab.)

Peculiar to Syria. The nightingale is so called, as also a titmouse. V. L.

Chat ... (Specimens, Saxicola libanotica, Pratincola rubicola, found at Bethlehem.)

- (Specimen, Dromolæa leucopygia, found at Ain Feshkah.

Cock (Mark xiv. 30) . . . Gk. ἀλέκτωρ.

- Cormorant (Lev. xi. 17) ... Heb. Shâlâh: Gk. καταράκτης. (Specimen, Phalacrocorax carbo.)
- --- (Is. xxxiv. 11) ... Heb. Kâath: Gk. πελεκâs.

Probably kaath is the "pelican" (see marginal reading): but the common cormorant frequents the coast, comes up the Kishon, and is found on the Sea of Galilee and on the Jordan; and this is probably the shalak. T.

- Corn-Bunting ... (Specimen, Emberiza miliaria, found at Ain Fasail.)
- Cretchmaker's Bunting ... (Specimen, Emberiza cæsia, found at Ain Fasail.)
- Crane (Is. xxxviii. 14) ... Heb. Âgûr: Gk. χελιδών. (Specimen, Grus cinerea. T.)

Some think the "crane" should be "stork," which see. Others agree with A. V. Cranes flock to the wilderness of Beersheba in winter. T.

Crow (Prov. xxx. 17) ... Heb. 'Oreb: Gk. κόραξ. (Specimen, Corvus umbrinus.)

Ordinary cinereal crows are very common scavengers, and are identified with the "ravens" that fed Elijah. V. L. But the term includes the whole tribe of crows, e.g. rooks, jackdaws, &c., all of which are very numerous. T.

Cuckoo (Lev. xi. 16) . . . Heb. Shachaph: Gk. λάρος. (Specimen, Cuculus canorus, found in Jordan Valley.)

Some translate shachaph "sea-gull" (as the LXX).

- —— (Specimen, Oxylophus glandarius, found at Ain Fasail.)
 Summer migrant to Palestine.
- Dove (Is. xxxviii. 14) . . . Heb. Yonah: Gk, περιστερά. See Pigeon.
- Dunlin ... (Specimen, Tringa cinclus.)
- Ducks.

Ducks, wild and domestic, are found everywhere.

Eagle (Deut. xxxii. 11) ... Heb. Nesher: Gk. derós. (Specimens, Circaetus Gallicus; Gyps fulvus. T. Found at Yebua.)

Feeds on reptiles. The Arab. nissir, i.e. griffon, great vulture. Found in Palestine and Egypt.

— Gier (Lev. xi. 18) ... Heb. Racham: Gk. πορφυρίων. (Specimen, Neophron percnopterus.)

The "Egyptian vulture" or "Pharaoh's hen," common in Asia and all parts of Africa; migratory from Palestine in the winter.

- Fowl, fatted (1 Kin. iv. 23) ... Heb. Barburîm: Abusîm.
 - "Fatted fowl," probably "geese," which abound all over Palestine, as likewise domestic fowls. The native country of the latter is Asia, and they were not imported into Palestine till after the Captivity. V. L.
- Glede (Deut. xiv. 13) . . . Heb. Raah: Gk. γύψ. (Specimen, Buteo ferox.)

Probably the "buzzard," of which there are three kinds in Palestine, the commonest being the large red species resembling a small eagle. T.

- Goldfinch . . . (Specimen, Carduelis elegans, found at Bethlehem.)
- Grakle ... (Specimen, Amydrus Tristrami, found at Mar-Saba.)
 Dead Sea and Jordan Valley.
- Grouse ... (Specimen, *Pterocles Senegallus*, found in the Desert.)

 Also in Jordan Valley.
- Harrier ... (Specimen, Circus aruginosus, found in the Dead Sea.)
 —— (Specimen, C. cineraceus, found at Jericho.)
- Hawk (Job xxxix. 26) . . . Heb. Netz: Gk. iέραξ. (Specimen, Accipiter nisus, found at Jericho.)

Netz is generic, including the whole kestrel tribe. T.

— Night (Lev. xi. 16) . . . Heb. Tachmâs : Gk. γλαῦξ. (Specimen, Caprimulgus (?). T.)

Doubtful; perhaps "night-jar." Some say, a kind of owl.

Hen (Luke xiii. 34).

See Fowl.

Heron (Lev. xi. 19) . . . Heb. Anâphah : Gk. χαραδριός. (Specimens, Ardeola comata; Ardea cinerea. T. Found in Jordan Valley.)

White, blue, and brown berons are found; also the "buff-backed" (often called the "ibis"), especially about the Waters of Merom. H.

Hoopoe (Lev. xi. 19) ... Heb. Dukipath: Gk. ἔποψ. (Specimen, Upupa epops, found at Bludan.)

Summer visitant to Palestine; very common, especially in woods and near rocky watercourses. It is a very filthy feeder, and therefore unclean. T.

- Jar ... (Specimen, Caprimulgus Europæus, found at Beit Atab.)
- Kestrel . . . Heb. Netz. (Specimen, Tinnunculus alaudarius, found at Beit Atab.)

Abounds in all Southern Palestine. T.

— (Specimen, T. Cenchris, found at Ramleh.)

- Kingfisher ... (Specimens, Alcedo ispida; Ceryle rudis, found at Jericho.)
- —— (Specimen, Alcyon Smyrnensis, found at Jericho.)
 Found likewise in Asia Minor.
- Kite (Lev. xi. 14) ... Heb. Ayyah: Gk. lκτîνοs. (Specimen, Milvus regalis.)

Ayyah is a generic term for "keen-sighted" birds; regalis very common in winter.

- Lark . . . (Specimen, Galerida cristata, found at Jaffa.)

 More abundant in species and individuals than in England. T.
- (Specimen, *Otocoris penicillata*, found at Anti-Libanus.)
 Found only on mountain tops of S. W. Asia.
- Lapwing (Lev. xi. 19) ... Heb. Dukipath: Gk. ἔποψ.

 No doubt the hoopoe, since the Arabic term is the same; in size similar to the thrush, but crested. See Hoopoe.
- Magpie.

One of the most valuable scavengers of Syria, relieving cattle of flies and vermin.

- Nuthatch . . . (Specimen, Sitta Syriaca, found at Anti-Libanus.)
- Owl (Is. xxxiv. 13) ... Heb. Path-haya'anah: Gk. στρουθός.
 Many agree with the LXX. in regarding it as an ostricb.
- great (Lev. xi. 17) . . . Heb. Yanshooph: Gk. "βεις. (Specimen, Bubo Ascalaphus, found at Jericho).
- ---- (Is. xxxiv. 15) ... Heb. Kippos: Gk. έχίνος.
- ---- little (Lev. xi. 17) ... Heb. Kôs: Gk. νυκτικόραξ. (Specimen, Athene meridionalis, found at Bethlehem.)
- of desert (Ps. cii. 6) . . . Heb. Κδs: Gk. νυκτικόραξ.
- Screech (Is. xxxiv. 14) ... Heb. Lilith: Gk. ὀνοκένταυρος. (Specimen, Otus vulgaris, found at Jericho.)

Kippos and lilith are both found at Jericho. The former can scarcely be the "ibis," which could not live among the ruins of Petra; but kôs is called by the Arabs "mother of ruins." Kôs (a cup) is by some translated "pelican," from its pouch. T. Some translate kippos "arrow-snake."

Osprey (Lev. xi. 13) ... Heb. Asniyah: Gk. άλιαίξτος. (Specimen, Pandion haliaëtus.)

Fish-eating eagle, never plentiful, on account of the scarcity of its food; but the term includes also the "short-toed" eagle, by far the most common in Palestine.

Ossifrage (Lev. xi. 13) ... Heb. *Peres*: Gk. γύψ. (Specimen, *Gypaëtus barbatus*.)

The Lämmer-geier, most magnificent of the vulture species; found sparingly in most rocky ravines. Both the Hebrew and English names mean "bone-breaker." T.

Ostrich (Lam. iv. 3) ... Heb. Ya'anah: Gk. στρουθίον. (Specimen, Struthio camelus.)

Still found in the wilderness of Sinai.

Partridge (Jer. xvii. 11) ... Heb. Korè: Gk. πέρδιξ. (Specimen, Caccabis Gracus, found at Jericho.)

Found everywhere in Palestine and Egypt, especially the rock partridge.

—— (1 Sam. xxvi. 20) ... (Specimen, Ammoperdix heyii, found at Jericho.)

Peculiar to the Jordan Valley.

Peacock (I Kings x. 22) . . . Heb. Tucciyim (plural): Gk. τοώs. (Specimen, Pavo cristatus.)

Not native; imported by Solomon from Malabar Coast. or Ceylon; extinct. The name is not Hebrew, but Tamil, togeï, and the peacock is still called by it in Ceylon.

Pelican (Ps. cii. 6) . . . Heb. Kaath: Gk. πελεκας.

Spends the winter in Palestine; migrates in the summer to Russia.

Pigeon (Ps. lxviii. 13 ; Matt. iii. 16) . . . Heb. Υορράh : Gk. περιστερά.

— (Gen. xv. 9) . . . Heb. Gozâl: Gk. περιστερά,
Called "dove" in A. V. Blue or black, with patches of white; common and migratory. There are the wood-, rock-, and wild pigeons. V. L.

Plover . . . (Specimen, Charadrius hiaticula, found at Jaffa.)

Quail (Ex. xvi. 13) . . . Heb. Selav : Gk. ὀρτυγομήτρα. (Specimen, Coturnix vulgaris.)

Like a small partridge; migratory for breeding in spring from Africa to high plains of Asia Minor, Turkey, and S. Russia. They alight on the shores of the Red Sea for rest before passing over the mountains; and are found by the Dead Sea. Their flesh is a delicacy.

Raven (Prov. xxx. 17) ... Heb. 'Oreb: Gk. κόραξ. See Crow.

Redstart . . . (Specimen, Ruticilla phænicura, found in Jordan Valley.)

Summer migrant to Palestine.

—— (Specimen, *Ruticilla Tithys*, found at Bludan.)
Summer migrant to Palestine.

- Robin . . . (Specimen, *Erythæus rubicula*, found at Jericho.)
 Winter migrant to Palestine.
 - --- (Specimen, Ruticilla Suecica, found at Jericho.)
- --- (Specimen, Coracias garrula, found at Gaza.)
- Sandpiper . . . (Specimen, *Tringoides hypoleucos*, found at Solomon's Pools.)
 - Same as English species.
- Shrike . . . (Specimen, *Lanius lathora*, found at Jericho.)
 Has very much larger toes and feet than the English species.
- --- (Specimens, Lanius auriculatus, Lanius nubicus, found in Jordan Valley.)
- Sparrow (Ps. cii. 7) . . . Heb. 'Τzippor: Gk. στρουθίον. (Specimen, Passer salicarius, found at Ain Fasail.)
- (Specimen, Fringilla patronia, found at Jericho.)
 - The word occurs forty times in the Bible; and is always, with two exceptions, translated "bird," or "fowl." Sparrows swarm in the Plain of Gennesaret, and are trapped and sold for very little; but they are very sparse and solitary in Judæa. H.
- Starling ... (Specimen, Sturnus vulgaris, found at Jericho.)
- Stork (Jer. viii. 7) ... Heb. Khasîdâh: Gk. ἀσίδα. (Specimen, Ciconia alba. T.)

The black stork is constantly seen, building in fir trees, and the common stork on the roofs of houses and mosques: they migrate to Egypt. Forbidden as food by the Mosaic law.

- Sun-bird . . . (Specimen, *Cinnyris osea*, found at Jericho.)

 Peculiar to the Jordan Valley. P. E.
- Swallow (Prov. xxvi. 2; Ps. lxxxiv. 3) . . . Heb. Deror: Gk. στρουθός. (Specimen, Hirundo rustica, found in the Jordan valley.)
- --- (Is. xxxviii. 14) . . . Heb. Âgûr : Gk. χελιδών.
 - "Swallow" is thought to be a mistranslation for "crane," and sas in the same passage is the "swift." Several species in Syria; some frequent rivers, some crags. They save the country from a plague of flies. The common swallow abounds in the Mosque of Omar. V. L.
- Swan (Lev. xi. 18) . . . Heb. *Tinshemeth*: Gk. κύκνος. Swans, white and gray, come down to the lakes in winter.
- Swift (Is. xxxviii. 14) . . . Heb. Sis, Sis: Gk. περιστερά. (Specimen, Cypsellus melba, found in the Jordan valley.)
- —— (Specimen, Cypsellus apis.)

 Found everywhere in summer. T.

- Swift (continued), (Specimen, Cypsellus affinis.)
 Found all the year: it resembles the house martin. T..
- Thrush ... (Specimen, *Petrocincta cyanus*, found at Mar-Saba.) Sedentary. P. E.
- —— (Specimen, *Traterophus chalybeus*, found at Jericho.)

 Peculiar to the Iordan valley. P. E.
- Tit, great . . . (Specimen, Parus major, found at Beit Atab.)
- Turtledove (Gen. xv. 9; Lev. i. 14) . . . Heb. Tor-yonah: Gk. τρυγών.
- --- (Specimen, Turtur auritus, found at Yebua.)
- —— (Specimen, *Turtur risorius*, found at Jericho.)

 Summer migraut to Palestine; very common and abundant. P. E. See
 Pigeon. The palm-dove and ring-dove are sedentary.
- **Vulture** (Lev. xi. 14) . . . Heb. Dââh : Gk. γύψ.
- —— (Ex. xix. 4) ... Heb. Racham: Gk. derós.

 Vultures are very plentiful, and are the chief scavengers for the removal of the dead bodies of animals. V. L. See Eagle.
- Wagtail ... (Specimen, Motacilla alba, found at Ramleh.)
- (Specimen, Motacilla sulphurea, found at Jericho.)
- Water-rail . . . (Specimen, Rallus aquaticus, found at Jericho.)

XXXVIII. REPTILES OF THE BIBLE.

In the Bible, reptiles are a connecting link between beasts and fishes. They are divided into the "moving creatures of the sea" (Gen. i. 20), among fish; and the "creeping things" of the land (Gen. i. 25), after the Mammalia. Modern naturalists give us six orders of Reptilia, each of which is represented in Scripture; but they are not very clearly distinguished. The following list will present a general sketch of them, arranged alphabetically for facility of reference.

- N.B.—The names printed in small capitals do not occur in the A.V., though the reptiles so called are now found, and are prohably the same as those indicated by the Hebrew writers. H.=Rev. W. Houghton; T.=Canon Tristram; R.=Prof. Rolleston.
- Adder (Ps. lviii. 4) . . . Heb. (1) Pethen: Gk. ἀσπίς: Zoological Species, Cobra.
- --- (Gen. xlix. 17) ... Heb. (2) Shephiphon : Gk. ὄφις : Zool, S. Cerastes Hasselquistii.

Adder (continued), (Ps. cxl. 3) . . . Heb. (3) 'Achsub : Gk. βασιλίσκος : Zool. S. Vipera Euphratica.

— (Prov. xxiii. 32; Job xx. 14-16) ... Heb. (4) Tziph'oni: Gk.

"Adder" is the translation in the A.V. of four Hebrew words, viz. pethen, shephiphon (once), 'achsub (once), and tziph'oni (once). Of these the first is generic, and the remaining three all denote a venomous serpent. The second (horned snake) is well known in the sandy deserts of Arabia, Egypt, Sahara, &c.; it is about a foot long, pale hrown, with black irregular spots, and two horns above its eyes. It lies in ambush, occasionally biting the heels of horses, and is often found in the wilderness of Judæa. It is thought to have been the instrument of Cleopatra's death. Mentioned six times in the Bible. Poisonous; dwelling in holes; distends its neck, and stands erect; some are proof against snake-charmers. It is the sacred and royal emblem on Egyptian monuments; the symbol of the protecting divinity.

Asp (Is. xi. 8) . . . Heb. Pethen: Gk. ἀσπίς: Zool. S. Egyptian cobra (Naja naje).

Caterpillar.

See Locust, Gazam, p. 201. It is doubtful whether the Jews knew that butterflies came from caterpillars. R.

Chameleon (Lev. xi. 30) . . . Heb. (1) Coäch: Gk. χαμαιλέων: Zool. S. Psammosaurus scincus. T.; Hydrosaurus Niloticus. T.

The coäch, rendered "chameleon," is thought to be the monitor lizard, which is highly prized as a destroyer of crocodiles' eggs. Of the two kinds, the former is common in Egypt, the Sinaitic peninsula, and Judæa, and is about five feet long; the latter, resembling it, is common in Egypt, where it was reverenced, and is figured on Egyptian sculptures. T.

--- (Lev. xi. 30) . . . Heb. (2) Tinshemeth: Gk. ἀσπάλαξ: Zool, S. Chameleo vulgaris. T.

Tinshemeth, translated "mole," is, from its derivation, supposed to be the chameleon, a kind of lizard, living in trees and feeding on insects; very common in Palestine and Egypt. T.

Cockatrice (Is. lix. 5) ... Heb. Tzeph'a, Tziph'oni: Gk. ἀσπίς: Zool. S. Daboia xanthina.

See Serpent, No. 7. It is mentioned five times (once translated "adder," Prov. xxiii. 32); but, from Is. lix. 5, would seem to be more deadly than the pethen.

CROCODILE (Lev. xi. 29) ... Gk. κρακάδειλας.

The word translated "tortoise" (which see) is rendered in the LXX. "land crocodile." See DABBA.

The crocodile is probably the animal called Leviathan, which see.

DABBA (Lev. xi. 29) . . . Heb. Tzāb: Gk. κροκόδειλος χερσαίος: Zool. S. Uromastis spinispes.

The Arabic *dhab*, thought by some to be the *tzdb* (tortoise of A. V.), a large species of lizard, common in the sands of Arabia, well known in Judæa; burrowing in sand, and living in holes of rocks; feeding on beetles. T.

Dragon (Is. xxxiv. 13; Ezek. xxix. 3) . . . Heb. Tan, Tannîn.

In the passages where "dragon" is used as the symbol of Egypt, the "crocodile" is meant. Tan (always pl.) is classed with wild beasts and fowls, and inhabits "desert places"; it "wails," "cries," and "snuffs up the wind"; hence thought to be the JACKAL, which see, p. 181.

Tannin is a water-monster, with feet, or a huge land reptile, as that "serpent" into which Moses' rod was changed. In the former sense it is synonymous with "leviathan."

Frog (Ex. viii. 2; Rev. xvi. 13) . . . Heb. Tzepharde'a: Gk. βάτραχος: Zool. S. Rana esculenta; Hyla arborea.

The Hebrew word is of Arabic extraction, and only occurs in the Old Testament in connection with the Egyptian plague. The frog was adored as a female deity in Egypt, and was the symbol of regeneration. In the Book of Revelation frogs represent "uncleanness." The *Esculenta*, a waterfrog, is common in Egypt, and the *Hyla*, or tree-frog, in Palestine.

GECKO (Lev. xi. 30) . . . Heb. Anâkah : Gk. μυγάλη : Zool. S. Ptyodactylus gecko.

Anâkah ("ferret" in A.V.), from its classification among "creeping things," is more probably the "gecko," a lizard uttering a mournful noise (the meaning of anâkah). It is found in all parts of Palestine and Egypt, frequenting rocks, ruins, and houses. Its appearance is repulsive, and it is regarded with disgust. T.

Horseleech (Prov. xxx. 15) . . . Heb. 'Alukah'; LXX. (?): Zool. S. Hæmopis sanguisuga. H.; Hirudo medicinalis. T.

The 'alukah is only once mentioned, and by some thought to be the vampire-bat, its root meaning "to suck"; but the Arabs call a leech 'alak, and so the LXX. and Vulgate translate it. The horseleech is found in Palestine, but the medicinal leech is much more abundant.

Leviathan (Ps. lxxiv. 14; Job xli. 1) . . . Heb. *Livyathan*: Gk. δράκων: Zool. S. *Crocodilus vulgaris*.

The word occurs five times, and in every case but one (Ps. civ. 26) denotes the "crocodile"; though some think that, in Is. xxvii. 1, it refers to the great python, often seen on Egyptian monuments. T. There is a full description of it in Job. It is not now found in Palestine, but has been captured within the last century in the river Zurka, which flows through the plain of Sharon.

Lizard (Lev. xi. 30) . . . Heb. Letâah: Gk. χαλαβώτης: Zool. S. generic (?).

The word only occurs once, but there is no question as to its meaning. Lizards abound everywhere, and the species are very numerous. There are those of the land, the water, and sandy desert. Every district has its kinds; but they swarm in the desert places, while some frequent cultivated plains, and others the forests of Tabor and Gilead. Perhaps letank is the generic term of the whole lizard tribe, T.

- Mole . . . Heb. Tinshemeth: Gk. ἀσπάλαξ.
- Scorpion (Deut. viii. 15; Luke x. 19) ... Heb. Akrabim: Gk. σκορπίος: Zool. S. numerous.

Scorpions are named as part of the terrors of the wilderness of Sinai (where they are still abundant, and the species numerous); also as symbols of desolation, and as Divine scourges. More than ten distinct species have been found in Palestine. They swarm in many parts, and their sting is painful and dangerous. T.

- Serpent (Ps. lviii. 4; Prov. xxx. 19) ... Heb. (1) Nâchâsh: Gk. öфs: Zool. S. generic term.
- --- (Ex. vii. 9, 10) ... Heb. (2) Tannîn : Gk. δράκων.
- (Ps. lviii. 4) ... Heb. (3) Pethen: Gk. ἀσπίς: Zool. S. Cobra Ægyptiaca.
- (Gen. xlix. 17) . . . Heb. (4) Shephiphon: Gk. öφιs: Zool. S. Cerastes Hasselquistii.
- (Job xx. 16) ... Heb. (5) Epheh : Gk. ἀσπίε : Zool. S. Echidna Mauritanica.
- (Ps. cxl. 3) . . . Heb. (6) Achshûb: Gk. βασιλίσκος: Zool. S. Vipera Euphratica, or Vipera ammodytes.
- (Prov. xxiii. 32; Is. xi. 8)... Heb. (7) Tsepha: Gk. ἀσπίs: Zool. S. Daboia xanthina (?). T.

Seven Hebrew words are used for various kinds of serpents, translated somewhat indiscriminately:—(1) Generic term, denoting no particular species. (2) Generally rendered "dragon," sometimes "serpent," sometimes "whale" (Job vii. 12, &c.), seems to denote any sea or land monster, therefore not to he limited to any species. (3) Deaf Adder, or poisonous Asp, which see. (4) Poisonous adder of sandy deserts. (5) Thrice mentioned (see Viper). (6) Found only in one passage, "adders' poison." (7) Five times mentioned; translated in A. V. by "adder" and "cockatrice," the latter fabulous, supposed to be hatched by a cock from serpents' eggs, and so represented as a dragon with a cock's head; called

also "basilisk," or crested serpent. It may be the large yellow-streaked serpent, not uncommon in Palestine; dangerous from its size and nightly

prowlings. T.

Serpents were generally regarded by the ancients as symbols of the spirit of evil. More than twenty species have been lately found in Palestine; but only nine are poisonous, viz. the cobra, six species of vipers, Daboia xanthina. and Echis arenicola.

- Serpent (continued), fiery (Num. xxi. 6-8) . . . Heb. Såråph: Gk. ὄφις θανατῶν: Zool, S. Daboia xanthina (?). T.
- fiery flying (Is. xiv. 29) . . . Gk. ἀσπίς, ὅφις πετάμενος : Zool. S. Daboia xanthina (?). T.

"Fiery" or "deadly" serpents were probably so called from the burning fever caused by their bites. The "fiery flying serpent" is distinct from this; but "flying" is poetic imagery, not in accordance with natural phenomena.

For the habits and peculiarities of serpents noted in Scripture, see

Tristram's "Natural History of the Bible."

- Snail (Lev. xi. 30) ... Heb. (1) Chomet: Gk. σαύρα: Zool. S. generic. Two Hebrew words are translated "snail" in the A.V. Each occurs only once. (1) Chomet, among unclean creeping things, is translated in ancient versions by some kind of lizard, probably a sand-lizard, of which there are many species in the Sinaitic peninsula and Judæan wilderness, many of which have no visible feet, and so were distinguished by Moses from the other lizards. T.
- (Ps. Iviii. 8) ... Heb. (2) Shablul: Gk. κηρόs: Zool. S. generic.
 (2) Shablul is evidently a snail that wastes away; the allusion being to the popular error that the slime emitted in its track gradually consumed it, or to the fact of its melting under the influence of salt, which makes it a fit illustration of the wicked blighted by God's curse. More than 140 species of land and fresh-water molluscs have been found in Palestine, many being peculiar to it. (See Tristram's "Natural History of the Bible.")

Snake. See Serpent.

TOAD ... Zool. S. Bufo Pantherinus.

Very common in all parts of Palestine. T.

Tortoise (Lev. xi. 29) . . . Heb. Tzab: Gk. κροκόδειλος χερσαίος: Zool. S. (1) Testudo Græca, (2) Testudo marginata, (3) Emys Caspica. (1) The land tortoise is found everywhere, creeping over hyprowing pudes leaves at the foot of tree or in really below in

summer, burrowing under leaves at the foot of trees, or in rocky holes, in winter. It is the food of several birds of prey, and is eaten by the natives.

- (2) A larger kind are found on Mount Carmel. (3) Water species are very numerous in all streams and marshes, especially about the Waters of Merom. It feeds on fish, frogs, young birds, &c., and has a very offensive odour. T. See Dabba.
- Viper (Job xx. 16; Is. xxx 6; lix. 5) ... Heb. Epheh: Gk. «χιδνα: Zool. S. Echis arenicola. T. (Sand-Viper).

A poisonous serpent, of small species, about one foot long; found in sandy districts and under stones by the Dead Sea; quick in movement. The viper which fastened on Paul's hand (Acts xxviii. 3) was the Vipera axpis, common in the Mediterranean Isles. T.

- Worm (Is. li. 8) . . . Heb. (1) Sås: Gk. σήs.
 - Three words are translated (A. V.) by "worm". (1) occurs only once, in connexion with the "moth," of which it is evidently the grub. See Moth, p. 203.
- ---- (Ex. xvi. 20; Job xxv. 6; Is. xiv. 11) ... Heb. (2) Rimmah: Gk. σαπρία, σῆψις.
- (Job xxv. 6; Is. xiv. 11) ... Heb. (3) Tole'ah: Gk. σκώληξ: Zool. S. Tortrix vitisana (?). H.
 - (2) and (3) are used many times, and are apparently synonymous; generally of the maggots or grubs of insects, rather than the earth-worm. Rimmah seems to mean the larve of insects, especially such as feed on putrid matter, e.g. dead or diseased bodies, &c. Tole'ah rather denotes the caterpillar or centipede, eating the vines and destroying the gourd (Jonah iv. 7); but it is also used of the larve of the meat-fly, feeding on dead bodies of the slain (Is. lxvi. 24), where it is the symbol of eternal punishment. It is doubtful what worm is meant by σκώλης (Acts xii. 23), the special scourge of Herod Agrippa, as also of Herod the Great and Antiochus Epiphanes. Probably "serpents" are meant in Mic. vii, 17.
- earth . . . Zool. S. Lumbricus. T.

Several species of earth-worms, and of centipedes or millipedes, abound in Palestine, furnishing food for birds. T.

- canker . . . Zool. S. Myriapoda, T. See Locust, Yelek, p. 202.
- palmer.
 - See Locust, Gazam, p. 202.
- ---- crimson.

 See Cochineal, p. 200.

XXXIX. AQUATIC ANIMALS OF THE BIBLE.

"The Holy Land" is strictly an *inland* tract of mountains, for the Israelites had no possessions on the coast, the one part of which belonged to the Phœnicians, the other to the Philistines, whose chief god was Dagon, having the face and hands of a man, the body of a fish (I Sam. v. 4).

Its one river is the Jordan, too rapid, too muddy, too deep in its hot rocky bed for angling to be either pleasureable or profitable. The smaller streams (Kishon and Jabbok) were on the confines, and were, alternately, dry and rushing torrents. Of its three lakes, the largest (the Dead Sea) was almost entirely destitute of all life, animal and vegetable (with the exception, it is said, of some molluscs,—the Sargus salvianus and Melanopsis); so that the only fishing preserves were the Lake of Gennesaret and the pools of Heshbon (Cant. vii. 4). The drag-net and the hook as implements for capturing fish are mentioned by Isaiah (xix. 8), but in connexion with Egypt and the Egyptians.

Beyond mention of the fact of the creation of fish generally, the Mosaic division of their species into the clean and unclean, their incidental mention in our Lord's history as an article of food, and of the occupation of fishing as a parabolic illustration, fish enter but little into the phraseology of the Bible; and not a single species is named, if we except the whale. Josephus notices that the species found in the Iordan and Lake of Gennesaret are identical with those in the Nile. Recent explorers have confirmed that opinion, and found some that belong only to the African families. They are chiefly of the bream, carp, and perch tribes, the shoals of which, coming up at night to the mouths of the warm springs of the two Bethsaidas, are most extraordinary, often thickly covering an acre of water. The Siluroids were held by Egyptians, as well as Hebrews, to he unfit for food, on sanitary grounds. The Table given on p. 198 will show the extent of the Palestine fisheries, and the species recently found.

N.B .- T. = Tristram; R. = Rolleston.

Jonah's Fish (Shark?), Jonah i. 17. Heb. Dâg gadöl: Gk. κῆτος.

The Hebrew only speaks of "a great fish," without particular specification; in Matt. xii. 40 that fish is translated "whale" $(\kappa\eta\tau\sigma s)$; but the Greek, like the Hebrew, is general, and strictly means only a "sea-monster." A whale has too contracted a throat to swallow a man; but sharks capable of doing so are not uncommon in the Mediterranean.

Tobit's Fish (Sheat-fish? Siluridæ). Gk. lχθύς.

As Tobit's fish leaped out of the Tigris to attack a man (contrary to the habits of any known fish), it may have been a crocodile, or one of the *Siluridæ*. Bochart says that Galen and Dioscorides prescribed the gall of the sheat-fish as an eye-salve. T.

Twice referred to: once as an ingredient of the holy perfume of the tabernacle; once, in the Apocrypha, as emitting a delicions odour. The name "onyx" means a "claw" or "nail"; and so the small shell on the foot of many molluscs, with which the larger shell is closed, gets its name. From this smaller shell, or valve, part of the ingredients of the compound "frankincense" were obtained. Many species of it are found in the Red Sea, and shells of the largest kind are familiar to us as old-fashioned chimney ornaments. R.

Pearls (Pearl oyster, Avicula Margaritifera), Job xxviii. 18. Heb. Gabish: Gk. μαργαρῖται.

Only once named in the Old Testament, often in the New; always as a jewel. The pearl oyster is abundant in the Persian Gulf and Red Sea. Its shell ("mother of pearl") is still a commodity of general traffic in Palestine, being carved by the peasants into religious ornaments.

Purple [fish] (Purple fish, Murex brandaris, M. trunculus). Heb. Argaman.

A valuable dye (which Lydia sold), traditionally said to come from a small vessel in the throat of a shell-fish. Tyrian purple (or fiery red) was of two kinds, one light (i. e. scarlet), the other dark (i. e. crimson); and probably, by admixture with other colours, various shades of purple, and even blue, may have been subsequently produced. The art of extracting it, known to the Phœnicians, has been lost. It was of such a costly nature as to be one of the peculiar insignia of royalty or official distinction.

Whale (some land-monster; Dragon, or Serpent?), Ex. vii. 9; x. 12; Deut. xxxii. 33; Ps. xci. 13; Jer. li. 34. Heb. Tannîn: Gk. κῆτος.

The Hebrew word means a "monster" in animal life. In Gen. i. 21, "great whale" is generic of all monsters moving in the waters; but in Lam. iv. 3 the "whale" is specifically mentioned by one who knew its habits and its classification among mammalia. Two species of

the dolphin have been found in the Mediterranean, and another in the Red Sea; but true whales are also occasionally to be found in the former. R.

Whale (continued) (some sea-monster; Crocodilus?), Job vii. 12; Ps. lxxiv. 13, 14; Is. xxvii. 1; Ezek. xxix. 3; xxxii. 2.

See Leviathan, p. 192.

FISHERIES OF PALESTINE, WITH THEIR PRODUCTS.

N.B.—T.=Tristram; H.=Houghton.

Waters.	English Name.	Ichthyological Species.	Remarks.
Gennesaret, L	Bream	Chromis Nilo- tica. H.	
	Sheat-fish	Clarias macracanthus, T. Coracinus, T.	The Siluroids are unfit for food, and are the "had fish cast away" by the fishermen (Matt. xiii. 47, 48).
		Hemichromis.	Found by Liwingstone in S.E. Africa.
	Carp. Perch. Dog-fish.	Labeo barhus canis. H.	
Jabbok, R	Barbel	Barbus longi- ceps.	The Jahbok swarms with fish, swimming in a continuous line, coming and going. T.
Jordan	Minnow. Barbel. Bream.	Cyprinodon Hammonis.H.	These all die on reaching the Dead Sea, where they are devoured by the birds waiting for them (see Ezek xlvii. 10).
Kishon, R	Blenny	Blennius lu- pulus,	Fewer fish in the streams flowing westward than in those flowing eastward.

XL. INSECTS OF THE BIBLE.

Under this head are classed all those smaller creatures not included in the preceding lists. They are arranged rather for facility of reference than scientifically, and being in alphabetical order, any one of them can be found by the reader at a glance.

N.B.—The names of insects given in SMALL CAPITALS are not used in A.V. H. = Houghton; T. = Tristram; W. = Westwood.

Ant (Prov. vi. 6-8; xxx. 25) . . . Heb. *Nemalah* : Gk. μύρμηξ : Zool. S. *Formica*, or *Myrmica*.

Ants are abundant in Palestine; and though they feed on flesh, insects, and saccharine matter from trees, they store up corn, chaff, seeds, &c., to protect their nests from damp. They surpass most insects in instinct and industry. T.

Bee (Ps. cxviii. 12; 1 Sam. xiv. 25) . . . Heb. Debôrah: Gk. μέλισσα: Zool. S. Apis mellifica, Apis Ligustica.

There are in abundance the hive bees of England, and yet more those of S. Europe, and the wild bees; the allusions in Scripture are mainly to the last, which attack plunderers with great fury (Deut. i. 44). Their abundance is certified by the term descriptive of Palestine, "flowing with milk and honey," for which its climate and aromatic flora are peculiarly adapted. They are most numerous in the wilderness of Judæa (Matt. iii. 4). Honey was one of the delicacies sent by Jacob to Egypt, and a commodity supplied by Judah to the market at Tyre. T. They are also found in Assyria (Is. vii. 18).

Various species of humble bees and mason bees are very numerous.

Beetle (Lev. xi. 21, 22) ... Heb. Chargol: Gk. ὀφιομάχη: Zool. S. Buprestis (?).

Only once found in the Old Testament, among winged reptiles allowed for food. It is evidently, from the connection, some kind of "locust," and not a "heetle," since the latter has not "legs above its feet to leap withal." More than 400 species of beetles have been found in Palestine, the climate being peculiarly suited to them. T.

— (Hab. ii. 11) . . . Heb. Chaphis: Gk. κάνθαρος.

In Hah. ii. 11, Bochart renders *Chaphis* by "the scarabæus," or sacred beetle of Egypt, with which the Jews were familiar; it was an emblem of eternity and resurrection. (See Hope, in *Trans.* Entomol. Soc., ii. 173.) Though the LXX. and Vulgate favour this interpretation, Gesenius and others agree with the A. V., and translate it "heam."

COCHINEAL (1s. i. 18) . . . Heb. Tola'ath: Gk. κόκκινος: Zool. S. Coccus ilicis.

Tolk'ath is always translated (A. V.) by "crimson" or "scarlet." It is literally the "crimson worm" (Arab. Kermez), but the latter word is omitted, because in the texts the colour, not the insect, is denoted. It is a cochineal, attaching itself to the Syrian holm-oak. The male is winged, the female wingless; and it is from the latter alone that the dye is gained. It is dark red, of the size of the kernel of a cherry, but when dry smaller than a wheat grain. It is very abundant in Palestine, though supplanted as a dye by the imported Mexican species, which feeds on the prickly pear. T.

Flea (1 Sam. xxiv. 14; xxvi. 20) ... Heb. Par'osh: Gk. ψύλλος: Zool. S. Pulex irritans.

Only twice mentioned, as an illustration of the most insignificant of creatures. Fleas swarm in the very sand of Egypt, and in the dust of all parts of Palestine,—the greatest pests of man and beast.

- Fly (Εx. viii. 21; Ps. lxxviii. 45) ... Heb. (1) Arθb, or Oreb: Gk. κυνόμυια: Zool. S. Musca, or Culex.
 - (1) Arbb only occurs of the plague of flies in Egypt. It is disputed whether the common house-fly or mosquito is meant; both are great pests in Egypt now, as also are the gad-fly and horse-fly. The common fly carries the poison of ophthalmia from man to man, and spreads its infection. It is probably here generic, including in the "plague of swarms" flies, sand-flies, gnats, mosquitos, &c. H. By some authors, Kirby (Bridgewater Treatise, ii. 357), Michaelis, Rosenmiller, Geddes, &c., the Oreb has been supposed to he a cockroach, Blatta sp. (See Hope, op. cit., ii. 180.) W.
- ---- (Eccles.x. 1) ... Heb. (2) Zebub : Gk. μνῖα : Zool. S. Scarabæus coprophagus. H.
 - (2) Zebub, only twice mentioned, once as frequenting the rivers of Egypt; again, as corrupting the apothecary's ointment;—the former a gad-fly tormenting horses on the banks of the Nile and Jordan, so pestiferous as to be deprecated by appeals to a special god, Baalzebub (of Ekron), whom the Jews derisively called "lord of the dunghill" (Baal-zebel). Probably the poisonous Tretse, described by Livingstone, is meant. W. The other would be the common fly, whose swarms would corrupt any unguent or savoury compote in a few minutes.
- (Is. vii. 18) . . . Zool. S. Hippobosca, or Œstrus. H.

GADFLY.

Probably the Zebub of Eccles. x. 1. See Fly.

Gnat (Matt. xxiii. 24) ... Gk. κώνωψ: Zool. S. Culex.

The word is only found in the New Testament, where the proper rendering is "strain out a gnat," a metaphor from the custom of straining wine before drinking, to avoid breach of ceremonial law, in Lev. xi. 20, 23, 41, 42. Gnats and mosquitos are among the most prevalent pests of Egypt and Palestine, frequenting all marshy ground. H.

Grasshopper (Judg. vi. 5; Lev. xi. 22) ... Heb. Arbeh, Chagab:

A creeping thing, with "legs above its feet to leap withal," but used as an illustration of diminutive size; therefore probably the smallest of the locust tribe. It is translated "locust" in 2 Chron. vii. 13. (See Locust.) There are many brilliantly-coloured species of this small insect. T.

Hornet (Ex. xxiii. 28) . . . Heb. Tzir'ah : Gk. σφηκία : Zool. S. Vespa Crabro.

Hornets were abundant in Palestine, as is indicated by the name of the valley of Zoreah (Josh. xv. 33), = "the place of hornets." The Bible phraseology betokens the dread with which they were regarded; but it is conjectured that God's promise to drive out the Canaanites before Israel was metaphorical of a panic, or of preceding plagues generally, since no mention occurs in the Pentateuch of any such visitation of hornets. Four species (resembling ours, but larger) have been found there. H.

Lice (Ex. viii. 16) . . . Heb. Kinnim : Gk. σκνίφες.

Lice are only mentioned in the record of the Egyptian plague, and the Hebrew name is thought to be of Egyptian origin. Some contend that "guats" or "mosquitos" are meant; but the latter spring from water, not from dust. Parasitic insects abound in the East, and through the summer the Mohammedan men keep their heads shorn to avoid them.

Locust (Ex. x. 4-6; Lev. xi. 22) . . . Heb. (1) Arbeh: Gk. βροῦχος: Zool. S. Œdipoda migratoria. T.; Locusta peregrina.

The "locust" includes the insects called in our version by the different names Beetle, Canker-worm, Caterpillar, Grasshopper, Locust, Bald-locust, Palmer-worm (which see). The Rabbis say there were 800 species; but only about forty have yet been identified in Palestine. Its name, habits, ravages, appearance, &c. are constantly mentioned in Scripture. The locusts swarm, and their ravages are great; but in all stages of growth they are largely eaten by natives, and are a palatable food. Nine Hebrew words are used to express the locust species:—
(1) General word ("multiplier"), used of the Egyptian plague, of the edible insect, and as the food of the Baptist. In four passages it is rendered "grasshopper"; but it always seems to be migratory (1 Kings viii. 37, &c.).

- Locust (continued) (bald) (Lev. xi. 22) ... Heb. (2) Sal'am: Gk. ἀττάκης: Zool. S. Truxalis. T.
 - (2) Only mentioned once (probably Chaldee word, "devourer"); having a smooth head, and frequenting rocks. It answers to *Truxalis*, which is common in Palestine. T.
- --- (Lev. xi. 22.) ... Heb. (3) Chargol: Gk. ὀφιομάχη.
 - (3) Only occurs once as an edible, clean animal. Rendered "beetle" (A. V.), which see. This may possibly be identical with the Cossus of the Romans. W.
- (Lev. xi. 22.) . . . Heb. (4) Chagob: Gk. ἀκρίς.
 - (4) Generally translated "grasshopper" (which see), but once "locust." From a comparison of texts we gather that it was the smallest of destructive leaping locusts, doubtless a grasshopper. H.
- (Joel i. 4) . . . Heb. (5) Gazam: Gk. κάμπη: Zool. S. Larva of Arctia caja. H.; Œdipoda migratoria. H.
 - (5) The "palmer-worm" of A. V., consuming what the locusts left, especially the fig-trees, vines, and olive-trees. The LXX, and other old versions translate it "caterpillar" generally, which modern naturalists confirm, including the larvæ of locusts before developing wings, the woolly-bear, &c. H. Or, a worm or grub destroying buds of plants. W.
- (Joel i. 4; Nah. iii. 15; Ps. cv. 34; Jer. li. 14, 27) . . . Heb. (6)
 Yelek: Gk. βροῦχος.
 - (6) The "canker-worm" of A.V., in five passages; but rendered "caterpillar" in three. The name means "the licker" of the grass; hence it seems to denote the larva of the locust, which is most destructive of all, only appearing after the winged locust has left, consuming all that remains, then assuming wings and flying away (Nah. iii. 15).
- (Deut. xxviii. 42) . . . Heb. (7) Tzelatzal : Gk. ἐρυσίβη.
 - (7) Occurs only once; means the "tinkler" (see Cymbals, p. 239), applied to the locust from the noise of its wings; probably only a synonym. T. Evidently, from the name, identical with the Tsaltsalya, or Zimb, of Bruce, W.
- --- (Is. xxxiii. 4 ; Amos vii. 1) . . . Heb. (8) Gob : Gk. ἀκρίς.
 - (8) Once translated "locust," and twice "grasshoppers" (margin, "green worms"); but no indication is given of any particular species, or whether the larva or full-grown insect is meant, though "green worm" would suggest the former. T.
- --- (Ps. lxxviii. 46) . . . Heb. (9) Chasil: Gk. ἐρυσίβη.
 - (9) Translated "caterpillar" in all passages, and always included with the locust, in Solomon's dedication prayer and elsewhere, as a Divine plague. The Hebrew means "consumer," and is probably the locust in the larva state, and not a distinct species. T.

Manna . . . Zool. S. Coccus manniparus. Ehrenb.

A species of *Coccus*, closely allied to the cochineal insect, is found on Mount Sinai, upon the *Tamarix mannifera*, which it punctures with its proboscis, causing it to discharge a gummy saccharine secretion, which quickly hardens and drops from the trees, when it is collected by the natives, who superstitiously regard it as the real manna of the Israelites. W. See Manna (Section XLI), p. 218.

MOSQUITO. See Gnat, and Lice.

Moth (Is. l. 9; Job xiii. 28; xxvii. 18) . . . Heb. Âsh: Gk. σής: Zool. S. Tinea.

The references to it in Scripture allude to the destruction of clothes by its larvæ, and it is cited as a mark of the perishahle nature of temporal things, and the folly of the prevalent Eastern custom of hoarding costly raiment. In Job xxvii. 18, "buildeth his house as a moth," reference is made to some leaf-rolling larvæ. The moth is the only one of the genus Lepidoptera mentioned in Scripture; but 280 species of this genus have been found, though the climate and the absence of wood are unfavourable to butterflies, moths, &c. T.

Spider (Is. lix. 5) . . . Heb. (1) Accabish : Gk. ἀράχνη : Zool, S. Epeira.
—— (Prov. xxx. 28) . . . Heb. (2) Semamith.

Two Hehrew words are translated "spider" (A.V.): (1) In reference to its web, as a metaphor of what is fragile, flimsy, and temporary, as a warning to the wicked of the weakness of their contrivances. (2) Occurs only once of the "spider" (A. V.) taking hold with her hands; but by some it is thought the Gecko is meant (which see, p. 192). The action is applicable to both. T. More than 700 species of spiders are found in Great Britain, and quite as many in Palestine. T.

XLI. TREES, PLANTS, FLOWERS, ETC. OF THE BIBLE.

N.B.—B. = Birdwood; C. = Carruthers; T. = Tristram.

Almond (Jer. i. 11, 12) . . . Heb. *Shâked* : Gk. καρυΐνη [βακτηρία]; ἀμύγδαλον : Bot. N. *Amygdalus communis*.

The almond blossoms before the leaves come out, hence its Hebrew name shaked, "hasten." (See the play on the word, Jer. i. 11, 12, "a rod of shaked tree... for I will hasten (shaked).") It is one of the native fruits of Palestine, and therefore often mentioned in Scripture. Aaron's rod was of this tree; and Jews now carry hranches of it to the synagogue on great festivals. It was the model of the ornaments of the candlestick in the tabernacle. There is both a wild and a cultivated species.

Almug (I Kin. x. II, 12) ... Heb. Almug: Gk. ξύλα πελεκητά: Bot. N. Pterocarpus santalinus. T.

Algum (2 Chron. ii. 8).

Not indigenous, but imported in the form of timber by Solomon from Ophir, with gold and precious stones; evidently itself precious; used for making musical instruments. Probably red sandal wood, still highly prized in the East for lyres, &c.

Aloes, or Lign-Aloes (Ps. xlv. 8; Num. xxiv. 6) . . . Heb. Ahâlim: Gk. (1) στακτή, (2) σκηναί: Bot. N. Aquilaria agallocha. Τ.

Occurs in two different contexts: (1) as a perfume in connection with "myrrh, cassia, and cinnamon," or as a spice for embalming the dead (John xix. 39), where it is the gum of the eagle-tree, growing in Cochin China and N. India to a height of 120 feet; (2) Lign-aloes, used by Balaam, with the cedars, as an illustration of the noble position of Israel, planted in a choice land. As the Aquilaria does not grow in Syria or Palestine, some other species must be meant. T. It has no connection with our "bitter aloes."

- Anise (Mat. xxiii. 23) ... Gk. ἄνηθον: Bot. N. Anethum graveolens. Occurs in the New Testament once only. See DILL.
- Apple (S. of S. ii. 3; Joel i. 12) ... Heb. *Tapplach*: Gk. μηλον.

 "Apple-tree" occurs four times in the Song of Solomon; also in Joel, the fruit being used for purposes of illustration in the Proverbs. The tree

meant afforded a grateful shade; its fruit was enticing to the sight, sweet to the taste, imparting fragrance, and of golden colour amid silvery leaves. None exactly answer these conditions; quince, citron, and apple are the contesting candidates, the last being the least probable, since the climate is unfavourable. But the apricot is very probably the fruit intended, since it approaches the details of the description most nearly, and is very abundant in Palestine.

Ash (Is. xliv. 14) ... Heb. Oren: Gk. πίτυς: Bot. N. Pinus hale-pensis.

Only once mentioned, as a tree from which idols were made. Onr ash is not indigenous there; but the LXX. translates it "the pine," which flourishes on the coast, and is planted elsewhere. This may be the tree meant, or the *Aran* (Arabic) of Arabia Petræa, resembling our mountain ash. T.

- Balm, or Balsam (Jer. viii. 22) ... Heb. (1) Tzorî: Gk. ἡητίνη:
 Bot. N. (a) Pistacia lentiscus, (b) Balanites Ægyptiaca, (c)
 Balsamodendron Gileadense.
- (Jer. viii. 22) ... Heb. (2) Bosem.

Three trees are supposed to be the source of the gum, viz. (a) MASTICK (which see): (b) modern Balm of Gilead, a small shrub, which grows

near the Dead Sea and on the Plains of Moab only; (c) true Balm of Gilead, a native of the E. coast of Africa, growing about Mecca. From a root given by the Queen of Sheba, Solomon carefully cultivated it in the tropical plain of Jericho; it was of great value, and was one of the trophies carried to Rome by Titus. It is now quite lost. T.

Barley (Ruth i. 22; Judg. vii. 13) . . . Heb. Seôrah: Gk. κριθαί: Bot. N. Hordeum distichum.

The most universal cereal in the world, and the common food in Palestine of men, horses, asses, and draught oxen, oats being unknown. It is used in Scripture as a mark of poverty and of worthlessness (Hos. iii. 2). Barley harvest is in March or April, according to the locality.

Bay Tree (Ps. xxxvii. 35) . . . Heb. *Ezrach* : Gk. κέδρος τοῦ Λιβάνου : Bot. N. *Laurus nobilis*.

Ezrach is once rendered "bay tree"; elsewhere it is used of a "native," as opposed to a "stranger." If it be any particular "native" plant, it must be a green shrub growing by the water-side, such as the sweet bay, which is not very common; but of all, the most glorious representative of luxuriant growth and pomp is the oleander, which decks so profusely the lakes and water-courses.

Bdellium (Gen. ii. 12) ... Heb. Bdolach: Gk. ἄνθραξ: Bot. N. Borassus flabelliformis.

Some suppose it to be the gum of a tree growing in Arabia Felix; others a precious stone. T.

Bean (2 Sam. xvii. 28; Ezek. iv. 9) . . . Heb. Pol: Gk. κύαμος: Bot. N. Vicia faba.

Beans, peas, and various kinds of leguminous plants are grown in Palestine, and used for food, both as vegetables and in flour. They are gathered with the wheat harvest. T.

Box (Is. xli. 19; lx. 13) ... Heb. Teasshur: Gk. πύξος: Bot. N. (1) Buxus longifolia, (2) Juniperus phænicea.

Box is twice mentioned as a forest tree, with the pine and fir. It is also the foundation of rowing benches, in which ivory is inlaid (Ezek. xxvii. 6). The species found resembles ours, but is larger (20 feet high), and grows on Mount Lebanon and the Galilæan hills. Combs, spoons, &c. are made of it. Some think it to be a juniper, growing with the cedar. T.

Bramble (Judg. ix. 14) ... Heb. (1) Atâd: Gk. ἡάμνος: Bot. N. Lycium Europæum.

From eighteen to twenty-two Hebrew words are used in the Bible to express prickly shrubs or weeds, which are indifferently translated in A.V. by "bramble," "brier," "thorn," "thistle," and we have little to guide

us in distinguishing or identifying them. The following are some:—(I) Translated "bramble," and "thorn," is the "box-thorn." It extends from Lebanon to the Dead Sea, and is often used for hedges.

- Bramble (continued) (Is. xxxiv. 13; Job xxxi. 40) ... Heb. (2) Choach: Gk. κνίδη: Bot. N. Notobasis Syriaca; Scolymus maculatus; Carthamus oxyacanthus.
 - (2) Translated "bramble," "thistle," "thickets"; growing in Lebanon, and in corn-fields. Probably the thistle, of which there are many species, especially in the plains.
- ---- (Gen. iii. 18; Matt. vii. 16) . . . Heb. (3) Dardar: Gk. τρίβολος: Bot. N. Centaurea calcitropa.
 - (3) Generally translated "thistle," but also "brier." Supposed to be a species of knapweed (star-thistle), found in corn-fields all over Southern Europe and Western Asia. T.
- ---- (Prov. xv. 19; Mic. vii. 4) . . . Heb. (4) Chedek: Gk. ἄκανθα:
 Bot. N. Solanum Sodomæum.
 - (4) "Thorn," or "brier"; evidently a plant suitable for a hedge. From the Arabic term, *chadak*, it is identified with the so-called "apple of Sodom," a shrubby plant, three to five feet high, having prickly stems like a brier and blossoms like a potato, and bearing similar apples. It grows in all the hot valleys, and is used for hedges. T.
- (Gen. iii. 18; Matt. vii. 16) . . . Heb. (5) Kôtz: Gk. ἄκανθα.
 - (5) Very generally used in the Bible (Old and New Testaments) as a generic term for all prickly plants, from a bush to a weed (as in the Parable of the Sower).
- --- (Is. vii. 23, 25) . . . Heb. (6) Shamîr: Gk. ἄκανθα: Bot. N. (1)
 Paliurus aculeatus, (2) Rhamnus oleoïdes.
 - (6) Occurs very often in Isaiah, translated "briers," and coupled with shait, "thorns" (a generic term). Shamîr=Arabic samur, a common non-fruitbearing thorny tree. In the Jordan Valley the name is confined to the Christ's thorn; elsewhere it is given to the buckthorn. The former has small leaves like an olive, with very flexible boughs; it grows plentifully about Jerusalem, and is supposed by some to have been the tree from which Christ's crown of thorns was made. T. The real "brier," or wild rose, is found only in the extreme north of Palestine and Syria.
- ---- (Is. vii. 19) ... Heb. (7) Naatzūtz : Gk. στοιβή : Bot. N. Zizy-phus spina Christi.
 - (7) Another word (translated "thorn"), used of the same species of thorntree, the *nubk* of the Arabs; very common in all the warmer parts of Palestine, especially in the Plain of Gennesaret and the Jordan Valley,

where it forms a thicket. It sometimes grows to a great size, is common about Jerusalem, and from it the crown of thorns is generally supposed to have been plaited. It is tough and pliant, and the spikes are very sharp and numerous. T.

- Bramble (continued) (Judg. viii. 7, 16) . . . Heb. (8) Barkanim : Gk. ἄκανθαι : Bot. N. Rubus fructicosus.
 - (8) Only once used (rendered "briers"), as the scourge threatened by Gideon to the men of Succoth. Probably the common bramble is here intended, which is ahundant in Palestine, and especially about Bethlehem. T.
- (Ezek. ii. 6; xxviii. 24) . . . Heb. (9) Sillon: Gk. ἄκανθα ὀδύνης:
 Bot. N. Ruscus aculeatus.
 - (9) Translated "briers," and "a pricking brier." Probably identical with the Arabic sullaon, or "butcher's-broom," very common in Palestine.

The other words implying thorns, briers, or thistles, cannot be identified either by their Arabic names or by the context.

Bulrush (Ex. ii. 3; Job viii. 11) . . . Heb. (1) Gôme: Gk. θίβη πάπυρος: Bot. N. Cyperus papyrus.

Six Hebrew words are used of the rush genus, and are variously translated somewhat indiscriminately: (1) Gôme ("bulrush" and "rush," A.V.), the material of Moses' ark in Egypt, and growing in miry places. The famous papyrus of Egypt, which formerly grew like a forest on the hanks of the Nile, is now extinct in Egypt, though still found in the marshes of Nubia. It grows luxuriantly in a swamp at the north end of the Plain of Gennesaret, and covers acres of marsh by the Waters of Merom; but exists nowhere else in Asia. It is called by the Arabs babeer (i. e. papyrus). It has a triangular stem, eight to ten feet high, with bushy top.

- --- (Is. xix. 7) . . . Heb. (2) 'Arôth : Gk. τὸ ἄχι τὸ χλωρόν.
 - (2) Translated "paper reeds," but wrongly, as papyrus had already been mentioned. It is the "green herbage," which abounds in marshy places.
- (Job viii. 11; Gen. xli. 2) . . . Heb. (3) Achu: Gk. ἄχι βούτομον: Bot. N. (a) Cyperus esculentus, (b) Butomus umbellatus.
 - (3) Translated "flag" in Job, but "meadow" in Genesis, as that in which Pharaoh's fat kine fed. From the former, where it is classed with the papyrus, it is clearly a specific plant. The word is not Hebrew, but Egyptian. Probably the (a) edible rush, or (b) flowering rush, both of which flourish in Egypt, and grow in Palestine, with the papyrus.
- (Ex. ii. 3, 5; Jonah ii. 5) ... Heb. (4) Suph: Gk. τὸ έλος. (Omitted in LXX.)
 - (4) Rendered "flags" (in which Moses' ark was concealed) by the river bank; but "weeds" in Jonah, at the bottom of the sea. A general term for water-weeds, whether seaweed or the rank marsh vegetation of a river's brink.

Bulrush (continued) (Is. ix. 14; xix. 15) ... Heb. (5) Agmôn: (paraphrased in LXX.): Bot. N. Arundo donax.

(5) "Reed," or "cane," occurs twice in a proverb, "head and tail, branch and rush," i. e. "top and bottom"; also in Job, in the phrase "bowing the head like a bulrush," whence it evidently had a high stem surmounted with a tuft. Probably the common reed of Egypt and Palestine, a tall thin cane, twelve feet high, with a bushy blossom, bending flat before the wind and rising again,—the "reed shaken with the wind" (Matt. xi. 7), growing luxuriantly by the Dead Sea and the Jordan.

— (Gen. xli. 5, 22) . . . Heb. (6) Kaneh: Gk. κάλαμος.

(6) "Cane," or "reed," occurs frequently in the Old Testament as the general term for a "stem," whether the "stalk" of the wheat plant, the stem of a candlestick (Ex. xxv. 31), a measuring rod (Ezek. xl. 5), or even the humerus (bone of the arm).

Bush, Burning (Ex. iii. 2-4) ... Heb. Seneh: Gk. βάτος ; Bot. N. Acacia Nilotica.

Only used of the "burning bush," the thorny acacia of the Arabian peninsula, the sûnt of Egypt, akin to the shittah tree and senna; hence perhaps the mountains on which it grows derive their name "Sinai," and the tract is "the wilderness of Sin," or the seneh.

Calamus (Ex. xxx. 23; Ezek. xxvii. 19) . . . Heb. Keneh bosem : Gk. κάλαμος εὐώδης.

The name given to an aromatic substance extracted from some reed. It is one ingredient in the anointing oil; it is the Sweet Cane (see below); is coupled with "cassia," "cinnamon," "spikenard," &c. Prohably imported from Arabia Felix or India, and made from the lemon grass; no such plant has been found in Syria. T.

Camphire (Song of Solomon, i. 14; iv. 13) ... Heb. Côpher: Gk. κύπρος: Bot. N. Lawsonia alba.

The henna of the Arabs, with which they dye their nails, palms, &c.; well known in Nubia, Egypt, and Arabia, but also found by the Dead Sea, at Engedi only. A small shrub, with dark bark, leaves pale green like a lilac, and bearing clusters of white and yellow blossoms, very fragrant.

Cane, Sweet (Jer. vi. 20) . . Heb. Kaneh hattob.

--- (Song of Solomon, iv. 14; Is. xliii. 24) . . . Heb. Keneh: Gk. κιννάμωμον.

Thought by some to mean "incense," by others the "sugar-cane;" but it would seem to be identical with, or closely akin to, the Calamus (see above), viz. an aromatic reed, from which fragrant essence was extracted, probably Andropogon schenanthus.

Caper. See Hyssop.

Cassia (Ex. xxx. 24) . . . Heb. (1) Kiddah: Gk. lpis.

Two spice-bearing trees are included under "cassia," viz. (1) Cinnamonum cassia, one ingredient in the holy oil, sold in the market at Tyre. It is inferior to cinnamon, coarser, and more pungent. It is not now found in Arabia. Probably the spice was always imported from India, being the inner bark dried.

- (Ps. xlv. 8) . . . Heb. (2) Ketzioth: Gk. κασία: Bot. N. Aucklandia costus (?).
 - (2) Ketzioth, either a cassla-bearing tree, or the Indian orris.
- Cedar (Lev. xiv. 4; Ps. civ. 16; Ezek. xxxi. 3, 6) ... Heb. Erez: Gk. κέδρος: Bot. N. Cedrus Libani.

Cedar is used in Scripture generically of the whole pine-tree family, and specially of the cedar of Lebanon. In the Pentateuch it probably means an aromatic juniper, found among the Sinaitic rocks; in later books it is the cedar of Lebanon, as the noblest of trees, the glory of the vegetable creation, and so is made the symbol of grandeur, might, loftiness, and of wide expansion. It grows rapidly, and lives long; but is not found in any part of Palestine except the Lebanon district.

Chestnut (Gen. xxx. 37) ... Heb. Armôn: Gk. πλάτανος: Bot. N. Platanus Orientalis.

It occurs twice in A.V., but is translated "plane-tree" in the LXX., which is probably the correct rendering, since the chestnut is not found in Palestine, while the plane-tree is frequent by the side of streams and in plains. In the Bible it is coupled with the willow and poplar, which grow only in moist low ground.

Cinnamon (Ex. xxx. 23; Prov. vii. 17) . . . Heb. Kinnamôn : Gk. κιννάμωμον : Bot. N. Cinnamomum Zeylanicum.

Cinnamon is a native of Ceylon, and the tree is unknown in Syria. The spice was an ingredient of the holy oil, and a perfume. It is the inner rind of the bark, and was imported; but the oil is distilled from the ripe fruit. The tree is a species of laurel, growing thirty feet high, with a long lance-shaped leaf and white blossom.

CITRON (Lev. xxiii. 40) . . . Heb. 'Etz hadar : Gk. καρπὸς ξύλου : Bot. N. Citrus medica.

The Hebrew, Peri 'etz hadar, translated "boughs (or fruits) of goodly trees" (A.V.), is taken by the Chaldee paraphrase and the Rabbis to mean "fruit of the citron trees," which is still used, according to the enactment, on the Feast of Tabernacles (Farrar's "Life of Christ," vol. ii. p. 57, note 2). The citron is a native of Media; its leaves are larger than those of the orange, and its bloom is pale purple. It is the most common of the orange tribe in Palestine, and is occasionally used in synagogue worship as representative of God's gift of fruits.

Cockle (Job xxxi. 40) . . . Heb. Boshah: Gk. βάτος.

Occurs only once in A.V., but the same Hebrew word is translated "wild grapes" in Is. v. 2, 4. The root of the Hebrew would suggest any "noisome weed," or plant of offensive odour, e.g. the "tares" of the New Testament, the feetid arums of Galilee, or the smut, Uredo feetida, that attacks com. T. Some think it to be aconite, or deadly night-shade.

Coriander (Ex. xvi. 31) ... Heb. Gad: Gk. κόριον: Bot. N. Coriandrum sativum.

Only once mentioned, as that to which manna is compared. It is an umbelliferous plant, with a white blossom, yielding globular peppercorn seeds of aromatic flavour. It grows wild in Egypt and Palestine, especially in the Jordan Valley.

- Corn (Num. xviii. 27.) . . . Heb. (1) Dagan : Gk. σîτοs : Bot. N. Triticum compositum ; Triticum spelta ; Triticum hybernum.
- --- (Judg. xv. 5) ... Heb. (2) Kamah: Gk. στάχυς.
- (Gen. xli. 49) . . . Heb. (3) Bar: Gk. σίτος.
- --- (Ruth ii. 2) ... Heb. (4) Shibboleth: Gk. στάχυς.
- --- (Lev. ii. 14) ... Heb. (5) Karmel: Gk. χίδρον.
- --- (Josh. v. 11) ... Heb. (6) 'Abûr: Gk. σίτος.
- --- (Josh. v. 11) ... Heb. (7) Kâli: (om. in LXX).
- --- (Lev. ii. 16) . . . Heb. (8) Girsah : Gk. χίδρον.
- --- (Ruth ii. 7) . . . Heb. (9) 'Amâr: Gk. δράγμα.

Different Hebrew words are used for "corn" in its different states, e.g. (1) General term for corn in the abstract, as compared with any other commodity, such as "wine." (2) "Standing corn," as it grows in the field. (3) Grain, or winnowed corn. (4) An ear of corn. (5) Early sprouts of corn. (6) Corn a year old; or earthly produce opposed to heavenly food, i.e. manna. (7) Parched corn, dried or baked by fire. (8) Corn beaten out. (9) Sheaf, or handful of corn stalks. Corn was extensively grown in Palestine.

Barley, millet, wheat, and spelt ("fitches," A.V.) are common in Palestine: oats are unknown. But Egypt was a great corn-producing country in Jacob's time, and the chief granary of the Roman empire in later ages. The wheat with seven ears on one stalk is still to be seen in the Delta, and is known as "mummy wheat." "Parched-corn" is fresh wheat scorched or baked, and eaten without further preparation. The dish sent by Joseph from his table to Benjamin and his hrethren was doubtless "frumenty," or "firmity," i.e. corn stewed in the grain, and boiled up with milk.

Cotton (Esth. i. 6) ... Heb. Carpas: Gk. κάρπασος: Bot. N. Gossypium herbaceum.

Though the word does not occur in the A.V., the substance is certainly mentioned in the original, where the hangings of the king's palace are described as white, green (carpas), and blue. The rendering should be "white and violet-coloured cotton." The cotton plant is now largely cultivated in Palestine (though it must have been imported from India), and it furnishes almost the entire clothing of the women; but it was probably unknown to the writers of the Old and New Testaments. C.

- Cucumber (Num. xi. 5) . . . Heb. (1) Kishuim: Gk. σίκυοι: Bot. N. Cucumis sativus.
- ---- (Is. i. 8) . . . Heb. (2) Mikshah : Gk. σικυήρατον : Bot. N. Cucumis chate.

"Cncumber," and "a garden of cucumbers" (Mikshah), each occurs once. It has always been one of the chief vegetables of Egypt, and is common in Palestine, being planted by the acre in the plains, and forming a staple article of vegetable diet for the poor in summer. There are two kinds, the common species being small, from want of tillage.

Cummin (Is. xxviii. 25, 27) . . . Heb. Cammôn : Gk. κύμινον : Bot. N. Cuminum sativum.

A common umbelliferous plant, whose fruits, "beaten out with a rod," are used as spices in bread and stewed meats, and as a medicine. It resembles fennel, but is smaller; is indigenous, and cultivated like the cereals. It was only included inferentially in the Mosaic law as to tithes.

Cypress (Is. xliv. 14, 15) ... Heb. Tirzah (omitted in LXX.): Bot. N. Cupressus sempervirens.

Only once mentioned, as a material for a heathen god; hence some hard-grained wood. Some think it is the Syrian juniper of Lebanon, resembling the cypress. The real cypress is the funeral or cemetery tree of the East, and so esteemed by the Mohammedans; but is not to be seen in the wild state.

Desire (Eccles. xii. 5) ... Heb. Abionâh: Gk. κάππαρις: Bot. N. Capparis Ægyptiaca.

The word occurs only in this passage, and is thought to mean the "caper" (see Hyssop), which was eaten as an intoxicating stimulant to the appetites, and would probably fail of its effects in the decrepitude of old age. So Gesenius, the Talmudists, and ancient versions interpret it.

DILL (Matt. xxiii. 23) ... Gk. ἄνηθον: Bot. N. Anethum graveolens.

Anethon is incorrectly translated "anise" in our New Testament. It is the "dill," a little umbelliferous plant, grown for its aromatic seeds, which are nseful as medicine and for seasoning, and resemble caraway

seeds. It grows wild in Palestine, and is cultivated in gardens; it is also found in the islands of the Archipelago, and in Egypt. According to the Talmud, its "seeds, leaves, and stem" were subject to tithe.

Dove's Dung (2 Kings vi. 25) . . . Heb. *Chiryônim* : Gk. κόπρος περιστερών.

To palliate the revolting idea of a literal interpretation of the passage, some nauseons plant or herb has been suggested as the probable rendering, such as "chick-pea," or "star of Bethlehem"; but it is more probable that it refers to the cost of the smallest particle of *fuel*, for which dried dung is commonly used in Palestine.

Ebony (Ezek. xxvii. 15) ... Heb. Hobnim (omitted in LXX.): Bot. N. Diospyros ebenum.

It is the heart-wood of the date-tree, growing in Ceylon and South India. This heart is only about two feet in diameter. Ezekiel mentions it as a costly article, brought to the market at Tyre by the merchants of Dedan, i. e. of the Persian Gulf.

Elm (Hos. iv. 13) ... Heb. Elah (omitted in LXX.): Bot. N. Pistacia terebinthus.

"Elm" occurs only once in the A.V., but *elah*, of which it is a translation, occurs often. The elm is not believed to be indigenous to S. Palestine, and the translation is erroneous. Elsewhere the word is rendered by "oak," "plane-tree," "terebinth," "teil-tree" (which see).

- Fig-tree (Gen. iii. 7; Deut. viii. 8) ... Heb. (1) Teenah: Gk. συκη̂: Bot. N. Ficus carica.
- --- (S. of S. ii. 13) . . . Heb. (2) Pag: Gk. ὅλυνθος.
- (Hos. ix. 10) . . . Heb. (3) Bikkûrah : Gk. σκοπός.
- —— (1 Sam. xxv. 18) . . . Heb. (4) Debelah : Gk. παλάθη.

Arabic tin. It is very often mentioned in the Old and New Testaments. It is indigenous in Syria, and reaches a great size, having smooth bark, thick trunk, wide and thick leaves (whose central fibre is made into walking-sticks). "The pear-like fruit is a hollow succulent, containing the imperfect flower encased within it. The fig-tree is the earliest named in the Bible, and abounds (wild and cultivated) in every part of Palestine; its smiting is one of God's threatened judgments. It puts out its earliest fruit-buds before its leaves, the former in February, the latter in April or May. When the leaves are out, the fruit ought to be ripe (Matt. xxi. 19). Of the four Hebrew words, (1) is the name of the tree, the other three denote different stages or conditions of the fruit: e.g. (2) Pag is the green fig, or unripened fruit remaining on the tree through the winter. (Beth-phage is the "honse of green figs," a sunless ravine.) (3) Bikkûrah is the "early fig." (4) Debelah is a "cake of dried figs," i. e. the main

produce of the tree kept for winter use, often mentioned in the Old Testament as a staple article of food. It also possesses medicinal qualities (Is. xxxviii. 21).

Fir (Is. xxxvii. 24) . . . Heb. Berosh; Beroth: Gk. κυπάρισσος: Bot. N. Pinus halepensis; Pinus maritima; Pinus carica.

The berosh is often mentioned in conjunction with the cedar of Lehanon, as a "choice" and a "goodly" tree. Its timber was used in building the Temple (for flooring, ceiling, and doors), for rafters of ships' decks, and for musical instruments, especially harps. In the LXX. it is rendered by "pine," "cypress," and "juniper"; and probably it may have included these in its connotation. Besides these are found several species of pine and fir (arranged above in order of prevalence). The halepensis is certainly the "fir" of Scripture, and is scarcely inferior to the cedar. No Scotch fir or larch trees grow in Palestine.

Fitches (Is. xxviii. 25, 27) . . . Heb. (1) Ketzach: Gk. μελάνθιον: Bot. N. Nigella sativa; Nigella orientalis.

---- Heb. (2) Cussemeth.

Two Hebrew words are translated "fitches"; the former (ketzach) is a kind of ranunculus, growing wild in the Mediterranean, cultivated in Egypt and Syria for its pungent black seeds, largely used like caraway seeds for flavouring cakes, &c. It is too small to bear the threshing instrument, and is "beaten out with a staff." The other (cussemeth) is "spelt" (elsewhere translated "rye," which see). The Nigella orientalis also grows wild, is inferior, and is used for adulterating pepper. T.

Flag. See Bulrush.

Flax (Ex. ix. 31; Is. xix. 9) ... Heb. (1) Pishtah: Gk, λίνον: Bot. N. Linum sativum.

- --- (Gen. xli. 42) . . . Heb. (2) Shesh: Gk. βύσσος.
- --- (Lev. vi. 10) . . . Heb. (3) Bad: Gk. λίνον.
- ---- (Esth. viii. 15) . . . Heb. (4) Butz: Gk. βύσσος.
- --- (Judg. xiv. 12) . . . Heb. (5) Sadin : Gk. σινδών.
- —— (Prov. vii. 16) ... Heb. (6) Etun: (omitted in LXX.).
- (1 Kings x. 28) ... Heb. (7) Mikveh (omitted in LXX.).

Flax was the earliest known product cultivated and manufactured for clothing purposes, especially in Egypt, where linen is found enwrapping the most ancient mummies, and remained for centuries the only and universal textile fabric. Flax was cultivated in Egypt, and also in Canaan before the Israelite settlement (Josh. ii. 6); and its failure is among God's punishments (Hos. ii. 9). Linen was a material of female domestic industry, and the fabric of priestly robes; and was used for lamp-wicks (Is. xlii. 3). In modern times its culture in both countries has been largely superseded

by cotton. (2) Shesh ("fine linen") is probably an Egyptian word, and seems to be synonymous with (3) Bad, unless the former is the yarn, and the latter the cloth. (4) Butz ("fine linen") denotes the material of the robes of kings, of rich men, of the Temple choir, and the Temple veil; and is the original of the βύσσος of the New Testament, the dress of Dives, and of the Lamb's bride. The word is probably Assyrian, and applied to the linen brought from the East, while shesh denotes that from Egypt. (5) Sadin is a cloth from which sheets (Judg.xiv.12) and clothes (Is.iii.23) were made. (6) Etun (used once) is "linen of Egypt." A like Greek word (δθόνη) is the "great sheet" in Peter's vision, and the gravecloth of Jesus (John xix.40). (7) Mikveh ("linen yarn," A. V.) is an import of Solomon from Egypt, though the LXX. and old versions retain it as a proper name, while Gesenius translates it "troop," and Bochart "tax." Its signification is very doubtful. C.

Frankincense (Ex. xxx. 34; Is. lx. 6) . . . Heb. Lebonah: Gk. λίβανοs: Bot. N. Boswellia Carterii; Boswellia thurifera; Boswellia papyrifera.

The Hebrew word for "frankincense" is quite distinct from those used in the Bible for "incense" (miktar, kitter, kitteroth), of which the former was one constituent. It is a fragrant gum distilled from the yagaar, or frankincense tree, somewhat like a mountain-ash, with long glossy serrated leaves, and green star-like flowers, tipped with red, emitting a lemon fragrance. It grows mainly near Saba (Sheba) in Arabia, along the coast of Hadramaut, and also in the Sonmali country. It was never grown in Syria, or in India. B.

Galbanum (Ex. xxx. 34) . . . Heb. Chelbenah: Gk. χαλβάνη: Bot. N. Opoidia galbanifera; Galbanum officinale.

A yellow resin, exuding from two umbelliferous plants, of which the second (Galbanum officinale) grows in Syria; and from it this ingredient of the holy incense was doubtless extracted. C.

Gall (Jer. ix. 15; Amos vi. 12) ... Heb. Rôsh: Gk. χολή.

Rosh is some poisonous bitter herb; it is twice translated "poison," and also "hemlock." It is often used with wormwood, and may be taken for any "bitter herb."

Garlick (Num. xi. 5) ... Heb. Shoom: Gk. τὰ σκόρδα: Bot. N. Allium sativum.

One of the vegetables enjoyed by the Israelites in Egypt. Akin to the onion; grows, wild and cultivated, in Palestine. T.

Gopher (Gen. vi. 14) ... Heb. Gopher: Gk. ξύλα τετράγωνα.

Only once used, as the material of Noah's ark, which our translators have not rendered into English. Cedar, pine, and cypress have been conjectured, for no valid reason. C.

- Gourd (Jonah iv. 5-9) ... Heb. Kikayon: Gk. κολοκύνθη: Bot. N. Cucurbita pepo.
 - A climbing gourd, with wide leaves, very commonly used in the East to form shelter for arbours; growing often a foot a day, and withering as rapidly. The "castor-oil plant" is a shrub, and unsuitable. T.
- —— (wild) (2 Kings iv. 39) . . . Heb. Pakknoth: Gk. τολύπη ἀγρία: Bot. N. Citrullus colocynthis.

The poisonous fruit of a wild vine, gathered by the young prophet in mistake for a wholesome melon. Many kinds of wild gourd are found in Palestine, but only the bitter fruit of the colocynth would be likely to be mistaken from its appearance, and yet reveal itself by taste. It grows wild in profusion about Gilgal. C. It is supposed also to be the "vine of Sodom" (Deut, xxxii. 32). T.

- Grass (Num. xxii. 4) . . . Heb. (1) Yered: Gk. τὰ χλωρά.
- --- (Gen. i. 11) ... Heb. (2) Desher: Gk. βοτάνη: (British and S. European).
- --- (Is. xxxv. 7) . . . Heb. (3) Chatzir : Gk. χόρτος, πόα.

Several Hebrew words are translated "grass"; of which (1) is simply generic for all kinds of green herbage; (2) answers to our word, viz. "green grass," as distinguished from "herbs"; while (3) is "fodder," or dry food for cattle. There are scarcely any pastures or meadows in Palestine, but great variety of grasses (more than seventy species), as of all other vegetable productions. Principally, (a) the bare down-grass of the limestone hills of Judæa; (b) the tall, luxuriant meadow-grass of the maritime plains, answering more nearly to ours; (c) the rank, rapid-growing, prairie-like herbage of the Jordan valley.

- Grove (Gen. xxi. 33) . . . Heb. (1) Asherah.
- ---- (Gen. xxi. 33) ... Heb. (2) Eshel: Gk. ἄρουρα: Bot. N. Tamarix Pallasii; Tamarix Gallica.

Two Hebrew words are rendered "grove" (A. V.), both erroneously. The first, always used in connexion with the temples of Baal, is supposed to be a wooden image of Astarte. The other occurs only three times, and is twice translated "a tree": hence it is believed to be identical with the Arab. asal, "tamarisk-tree," of which seven species exist in Palestine, growing thickly by the Lower Jordan and Dead Sea. T.

Hazel (Gen. xxx. 37) ... Heb. Luz: Gk. καρύα.

The hazel is common in Galilee and the Lehanons, but is not found elsewhere. The name occurs only once, and is identical with the Arabic name of the almond-tree, which some suppose it to denote.

Hay (Prov. xxvii. 25) . . . Heb. Chatzir: Gk. χόρτος.

Occurs twice; but means tall stems of grass. There is no such thing as "hay" in Palestine. See Grass.

Heath (Jer. xvii. 6; xlviii. 6) . . . Heb. 'Arar: Gk. ἀγριομυρίκη: Bot. N. Juniperus sabina.

Only occurs twice, and is identical with the Arabic word for a dwarf juniper, growing in the most barren and rocky parts of the desert. It is a shrub, of stunted appearance, bearing purple berries. There is no heath south of the Lebanons. T.

- Hemlock (Deut. xxix. 18; Hos. x. 4) . . . Heb. (1) Rôsh: Gk. χολη ἄγρωστις.
- ---- (Amos vi. 12) . . . Heb. (2) La'anah : Gk. πικρία.

Rôsh, translated "hemlock" and "gall," is thought by some to be the "poppy"; by others "darnel," "henbane," "aconite," &c.; but its identification is uncertain. C. See Gall. La'anah is "wormwood," which see,

Herb (Gen. i. 11, 12) . . . Heb. (1) Esheb.

(Is. xviii. 4) ... Heb. (2) Oroth.

Esheb is used generally of "herbs yielding seed," as opposed to grass. Oroth is thought to be "colewort," or "cabbage." T.

— (Bitter) (Ex. xii. 8) . . . Heb. Merorim : Gk. πικρίδες.

Five bitter herbs were eaten with the Paschal lamb, viz. lettuce, endive, chicory, mint, and one other not identified; but many more are now eaten in Palestiue, as salads, by the natives. No specific plant is meant by the word.

Husks (Luke xv. 16) . . . Gk. κεράτια: Bot. N. Ceratonia siliqua.

The fruit of the carob, or locust-tree, a leguminous plant, very common in Palestine, with leaves like our ash. Its pods (very abundant in April and May) are flat, narrow, horn-shaped, from six to ten inches long; chiefly used for feeding cattle, horses, and pigs, but sometimes the food of the very poorest people. T.

Hyssop (Ex. xii. 22; 1 Kings iv. 33) . . . Heb. Ézôb: Gk. δοσωπος:
Bot. N. Satureia; Capparis spinosa.

The hyssop is much disputed, but thought to be either Satureia thymbia, found on Carmel, or marjoram; or, more probably, the thorny caper. It seems to have been used as a broom or brush, and so would appear to be formed of a bunch of twigs. It grew in Egypt, in the Sinaitic desert, in Palestine, "out of the wall"; with all which the caper best accords. T.

Juniper (1 Kings xix. 4) ... Heb. Rothem: Gk. ραθμέν: Bot. N. Retama rætam.

A desert shrub (Arab. retem), growing near Sinai, Petra, the Dead Sea, and the Jordan. Not a juniper, but a broom; the largest shrub of Sinai, under which Elijah lay down to die; and one Israelite station was "place of broom" (Rithmah).

LADANUM (Gen. xxxvii. 25; xliii. 11) . . . Heb. Lôt: Gk. στακτή:
Bot. N. Cistus creticus; Cistus villosus; Cistus salviæfolius.

Occurs only twice, and both times rendered "myrrh," which cannot be correct, as that is not an indigenous product of Gilead or Palestine. It is identical with the Arab. ladan (ladanum), the gum of the Cistus, or rock rose, of which there are many species in Palestine, especially on Mount Carmel. See Myrrh.

Leeks (Num. xi. 5) . . . Heb. Chatzir: Gk. τὰ πράσα: Bot. N. Allium porrum.

Chatzir occurs many times, but is only in one place rendered "leeks" (in conjunction with "onions"); and all old versions and commentators adopt this interpretation, though some modern ones suggest a kind of lucern, largely used as salad, since in all other passages chatzir is translated "herbs," or "grass." Leeks were a very favourite vegetable in Egypt, where they were reverenced as sacred; and are still largely grown there and in Palestine. T. Others suggest the "fenugreek," a common article of food in Egypt. H.

Lentiles (Gen. xxv. 34; 2 Sam. xxiii. 11) ... Heb. 'Adashim: Gk. φακός: Bot. N. Ervum lens.

Arabic adas. Jacob's red pottage was of lentiles, mentioned in three other places, among the produce and food of Palestine, in conjunction with beans. A species of vetch, resembling the tine-tare, grown on poorer soils. The red lentile is most esteemed; it is cut and threshed like corn, then stewed, like haricot beans, and made into pottage.

Lily (I Kings vii. 26; Song of Solomon ii. 16; vi. 2, 3) ... Heb. Shûshan: Gk. κρίνον: Bot. N. Anemone coronaria; Ranunculus Asiaticus; Adonis Palestina.

The Arabs use the word susan as a general term for flowers of the lily kind (e.g. tulip, anemone, ranunculus, &c.). From a comparison of texts, it seems to grow in valleys and gardens, is conjoined with the rose of Sharon (which see), and formed an ornamental garland; its colour was red, and it grew in profusion in the Plain of Gennesaret (Matt. vi. 28); it yielded by distillation a fragrant juice. Probably the allusions in the Old Testament are general, including the above-mentioned, the iris, and water-lilies; but what impresses the traveller universally as the "lilies of the field" of the New Testament are the anemones, carpeting every plain, and luxuriantly pervading the land in every soil and all situations.

Mallow (Job xxx. 4) . . . Heb. Malluach: Gk. ἄλιμον: Bot. N. Atriplex halimus; Malva rotundifolia. C.; Malva sylvestris. C.; Althæa frutex. C.

Only once named, and then as food for the most abject poor. The word suggests the notion of "salt" in its taste or locality, and might indicate the tree-mallow and marsh-mallow. Eighteen species of mallow are found in Palestine. Most scholars take it to be the sea purslane.

Mandrake (Gen. xxx. 14; S. of S. vii. 13) . . . Heb. Dudaîm: Gk. μανδραγόρας: Bot. N. Mandragora officinalis. T.

A plant of the potato family, with a root like the heet, dark green leaves lying flat like a primrose, and bearing yellow pulpy fruit of the size of a large plum, having exhilarating qualities, and still thought by the natives to stimulate fruitfulness. It abounds in Palestine.

Manna (Ex. xvi. 15) . . . Heb. Manna : Gk. μάννα.

Manna (Heb. Man hu, "What is it?") was the name by which the miraculous food of Israel was known. It is described as a small round thing, like coriander seed, white, tasting like wafer and honey. It is still the name given to a sweet gum distilled in the hot weather from the tamarisk trees in a limited locality of the Arabian desert; collected by the Arabs before sunrise; boiled, strained, eaten as honey; but it has no taste of wafer, does not resemble coriander seed, is found in very small quantities, only under the tamarisk trees; melts as soon as the sun is up, and could not form a staple article of food. See Manna (Section XL), p. 203.

MASTICK TREE (Hist. of Sus. ver. 54) . . . Gk. σχίνος: Bot. N. Pistacia lentiscus.

Though its name occurs only in the Apocrypha, it is thought by some to be identical with the balsam-tree (Gen. xxxvii. 25). It is a small evergreen hushy tree, of the terebinth genus, yielding a gum, a commercial commodity from the earliest times. It is very common in all countries bordering on the Mediterranean, is indigenous in Palestine, and well known as the "lentisk."

Melons (Num. xi. 5) . . . Heb. Abattuchim: Gk. πέπονες: Bot. N. Cucurbita citrullus; Cucumis melo.

Once mentioned among the fruits of Egypt. Melons are staple and refreshing food in Egypt and Palestine, especially the water-melon, which grows to a great size, is often thirty pounds in weight, and refreshes the thirsty as well as the hungry. There is a succession of crops from May to November. T.

Millet (Ezek. iv. 9) . . . Heb. Dôchan : Gk. κέγχρος : Bot. N. Panicum miliaceum.

Once named with "wheat, barley, beans, and lentiles," in compounding

meal for bread. The same name is used by Arabs for two kinds of millet, largely grown in the East. Both are grasses, with very small seeds, used for cakes, but eaten by the very poor, uncooked. T.

Mint (Luke xi. 42) . . . Gk. ἡδύοσμον: Bot. N. Mentha sativa; Mentha sylvestris.

Commonly eaten by Jews with their meat, and one of the "bitter herbs" of the Paschal feast. Several species (wild and cultivated) grow in Palestine.

Mulberry (2 Sam. v. 23; Luke xvii. 6) . . . Heb. Becâîm: Gk. ἄπισι; συκάμινος: Bot. N. Populus tremula.

The translation is believed to be erroneous, and the tree meant to be the aspen poplar; but some adopt the LXX. translation, "pear-trees." In the New Testament the mulberry is intended by the Greek equivalent "sycamine."

Mustard (Matt. xiii. 31) . . . Gk. σίναπι: Bot. N. Sinapis nigra. H.; Salvadora Persica. T.

Only mentioned in the New Testament; always with reference to the smallness of its seeds in comparison with the size of its branches. Commentators differ in identifying it. Some take it to be the annual herb "mustard," indigenous to Palestine as to Britain, but in such a soil and climate growing to the largest of plants, many feet high; others a shrublike tree, with an equivalent Arabic name, and similar pungent flavour, having very small seed. The former answers all the Gospel requirements, and the comparison was proverbial.

Myrrh (Ex. xxx. 23; Prov. vii. 17) . . . Heb. (1) Môr: Gk. σμύρνα: Bot. N. Balsamodendron myrrha. T.

---- (Gen. xxxvii. 25) ... Heb. (2) Lôt: Gk. στακτή.

Myrrh is frequently mentioned in the Old and New Testaments. It was an ingredient in the holy oil; a domestic perfume, with "aloes, cassia, and cinnamon"; used for the purification of women, and for embalming. Both Scripture and classical writers give Arabia as its source; and it is the gum from the bark of a small thorny balsam (Arab. murr), somewhat like an acacia. (2) Lôt, erroneously translated "myrrh," is LADANUM, which see.

Myrtle (Is. lv. 13) ... Heb. Hadas: Gk. μυρσίνη: Bot. N. Myrtus communis.

A wild tree in Palestine, growing twenty feet high, with dark glossy leaves and white flowers. Found generally through central Palestine about Bethlehem, Hebron, and on the sides of Carmel and Tabor. Still used in synagogues on the Feast of Tabernacles; its dried flowers and berries serve as a perfume. Esther's Hebrew name, Hadassah, was from the "myrtle."

- Nard (S. of S. i. 12; John xii. 3) . . . Heb. Nerd: Gk. νάρδος: Bot. N. Nardostachys jatamansi.
 - An Indian product, from a plant growing on the Himalayas, and therefore very costly. The plant has many hairy spikes shooting from one root, which are the root-leaves shooting up from the ground and surrounding the stalk, from which the nard is procured and dried.
- Nettles (Is. xxxiv. 13) ... Heb. (1) Kimmosh: Gk. ἄκανθα, ὅλεθρος: Bot. N. Urtica pilulifera.
 - (1) Kimmosh, mentioned several times with thorns, and twice translated "thorns" (A. V.), is the "sting-nettle," of which there are several varieties in Palestine.
- ---- (Prov. xxiv. 31) . . . Heb. (2) Charûl: Gk. φρύγανα ἄγρια: Bot. N. Acanthus spinosus.
 - (2) Charil is translated "nettles" in a text where Kimmosh is "thorns," and again in Job. Its identification is doubtful; probably "prickly acanthus," a common troublesome weed in the plains of Palestine, with spine. T.
- Nuts (S. of S. vi. 11) . . . Heb. (1) Egôz : Gk. καρύα : Bot. N. Juglans regia.
 - (1) $Eg\bar{\partial}z$ is the "walnut-tree," which is a native of Persia, extensively cultivated in Palestine.
- ---- (Gen. xliii. 11) . . . Heb. (2) Botnîm : Gk. τερέβινθος : Bot. N. Pistacia vera.
 - (2) Botním (Arab. batam) is the "pistachio," a tree allied to the "terebinth," and now somewhat rare in Palestine, but the fruit is very abundant, T.
- Oak (Gen. xxxv. 4; Judg. vi. 11; Ezek. vi. 13) . . . Heb. (1) Elâh: Gk. τερέβινθος, δρῦς: Bot. N. Pistacia terebinthus.
 - Six Hebrew words are rendered "oak." (1) Elâh is the terebinth, or teil-tree, sometimes interchanged with allôn, "oak." It is the turpentine tree, and, though altogether different from the oak, it resembles it in the grain of the wood, as also in its wide-spreading foliage. The remaining five words all refer to the acorn-bearing oaks,
- Heb. (2) El, êlôn, îlan: Gk. τερέβινθος, ἤλων, δένδρον: Bot. N. Quercus pseudococcifera.
- Heb. (3) Allâh, allôn: Gk. βάλανος.
 - (3) Certainly means the oak; allôn probably = "evergreen oak"; êlôn, the "deciduous" kinds. Three varieties at least of oak are common in Palestine; one, as "Abraham's oak," is of great size, its foliage covering a diameter of 90 feet, and its girth being 23 feet. T.

Oil-tree (Is. xli. 19) ... Heb. 'Etz Shemen: (omitted in LXX.):
Bot. N. Eleagnus.

The Hebrew words occur three times: once translated "olive tree," and again "pine branches" (Neh. viii. 15, where it is distinguished from the "olive"). Probably the *oleaster*, which is very abundant, especially about Hebron, Tabor, Samaria, yielding inferior oil. It is smaller than the olive, with long, narrow, blueish leaves, silvery underneath, and bears bitter green berries. T.

Olive (Gen. viii. 11; Deut. viii. 8) ... Heb. Zaith: Gk. έλαία: Bot. N. Olea Europæa.

One of the earliest trees named, and one of the especial blessings of the Promised Land; very abundant in Palestine, and its chief characteristic, yielding abundant fruit and oil. The oldest trees now remaining are at Gethsemane. The wood is of a rich amber colour, finely grained, and from it the cheruhim, doors, and posts of the Temple were made. T.

— (wild) (Rom. xi. 17) ... Gk. ἀγριέλαιος.

The cline requires crefting: the ungrafted suckers producing

The olive requires grafting; the ungrafted suckers producing a small worthless fruit.

Onions (Num. xi. 5) . . . Heb. Betzalîm : Gk. κρόμμνα : Bot. N. Allium cepa.

Named among the vegetables of Egypt; still extensively grown near the Nile, and in Syria; eaten raw by the natives, and regarded as a preservative against thirst. The Egyptian variety is as large as a Portugal onion. T.

Palm-tree (Ex. xv. 27) . . . Heb. Tamar : Gk. φοῦνιξ : Bot. N. Phænix dactylifera.

Palm-trees are characteristic of sandy semi-tropical deserts, but grow best on clay or rich alluvium. There are 250 varieties. The date-palm is especially identified with Palestine. Many places were named from its abundance: e.g. Jericho, Hazazon-Tamar (by the Dead Sea), Baal-Tamar (near Gibeah). &c. It grew luxuriantly in the Jericho plain and the ravine of the Jordan, around the Sea of Galilee, in the vale of Shechem, and on the maritime plains, and is still ahundant at Beyrout. It is improbable that it ever grew on Mount Olivet (Neh. viii. 15 is general in its directions to the whole country), as the soil is unsuitable. The palm leaf (lulab), bound with myrtle on the right and citron on the left hand, formed the triple badge of the desert life, carried by Jews, and shaken, at the Feast of Tahernacles, after which use it was carefully "laid up" at home. These were "the palm branches," fetched out and carried by the multitude who went out to escort Jesus on His triumphal entry (John xii. 13); while those from Bethany cut down branches of olive-trees, and strawed them in the way (Matt. xxi. 8). Its tall stem (from 30 to 80 feet high), surmounted by feathery foliage, became the symbol of elegance and grace; hence it became a favourite woman's name, "Tamar" (Gen. xxxviii. 6; 2 Sam. xiii. I; xiv. 27).

Pannag (Ezek. xxvii. 17) . . . Heb. Pannag: Gk. κασία.

Not translated; mentioned with "wheat of Minnith," as a commodity. The Syriac version renders it "millet"; the LXX, treats it as the name of a place: others regard it as a spice, or some native product of Palestine.

Pine-tree (Is. xli. 19; lx. 13) ... Heb. *Tidhar*: Gk. βραθυδαάρ, πεύκη: Bot. N. *Ulmus campestris* (?). T.

Tidhar occurs twice in Isaiah, coupled with the "fir" and "box," growing on Lehanon. There is no clue to its identification. The "elm" grows on Mount Lebanon; but some conjecture it to be the plane, or pine. T. See Fir.

"Pine branches" (Neh. viii. 15) is a mistranslation. See Oil-tree.

Pomegranate (Num. xx. 5; Deut. viii. 8) . . . Heb. Rimmôn: Gk. ροά, ροιά, κώδων: Bot. N. Punica granatum.

One of the pleasant fruits of Egypt, and of the promised blessings of Palestine. It is often alluded to, and its abundance is attested by the frequent occurrence of "Rimmon" as the name of a town. It is a shrub-like tree, of the myrtle family, with blood-red flowers and globular fruit, containing red juicy pulp with many seeds, from which a refreshing drink was made (Song of Solomon, viii. 2). Blood oranges are produced from a branch grafted on a pomegranate stem.

Poplar (Gen. xxx. 37; Hos. iv. 13) . . . Heb. Libneh: Gk. στύραξ, λεύκη: Bot. N. Populus alba; Populus Euphratica.

The Hebrew word means "white," is twice used, and rendered "poplar"; it probably denotes the "white poplar," of which four varieties at least are found in Palestine. The *Populus alla* is found on the hills, and is doubtless meant in Hos. iv; the *P. Euphratica* abounds by the Jordan, and would be native in Padan-Aram (Gen. xxx). Some have identified it with the "storax," a bushy shrub, with pale leaves having an undercoating of down, and white blossoms. See Stacte.

Pulse (2 Sam. xvii. 28; Dan. i. 12) ... Heb. Zeroim: Gk. σσπρια.
Though translated "parched pulse," the latter word is inserted in the A. V. by conjecture. The Hebrew is only "parched." Probably "peas." In the other passage, zeroim is "seed" of any kind, probably that of grain generally, or of leguminous plants. In both cases it is the simple food of the poor.

Reed. See Bulrush.

Rose (Is. xxxv. 1; S. of S. ii. 1) . . . Heb. Chabatzeleth: Gk. κρίνον, ἄνθος: Bot. N. (1) Narcissus tazetta.

(1) Only mentioned twice: once as "rose of Sharon," no doubt a bulbous plant, of which there are many species in Palestine, especially the narcissus, which abounds in the vale of Sharon. No "roses" proper are found, except in the Lebanons.

Rose (continued) Bot. N. (2) Anastatica hierochuntina.

(2) "Rose of Jericho," a small woody annual (not mentioned in Scripture), with short stem, bearing many branches, and white flowers. After seeding, it dries and curls up into a ball like wicker-work; but when put in water, it expands, as if alive again; hence called *Anastatica*, "resurrection flower." It is also called "Mary's flower."

Rue (Luke xi. 42) . . . Gk. πήγανον: Bot. N. Ruta bracteosa; Ruta graveolens.

Included among common garden herbs of small value, tithed by Pharisees. Four species are found in Palestine. T.

Rush ... Heb. Gôme: Gk. πάπυρος.

Egyptian papyrus. See Bulrush, (1) Gôme.

Rye (Ex. ix. 32; Is. xxviii. 25) . . . Heb. Cussemeth: Gk. ζέα, ὀλύρα: Bot. N. Triticum spelta.

The marginal reading, "spelt," is doubtless correct, as it resembles wheat. Rye is a northern plant, not Egyptian or Syrian; but the Hebrew name is akin to the Arab. chirsanat, "spelt." T.

Saffron (S. of S. iv. 14) . . . Heb. Karkôm: Gk. κρόκοs: Bot. N. Crocus sativus.

Only once named, among scented garden flowers; doubtless the same as the Arab. kurkum, the saffron crocus, which abounds in Palestine, and is highly esteemed for its perfume. Many varieties are found there, from which "saffron" is obtained, a yellow powder freely used for seasoning in the East.

Seaweed (Jonah ii. 5).

See Bulrush, (4) Saph.

Shittah-tree (Is. xli. 19) . . . Heb. Shittah : Gk. ξύλον ἄσηπτον : Bot. N. Acacia seyal.

Shittim-wood (Ex. xxvi. 15) . . . Heb. Shittim: Gk. ξύλον ἄσηπτον.

The tree is named once only; the wood frequently, as used for the tabernacle and its fittings in the wilderness, where no other timber was available, the acacia being the only timber-tree of any size in the Arabian desert. It resembles the hawthorn, but is larger, growing in the driest places, and scattered over the whole peninsula, as also on the W. shore of the Dead Sea. Its wood is very hard, close-grained, orange-brown in colour. From it "Gum Arabic" is obtained; its bark is an astringent, and is used for tanning.

Soap (Jer. ii. 22; Mal. iii. 2) ... Heb. Bórith: Gk. πόα: Bot. N. Salsola kali.

The native soap of Palestine is made from olive oil and potash, and dates from remote antiquity. The latter is abundantly produced by the numerous

alkaline plants on the maritime marshes and by the Dead Sea. The use of potash is very ancient; to its discovery on the Belus we owe the invention of glass by the Phœnicians, and to its Arabic name the word "alkali": it has always heen one of the exports of Palestine.

Sodom, Vine of (Deut. xxxii. 32) ... Heb. Gephen Sedom: Gk. ἄμπελος Σοδόμων: Bot. N. Solanum sanctum, Citrullus colocynthus, Calotropis procera.

See Bramble, Chedek. The Colocynth grows near the Dead Sea; it has long straggling tendrils like a vine, and a fruit of tempting appearance, like a beautiful orange, but nauseous to the taste, and when ripe its rind contains only dark ashes and seeds (see Wild Gourd). The Calotropis is also suggested as the Sodom vine: it grows on the S. E. of the Dead Sea, and in the plains of Shittim E. of Jordan, by Jericho, bearing clusters of bright yellow apples, not good for food; but it yields an esteemed medicinal gum. T.

Spelt. See Rye.

Spicery (Spice-tree) (Gen. xxxvii. 25) ... Heb. Necôth: Gk. θυμίαμα: Bot. N. Astragalus tragacantha.

"Spicery," carried by the Ishmaelites to Egypt for sale, is not a general term, but denotes the product of some tree, probably the Arab. neca'at, or "gum tragacanth," obtained from the Astragali, a kind of lupine, of which there are more than twenty varieties in Palestine, dwarf shrubs with pinnate leaves, long thoms, and yellow blossoms, growing at all elevations. T. Some conjecture the "storax." See Stacte.

The spice-bearing trees, producing cinnamon, &c., helong to the laurel family, not indigenous to Palestine. C.

Spikenard. See Nard.

Stacte (Ex. xxx. 34) ... Heb. Nataf: Gk. στακτή: Bot. N. Styrax officinale.

Lit. "a drop" of some exuding gum; one ingredient in the holy oil; translated Job xxxvi. 27, "drop of water." It is identified with the gum of the storax, a beautiful, fragrant shrub, growing abundantly on the lower hills in Palestine, with hlossoms like the orange-tree.

Sycamine (Luke xvii. 6) ... Gk. συκάμινος: Bot. N. Morus nigra.

The black mulberry, still called sycamenea in Greece. Both it and the white mulberry are common in Palestine.

Sycamore, Sycomore (Ps. lxxviii. 47; I Chron. xxvii. 28) ... Heb. Shikmin, Shikmoth: Gk. συκομορέα: Bot. N. Ficus sycamorus.

A species of fig, allied to the banyan-tree, quite distinct from our

"sycamore." It has a leaf like the mulberry, and fruit like a fig. It is an evergreen timber-tree, of large growth. In Egypt it supplied the

common timber for furniture, doors, boxes, and mummy-cases. It is found in the low plains of Jericho, but does not flourish in a hilly country, and is therefore uncommon in Palestine.

Tares (Matt. xiii.) . . . Gk. ζιζάνια: Bot. N. Lolium temulentum.

The Arab. zawân, the bearded darnel, a kind of rye-grass whose seeds are poisonous, common in all countries bordering on the Mediterranean. The leaf resembles that of wheat, but the seed is much smaller.

Teil, Terebinth (1s. vi. 13) ... Heb. Elâh: Gk. τερέβινθος: Bot. N. Pistacia terebinthus.

Elâh in most passages is translated "oak" (which see). Sometimes it is mistranslated "valley" or "plain" (I Sam. xvii. 2; Gen. xiii. 18); once "elm" (Hos. iv. 13); and in only one passage correctly, "teil," or "turpentine" tree. The LXX. generally renders it the "terebinth." Very common in S. and E. Palestine, in localities too warm or dry for the oak, whose place it supplies, and whose winter appearance with straggling boughs it closely resembles. Its leaves are pinnate, dark reddish green; it bears small clustering blossoms, and red berries. On a terebinth (still shown) Iudas is said to have hanged himself.

Thick Trees (Lev. xxiii. 40) ... Heb. 'Etz' Aboth: Gk. κλάδοι δασεῖs.

"Thick trees" are mentioned among those from whose branches the booths were to be made at the Feast of Tabernacles. The Rabbinical commentators interpret it of the "myrtle," which is in consequence used for the purpose to this day.

Thistle (Hos. x. 8) . . . Heb. Dardar: Gk. τρίβολος: Bot. N. Centaurea calcitropa.

—— (Job xxxi. 40) . . . Heb. Choach: Gk. τρίβολος: Bot. N. Notobasis Syriaca.

Two words are translated "thistles" (see Bramble, 2 and 3). Thistles of gigantic size, overtopping the horse and his rider, abound in the rich plains of Gennesaret, Sharon, Esdraëlon, and Jericho. Choach is thought to be the generic term for any spiny herb or shrub, including thistles, knap-weed, &c.; and dardar represents the genus Calcitropa. C.

Thorn. See Bramble.

Thyine Wood (Rev. xviii. 12) . . . Gk. ξύλον θύινον: Bot. N. Callitris quadrivalvis.

"Thyine wood" is one of the priceless commodities of the Babylon of the Book of Revelation. It is not indigenous to Palestine, but to the Atlas mountains. It was called "citron wood" by the Romans. It is a small tree of the cypress family, allied to the Lignum vitæ. T.

Vine (Gen. ix. 20; xl. 9; Deut. viii. 7, 8) . . . Heb. Gephen: Gk. ἄμπελος: Bot. N. Vitis vinifera.

It is a native of the hilly region south of the Caspian, and of Armenia and North Persia; it was one of the earliest plants cultivated, and has followed civilisation. Palestine is renowned for the quantity, quality, and productiveness of its vines, especially the valley of Eshcol (or "grapes"), and no climate or soil is better adapted for them. The vine is the emblem of the nation, and hence was adopted as that of the Christian Church.

—— (wild), (2 Kings iv. 39) ... Heb. Gephen Sådeh: Gk. ἄμπελος ἐν τῷ ἀγρῷ.

The wild vine, or fox grape, has a small, black, acid fruit, suitable only for vinegar; it grows commonly in the hedges or thickets of Palestine. T. But a more noxious plant than this may be intended.

- Walnut (Song of Solomon, vi. 11) . . . Heb. Egoz : Gk. ή καρύα : Bot. N. Juglans regia.
 - "Nuts" should be "walnut-tree" in this passage. It is a native of Persia, and is still extensively cultivated in the higher grounds and colder parts of Palestine. See Nuts.
- Wheat (Gen. xxx. 14; xli. 22) . . . Heb. Chittah: Gk. πυρός: Bot. N. Triticum compositum, Triticum spelta, Triticum hybernum.

Wheat is one of the earliest products, being the chief grain of Mesopotamia in Jacob's time; and from that day to this it has continued to be so in Egypt, where the many-eared (Gen. xli. 22) or "mummy" variety, depicted on monuments, is still grown. Three varieties are commonly found in Palestine: (1) on maritime plains, white, short-hearded; (2) short-grown, long-hearded, thick-set, coarse grain; (3) a longer stem, with coarse black beard and husk. It is still trodden ont (Deut. xxv. 4), pressed out by a wooden wheel, or threshed with a flail (Is. xxviii. 27), and then winnowed with a fan and sifted.

"Wheat harvest" (April to June) marks a division of the year.

- Willow (Lev. xxiii. 40; Job xl. 22) . . . Heb. (1) 'Arâbim: Gk. lría: Bot. N. Salix octandra, Salix Ægyptiaca, Salix Babylonica.
- —— (Ezek. xvii. 5) ... Heb. (2) Tzaphtzaphah (omitted in LXX.):
 Bot. N. Oleander (?).

Two words are rendered "willow": (1) 'Arâbim are always said to grow in the valley. The Arabic name is 'gharab. (2) Tzaphtzaphah (Arab. safsaf) occurs only once, of a tree growing by the water-side. It was used for constructing booths for the Feast of Tabernacles; and no doubt both words denote the "willow," of which many varieties are found in Palestine. H. But some suggest the oleander, which flourishes abundantly by the water-courses, and lines every valley. T.

With (Judg. xvi. 7) . . . Heb. Yether Lach: Gk. νευρὰ ὑγρά.

The Anglo-Saxon word widig denotes a "willow," in which sense it occurs in Wycliffe's Bible, whence any supple twig, used for wicker-work; but in Judges the word is better translated "cords."

Wormwood (Deut. xxix. 18) ... Heb. La'anah: Gk. ἄψωθος: Bot. N. Artemisia Judaica, Artemisia Nilotica, Artemisia absinthium.

It is often mentioned, but only by way of metaphor. Several varieties of *Artemisia* grow in Palestine. Wormwood is well known for its bitter taste. T.

Note.—It is worthy of notice, that the Fauna and Flora, arts and sciences, &c. of the Bible seem to accord with its assumed geography and chronology; e.g. the animals and cereals belong specially to Mesopotamia and the country east of Palestine, and the musical instruments to the earliest ages of human history. Those of the Pentateuch are generally such as have their origin or prevalence in Egypt and the Sinaitic peninsula; those of the historical books, and of most of the prophets, belong more particularly to Palestine in an advanced stage of civilisation; while the animals mentioned in Job have received more illustration from the Assyrian records and monuments than from anything found in Egypt, Arabia, or Canaan. The marked omission of aquatic pursuits and industries, and of marine products, from the Bible narrative, accords with the historical fact that the sea-coast was never occupied by the Hebrews.

XLII. GEOLOGY OF BIBLE LANDS.

THE Sinaitic range is formed of granite and plutonic rocks, without any signs of volcanic action, such as lava, basalt, &c. The granite is bright red from base to summit, often intersected with veins of greenstone and porphyry. Mount Sinai consists of coarse granite at the base, graduating in fineness to the peak. As we advance northward, dykes of porphyry intersect the granite, and this in turn is intersected by greenstone, while at the north-eastern extremity syenite supplants them. Tending towards Suez, sandstone overlays the syenite, and the sandstone belt of the Tûr fringes the granite group.

Through the Judæan wilderness a limestone plateau extends almost to Hebron. The whole central Syrian range is limestone, equivalent to the greensand underlying the chalk formation still prevailing about Beer-sheba; the few exceptions being near the Jordan

Valley.

Occasionally, on hill tops (such as Olivet), is found a layer of white chalk mixed with flint. These are the remains of a vast chalk deposit, which once covered the whole country with an even surface, and was the cause of its fertility, but which has long ago been washed away by the heavy rains and torrents, leaving the now sterile limestone rock covered with the loose flints.

There are two distinct groups of limestone: (1) Necomian with fossils like those in our greensand, and intermingled with dolomite. It predominates in Galilee (from the Lebanons and Hermon to Safed) and Samaria, running on to the east of Jerusalem beyond Olivet. (2) A lower substratum of chalk, underlying the whole country from Lebanon to the south of the Mountains of Moab, but seldom coming to the surface.

In Galilee, near the Lake, are large dykes of basalt, and fields of lava, which has overflowed the limestone, from some extinct volcanoes (near Safed, Horns of Hattin, and Ard-el-Hamma); and the scoria has enriched the cultivation of those hill-sides and valleys, down to Little Hermon and the edge of Esdraëlon. This is the only volcanic tract at present discovered.

East of Jordan the formation is similar to that of the west side, but without the upper chalk that once encrusted the hills. The Iordan gorge which cleaves these formations is a geological phenomenon.

1. Mineral Substances, etc. of the Bible.

Bitumen (Gen. xi. 3) . . . Heb. Chêmar : Gk. ἄσφαλτος.

A kind of asphalt, or earth-resin, found in the vale of Siddim, whence the Dead Sea was called Lacus Asphaltites. It is translated "slime," and was used as mortar or cement.

- Clay (Is. xxix. 16) ... Heb. (1) Chomer: Gk. πηλός.
 - (I) A tenacious earth, like that so called by us, used for making bricks and earthenware. It was less cohesive than ours, and accordingly for the former purpose was bound together by an admixture of straw before being baked, and for building purposes was mixed with sand.
- (Is. xli. 25) ... Heb. (2) Tit: Gk. πηλός.
 - (2) Tit (lit. "dirt") was, and still is, the common building material of the mud-houses of the peasantry of Palestine.
- Earth (Gen. i. 22) ... Heb. (1) Eretz: Gk. h vn.

Three Hebrew words are translated, "earth":-

(1) Eretz, the earth, or globe generally.

- Earth (continued) (Gen. ix. 20) ... Heb. (2) Adamah: Gk. $\gamma \hat{\eta}$.
 - (2) Adamah, red earth, or cultivated soil.
- (Gen. iii. 14; Is. xlvii. 1) . . . Heb. (3) 'Aphar: Gk. γη̂. (3) 'Aphar, dry earth, or dust.
- Nitre (Jer. ii. 22) . . . Heb. Nether: Gk. νίτρον.
 A mineral alkali (familiar to us as soda).
- Salt (1 Chron. xviii. 12) . . . Heb. Melach : Gk. als.

Salt is very abundant in the neighbourhood of the Dead Sea, which is highly impregnated with it. A ridge of salt-rock runs into that sea, and there are salt-pits (Zeph. ii. 9), and a plain of salt, or valley of salt (2 Sam. viii. 13). Hence it frequently enters into the symbolical acts and language of the Bible.

- Sand (Prov. xxvii. 3; Jer. v. 22) ... Heb. Chol: Gk. ἄμμος.

 Sand abounds in Palestine, and is used to symbolise abundance, insecurity, extensiveness, and weight.
- Sulphur (Gen. xix. 24; Ps. xi. 6) . . . Heb. Gophrith: Gk. θεῖον.
 Sulphur, or brimstone, is largely found in the vale of Siddim, in the mineral form; also in combination with pyrites and other rock formations.

NOTE.—The northern shore of the Dead Sea abounds in pebbles, succeeded by sand covered with incrustations of salt and a growth of lichens resembling seaweed at the first glance. This extends for about two miles. The shores of the Sea of Galilee are composed of minute shells, of very many varieties. There are many fossils to be found, as above mentioned; but for a detailed account of these the student is referred to special treatises.

2. METALS OF THE BIBLE.

Amber (Ezek. i. 4) . . . Heb. Chashmal: Gk. ήλεκτρον.

Amber is a compound of copper and gold. It is now much used in Asia Minor and Syria. Chashmal in Ezekiel refers to the same metal as $\chi a \lambda \kappa o \lambda (\beta a v o v)$ in Rev. i. 15. The LXX. translates it by $\eta \lambda \kappa \kappa \tau \rho o v$ (electrum), an alloy of four parts gold and one of silver. It is improbable that electrum is the metal intended, since the language of Ezekiel demands a metal of fiery red colour. Gesenius and others, from the etymology, identify it with the "burnished brass" (kalal) of Ezek. i. 7. Others consider it to be an accidentally discovered alloy with copper, resembling light-coloured brass or zinc. There is a white metal, greatly used for ornaments in the East, which is called copper.

Copper, Brass (Ex. xxxviii. 8; 2 Kin. xxv. 13) ... Heb. Nechosheth: Gk. χαλκός.

Copper was well known to the Israelites and Egyptians before the Exodus. The latter had, for a long time previous to that event, obtained it from Arabia. It was a native product of Palestine (Deut. viii. 9), and largely exported from Cyprus, whence its name. In most passages Nechosheth is now thought to be bronze, of which many ancient specimens have been found in Assyria. The Egyptians and Israelites also were familiar with tin (which see), and so they could have made that alloy of the two called bronze; but the Hebrew term is used indifferently for pure copper and its alloys. Being very hard and easily fusible, it is probable that bronze was the material of the "brazen sea," the Temple columns, sacrificial "forks," the brazen serpent, the "mirrors" of the Hebrew women, and the 250 censers of the followers of Korah.

Gold (I Kings ix. 28) ... Heb. (I) Záhab: Gk. χρυσίου.

- --- (Job xxviii. 18) . . . Heb. (2) Paz : Gk. χρυσίον.
- --- (Job xxii. 24) . . . Heb. (3) Bětsěr: Gk. πέτρα Σωφίρ.
- ---- (Ps. lxviii. 13) ... Heb. (4) Chârûtz: Gk. χρυσίον.
- --- (Eccles. ii. 8) . . . Heb. (5) Sagar: Gk. περιουσιασμός.
- --- (Job xxviii. 19) . . . Heb. (6) Kěthěm: Gk. χρυσίον καθαρόν.

There are six different words used for "gold" in the Old Testament, which show its use, and high estimation: (1) Zāhab is its earliest and most common name, referring to its colour. (2) Paz is the native metal, as found. (3) Bětsèr is gold-dust, and fragments of ore. (4) Chârâtz is either "dug out," or has reference to its "lustre." (5) Sâgar ("treasured"), and (6) Kēthèm ("concealed"), show its high value. No indication of native gold has been found in Palestine, to which it was imported from Spain (Tarshish = Tartessus), Ophir, Sheba, &c. Some modern Egyptologists maintain that gold was found in Egypt in ancient times, and believe that they have found some old worked-out mines of it beyond Assonan. Gold seems to have been first coined by the Jews in the time of Ezra, though it was used as a medium of exchange as early as Abraham's time, like money, but was weighed, not counted (Gen. xxiii. 16).

Iron and Steel (Gen. iv. 22; Deut. viii. 9) ... Heb. Barzel: Gk. σίδηρος.

In Europe, at least, the use of bronze preceded that of iron, because the ore of the latter was less likely to attract the attention of the miner, and, when found, it was more difficult to work than the former; but recent discoveries show the very ancient existence of iron in Assyria, as also in Egypt under the Pharaohs. It was found in considerable quantities in Syria, in Canaanite times, and tools were made of it, especially goads,

mattocks, files, and coulters, as also were spears and swords (1 Sam. xiii. 21, 22). It is doubtful whether the "chariots of iron" of Jabin and the "iron bed" of Og are to be taken literally; probably a reference to their great strength is intended. "Steel," in our version, is an erroneous rendering for "brass"; but steel is supposed to be meant by "northern iron" (Jer. xv. 12), the most famous makers in old times being the Chalybes, near the Black Sea; and Damascus steel has had a very long celebrity. In Nahum ii. 3, "torches," the translation of pelâdoth (rendered as "steel" both in Arabic and Syriac), is conjectured to be an error for "scythes" on the wheels of war-chariots.

Lead (Ex. xv. 10) . . . Heb. Bedîl: Gk. μόλιβος.

Lead was known to the Hebrews, and was anciently used to purify silver, and in later times as a plummet or weight, and also for soldering metals. It was found in the Sinaitic rocks before Moses' time, and was one of the wares brought to the Tyrian market.

Silver (Gen. xxiii. 15) . . . Heb. Keseph : Gk. ἀργύριον.

Abram was "rich in silver." It was largely imported into Egypt, and afterwards into Palestine, from Spain and Arabia. The Israelites possessed much gold and silver in the wilderness; of the former "the calf" was made. Silver was used for all kinds of ornaments for the person and house, and was very abundant in Solomon's time; and in the time of the Maccabees it was coined into money; hence keseph is a silver coin.

Tin (Num. xxxi. 22) ... Heb. 'Ophereth: Gk. κασσίτερος.

Tin was early known to the Hebrews, being one of the imports of Egypt from Spain, through Phoenician merchants, who also obtained it (as Herodotus and Strabo tell us) from Britain. It was a great commodity in the fair at Tyre. It seems not to have ranked among precious metals, but to have been used as an alloy. In Zech. iv. 10 (marg.) mention is made of a tin levelling instrument, but generally this metal is treated as of little value.

XLIII. PRECIOUS STONES OF THE BIBLE.

Adamant (Ezek. iii. 9) ... Heb. Shâmir: Gk. πέτρα.

The corundum, the hard stone which when ground is known to us as "emery powder." It is once translated "diamond," and was used for engraving upon stone (e.g. the ten commandments, Jos. Ant. iii. 7, § 5).

Agate (Ex. xxviii. 19) ... Heb. Shĕbô: Gk. ἀχάτης.

Agate is said to derive its name from the river Achates, in Sicily. It is usually white, with a red or green grain like sea-weed. It is common in

the East. In Scripture it is spoken of as a material for windows. The Arabic equivalent means *red*, whence some have thought the Oriental ruby to be meant.

Amethyst (Ex. xxviii. 19; Řev. xxi. 20) . . . Heb. Achlâmah: Gk. ἀμέθυστος.

Blue transparent quartz; so called in Greek because thought to be a charm against drunkenness; but the Jews supposed it to bring pleasant *dreams*, whence its Hebrew name.

- BeryI (Gen. ii. 12; Ex. xxviii. 20) . . . Heb. Shoham: Gk. βηρυλλιον. By some shoham is thought to be the onyx; by others the "arrow-stone," the hardest substance for cutting known to the ancients; by others the aquamarine.
- Carbuncle (Ex. xxviii. 17; Rev. iv. 3) ... Heb. Bâreketh; Gk. σμά-ραγδος.

A mistranslation for "emerald" in Ex. xxviii: the only green stone "flashing light," which is the meaning of the Hebrew. It is probably the stone now called emerald, a beautiful green stone, and found in ancient times in Egypt and Ethiopia. In Rev. iv. 3 it is likened to a rainbow.

Chalcedony (Rev. xxi. 19) ... Gk. χαλκηδών.

An emerald, found in the copper mines of Chalcedon, near Constantinople. It was a small, transparent, brilliant green stone.

- Chrysolite (Rev. xxi. 20) . . . Heb. *Tarshtsh* (?): Gk. χρυσόλιθος.

 The tarshtsh of Ex. xxviii, 20 is probably a Spanish stone, brought from
 - Tartessus. Thought to be the cairngorm; but the chrysolite of Rev. xxi. 20 is no doubt the true Oriental topaz.
- Chrysoprase (Rev. xxi. 20) . . . Gk. χρυσόπρασος.

The modern apple-green stone of that name is a variety of the chalcedony class, unknown to the ancients. Epiphanius so calls a kind of chrysolite. Some Indian beryls have a similar hue; and such a stone (of a deeper blue) is found among Egyptian gems.

Diamond (Ex. xxviii. 18) ... Heb. Yahalom (omitted in LXX.).

The diamond could not have been used in the "breastplate," because the

He diamond could not have been used in the "breastplate," because the Hebrews knew of no means of engraving a name upon it. Yahalom is variously conjectured to be the onyx, or alabaster, or jasper.

Emerald (Ex. xxviii. 18) . . . Heb. Nophek: Gk. ἄνθραξ.

Properly the carbuncle; it is used for several bright red stones, including the garnet and ruby. In Ex. xxviii. it is wrongly interchanged with carbuncle.

- Jacinth, Hyacinth (Rev. xxi. 20) . . . Gk. ὑάκινθος.
 - The true Oriental sapphire, a splendid blue stone, of brilliant transparency.
- Jasper (Ex. xxviii. 20) ... Heb. Yash'pheh: Gk. ισσπις.

This was the Greek *chalcedomy*, a dark green stone; the name includes many kinds of crystalline quartz. The jasper of Rev. iv. 3 is thought to be the dark green opaque chalcedomy.

Ligure (Ex. xxviii. 19) ... Heb. Leshem: Gk. λιγύριον.

Some take leshem to be the fossil belemnite, others amber, opal, or tour-maline; but it is most probably jacinth, which was highly esteemed in Egypt and Arabia.

Onyx (Ex. xxviii. 20) . . . Heb. Tarshish: Gk. ὀνύχιον.

The onyx is the banded carnelian, cut across the layers to exhibit two stripes of black and white, brown and white, &c. Some regard it as the "shell" or composite formation of two different coloured strata, one underlying the other, on which cameos are cut. In our A.V. there is a confusion between tarshish and shoham, each being translated both "onyx" and "beryl." See Chrysolite.

Sapphire (Ex. xxviii. 18) ... Heb. Sappir: Gk. σάπφειρος.

The Hebrew denotes that on which something is engraved or inscribed. According to the Targum, the Tables of the Law were made of it. This and the context in which it is used (Ex. xxiv. 10), "like the body of heaven," have given rise to the idea that lapis lazuli is meant.

Sardius, Sardine (Ex. xxviii. 17) . . . Heb. Odem: Gk. σάρδιος.

Our red carnelian, highly valued by the ancients, and extensively used for signets and intaglios. The finest came from Babylon; but many also from Arabia and Egypt. Found in considerable abundance at Sardis, in Lydia.

Sardonyx (Rev. xxi. 19).

Sardonyx consisted of a carnelian of three stripes of different colours, or three layers of spots. Its name is a compound of "sard" and "onyx," of which two carnelians it was thought to be the union.

Topaz (Ex. xxviii. 17) ... Heb. Pitdah: Gk. τοπάζιον.

The topaz of the ancients is the chrysolite of the moderns, and vice versa Job says, "the topaz of Cush" (xxviii. 19). The ancient topaz (chrysolite) was of a greenish-yellow colour, found in Egypt, and in great abundance in an island in the Red Sea, from which it derived its name.

234 There are three important and almost identical lists of precions stones in the Bible. An interval of nine centuries LISTS OF PRECIOUS STONES GIVEN IN SCRIPTURE,

occurs between the first and second, and of nearly seven between the second and third, The description of the High Priest's breastplate.

The omaments of the King of Tyre.

The first differs in the name and arrangement of some stones, as recorded by Moses in the Hebrew (when it was first III. The figurative foundation stones of the heavenly city.

made), from the description of it by the LXX. in their day, and also by Josephus; it had probably undergone

THE FOUNDATIONS OF THE restoration. These three are exhibited in order, with the modern names of the stones supposed to be meant. COVERING OF KING OF TYRE. HEBREW (A. V.). BREASTPLATE (set in Gold). HEBREW (A.V.).

HEAVENLY CITY. REV. xxi. 19, 20. Chalcedony. Sardius.

Sapphire.

asper.

Sardius,

Topaz.

Carbuncle.

Sardins,

Topaz.

Carbuncle,

(Order slightly altered from A. V.)

Exod, xxviii, 17-20.

EZEKIEL XXVIII. 13.

Sardonyx,

Emerald,

Emerald.

Sapphire.

Diamond.

Emerald,

Sapphire.

Diamond.

Amethyst.

Jacinth.

Chrysoprasus.

Onyx.

Jasper,

Onyx. Ξ

ဂ္ဂ

Topaz.

Beryl.

Chrysolite.

(Omitted from the Hebrew list.)

Ligure, ខ្ព Beryl.

Agate.

Amethyst.

PRECIOUS STONES OF THE BIBLE.							
		Names.	Copper Emerald (old Chalcedony). 6 Sardius. 9 Chrysolite.	Amethyst.			
		Supposed Modern Names.	Lapia Sarda Bery Aqua	Sapphire,			
			Jaspe Cha Emer Topa	Cairngorm. Chrysoprase.			
Septuagint Names of the above.	I Sardius. 4 Carbuncle. 7 Ligure. 10 Chrysolite.	Modern Names.	Red ne Car or C	Cairngorm.			
	2 Topaz. 5 Sapphire. 8 Agate. 11 Beryl.		Chrysolite (modern). 5 Lapislazuli. 8 Agate.	Onyx.			
	3 Emerald. 6 Jasper. 9 Amethyst. 12 Onyx.		Emerald (true). f f Jasper. 9 Quartz. Amethyst.	Cairngorm, Aquamarine Onyx.			
Septuagint Names of the above.	r Sardius, 4 Carbuncle, 7 Ligure, 10 Chrysolite.	Modern Names.	Red Car- nelian. 4 Carbuncle, or Garnet. 7	Cairngorm,			
	2 Topaz, 5 Sapphire. 8 Agate. 11 Beryl.		chrysolite (modern). 5 Lapislazuli. 8 Agate.	Q.			
	Emerald. 6 Jasper. 9 Amethyst. 12 Onyx.		3 Emerald (true). 6 Jasper. 9 Quartz, Amethyst. }	Aquamarine,			

XLIV. MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS OF THE BIBLE.

Vocal Music occupies an important place in Scripture, both in religious worship (1 Chron. vi. 32), public rejoicings (1 Sam. xviii. 6), and social festivities (Is. v. 1; liv. 1). It is mentioned among the earliest expressions of joy (Ex. xv. 21), and was accompanied by dancing (2 Sam. vi. 16), and clapping of hands, especially in the "chorus" (Ps. xlvii. 1). For worship David chose a body of singers (1 Chron. xvi. 41); Jehoshaphat appointed a band of singers to praise God in front of his army (2 Chron. xx. 21). After the Captivity we find an equal number of male and female voices (Ezra ii. 65), who sang alternately. They formed a distinguished class, had a separate maintenance (Neh. xi. 23), had cities assigned to them (Neh. vii. 73), and chambers for those in attendance at the Temple (Ezek. xl. 44). From the dedication of some Psalms there would seem to have been a written musical notation, but no certain record of it is extant.

Musical Instruments are among the earliest recorded human inventions (Gen. iv. 21). In Scripture their use seems to be confined to religious worship and social festivities, except that the sound of the trumpet served as a battle-call. The earliest kinds were a tabret, a stringed instrument (incipient harp), cymbals, and pipe. From these germs all others are developments. As the Hebrew names were obscure, or unintelligible to the translators of our Bible, one general species of the same genus; while the same Hebrew generic word is sometimes translated by different English specific ones, and in other cases the translation is erroneous. The following list will exhibit all the names that occur, either in the English or Hebrew text.

I. STRINGED INSTRUMENTS.

Harp (Gen. iv. 21; xxxi. 27; I Sam. xvi. 23; Job xxi. 12; xxx. 31; Ps. cxxxvii. 2; Is. v. 12) ... Heb. (1) Kinnor: Gk. κινύρα. The most ancient kind, of Syrian origin. A triangular lyre, formed of two flat pieces of wood, whose ends are united with eight or nine animal strings stretched across them. It was held under the left arm, and played with the fingers or a plectrum.

— (1 Sam. x. 5; Neh. xii. 27; Ps. xxxiii. 2; lvii. 8; lxxi. 22; lxxxi. 2; xcii. 2; cl. 3; Is. v. 12) ... Heb. (2) Nebel: Gk. ψαλτήριον, κιθάρα.

A later improvement, of *Phanician* origin, having three wooden sides (one curved), and ten strings. It is translated "psaltery" (Ps. lvii. 8,

A. V.), "lute" (loc, cit. P.B.), and "viol" (Is. v. 12; Amos v. 23; vi. 5). As it is always coupled with some other instrument, it is thought to have supplied the bass.

Harp (continued) (Ps. xxxiii. 2; cxliv. 9) ... Heb. (3) 'Asor: Gk. δεκάχορδον.

A smaller instrument, of Assyrian origin, only mentioned in conjunction with nebel, and accordingly thought to have supplied the treble. Translated "instrument of ten strings."

- (Dan. iii. 5, 7) ... Heb. (4) Kaithros: Gk. κιθάρα.

A later invention, of Greek origin (Eng. cithern, guitar), imported into the East. It was a lyre, with four strings.

Lute. See Harp, Nebel.

Psaltery (I Chron. xiii. 8; xv. 16; xxv. 1; 2 Chron. v. 12; xxix. 25; 2 Sam. vi. 5) . . . Heb. (1) Nebel: Gk. νάβλα.

In Psalms, Kings, and Chronicles "psaltery" is the general translation of nebel, which see.

- (Dan. iii. 5, 7) . . . Heb. (2) Psanterin: Gk. ψαλτήριον.

Psanterin (Eng. sawtry) is erroneously rendered "psaltery," from a verbal similarity. It should be "dulcimer," being an instrument formed of strings tightly stretched, by fixed pins and turning screws, over a rectangular sounding-board or box; and was played by bammers struck with the hand against the strings. It is not of the harp genus, but is the germ of the piano.

Sackbut (Dan. iii. 5, 7, &c.) . . . Heb. Sabbeca: Gk. σαμβύκη.

A kind of harp, of Oriental origin, known to the Greeks as σάμβυξ (sambux); either very small but of high pitch, or, more probably, very large, with many strings, and of full rich tone. It is wrongly translated "sackbut" instead of "harp."

Viol (Isa. v. 12; xiv. 11, &c.) . . . Heb. Nebel: Gk. ψαλτήριον. See Harp. Nebel.

2. WIND INSTRUMENTS.

Cornet (Ps. xcviii. 6; Dan. iii. 5, 7) ... Heb. (1) Keren: Gk. σάλπιγξ. See Trumpet, Keren.

- (1 Chron. xv. 28; 2 Chron. xv. 14; Ps. xcviii. 6; Hos. v. 8) . . Heb. (2) Shophar: Gk. σωφέρ, σάλπιγξ, κερατίνη. See Trumpet, Shophar.

- (2 Sam. vi. 5) . . . Heb. (3) Mena'an'im: Gk. avhoi.

· Mena an'im only occurs in this passage, and in conjunction with "cymbals," though translated "cornets" in the A.V., and "pipes" in the LXX. The Hebrew word is supposed to be derived from a root meaning "to sway to and fro," or "vibrate"; hence it is thought that the Vulgate rendering, sistra, is more correct, and that it was a rattle (very common in the East).

consisting of an oval hoop with a handle, having cross-bars of metal rods, on which loose rings are threaded, jingling when shaken, like the plates of a timbrel.

- Dulcimer (Dan. iii. 5, 10, 15) ... Heb. Sumphoniah: Gk. συμφωνία. It is only mentioned in this chapter, and wrongly rendered "dulcimer." From a comparison of its name with almost identical forms in Greek and Italian, it would seem to have been a kind of bagpipe, the use of which was known, from remote antiquity, in Persia, Egypt, and Phœnicia. It would have been better translated "sackbut," and the passage read thus: harp (sabbeca), dulcimer (psanterin), bagpipe (symphonia).
- Flute (Dan. iii. 5, 10, 15) ... Heb. Mashrokitha: Gk. σῦριγξ.

 It only occurs here, and its exact nature is doubtful. It is variously described as a "double flute," set of "Pan-pipes," and an "organ."
- Organ (Gen. iv. 21; Job xxi. 12 xxx. 31; Ps. cl. 4) ... Heb. Ugab: Gk. ψαλτήριον, ψαλμός, ὄργανον.

The ugab of Gen. iv. can hardly be the same instrument as that of Ps. cl. The former was probably a set of reeds or "Pan-pipes," blown obliquely with the mouth; the latter a set of pipes inserted in a wind-box, and blown from it perpendicularly, either by bellows or by mouth. Such an instrument was known to the Egyptians, as was also the use of bellows.

- Pipe (I Kings i. 40; Is. v. 12; xxx. 29) ... Heb. (I) Chalil: Gk. avhós. (r) The most ancient form of this genus. An "oboe," made of reed, and played from a mouth-piece at one end; used for festival processions (Is. xxx. 29), national demonstrations (I Kings i. 40), holiday dances (Luke vii. 32), and funeral dirges (Matt. ix. 23). Some think the last were played on a "double pipe." It is rendered "instruments of music" in Amos vi. 5.
- ---- (Ex. xv. 20; Ps. xxx. 11; cl. 4; Jer. xxxi. 4, 13) . . . Heb. (2) Machol: Gk. χοροί, χαρά.
 - (2) This is thought to have been a small flute, used with the tabret for "dancing," (by which word it is generally translated in the LXX, and A.V.).
- (Ps. liii. and lxxxviii) . . . Heb. (3) Machalath: Gk. μαελέθ.
 - (3) This title of two Psalms is thought to refer to the instruments accompanying the song, as it seems to have the same root as the two previous words. Gesenius translates it "lute."
- Trumpet (Lev. xxiii. 24; Josh. vi. 5; 1 Chron. xxv. 5) ... Heb. (1)

 Keren: Gk. κέρας, σάλπιγξ.
 - (1) The most ancient, formed of a ram's horn, though the Hebrew, jobel-keren, may mean "jubilee-trumpet." The word is Chaldaic; in Dan. iii. it is translated "cornet"; but the word seldom occurs, and only of a horn.

- Trumpet (continued) (Exod. xix. 16; Josh vi. 4; Judg. iii. 27; vii. 16; I Sam. xiii. 3; Ps. xlvii. 5; lxxxi. 3; xcviii. 6; Joel ii. 1) . . . Heb. (2) Shophar: Gk. κερατίνη, σάλπιγξ.
 - (2) A very long horn, turned up at the extremity. The national trumpet for rallying the people, and rousing political or religious enthusiasm. It was the token that God was on their side; and it was probably only blown by one divinely commissioned. In I Chron. xv. 28, &c. it is rendered by "cornet," as also in Ps. xcviii. 6, where in the version of the Book of Common Prayer it is rendered "shawm." See Cornet, Mena'an'im.
- --- (Numb. x. 2; 2 Kings xi. 14; 1 Chron. xi. 8; 2 Chron. v. 12; Ps. xcviii. 6; Hos. v. 8) . . . Heb. (3) Chatzozerah: Gk. σάλπιγξ.
 - (3) A straight trumpet of silver, terminating in a bell-mouth, made by God's directions to Moses, to call an assembly or proclaim the march. It was rather a sacred than a martial trumpet; and was blown to herald the approach of a king. It was used by official heralds, who were often followed by a band of Shophars (Ps. xcviii. 6). One hundred and twenty priests blew trumpets from the Temple height, to proclaim the induction of the ark into the Holy Place (2 Chron. v. 12) at Solomon's dedication.
 - Shawm (Ps. xcviii. 6).

 See Trumpet, Shophar.

3. Instruments of Percussion.

Bells (Zech. xiv. 20) . . . Heb. Metzilloth: Gk. χαλινός.

The LXX. translates the Hebrew by a word meaning "bridle." The Hebrew word has such an evident affinity to the two following words (translated "cymbals"), that it would seem to refer to metal cups suspended to bridles, either for ornament, or to tinkle.

- Cymbals (1 Chron. xv. 16, 19, 28; xvi. 5, 42; xxv. 6; 2 Chron. v. 13; xxix. 25; Ezra iii. 10) . . . Heb. (1) Metziltaim: Gk. κύμβαλα.
- ---- (Neh. xii. 27; 2 Sam. vi. 5; Ps. cl. 5) . . . Heb. (2) Tziltzelim: Gk. κύμβαλα.

These words (1) and (2) do not mark different species; but the latter is generic, since it is used (Ps. cl. 5) with two differential adjectives, marking two species, e.g. (1) "loud," (2) "high-sounding": the former probably shaped like a soup-plate, with wide flat rim, and played by being strapped to the hands, and clashed together; the other, conical, cup-like, with thin edge, played by bringing down the one sharply on the other while held stationary, eliciting a high-pitched note. Cymbals are mentioned as accessories to music in sacred dances. David appointed Asaph chief of the cymbalists.

1

- Cymbals (continued) (1 Sam. xviii. 6) ... Heb. (3) Shalishim: Gk. κύμβαλα.
 - (3) The word only occurs once, and is translated "instruments of music," or "three-stringed instruments." They were probably "triangles," "sistra," or "rattles" with only three metal rods run through a how with a handle, a very common Eastern instrument. See Cornet, Mena'an'im.
- Tabret (a), Timbrel (b); (a) (Gen. xxxi. 27; I Sam. x. 5; xviii. 6; ls. v. 12; xxiv. 8; xxx. 32; Jer. xxxi. 4; Ezek. xxviii. 13); (b) (Ex. xv. 20; Judg. xi. 34; 2 Sam. vi. 5; Job xxi. 12; Ps. lxxxi. 2; cxlix. 3; cl. 4) . . . Heb. (1) Τορh: Gk. τύμπανον (ψαλτήριον Job xxi. 12).
 - (1) The same Hebrew word (sing. and pl.) represents "tabret" and "timbrel," except in one place (2); therefore only one instrument is meant, viz. a simple tambourine, used with the cymbals, as an accompaniment to dancing and singing. There is no proof of cymbals or bells being attached to Jewish tabrets, and so constituting them "timbrels."
 - --- (Job xvii. 6) . . . Heb. (2) Topheth: Gk. γέλως.
 - (2) Tabrets were used to drown the cries of human victims sacrificed, or "passed through the fire," in the valley of Hinnom. Hence the furnace itself was called *topheth*, and in Job xvii. 6 the word means an "abomination" (as in Jer. xix. 12, 13), rather than "tabret."

XLV. WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

WEIGHTS.

		Avoirdupois.			•	Troy.			
		lbs.	oz.	drs.		lbs.	oz.	dwt.	grs.
A gerah		_	_	•439	=		-	_	12
Io gerahs = I bekah		-		4.39	=	-	_	5	0
2 bekahs = 1 shekel	•••	—	_	8:78	==	_	_	10	0
60 shekels $= 1$ maneh	•••	2	0	14.628	. =	2	6	0	0
50 manehs = I talent	•••	102	13	11.428	=	125	0	0	0

MEASURES.

	ft.	in.				
	finger (Jer. lii. 21)					0.912
	= 1 palm (Exod. xxv. 25)				_	3.648
3 palms	= 1 span (Exod. xxviii. 16)	•••	•••	•••		10.944
2 spans	= 1 cubit (Gen. vi. 15)	•••	•••		1	9.888
4 cubits	= I fathom (Acts xxvii. 28)	•••	•••	•••	7	3.552
1.5 fathom	= 1 reed (Ezek. xl. 3, 5)	•••	• • •		10	11.328
i3∙3 reeds	= I line (Ezek. xl. 3)	•••	•••	•••	145	11.04

Land Measure.	Eng.		c .
A cubit	mues.	paces.	•
	_	_	1.824
400 cubits = 1 furlong (Luke xxiv. 13)		145	4.6
5 furlongs = 1 sabbath day's journey (John xi. 18;			
Acts i. 12)	0	727	3.0
10 furlongs = 1 mile (Matt. v. 41)	1	399	1.0
24 miles = 1 day's journey	33	76	4.0
The 13 are			
Liquid Measure.		gals.	pts.
A caph		8 ^{uis} .	0.625
I a caph — I log (I ou min to)	•••	_	0.833
. logg			3.333
1 1: 45 1		_ _	
a bina a'nash		-	\ 2
3 seahs = 1 bath, or ephah (1 Kings vii. 26; John		2	4
10 ephahs = 1 kor, or homer (Isa. v. 10; Ezek. xlv		7	4.5
To ephans = 1 kor, or nomer (1sa. v. 10; Ezek. xiv	. 14)	75	5.25
Dry Measure.			
	pecks.	gals.	pts.
A gachal	_	_	0.1416
20 gachals = 1 cab (2 Kings vi. 25; Rev. vi. 6)		_	2.8333
1.8 cab = 1 omer (Exod. xvi. 36)	_	_	5·I
3-3 omers = 1 seah (Matt. xiii. 33)	I	0	I
3 seahs = 1 ephah (Ezek. xlv. 11)	3	0	3
5 ephahs = 1 letech (Hos. iii. 2)	16	0	0
2 letechs = 1 kor, or homer (Numb. xi. 32;			

N.B.—The above Table will explain many texts in the Bible, especially those which are placed within brackets. Take, for instance, Isaiah v. 10: "Yea, ten acres of vineyard shall yield one bath, and the seed of an homer shall yield an ephah." This curse upon the covetous man was, that 10 acres of vines should produce only 7 gallons of wine, i.e. one acre should yield less than 3 quarts; and that 32 pecks of seed should only bring forth a crop of 3 pecks, or, in other words, that the harvest should produce a quantity equal to one-tenth only of the seed sown.

Hos. iii. 2) ...

TIME.

The Natural Day was from sun-rise to sun-set.

The Natural Night was from sun-set to sun-rise.

The Civil Day was from sun-set one evening to sun-set the next; for, "the Evening and the Morning were the first day."

NIGHT (Ancient).

First Watch (Lam. ii. 19) till midnight. Middle Watch (Judg. vii. 19) till 3 a.m. Morning Watch (Exod. xiv. 24) till 6 a.m.

NIGHT (New Testament).

First Watch, evening = 6 to 9 p.m. Second Watch, midnight = 9 to 12 p.m. Third Watch, cock-crow = 12 to 3 a.m. Fourth Watch, morning = 3 to 6 a.m.

DAY (Ancient).

Morning till about 10 a.m. Heat of day till about 2 p.m. Cool of day till about 6 p.m.

DAY (New Testament).

Third hour = 6 to 9 a.m.

Sixth hour = 9 to 12 midday.

Ninth hour = 12 to 3 p.m.

Twelfth hour = 3 to 6 p.m.

JEWISH MONEY,

With its value in English and American money; the American dollar being taken as equal to 4s. 2d.

. Jewish.		EN	GLI	SH.		AMER	ICAN.
		,,,	s.	d.		dols.	cents.
A gerah (Exod. xxx. 13)			0	1.36	=	0	2.73
10 gerahs = 1 bekah (Exod. xxxviii. 26)	=	٥	I	1.68	=	0	27-37
2 bekahs = I shekel (Exod. xxx. 13;		/					
Isa. vii. 23)			2	3.37	_	0	54.74
50 shekels = 1 maneh				0.75	=	27	37.50
60 manehs = 1 kikkar (talent)	22	342	3	9	=	1,642	50
A gold shekel	=	1		6	=	8	76
A kîkkar of gold	=	5,475	0	0	==	26,280	0

N.B.—A shekel would probably purchase nearly ten times as much as the same nominal amount will now. Remember that one Roman penny $(8\frac{1}{2}d.)$ was a good day's wages for a labourer.

The Hebrew manch, according to 1 Kings x. 17, compared with 2 Chron. ix. 16, contained 100 shekels: though according to one interpretation of Ezek. xlv. 12, it contained 60, but more probably 50. The passage reads thus:—"Twenty shekels, five and twenty shekels, fifteen shekels shall be your manch." This is variously interpreted, (1) 20+25+15 = 60. (2) 20, 25, 15 are

different coins in gold, silver, and copper, bearing the same name. It is well to remark the meaning of these names: Shekel = simply weight: Bekah = split, i.e. the shekel divided into two: Gerah = a grain, as in our weights, a grain and a barley-corn, the original standard weight: Manch = appointed, equivalent to sterling, a specific sum: Kikkar = a round mass of metal, i.e. a weight or coin. Hebrew names of weights and coins are not found in the New Testament: mna in Luke xix. 13 is Greek, though possibly identical with the Hebrew manch.

ROMAN MONEY.

Roman.	English.	AMERICAN.	
	d.		cents.
A "farthing," quadrans (Matt. v. 26) = nearly	0-125	=	0.25
A "farthing," as = 4 quadrantes (Matt. x. 29) = nearly	7 0-5	=	1
A "penny," denarius = 16 asses (Matt. xxii. 19) = nearl	у 8-50	=	17
	D:11 7		

[The Roman sestertius = $2\frac{1}{2}$ asses, is not named in the Bible.]

N. B.-Here we learn that-

- NAAMAN's offering to Elisha of 6,000 pieces (shekels) of gold amounted to more than £10,000 = 48,000 dollars.
- The DEBTOR (Matt. xviii. 24) who had been forgiven 10,000 talents, i.e. £3,000,000 = 14,400,000 dollars, refused to forgive his fellow-servant 100 pence, i.e. £3 10s. 10d. = 17 dollars.
- JUDAS sold our Lord for 30 pieces of silver, i.e. £3 10s. 8d. = 16 dollars, 96 cents, the legal value of a slave, if he were killed by a beast.
- JOSEPH was sold by his brethren for 20 pieces, i e. £2 7s. = 11 dollars, 28 cents.

XLVI. A GLOSSARY OF ANTIQUITIES, CUSTOMS, ETC.

Aleph (A). The first letter of the Hehrew alphabet. Psalm exix, is divided into twenty-two portions, according to the number of letters in the Hebrew alphabet, one of which is prefixed to each portion, the verses in the original beginning with the Hebrew letter which heads the portion in which they are classed.

Alpha (A). The first letter of the Greek alphabet, of which Omega (long O) is the last. Alpha and Omega are used to signify "the first and the last."

Altar. An erection of stones, usually set square, on which sacrifices were burnt. The first mentioned was that built by Abel. God commanded the Hebrew altar to be made of unhewn stones, and without steps. The worshippers of Baal built their altars on mountain-tops, hence "altars on high places" were an abomination to the Lord. In the Temple at Jerusalem the altar of burnt sacrifice was outside the Holy Place, in the court in front of it; but the altar of incense stood in the centre of it.

Anathema Maran-atha. "Anathema" is a Greek word denoting a thing or person devoted to God, and, as all such were put to death, devoted to perdition, accursed. "Maran-atha" is a Syriac expression, meaning "The Lord cometh," or "is come." So the whole phrase means, "accursed (when) the Lord cometh"; or "Maran-atha" stands alone. Compare "The Lord is at hand," Phil. iv. 5.

Angel is from the Greek word for a "messenger," and is used sometimes of "ministering spirits" sent by God to men with a message, &c., as in the Old Testament, Gospels, and Acts; sometimes of men so sent, as in the Epistles and Book of Revelation.

Apostle is from the Greek, meaning "one who is sent." The word is used of Christ (subordinately of John the Baptist), then of "the twelve," and Paul, all of whom had "seen the Lord," the essential qualification (see Acts i. 21-26). It is also used of men who are called the messengers or "apostles" of the Church (2 Cor. viii. 23; Phil. ii. 25), and finally of men who were of mark among the Apostles (Rom. xvi. 7), either because so called, or because highly esteemed by them.

Ark. The ark was a covered chest, or box: the word is also used of a coffin. Three important arks are mentioned, viz.:-

- 1. Noah's ark, the material of which is unknown (Gopher being untranslated).
- 2. That in which the infant Moses was hidden by his mother was made of the papyrus of the Nile, covered over with pitch, rendering it water-tight. It is not an uncommon thing at this day to see an Egyptian mother twist papyrus leaves into such a wicker cradle, smear it with pitch, cover it with a lid of wicker work, place her infant in it, and swim across the Nile, pushing the ark with its infant passenger in front of her.

3. The Ark of the Covenant was a chest (not a boat), made of shittim wood overlaid with gold, on the lid of which was placed the golden "mercy-seat," over which two cheruhim extended their wings. It was made to preserve the two tables of stone, on which "the Covenant" between God and His people was engraven. It was 2 cubits long, 11 broad, and 11 deep. Around its upper edge was a cornice of gold, and it was carried in front of the people on their march by the Levites, who hore it by means of two poles of shittim wood covered with gold, which were passed through two rings on each side of the ark. In it were also placed, by divine command, an omer of manna, Aaron's rod which budded, and the books of the Law. On nearing Palestine, the priests carried it into the Tordan, whose stream stood still above them, but flowed on below, as long as the ark was in its bed. It was carried once daily round Jericho for six days, and seven times on the seventh, when the walls fell down. It accompanied the Israelites to Shechem, where the elders of each tribe laid their hands on it (after the cursings of the Law had been read from Mount Ebal, and the blessings from Gerizim), while all the Congregation swore to observe the Covenant. After the subjugation of the land, it was placed in the tabernacle at Shiloh, till the time of Eli, when it was taken into the camp, and captured by the Philistines, who carried it to Ashdod, placing it in the Temple of Dagon, whose image fell down before it and was broken. The plagues of emerods and mice compelled them to send it away at the end of seven months, and it was conveyed by two milch kine in a new cart into the field of Joshua at Beth-shemesh. From thence it was carried to the house of Abinadab at Kirjath-jearim, from whence David tried to fetch it; but on the way Uzzah was struck dead for touching it, and David, fearing to continue the removal, left it in the care of Obed-Edom the Gittite. where it remained three months. David then fetched it up to Mount Zion, and placed it in a tabernacle he had erected, where it continued till Solomon transferred it to his new Temple on Mount Moriah, placing it in the Holy of Holies. At the Captivity it is said to have heen buried by Ieremiah the prophet. This ark is called in Hebrew Aron, not (as 1. and 2.) Têbah.

Armour was in use in Saul's time. Goliath wore a brazen helmet, a coat of mail (weighing from 80 to 100 lbs.), greaves of brass on his legs, and a brazen target between his shoulders. He had also a spear, a shield, and a sword. Ahab was likewise encased in armour.

Armour-bearer. An attendant upon a warrior of rank, who hore his heavy arms (spear, shield, quiver, &c.).

Arms. The chief offensive weapons were a sword, spear, javelin, dart, bow and arrows, sling, and dagger. In David's army there was a company of slingers. (For defensive arms, see Armour.)

Art. The Egyptians were skilled in painting and sculpture before the Israelites settled in their country; but a rigid interpretation of the Second Commandment excluded the Jews from the culture of these arts, though they excelled in music and poetry. But God Himself authorised some departure from this

strict interpretation, by ordering the brazen serpent to be made, and the two cherubim of gold for the overshadowing of the mercy-seat in the tabernacle. He also sanctioned the representation of the cherubim worked upon the veil, and the figures of twelve brazen oxen, on which the molten sea rested in Solomon's Temple. Mural paintings and wood panelling in the decoration of houses; ivory carving on the royal thrones, and for the embellishment of palaces; chasing and embossing of pillars, candelabra, and other ornaments in metal, for adorument of the Temple and houses: embroidery in needlework, the interweaving of patterns and figures in tissue of wool, linen, and silk (for which Damascus was famous); and skill in dyeing (as Tyrian purple, &c.), are other evidences of the cultivation of art among the Hebrews and their neighbours.

Artificer. An artist, and skilled workman in designing and executing works of art, especially in the casting, carving, and chasing of metals, carving of wood, and plating it with gold, the setting of precious stones, and designing of embroidered fabrics.

Artillery is used as a general term for all kinds of projectile weapons, e.g. bows and arrows, javelins, darts, &c.

Ascent. This word is used of a covered way connecting the palace of Solomon with the Temple. It was the private passage of the kings of Judah to the place assigned to them in the house of the Lord.

Ass. The ass was introduced into Palestine by Abraham, where its adaptability to the needs of a mountainous country made it the favourite medium of locomotion. The proverb, "A whip for a horse, a bridle for an ass," shows the estimation in which these two animals were respectively held hy the Hebrews. The former was the symbol of the might and oppression of the Egyptian and Canaanite, the latter of the peace and rest of the promised seed; the former was associated with the worship of the sun, the latter was the sacred animal of the servant of Jehovah, protected by special enactments of the Mosaic Law. The large Bahylonian ass was that on which kings, judges, and prophets rode: so that the expression, "Ye that ride on white asses," was equivalent to "Ye that sit in judgment" (Judg. v. 10). Hence, when Christ rode into Jerusalem on an ass, He was hailed as the predicted "Son of David." See Ridgway's "Sketches from the East," art. Bethany.

Avenger. "Whoso sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed," was, and still is, the universal law of the Semitic race, and its execution primarily devolved upon the nearest kinsman of the deceased, but extended also to the whole tribe. It overruled every other obligation, even that of hospitality; hence perhaps Tael's murder of Sisera was, according to the views prevalent in that age, justifiable, if not obligatory. The Hebrew code restricted this law by providing "Cities of Refuge," to which the manslayer might flee in cases of "manslaughter," until he had been tried before the Congregation.

Baalism was the worship of Natural Causes, practised by he Canaanite race,

and distinguishing them from the Semites, who worshipped a Divine Primary Cause. The creed of the former was, that out of a self-existent chaotic deep sprang spontaneously the heavenly bodies and the earth; that, from the procreative power of the sun, acting upon the fertile womb of the earth, all visible matter was produced: hence, the significance of the abandonment by God of Ahab and his subjects to the sole influence of these natural elements, which resulted in the almost entire destruction of animal and vegetable life. The word "Baal" means Master. Owner. Possessor.

Band of soldiers. This was the Roman cohort, the tenth part of a legion. It consisted nominally of six hundred men under the command of six centurions. A century really contained about sixty men. The "Italian hand" was composed of soldiers from Italy; but the "Augustan band" consisted of native recruits, whose head-quarters were Cæsarea Augusta (so called in honour of the Emperor Augustus, in whose reign it was rebuilt), which was the centre of the military organisation in Palestine.

Barns. The ancient granaries of Palestine were caves in the limestone rock, entered by an aperture in the ground, carefully concealed by a stone covered with turf or brushwood, to hide the grain from Arab depredators (Judg. vi. 11). Such subterranean caves may still be seen in use on the hill of Jezreel, Barns existed in Egypt in Joseph's time, and in Palestine in that of our Saviour (Luke xii. 18).

Basin. Many basins are mentioned in the Bible. r. A hand-basin, used for ablutions; probably the same as that in which the blood of the Paschal lamb was received for sprinkling the door-posts. 2. A covered basin, or tankard, used in the Sanctuary for drink-offerings and libations. 3. The "omer," or common domestic vessel in Egypt for cooking purposes, containing half a peck. 4. A foot-basin, in which our Lord washed the disciples' feet; probably the same as that which is called "washpot" in the Psalms.

Basket. Baskets were of various kinds and sizes:—I. The Cophinus, reticule, or hand-basket, usually carried on the arm by every Jew (cp. Juvenal, Sat. iii. l. 14). It was this basket which each Apostle filled with the superfluous fragments after the feeding of the five thousand. 2. A light, open, wicker basket, used for carrying food upon the head. Fharaoh's chief baker carried upon his head several tiers of these, containing white hread and baked meats. Such are commonly represented on Egyptian monuments. 3. A market-basket, such as that in which the lad was hawking the barley loaves and fishes. 4. A larger kind, or store-basket, in which were gathered the fragments after the feeding of the four thousand. 5. A larger and stronger kind, used for hoisting supplies up to the battlements of a besieged city. It was in one of these that Paul was lowered down from the walls of Damascus.

Bath. Bathing was a luxury, or rather a necessity, in the hot climate of Egypt, and also in Babylonia; but among the Hebrews it was practised mainly as a religious ceremonial, for removal of legal pollution, or as the

symbol of repentance; from whence arose the Ordinance of Baptism, which was the prescribed form for the admission of women proselytes into covenant with God in the Iewish Church.

Bed. The word bed, wherever used in the Bible, must be understood to refer only to the mattress on which people slept. It was much thinner than anything we know under that name, and rather resembled a very thick quilt. which was rolled up and taken away during the day, and only spread at night, in no fixed place, but at the will of the sleeper, generally in the open air, on the housetop, protected from the summer sun by boughs of trees. Such open air bedrooms may be constantly seen in Palestine at the present day. It was one of these little mattresses which our Lord bade the paralytic man roll up and carry to his home. It is the universal custom for the natives of Svria and adjacent countries to sleep on mattresses, spread upon the floor, and covered by a thick counterpane, the under sheet being tacked to the former, and the upper to the latter: but the poorest classes lie upon loose straw, their covering being the camel's-hair coat worn by day. Bedsteads of any kind are wholly unknown.

Books. Hebrew books were anciently written upon whole skins of parchment, and sometimes of leather; but in Egypt on papyrus. At first they were written in whole lines the breadth of the skin, but subsequently the parchment was cut into strips and divided into pages, but only written upon on one side. Each end was attached to a roller, with handles which were rolled inwards towards one another. The book commenced on the right side, and as each page was read, the reader rolled it round the roller in his right hand, at the same time unrolling a fresh page from that in his left. This was called "a roll of a book," and each book of the Bible formed a separate roll, which, when not in use, was carefully put away in a metal cylinder.

Bottle. Bottles were made of goatskin, which was stripped from the animal without cutting it open (after the head and feet had been removed). The inside of the skin was then dressed with tannin; the apertures at the legs and tail were firmly tied, and the skin filled with a decoction of bark and water until saturated. When used for wine, the skins were hung up in the houses, and so became smoked and shrivelled; hence the Psalmist's simile. "Like a bottle in the smoke." They were mended by stitching on a patch, and covering it over with pitch. They are still extensively manufactured at Hebron, and are used by the vendors of water and wine at Jerusalem, who carry them strapped to their backs, and draw the liquid from a tap fixed in one of the hind legs.

Bracelet. Bracelets for the arms and anklets for the legs were commonly worn by Eastern married women of all ranks, and were regarded as an eligible mode of investing money, since they could not be taken for the debts of the husband. They were usually cable-like rings, with an opening through which the wrist could he slipped; but the higher classes wore bracelets formed like broad bands, richly chased, jointed and closed by a pin passing through

sockets. The anklets were similar in form, but frequently adorned with little bells. Both are still common in the East, with scarcely any variation in the patterns; they are of gold, silver, brass, and coloured glass, the last being extensively manufactured at Hebron. Those worn by the Hebrews were never jewelled; but men seem to have used bracelets as well as women (2 Sam. i. 10).

Bread was mostly in the form of cakes, baked upon the hearth or in the oven; those eaten by the poor were made of barley-meal, with oil instead of butter. They were leavened or unleavened, and kneaded in a trough. Wheaten flour was common in Egypt, but a luxury in Palestine, and was one of the offerings in the Sanctuary. The Congregation were bound to offer fine flour for twelve cakes ("shewbread"), to be placed every Sabbath in two rows on the table of shewbread, which was to be eaten by the priests in the Holy Place.

Breastplate. See Precious Stones, p. 231.

Breeches. These were among the official vestments of the high priest, but did not form a part of the ordinary dress of a Hebrew man. A Syrian of the present day wears a sort of petticoat, gathered in at the waist and ankles, two holes only being left at the bottom for the feet to pass through. The women wear cotton trousers, concealed by a sheet (Izzar) worn over the head, which envelopes the whole figure; but those of the Lebanons wear jackets and trousers of coloured stuff, without veils or other outer covering.

Brickmaking, as described in Exodus, may still be seen in Egypt. Outside Cairo are extensive brickfields, with vast hills composed of the *débris* of centuries, where bricks are daily made of a clay so little tenacious that it is mixed with short straw to bind it together. Ancient bricks have been found in that part of Egypt bearing the brand of Thothmes III, whose date is as far back as the Exodus.

Bride. A bride was bought from her father by the bridegroom, the negotiations being conducted by the friend of the latter, who was responsible for all the preliminaries up to the actual marriage. After her espousal she was placed under the charge of trustworthy matrons. She was subjected to a course of purification (Esth. ii. 12), preparatory to her marriage. At the latter she was attended by a company of virgins, who followed her to her new home, in the nocturnal procession, when escorted thither by the bridegroom. The bride is regarded, in both Testaments, as a type of the Church. See Marriage.

Bridegroom. A preparation, with fasting, before marriage, was required of every Jewish bridegroom, who was clothed at the ceremony in a "robe of righteousness." (See Coat and Vestment.) He was a type of Christ.

Burial of the dead was practised by the Hebrews from the earliest times, and three of their most ancient cemeteries still remain, viz. Machpelah, Shechem, and the Valley of Jehoshaphat. Cremation was only used for the bodies of persons who were denied religious burial; "the burning for the dead" was that of sweet perfumes, as a mark of especial honour, at the

funeral of kings and other distinguished persons. Embalming was common in Egypt in the time of Joseph, from whence the Israelites derived the custom of winding the bodies of their dead in fine linen cloths, with sweet spices. Burial was always extra-mural, and the dead were carried to the grave on biers, accompanied by the wailing of their friends, especially of women. The days of mourning were thirty. Burial was refused to criminals; and the "burial of an ass" was exposure to birds and beasts of prev. Tombs were usually in caves in the limestone rock, and were closed by a stone at the ends. or on the surface; the mouth of some is guarded by a complication of stones. each "sealing" the other. Around Jerusalem are large caves, containing many chambers or vaults for bodies, resembling the Roman catacombs; there are likewise some in the rocks around the Church of the Holy Sepulchre.

Butler, or cup-bearer, held an honourable office in royal households, since the king's life was in his hand, he being held responsible for the purity of the liquor and its freedom from poison. Nehemiah faithfully discharged this duty to the Persian king, to whom his race was in humiliating slavery.

Butter. The Hebrews were ignorant of the art of churning butter; but they made a kind of clotted cream by subjecting new milk to fermentation, which imparted to it a pleasant acid flavour somewhat resembling that of lemon cream. Even now churned butter is never used by native Syrians, but this clotted cream, called Lebban, continues to be universally consumed, as one of the most refreshing necessaries of daily life. This was doubtless the "butter in a lordly dish" which Jael brought to Sisera, when she had "opened a hottle of milk."

Camel's hair. Raiment of camel's hair was not a skin, but a coat of cloth. woven from the hair of the camel. Such is the ordinary outer garment of the Bedawin Arab of to-day. The present common dress of a shepherd on the hills of Judæa is a loose coat of camel's hair, in broad stripes of black and white, girt around the loins with a leathern helt. It has narrow sleeves, does not come below the knee, and seems to be his only garment except short drawers. This was, doubtless, the raiment of John the Baptist.

Candle was an earthenware lamp, shaped like a butter-hoat partially covered over, in which oil was burnt, the wick protruding through a lip or spout. It was set on a pedestal of the same ware; and was either united to this "candlestick" by a handle, or the two were moulded in one piece. The woman seeking her lost piece of silver would have this candlestick in one hand and a short hand-broom in the other, as she stooped and swept the house.

Chamber is the general term for any room in a house. It is only in the houses of kings and nobles that it means a "bed-room," since the majority of houses were only one story high. The "upper chamber," or "upper room," was an apartment on the highest story, set apart exclusively for religious purposes, in which daily family or private prayers were said, circumcision and the rite of matrimony performed, the passover eaten, and the dead laid

out, &c. It contained only one window, always turned towards the Temple at Jerusalem. With the poor, the flat roof of the house served this purpose.

Charger. A large, round, deep dish, called in Deborah's Song "a lordly dish."

Cloth was woven, dyed, and fulled with soap, by the Hebrews, and was made from flax, silk, and wool. The sailcloth, made from the wool of Cilician sheep, was a great article of commerce in the Mediterranean, and was largely used as a covering for tents in Syria. Its manufacture was the trade of Paul, Aquila, and Priscilla. The Tyrian purple dye (sold by Lydia) was unequalled.

Coals. There is no coal in Palestine, though lignite is found. A "fire of coals" most probably means a charcoal fire.

Coat was the square garment of fine lamb's wool ordered by the Law to be worn by every male Israelite, to remind him of his duties; there was a hole in the centre, for the head to go through, and the garment hung down before and behind. At each corner were fringes, symbolising the enactments of the Law, and a hem of blue, representing the holiness of God's people. It was his coat by day, his covering by night, and his shroud in the grave; if pledged, or seized by a creditor, it must be returned at sun-down. This was the seamless coat of Jesus, whose hem the woman with the issue tonched. See Ridgway's "Sketches from the East," art. Childhood of Jesus.

Conduit. To remedy the deficiency in the supply of water at Jerusalem Solomon dug reservoirs, which still remain, in the hill country of Judæa, from whence he conducted the water to the pools of Gihon, on the sides of Mount Zion. A conduit, hewn out of the solid rock, 1,750 feet in length, unites the Pool of Siloam (now called the Virgin's Fountain) with Bethesda, in which an ancient inscription has recently been discovered.

Corn. Rubbing corn in the hands on the Sabbath, and even walking on ripe grass, which might tread out the seed, was forbidden by the precepts of the Elders, as equivalent to threshing.

Corn (treading out). In Syria and Asia Minor, at the present day, grain is trodden out of the ear. The unthreshed wheat is laid upon the ground in a circle, and a yoke of oxen driven round and round over it, dragging after them a heavy log of wood, on the under surface of which are inserted rows of thin flint stones, about two inches apart, and projecting half an inch from the surface. On this the driver stands, or sometimes sits in a chair.

Couch was the framework on which, in the houses of the rich, mattresses were spread to form divans for use by day.

Crucifixion was unknown to the Jews, until introduced by the Romans, who only used it for the punishment of slaves and the lowest malefactors.

Custom (the receipt of). The dues or taxes paid on persons and goods transported across the Sea of Galilee.

Dancing was anciently practised as a religious ceremonial (e.g. Miriam, David, the Shilonites, &c.); but, in later times, dancing girls formed a part of the amusements provided for guests at feasts (e.g. Herodias' daughter).

Daysman. One who fixes "a day" for hearing and arbitrating on some dispute. Compare 1 Cor. iv. 3, where "man's judgment" is in the Greek "man's day."

Deputy. The governor, or vicegerent, deputed by the Roman Emperor or Senate to represent them in their distant provinces. Disturbed districts were immediately under the Emperor, whose deputy was called pro-prætor, a military officer in command of an army of occupation; while peaceful ones were under the Senate, whose deputy was a pro-consul, a civilian.

Elders. A body of men, selected for wisdom and experience, to administer justice in their respective localities. Moses chose six from each tribe to aid him in the government of the Israelites. A similar body, called the Sanhedrin, was the executive and deliberative council after the Captivity.

Farthing is (1) the Roman as (Matt. x. 29, Luke xii. 6) = about one halfpenny English; (2) the Roman quadrans (Matt. v. 26, Mark xii, 42), which was the fourth part of an as.

Fowls. "Fatted fowl" (probably turkeys) formed part of the delicacies of Solomon's table. The cock, hen, and chickens are mentioned in the New Testament, but never in the Old. They were unknown in Palestine till after the Captivity.

Gabbatha. The Roman "pavement" of the courtyard in front of Herod's "Judgment Hall" (from which the name arose) may now he seen in the cellars under the Convent of the Sisters of Zion.

Gall was given to persons under crucifixion, to deaden the pain.

Garden. That part of Jerusalem where the Church of the Holy Sepulchre stands was outside the city when it was destroyed by Titus. He encamped on that side, and took possession of "the gardens," which covered this quarter, outside the Gennath (or Garden) Gate, where were the tombs of high priests and other illustrious men. The foundations of walls still mark the city boundary. The Garden of Gethsemane, with its ancient olive-trees, is still preserved at the foot of Mount Olivet. The "garden house" (2 Kings ix. 27) was the town of En-gannim (now Jenin).

Garments. The garments of Syrian men in the present day differ but little from those worn in the time of Moses. The chief are a coarse linen shirt. linen drawers, loose pantaloons (see Breeches) with a girdle to sustain them, an inner vest buttoned to the throat, a long loose robe with a leathern girdle, an embroidered cloth or velvet jacket, a haffieh or silk handkerchief for the head (secured by a cord), hose and sandals. Besides these, a long loose robe with short sleeves was worn in full dress (instead of the jacket or girded rohe), and the aba, a coarse cloak of goat's or camel's hair, very large so as to form a covering by night as well as by day; it was the former our Lord laid aside when He washed the disciples' feet, and the latter with which Elijah smote the waters of Jordan. Women's dress varied according to their estate in life (e.g. maid, wife, or widow). It differed from the men's principally in the veil and cap, fitting close to the head and concealing the hair, and profusely covered with gold and silver ornaments and with charms. The list of female clothing in Is. iii. 18-23 is scarcely intelligible.

Gate. The gate of a city was the place of public assembly, for business, judgment, and legislation. It was the exchange, court-house, and council chamber of modern times. Over the gate at Mahanaim was a chapel, where David mourned for Absalom; at the gate of Hebron Abraham bought Machpelah; at that of Shechem the covenant of intermarriage was made with Jacob and his sons; and at Bethlehem, Boaz made his contract of marriage with Ruth,

Grove is often a mistranslation for the wooden image of Ashtaroth, or Astarte, the moon, or chief female goddess of Baalism.

Hell is from a root meaning "to hide," so that the original sense is "the hidden or nnseen place" (Skeat). It serves as the translation of two words, viz. 1. Shebl (Heh.), or Hades (Gr.), the abode of departed spirits, as in the Apostles' Creed. 2. Gehenna (Heb.), the Valley of Hinnom, the dark gorge on the west side of Jerusalem, where was the furnace (Topheth) in which idolaters offered human sacrifices, and "made their children to pass through the fire to Moloch"; and in which persons convicted of aggravated wilful murder were burnt to death; hence it was synonymous with a place of torment—"hell-fire" (Matt. v. 22).

Hospitality. The exercise of hospitality was incumbent on every Hebrew, but generally devolved upon the chief of a tribe or head of a city, who was bound to provide the wayfarer, free of expense, with food and lodging for himself and his heast, and water for his feet. See Inn.

Houses generally were only of one story, but in towns the rich built theirs of two or three stories, of which the ground-floor contained the day-rooms, the first floor the hed-rooms, the third a devotional room or upper chamber. The roof was formed of rafters, across which was laid a wattling of branches or hrushwood, covered over with mud or mortar, in which tiles were embedded for throwing off the rain. This roof was reached by an outer staircase, and an entrance into the upper room (as in the case of the man with the palsy at Capernaum) could be easily effected by removing the tiles and mortar, and pushing aside a few of the sticks. These larger houses were frequently built in a quadrangle, approached by gates with a wicket-door; the courtyard had its fountain and sheds for the cattle, while the roof was the garden, playground, and drying-ground, and therefore ordered by the Mosaic Law to be fenced in with a battlement.

Hymn. The hymn sung by our Lord and His Apostles after the Last Supper was the "Great Paschal Hallel," or "Hymn of Praise," consisting of Pss. cxiii-cxviii.

Inn, or Khan ("a night's rest"), was originally a plot of ground, near a spring or well, allotted for the use of travellers as a camping-ground. This was often secured by a wall or fence. In later times, some wealthy prince

or benefactor raised the wall, built a few arches, united them to the wall by a roof, closed them with doors, and separated them by partitions, thus providing a separate room for each party; while the cattle were littered in the central open space, or in sheds abutting on the outside wall, or in natural caves around it. Such was "the inn" at Bethlehem. See Ridgway's "Sketches from the East," art. Bethlehem.

Jewels. Precions stones are nowhere mentioned in the Bible as personal ornaments, except in connexion with religions worship, but "jewels of gold and silver" were so worn, the chief of which were bracelets, anklets, chains, ear-rings, brooches, and medallions on the forehead. All these were worn by women; but men wore bracelets, official gold chains, and signet-rings. The Ishmaelites wore ear-rings; and the Amalekites adorned the necks of their camels with gold chains.

Jot, or Yod, the smallest letter of the Hebrew alphabet.

Judge. In the time of anarchy after Joshua's death, a "judge" was a religious and political patriot, inspired with zeal to head a revolution against tyrannical oppression. or to resist threatened invasion. He rallied round him a voluntary army, and was temporarily invested with supreme power, which he laid down when the emergency was over; but the exercise of this power gradually became more permanent, until it was terminated only by death. It was ultimately divided between a civil and a military officer, the former being the high priest, who added to his sacerdotal duties judicial functions also. Thus the way was paved for a permanent monarchy. "The judge" in the New Testament was in Jerusalem a member of the Sanhedrin, in provincial towns one of the "rulers of the Synagogue," who combined the regulation of Divine worship with the functions of a magistrate. "The officer" was his attendant in both capacities; the Chazzan "the minister" (or verger) of the Synagogue and policeman of the court of justice.

Kin. The distinctions of kindred were not accurately defined, and there was a paucity of words to express them; thus all collateral relations were called "brothers" or "sisters," those of further degree were "cousins," and descendants in the direct line, however remote, were "sons" or "daughters."

Landmarks were usually a single block or small pile of stones laid upon the ground, and are still so in Palestine; hence the severe curse upon their removal. In Egypt, the land had to be re-measured and allotted after each inundation of the Nile.

Lanterns are still commonly used in Jerusalem; any one going through the streets at night without a light is liable to be arrested as a dangerous character. A servant holds the lantern close to the ground, immediately in front of his master's feet—a practice rendered necessary by the entire absence of pavement and by the numerous obstructions in the streets of Eastern cities; cf. "Thy word is a lamp unto my feet, and a light unto my path" (Ps. cxix. 105).

Leathern-girdle. Worn round the loins, over a loose coat, woven in

camel's hair or wool, and reaching to the knee; it is still part of the ordinary dress of a shepherd on the Judæan hills.

Linen Cloth was the cere-cloth, imbued with unguents and spices, in which a dead body was wrapped as a partial embalmment, where the poverty of the relatives precluded them from undertaking the complete process.

Locusts. On the 1st and 2nd of Jnne, 1881, in the vicinity of Ephesus, the writer saw the whole heavens black with the flight of millions of locusts, brought up by the East wind, and witnessed the consternation of the inhabitants at the certain destruction of their com crops, already ripe for harvest. It was obvious that no human power could avail against such an invasion.

Mantle. See Garments

Marriage. This ceremony was performed in the "upper room" of private houses. The betrothed pair stood under a canopy, the bride being veiled, both wearing crowns, which were several times exchanged during the ceremony. The officiating minister was not a priest, nor necessarily a rabbi, but an elder, who, standing behind the canopy holding a cup of blessing, invoked a benediction on the assembly. He then gave a cup of wine to the hetrothed, who pledged one another, the bridegroom draining his cup, dashing it to the ground, crushing it with his heel, and swearing fidelity until its powdered fragments should be re-united. The marriage contract was next read, and attested by each person present drinking of a cup of wine. The friends next walked round the canony. chanting psalms and showering rice upon the couple. The ceremony was concluded by the elder invoking the seven blessings upon them, drinking the benedictory cup, and passing it round the assembly. It was for this cup that our Saviour supplied the wine at Cana. After dark, the bridegroom led the bride homewards, attended by the friends of each, while others joined the procession on its way, bearing hymeneal lamps in token of respect. Arrived at the bridegroom's house all were invited to a feast, which by the rich was repeated for seven nights, the festivities being prolonged to a late hour. Ridoway's "Sketches from the East," art. Cana.

Measure. In Eastern markets, it is very common to see the seller press down the grain into the measure, then pile it up into a pyramid, until it trickles down the sides, when he pours it into the lap (or "bosom") of the flowing garment of the buyer.

Milk. The mountainous nature of Palestine seems ill adapted for the pasturage of cows, and the milk with which it "flowed" must have been chiefly the product of goats. The latter are frequently mentioned in Scripture, but cows seldom, and mainly in connexion with the plains of Philistia, Esdraëlon, &c. "Butter of kine," from its peculiar designation, would seem to have been a luxury, while the undulating downs would produce goats' milk in abundance, far beyond what could be expected from such a limited area. See Butter.

Mill was not a building, but a pair of millstones of granite or basalt, placed one upon the other, the lower one being larger and stationary, and the upper

loose, with a hole in its centre into which the corn was put, and it was turned briskly round by two wooden handles, fixed opposite to each other in its upper surface near the circumference. A woman seated on the ground, on each side of it, moved a handle in the same direction, each passing it on to the other, and so whirling the stone round. The "nether millstone" became a proverb for weight and hardness. The Mosaic Law forbade the seizure of millstones for debt.

Mite (Gr. lepton, Mark xii. 42, Luke xii. 59, xxi. 2), from the same root as minute, anything very small. "Sche cast two mynutis, that is, a ferthing" (Wycliffe). Very small coins, known as "beggars' money," not current in the market (being scarcely of estimable value), may still be seen used as alms in Asia Minor.

Money. The coins mentioned in the Bible mark the supreme power predominant at the time; thus, we have the Hebrew talent, shekel, maneh; the Persian daric; the Greek drachm and stater; and, lastly, the Roman denarius, as, and quadrans. In our Lord's time these were all current in the market, but the offerings in the Temple had to be made in the Hebrew coinage, which was circulated in Palestine alone, where, however, Roman money was found to be the more convenient medium of traffic. Hence, money-changers became a necessity, and during the great festivals they removed from their shops in the city to stalls within the sacred precincts, where worshippers from all parts thronged to make their offerings.

Mote. A small particle, like those which are brought to light by a ray of sunshine (Eastwood and Wright, "Bihle Word-book").

Necromancer. One who professes to foretell the future by consulting the spirits of the dead, as the witch of Endor.

Nethinims were the descendants of those Gibeonites whom Joshua reduced to slavery, making them hewers of wood and drawers of water for the Sanctuary (Josh. ix. 27). They accompanied the Jews to and from Captivity, and lived with the other servants of the Temple on Ophel, a small hill south of Moriah.

Obeisance was the salutation of an inferior to a superior. It consisted of bowing the head and body forward, with the hands extended, and their palms turned downwards. It varied from a slight inclination to complete prostration, with the forehead and hands in the dust, according to the rank of the person saluted.

, Observer of Times was one who foretold events, or chances, by observing the motions of the clouds.

Omega. The last letter of the Greek alphabet, used, with Alpha, to express the eternal existence of the Son of God.

Omer is an untranslated Egyptian word, being the name of the most common domestic bowl, or kit, used by the Fellahs of Egypt for a vast variety of bousehold purposes, and adopted from them by the Hebrews. It held about half a peck.

Oracles were the responses gained by divination. They were supposed to

be supernatural revelations through divinely inspired persons. Such were the oracles of Delphi, &c., and of the girl at Philippi. In Egypt, divination was practised by means of cups (Cylicomanteia). Among the Hebrews, God allowed enquiry to be made of Him through Urim and Thummim (q. v.), and prophets, and gave oracular responses, even in temporal matters (e.g. military campaigns, &c.). The revelations made to Moses in the Law are called "the Divine oracles:" hence the word is also used for the place where a prayer is offered for advice, and an answer given; "toward Thy holy oracle" (Psalm xxviii. 2).

Ovens are still, in the East, rough erections of brick or stone, detached from houses. In Palestine, they are often hollowed out in the rock, with chimneys of mnd, and the fuel consists mainly of dried weeds, stubble, and dung baked in the sun.

Penny. The Roman denarius, value about $8\frac{1}{2}d$. In our Lord's time it would seem to have been a fair day's wage for a labourer in a vineyard.

Phylacteries. The Hebrews were commanded to have the enactments of the Law on their hands and as frontlets between their eyes, and to write them on the door-posts of their houses, that they might always see their duty before them to guide and restrain their actions (Dent, vi. q). They were familiar with the Egyptian custom of wearing amnlets on the forehead, and of inscribing mottoes on the walls of their houses. They therefore wrote the summary of the Moral Law (Deut. v. 6, 21) on three strips of parchment; two of these they rolled up, and placed in two small cylinders or cups of skin or leather about the size of a wine-cork, binding one on the forehead, the other on the centre of the back of the right hand with leathern straps, that of the latter encircling the forefinger and palm, each thrice, and the fore-arm nine times, in three triplets, so that each formed the representation of the first letter of Shaddai ("The Almighty"). These are called Phylacteries, and are still worn by Israelites in their houses. The Pharisees added other enactments, forming three little square volumes, which they bound together upon their persons. The third parchment was placed in a case of wood or metal, called a Mezuzeh, and affixed to the posts of their onter door and gates. It had a small aperture in front, through which was seen the word Shaddai.

Pillows were wooden stands supporting a crescent-shaped frame thickly padded, which fitted into the arm-pits, sustaining the body, when seated upon a divan, or on the ground with the legs tucked under it, the usual posture of an Eastern man or woman when in repose.

Pins were made principally of wood, and were often the spikes of the nubk thorn (about two inches long), cut with a small portion of the branch to form a head. The wealthy used ivory pins, great numbers of which have been found at Pompeii.

Ploughing. The plough was, and still is, a rough instrument made of a few stakes, easily carried to and from the field on the shoulder of the labourer. It had a coulter and ploughshare, but merely scratched a small groove in the surface of the soil, which could only be broken up when softened by rain.

Hence, ploughing in winter and spring is very common, and, for mutual protection, the ploughers work in companies, often to the number of twelve ploughs with their respective yokes of oxen, one sower being sufficient to follow the whole. The harrow is little used. Progress is slow; corn may be seen in all stages of growth, and seed-sowing at the same time, in the same field.

Politarchs (Acts xvii. 6). This word, rendered literally "rulers of the city," has been found, from an inscription still legible on one of the gates of Thessalonica, to have been the official title of its chief magistrates.

Pools. Jerusalem, being on the top of a mountain, had an insufficient water supply. One never-failing spring, issning from Mount Moriah, was collected in the pool of Siloam, and its overflow in the well of Joab. At En-rogel, besides these, were the two pools of Gihon on the western shoulder of Zion; that of Hezekiah, by the Jaffa Gate; that of Bethesda, and that now called Birket Serai, near St. Stephen's Gate, fed from a spring or reservoir under Pilate's house and the adjoining barracks. The houses of the wealthy had, and still have, extensive cisterns for storing rain-water. See Conduit.

Porters were "the door-keepers" and police of the Temple. They lived on the adjoining Mount Ophel. They were divided into companies, under the command of the "Captain of the Temple," and one division was always on duty, keeping guard day and night. It took twenty of them to shut the great brazen gates (Acts xxi. 30).

Pottage, made of red lentils boiled in water, is a savoury and highly nutritions dish, of which the Arabs at the present day are especially fond.

Potters, turning the tables with their feet, and moulding with their hands the clay as it spins round upon the table, are constantly to be seen in the East. In Egyptian literature, the potter is used to illustrate the work of the Supreme Being in the creation of man.

Prayer. The ordinary attitude of prayer was standing, with the arms stretched forward, the hands extended with the palms upwards, and the face raised towards heaven. It was in this posture that Moses was sustained all day by Aaron and Hur during the battle at Rephidim. The next was one of adoration, or "worship," the head bent forward, the body stooping, the hands resting on the knees. Penitential prayer was made kneeling, with the body inclined forward or prostrate, the forehead and hands resting on the ground.

Presbyter (see Elder, of which it is the Greek form) was the general name given to one appointed to exercise authority in a community. They were chosen for their mature age, experience, and wisdom; sometimes elected by the tribes, sometimes selected by higher powers. They interpreted the Law, decided doctrine, judged causes, exercised discipline, but discharged no priestly function.

Priest. In patriarchal times, the head of each family was its priest, and the chief of the tribe its high priest. Under the Mosaic dispensation, the family of Aaron and their descendants were set apart by God to discharge all the

sacerdotal functions of the whole nation. These, being prospective of Christ the true High Priest, were concentrated in Him; and He called to Him "twelve disciples," whom He named Apostles, and afterwards other seventy also, whom He sent two and two before Him. Before His ascension He breathed on the former, saying, "Receive ye the Holy Ghost;" "As My Father hath sent Me, even so send I you;" "Go ye, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost."

Property, by Hebrew Law, could not pass out of the family; if mortgaged or seized by creditors, it reverted to the owner in the following year of jubilee. The earliest recorded conveyance of property to a purchaser and his heirs is that of the field of Machpelah by Ephron to Abraham.

Prophet is one who speaks for another. A prophet of the Lord is a term applicable to one who predicts, forewarns, proclaims glad tidings, instructs, or exhorts, as a messenger of the Lord. In Scripture it is used in all these senses.

Publicans were native Jews, who farmed the taxes from the Roman knights, who in turn farmed them from the Imperial treasury. The taxes were annually let to the highest bidder, who paid each instalment in advance, recouping himself by collecting the taxes from the people. As many of these arose from an ad valorem duty on produce, stock, and land, of which the publican was also the assessor, his opportunities for extortion were unlimited: and as the tax was the result of subjection, its collector was regarded as a political renegade and a social outcast.

Purification was not so much a cleansing of the flesh from dirt, as a ceremonial washing from the typical pollution imparted to a sanctified people by contact with heathens or sinners, or their symhols. Cups, pots, plates, food bought in the market, were washed before use, lest a heathen or a sinner might have touched them. So every impure act virtually excluded the participator from the presence of the all-pure God, and needed to be expiated by a fresh baptism or sacrifice.

Purse. A leathern bag attached to the girdle.

Quaternion. A Roman guard of four soldiers, detailed to act as sentfies over a prisoner. In the strictest custody (as in the case of Peter), each hand of the prisoner was handcuffed to a separate soldier, inside the cell, while the other two kept sentry outside the door. These four were relieved every three hours day and night, so that there were four quaternions required for one day's service, and four for the night watches. To the quaternion charged with Christ's crucifixion His clothes fell as a perquisite.

Quicksands. The greater and lesser Syrtis, near Tunis, on the N.E. coast of Africa.

Refining-pot. The crucible, in which gold was melted to a white heat, and the impurities skimmed off, so that only the purest metal remained.

Rudders. Ancient vessels were steered by two oars or paddles, passed

through the vessel on each side of the stern. When the vessel was stationary, they were lashed to its side by "bands," which were also used to secure and steady the paddle when in use.

Salutations between one wayfarer and another, and to labourers in the field (such as "Peace be to you!" "The Lord prosper you!" "We wish you good luck," &c.), are in daily use in Syria. A nearer greeting, answering to our shaking hands, consists in placing the right hand upon the forehead, then upon the mouth, next upon the heart, lastly extending it towards the person greeted, sýmbolising, "With my head I worship, with my lips I honour, with my heart I love thee."

Sanctuary. See Tabernacle.

Scrip. A small bag, so called because made of a "scrap" of stuff (Skeat's "Etymological Dictionary").

Shechinah. The cloud of glory, which descended upon the mercy-seat in Solomon's Temple at its dedication, and remained till its destruction by Nebuchadnezzar. It was the symbol of the Divine presence.

Ships. Alexandrian corn ships carried one large square sail, which was lowered upon the deck. 'In a storm the strain upon the hull was very great; the planks were liable to start, and the ship to founder; to avoid which they passed stout cables under the keel, drawing them tight to each gunwale by grappling irons; they then turned her head to the wind, hoisted a storm-sail for steering, and drifted. "Ships of Tarshish" were large Phœnician trading vessels, plying between Tyre and Tartessus in Spain. They passed the Straits of Gibraltar, crossed the Bay of Biscay to Britain, and doubled the Cape of Good Hope. Hence they gave their name to all merchantmen.

Shoe. Shoes were only soles strapped under the foot. To unloose their clasp (or latchet), bring them, or carry them away, was the office of the lowest slave. "To pluck off the shoe" was the striking of a contract, like signing and sealing a document. To kick, or cast off, one's shoe over, a person, was the symbol of his greatest humiliation, like treading on his neck; while to wash the feet of another was an act of abject servility (e.g. "Moab is my washpot"). To shake off the dust from the shoe was an imprecation of a curse upon individuals, a declaration of war against nations.

Soap. Both Borith and Natron are translated "soap" in the A.V.; the former was some cleansing preparation of a vegetable alkali (the Kali of the desert); the latter was the product of Egypt, i.e. nitre. Extensive hills of alkali refuse are still seen at Ramleh, Gaza, Jerusalem, Edlip, &c. Those at the last-named place must, from their vast extent, have been the accumulation of very many centuries. Near to each of these places were large olive groves, from whence the oil was obtained. At this day there are many wealthy soap manufacturers, to whom most of the olive groves in Central Palestine are mortgaged. (Cp. Parable of the Unjust Steward.) The manufacture of soap is still very extensively carried on in all parts of Syria.

Staff was the long walking-stick, like an alpenstock, so necessary to the

pedestrian in a mountainous country. Its metaphorical use in Scripture is very frequent.

Tabernacle. An oblong tent, with a wooden framework covered with cloth and skins, made by God's order as a moveable place of worship in the wilderness. It was set up, taken down, and carried by the Levites; when stationary, the Pillar of Cloud rested on it. It consisted of a small inner room, the "Holy of Holies," containing nothing but the ark with its mercy-seat, entered only on the Day of Atonement by the high priest alone; and a larger room, the "Holy Place, or Sanctnary" (in which were the altar of incense, table of shewbread, and golden candlestick), used for the daily service. These two were separated by a thick veil. When settled in Canaan Joshua set up the tabernacle at Shiloh, where residences for the priests were added to it, and it assumed so permanent a character that it is even called "the temple" in 1 Sam. iii. 3. After David had set up a new tabernacle on Zion for the reception of the ark, the old one at Shiloh fell into disuse.

Table (writing). The Law was engraved upon two stone slabs. Subsequently "writing tables" (or tablets) were in common use, made of wood whitened, and written upon with a black fluid, like the modern Arab slate, or covered with wax and written upon with a metal pencil or style, like the Roman tablet.

Table. The Hebrews in the time of our Lord had adopted the Roman custom of reclining at table on cushioned divans, resting themselves on the left arm. The tables were in three portions, forming three sides of a square, the seats being placed along the outer sides, and the servants waiting in the inside. The seat of honour was that on the right of the host, who sat in the middle of the cross-table; the honoured guest thus reclined, as it were, on the bosom of his host. The places next in honour were the centres of each side-table, for generally only three persons occupied a table. This was, doubtless, the form of table used when our Lord ate the "Lord's Supper" with His Apostles; as also when He dined with Simon the leper, and when the woman came behind the divan and wept upon His extended feet.

Tablets, mentioned by Isaiah (iii. 20) among a woman's ornaments, are still in use. They are little cylinders (like bodkin-cases) of wood or metal, attached to chains; by some thought to be scent-bottles; but they are charms, in which women placed little rolls of parchment on which their secret wishes were written.

Teeth. "I have given you cleanness of teeth... want of bread" (Amos iv. 6). It is still customary for beggars in Palestine to scrape their teeth with their thumb nails, and then display the clean nail to those from whom they crave alms, as an evidence that no food has been masticated that day.

Temple was the name given to the whole sacred precincts of Mount Moriah, including the "fane" erected by Solomon on the summit, the various "courts" of Israelites and women, each on their separate platforms below it, and the great area, "court of the Gentiles," at the foot of this pyramid of "courts"

and steps. The "fane" was a permanent copy of the temporary tabernacle, so far as its ground-plan was concerned, having its "Holy of Holies" (through whose floor projected for a few inches the time-honoured apex of Mount Moriah), its "Holy Place," in which, however, there were ten tables of shewbread and ten golden candlesticks (five of each on each side), and the great brazen "laver" standing on twelve brazen oxen, with their faces outwards. It occupied only one-third of the uppermost platform, the rest being the "court of burnt-offering," in which was the great altar. Below the first series of steps (extending round three sides) was the "court of Israel"; below the next flight, the "court of women"; and at the base of the succeeding flight of steps was a trellised fence, on which were "notices" in various languages, warning none but the circumcised to pass within the sacred enclosures. Then came the great area, "court of the Gentiles," extending 600 feet each way, but nearly doubled in its extent by Herod the Great. This area was reached by a succession of terraces or steps, cut in the face of the mountain on its eastern and southern sides.

Teraphim were little household gods of clay, often carried about the person as charms, and had their origin in Mesopotamia. These were the images which Rachel stole from her father's house, and which the Assyrian settlers in Samaria brought from their native lands, and worshipped together with the true God.

Title, or superscription. Over every crucified malefactor was inscribed his name, residence, and offence. This was the official warrant for his execution, and was copied from the register in which his sentence was recorded. What Pilate "had written" on the cross of Jesus he "had written" also in the official record, which it was illegal for him to alter.

Tittle. The fine, minute stroke which often distinguishes one letter from another in the Hebrew alphabet.

Tomb. See Burial.

Tophet was the furnace in the Valley of Hinnom in which human sacrifices were offered. It derived its name from the tabrets (Topheth) with which they drowned the cries of the victims. See Tabret (Section XLIV), p. 240; also Hell

Treasure. On account of the insecurity of property, it is still usual in Palestine for the owners to bury their money and valuables in the ground. That this was the case in our Lord's time is proved by the occasional discovery of coffers of Roman coins of that date, whose owners had doubtless been killed or died suddenly, without revealing the place of their concealment.

Treasury was a vestibule in the Temple of Herod the Great, in which were placed thirteen large money-chests with trumpet-shaped mouths, into which the worshippers dropped their offerings for the maintenance of the public services of the Temple.

Tribute was of two kinds: 1. The half-shekel, which every Jew, wherever resident, was bound to contribute for the maintenance of the Temple, 2. The

tax, custom, dues, &c. exacted from them by their Roman subjugators for the maintenance of the civil authorities. The former was paid in Jewish, the latter in Roman coin. It was the former which our Lord paid with the money from the fish's mouth, and the latter which hore Cæsar's image and superscription.

Undergirders. See Ships.

Unknown God. An altar at Athens was thus dedicated. It was probably a thank-offering for some special deliverance, of which the Athenians could not identify the author.

Upper Room. See Chamber.

Urim and Thummim ("Lights and Perfections"). These were the sacred symbols (worn upon the breastplate of the high priest, "upon his heart"), by which God gave oracular responses for the guidance of His people in temporal matters. What they were is unknown; they are introduced in Exodus without explanation, as if familiar to the Israelites of that day. Modern Egyptology supplies us with a clue: it tells us that Egyptian high priests in every town, who were also its chief magistrates, wore round their necks a jewelled gem, bearing on one side the image of Truth, and on the other sometimes that of Justice, sometimes that of Light. When the accused was acquitted, the judge held out the image for him to kiss. In the final judgment Osiris wears round his neck the jewelled Justice and Truth. The LXX. translates Urim and Thummim by "light and truth." Some scholars suppose that they were the twelve stones of the breastplate; others that they were two additional stones concealed in its fold. Josephus adds to these the two sardonyx buttons, worn on the shoulders, which, he says, emitted luminous rays when the response was favourable; but the precise mode in which the oracles were given is lost in obscurity.

Vestment. It was and still is customary for every Jew, on entering the Synagogue for religious worship, to put on the *Tallith* or scarf of white lamb's wool with blue stripes and fringes at each end. This was worn over the shoulders, except during prayers, when it covered the head. It marked the worshipper as being a true Israelite. This was perhaps the "wedding garment" of the parable. It was no doubt some similar vestment which Jehu ordered "him that was over the vestry" to supply to each worshipper of Baal (2 Kings x. 22), the acceptance of which was the profession of being a true Baalite.

Vesture. See Coat and Garments.

Vinegar is probably used for the sour wine which was the ordinary drink of the Roman soldier.

Wages were not only money payments, but also "rations," especially those of soldiers on service.

Washpot. A footpan, for ablution of the feet. See Shoe.

Watchmen were servants, or soldiers, placed as "look-out men" in towers, on city walls, in palaces, and vineyards, to give timely notice of the approach of invaders and Arab marauders. Watch-towers are still in use in Palestine.

Water, cup of. In hot countries, the offer of water is most acceptable to the wayfarer. Hence it is now, as of old, one of the most binding duties of hospitality; so the traveller is often met with the friendly offer of "a cup of cold water," accompanied by a salutation or benediction.

Water-Carriers. See Bottle.

Water-Pots were earthenware jars, used in the houses of the poor, to supply the place of cisterns for storing water for domestic purposes. They are still used, and are let into stone racks, near the entrance door.

Wedding. See Marriage.

Weeks. Feast of Pentecost. On the fiftieth day, or seven clear weeks after the second day of the Passover, began the Feast of Weeks, or thanksgiving for the harvest. Loaves made of the new meal, and grain, were offered as firstfruits, and a new sheaf was waved before the Lord.

Windows were mere holes in the wall for the admission of light and air. They were sometimes partially closed by lattices, or wooden trellis-work, or curtains; sometimes entirely shut by trap-doors. An obscure word in Genesis vi. 16 (tsohar) is translated "window." It is supposed to denote some means of illumination, but the passage is not clear.

Wise Men. The Magi were a Persian caste of philosophers and men of science, who devoted themselves to literature and study, especially to astronomy and astrology. Their learning, and abstinence from political intrigue, rendered them valuable counsellors to the king. The priests belonged to the same caste.

Writing Materials (see Books and Table). Books, written upon papyrus nearly four thousand years ago, have been found in Egyptian tombs; one in the Louvre, dated B.C. 2017, is only a copy of a more ancient work. Ink, inkhorns. and pens made of reeds, are mentioned in Scripture, and have been found in Egypt, where the act of writing is delineated upon the monuments; and a box of colours and pencils, coeval with Abraham, may be seen in the museum at Bonlâk. Hebrew writings on leather skins are in the library at St. Petersburg, and sacred parchment-rolls innumerable have been found in the ancient tombs of Palestine. The ruins of Nineveh have yielded whole libraries of standard works, the letters being impressed on clay tablets. Hebrew writing was from right to left; Egyptian varied. Official documents and letters were not signed in writing, but by the impress of a signet-ring or seal.

Yoke. The cross-bar to which draught oxen were fastened by the horns or neck, for drawing carts or ploughs. The affection known to exist between a pair of oxen yoked together is a fruitful source of illustration, e.g. Paul speaks of his true "yokefellow."

Young Men. The attendants upon a court in the judgment-hall, and upon the Apostles when sitting in council at Jerusalem (Acts v). It is possible that these last suggested the order of deacons.

Zealots. A fanatical section of the "Galilæans" (q.v.). It is supposed by some that the apostle Simon Zelotes was one of them. They are mentioned in Acts xxi. 20, 38; xxiii. 3.

XLVII. WORDS OBSOLETE OR AMBIGUOUS.

. Word.	Passage.	Explanation.
Abjects Adamant, or Diamond	Ps. xxxv. 15 Ezek. iii. 9	Outcasts; despised persons. A stone of impenetrable (lit. "indomitable") hardness.
Adjure Admiration	Josh. vi. 26 Rev. xvii. 6	Bind under a curse; charge solemnly. Wonder, astonishment. Stir; tumult; commotion.
Ado Advertise	Mark v. 39 Num. xxiv. 14; Ruth iv. 4	To give notice, inform.
Affect Agone Albeit	Gal. iv. 17 1 Sam. xxx. 13 Ezek. xiii. 7	To desire earnestly, pay court to. Old p. part. of "to go"; = ago. Although it be so.
All to brake	Judg. ix. 53	Broke all to pieces. All to = altogether. But see Skeat, s.v. "to"
Allege Allow Alms Aloof	Acts xvii. 3 Luke xi. 48 Acts iii. 3; x. 2 Ps. xxxviii. 11	To show, prove. (Lat. allaudare) to praise; to approve. (Of sing, num.) = charitable gift. Afar off; at a distance.
Amen Amerce Amiable	Rom. xvi. 27, &c. Deut. xxii. 19 Ps. lxxxiv. 1	So be it; in N. T. translated "verily." Punish by fine. Lovely.
Ancient (noun)	Is. iii. 14, &c	An elder.
And if	Matt. xxiv. 48	An if, a reduplicated form really equivalent to "if-if" (Skeat).
Anise	Matt. xxiii. 23	A sort of parsley. i.e. in one instant = quickly.
Anon	Matt. xiii, 20 Luke vii. 25	Dressed.
Apparelled	Num. xii. 8	Plainly; openly.
Apple of the eye	Dent. xxxii. 10	The eye-ball.
Appointed	Judg. xviii, 11	Armed, equipped.
Apprehend	Phil. iii. 12	"The passage throughout has reference to the Grecian games; apprehend in the first part of the sentence meaning to lay hold of the goal, and so receive the prize; in the second part, meaning to take hold of by the hand and introduce to the course, as was customary." (Eastwood and Wright, Bible Word-Book.) (Lat. arca) covered chest, coffer. (He-
Ark	(1) Gen. vi. 14; (2) Ex. ii. 3, 5; (3) xxxvii. 1	brew têbah in 1. and 2.; ărôn in 3.)
Array, to Artillery	Matt. vi. 29 1 Sam. xx. 40	Dress, or clothe. Bow and arrows; missiles.
	1	•

Word.	Passage.	Explanation.
Astonied	Job xvii. 8	Old form of astonished; astounded.
At one	Acts vii. 26	Reconciliation of two persons at vari- ance: from this adverb springs the verb "atone" (to reconcile), and "at-one-ment."
Attendance	1 Tim. iv. 13	Attention.
Attent	2 Chron. vi. 40	An old part. of attend, used for "attentive."
Avoid	1 Sam. xviii. 11	Retire, escape.
Away with	Is. i. 13	"Put up with," or endure.
Banquet	Esth. vii. 1	Hebrew "to drink;" "banquet" for- merly meaning only "dessert."
Barbarian	1 Cor. xv. 11	Foreigners, non-Greeks.
Barbarous	Acts xxviii. 2	Foreign.
Barbed	Job xli. 7	Fringed, or bearded, with projecting points.
Base	1 Cor. i. 28	Lowly, humble.
Beam (see Mote)	Matt. vii. 3	Large piece of timber.
Because	Matt. xx. 31	In order that.
Beeves	Lev. xxii. 21	Plur. of "beef;" used of oxen or cows.
Bestead	Is. viii. 21	Circumstanced; situated.
Betimes	Gen. xxvi. 31,&c.	Early.
Bewray	Matt. xxvi. 73	Discover; report; inform; reveal; accuse.
Bind	Job xxvi.8; Acts	Imprison, or confine closely.
Blains	Ex. ix. 9	Pimples; pustules; swellings.
Blaze abroad	Mark i. 45	Publish loudly; blazon.
Bolled	Ex. ix. 31	Swollen.
Bosses	Job xv. 26	Large studs; projecting ornaments.
Botch	Deut. xxviii. 27	Eruption of the skin.
Bowels	Phil. i. 8, &c	Compassion.
Bravery	Is. iii. 18	Splendour; finery.
Bray	Prov. xxvii. 22	Pound, or bruise.
Brickle	Wisd. xv. 13	Easily broken; brittle:
Brigandine	Jer. xlvi. 4	A light coat of mail.
Bruit	Jer. x. 22	(Fr. bruit, noise) report; fame.
Ву	I Cor. iv. 4	Of, against.
By and by	Matt. xiii, 21	Instantly, immediately.
By-word	2 Chron. vii. 20	A proverb.
Calkers	Ezek. xxvii. 9, 27	Men who stop the seams, or leaks, or ships with tow.
Careful	Dan. iii. 16	Anxious.
Carriage	I Sam. xvii. 22; Acts xxi. 15	That which is carried; baggage.
Chafed	2 Sam. xvii. 8	Heated; exasperated.

Word.	Passage.	Explanation.
Champaign	Deut. xi. 30	Plain, level country.
Chapiter	Ex. xxxvi. 38	Capital of a pillar.
Chapt	Jer. xiv. 4	Cracked, through heat and drought.
Charger	Num. vii. 13;	A large dish.
	Matt. xiv. 8	
Charges (be at) Charity	Acts xxi. 24 1 Cor. xiii	Discharge the cost, or pay expenses. Sympathetic unselfish habit of the soul; including our words love, charity, sympathy, benevolence, beneficence, philanthropy.
Cheek Teeth	Joel i. 6	Molars.
Ciel	² Chron. iii. 5; Jer. xxii. 14,&c.	To panel, wainscot.
.Cithern	1 Macc. iv. 54	(Lat. cithara) a stringed instrument; the word has now become "guitar."
Cleave	Gen. ii. 24; Rom. xii. 9	Adhere; remain faithful.
Coast	Matt. viii. 34, &c.	A border.
Cockatrice	Is. xi. 8	A kind of crested serpent; the basilisk.
Cocker	Ecclus. xxx. 9	Indulge, so as to spoil, a child.
Cockle	Job xxxi. 40	The corn-rose, a weed found among corn.
Collops	Job xv. 27	Slices, or flakes, of meat or fat.
Colony	Acts xvi. 12	(Lat. colonia) a foreign town, to whose inhabitants were accorded, for dis- tinguished services, the same rights and privileges as the citizens of
		Rome itself enjoyed.
Commend	Rom. iii. 5	Draw commendation upon, or enhance.
Commune	Ex. xxv. 22; 1 Sam. xix. 3; Ps. iv. 4	Parley; hold a conference; converse.
Compass, fetch	2 Kings iii. 9; Acts xxviii. 13	To make a circuit.
Comprehend	Is. xl. 12; Rom.	Comprise; include; measure; contain.
Concision	Phil. iii. 2	Meaningless cutting; opposed to circumcision as a religious symbol.
Coney	Lev. xi. 5; Ps.	(Lat. cuniculus) a rabbit; small animal, like a rabbit.
Confection	Ex. xxx. 35; Ec- clus. xxxviii. 8.	Compound of various ingredients.
Conscience	1 Cor. viii. 7; Heb. x. 2	Consciousness.
Consort, to	Acts xvii. 4	Associate with.
Contrite	Ps. li. 17	(Lat. contritus) bruised; ground to powder; so of one humbled to the dust.

Word.	Passage.	Explanation.
Convenient	Acts xxiv. 25; Rom. i. 28;	Becoming; decorous.
Conversation	Eph. v. 4 (1) Phil. iii. 20; (2) 1 Pet. i. 15	(1) Citizenship; (2) conduct and habits of life,
Convince	Job xxii. 12; John viii. 46	Convict.
Count Countervail	Ex. xii. 4 Esther vii. 4	(Used as a subst.) a reckoning. Compensate for.
Cracknels	1 Kings xiv. 3	Hard, brittle cakes.
Creature	Rom. i. 25; viii.	Created thing; the creation.
Crisping pins Cruse	Is. iii. 22 1 Sam. xxvi. 11; 1 Kin. xiv. 3; xvii. 12; 2 Kin. ii. 20	Irons for crimping or curling hair. Small cup or vessel for holding liquid.
Cumber Curious	Luke x.40; xiii.7 Ex.xxviii.8; Acts xix. 19	Encumber; occupy unprofitably. That with which much care and trouble has been taken.
Damnation, or Condemnation	Rom.; 1 Cor., &c.	These words were used as equivalent terms when the A.V. was issued; sometimes with a graver, sometimes with a lighter meaning.
Daysman	Job ix. 33	Umpire; arhitrator.
Deal, a	Ex. xxix. 40	A part or portion.
Debate	Is. lviii. 4	Strife.
Debtor	Rom. i. 14; Gal.	One bound by, or under an obligation.
Deem	Acts xxvii. 27	Conclude; judge.
Defenced Delicately	Is. xxxvi. 1 Deut. xxviii. 56; 1 Sam. xv. 32	Fenced; defended by fortifications. Tenderly; mincingly.
Delightsome	Mal. iii. 12	Delightful.
Deputy	Acts xiii. 7, &c.	The Proconsul of a senatorial province
Describe	Josh. xviii. 4, 6	Mark out.
Desired	2 Chron. xxi. 20	Regretted: Lat. "desiderare."
Disannul	Job xl. 8; Gal.	Stronger form of annul.
Discover	Is. xxii. 8	Uncover.
Dissolve	Dan. v. 16	Solve.
Do to wit	2 Cor. viii. 1	Make to know.
Draught	Matt. xv. 17	Drain.
Draught house Duke	2 Kings x. 27 Gen. xxxvi. 15	Cesspool; depository of drainage. A leader, commander.
Ear, to	Deut. xxi. 4; 1 Sam. viii. 12; Is. xxx. 24	Plough; till the ground.

Word.		Passage.	Explanation.
Earing		Gen. xlv. 6; Ex.	Ploughing.
Earnest		2 Cor. i. 22; v. 5; Eph. i. 14	A pledge, security.
Emerods Endamage		r Sam. v. 6	(Gk. hæmorrhoids) discharging piles.
Enlarge		Ezra iv. 13 2 Sam. xxii. 37; Ps. iv. 1	Injure. To set at liberty.
Ensample Ensue		1 Cor. x. 11 1 Pet. iii. 11	Example. Pursue diligently.
Eschew		1 Pet. iii. 11, &c.	Avoid: shun.
Evangelists		Acts xxi. 8; Eph.	"Ministers of the Church who assisted
II vangonsus	•••	iv. 11; 2 Tim.	the Apostles in spreading the Gospel, or Evangel, of our Lord Jesus Christ." (Eastwood and Wright.)
Exorcists	•••	Acts xix. 13	"The original meaning of the word exorcise was to adjure, as in Matt. xxvi. 63. Hence exorcists were those who pretended to raise or cast out devils by adjuring, or commanding them in the Divine Name to come forth." (Eastwood and Wright.)
Eyeservice	•••	Eph. vi. 6	Service performed only when under supervision.
Fain		Luke xv. 16	Glad, and gladly.
Fat	•••	Toel ii. 24	Vessel for liquor; same as "vat."
Felloes		1 Kings vii. 33	The pieces making up the circum- ference of a wheel.
Fitches		Is. xxviii. 25, 27	Vetches: small kind of pea.
Fray		Deut. xxviii. 26,	To scare; frighten away,
Fret	•••	Lev. xiii. 51, 55; Ps. xxxix. 11	To corrode; perforate by eating, as a moth does.
Froward ·	•••	Deut. xxxii.20,&c.	Perverse.
Fuller	•••	Mal. iii. 2; Mark ix. 3	A bleacher of cloth.
Gainsay		Lnke xxi. 15	Speak against, i.e. contradict.
Gallant		Is. xxxiii. 21	Splendid.
Garner		Matt. iii. 12	Granary; barn.
Gin	• • • •	Amos iii. 5	Trap or snare for birds.
Glister	• • •	Luke ix. 29	Shine; sparkle; glitter.
Goodman	•••	Matt. xx. 11	Master; especially used of persons under the rank of gentry.
		James iii. 4	Helmsman.
Governor	•••	1 Sam. xvii. 6	Armour for the legs.

Word.		Passage.	Explanation.
Habergeon		Job xli. 26	A piece of armour to defend the neck and breast.
Haft Hale	•••	Judg. iii. 22 Luke xii. 58;	Handle of knife, dagger, &c. Forcibly drag, as an arrested person; haul.
Halt		Acts viii. 3 Gen. xxxii. 31; Luke xiv. 21	(Verb and part.) walk lame; crippled.
Hardly Hardness Harness	•••	Matt. xix. 23 2 Tim. ii. 3 1 Kings xxii. 34	With difficulty. Hardship. Body-armour of a soldier; accoutrements for man or horse.
Health Heap	•••	Ps. lxvii. 2 Deut. xiii. 16;	"Saving health" = salvation, A ruin.
Hell		Jer. xlix. 2 (Ps. xlix. 14 Acts ii. 27 (Matt. x. 28	Hole, or covered pit; grave. Hades, place of departed spirits. Gehenna, place of torment for the wicked.
Helve His	•••	Deut. xix. 5 Acts xii. 10; 1 Cor. xv. 38, &c.	Handle of an axe. Used for neut. "its," which occurs once only in A. V. (see Lev. xxv. 5, where 1611 has "it."
Hosen Hough	•••	Dan. iii. 21 Josh. xi. 6, 9; 2 Sam. viii. 4	Trousers and stockings in one piece. To cut the hamstrings or "hocks" of animals.
Hungred, a	•••	Matt. xii. I	Hungry.
Illuminated Implead Importable Indite Instant Instantly		Heb. x. 32 Acts xix. 38 Prayer of Manasses Ps. xlv. 1 Luke xxiii. 23, &c. Acts xxvi. 7	i.e. enlightened (Revised Version). To accuse, indict. Insupportable. To dictate for writing, compose. Earnest, persevering. Earnestly; with urgent importunity.
Jangling Jeopard, to		1 Tim. i. 6 Judg. v. 18	Babbling, vain talking. To hazard or risk; <i>jeopardise</i> , place in
Jewry	•••	John vii. 1, &c.	danger. "Judæa properly so called; the part of Palestine occupied by the tribes of Judah and Benjamin after the Cap- tivity." (Eastwood and Wright.)
Jot, or tittle	e	Matt. v. 18	"Jot" is "jod," the smallest Hebrew letter (i, or iota, in Gk.).
Kine	•••	Gen. xli. 2; I Sam. vi. 7	The old plural of "cow;" milch kine = milking-cows.
Knop	•••	Ex. xxv. 33	The bud of a flower; carved imitation of one; now spelt "knob."
Lack	•••	Ex. xvi. 18; Mark x. 21	Subst. want, or deficiency; v. to be deficient.

		
Word.	Passage.	Explanation.
Latchet	Mark i. 7	A thong, lace.
T	Exod. xxxviii. 8	A vessel for washing.
T	Matt. xxii. 35	An expounder of the Mosaic Law.
-		Lying, or falsehood.
Leasing	Ps. iv. 2	
Leès	Is. xxv. 6	Dregs.
Let	2 Thess. ii. 7	Hinder; prevent.
Lewdness	Acts xviii. 14	Wickedness; villainy.
Libertine	Acts vi. 9	The child of a freed slave.
List	John iii. 8	Desire; will; like.
Lust	Ex. xv. 9; 2 Tim.	Desire of any kind.
Lusty	Judg. iii. 29	Healthy; vigorous; strong.
Magnifical	1 Chron. xxii. 5	Magnificent.
Man of war	Ex. xv. 3; Luke	A soldier.
	xxiii. 11, &c.	-
Mansions	John xiv. 2	Resting-places.
Mariah	Ezek. xlvii. 11	Marsh; swampy ground.
Maul	Prov. xxv. 18	Heavy hammer, of which "mallet" is the diminutive.
Maw	Dent. xviii. 3	Stomach of animals.
Meat	Gen. i. 29, 30	Food generally. "So far from meat
2,2000 ,,, ,,,	J	heing used to signify 'flesh' ex-
		clusively, it is remarkable that in
	1	the 'meat-offering' there was no-
	!	thing but flour and oil." (Eastwood
		and Wright.)
Meet	Matt. iii. 8	Suitable; accordant.
	Matt. ni. 8 Matt. xiii. 45	Merchant.
Merchantman		A dish of meat.
Mess	Gen. xliii. 34	(Lat. metior) measure.
Mete	Matt. vii. 2	Measuring-rod; yard measure.
Meteyard	Lev. xix. 35	
Mincing	Is. iii. 16	Walking with very short steps.
Minish	Ex. v. 19	Diminish; lessen.
Miniater	Ex. xxiv. 13;	Servant, attendant.
	Luke iv. 20, &c.	m 1 111 (, 1 1 1 1)
Mortify	Rom. viii. 13;	To kill (metaphorically).
	Col. iii. 5	
Mote (see Beam)	Matt. vii. 3	Minute particle; grain; atom.
Muffler	Is. iii. 19	A covering for the lower part of the
		face.
Munition	Nah, ii. 1	Fortifications; ramparts.
Murrain	Ex. ix. 3	Cattle plague.
Ullan		• 9
Naught	2 Kings ii. 19;	Bad; worthless; nothing.
	Prov. xx. 14	Old form of "sneeze" (cp. Job xli. 18,
Neese	2 Kings iv. 35	313
	(1611 version.)	"neesings").
Nephew	Judg. xii. 14; 1	A grandson.
_	Tim. v. 4.	1. "

Word.		Passage.	Explanation.
Nether		Deut. xxiv. 6	Lower; from obsolete "neath."
Noisome		Ps. xci. 3	Noxious; hurtful; grievous.
Nought		Gen. xxix. 15	Nothing (same as nanght).
Nurture	•••	Eph. vi. 4	Education; training.
		Ez. xxvii. 27	A trader.
	• • •	Luke xix. 13	To trade.
Of	•••	(1) Mark i. 9; (2) Acts xiii. 29; (3) 1 Cor.xv.47	Used in various senses: (1) instead of "by;" (2) for "concerning;" (3) "out of."
- m	•••	Rom. ix. 33 Matt. xviii. 9	That against which one stumbles. Strike or stumble against; cause to
Or ever		Ps. xc. 2; S. of S.	stumble. Reduplicated form of ere = before;
		vi. 12; Dan. vi. 24; Acts xxiii.	cp. And if.
Ouches		Ex. xxviii, 11	Settings of gold or silver for precious
	•••	,	stones.
	•••	Matt. viii. 12	Utter.
Outgoings	•••	Josh. xvii. 9, 18; Ps. lxv. 8	Utmost limits.
	•••	Rev. xii. 2	Strive in pain, or pangs.
	• • •	Ps. lxxiii. 16	Hard to do; needing effort.
Painfulness		2 Cor. xi. 27	Unsparing toil.
Particularly	•••	Acts xxi. 19; Heb.	In detail.
Pass	•••	Ezek. xxxii. 19	Surpass.
Pill, Peel	• • •	Gen. xxx. 37, 38; Is. xviii. 2, 7	Strip off bark; rob and plunder.
Plat	•••	2 Kings ix. 26	Small level piece of ground.
Poll, to		2 Sam. xiv. 26	Lop; cut off, esp. hair.
Potsherd	•••	Ps. xxii. 15	Fragment of broken pottery.
Presently	•••	Matt. xxvi. 53	Immediately.
Pressfat	•••	Hag. ii. 16	Vat to receive grape juice from the winepress.
Prevent	•••	1 Thess. iv. 15	Go before; precede.
Prophesy	•••	I Cor. xi. 5; xiv.	To expound.
Prophet	•••	3, 4 1 Cor. xiv. 22; Acts xiii. 1	Preacher, or proclaimer of Divine message.
Provoke		2 Cor. ix. 2	Stimulate; challenge to action.
Publicans		Matt.ix. 10; Luke	Farmers of public revenue; esp. native
		v. 27	collectors of the odious tribute imposed by the Roman government.
Purchase	•••	1 Tim. iii. 13	To win, obtain.
Quaternion	•••	Acts xii. 4	A party of four soldiers.

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Word.	Passage.	Explanation.
Quick	Num. xvi. 30; Ps. lv. 15; Heb. iv. 12	Alive; lively; active.
Quicken Quit	Ps. lxxi. 20 1 Sam. iv. 9; 1 Cor. xvi. 13	Make alive. Acquit; conduct.
Rase Ravening Ravin Receipt of Custom	Ps. cxxxvii. 7 Luke xi. 39 Gen. xlix. 27 Matt.ix.9; Mark ii. 14; Luke v. 27	To level with the ground. Greediness; rapacity. Make prey; capture spoil. "Place of toll" (Revised Version).
Reins	Ps. vii. 9	(Lat. renes, kidneys) emotions; affections.
Religion, religious Rent Rereward Ringstraked	Acts xxvi. 5; James i. 26 Jer. iv. 30 Is. lii. 12; lviii. 8 Gen. xxx. 35	Of the outward profession, not the inward spirit. Old form of "to rend." Rear-guard. Streaked or marked with circular bands or rings.
Road Room	1 Sam. xxvii. 10 Luke xiv. 8; 1 Cor. xiv. 16	A raid, inroad. A place or spot for one to sit or stand in.
Save	1 Kin. iii. 18; Matt. xi. 27	Except.
Savour	Matt. xvi. 23	Taste; relish; met. relish in mind.
Scant	Mic. vi. 10	Short; deficient; scanty.
Scrabble Scrip	1 Sam. xxi. 13 1 Sam. xvii. 40; Luke xxii. 36	Scratch; make unmeaning marks. Small bag or wallet.
Secure Seethe Servitor	Judg. viii. 11 Ex. xvi. 23 2 Kings iv. 43 Matt. v. 1	Without care or forethought. Boil; perf. "sod," part. "sodden." Servant or attendant. Seated.
Set Sherd	Is. xxx. 14	(A. S. sceard) fragment; shred, esp. of pottery.
Shroud	Ezek. xxxi. 3	(A. S. scrúd) shelter; covering, esp. of a tree.
Silverling	Is. vii. 23	A small silver coin.
Sith	Ezek. xxxv. 6	Since; forasmuch as.
Slime	Gen. xi. 1, xiv.	Bitumen.
Sod, Sodden	To; Ex. ii. 3 Gen. xxv. 29; Ex. xii. 9	Boiled; from the verb "seethe."
Sojourn	Gen. xii. 10; xix. 9; Ex. xii. 48	(Fr. séjourner) to dwell temporarily, as a stranger or visitor, not settled inhabitant.

Word.		Passage.	Explanation.
Sometimes		Eph. ii. 13; 1 Pet. iii. 20	Once; formerly; of old time.
Soothsayer Sore		Dan. ii. 27, &c. Gen. xix. 9; xliii.	A foreteller of future events, a diviner. Sadly; grievously.
		1; Deut.vi.22; Jud. xxi. 2	,,
Speed	•••	Gen. xxiv. 12; Jud. v. 30	Succeed; or subst. success.
Spring	•••	Deut. iv. 49; 1 Sam. ix. 26	Rise, source, commencement, e.g. "springs of Pisgah" (Deut. iv. 49), i. e. roots or foot of the mountain.
Steads	•••	1 Chron. v. 22	(A. S. stede) places.
Stone-bow	•••	Wisd. v. 22	A catapult, or engine for throwing stones.
Straightway	<i>r</i>	1 Sam. ix. 13; Luke v. 39	Immediately; at once.
Strait	•••	Matt. vii. 13	Narrow.
Straitly	•••	Gen.xliii.7; Josh. vi. 1; Mark i.43	Strictly.
Straitness		Deut. xxviii. 53; Jer. xix. 9	Scarcity of food; severe famine.
Strake	•••	Gen. xxx. 37	A streak.
	• • •	Acts xxvii. 17	Past tense of verb "to strike."
Strange	• • •	Gen. xlii. 7; Ex. xxi. 8; Ps. cxiv. 1	Foreign.
Straw, to		Matt. xxi. 8	Strew, or scatter.
Sunder, to		Job xli. 17	Separate; part asunder.
Sundry		Heb. i. I	Several; various; divers.
Tabering		Nah. ii. 7	Beating, as on a tabor.
Tabernacle	•••	Num. xxiv. 5; Matt. xvii. 4	A tent or moveable dwelling. The feast of tabernacles = feast of
Table	•••	Luke i. 63; 2 Cor. iii. 3	booths. (Eastwood and Wright.) Writing-tablet.
Taches		Ex. xxvi. 6	Catches, or buttons; any fastening.
Tale		Ex. v. 8, 18; 1 Sam. xviii. 27	(A.S. tellan) reckoning; total.
Target		1 Sam. xvii. 6	Light shield, buckler.
Tetrarch	•••	Matt. xiv. 1, &c.	A ruler over a fourth part of a country.
Tire	•••	2 Kings ix. 30; Is. iii. 18	Dress, adorn, esp. the head; subst. a head-dress.
Tittle	•••	Matt.v.18; Luke xvi. 17	A doublet of title; "a small line drawn over an abridged word, to supply letters wanting;" so, a small particle. (See Skeat.)
Tongues	•••	Acts x. 46	Languages, esp. those foreign, or un- known, to the speaker.

Word.	Passage.	Explanation.
Touching	Lev. v. 13; Ps. xlv. 1; Matt. xviii. 19	Prep. = concerning.
Translate, translation	Heb. xi. 5	To remove, a removal.
Travail	Is. liii. 11; Jer.	Labour; pain; trouble generally.
Trow Twain	Luke xvii. 9 Is. vi. 2	Think; imagine; suppose. Two.
Undergird Undersetter	Acts xxvii. 17	To pass ropes round the hull of a ship, from gunwale to gunwale, and then stretch them tight, so as to keep the timbers from starting in a gale.
Onderselver	1 Kings vii. 30,	The pedestal or plinth on which the brazen bases of the lavers stood in Solomon's Temple.
Unicorn	Ps. xcii. 10	Generally allowed to be a wild ox. See QUADRUPEDS, p. 183.
Unwittingly	Josh. xx. 3	Unconsciously; unintentionally.
Very	Gen. xxvii. 21; John vii. 26	True.
Ware Watch	Acts xiv. 6 (1) Lam. ii. 19; (2) Judg. vii. 19; (3) Ex xiv. 24; (4) Matt. xiv. 25	Aware; expectant. "Before the Captivity the night was divided into three parts orwatches; the first watch occurs in (1); the middle watch (2); and the morning watch (3). These probably varied in length according to the time of year. In (4) a fourth watch is mentioned, having been introduced among the Jews by the Romans." (Eastwood and Wright.)
Wax	Luke i. 80	Grow, or become.
Wealth	Ps. cxii. 3	Prosperity.
Whit	1 Sam. iii. 18; 2 Cor. xi. 5	(A. S. wiht) a bit; atom.
Wimple	Is. iii. 22	Veil, or covering for face, throat, or neck, probably the original of the Eastern "yashmak."
Winebibber Winefat (see Fat)	Matt. xi. 19	Immoderate drinker of wine; drunkard.
Wise Wist	Lev. xix. 17 Ex. xvi. 15, xxxiv. 29; Mark xiv.	(A.S. wise) mode or manner, or means. (A.S. wiste) knew.
Wit, to	2 Ċor. viii. 1	(A.S. witan) to know.

Word.		Passage.	Explanation.
With		Judg xvi. 7	Young twig of a willow; osier.
Withal	• ••	I Kings xix. 1; Acts xxv. 27	With the same; therewith.
Without	•••	2 Cor. x. 13, 15	Beyond.
Wittingly	•••	Gen. xlviii. 14	Intentionally; knowingly.
Wont	•••	Matt. xxvii. 15	Accustomed.
Wot	• · •	Gen. xxxix. 8; Ex. xxxii. 1	Know.
Wreathen		Ex. xxviii. 14	Twisted; turned; "wreathen work."
Wrought	•••	Gen.xxxiv.7; Ex. xxxvi.1; Matt. xx.12; xxvi.10	Worked.
Yearn		Gen. xliii. 30; i Kings iii. 26	Feel pain of longing desire; hence, expressing the working-up of un- controllable emotion.

DICTIONARY

OF

SCRIPTURE PROPER NAMES.

DICTIONARY OF

SCRIPTURE PROPER NAMES

AND

FOREIGN WORDS CONTAINED IN THE BIBLE.

WITH THEIR PRONUNCIATION AND MEANING.

[Note.—The accent (') shows where the stress of the voice should fall. (?) denotes meanings which are conjectural.

Aaron, a'-ron, light? Ex. 4, 14.

Aaronites, a'-ron-ites, descendants of Aaron. 1 Chr. 12. 27.

Abaddon, a-bad'-don, destruction,

Rev. 9. 11.

Abagtha, a-bag'-thah, given by fortune. Esther I. 10.

Abana, a'-ba-nah, stony, 2 Kin. 5. 12. Abarim, a'-ba-rim, regions beyond.

Num. 27. 12.

Abba, ab'-bah, father. Mark 14. 36. Abda, ab'-dah, servant. 1 Kin. 4. 6. Abdeel, ab'-de-el, same as Abdiel. Jer. 36. 26.

Abdi, ab'-di, servant of Jehovah. 1

Chr. 6. 44.

Abdiel, ab'-di-el, s. of God. 1 Chr. 5. 15. Abdon, ab'-don, servile. Judg. 12. 13. Abed-nego, a-bed'-ne-go, servant or

worshipper of Nebo. Dan. 1. 7.

Abel, a'-bel, (1) vanity. Gen. 4. 2. (2) A meadow. 2 Sam. 20. 14.

Abel-beth-maachah, a'-bel-beth-ma'a-kah, meadow of the house of Maachah. 1 Kin. 15. 20.

Abel-maim, a'-bel-ma'-im, m. of the waters. 2 Chr. 16. 4.

Abel-meholah, a'-bel-me-ho'-lah, m. of dancing. Judg. 7. 22.

Abel-mizraim, a'-bel-miz-ra'-im, m. of Egypt. Gen. 50. 11.

Abel-shittim, a'-bel-shit'-im, m. of acacias. Num. 33. 49.

Abez, a'-bez, whiteness. Josh. 19. 20.

Abi, a'-bi, shortened form of Abiab. 2 Kin. 18. 2.

Abia. a-bi'-ah. Greek form of following. Matt. 1. 7.

Abiah, a-bi'-ah, same as Abijah. 2 Kin.

18. 2.

Abi-albon, a'-bi-al'-bon, father of strength. 2 Sam. 23. 31. Abiasaph, a-bi'-a-saf, f, of gathering.

Ex. 6. 24. Abiathar, a-bi'-a-thar, f. of plenty.

1 Sam. 22. 20. Abib, a'-bib, an ear of corn, or green

ear. Ex. 13. 4. Abidah, a-bi'-dah, father of know-

ledge. Gen. 25. 4.

Abidan, a-bi'-dan, f. of a judge. Num. 1, 11.

Abiel, a'-bi-el, f. of strength. I Sam. Q. I.

Abiezer, a'-bi-e'-zer, f. of help. Tosh. 17. 2. Abiezrite, a'-bi-ez'-rite, a descendant

of Abiezer. Judg. 6. 11. Abigail, a'-bi-gale, f. of exultation.

I Sam. 25. 14. Abihail, a'-bi-hale, f. of strength.

Num. 3. 35. Abihu, a-bi'-hoo, He (i.e. God) is my

f. Ex. 6. 23.

Abihud, a-bi'-hood, f. of Judah. 1 Chr.

Abijah, a-hi'-jah, f. of Jehovah. 1 Kin. 14. 1.

Abijam, a-bi'-jam, another mode of | spelling Abijah. 1 Kin. 14. 31.

Abilene, a'-bi-le'-ne, a grassy place (?). Luke 3. 1.

Abimael, a'-bi-ma'-el, father of Mael. Gen. 10, 28.

Abimelech, a-bi'-me-lek, f. of the king. Gen. 20. 2.

Abinadab, a-bi'-na-dab, f. of nobility. 1 Sam. 7. 1.

Abiner, ab'-ner, same as Abner. 1 Sam. 14. 50.

Abinoam, a'-bi-no'-am, f. of pleasantness. Judg. 4. 6.

Abiram, a-bi'-ram, f. of loftiness. Num. 16. 1.

Abishag, a-bi'-shag, f. of error (?). 1 Kin. 1. 3

Abishai, a'-bi-sha'-i, f. of a gift.

Sam. 26. 6. Abishalom, a-bi'-sha-lom', f. of peace.

1 Kin. 15. 2. Abishua, a'-bi-shoo'-ah, f. of welfare.

1 Chr. 6. 4. Abishur, a bi'-shoor, f. of the wall. I Chr. 2. 28.

Abital, a-bi'-tal, f. of dew. 2 Sam. 3. 4. Abitub, a-bi'-toob, f. of goodness. 1 Chr. 8, 11.

Abiud, a-bi'-ood, Greek form of Abihud. Mat. 1. 13.

Abner, ab'-ner, f. of light. 1 Sam. 14. 50.

Abram, ab'-ram, a high f. Gen. 11. 26. Abraham, a'-bra-ham, f. of a great

multitude. Gen. 17. 5. Absalom, ab'-sa-lom, f. of peace. 2 Sam. 3. 3.

Accad, ak'-ad, fortress (?), Gen. 10. 10. Accho, ak'-o, sand-heated. Judg. 1. 31.

Aceldama, a-kel'-da-mah', field of blood. Acts 1. 10.

Achaia, a-ka'-yah, Greece. Acts 18.12. Achaicus, a-ka'-ik-us, belonging to Achaia. 1 Cor. 16. 17.

Achan, or Achar, a'-kan, a'-kar, troubler. Josh. 7. 18.

Achaz, a'-kaz, Greek form of Ahaz. Mat. 1. 9.

Achbor, ak'-bor, a mouse. Gen. 36, 38.

Achim.a'-kim, short form of Jachin(?). Mat. 1, 14.

Achish, a'-kish, angry(?). 1 Sam. 21.10.

Achmetha, ak'-me-thah, fortress (?). Ezra 6. 2.

Achor, a'-kor, trouble. Josh. 7. 24. Achsa, ak'-sah, same as following.

1 Chr. z. 49. Achsah, ak'-sah, anklet. Josh. 15. 16, Achshaph, ak'-shaf, enchantment.

Josh. 11. 1. Achzib, ak'-zib, deceit. Josh. 15. 44. Adadah, a'-da dah, festival (?). Josh.

15, 22, 'Adah, a'-dah, ornament. Gen. 4. 19.

Adaiah, a-da'-yah, whom Jehovah adorns. 2 Kin. 22, 1.

Adalia, a' da li'-ah, upright (?). Est. 9.8. Adam, a'-dam, red. Gen. 2. 19.

Adamah, a'-da-mah, red earth. Josh. 19. 36.

Adami, a'-da-mi, human. Josh. 19. 33. Adar, a'-dar, fire (?). Est. 3. 7. Adbeel, ad'-be-el, miracle of God (?).

Gen. 25. 13. Addan, ad'-an, humble (?). Ezra 2.

Addar, ad'-ar, greatness (?). 1 Chr. 8.3. Addi, ad'-i, ornament (?). Luke 3, 28. Addon, ad'-on, same as Addan. Neh.

7. 61. Ader, a'-der, flock. 1 Chr. 8. 15. Adiel, a'-di-el, ornament of God.

Chr. 4. 36. Adin, a'-din, slender. Ezra 2, 15. Adina, a'-di-nah, same as preceding.

1 Chr. 11. 42. Adino, a'-di-no. 2 Sam. 23. 8.

Adithaim, a'-dith-a'-im, twofold ornament. Josh. 15. 36.

Adlai, ad'-la-i, just (?). 1 Chr. 27. 29. Admah, ad'-mah, same as Adamah. Gen. 10. 19.

Admatha, ad'-math-ah. Est. 1. 14. Adna, ad'-nah, pleasure. Ezra 10. 30. Adnah, same as preceding. 2 Chr. 17. 14.

Adoni-bezek, a-do'-ni-be'-zek, lord of Bezek. Judg. 1. 5.

Adonijah, a'-do-ni'-jah, Jehovah is my

Lord. 2 Sam. 3. 4.

Adonikam, a'-do-ni'-kam, lord of enemies. Ezra 2, 13.

Adoniram, a'-do ni'-ram, lord of height. 1 Kin, 4.6.

Adoni-zedec, a-do'-ni-ze'-dek, lord of justice. Josh. 10. 1.

Adoraim, a'-dor-a'-im, two chiefs (?).

Adoram, a-do'-ram, contracted from Adoniram. 2 Sam. 20, 24.

Adrammelech, ad-ram'-me-lek, magnificence of the king (?), king of fire (?). 2 Kin. 17. 31.

Adramyttium, ad'-ra-mit'-ti-um. Acts 27. 2.

27. 2.

Adria, a'-dri-ah. Acts 27. 27.

Adriel, a'-dri-el, flock of God. 1 Sam. 18, 19.

Adullam, a-dul'-am, justice of the people. Josh. 12. 15.

Adullamite, a-dul'-am-ite, a native of Adullam. Gen. 38. 1.

Adummim, a-dum'-im, the red (men?).
Josh. 15. 7.

Æineas, e'-ne-as, praiseworthy (?).
Acts 9. 33.

Ænon, e'-non, springs. John 3. 23. Agabus, ag'-ab-us, probably Greek form of Hagab. Acts 11. 28.

Agag, a'-gag, flaming (?). Num. 24. 7. Agagite, a'-gag-ite. Est. 3. 1.

Agar, a'-gar, same as Hagar. Gal. 4.

Agee, a'-gee, fugitive (?). 2 Sam. 23.11. Agrippa, a-grip'-ah. Acts 25.13. Agur, a'-goor, an assembler. Prov.

30. 1. Ahab, a'-hab, uncle. 1 Kin. 16. 29. Aharah, a-har'-ah, after the brother.

Aharah, a-har'-ah, after the brother.

1 Chr. 8. 1.

Aharhel, a-har'-hel, behind the breast-

work. I Chr. 4. 8. Ahasai, a-haz'-a-i, probably a corrup-

Ahasai, a-haz'-a-i, probably a corruption of Jahzerah. Neh. 11. 13.

Ahasbai, a-haz'-ba-i. 2 Sam. 23. 34. Ahasuerus, a-haz'-u e'-rus, king (?). Est. 1. 1.

Ahava, a'-ha-vah. Ezra 8. 15.

Ahaz, a'-haz, possessor. 2 Kin. 15. 38. Ahaziah, a'-haz i'-ah, whom Jehovah upholds. 1 Kin. 22. 40. Ahbau, ah'-bau, brotherly. 1 Chr. 2.

Aher, a'-her, following. 1 Chr. 7. 12. Ahi, a'-hi, brother. 1 Chr. 5. 15.

Ahiah, a-hi'-ah, brother of Jehovah. I Sam. 14. 3. Ahiam, a-hi'-am, b, of the father (?).

2 Sam. 23. 33.

Ahian, a-hi'-an, brotherly. 1 Chr. 7.

Ahiezer, a'-hi-e'-2er, brother of help. Num. 1. 12.

Ahihud, a-hi'-hood, b. of (?). Num. 34. 27.

34. 27. Ahijah, a-hi'-jah, same as Ahiah. 1 Kin. 11. 29.

Ahikam, a-hi'-kam, brother of the enemy. 2 Kin. 22. 12.

Ahilud, a-hi'-lood, b. of one born. 2 Sam. 8. 16.

Ahimaaz, a'-hi-ma'-az, b. of anger. 2 Sam. 15. 27.

Ahiman, a-hi'-man, b. of a gift. Num. 13, 22.

Ahimelech, a-hi'-me-lek, b. of the king. I Sam. 21.1.

Ahimoth, a-hi'-moth, b. of death. I Chr. 6. 25.

Ahinadab, a-hi'-na-dab, b. of a nobleman. 1 Kin. 4. 14.

Ahinoam, a'-hi-no'-am, b. of grace. I Sam. 14. 50.

Ahio, a-hi'-o, brotherly. 2 Sam. 6. 3.

Ahira, a-hi'-rah, brother of a wicked man. Num. 1. 15.

Ahiram, a-hi'-ram, b. of a tall man. Num. 26. 38.

Ahiramite, a-hi'-ram-ite, a descendant of Ahiram. Num. 26. 38.

Ahisamach, a-hi'-sa-mak, brother of aid. Ex. 31. 6.

Ahishahar, a-hi'-sha-har, b. of the dawn. 1 Chr. 7. 10.

Ahishar, a-hi'-shar, b, of the singer.

1 Kin. 4. 6. Ahithophel, a-hi'-tho-fel, b. of impiety. 2 Sam. 15. 12.

Ahitub, a-hi'-tub, b. of goodness.
Sam. 14. 3.

Ahlab, ah'-lab, fertility. Judg. 1. 31. Ahlai, ah-la'-i, sweet (?). 1 Chr. 2. 31. Ahoah, a-ho'-ah, same as Ahijah (?).

1 Chr. 8. 4.

Ahobite, a-hoh'-ite, a descendant of Ahoah. 2 Sam. 23. 0.

Aholah, a-ho'-lah, (she has) her own tent. Ezek. 23. 4.

Aholiab, a'-ho-li'-ab, father's tent. Ex.

Aholibah, a'-ho-li'-bah, my tent is in her. Ezek. 23. 4.

Aholibamah, a'-ho-li-ba'-mah, tent of the high place. Gen. 36. 2.

Ahumai, a'-hoo-ma'-i, brother of (i.e. dweller near) water. 1 Chr. 4. 2. Ahuzam, a-hooz'-am, their possession.

1 Chr. 4. 6.

Ahuzzath. a-hooz'-ath, possession. Gen. 26. 26.

Ai, a'-i, a heap of ruins. Josh. 7. 2. Aiah, ai'-ah, hawk. 2 Sam. 3. 7.

Aija, ai'-jah, same as Ai. Neh. 11. 31. Ajah, a'-jah, same as Aiah. Gen.

36. 24.

46 title.

Aiath, ai'-ath, ruins. Is. 10, 28, Aijalon, ai'-ja-lon, place of gazelles. Tosh. 21. 24.

Aijeleth Shahar, ai-ye'-leth-sha'-har, morning hind. Ps. 22 title.

Ain, a'-in, an eye, or fountain. Num.

Ajalon, ad'-jal-on, same as Ajalon, Josh. 19. 42.

Akan, a'-kan. Gen. 36. 27.

Akkub, ak'-oob, insidious. I Chr. 3. 24.

Akrabbim, ak-rab'-im, scorpions. Num. 34. 4.

Alameth, a-lam'-eth, covering, I Chr. 7. 8.

Alammelech, al-am'-me-lek, king's

oak. Josh. 19. 26. Alamoth, a-la-moth', virgins (?). Ps.

Alemeth, a-lem'-eth, same as Alameth. 1 Chr. 8. 36.

Alexander, al'-ex-an'-der, defending men. Mark 15. 21.

Alexandria, al'-ex-an'-dri-a, the city named after Alexander. Acts 18. 24. Aliah, a-li'-ah, same as Alvah. I Chr. 1. 51.

Alian, a-li'-an, same as Alvan, I Chr.

Alleluia, al-el-oo'-ya, praise ye the Lord. Rev. 10. 1.

Allon, al'-on, an oak. I Chr. 4. 37. Allon-bachuth, al-on-bak'-ooth, oak of weeping. Gen. 35. 8.

Almodad, al-mo'-dad, extension (?). Gen. 10. 26.

Almon, al'-mon, hidden. Josh. 21, 18. Almon-diblathaim. al'-mon-dib'lath-a'-im, hiding of the two cakes (?). Num. 33. 46.

Aloth, a'-loth, yielding milk (?).

Kin. 4. 16.

Alpha, al'-fah, the first letter of the Greek alphabet. Rev. 1. 8. Alphæus, al-fee'-us, successor. Mat.

10. 3.

Al-taschith, al'-tash-kith', 'do not destroy.' Ps. 57 title.

Alush, a'-loosh. Num. 33. 13. Alvah, al'-vah. Gen. 36. 40.

Alvan, al'-van, tall. Gen. 36, 23.

Amad, a'-mad, eternal people (?). Josh. 19. 26.

Amal, a'-mal, labour, sorrow. I Chr.

Amalek, am'-al-ek. Gen. 36. 12. Amalekites, am-al'-ek-ites, descendants of Amalek. Gen. 14. 7.

Amam, a'-mam, metropolis (?). Josh.

Amana, a-ma'-nah, fixed (?). Cant.

Amariah, a'-mar-i'-ah, Jehovah has said. I Chr. 6. 7.

Amasa, a'-mas-a, burden. 2Sam. 17.25. Amasai, a'-mas-a'-i, burdensome. 1 Chr. 6. 25.

Amashai, a'-mash-a'-i. Neh. 11. 13. Amasiah, a'-mas-i'-ah, burden of Jehovah. 2 Chr. 17. 16.

Amaziah, a'-maz-i'-ah, Jehovah strengthens. 2 Kin. 14. 1.

Ami, a'-mi. probably same as Amon. Ezra 2. 57.

Aminadab, a-mi'-na-dab, same as Amminadab. Matt. 1.4.

Amittai, a-mit'-a-i, true. 2 Kin. 14. 25. Ammah, am'-ah. 2 Sam. 2, 24.

Ammi, am'-i, my people. Hos. 2. 1. Ammiel, am'-i-el, people of God. Num. 13. 12.

Ammihud, am-i'-hood, p. of praise (?). Num. 1. 10.

Amminadab, am-i'-na-dab, p. of the prince. Ex. 6. 23.

Amminadib, am-i'-na-dih, same as preceding. Cant. 6. 12.

Ammishaddai, am'-i-shad'-a-i, people of the Almighty. Num. 1. 12.

Ammizabad, am-i'-za-bad, p. of the giver (i.e. Jehovah). 1 Chr. 27. 6. Ammon, am'-on, son of my p. (?).

Gen. 19. 38.

Ammonites, am'-on-ites, a tribe descended from Ammon. Deut. 2. 20. Ammonitess, am'-on-ite-ess, feminine of preceding. 2 Chr. 12. 13.

Amnon, am'-non, faithful. 2 Sam. 3. 2. Amok, a'-mok, deep. Neh. 12. 7.

Amon, a'-mon. 2 Kin. 21. 18. Amorite, am'-or-ite, mountaineer.

Gen. 10. 16.
Amos, a'-mos, burden. Amos 1. 1.

Amoz, a'-moz, strong. Is. 1. 1.

Amphipolis, am-phi'-pol-is, named from the river Strymon flowing

round the city. Acts 17. 1.

Amplias, am'-pli-as, short form of

Ampliatus, enlarged. Rom. 16. 8. Amram, am'-ram, people of the Highest (i.e. God). Ex. 6. 18.

Amramites, am'-ram-ites, the descendants of Amram. Num. 3. 27.

Amraphel, am'-ra-fel. Gen. 14. I. Amzi, am'-zi, strong. 1 Chr. 6. 46. Anab, a'-nab, place fertile in grapes.

Josh. 11. 21. Anah, a'-nah. Gen. 36. 2.

Anaharath, a-na'-har-ath. Josh. 19.19. Anaiah, an-ai' ah, Jehovah has answered. Neh. 8. 4.

Anak, a'-nak, long-necked (?). Num.

Anakim, a'-nak-im, a tribe called after Anak. Deut. 1. 28.

Anamim, a'-nam-im. Gen. 10. 13. Anammelech, a-nam'-me-lek, idol of the king (?), or shepherd and flock (?). 2 Kin. 17. 31.

Anan, a'-nan, a cloud. Neh. 10. 26. Anani, an-a'-ni, shortened form of Ananiah. 1 Chr. 3. 24.

Ananiah, an-an-i'-ah, whom Jehovah covers. Neh. 3. 23.

Ananias, an-an-i'-as, Greek form of Hananiah. Acts 5. 1.

Anath, a'-nath, an answer to prayer. Judg. 3. 31.

Anathema, an-ath'-em-ah, something accursed. 1 Cor. 16. 22.

Anathoth, a'-nath-oth, answers to prayer. Josh. 21. 18.

Andrew, an'-droo. Mark 1. 29. Andronicus, an'-dro-ni'-kus. Ron

16. 7.
Anem, a'-nem, same as En-gannim (?).

1 Chr. 6. 73. Aner, a'-ner, a young man (?). Gen.

14. 13.

Anethothite, a-neth'-oth-ite, or Anetothite, a-net'-oth-ite, a man of

Anathoth. 2 Sam. 23. 27. Aniam, a-ni'-am. 1 Chr. 7. 19.

Anim, a'-nim, fountains. Josh. 15. 50. Anna, an'-ah, grace. Luke 2. 36.

Annas, an'-as, Greek form of Hananiah. Luke 3. 2.

Antichrist, an'-ti-christ, adversary to Christ. 1 John 2. 18.

Antioch, an'-ti-ok, named in honour of Antiochus. Acts 6. 5.

Antipas, an'-tip-as, contraction of Antipater. Rev. 2. 13.

Antipatris, an'-tip-atr'-is, from the foregoing. Acts 23. 31.

Antothijah, an'-to-thi'-jah, prayers answered by Jehovah (?). 1 Chr. 8. 24.
Antothite, an'-toth-ite, a man of A-

nathoth. I Chr. 11. 28.

Anub, a'-noob, bound together (?). I

Chr. 4. 8.

Apelles, a-pel'-es. Rom. 16. 10.

Apharsachites, a-far'-sak-ites. Ezra 5. 6.

Aphek, a'-fek, strength. Josh. 12. 18. Aphekah, a'-fek-ah, same as preceding. Josh. 15. 53.

Aphiah, af-i'-ah. 1 Sam. 9. 1.

Aphik, a'-fik, same as Aphek. Judg.

Aphrah, af'-rah, dust. Mic. 1. 10. Aphses, af-sees, dispersion. I Chr. 24. I5.

Apollonia, ap'-ol-o'-ni-ah. Acts 17.1. Apollos, ap-ol'-os, another form of Apollonius or Apollodorus.

18. 24. Apollyon, ap-ol'-yon, one that ex-

terminates. Rev. o. 11. Appaim, ap-a'-im, the nostrils. I Chr. 2. 30.

Apphia, af'-yah, the Greek form of

Appia. Philem. 2.

Appli forum, ap'-py-i fo'-rum, forum or market place of Appius. 28, 15.

Aquila, ak'-wil-ah, an eagle. Acts 18.2. Ar, city. Num. 21, 15.

Ara, a'-ra, lion (?). 1 Chr. 7. 38.

Arab, a'-rab, ambush. Josh. 15. 52. Arabah, a'-rab-ah, a plain. Josh. 18. 18.

Arabia, a-ra'-bi-a. Gal. 1. 17. Arabian, a-ra'-bi-an, a person from Arabia. Neh. 2. 10.

Arad, a'-rad, wild ass. I Chr. 8. 15. Arah, a'-rah, wandering. I Chr. 7.

Aram, a'-ram, height. Gen. 10. 22. Aramitess, a'-ram-ite-ess, a female inhabitant of Aram. 1 Chr. 7. 14.

Aran, a'-ran, wild goat. Gen. 36, 28. Ararat, a'-ra-rat. Gen. 8. 4.

Araunah, a-raw'-nah, calf (?). 2 Sam. 24. 18.

Arba, or Arbah, ar'-bah. Gen. 35. 27. Arbathite, ar'-bath-ite. 1 Chr. 11, 32. Arbel, see Beth-Arbel.

Arbite, arb'-ite, an inhabitant of Arab. 2 Sam. 23. 35.

Archelaus, ar-ke-la'-us, prince. Mat.

Archevites, ar'-kev-ites, the men of Erech (?), q. v. Ezra 4. q.

Archi, ar'-ki, an inhabitant of Erech. Josh. 16. 2.

Archippus, ar-kip'-us, master of the horse. Col. 4. 17.

Archite, ark'-ite, a native of Erech. 2 Sam. 15. 32.

Arcturus, ark-tu'-rus, prohably the

constellations known as the Great Tob g. g. and Little Bear.

Ard, fugitive (?), Gen. 46, 21. Ardites, ard'-ites, descendants of Ard.

Num. 26. 40. Ardon, ar'-don, fugitive. 1 Chr. 2. 18. Areli, a-re'-li, heroic. Gen. 46, 16.

Arelites, a'-rel-ites, a family descended from Areli, Num. 26, 17.

Areopagite, a'-re-op'-ag-ite, belonging to the Conncil held on Areopagus.

Acts 17. 34. Areopagus, a'-re-op'-ag-us, hill of

Mars. Acts 17. 10. Aretas, ar'-e-tas, a husbandman (?).

2 Cor. 11, 32.

Argob, ar'-gobe, a rocky district. Deu.

Aridai, a-rid'-a-i. Est. 9. 9.

Aridatha, a-rid'-ath-ah. Est. 9. 8. Arieh, a-ri'-eh, lion. 2 Kin. 15. 25. Ariel, a'-ri-el, lion of God. Ezra 8. 16.

Arimathea, a'-rim-ath-ee'-ah, the same as Ramah. Mat. 27. 57.

Arioch, a'-ri-ok. Gen. 14. 1.

Arisai, a-ris'-a-i. Est. o. o. Aristarchus, a-ris-tark'-us, hest ruling.

Acts 10. 20.

Aristobulus, a-ris'-to-bewl'-us, hest counsellor. Rom. 16, 10. Arkite, ark'-ite, fugitive (?). Gen. 10.

Armageddon, ar'-ma-ged'-on, height

of Megiddo. Rev. 16, 16.

Armenia, ar-me'-ni-a, land of Aram. z Kin. 19. 37.

Armoni, ar-mo'-ni, belonging to a palace. 2 Sam. 21. 8.

Arnan, ar'-nan, active. I Chr. 3. 21. Arnon, ar'-non, swift. Num. 21. 13. Arod, a'-rod, wild ass. Num. 26. 17.

Arodi, a'-rod-i, same as preceding. Gen. 46. 16.

Arodites, a'-rod-ites, descendants of Arod. Num. 26. 17.

Aroer, ar'-o-er, ruins (?). Deu. 2. 36. Aroerite, ar-o'-er-ite, a man of Aroer.

1 Chr. 11. 44. Arpad, ar'-pad. 2 Kin. 18. 34.

Arphad, ar'-fad, same as preceding.

Is. 36. 19.

Arphaxad, ar-fax'-ad. Gen. 10. 22. Artaxerxees, ar'-ta-xerk'-ses, honoured king (?). Ezra 4. 8.

Artemas, ar'-te-mas, shortened form of Artemidorus (?). Tit. 3. 12.

Aruboth, a-roob'-oth, windows. Kin. 4. 10.

Arumah, a-room'-ah, elevated. Judg.

Arvad, ar'-vad, wandering. Ezek.27.8. Arvadites, ar'-vad-ites, inhabitants of

Arvad. Gen. 10. 18. Arza, ar'-zah, earth. I Kin. 16. 9.

Asa, a'-sah, physician. I Kin. 15. 8.
Asahel, a'-sa-hel, whom God made.
2 Sam. 2. 18.

Asahiah, a'-sah-i'-ah. 2 Kin. 22. 12.

Asaiah, a-sai ah. 1 Chr. 4. 36. Asaph, a'-saf, collector. 2 Kin. 18. 18.

I Chr. 6. 39. Asareel, a'-sar-e'-el, whom God has bound. I Chr. 4. 16.

Asarelah, a'-sar-el'-ah, same as Jes-

harelah. I Chr. 25. 2.

Asenath, a'-se-nath, she who is of Neith (i.e. a goddess of the Egyptians) (?). Gen. 41. 45.

Aser, a'-ser, same as Asher. Luke 2. 36. Ashan, a'-shan, smoke. Josh. 15. 42. Ashbea, ash'-be-ah, I conjure. I Chr. 4. 21.

Ashbel, ash'-bel, blame (?). Gen. 46.

Ashbelites, ash'-bel-ites, the descendants of Ashbel. Num. 26. 38.

Ashchenaz, ash'-ken-az, same as Ashkenaz. 1 Chr. 1. 6.

Ashdod, ash'-dod, a strong place. Josh. 15. 46.

Ashdodites, ash'-dod-ites, the inhabitants of Ashdod. Neh. 4. 7.

Ashdoth-pisgah, ash'-doth-piz'-gah, springs of Pisgah. Josh. 12. 3.

Ashdothites, ash'-deth-ites, same as Ashdodites. Josh. 13. 3. Asher, ash'-er, fortunate, happy. Gen.

30. 13. Asherah, ash er'-ah, the goddess Ash-

toreth. 2 Kin. 17. 10.

Asherites, a'-sher-ites, descendants of
Asher. Judg. 1. 32.

Ashima, ash'-im-a. 2 Kin. 17. 30. Ashkelon, ash'-kel-on, migration, Judg. 14. 10.

Ashkenaz, ash'-ken-az. Gen. 10. 3. Ashnah, ash'-nah, strong. Josh. 15. 33. Ashpenaz, ash'-pen-az. Dan. 1. 3. Ashriel, ash'-ri-el, same as Asriel.

I Chr. 7. 14. Ashtaroth, ash'-tar-oth, statues of

Ashtoreth. Josh. 9. 10.
Ashtorathite, ash-ter'-ath-ite, a native

Ashterathite, ash-ter'-ath-ite, a native of Ashteroth. 1 Chr. 11. 44.

Ashteroth karnaim, ash'-ter-oth kar-na'-im, Ashteroth of the two homs. Gen. 14. 5. Ashtoreth, ash-tor'-eth, she who en-

Ashtoreth, ash-tor-eth, she who e riches. I Kin. II. 5.

Ashur, ash'-oor. I Chr. 2. 24. Ashurites, ash'-oor-ites. 2 Sam. 2. 9.

Ashvath, ash'-vath. 1 Chr. 7. 33. Asia, a'-shah. Acts 2. 9.

Asiel, a'-si-el, created by God. 1 Chr. 4: 35.

Askelon, see Ashkelon. Judg. 1. 18. Asnah, as'-nah, bramble. Ezra 2. 50.

Asnapper, as nap'-er, same as Assurbani-pal, Assur has formed a son. Ezra 4. 10.

Aspatha, as'-pa-thah. Est. 9. 7. Asriel, as'-ri-el, the prohibition of God. Num. 26. 31.

Asrielites, as'-ri-el-ites, the family of Asriel. Num. 26. 31.

Asshur, ash'-oor, the gracious One (?). Gen. 10. 22.

Asshurim, ash-oor'-im. Gen. 25. 3. Assir, as'-eer, captive. Ex. 6. 24.

Assos, as'-os. Acts 20. 13.

Assyria, as-ir'-ya, the land so named from Asshur. Gen. 2. 14.

Assyrians, as-ir-yans, inhabitants of Assyria. Is. 10. 5.

Astaroth. as'-tar-oth, same as Ashtoreth. Deut. 1. 4.

Asuppim, a-soop'-im. I Chr. 26. 15. Asyncritus, a-sin'-krit-us, incompa-

rable. Rom. 16. 14. Atad, a'-tad, buckthorn. Gen. 50. 10. Atarah, a'-tar-ah, a crown. 1 Chr. 2. 26.

Atarah, a'-tar-ah, a crown. 1 Chr. 2. 26. Ataroth, a'-tar-oth, crowns. Num.

D". D

Ater, a'-ter, bound, shut up. Ezra 2, 16. Athach, a'-thak, lodging-place. I Sam. 30. 30.

Athaiah, a-thai'-ah, whom Jehovah made (?). Neh. 11. 4.

Athaliah, ath'-al-i'-ah, whom Jehovah has afflicted. 2 Kin. 8, 26.

Athlai, ath'-la-i, shortened form of Athaliah. Ezra 10. 28.

Athenians, ath-e'-ni-ans, natives of Athens, Acts 17, 21.

Athens, ath'-ens. Acts 17. 15.

Atroth, at'-roth, same as Ataroth.

Atroth, at'-roth, same as Ataroth Num. 32. 35.

Attai, at'-a-i, opportune. 1 Chr. 2. 35.
Attalia, at'-ta-li'-a, so called from Attalus, the royal founder of the city.
Acts 14. 25.

Augustus, aw-gust'-us, venerable. Luke 2. I.

Ava, a'-vah. 2 Kin. 17. 24.

Aven, a'-ven, nothingness. Ezek. 30.

Avim, av'-im, ruins. Josh. 18. 23. Avith, a'-vith. Gen. 36. 35.

Azal, a'-zal, root of a mountain.

Zech. 14. 5. Azaliah, a'-zal-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

has reserved. z Kin. 22. 3. Azaniah, a'-zan-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

hears. Neh. 10. 9. Azarael, a'-zar-a'-el, whom God helps.

Neh. 12. 36. Azareel, a'-zar-e'-el, same as preceding. 1 Chr. 12. 6.

Azariah, a'-zar-i'-ah, whom Jehovah aids. 2 Chr. 22. 6.

Azaz. a'-zaz, strong. 1 Chr. 5. 8. Azaziah, a'-zaz-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

Azazian, a-zaz-1-an, whom jenova strengthened. 1 Chr. 15. 21. Azbuk, az'-book. Neh. 3. 16.

Azekah, az'-ek-ah, dug over. Josh.

Azel, a'-zel, noble. I Chr. 8. 37.

Azem, a'-zem, strength, bone. Josh. 15. 29.

Azgad, az'-gad, strong in fortune. Ezra 2. 12.

Aziel, az'-i-el, whom God strengthens. I Chr. 15. 20.
Aziza, a-zi'-zah, strong. Ezra 10. 27.

Azmaveth, az-ma'-veth, strength (?). 2 Sam. 23. 31. Azmon, az'-mon, robust. Num. 34. 4.

Aznoth-tabor, az'-noth-ta'-bor, ears (i.e. summits) of Tabor. Josh. 19. 34.

Azor, a'-zor, helper. Mat. 1.13. Azotus, a-zo'-tus, the Greek form of

Ashdod. Acts 8, 40.
Azriel, az'-ri-el, help of God. 1 Chr.

5. 24. Azrikam, az-ri'-kam, help against an enemy. 1 Chr. 3. 23.

Azubah, a-zoob'-ah, forsaken. I Kin.

Azur, a'-zoor, same as Azor. Jer. 28.1. Azzah, az'-ah, strong, fortified. Deut. 2. 23.

Azzan, az'-an, strong. Num. 34. 26. Azzur, az'-oor, same as Azor. Neh. 10. 17.

Baal, ba'-al, lord, master, possessor, owner. Num. 22. 41.

Baalah, ba'-al-ah, mistress. Josh. 15.10. Baalath, ba'-al-ath, same as preceding. Josh. 19. 44.

Baalath-beer, ba'-al-ath-be'-er, having a well. Josh, 19. 8.

Baal-berith, ba'-al-be'-rith, lord of covenant. Judg. 8. 33.

Baale, ba'-al-ay, plural of Baal. 2 Sam. 6. 2.

Baal-gad, ba'-al-gad', lord of fortune.
Josh. 11. 17.

Baal-hamon, ba'-al-ha'-mon, place of a multitude. Cant. 8. 11.

Baal-hanan, ba'-al-ha'-nan, lord of benignity. Gen. 36. 38. Baal-hazor, ba'-al-ha'-zor, baving a

village. 2 Sam. 13. 23.
Bask-hermon ha/-ak-her/-mon place

Baal-hermon, ba'-al-her'-mon, place of Hermon. Judg. 3. 3.

Baali, ba'-al-i, my lord. Hos. 2. 16. Baalim, ba'-al-im, lords. Judg. 2. 11.

Baalis, ba'-al-is. Jer. 40. 14. Baal-meon, ba'-al-me'-on, place of

habitation. Num. 32. 38.

Baal-peor, ha'-al-pe'-or, lord of the opening. Num. 25. 3.

Baal-perazim, ba'-al-pe-raz'-im, place of breaches, 2 Sam. 5. 20.

Baal-shalisha, ha'-al-sha-lish'-ah, lord

(or place) of Shalisha. 2 Kin. 4. 42. Baal-tamar, ba'-al-ta'-mar, place of

palm trees. Judg. 20. 33. Baal-zebub, ba'-al-ze'-booh, lord of

Baal-zebub, ba'-al-ze'-hooh, lord of flies. 2 Kin. 1. 2.

Baal-zephon, ba'-al-zeph'-on, place of Zephon, or sacred to Zephon. Ex. 14. 2.

Baana, ba'-a-nah. 1 Kin. 4, 12.

Baanah, ba'-a-nah. 2 Sam. 4. 2.

Baara, ba'-a-rah, foolish. 1 Chr. 8. 8. Baaseiah, ba'-as-i'-ah, work of Jehovah.

1 Chr. 6. 40.

Baasha, ha'-ash-ah, wicked (?). 1 Kin.
15. 16.

Babel, ba'-bel, confusion. Gen. 11. 9.

Babylon, bab'-il-on, Greek form of
Babel. 2 Kin. 20, 12.

Babylonish, bab'-il-one-ish, of, or belonging to, Babylon. Josh. 7. 21.

Baca, ba'-kah, weeping. Ps. 84. 6. Bachrites, hak'-rites, the family of

Becher. Num. 26. 35.

Baharumite, ba-har'-oom-ite, an inhabitant of Bahurim. 1 Chr. 11. 33. Bahurim, ba-hoor'-im, (town of)

young men. 2 Sam. 16. 5. Bajith, ba'-jith (same as Beth), house.

Is. 15. 2.

Parbartan balabar as Demy, nouse.

Bakbakkar, bak-bak'-ar. 1 Chr. 9.15. Bakhuk, bak'-book, a bottle. Ezr. 2.51.

Bakhukiah, hak'-book-i'.ah, emptying (i.e. wasting) of Jehovah. Neh. 11.

Balaam, ba'-lam, destruction (?). Num.

Balac, ha'-lac, same as Balak. Rev. 2. 14.

Baladan, ba'-la-dan, He has given a son. 2 Kin. 20, 12.

Balah, ba'-lah. Josh. 19. 3.

Balak, ha'-lak, to make empty. Num.

Bamah, ba'-mah, high place. Ezek.

Bamoth, ba'-moth, high places. Num. 21. 19.

Bamoth-baal, ba'-moth-ba'-al, h. p. of Baal. Josh. 13. 17.

Bani, ba'-ni, built. 2 Sam. 23. 36. Barabbas, ba-rab'-as, son of Abba or father. Mark 15. 7.

Barachel, ha'-rak-el, whom God blessed. Job 32. 6.

Barachias, ba'-rak-i'-as, whom Je-

hovah blesses. Mat. 23. 35.

Barak, ba'-rak, thunderbolt, lightning,
Judg. 4. 6.

Barhumite, har'-hoom-ite, same as Baharumite. 2 Sam. 23. 31.

Bariah, ba-ri'-ah, s fugitive. I Chr.

Bar-jesus, bar-je'-sus, son of Jesus. Acts 13. 6.

Bar-jona, bar-jo'-nah, s. of Jona. Mat. 16. 17.

Barkos, bar'-kos, painter (?). Ezra 2. 53.

Barnabas, bar na bas, son of exhortation. Acts 4.36.

Barsabas, bar-sa-bas, s. of Seba. Acts 1. 23.

Bartholomew, bar-thol'-o-mew, s. of Talmai. Mat. 10. 3.

Bartimæus, bar'-ti-me'-us, s. of Timai. Mark 10.46.

Baruch, ba'-rook, blessed. Jer. 32.12. Barzillai, bar-zil'-a-i, of iron. 2 Sam. 17.27.

Bashan, ba'-shan, soft rich soil. Num. 21. 33.

Bashan-havoth-jair, ba'-shan-hav'oth-ja'-yir, Bashan of the villages of Jair. Dent. 3. 14.

Bashemath, ba'-shem-ath, sweetsmelling. Gen. 26. 34.

Basmath, same as Bashemath. 1 Kin. 4. 15.

Bath-rabbim, bath-rab'-im, daughter of many. Cant. 7. 4.

of many. Cant. 7. 4. Bath-sheba, bath'-shebah, d. of the oath. 2 Sam. 11. 3.

Bath-shua, bath-shoo-ah. I Chr. 3. 5.

Bavai, ba'-va-i. Neh. 3. 18. Bazlith, baz'-lith, a making naked (?).

Neh. 7. 54. Bazluth, baz'-looth, same as Bazlith.

Ezra 2. 52. Bealiah, be'-al-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

rules. 1 Chr. 12. 5.

Bealoth, be'-al-oth, citizens (?), plural of Baalah. Josh. 15. 24.
Bebai, be'-ba-i. Ezra 8. 11.

Becher, be'-ker, a young camel. Gen. 46. 21.

Bechorath, be-kor'-ath, offspring of the first birth. I Sam. 9. I. Bedad. be'-dad. separation, part.

Bedad, be'-dad, separation, part. Gen. 36. 35.

Bedan, be'-dan, son of Dan (?). I Sam.

Bedeiah, be-di'-ah. Ezra 10. 35. Beeliada, be-el'-ya-dah', whom Baal

has known. I Chr. 14. 7. Beelzebub, be-el'-ze-bub', same as Baalzebub. Mat. 10. 25.

Beera, be-er, a well. Num. 21. 16. Beera, be-er-ah, same as Beer. 1

Chr. 7. 37. Beerah, be-er-ah, same as Beer.

Chr. £. 6. Beer-elim, be'-er-el'-im, well of heroes.

Is. 15. 8. Beeri, be'-er-i, man of the w. Gen.

26. 34.

Beer-lahai-roi, be'-er-la-ha'-i-ro'-i, w. of vision (of God) to the living. Gen. 16. 14.

Beeroth, be-er'-oth, wells. Josh. 9. 17. Beerothite, be-er'-oth-ite, a native of Beeroth. 2 Sam. 23. 37.

Beer-sheba, be'-er-she'-bah, well of the oath. Gen. 21. 31.

Beesh terah, be-esh'-te-rah, honse or temple of Astarte (?). Josh. 21. 27. Behemoth, be-he'-moth, the water-

ox. Job 40. 15. Bekah, be'-kah, part, half. Ex. 38. 26.

Bel, bel, another form of Baal. Is. 46. I. Bela, be'-lah, destruction. Gen. 14. z. Belah, be'-lah, same as Bela. Gen. 46.21.

Belaites, be'-la-ites, descendants of Bela. Num. 26. 38.

Belial, be'-li-al, worthless. Den. 13. 13. Belshazzar, bel-shaz'-ar, Bel protects.
Dan. 5. 1.

Belteshazzar, bel'-te-shaz'-ar, preserve his life. Dan. 1. 7.

Ben, ben, son. 1 Chr. 15. 18.

Benaiah, ben-ai'-ah, whom Jehovah has bnilt. 2 Sam. 8. 18.

Ben-ammi, ben'-am'-i, son of my own kindred. Gen. 10. 38.

Bene-berak, be-ne'-be-rak', sons of Barak, or of lightning. Josh. 19. 45. Bene-jaakan, be-ne-ja'-ak-an, s. of Iaakan. Num. 33. 31.

Ben-hadad, ben-ha'-dad, son of Hadad. I Kin. 15, 18,

Ben-hail, ben-ha'-yil, s. of the host. 2 Chr. 17. 7.

Ben-hanan, ben-ha'-nan, s. of one who is gracions. I Chr. 4. 20.

Beninu, be-ni'-noo, our s. Neh. 10. 13. Benjamin, ben'-ja-min, s. of the right hand, i.e. fortunate. Gen. 35, 18.

Benjamite, ben'-jam-ite, a man of the tribe of Benjamin. Jud. 20. 35.

Beno, ben-o', his s. 1 Chr. 24. 26. Ben-oni, ben-o'-ni, s. of my sorrow. Gen. 35. 18.

Ben-zoheth, ben-zo'-heth, s. of Zoheth. 1 Chr. 4, 20.

Beon, be'-on, contracted from Baalmeon. Num. 32. 3.

Beor, be'-or. Gen. 36. 32.

Bera, be'-rah. Gen. 14. 2. Berachah, be-rak'-ah, blessing. 1 Chr.

12. 3. Berachiah, be'-rak-i'-ah, whom Jeho-

vah hath blessed. I Chr. 6. 39. Beraiah, be-rai'-ah, whom Jehovah

created. r Chr. 8. 21. Berea, be-re'-ah. Acts 17. 10.

Berechiah, be'-rek-i'-ah, same as Berachiah. 1 Chr. 3. 20.

Bered, be'-red, hail. Gen. 16. 14. Beri, be'-ri, man of the well. 1 Chr

Beri, be'-ri, man of the well. 1 Chr. 7.36.

Beriah, be-ri'-ah, in evil (?). Gen. 46: 17. Beriites, be-ri'-ites, descendants of

Beriah. Num. 26. 44.

Berites, ber'-ites. 2 Sam. 20. 14. Berith, be'-rith, a covenant Judg. 9. 46.

Bernice, ber-ni'-see, Victoria. Acts 25. 13. Berodach-baladan, be'-ro-dak-bal'-a-

Berodach-baladan, be'-ro-dak-bal'-adan, Berodach (same as Merodach) has given a son. 2 Kin. 20. 12.

Berothah, be'-roth-ah, wells. Ezek. 47. 16.

Berothai, be'-roth-a-i, my wells. 2 | Sam. 8. 8.

Berothite, be-roth-ite, same as Beerothite, I Chr. 11. 39.

Besai, be'-sa-i, sword(?), or victory(?). Ezra 2, 49.

Besodeiah, be'-sod-i'-ah, in the secret of Jehovah. Neh. 3. 6.

Besor, be'-sor, cool. I Sam. 30, 9.
Betah be'-tah gouldence 2 Sam 8 8.

Betah, be'-tah, confidence. 2Sam. 8.8. Beten, be'-ten. Tosh. 19, 25.

Bethabara, beth-ab'-ar-ah, house of

passage. John 1. 28. Beth-anath, beth'-an-ath, echo. Josh.

19. 38. Beth-anoth, beth'-an-oth. Josh. 15.59.

Bethany, beth'-an-y, house of dates.

Mat. 21. 17.

Beth applied both and about 4 of

Beth-arabah, beth-ar'-ah-ah, h. of the desert. Josh. 15. 6. Beth-aram, beth-a'-ram, h. of the

height. Josh. 13. 27.
Beth-arbel, beth-arb'-el, h. of the

ambush of God. Hos. 10. 14.

Beth-aven, beth-a'-ven, h. of vanity

(i.e. of idels). Josh 7.

(i.e. of idols). Josh. 7. z. Beth-azmaveth, heth'-az-ma'-veth, h.

of strength. Neh. 7. 28. Beth-baal-meon, heth'-ha'-al-me-on', h. of Baal-meon. Josh. 13. 17.

Beth-barah, beth-ba'-rah, same as Bethabara. Judg. 7. 24.

Beth-birei, beth-bir-i, h. of my creation. I Chr. 4. 31.

Beth-car, beth'-kar, h. of pasture. I

Beth-dagon, beth-da'-gon, h. of Dagon. Josh, 15, 41.

Beth-diblathaim, beth'-dib-la-tha'im, h. of the two cakes. Jer. 48. 22.

Beth-el, beth'-el, h. of God. Gen. 12. 8. Bethelite, heth'-el-ite, a native of Bethel. I Kin. 16. 34.

Beth-emek, beth-e'-mek, h. of the valley. Josh. 19. 27.

Bether, be ther, separation. Cant. 2.

Bethesda, beth-esd'-ah, house of mercy. John 5. 2.

Beth-ezel, beth-e'-zel, h. of firmness (?). Mic. 1.11.

Beth-gader, beth-ga'-der, h. of the wall. I Chr. 2. 51.

Beth-gamul, beth-ga'-mool, h. of the weaned. Jer. 48. 23.

Beth-haccerem, beth'-hak-er'-em, h. of the vineyard. Neh. 3. 14.

Beth-haran, beth-ha'-ran. Num.32.36. Beth-hoglah, beth-hog'-lah, h. of the

partridge. Josh. 15 6.

Beth-horon, beth-ho'-ron, h. of the hollow. Josh. 10. 10.

Beth-jesimoth, beth-je-shim'-oth, h.

of the deserts. Num. 33. 49. Beth-lebaoth, beth-le-ha'-oth, h. of

lionesses. Josh. 19. 6. Beth-lehem, beth'-le-hem, h. of bread.

Gen. 35. 19.

Beth-lehem Ephratah, beth'-le-hem

ef'-ra-tah, B.the fruitful (?). Mic. 5. 2. Bethlehemite, beth'-le-hem-ite, a man

of Bethlehem. 1 Sam. 16. 1. Beth-lehem-judah, beth'-le-hem-joo'-

dah, B. of Judah. Judg. 17. 7. Beth-maachah, beth'-ma'-ak-ah, house

of Maachah. 2 Sam. 20. 14.

Beth-marcaboth, heth'-mar'-kah-oth,
h. of chariots. Josh. 19. 5.

Beth-meon, heth-me'-on, h. of habi-

tation. Jer. 48. 23. Beth-nimrah, heth'-nim'-rah, h. of sweet water. Num. 32. 36.

Beth-palet, beth'-pa'-let, h. of escape, or of Pelet. Josh. 15. 27.

Beth-pazzez, beth'-paz'-ez, h. of dispersion. Josh. 19. 21.

Beth-peor, beth'-pe'-or, temple of

Peor. Den. 3. 29. Bethphage, beth'-fa-jee, house of unripe figs. Mat. 21. 1.

Beth-phelet, beth'-fe'-let, same as Bethpalet. Neh. 11. 26.

Beth-rapha, beth'-ra'-fah, house of Rapha. I Chr. 4, 12.

Beth-rehob, beth'-re'-hob, h. of Rehob.

Judg. 18. 28. Bethsaida, beth'-sai'-dah, k. of fishing.

Mat. 11. 21. Beth-shan, beth'-shan', h. of rest. 1 Sam. 31. 10.

Beth-shean, beth'-she'-an, same as Bethshan. Josh. 17. 11. Beth-shemesh, beth'-she'-mesh, h. of the sun. Josh. 15. 10.

Bethshemite, beth'-shem'-ite, a native of Bethshemesh. 1 Sam. 6. 14.

Beth-shittah, beth'-shit'-ah, h. of acacias. Judg. 7. 2z.

Beth-tappuah, beth'-tap-oo'-ah, h. of apples. Josh. 15. 53.

Bethuel, beth'-oo'-el, h. of God. Gen.

Bethul, beth-ool', same as Bethel (?).
Josh. 19. 4.

Beth-zur, beth'-zoor', house of the rock. Josh. 15. 58.

Betonim, be-to'-nim, pistachio nuts.

Josh. 13. 26. Beulah, be-ool'-ah, married. Is. 62. 4.

Bezai, be'-za-i. Ezra 2. 17.
Bezaleel, be-zal'-e-el, in the shadow of God (?). Ex. 31. 2.

Bezer, be'-zek, lightning (?). Judg. 1.4. Bezer, be'-zer, ore of precious metal.

Deu. 4. 43. Bichri, bik'-ri, young. 2 Sam. 20. 1. Bidkar, bid'-kar, cleaver (?). 2 Kin.

9. 25. Bigtha, big'-thah. Est. 1. 10.

Bigthan, big'-than, given by God. Est. 2. 21.

Bigthana, big'-than-ah, same as Bigthan. Est. 6. 2.

Bigvai, big'-va-i. Ezra 2. 2.

Bildad, bil' dad, son of contention (?). Job 2. 11.

Bileam, bil'-e-am, same as Balaam (?), or Ibleam (?). 1 Chr. 6. 70.

Bilgah, bil'-gah, cheerfulness. I Chr. 24. 14.

Bilgai, bil'-ga-i, same as Bilgah. Neh. 10. 8.

Bilhah, bil'-hah, modesty. Gen. 29. 29. Bilhan, bil'-han, modest. Gen. 36. 27. Bilshan, bil'-shan, seeker(?). Ezra 2. 2. Pinhal, bin' hal.

Bimhal, bim'-hal. I Chr. 7. 33. Binea, bi'-ne-ah. I Chr. 8. 37.

Binnui, bin'-oo-i, a building. Ezra 8. 33.

Birsha, bir'-shah. Gen. 14. 2.

Birzavith, bir'-za-vith, wounds (?).
I Chr. 7. 31.

Bishlam, bish'-lam. Ezra 4. 7.

Bithiah, bith-i'-ah, daughter (i.e. worshipper) of Jehovah. 1 Chr. 4. 18. Bithron, bith'-ron, a broken place.

2 Sam. 2. 29.

Bithynia, bi-thin'-yah. Acts 16. 7. Bizjothjah, biz-joth'-jah, contempt of Jehovah. Josh. 15. 28.

Biztha, biz'-thah. Est. 1. 10.

Blastus, blast'-us, a shoot. Acts 12.20. Boanerges, bo'-an-er'-jes, sons of thunder. Mark 3.17.

Boaz, bo'-az, fleetness. Ruth 2. 1.

Bocheru, bo'-ke-roo, firstborn (?).
I Chr. 8. 38.

Bochim, bo'-kim, weepers. Judg. 2. 1. Bohan, bo'-han, thumb (?). Josh. 15. 6. Booz, bo'-oz, same as Boaz. Mat. 1. 5. Boscath, bos'-kath, stony, elevated ground. 2 Kin. 22. 1.

Bosor, bo'-sor, Greek and Aramaic form of Beor. 2 Pet. 2. 15.

Bozez, bo'-zez, shining. I Sam. 14. 4. Bozkath, boz'-kath, same as Boscath. Josh. 15. 30.

Bozrah, boz'-rah, sheepfold. Gen. 36.

33. Bukki, book'-i, wasting. Num. 34. z2. Bukkiah, book-i'-ah, wasting from

Jehovah. 1 Chr. 25. 4. Bul, bool, rain. 1 Kin. 6. 38.

Bunah, boon'-ah, prudence. 1 Chr.2.25. Bunni, boon'-i, built. Neh. 9. 4.

Buz, booz, contempt. Gen. 22. 21. Buzi, booz'-i, descended from Buz.

Ezek. 1. 3. Buzite, booz'- ite, a descendant of

Buz. Job 32. 2.

Cabbon, kab'-on, cake. Josh. 15. 40. Cabul, kab'-ool, displeasing (?). Josh. 19. 27.

Cæsar, see'-zar. Mat. 22. 17.

Cæsarea, see'-zar-e'-a, named after Augustus Cæsar. Acts 8. 40.

Cæsarea Philippi, see'-zar e'-a filip'-i, named after Philip the tetrarch. Mat. 16. 13.

Caiaphas, kai'-a-fas, depression (?). Mat. 26. 3.

Cain, kane, possession. Gen. 4. 1. Josh. 15. 57.

Cainan, ka-i'-nan, possessor. Gen. 5.9. | Calah, ka'-lah. Gen. 10. 11. Calcol, kal'-kol. 1 Chr. 2. 6.

Caleb, ka'-leb, a dog. Num. 26. 65. Caleb-ephratah, ka'-leb-ef'-rat-ah, C. the fruitful. I Chr. 2. 24.

Calneh, kal'-nay. Gen. 10. 10.

Calno, kal'-no, same as Calneh. Is. 10. 9.

Calvary, kal'-va-ry, skull. Luke 23. 33. Camon, ka'-mon, abounding in stalks. Judg. 10. 5.

Cana, ka'-nah. John 2. 1.

Canaan, ka'-nan, low region. Gen. o.

Canaanite, ka'-nan-ite, a zealot. Mark 3. 18.

Canaanites, ka'-nan-ites, inhabitants of Canaan. Jud. 1. 1.

Canaanitess, ka'-nan-ite-ess, feminine of preceding. I Chr. 2. 3.

Candace, kan'-da-see. Acts 8. 27. Canneh, kan'-ay, probably same as

Calneh. E2ek. 27. 23. Capernaum, ka-per'-na-um, city of

consolation (?). Mat. 4. 13. Caphthorim, kaf'-thor-im, same as

Caphtorim. 1 Chr. 1. 12. Caphtor, kaf'-tor. Deu. 2. 23.

Caphtorim, kaf'-tor-im, inhabitants of Caphtor. Gen. 10. 14.

Cappadocia, kap'-ad-o'-sha. Acts 2.9. Carcas, kar'-kas. Est. 1. 10.

Carchemish, kar'-kem-ish, fortress of Chemosh. Jer. 46. 2.

Careah, ka-re'-ah, bald. 2 Kin. 25. 23. Carmel, karm'-el, park. Josh. 12. 22. Carmelite, karm'-el-ite, a native of Carmel. 1 Sam. 30. 5.

Carmelitess, karm'-el-ite-ess, feminine of preceding. I Sam. 27. 3. Carmi, karm'-i, a vine-dresser.

46. 9. Carmites, karm'-ites, descendants of

Carmi. Num. 26. 6.

Carpus, karp'-us, fruit (?). 2 Tim. 4. 13. Carshena, kar'-shen-ah. Est. 1. 14. Casiphia, ka-sif'-yah, silver (?). E2ra

8. 17. Casluhim, kas'-loo-him. Gen. 10. 14. Castor, kas'-tor. Acts 28. 11.

Cedron, seed'-ron, same as Kidron. Tohn 18, 1.

Cenchrea, sen'-kre-ah, millet, small pulse. Acts 18, 18,

Cephas, see'-fas, stone. John 1. 42. Chalcol, kal'-kol, same as Calcol,

Kin. 4. 31. Chaldea, kal-de'-ah. Jer. 50. 10.

Chaldeans, kal-de'-ans, inhabitants of Chaldea. Job 1. 17.

Chaldees, kal-dees', same as preceding. Gen. 11. 28.

Chanaan, ka'-nan, another form of Canaan. Acts 7. 11.

Charashim, kar'-ash-im, craftsmen, I

Chr. 4. 14. Charchemish, same as Carchemish.

2 Chr. 35. 20. Charran, kar'-an, same as Haran.

Acts 7. 2. Chebar, ke'-bar, great (?). Ezek. 1. 1.

Chedorlaomer, ke'-dor-la'-o-mer, glory of — (?). Gen. 14. 1.

Chelal, ke'-lal, completion. Ezra 10. 30. Chelluh, kel'-oo. Ezra 10. 35.

Chelub, kel'-oob, bird-trap. 1 Chr. 4. I1.

Chelubai, kel'-oob-a'-i, same as Caleb. I Chr. 2. 0.

Chemarims, kem'-ar-ims, persons dressed in black attire. Zeph. 1. 4. Chemosh, keem'-osh, subduer. Num. 21. 20.

Chenaanah, ke-na'-an-ah, probably

fem. of Canaan. I Kin. 22. 11. Chenani, ke-nane'-i, probably same as Chenaniah. Neh. 9. 4.

Chenaniah, ke'-nan-i'-ah, whom Jehovah supports. 1 Chr. 15. 22.

Chephar-haammonai, ke-far'-ha-am'on-a'-i, village of the Ammonites. Josh. 18. 24.

Chephirah, ke-fi'-rah, same as Caphar. Josh. 9. 17.

Cheran, ke'-ran. Gen. 36. 26.

Cherethims, ke'-reth-ims, Cretans (?). Ezek. 25. 16.

Cherethites, ke'-reth-ites, probably same as preceding. 2 Sam. 8. 18. Cherith, ke'-rith, gorge (?). I Kin.

17. 3.

Cherub, cher'-ub, blessing(?), strong(?). Ezra 2, 50.

Cherubim, cher-oob-im, plural of Cherub. Gen. 3. 24.

Chesalon, kes'-al-on, hope. Josh, 15.

Chesed, ke'-sed, conqueror(?). Gen.

Chesil, ke'-sil, a fool. Josh. 15. 30. Chesulloth, ke-sool'-oth, confidences.

Tosh. 19, 18.

Chezib, ke'-zib, false. Gen. 38. 5. Chidon, ki'-don, javelin. 1 Chr. 13. 9. Chileab, kil'-e-ab, probably another

form of Caleb. 2 Sam. 3. 3. Chilion, kil'-yon, wasting away. Ruth

I. 2.

Chilmad, kil'-mad. Ezek. 27. 23. Chimham, kim'-ham, longing. 2 Sam. 19. 37.

Chinnersth, kin'-er-eth, a lyre. Josh. 19. 35.

Chinneroth, kin'-er-oth, plural of Chinnereth. Josh. 11. 2.

Chios, ki'-os. Acts 20, 15.

Chisleu, kis'-lew. Neh. 1. 1.

Chislon, kis'-lon, confidence, hope, Num 34. 21.

Chisloth-tabor. kis'- loth - ta'- bor. flanks (?) of Tabor. Josh. 19. 12. Chittim, kit'-im, probably Cyprus.

Num. 24, 24.

Chiun, ki'-oon, image. Amos 5. 26.

Chloe, klo'-ee, 1 Cor. 1. 11. Chor-ashan, kor-ash'-an, smoking furnace. I Sam. 30. 30.

Chorazin, ko-ra'-zin. Mat. 11. 21. Chozéba, ko'-ze-bah, deceiver, 1 Chr.

Christ, the anointed, Greek for Messiah. Mat. 1. 1.

Chub, choob. Ezek. 30. 5.

Chun, choon, establishment. 1 Chr. 18. 8.

Chushan-rishathaim, koosh'-an-risha-tha'-im. Judg. 3. 8.

Chuza, koo'-zah. Luke 8. 3.

Cilicia, si-lish'-ya. Acts 15. 23.

Cinneroth, kin'-er-oth, same as Chinneroth. 1 Kin. 15. 20.

Cis, sis. Acts 13. 21, same as Kish.

Clauda, klawd'-ah. Acts 27. 16. Claudia, klawd'-yah. 2 Tim. 4. 21.

Claudius, klawd'-yus. Acts 11. 28. Clement, klem'-ent. Phil. 4. 3.

Cleopas, kle'-op-as, either a shortened form of Cleopatros, or a Greek form of Alphæus. Luke 24. 18.

Cleophas, kle'-of-as, probably same as

preceding. John 19. 25. Cnidus, kni'-dns, nettle (?). 27. 7.

Col-hozeh, kol-ho'-zeh, every one that seeth. Neh. 3. 15. Colosse, ko-los'-ee. Col. 1. 2.

Colossians, ko-los'-vans, people of Colosse.

Conaniah. 2 Chr. 35. 9, same as Cononiah.

Coniah, ko-ni'-ah, contracted from Jeconiah. Jer. 22, 24.

Cononiah, kon-on-i'-ah, whom Jehovah has set up. 2 Chr. 31. 12.

Coos, ko'-os. Acts 21. 1. Core, ko'-re, Greek form of Korah, Jude 11.

Corinth, kor'-inth. Acts 18. 1.

Corinthians, kor-inth'-yans, inhabitants of Corinth. Acts 18.8.

Cornelius, kor-neel'-yus. Acts 10. 1. Cosam, ko'-sam. Luke 3. 28. Coz, koz, thorn. 1 Chr. 4. 8.

Cozbi, kos'-bi, deceitful. Num. 25. 15. Crescens, kres'-ens. 2 Tim. 4. 10.

Crete, kreet. Acts 27. 7.

Cretes or Cretians, kreet'-yans, inhabitants of Crete. Acts 2. 11. Tit. I. 12.

Crispus, krisp'-us, curled. Acts 18.8. Cumi, koom'-i, arise. Mark 5. 41. Cush, koosh, black. Gen. 10, 6.

Cushan, koosh'-an, same meaning as Cush. Hab. 3. 7.

Cushi, koosh'-i, same meaning as Cush. 2 Sam. 18. 21.

Cuth, kootb. 2 Kin. 17. 30.

Cuthah, kooth'-ah, same as Cuth. 2 Kin. 17. 24.

Cyprus, si'-prus. Acts 4. 36. Cyrene, si-re'-nee. Mat. 27. 32.

Cyrenian, si-reen'-van, a native of Cyrene. Acts 6, o.

Cyrenius, si-reen'-yus, Greek form of the Roman name Quirinus. Luke 2.2. Cyrus, si'-rns, the sun. 2 Chr. 36. 22.

Dabareh, da'-bar-ay, pasture. Josh. 21, 28.

Dabbasheth, dab-ash'-eth, hump of a camel. Josh. 19. 11.
Daberath da'-ber-ath Josh 10. 12.

Daberath, da'-ber-ath. Josh. 19. 12, same as Dabareh.

Dagon, da'-gon, fish. Jud. 16. 23. Dalaiah, da-lai'-ah, whom Jehovah hath delivered. 1 Chr. 3. 24.

Dalmanutha, dal' - ma - noo' - thah. Mark 8. 10.

Dalmatia, dal'-ma'-shah. 2 Tim. 4. 10. Dalphon, dal'-fon, proud(?). Est. 9. 7. Damaris, dam'-ar-is, calf(?). Acts

17. 34.

Damascenes, dam'-as-eens', people of Damascus. 2 Cor. 11. 32. Damascus, dam-ask'-us, activity (?).

Damaseus, dam-ask'-us, activity (f) Gen. 14. 15.

Dan, dan, judge. Gen. 30. 6.

Dan-jaan, dan'-ja'-an, woodland (?) Dan. 2 Sam. 24. 6.

Daniel, dan'-yel, God's judge. Dan. 1.6. Danitos, dan'-ites, descendants of Dan. Judg. 13. 2.

Dannah, dan'-ah. Josh. 15. 49.

Dara, da'-rah, probably contracted from the next word. 1 Chr. 2. 6. Darda, dar'-dah, pearl of wisdom (?).

1 Kin. 4. 31.

Darius, da-ri'-us, governor (?). Ezra

Darkon, dark'-on, scatterer (?). Ezra 2.56.

Dathan, da'-than. Num. 16. 1.
David, da'-vid, beloved. 1 Sam. 16. 19.
Debir, de'-ber, a recess. Josh. 10. 3.
Deborah, deb'-or-ah, hee. Judg. 4. 4.
Decapolis, de-ka'-pol-is, ten cities.

Mat. 4. 25. Dedan, de'-dan. Gen. 10. 7.

Dedanim, de'-dan-im, inhabitants of Dedan. Is. 21. 13.

Dehavites, de'-hav-ites. Ezra 4.9. Dekar, de'-kar, piercing. I Kin. 4.9. Delaiah, de-lai'-ah, whom Jehovah has freed. I Chr. 24. 18.

Delilah, de-li'-lah, delicate. Judg. 16.

Demas, de'-mas, probably same as following. Col. 4. 14.

Demetrius, de-me'-tri-us, belonging to Demeter. Acts 10, 24.

Derbe, der'-bee, juniper (?). Acts 14.6. Deuel. doo'-el. the same as Reuel (?).

Num. 1. 14. Deuteronomy, a recapitulation of the

law.

Diana, di-an'-ah. Acts 19. 24.

Diblaim, dib-la'-im, two cakes. Hos. 1. 3.

Diblathaim, dib-lath-a'-im, same as Diblaim. Num. 33. 46.

Diblath, dib'-lath, supposed to be the same as Riblah. Ezek. 6.14.

Dibon, di'-bon, wasting. Num. 21. 30. Dibon-gad, di'-bon-gad', wasting of Gad. Num. 33. 45.

Dibri, dib'-ri, eloquent. Lev. 24. 11. Didymus, did'-im-us, twin. John 11.

Diklah, dik'-lah, a palm tree. Gen.

10. 27.
Dilean, dil'-e-an, cucumber field (?).
Josh. 15. 38.

Dimnah, dim'-nah, dunghill. Josh. 21.

Dimon, di'-mon, same as Dibon. Is.

Dimonah, di-mo'-nah, prohably same as preceding. Josh. 15. 22. Dinah, di'-nah, vindicated. Gen. 30. 21.

Dinaites, di'-na-ites. Ezra 4. 9.

Dinhabah, din'-hab-ah. Gen. 36. 32. Dionysius, di'-o-nis'-yus, belonging to Dionysus. Acts 17. 34.

Diotrophes, di-ot'-ref-ees, nourished by Zeus. 3 John 9.

Dishan, di'-shan, antelope (?). Gen. 36.

Dishon, di'-shon, same as preceding. Gen. 36. 21.

Dizahab, di'-za-hab, a place abounding in gold (?). Deu. 1. 1.

Dodai, do'-da-i, loving. 1 Chr. 27. 4. Dodanim, do'-dan-im. Gen. 10. 4. Dodavah, do'-dav-ah, love of Jehovah.

odavah, do'-dav-ah, love of Jenov 2 Chr. 20. 37. Dodo, do'-do, same as Dodai. 2 Sam.

Doeg, do'-eg, anxious. I Sam. 21. 7. Dophkah, dof'-kah. Num. 33. 12. Dor, dor, dwelling. Josh, 11. 2.

Doreas; dor'-kas, gazelle. Acts 9. 36.

Dothan, do'-than, two wells or cisterns. Gen. 37. 17.

Drusilla, droo-sil'-ah. Acts 24. 24. Dumah, doom'-ah, silence. Gen.25.14. Dura, doo'-rah, town. Dan. 3. 1.

Ebal, e'-bal, stony (?). Gen. 36. 23. Ebed, e'-bed, servant. Judg. 9. 26. Ebed-melech, e'-bed-me'-lek, servant of the king. Jer. 38. 7.

Eben-ezer, e'-ben-e'-zer, stone of help. I Sam. 4. I.

Eber, e'-ber, the region beyond. Gen.

Ebiasaph, e-bi'-a-saf, same as Abiasaph. I Chr. 6. 23.

Ebronah, eb-ro'-nah, passage (?). Num.

33. 34. Ecclesiastes, ek-lee'-zy-ast'-ees, preacher.

Ed, witness. Josh. 22. 34.

Edar, e'-dar, flock. Gen. 35. 21. Eden, e'-den, pleasantness. Gen. 2. 8. Eder, e'-der, flock, same as Edar.

1 Chr. 23. 23.

Edom, e'-dom, red. Gen. 25. 30. Edomites, e'-dom-ites, inhabitants of

Edom. Gen. 36. 9.
Edrei, ed'-re-i, strong. Num. 21. 33.
Eglah, eg'-lah, heifer. 2 Sam. 3. 5.
Eglaim, eg-la'-im, two pools. Is. 15. 8.
Eglon, eg'-lon. Judg. 3. 12.

Egypt, e'-jipt, black. Gen. 12. 10. Egyptian, e-jip'-shan, a native of Egypt. 1 Sam. 30. 11.

Ehi, e'-hi, shortened from Ahiram. Gen. 46. 21.

Ehud, e'-hud, joined together (?).
Judg. 3. 15.

Eker, e'-ker, same as Achar. I Chr.

Ekron, ek'-ron, eradication. Josh.

Ekronites, ek'-ron-ites, inhabitants of Ekron. Josh. 13. 3.

Eladah, el'-a-dah, whom God clothes.
I Chr. 7. 20.

Elah, e'-lah, terebinth. Gen. 36. 41. Elam. e'-lam. Gen. 10. 22.

Elamites, e'-lam-ites, inhabitants of Elam. Ezra 4. o.

Elasah, el'-a-sah, whom God made. Ezra 10. 22.

Elath, e'-lath, a grove. Deu. 2. 8.

El-beth-el, el-beth'-el, the house of God. Gen. 35. 7.

Eldaah, el'-da-ah, whom God called. Gen. 25. 4.

Eldad, el'-dad, whom God loves. Num. 11. 26.

Elead, el'-e-ad, whom God praises. 1 Chr. 7. 21.

Elealeh, el'-e-a'-lay, whither God ascends. Num. 32. 3.

Eleasah, el-e'-a-sah', same as Elasah.
1 Chr. 2. 39.

Eleazar, el'-e-a'-zar, whom God aids. Ex. 6. 23.

El-elohe-Israel, el'-el-o'-he-iz'-ra-el, God, the God of Israel. Gen. 33.

Eleph, e'-lef, ox. Josh. 18. 28. Elhanan, el'-ha'-nan, whom God gave.

2 Sam. 21. 19. Eli, e'-li, my God. Mat. 27. 46.

Eli, e'-li, height. I Sam. I. 3.

Eliab, el-i'-ab, whose father is God. Num. 1. 9.

Eliada, Eliadah, el'-i'-ya-dah, whom God cares for. 2 Sam. 5. 16. Eliah, el-i'-ah, same name as Elijah.

1 Chr. 8. 27. Eliahba, el-i'-a-bah, whom God hides.

2 Sam. 23. 32. Eliakim, el-i'-a-kim, whom God es-

tablishes. 2 Kin. 18. 18. Eliam, el-i'-am, same as Ammiel.

2 Sam. 11. 3. Elias, el-i'-as, same as Elijah. John

Elias, el-i'-as, same as Elijah. John 1.21.

Eliasaph, el-i'-a-saf, whom God added. Num. 1. 14.

Eliashib, el-i'-a-shib, whom God restores. 1 Chr. 24. 12.

Eliathah, el-i'-a-thah, to whom God comes. 1 Chr. 25. 4.

Elidad, el-i'-dad, whom God loves, ! Num. 34. 21.

Eliel, el-i'-el, to whom God is strength. 1 Chr. 5. 24.

Elienai, el'-i-e-na'-i, unto Tehovah my eyes are raised (?). 1 Chr. 8. 20.

Eliezer, el'-i-e'-zer, my God is help. Gen. 15. z.

Elihoenai, el'-i-ho'-e-na'-i, same as Elioenai. Ezr. 8. 4.

Elihoreph, el'-i-ho'-ref, to whom God is the reward. I Kin. 4. 3.

Elihu, el-i'-hoo, whose God is He. 1 Sam. 1. 1.

Elijah, el-i'-jah, my God is Jehovah.

1 Kin. 17. 1. Elika, el-i'-kah, whom God purifies (?).

2 Sam. 23. 25. Elim, eel'-im, oaks. Ex. 15. 27.

Elimelech, el-i'-mel-ek, to whom God is king. Ruth 1. 2.

Elioenzi, el'-i-o'-e-na'-i, unto Tehovah my eyes are turned. 1 Chr. 3.

23. Eliphal, el'-i-fal, whom God judges.

1 Chr. 11. 35. Eliphalet, el-i'-fa-let, to whom God is salvation. 2 Sam. 5. 16.

Eliphaz, el'-i-faz, to whom God is strength. Gen. 36. 4.

Elipheleh, el-i'-fe-lay, whom God dis-

tinguishes. I Chr. 15. 18. Eliphelet, el-i'-fe-let, same as Eli-

phalet. 1 Chr. 3. 8. Elisabeth, el-iz'-a-beth, same as Elisheba. Luke 1. 5.

Eliseus, el'-i-se'-us, Greek form of Elisha. Luke 4. 27.

Elisha, el-i'-shah, to whom God is salvation. 1 Kin. 19. 16.

Elishah, el-i'-shah. Gen. 10. 4.

Elishama, el-i'-sha-mah, whom God hears. Num. I. 10.

Elishaphat, el-i'-sha-fat, whom God judges. 2 Chr. 23. 1.

Elisheba, el-i'-she-bah, to whom God

is the oath. Ex. 6. 23. Elishua, el-i'-shoo'-ah, same as Elisha.

2 Sam. 5. 15. Eliud, el-i'-ood, God of Judah. Mat. I. 14.

Elizaphan, el-i'-za-fan, whom God protects. Num. 3. 30.

Elizur, el-i'-zoor, God is a Rock, Num.

Elkanah, el'-ka'-nah, whom God possessed. Ex. 6. 24.

Elkoshite, el'-kosh-ite, inhabitant of Elkosh. Nah. 1. 1.

Ellasar, el'-as-ar. Gen. 14. 1.

Elmodam, el-mo'-dam, same as Almodad. Luke 2. 28.

Elnaam, el'-na-am, whose pleasure God is. 1 Chr. 11. 46.

Elnathan, el-na'-than, whom God gave. 2 Kin. 24. 8.

Eloi, el-o'-i, my God. Mark 15. 34. Elon, e'-lon, oak. Gen. 26. 34.

Elon-beth-hanan, e'-lon-beth'-ha'nan, oak of the house of grace.

r Kin. 4. 9. Elonites, e'-lon-ites, descendants of Elon. Num. 26, 26,

Eloth, e'-loth, same as Elath. 1 Kin.

g. 26. Elpaal, el'-pa-al, to whom God is the

reward. I Chr. 8. 11. Elpalet, el'-pa-let, same as Eliphalet. I Chr. 14. 5.

El-paran, el-paran, oak of Paran. Gen. 14. 6.

Eltekeh, el'-te-kay, whose fear is God.

Josh. 19. 44. Eltekon, el'-te-kon, whose foundation

is God. Josh. 15. 59. Eltolad, el'-to-lad, whose posterity is

from God. Tosh. 15. 30. Elul, e'-lool. Neh. 6. 15.

Eluzai, el'-00-za'-i, God is my praises. 1 Chr. 12. 5.

Elymas, el'-im-as, a wise man. Acts 13. 8.

Elzabad, el'-za-bad, whom God gave.

I Chr. 12. 12. Elzaphan, el'-za-fan, whom God pro-

tects. Ex. 6. 22.

Emims, eem'-ims, terrible men. Gen. 14. 5.

Emmanuel, em-an'-u-el, same as Immanuel. Mat. 1. 23.

Emmaus, em-a'-us, hot springs (?). Luke 24. 13.

Emmor, em'-or, same as Hamor. Acts 7. 16.

Enam, e'-nam, two fountains. Josh.

15. 34.

Enan, e'-nan, having eyes. Num. 1.15. En-dor, en'-dor, fountain of Dor. Josh. 17. 11.

En-eglaim, en'-eg-la'-im, f. of two calves. Ezek. 47. 10.

calves. Ezek. 47. 10.
En-gannim, en-gan'-im, f. of gardens.
Josh. 15. 34.

En-gedi, en'-ged-i, f. of the kid. Josh. 15, 62.

En-haddah, en-had'ah, f. of sharpness, i.e. swift f. Josh. 19. 21.

En-hakkore, en'-hak-o'-ree, f. of him that calleth. Judg. 15. 19.

En-hazor, en-ha'-zor, f. of the village. Josh. 19. 37.

En-mishpat, en-mish'-pat, f. of judgment. Gen. 14. 7.

Enoch, e'-nok, experienced (?). Gen.

Enos, e'-nos, man. Gen. 4. 26.

Enosh, e'-nosh, same as Enos. I Chr.
1. I.

En-rimmon, en'-rim'-on, fountain of the pomegranate. Neh. 11. 29.

En-rogel, en'-ro'-gel, f. of the fuller.

Josh. 15. 7.

En-shamesh, en'-she'-mesh, f of the

En-shemesh, en'-she'-mesh, f. of the sun. Josh. 15. 7.

En-tappuah, en'-tap-oo'-ah, f. of the apple tree. Josh. 17. 7.

Epænetus, e-pe'-net-us, laudable. Rom. 16. 5.

Epaphras, ep'-af-ras, contracted from the next word (?). Col. 1. 7.

Epaphroditus, epaf rodi(tas bands

Epaphroditus, ep-af'-ro-di'-tus, handsome. Phil. 2. 25.

Epenetus, same as Epænetus. Rom. 16. 5.

Ephan, e'-fah. Gen. 25. 4. Ephan, e'-fa'-i, languishing. Jer. 40. 8. Epher, e'-fer, calf. Gen. 25. 4.

Ephes-dammim, e'-fez-dam'-im, boundary of blood. I Sam. 17. 1.

Ephesians, e-fe'-zi-ans, inhabitants of Ephesus. Acts 19. 28.

Ephesus, ef'-es-us. Acts 18. 19.

Ephlal, ef-lal, judgment. 1 Chr. 2. 37.

Ephphatha, ef-ath-ah, be opened. Mark 7. 34.

Ephod, e'-fod. Num. 34. 23. Ephraim, ef'-ra-im, fruitful (?). Gen.

41. 52. Ephraimites, ef'-ra-im-ites, inhabitants of Ephraim. Judg. 12. 4.

Ephrain, ef-ra'-in, same as Ephron.

2 Chr. 13. 19. Ephrath, or Ephratah, ef'-rat-ah,

fruitful (?). 1 Chr. 2. 50. Gen. 35. 16. Ephrathites, ef'-rath-ites, inhabitants of Ephrath. Ruth 1. 2.

Ephron, ef'-ron, of or helonging to a calf. Gen. 23. 8.

Epicureans, ep'-ik-u-re'-ans, followers of Epicurus. Acts 17, 18.

Er, watchful. Gen. 38. 3.

Eran, e'-ran. Num. 26. 36.

Eranites, e'-ran-ites, posterity of Eran. Num. 26. 36.

Erastus, e-rast'-us, beloved. Acts19.22. Erech, e'-rek,. Gen. 10. 10.

Eri, e'-ri, same as Er. Gen. 46. 16. Erites, er'-ites, descendants of Eri.

Num. 26. 16. Esaists, e'-sai-as, same as Isaiah.

Mat. 3. 3.

Esar-haddon, e'-sar-had'-on, Assur giveth a brother. 2 Kin. 19. 37. Esau, e'-saw, hairy. Gen. 25. 25.

Esek, e'-sek, strife. Gen. 26. 20.

Esh-baal, esh'-ba-al, man of Baal. 1 Chr. 8. 33.

Eshban, esh'-han. Gen. 36. 26.

Eshcol, esh'-kol, cluster. Gen. 14. 13. Eshcan, esh'-an, support (?). Josh. 15. 52.

Eshek, e'-shek, oppression. 1 Chr. 8.39. Eshkalonites, esh'-ka-lon-ites, men of Ashkalon. Josh. 13.3.

Eshtaol, esh'-ta-ol. Josh. 15, 33. Eshtaulites, esh-ta'-ool-ites, inhabit-

ants of Eshtaol. 1 Chr. 2. 53.

Eshtemoa, esh'-tem-o'-ah, obedience. Josh. 21. 14.

Eshtemoh, esh'-te-mo', same as Eshtemoa. Josh. 15. 50.

Eshton, esht'-on, womanly. 1Chr. 4.11. Esli, es'-li, same as Azaliah (?). Luke

3. 25.

Esrom, es'-rom, same as Hezron. Mat. 1. 3.

Esther, es -ter, star. Est. 2. 7.

Etam, e'-tam, a place of ravenous creatures. Judg. 15. 8.

Etham, e'-tham, boundary of the

sea (?). Ex. 13. 20. Ethan, e'-than, firmness. 1 Kin. 4. 31.

Ethanim, eth'-an-im, gifts (?). 1 Kin.

Ethbaal, eth-ba'-al, living with Baal. 1 Kin. 16. 31.

Ether, e'-ther, plenty. Josh, 15, 42. Ethiopia, e'-thi-ope'-yah, (region of)

burnt faces. Gen. 2. 13. Ethiopian, e'-thi-ope'-yan, a native of

Ethiopia. Jer. 13. 23.

Ethnan, eth' nan, a gift. 1 Chr. 4. 7. Ethni, eth'-ni, bountiful. 1 Chr. 6.41. Eubulus, eu-bew'-lus, good counsellor.

2 Tim, 4. 21.

Eunice, eu-ni'-see. 2 Tim. 1. 5. Euodias, eu-ode'-yas, success. Phil. 4.2.

Euphrates, eu-fra'-tes, the fertile river (?). Gen. 2. 14.

Euroclydon, eu-rok'-ly-don, storm from the east. Acts 27.14.

Eutychus, eu'-tyk-us, fortunate. Acts 20. 9.

Eve, eve, life. Gen. 3. 20.

Evi. e'-vi. Num. 31. 8.

Evil-merodach, e'-vil-me'-ro-dak, man of Merodach. 2 Kin. 25. 27.

Exodus, ex'-od-us, departure. Ezar, e'-zar, treasure. 1 Chr. 1.38.

Ezbai, ez'-ba-i. 1 Chr. 11. 37.

Ezbon, ez'-bon. Gen. 46. 16.

Ezekias, ez'-ek-i'-as, same as Hezekiah. Mat. 1. 9.

Ezekiel, ez-e'-ki-el, whom God will strengthen. Ezek. 1. 3.

Ezel, e'-zel, departure. 1 Sam. 20. 10. Ezem, e'-zem, bone. r Chr. 4. 29.

Ezer, e'-zer, help. 1 Chr. 4. 4. Ezion-gaber, or Ezion-geber, c'-zi-

on-ga'-ber, the backbone of a giant. Num. 33. 35.

Eznite, ez'-nite. 2 Sam. 23. 8. Ezra, ez'-rah, help. Ezra 7. 1.

Ezrahite, ez'-rah-ite, a descendant of Zerah, 1 Kin. 4. 31.

Ezri, ez'-ri, the help of Jehovah (?). 1 Chr. 27. 26.

Fair Havens. Acts 27. 8. Felix, fe'-lix, happy, Acts 23, 24. Festus, fest'-us, joyful. Acts 24. 27.

Fortunatus, for'-tu-na'-tus, prosperous, 1 Cor. 16. 17.

Gaal, ga'-al, loathing. Judg. 9. 26. Gaash, ga'-ash, shaking. Josh. 24. 30. Gaba, ga'-bah, hill. Josh. 18. 24.

Gabbai, gab'-a-i, a collector of tribute. Neh. 11. 8.

Gabbatha, gab'-ath-ah, height. John

Gabriel, ga'-bri-el, man of God. Dan.

Gad, gad, a troop, good fortune. Gen.

30. 11. Gadarenes, gad'-ar-eens', inhabitants

of Gadara. Mark 5. 1. Gaddi. gad'-i, fortunate. Num. 13. 11.

Gaddiel, gad'-i-el, fortune sent from God. Num. 13. 10.

Gadi, gad'-i. 2 Kin. 15. 14.

Gadites, gad'-ites, persons belonging to the tribe of Gad. Deu. 3. 12.

Gaham, ga'-ham, sunburnt (?). Gen. 22, 24,

Gahar, ga'-har, hiding-place. Ezra 2. 47.

Gaius, ga'-yns. The Greek form of Caius. Acts 19. 29.

Galal, ga'-lal, worthy (?). I Chr. 9. 15. Galatia, ga-la'-shah, a place colonised by Gauls. Acts 16. 6.

Galatians, ga-la'-shans, inhabitants of Galatia. Gal. 3. 1.

Galeed, gal'-e-ed, witness-heap. Gen. 31. 47.

Galilee, gal'-il-ee, circuit. Josh. 20. 7. Gallim, gal'-im, heaps. I Sam. 25. 44. Gallio, gal'-yo. Acts 18. 12.

Gamaliel, ga-ma'-li-el, benefit of God. Num. 1. 10.

gam'-ad-ims, war-Gammadims,

riors (?). Ezek. 27.11. Gamul, ga'-mool, weaned. 1Chr. 24.17.

Gareb, ga'-reb, scabby. 2 Sam. 23. 38. Garmite, garm'-ite, bony. 1 Chr. 4.19. Gashmu, gash'-moo, same as Geshem. Neh. 6. 6.

Gatam, ga'-tam. Gen. 36. 11.

Gath, gath, wine-press. Josh. 11. 22. Gath-hepher, gath-he'-fer, the winepress of the well. 2 Kin. 14. 25. Gath-rimmon, gath-rim'-on, wine-

press of the pomegranate. Josh.19.45. Gaza, ga'-zah, same as Azzah. Gen. IO. IQ.

Gazathites, ga'-zath-ites, inhabitants of Gaza. Josh. 13. 3.

Gazer, ga'-zer, place cut off.

5. 25. Gazez, ga'-zez, shearer. 1 Chr. 2. 46. Gazites, ga'-zites, inhabitants of Gaza.

Judg. 16. 2.

Gazzam, gaz'-am, eating up. 2. 48.

Geba, ge'-bah, hill. Josh. 21. 17. Gebal, ge'-bal, mountain. Ps. 83. 7. Geber, ge'-ber, man. 1 Kin. 4. 13. Gebim, ge'-bim, trenches. Is. 10. 31. Gedaliah, ged'-al-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

has made great. 2 Kin. 25. 22. Gedeon, ged'-e-on, Greek form of

Gideon. Heb. 11. 32. Geder, ged'-er, wall. Josh. 12. 13.

Gederah, ged'-er-ah, enclosure, sheepfold. Josh. 15. 36.

Gederathite, ged-er'-ath-ite, an inhabitant of Gederah. 1 Chr. 12. 4. Gederite, ged'-er-ite, native of Geder. I Chr. 27. 28.

Gederoth, ged'-er-oth, sheep-folds.

Josh. 15. 41. Gederothaim, ged'-er-oth-a'-im, two

sheep-folds. Josh. 15. 36. Gedor, ged'-or, wall. Josh. 15. 58. Gehazi, ge-ha'-zi, valley of vision.

2 Kin. 4. 12. Geliloth, gel-il'-oth, regions. Tosh.

18. 17. Gemalli, ge-mal'-i, possessor of camels.

Num. 13, 12.

Gemariah, gem'-ar-i'-ah, whom Jehovah has completed. Jer. 29. 3.

Genesis, jen'-es-is, generation, or beginning.

Gennesaret, gen-es'-a-ret. Mat. 14. 34. Gentiles, jen'-tiles. Gen. 10. 5.

Genubath, je-noob'-ath. 1 Kin. 11. 20. Gera, ge'-ra, a grain. Gen. 46. 21.

Gerah, ge'-rah. Ex. 30. 13.

Gerar, ge'-rar, sojourning. Gen. 10. 19. Gergesenes, ger'-ge-seens', inhabitants of Gerasa. Mat. 8. 28.

Gerizim, ge-rize'-im, persons living in a desert. Deu. 11. 20.

Gershom, ger'-shom, expulsion. Ex.

Gershon, ger'-shon, same as preceding. Gen. 46. 11.

Gershonites, ger'-shon-ites, descendants of Gershon. Num. 3. 21.

Gesham, ge'-sham. I Chr. 2. 47. Geshem, ge'-shem, stout (?). Neh.

Geshur, ge'-shoor, bridge. 2 Sam. 3. 3.

Geshuri, ge-shoor'-i, inhabitants of Geshur. Deu. 3. 14.

Geshuritea, ge-shoor'-ites, same as preceding. Josh. 12. 5. Gether, ge-ther, dregs (?). Gen. 10.23.

Gethsemane, geth-sem'-an-e, oilpress. Mat. 26. 36.

Geuel, goo'-el, majesty of God. Num. 13. 15.

Gezer, ge'-zer, precipice. Josh. 10.33. Gezrites, gez'-rites, dwelling in a desert land. 1 Sam. 27. 8.

Giah, gi'-ah, gushing forth. 2 Sam. 2. 24.

Gibbar, gib'-ar, a hero. Ezra 2. 20. Gibbethon, gib'-eth-on, a lofty place. Josh. 19. 44.

Gibea, gib'-e-ah, hill. 1 Chr. 2. 49. Gibeah, gib'-e-ah, hill. Josh. 15. 57. Gibeath, gib'-e-ath, hill. Tosh. 18, 28. Gibeon, gib'-e-on, pertaining to a hill. Tosh. 9. 3.

Gibeonites, gib'-e-on-ites, inhabitants

of Gibeon. 2 Sam. 21.1. iblites, gib'-lites, inhabitants of Gebal. Josh. 13. 5. Giblitea,

Giddalti, gid-al'-ti, I have increased. I Chr. 25. 4.

Giddel, gid'-el, gigantic. Ezra 2.47. Gideon, gid'-e-on, one who cuts down.

Judg. 6, 11. Gideoni, gid'-e-on-i, cutting down.

Num. 1. 11.

Gidom, gi'-dom. Judg. 20. 45.

Gihon, gi'-hon, a river. Gen. 2. 13. Gilalai, gil'-al-a'-i, dungy (?). Neh. 12.

Gilboa, gil-bo'-ah, bubbling fountain. I Sam. 28. 4.

Gilead, gil'-e-ad, hill of witness. Gen. 21.21.

Gileadite, gil'-e-ad-ite, inhabitant of Gilead. Judg. 10. 3.

Gilgal, gil'-gal, a circle. Josh. 4. 19. Giloh, gi'-lo, exile. Josh. 15. 51.

Gilonite, gi'-lon-ite, an inhabitant of Giloh. 2 Sam. 15, 12.

Gimzo, gim'-zo, a place abounding

with sycamores. 2 Chr. 28. 18. Ginath, gi'-nath, garden. 1 Kin. 16. 21.

Ginnetho, gin'-eth-o, garden. Neh. I 2. 4.

Ginnethon, gin'-eth-on, same as preceding. Neh. 10. 6.

Girgashite, gir'-gash-ite, dwelling in a clavey soil. I Chr. 1. 14.

Girgasite, gir'-gas-ite, same as preceding. Gen. 10. 16.

Gispa, gis'-pah, flattery. Neh. 11. 21. Gittah-hepher, git'-tah-he'-fer, winepress of the well. Josh. 19. 13.

Gittaim, git'-a-im, two wine-presses. 2 Sam. 4. 3.

Gittites, git'-ites, inhabitants of Gath. Josh. 13. 3.

Gittith, git'-ith, after the manner of Gittites. Ps. 8, title.

Gizonite, gi'-zon-ite. I Chr. 11. 34. Goath, go'-ath, lowing. Jer. 31. 39.

Gob, gobe, pit, cistern. 2 Sam. 21. 18.

Gog. 1 Chr. 5. 4.

Golan, go'-lan, exile. Deu. 4. 43 Golgotha, gol'-goth-ah, a skull. Mat. 27. 33.

Goliath, go-li'-ath, exile (?). I Sam.

17. 4. Gomer, go'-mer, complete. Gen. 10.2. Gomorrah, go-mor-ah. Gen. 10. 19.

Gomorrha, go-mor'-ah, same as preceding. Mat. 10. 15.

Goshen, go'-shen. Gen. 45. 10.

Gozan, go'-zan. 2 Kin. 17. 6.

Greece, grees, country of the Greeks. Acts 20, 2.

Grecia, greesh'-ah, same as Greece. Dan. 8. 21.

Grecian, greesh'-an, a Jew who speaks Greek. Acts 11. 20.

Greek, the language of Greece. Acts 21. 37.

Greeks, inhabitants of Greece. Acts 18. 17.

Gudgodah, gud'-god-ah, thunder (?). Deu. 10. 7.

Guni, goon'-i, painted with colours. Gen. 46, 24.

Gunites, goon'-ites, descendants of Guni. Num. 26. 48.

Gur, goor, a young lion. 2 Kin. 9. 27. Gur-baal, goor-ba'-al, Gur of Baal. 2 Chr. 26. 7.

Haahashtari, ha'-a-hash'-tar-i, the muleteer (?), 1 Chr. 4. 6.

Habaiah, hab'-a-i'-ah, whom Jehovah hides, Ezra 2, 61.

Habakkuk, ha-bak'-ook, embrace. Hab. 1. 1.

Habaziniah, hab'-az-in-i'-ah, lamp of Jehovah (?). Jer. 35. 3.

Habor, ha'-bor, joining together. 2 Kin. 17. 6.

Hachaliah, hak-al-i'-ah, whom Jehovah disturbs. Neh. 1. 1.

Hachilah, hak'-i-lah, dark. 1 Sam. 23.

Hachmoni, hak'-mon-i, wise, 1 Chr. 27. 32.

Hachmonite, hak'-mon-ite, a descendant of Hachmoni. 1 Chr. 11. 11.

Hadad, ha'-dad. Gen. 36. 35. Hadadezer, had'-ad-e'-zer, whose help

is Hadad. 2 Sam. 8. 3. Hadadrimmon, had' - ad - rim' - on. named from Hadad and Rimmon.

Zech. 12. 11.

Hadar, ha'-dar, enclosure. Gen. 25. 15. Hadarezer, had'-ar-e'-zer, same as Hadadezer. 1 Chr. 18. 3.

Hadashah, had-ash'-ah, new. Tosh. 15. 37.

Hadassah, had-as'-ah, myrtle. Est. 2.7. Hadattah, had-at'-ah, new. Josh.

15. 25. Hadid, ha'-did, sharp. Ezra 2. 33. Hadlai, had'-la-i, rest. 2 Chr. 28. 12. Hadoram, had-or'-am. Gen. 10, 27. Hadrach, had rak. Zech. o. 1. Hagab, ha'-gab, locust. Ezra 2. 46. Hagaba, ha gab-ah, same as Hagab.

Neh. 7. 48.

Hagar, ha'-gar, flight. Gen. 16. 3. Hagarenes, hag'-ar-e'-nes, inhabitants of Hagar. Ps. 83. 6.

Hagarites, hag'-ar-ites, same as preceding. I Chr. 5. 10.

Hagerite, hag'-er-ite, same as Hagarene. I Chr. 27. 31. Haggai, hag'-a-i, festive. Hag. 1. 1.

Haggi, hag'-i, same as preceding. Gen. 46, 16.

Haggeri, hag'-er-i. 1 Chr. 11. 38. Haggiah, hag-i'-ah, festival of Je-

hovah. 1 Chr. 6. 30.

Haggites, hag'-ites, the posterity of Haggi. Num. 26. 15.

Haggith, hag'-ith, festive. 2 Sam. 3. 4. Hai, ha'-i, same as Ai. Gen. 12. 8. Hakkatan, hak'-at-an, the small.

Ezra 8. 12.

Hakkoz, hak'-oz, the thorn. 1 Chr.

Hakupha, ha-koo'-fah. Ezra 2. 51. Halah, ha'-lah, same as Calah (?). 2 Kin. 17. 6.

Halak, ha'-lak, smooth. Josh. 11. 17. Halhul, hal'-hool. Josh. 15. 58.

Hali, ha'-li, necklace. Josh. 19. 25. Hallohesh, hal-o'-hesh, same as fol-

lowing. Neh. 10. 24. Halohesh, hal-o'-hesh, the enchanter.

Neh. 3. 12. Ham, ham, warm. Gen. 9. 18.

Haman, ha'-man. Est. 3. 1.

Hamath, ha'-math, fortress. Num.

34. 8. Hamathite, ha'-math-ite, a dweller at

Hamath. Gen. 10. 18. Hamath-zobah, ha'-math-zo'-bah, fortress of Zobah. 2 Chr. 8. 3.

Hammath, ham'-ath, warm springs. Josh. 19. 35.

Hammedatha, ham-ed'-a-thah, given by the moon (?). Est. 3. 1.

Hammelech, ham-me'-lek, the king. Jer. 36. 26.

Hammoleketh, ham'-mo-le'-keth, the queen. 1 Chr. 7. 18.

Hammon, ham'-on, warm. Josh. 19.28. Hammoth-dor, ham'-oth-dor', warm springs of Dor. Josh. 21. 32.

Hamonah, ha-mo'-nah, multitude. Ezek. 30. 16.

Hamon-gog, ham'-on-gog', m. of Gog. Ezek, 30, 11.

Hamor, ha'-mor, ass. Gen. 33. 19. Hamuel, ham'-oo-el, heat (wrath) of

God. 1 Chr. 4. 26. Hamul, ha'-mool, who has experienced

mercy. Gen. 46, 12.

Hamulites, ha'-mool-ites, the posterity of Hamul. Num. 26, 21.

Hamutal, ha-moo'-tal, refreshing like dew. 2 Kin. 23, 31.

Hanameel, han'-am-e'-el, probably another form of Hananeel. Jer. 32. 7. Hanan, ha'-nan, merciful. 1 Chr. 8.23.

Hananeel, han'-an-e'-el, whom God

graciously gave. Neh. 3. 1. Hanani, ha-na'-ni, probably same as

Hananiah, 1 Kin. 16, 1. Hananiah, han'-an-i'-ah, whom Jeho-

vah graciously gave. 1 Chr. 3. 19. Hanes, ha'-nees. Is. 30. 4.

Haniel, han'-i-el, favour of God. 1

Chr. 7. 39. Hannah, han'-ah, gracious. 1 Sam. 1.2. Hannathon, han'-ath-on, gracious.

Josh. 19. 14. Hanniel, han'-i-el, same as Haniel. Num. 34. 23.

Hanoch, ha'-nok, same as Enoch. Gen. 25. 4.

Hanochites, ha'-nok-ites, descendants

of Hanoch, Num. 26, 5, Hanun, ha'-noon, whom (God) pities.

2 Sam. 10. 1. Haphraim, haf-ra'-im, two pits. Josh.

19, 19, Hara, ha'-rah, mountainous. 1Chr. 5.26. Haradah, ha'-ra-dah, fear.

33. 24. Haran, ha'-ran, mountaineer.

11: 27. Hararite, ha'-rar-ite, a mountaineer.

2 Sam. 23. 11.

Harbonah, har-ho'-nah. Est. 7. 0.

Haroph, ha'-ref, plucking. 1 Chr. 2.51.

Hareth, ha'-reth, thicket, I Sam. 22.5. Harhaiah, har-hai'-ah, dried up (?).

Neh. 3. 8. Harhas, har'-has. 2 Kin, 22, 14,

Harhur, har'-hoor, inflammation. Ezra

2. 51.

Harim, ha'-rim, flat-nosed. 1 Chr. 24.8. Hariph, ha'-rif, autumnal showers.

Neh. 7. 24.

Harnepher, har-ne'-fer. I Chr. 7. 36. Harod, ha'-rod, terror. Judg. 7. 1.

Harodite, har od-ite, inhabitant of

Harod. 2 Sam. 23. 25.

Haroch, ha-ro'-ch, the seer, 1 Chr. 2.52. Harorite, har'-or-ite, probably auother form of Harodite. I Chr.

II. 27.

Harosheth, ha-rosh'-eth, carving. Judg. 4. 2.

Harsha, har'-shah, enchanter, magician. Ezra 2. 52.

Harum, ha'-room, high (?). 1 Chr. 4.8. Harumaph, ha-roo'-maf, flat-nosed.

Neh. 3. 10. Haruphite, ha-roof'-ite. 1 Chr. 12. 5.

Haruz, ha'-rooz, active. 2 Kin. 21. 19. Hasadiah, ha'-sad-i'-ah, whom Jeho-

vah loves. 1 Chr. 3. 20. Hasenuah, ha'-se-noo'-ah, she that is hated. 1 Chr. 9. 7.

Hashabiah, ha'-shab-i'-ah, whom Te-

hovah esteems. 1 Chr. 6. 45. Hashabnah, ha-shah'-nah, same as

preceding (?). Neh. 10. 25. Hashabniah, ha'-shab-ni'-ah, same as

Hashabiah. Neh. 3. 10. Hashbadana, hash'-had-a'-na. Neh.

8. 4. Hashem, ha'-shem, fat. I Chr. 11. 34.

Hashmonah, hash-mo'-nah, fatness, fat soil. Num. 33. 29.

Hashub, hash'-oob, thoughtful. Neh. 3. 11.

Hashubah, hash-ooh'-ah, same as preceding. 1 Chr. 3. 20.

Hashum, hash'-oom, rich. Ezra 2.19. Hashupha, hash-oof'-ah, another form of Hasupha. Neh. 7. 46.

Hasrah, haz'-rah, probably same as Harhas. 2 Chr. 34. 22.

Hassenaah, has'-en-a'-ah, the thorny. Neh. 3. 3.

Hasshub, hash'-oob, same as Hashub. 1 Chr. 9. 14.

Hasupha, has-oof'-ah, one of the Nethinims. Ezra 2. 43.

Hatach, ha'-tak. Est. 4. 5.

Hathath, ha'-thath, terror. 1 Chr. 4. I3.

Hatipha, ha'-ti-fah, seized, Ezra 2.54. Hatita, ha'-ti-tah, digging Ezra 2. 42. Hattil, hat'-il, wavering. Ezra 2. 57.

Hattush, hat'-oosh, assembled (?). I

Chr. 3. 22.

Hauran, how'-ran, hollow land. Ezek. 47. 16.

Havilah, ha-vil'-ah. Gen. 10, 7.

Havoth-jair, ha'-voth-ja'-ir, villages of Tair. Num. 32. 41.

Hazael, ha'-za-el, whom God watches over. 1 Kin. 19. 15.

Hazaiah, ha-zai'-ah, whom Jehovah watches over. Neh. 11. 5.

Hazar-addar, ha'-zar-ad'-ar, Addartown. Num. 34. 4.

Hazar-enan, ha'-zar-e'-nan, fountaintown. Num. 34. 9.

Hazar-gaddah, ha'-zar-gad'-ah, lucktown. Josh. 15. 27.

Hazar-hatticon, ha'-zar-hat'-ik-on, middle-town. Ezek. 47. 16.

Hazarmaveth, ha'-zar-ma'-veth, deathtown. Gen. 10. 26.

Hazar-shual ha'-zar-shoo'-al, jackaltown, Josh. 15. 28.

Hazar-susah, ha'-zar-soo'-sah, maretown. Josh. 19. 5.

Hazar-susim, ha'-zar-soo'-sim, horsestown. I Chr. 4. 31.

Hazelelponi, haz'-lel-po'-ni, the shadow looking on me. I Chr. 4. 3. Hazerim, ha'-zer-im, villages. Deu.

2, 23. Hazeroth, ha'-zer-oth, same as Ha-

zerim. Num. 11. 35. Hazezon-tamar, ha'-ze-zon-ta'-mar,

pruning of the palm. Gen. 14. 7. Haziel, ha'-zi-el, the vision of God. 1 Chr. 23. 9.

Hazo, ha'-zo, vision. Gen. 22. 22. Hazor, ha'-zor, castle. Josh. 11. 1. Heber, he'-her, (1) same as Eber. 1 Chr. 5.13; (2) fellowship. Gen. 46.17.

Heberites, he'-her-ites, descendants of Heher. Num. 26. 45.

Hebrew, he'-broo, the language spoken hy the Jews: John 19. 20. Or a Tew: Jer. 34. 9.

Hebrewess, he'-broo-ess', a Jewess. Jer. 34. 9.

Hebrews, he'-hroos, descendants of Eber. Gen. 40. 15.

Hebron, he'-hron, alliance. Gen. 13. 18. Hebronites, he'-bron-ites, the people

of Hebron. Num. 3. 27. Hegai, or Hege, he'-ga-i. Est. 2. 3, 8.

Helah, he'-lah, rust. 1 Chr. 4. 5. Helam, he'lam, stronghold. 2 Sam.

10. 16. Helbah, hel'-bah, fatness. Judg. 1.31.

Helbon, hel'-hon, fertile. Ezek. 27. 18. Heldai, hel'-da-i, terrestrial. I Chr.

Heleb, he'-leh, fat, fatness. 2 Sam. 23. 29. Heled, he'-led, the world. 1 Chr. 11.30. Helek, he'-lek, portion. Num. 26. 30. Helekites, he'-lek-ites, descendants of Helek. Num. 26, 30.

Helem, he'-lem, another form of Hel-

dai. 1 Chr. 7. 35.

Heleph, he'-lef, exchange. Josh. 19. 33. Helez, he'-lez, liberation. 2 Sam. 23. 26. Heli, he'-li, the Greek form of Eli. Luke 3. 23.

Helkai, hel'-ka-i, another form of Hilkiah. Neh. 12. 15.

Helkath, hel'-kath, a portion. Josh. IQ. 25.

Helkath-hazzurim, hel'-kath-haz'oor-im, the field of swords (?). 2 Sam. 2. 16.

Helon, he'-lon, strong. Num. 1. 9. Hemam, he'-mam, same as Homam. Gen. 36, 22,

Heman, he'-man, faithful. 1 Kin. 4. 31. Hemath, he'-math; (1) fortress, 1 Chr. 2. 55; (2) same as Hamath. Amos 6. 14.

Hemdan, hem'-dan, pleasant. Gen. 36. 26.

Hen, hen, favour. Zech, 6. 14. Hena, he' nah. 2 Kin. 18. 34.

Henoch, he'-nok, same as Enoch. 1 Chr. 1. 3.

Henadad, hen'-a-dad, favour of Ha-

dad (?). Ezra 3. 9.

Hepher, he'-fer, pit. Josh. 12. 17. Hepherites, he'-fer-ites, descendants of Hepher. Num. 26. 32.

Hephzi-bah, hef-zi'-hah, in whom is my delight. 2 Kin. 21, 1.

Heres, he'-res, the sun. Judg. 1. 35. Heresh, he'-resh, artificer. 1 Chr. 9.15. Hermas, her'-mas. Rom. 16. 14.

Hermes, her'-mes. Rom. 16. 14.

Hermogenes, her-moj'-en-ees. 2 Tim.

Hermon, her'-mon, lofty. Deu. 3. 8. Hermonites, her'-mon-ites, the summits of Hermon. Ps. 42. 6.

Herod, her'-od. Mat. 2. 1.

Herodians, he-ro'-di-ans, partisans of Herod. Mat. 22. 16.

Herodias, he-ro'-di-as. Mat. 14. 3. Herodion, he-ro'-di-on. Rom. 16. 11. Hesed, he'-sed, mercy. I Kin. 4. 10.

Heshbon, hesh'-bon, counting. Num. 21. 25.

Heshmon, hesh'-mon, fatness. Josh. 15. 27.

Heth. Gen. 10. 15.

Hethlon, heth'-lon, hiding-place. Ezek. 47. 15.

Hezeki, hez'-ek-i, shortened from Hizkiah. 1 Chr. 8. 17.

Hezekiah, hez'-ek-i'-ah, the might of Tehovah. 2 Kin. 18. 1.

Hezion, hez'-yon, vision. 1 Kin. 15. 18. Hezir, he'-zir, swime. 1 Chr. 24. 15.

Hezrai, hez'-ra-i, enclosed wall. 2 Sam. 23. 35.

Hezro, hez'-ro, same as preceding. 1 Chr. 11. 37.

Hezron, hez-ron, same as Hezrai. Gen. 46. 12.

Hezronites, hez'-ron-ites, descendants of Hezron. Num. 26.6.

Hiddsi, hid'-a-i, the rejoicing of Jehovah. 2 Sam. 23. 30.

Hiddekel, hid-ek'-el. Gen. 2. 14. Hiel, hi'-el, God liveth. 1 Kin. 16. 34. Hierapolis, hi'-e-ra'-pol-is, a sacred

or holy city. Col. 4. 13.

Higgaion, hig-a'-yon, meditation. Ps. 9. 16.

Hilen, hi'-len. 1 Chr. 6. 58.

Hilkiah, hilk-i'-ah, portion of Jehovah. 2 Kin. 18. 18.

Hillel, hil'-el, praising. Judg. 12. 13. Hinnom, hin'-ome. Josh. 15. 8.

Hirah, hi'-rah, nobility. Gen. 38. 1. Hiram, hi'-ram, noble(?). 2 Sam. 5. 11.

Hittites, hit'-ites, descendants of Heth. Gen. 15. 20.

Hivites, hive'-ites, villagers. Ex. 3. 8. Hizkiah, hizk-i'-ah, might of Jehovah. Zeph. 1. 1.

Hizkijah, hizk-i'-jah, same as preceding. Neh. 10, 17.

Hobah, ho'-bah, beloved. Num. 10.29. Hobah, ho'-bah, a hiding-place. Gen.

14. 15. Hod, hode, splendour. 1 Chr. 7. 37. Hodaiah, ho-dai'-ah, praise of Jehovah. 1 Chr. 3. 24.

Hodaviah, ho'-dav-i'-ah, Jehovah is his praise. I Chr. 5. 24.

Hodesh, ho'-desh, new moon. I Chr. 8.9.

Hodevah, ho'-de-vah, same as Hodaviah. 'Neh. 7. 43.

Hodiah, ho-di'-ah, same as Hodaiah. 1 Chr. 4. 19.

Hodijah, ho-di'-jah, same as preceding. Neh. 8. 7.

Hoglah, hog'-lah, partridge. Num. 26. 33.

Hoham, ho'-ham. Josh. 10. 3. Holon, ho'-lon, sandy. Josh. 15. 51. Homam, ho'-mam, destruction. I Chr. 1. 39.

Hophni, hof'-ni, pugilist. I Sam. I. 3. Hophra, hof'-rah, priest of the sun. Jer. 44. 30.

Hor, mountain. Num. 20. 23. Horam, ho'-ram. Josh. 10. 33.

Horeb, ho'-reb, desert. Ex. 3. 1. Horem, ho'-rem. Josh. 19. 38.

Hor-hagidgad, hor'-hag-gid'-gad, mountain of Gudgodah. Num. 33.32. Hori, ho'-ri, cave-dweller. Gen. 36.22. Horims, hor'-ims, descendants of Hori.

Deu. 2. 12.

Horites, hor'-ites, same as preceding. Gen. 14. 6.

Hormah, hor'-mah, a devoting, a place laid waste. Num. 14. 45.

Horonaim, hor'-o-na'-im, two caverns. Is. 15. 5.

Horonite, hor'-on-ite, native of Beth-Horon. Neh. 2. 10.

Hosah, ho'-sah, fleeing to Jehovah for refuge (?). Josh. 19. 29.

Hosanna, ho-san'-nah, save us we pray. Mat. 21. 9.

Hosea, ho-ze'-ah, salvation. Hos.

Hoshaiah, ho-shai'-ah, whom Jehovah has set free. Neh. 12. 32.

Hoshama, ho'-sha-mah. 1 Chr. 3.18. Hoshea, ho-she'-ah, same as Hoseah. Deut. 32.44.

Hotham, ho'-tham, signet ring. 1 Chr. 7. 32.

Hothan, ho'-than. I Chr. II. 44. Hothir, ho'-thir. I Chr. 25. 4.

Hukkok, hook'-oke, decreed. Josh. 19. 34.

Hukok, hook'-oke, same as preceding. 1 Chr. 6. 75.

Hul, hool, circle. Gen. 10. 23. Huldah, hool'-dah, weasel. 2 Kin.

22. 14. Humtah, hoom'-tah, fortress (?). Josh.

Hupham, hoo'-fam, inhabitant of the shore (?). Num. 26. 39.

Huphamites, hoo'-fam-ites, descendants of Hupham. Num. 26. 39.

Huppah, hoop-ah, covering. 1 Chr. 24. 13.

Huppim, hoop'-im, same as Hupham (?). Gen. 46. 21.

Hur, hoor, cavern. Ex. 17. 10. Hurai, hoo'-ra-i, another way of writing

Hiddai. I Chr. II. 32. Huram, hoo-ram, the older way of

spelling Hiram. 2 Chr. 2. 13.

Huri, hoo'-ri, linen-worker (?), 1 Chr.

Huri, hoo'-ri, linen-worker (?). 1 Chr. 5. 14.

Hushah, hoo'-shah, haste. 1 Chr. 4. 4. Hushai, hoo'-sha-i, hasting. 2 Sam. 15. 32.

Husham, hoo'-sham, haste. Gen. 36. 34.

Hushathite, hoo'-shath-ite, inhabitant of Hushah. 2 Sam. 23. 27.

Hushim, hoosh'-im, those who make haste. Gen. 46. 23.

Huz. Gen. 22, 21.

Huzzab, hooz'-ab, it is decreed. Nah.

Hymenæus, hi'-men-e'-us, belonging to Hymen. 2 Tim. 2. 17.

Ibhar, ib'-har, whom God chooses. 2 Sam. 5. 15.

Ibleam, ib'-le-am, He destroys the people. Josh. 17. 11.

Ibneiah, ib-ni'-ah, whom Jehovah will build up. 1 Chr. q. 8.

Ibnijah, ib-ni'-jah, same as preceding. 1 Chr. 9. 8.

Ibri, ib'-ri, Hebrew. 1 Chr. 24. 27. Ibzan, ib'-zan, active (?). Judg. 12. 8. I-chabod, i'-ka-bod, inglorious. 1 Sam. 4. 21.

Iconium, i-kon'-yum. Acts 13.51. Idalah, id'-al-ah, snares (?). Josh. 19.

Idbash, id'-bash, honeyed. 1 Chr. 4. 3. Iddo, id'-o, (1) loving, 1 Chr. 27. 21; (2) Ezra 8. 17; (3) seasonable, Zech.

Idumea, i'-dn-me'-ah, same as Edom.
Is. 34. 5.

Igal, i'-gal, whom God will avenge. Num. 13. 7.

Igdaliah, ig'-dal-i'-ah, whom Jehovah shall make great. Jer. 35. 4.

Igeal, i'-ge-al, same as Igal. I Chr.

Iim, i'-im, ruins. Num. 33. 45.
Ije-abarim, i-je-ab'-ar-im, ruinous
heaps of Abarim. Num. 21. 11.
Ijon i'-ion a ruin. I Kin 15. 20.

Ijon, i'-jon, a ruin. 1 Kin. 15. 20. Ikkesh, ik'-esh, perverseness o

month. 2 Sam. 23. 26. Ilai, i'-la-i, most high. 1 Chr. 11. 29. Illyricum, il-ir'-ik-um. Rom. 15. 19.

Imla, im'-lah, same as Imlah. 2 Chr. 18, 7.
Imlah, im'-lah, whom (God) will fill up. 1 Kin. 22, 8.

Immanuel, im-an'-n-el, God with us. Is. 7. 14.

Immer, im'-er, talkative. I Chr. 9. 12. Imna, im'-nah, whom (God) keeps back. I Chr. 7. 35.

Imnah, whom (God) assigns (?). I

Imrah, im'-rah, stnbborn. 1 Chr. 7. 36. Imri, im'-ri, eloquent. 1 Chr. 9. 4.

India, ind'-ya. Est. 1. 1.
Iphedeiah, if'-ed-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

frees. 1 Chr. 8. 25. Ir, eer, city. 1 Chr. 7. 12.

Ira, i'-rah, watchful. 2 Sam. 20, 26. Irad. i'-rad. Gen. 4, 18.

Iram, i'-ram, belonging to a city. Gen.

36. 43. Iri, i'-ri, same as Iram. 1 Chr. 7. 7.

Irijah, i-ri'-jah, whom Jehovah looks on. Jer. 37. 13.

Ir-nahash, ir-na'-hash, snake-town.
I Chr. 4. 12.

Iron, i'-ron, reverence. Josh. 19. 38.
Irpeel, ir'-pe-el, which God heals.
Josh. 18. 27.

Ir-shemesh, ir'-she'-mesh, sun-town. Josh. 19. 41.

Iru, i'-roo, same as Iram. 1 Chr. 4.15. Isaac, i'-zak, langhter. Gen. 17. 19. Isaiah, i-zai'-ah, salvation of Jehovah. Is. 1. 1.

Iscah, is'-kah. Gen. 11. 29.
Iscariot, is-kar'-i-ot, man of Keriotl

Iscariot, is-kar'-i-ot, man of Kerioth.
Mat. 10. 4.

Ishbah, ish'-bah, praising. 1 Chr. 4.17. Ishbak, ish'-bak. Gen. 25. 2.

Ishbi-benob, ish'-bi-ben'-obe, one who dwells at Nob. 2 Sam. 21. 16.

Ish-bosheth, ish-bo'-sheth, man of shame. 2 Sam. 2.8.

Ishi, eesh'-i, my husband. Hos. 2. 16. Ishi, yish'-i, salutary. I Chr. 2. 31.

Ishiah, ish-i'-ah, whom Jehovah lends.
1 Chr. 7. 3.

Ishijah, ish-i'-jah, same as Ishia. Ezra 10. 31.

Ishma, ish'-mah. 1 Chr. 4. 3.

Ishmael, ish'-ma-el, whom God hears. Gen. 16. 15.

Ishmaelites, ish'-ma-el-ites, descendants of Ishmael. Judg. 8. 24.

Ishmaiah, ish-mai'-ah, whom Jehovah hears. I Chr. 27. 19. Ishmeelites, ish'-me-el-ites, same as Ishmaelites. Gen. 37. 25.

Ishmerai, ish'-mer-a'-i, whom Jehovah keeps. 1 Chr. 8. 18.

Ishod, ish'-hode, man of glory. 1 Chr.

Ishpan, ish'-pan, cunning (?). 1 Chr. 8.22. Ish-tob, ish'-tohe, men of Tob. 2 Sam. 10. 6.

Ishuah, ish'-oo-ah, level. Gen. 46. 17. Ishuai, ish'-oo-a'-i, same as Isui. 1 Chr. 7. 30.

Ishui,ish'-oo-i, same as Ishuah. I Sam. 14. 49.

Ismachiah, is'-mak-i'-ah, whom Jehovah upholds. 2 Chr. 31. 13.

Ismaiah, is-mai'-ah, same as Ish-maiah. I Chr. 12. 4.

Ispah, is'-pah, hald. i Chr. 8. 16. Israel, iz'-ra-el, soldier of God. Gen. 32. 28.

Israelites, iz'-ra-el-ites, descendants of Israel. Ex. 9. 7.

Israelitish, iz'-ra-el-ite-ish, after the fashion of an Israelite. Lev. 24. 10. Issachar, is'-ak-ar, he is hired (?).

Gen. 30. 18. Isshiah, ish-hi'-ah, same as Ishiah. I Chr. 24. 21.

Isuah, is'-oo-ah, same as Ishuah.
I Chr. 7. 30.

Isui, is'-00-i, same as Ishui. Gen. 46.17. Italian, it'-al-yan, belonging to Italy. Acts 10. 1.

Italy, it'-a-ly. Acts 18. 2.

Ithai,ith'-a-i,plonghman. 1Chr.11.31. Ithamar, i'-tha-mar, island of palms. Ex. 6. 23.

Ithiel, ith'-i-el, God is with me. Neh.

Ithmah, ith'-mah, bereavedness. I

Chr. 11. 46.

Ithnan, ith' nan. Josh. 15. 23.

Ithna ith' nah eycellence 2 Sam

Ithra, ith'-rah, excellence. 2 Sam

Ithran, ith'-ran, same as Ithra. Gen. 36. 26.

Ithream, ith'-re-am, remainder of the people. 2 Sam. 3. 5.

Ithrite, ith'-rite, descendants of Jether (?). 2 Sam. 23. 38.

Ittah-kazin, it'-ah-ka'-zin, time of the chief. Josh. 19. 13.

Ittai, it'-a-i, same as Ithai. 2 Sam. 15. 19.

Iturea, i'-tu-re'-ah, a province so named from Jetur. Luke 3, 1.

Ivah, i'-vah. 2 Kin. 18. 34.

Izehar, iz'-har, oil. Num. 3. 19. Izeharites. i'-ze-har'-ites. the descend-

ants of Izehar. Num. 3. 27.
Izhar, iz'-har, same as Izehar. Ex.6.18.
Izharites, iz'-har, ites the same as Ize-

Izharites, iz'-har-ites, the same as Izeharites. 1 Chr. 26. 23.

Izrahiah, iz-rah-i'-ah, whom Jehovah brought to light. I Chr. 7. 3.

Izrahite, iz'-rah-ite, probably same as Zarhite. I Chr. 27. 8.

Izri, iz'-ri, a descendant of Jezer. 1 Chr. 25. 11.

Jaakan, ja'-ak-an, one who turns. Deu. 10. 6.

Jaakobah, ja'-ak-o'-bah, same as Jacob. 1 Chr. 4. 36.

Jaala, ja'-a-lah, wild she-goat.Neh. 7.58. Jaalah, ja'-a-lah, same as Jaala. Ezra 2.56.

Jaalam, ja'-a-lam, whom God hides. Gen. 36. 5.

Jaanai, ja'-an-a'-i, whom Jehovah answers. 1 Chr. 5. 12.

Jaare-oregim, ja'-ar-e-or'-eg-im, forests of the weavers. 2 Sam. 21. 19.

Jaasau, ja'-a-saw. Ezra 10. 37.

Jaasiel, ja-as'-i-el, whom God created.

1 Chr. 27. 21. Jaazaniah, ja'-az-an-i'-ah, whom Je-

hovah hears. 2 Kin. 25. 23.

Jaazer, ja'-a-zer, whom (God) aids.

Num. 21. 32. Jaaziah, ja'-az-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

strengthens. I Chr. 24. 26.

Jaaziel, ja'-az'-i-el, whom God strengthers. 1 Chr. 15. 18.

Jabal, ja'-bal. Gen. 4. 20.

Jabbok, jab'-ok, pouring out. Gen.

Jabesh, ja'-besh, dry. 2 Kin. 15. 10. Jabesh-gilead, ja'-besh-gil'-e-ad, Jahesh of Gilead. Judg. 21. 8.

Jabez, ja'-hez, causing pain. I Chr.4.9.

Jabin, ja'-bin, whom He (God) considered. Judg. 4. 2.

Jabneel, jab'-ne-el, may God cause to be built. Josh. 15. 11.

Jabneh, jab'-nay, which (God) causes to be built. 2 Chr. 26. 6.

Jachan, ja'-kan, troubled. I Chr. 5.13. Jachin, ja'-kin, whom (God) strength-1 Kin. 7. 21.

Jachinites, ja'-kin-ites, descendants of Jachin. Num. 26. 12.

Jacob, ja'-kob, supplanter. 25. 26

Jada, ja'-dah, wise. I Chr. 2. 28. Jadau, ja'-daw. Ezra 10. 43.

Jaddua, jad'-oo-ah, skilled. Neh.

10. 21. Jadon, ja'-don, a judge. Neh. 3. 7. Jael, ja'-el, same as Jaala. Judg. 4. 17. Jagur, ja'-goor, a lodging. Josh. 15.21. Jah, poetic form of Jehovah. Ps. 68. 4.

Jahath, ja'-hath. 1 Chr. 6. 20. Jahaz, ja'-haz, a place trodden down.

Num. 21, 23. Jahaza, ja'-haz-ah, same as Jahaz.

Tosh. 13. 18.

Jahazah, same as Jahaza. Tosh. 21. 36.

Jahaziah, ja'-haz-i'-ah, whom Jehovah watches over. Ezra 10. 15.

Jahaziel, ja-haz'-i-el, whom God watches over. 1 Chr. 16, 6.

Jahdai, jah'-da-i, whom Jehovah directs. 1 Chr. 2. 47.

Jahdiel, jah'-di-el, whom God makes glad. I Chr. 5. 24.

Jahdo, jah'-do, union. 1 Chr. 5. 14. Jahleel, jah'-le-el, hoping in God. Num. 26. 26.

Jahleelites, jah'-le-el-ites, descendants of Jahleel. Num. 26. 26.

Jahmai, jah'-ma-i. 1 Chr. 7. 2. Jahzah, ja'-zah, same as Jahaz. 1 Chr. 6. 78.

Jahzeel, jah'-2e-el, whom God allots.

Gen. 46. 24. Jahzeelites, jah'-ze-el-ites, descendants of Jahzeel. Num. 26, 48.

Jahzerah, jah'-zer-ah, may he bring back. 1 Chr. 9. 12.

Jahziel, jah'-zi-el, same as Jahzeel. I Chr. 7. 13.

Jair, ja'-er, (i.e. God) enlightens. Num. 32. 41.

Jairite, ja'-er-ite, a descendant of Jair. 2 Sam. 20, 26.

Jairus, ja-i'-rus. Greek form of Jair. Mark 5, 22.

Jakan, ja'-kan, same as Jaakan. 1 Chr.

I. 42. Jakeh, ja'-kay, pious (?). Prov. 30. 1. Jakim, ja'-kim, (God) sets up. 1 Chr.

8. 19. Jalon, ja'-lon, passing the night.

I Chr. 4. 17.

Jambres, jam'-brees. 2 Tim. 3.8. James, the English equivalent for Tacob in the New Testament, Mat.

4. 21. Jamin, ja'-min, right hand. Gen. 46.

Jaminites, ja'-min-ites, descendants of

Jamin. Num. 26. 12. Jamlech, jam'-lek, He makes to reign.

I Chr. 4. 34. Janna, jan'-nah, probably another form

of John. Luke 3. 24.

Jannes, jan'-ees. 2 Tim. 3. 8. Janoah, ja-no'-ah, rest. 2 Kin. 15. 29.

Janohah, ja-no'-hah, same as preceding. Josh. 16. 6.

Janum, ja'-noom, sleep. Josh. 15. 53.

Japheth, ja'-feth, extension. Gen. 5.32. Japhia, ja-fi'-ah, splendid. Josh. 19. 12. Japhlet, jaf'-let, may he deliver.

Chr. 7. 32. Japhleti, jaf-le'-ti, the Japhletite, or

descendant of Japhlet. Josh. 16. 3. Japho, ja'-fo, beauty. Josh. 19. 46. Jarah, ja'-rah, forest. I Chr. 9. 42. Jareb, ja'-reb, one who is contentious.

Hos. 5. 13.

Jared, ja'-red, descent. Gen. 5. 15. Jaresiah, ja'-res-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

nourishes. 1 Chr. 8. 27. Jarha, jar'-hah. 1 Chr. 2. 34. Jarib, ja'-rib, adversary. 1 Čhr. 4. 24. Jarmuth, jar'-mooth, height. Josh.

Jaroah, ja-ro'-ah, moon (?). I Chr.

5. 14.

Jashen, ja'-shen, sleeping. 2 Sam. 23. 32. Jasher, ja'-sher, upright. Josh. 10.13. Jashobeam, ja-shob'-e-am, the people returns. 1 Chr. 11. 11. Jashub, ja'-shoob, he returns. Num. 26. 24. Jashubi-lehem, ja-shoob'-i-le'-hem, giving bread (?). I Chr. 4. 22. Jashubites, ja'-shoob-ites, descendants of Tashub. Num. 26. 24. Jasiel, ja'-si-el, whom God made. Chr. 11. 47. Jason, ja'-son, Græco-Indæan equivalent of Joshua. Acts 17. 5. Jathniel, jath'-ni-el, God gives. I Chr. Jattir, jat'-yer, excelling. Josh. 15.48. Javan, ja'-van, wine (?). Gen. 10. 2. Jazer, ja'-zer, same as Jaazer. Num. 32. 1. Jaziz, ja'-ziz, wanderer (?). 1Chr. 27. 31. Jearim, je'-ar-im, forests. Josh. 15. 10. Jeaterai, je-at'-er-a'-i. 1 Chr. 6. 21. Jeberechiah, je-ber'-ek-i'-ah, whom Jehovah blesses. Is. 8. 2. Jebus, je'-boos, aplace trodden down(?). Judg. 19. 10. Jebusi, je'-boos-i, a Jebusite. 18. 16. Jebusites, je'-boos-ites, the descendants of Jebus, the son of Canaan. Num. 13. 29. Jecamiah, jek'-am-i'-ah 1 Chr. 3. 18. Jecholiah, jek'-ol-i'-ah. Jehovah is strong. 2 Kin. 15. 2. Jechonias, jek'-on-i'-as, the Greek way of spelling Jeconiah. Matt. 1.11. Jecoliah, jek'-ol-i'-ah, same as Jecholiah. 2 Chr. 26. 3. Jeconiah, jek'-on-i'-ah, Jehovah establishes. 1 Chr. 3. 16. Jedaiah, jed-ai'-ah, (1) Jehovah -(?). I Chr. 4. 37. (2) Jehovah knoweth. I Chr. 24. 7. Jediael, jed'-i-a'-el, known of God. 1 Chr. 7. 6.

hovah. 2 Sam. 12. 25.

Jeduthun, jed-ooth'-oon, friendship (?). 1 Chr. 16. 38. Jeezer, je-e'-zer, contracted from Abiezer. Num. 26, 30. Jeozoritos, je-ez'-er-ites, descendants of Teezer. Num. 26. 30. Jegar-sahadutha, je'-gar-sa-ha-doo'thah, the heap of testimony. Gen. 31. 47. Jehaleleel, je-hal'-el-e'-el, he praises God. 1 Chr. 4. 16. Jehalelel, je-hal'-e-lel, same as preceding. 2 Chr. 20. 12. Jehdeiah, jed-i'-ah, whom Jehovah makes glad. 1 Chr. 24. 20. Jehezekel, je-hez'-e-kel, same as Ezekiel. 1 Chr. 24, 16. Jehiah, je-hi'-ah, Jehovah lives. Chr. 15, 24. Jehiel, je-hi'-el, God liveth. 15. 18. Jehieli, je-hi'-el-i, a Jehielite. 1 Chr. 26. 21. Jehizkiah, je'-hizk-i'-ah, same as Hezekiah. 2 Chr. 28. 12. Jehoadah, je-ho'-a-dah, whom Jehovah adorns. J Chr. 8. 36. Jehoaddan, je-ho'-ad-an, Jehovah is beauteous (?). 2 Kin. 14. 2. Jehoahaz, je-ho'-a-haz, whom Jehovah holds fast. 2 Kin. 10. 35. Jehoash, je-ho'-ash, Jehovah supports. 2 Kin. 11. 21. Jehohanan, je-ho'-han-an, Jehovah is gracious. 1 Chr. 26. 3. Jehoiachin, je-ho'-ya-kin, Jehovah has established. 2 Kin. 24. 6. Jehovah Jehoiada, je-ho'-ya-dah, knoweth. 2 Sam. 8. 18. Jehoiakim, je-ho'-ya-kim, Jehovah has set up. 2 Kin. 23. 34. Jehoiarib, je-ho'-ya-rib, Jehovah will contend. I Chr. 9. 10. Jehonadab, je-ho'-na-dab, Jehovah is bounteous. 2 Kin. 10. 15. Jehonathan, je-ho'-na-than, same as Jonathan. 1 Chr. 27. 25. Jehoram, je-ho'-ram, Jehovah is high. Jedidah, jed-i'-dah, beloved. 2 Kin. 1 Kin. 22. 50. je-ho'-shab'-e-ath, Jedidiah, jed'-id-i'-ah, beloved of Je-Jehoshaheath, Tehovah is the oath. 2 Chr. 22. 11.

Jehoshaphat, je-hosh'-af-at, whom Jehovah judges. 1 Kin. 15. 24.

Jehosheba, je-ho'-she-hah, same as Jehoshabeath. 2 Kin. 11. 2.

Jehoshua, je-hosh'-oo-ah, same as Joshua. Num. 13, 16.

Jehoshuah, je-hosh'-oo-ah, same as Joshua. I Chr. 7. 27.

Jehovah, je-ho'-vah, the Eternal One. Ex. 6. 3.

Jehovah-jireh, je-ho'-vah-ji'-ray, Jehovah will provide. Gen. 22. 14. Jehovah-nissi, je-ho'-vah-nis'-i, Tehovah my banner. Ex. 17. 15.

Jehovah-shalom, je-ho'-vah-sha'lom, Jehovah send peace. Judg. 6. 24.

Jehozabad, je-ho'-za-bad, Jehovah gave. 2 Kin. 12, 21.

Jehozadak, je-ho'-za-dak, Jehovah is just. 1 Chr. 6. 14.

Jehu, je'-hu, Jehovah is He (?). 1 Kin. 10. 16.

Jehubbah, je-hoob'-ah, hidden. I Chr. 7.34.

Jehucal, je-hoo'-kal, Jehovah

mighty. Jer. 37. 3. Jehud, je'-hood, praise. Josh. 19. 45. Jehudi, je-hood'-i, a Jew. Jer. 36. 14. Jehudijah, je'-hood-i'-jah, a Jewess. 1 Chr. 4. 18.

Jehush, je'-hoosh, to whom God hastens. 1 Chr. 8. 39.

Jeiel, ji'-el. 1 Chr. 5. 7.

Jekabzeel, je-kah'-ze-el, God gathers.

Neh. 11. 25. Jekameam,je'-ka-me'-am. 1Chr.23.19. Jekamiah, jek'-am-i'-ah, same as Jecamiah. 1 Chr. 2. 41.

Jekuthiel, je-koo'-thi-el, the fear of God. 1 Chr. 4. 18.

Jemima, je-mi'-mah, dove. Job 42. 14. Jemuel, jem-oo'-el, day of God. Gen.

46. IO. Jephthae, jef'-tah, Greek way of writing Tephthah. Heb. 11, 32.

Jephthah, jef'-tah, God opens. Judg.

II. ı. Jephunneh, je-foon'-eh, for whom it is prepared. Num. 13. 6.

Jerah, je'-rah, the moon. Gen. 10. 26.

Jerahmeel, je-rah'-me-el, whom God loves. r Chr. 2. 9.

Jerahmeelites, je-rah'-me-el-ites. descendants of Jerahmeel. 1 Sam. 27.10. Jered, je'-red, descent. 1 Chr. 1. 2.

Jeremai, jer'-em-a'-i, dwelling in Ezra 10. 33. heights.

Jeremiah, jer'-em-i'-ah, whom Jehovah has appointed. Jer. 1. 1.

Jeremias, jer'-em-i'-as, Greek form of

Jeremiah. Matt. 16. 14. Jeremoth, jer-em-oth, high places. 1 Chr. 8, 14.

Jeremy, jer'-em-y, shortened English form of Jeremiah. Matt. 2. 17.

Jeriah, jer-i'-ah, whom Jehovah regards (?). 1 Chr. 23. 19.

Jeribai, jer'-ib-a'-i, contentious. 1 Chr.

Jericho, jer'-ik-o, a fragrant place. Num. 22. 1.

Jeriel, je-ri'-el, founded by God. 1 Chr.

Jerijah, jer-i'-jah, same as Jeriah. 1 Chr. 26. 31.

Jerimoth, jer'-i-moth, same as Jeremoth. 1 Chr. 7. 7.

Jerioth, je-ri'-oth, curtains. 1 Chr. 2. 18. Jeroboam, jer'-ob-o'-am, whose people are many, 1 Kin. 11. 26.

Jeroham, je-ro'-ham, who is loved. 1 Sam. 1. 1.

Jerubbaal, je-roo'-ha-al, let Baal plead. Judg. 6. 32.

Jeruhbesheth, je'-roo-be'-sheth, let shame plead, another name for Jerubbaal. 2 Sam. 11. 21.

Jeruel, je-roo'-el, same as Jeriel. 2 Chr. 20. 16.

Jerusalem, je-roo'-sa-lem, founded in peace (?). Josh. 10. 1.

Jerusha, je-roo'-shah, possession. 2 Kin. 15. 33.

Jerushah, je-roo'-shah, same as pre-

ceding: 2 Chr. 27. 1. Jesaiah, je-sai'-ah, same as Isaiah,

I Chr. 3. 21.

Jeshaiah, je-shai'-ah, same as preceding. 1 Chr. 25. 3.

Jeshanah, je-shan'-ah, old. 2 Chr.

13. 19.

Jesharelah, jesh'-ar-el'-ah, right before God (?). 1 Chr. 25. 14.

Jeshebeab, je-sheb'-e-ab, father's seat.
1 Chr. 24. 13.

Jesher, je'-sher, uprightness. I Chr.

Jeshimon, je-shim'-on, the waste.

Num. 21. 20. Jeshishai, je-shi'-sha-i, like an old man. 1 Chr. 5. 14.

Jeshohaiah, je-sho'-ha-i'-ah, whom Jehovah humbles. 1 Chr. 4. 36.

Jeshua, jesh'-oo-ah, Jehovah is salvation. Ezra 2. 2.

Jeshuah, jesh'-oo-ah, help. 1 Chr. 24.

Jeshurun, jesh-oor-oon, righteous.

Den. 32, 15,

Jesiah, je-si'-ah. 1 Chr. 12. 6. Jesimiel, je-sim'-i-el, whom God

founds (?). 1 Chr. 4. 36.

Jesse, jes-sy, gift (?). Ruth 4. 17.

Jesui, je-soo'-i, same as Ishua. Num.

26. 44. Jesuites, je'-soo-ites, the posterity of

Jesui. Num. 26. 44. Jesurun, je-soor'-oon, wrongly printed

for Jeshurun. Isai. 44. 2. Jesus, je'-sus, Saviour. Mat. 1. 21.

Jesus, je'-sus, Saviour. Mat. 1. 21.
Jether, je'-ther, same as Ithra. Judg.
8. 20.

Jetheth, je'-theth. Gen. 36. 40. Jethlah, jeth'-lah, lofty. Josh. 19. 42. Jethro, jeth'-ro, same as Ithra. Ex. 3. 1. Jetur, je'-toor, an enclosure. Gen. 25.

Jeuel, joo'-el, same as Jeiel. 1 Chr. 9.6. Jeush, je'-oosh, same as Jehush.

Gen. 36. 5.

Jeuz, je'-ooz, counsellor. I Chr. 8. 10. Jew, joo, an Israelite. Esth. 2. 5. Jewess, joo'-ess, a female Jew. Acts

Jewish, joo'-ish, of or belonging to Jews. Tit. 1. 14.

Jews. Tit. 1. 14. Jewry, joo'-ry, Old English name for

Judea. Dan. 5. 13. Jews, jooz, inhabitants of Judea. 2 Kin.

16. 6.
Jezaniah, jez'-an-i'-ah, Jehovah adorns (?). Jer. 40. 8.

Jezebel, jez'-e-bel, unmarried. I Kin. 16, 31.

Jezer, je'-zer, anything made. Gen. 46. 24.

Jezerites, je'-zer-ites, descendants of Jezer. Num. 26. 49.

Jeziah, jez-i'-ah, whom Jehovah as-

sembles. Ezra 10. 25.

Jeziel, jcz-i'-el, the assembly of God.

1 Chr. 12. 3.

Jezliah, jez-li'-ah, deliverance (?).

1 Chr. 8. 18.

Jezoar, je-zo'-ar, splendid. 1 Chr. 4. 7. Jezrahiah, jez'-rah-i'-ah, Jehovah shines forth. Neh. 12. 42.

Jezreel, jez'-re-el, God scatters. I Chr. 4. 3.

4. 3. Jezreelite, jez'-re-el-ite, an inhabitant

of Jezreel. 1 Kin. 21. 6. Jezreelitess, jez'-re-el-ite-ess, feminine of preceding. 1 Sam. 27. 3.

Jibsam, jib'-sam, fragrant. 1 Chr. 7.2. Jidlaph, jid'-laf, weeping (?). Gen. 22.

22.
Timps iim' nob came as Tmns. Num

Jimna, jim'-nah, same as Imna. Num. 26. 44.

Jimnah, jim'-nah, same as Imnah. Gen. 46. 17.

Jimnites, jim'-nites, descendants of Jimnah. Num. 26. 44.

Jiphtah, jif'-tah, same as Jephthah.
Josh. 15. 43.

Jiphthah-el, jif'-tah-el, which God opens. Josh. 19. 14.

Joab, jo'-ab, Jehovah is father. 2 Sam. 2. 13.

Joah, jo'-ah, Jehovah is brother. 2 Kin. 18. 18.

Joahaz, jo'-a-haz, whom Jehovah holds. 2 Chr. 34. 8.

Joanna, jo-an'-ah, Greek way of writing Jehonan. Luke 3. 27.

Joash, jo'-ash, whom Jehovah supports (?). 2 Kin. 11. 2.

Joatham, jo'-ath-am, Greek form of Jotham. Matt. 1. 9.

Job, jobe, (1) a desert. Gen. 46. 13; (2) one persecuted. Job 1. 1.

Jobab, jo-bab, a desert. Gen. 10. 29. Jochebed, jo'-ke-bed, Jehovah is glorious (?). Ex. 6. 20. Jose, jo'-ed, for whom Jehovah is i witness. Neh. 11. 7.

Joel, jo'-el, Jehovah is might. Joel 1. 1. Joslah, jo'-el-ah, He helps (?). 1 Chr.

12. 7.

Joezer, jo'-e-zer, Jehovah is help. 1 Chr. 12, 6.

Jogbehah, jog'-be-hah, lofty. Num.

Jogli, jo'-gli, an exile. Num. 34. 22. Joha, jo'-hah, Jehovah lives (?). I Chr. 8. 16.

Johanan, jo-ha'-nan, Jehovah is gra-2 Kin. 25, 23. cious. John, English way of spelling Joha-

nan. Mat. 3. 1.

Joiada, jo'-ya-dah, Jehoyah knows. Neh. 12. 10.

Joiakim, jo'-ya-kim, shortened from Iehoiakim. Neh. 12. 10.

Joiarib, jo'-ya-rib, whom Jehovah defends. Ezra 8. 16.

Jokim, jo'-kim, shortened from Jehoiakim. 1 Chr. 4. 22.

Jokdeam, jok-de-am, burning of the people. Josh. 15, 56.

Jokmsam, jok'-me-am. 1 Chr. 6.68. Jokneam, jok'-ne-am, possessed by

the people. Josh. 12. 22. Jokshan, jok'-shan, fowler. Gen. 25. 2. Joktan, jok-tan, small. Gen. 10. 25. Joktheel, jok'-the-el, subdued by God. Josh. 15. 38.

Jona, jo'-nah, a Greek way of spelling Johanan. John 1. 42.

Jonadab, jo'-na-dab, same as Jehonadab. 2 Sam. 13. 3.

Jonah, jo'-nah, dove. 2 Kin. 14. 25. Jonan, jo'-nan, contracted from Jo-

hanan. Luke 3. 30. Jonas, jo'-nas, (1) same as Jona. John 21. 15. (2) Or Jonah. Matt.

12, 30. Jonath-elem-rechokim, jo'-nath-e'lem-re-ko-kim', the silent dove afar off. Title of Ps. 56.

Jonathan, jo'-na-than, whom Jehovah gave. 1 Sam. 13. 2.

Joppa, jop'-ah, beauty (?). 2 Chr. 2. 16. Jorah, jo'-rah, watering (?). Ezra 2.18. Jorai, jo'-ra-i, archer (?). 1 Chr. 5. 13.

Joram, jo'-ram, same as Jehoram. 2 Sam. 8, 10.

Jordan, jor'-dan, flowing down. Gen. 12. IO.

Jorim, jo'-rim, a form of Joram (?). Luke 3, 20.

Jorkoam, jor'-ko-am, spreading of the people (?). 1 Chr. 2. 44.

Josabad, jo'-sa-bad, same as Jehozabad. I Chr. 12. 4.

Josaphat, jo'-saf-at, Greek form of

Jehoshaphat. Matt. 1. 8. Josedech, jo'-se-dek, same as Jeho-

zadak. Hag. I. I. Joseph, jo'-sef, he shall add. Gen. 30. 24.

Joses, jo'-ses. Mat. 13. 55. Joshah, jo'-shah, Jehovah presents (?).

1 Chr. 4. 34. Joshaphat, jo'-sha-fat, shortened from

Tehoshaphat. 1 Chr. 11. 43. Joshaviah, jo'-shav-i'-ah, same as Jo-

shah. 1 Chr. 11. 46. Joshbekashah, josh'-be-ka'-shah, seat

of hardship (?). 1 Chr. 25. 4. Joshua, jo'-shoo-ah, Jehovah is salvation. Num. 14. 6.

Josiah, jo-si'-ah, whom Tehovah heals. 2 Kin. 21. 24.

Josias, jo-si'-as, Greek form of Josiah. Matt. 1. 10.

Josibiah, jos'-ib-i'-ah, to whom God

gives a dwelling. I Chr. 4. 35. Josiphiah, jos'-if-i'-ah, whom Jehovah will increase. Ezra 8. 10.

Jotbah, jot'-bah, pleasantness (?). 2 Kin. 21. 19.

Jotbath, jot'-bath, same as Jotbah. Deu. 10. 7.

Jotbathah, jot'-ba-thah, same as Jotbah. Num. 33. 33.

Jotham, jo'-tham, Jehovah is upright. Judg. 9. 5.

Jozabad, jo'-za-bad, same as Jehozabad. 1 Chr. 12. 20.

Jozachar, jo'-za-kar, whom Jehovah has remembered, 2 Kin. 12. 21.

Jozadak, jo'-za-dak, same as Jehozadak. Ezra 3. 2.

Jubal, joo'-bal, music (?). Gen. 4. 21. Jucal, joo'-kal, same as Jehucal. Jer. 38. 1.

Juda, joo'-dah, same as Judah. Luke

Judah, joo'-dah, praised. Gen. 29. 35.

Judas, joo'-das, Greek form of Judah. Mat. 10. 4. Jude, jood, abbreviated from Judas.

Jude 1.

Judea, joo-de'-ah (land of Judah). Ezra 5. 8.

Judith, joo'-dith (probably from the same). Gen. 26. 34.Julia, joo'-li-ah, feminine form of Ju-

lius. Rom. 16. 15.

Julius, joo'-li-us, downy. Acts 27. I. Junia, joo'-ui-ah. Rom. 16. 7.

Jupiter, joo'-pit-er. Acts 14. 12. Jushab-hesed, joo'-shab-he'-sed, whose love is returned. I Chr. 3. 20.

Justus, just'-us, upright. Acts 1. 23. Juttah, joot'-ah, extended. Josh. 15. 55.

Kabzeel, kab'-ze-el, God has gathered. Josh. 15. 21.

Kadesh, ka'-desh, consecrated. Gen. 20.1.

Kadesh-harnea, ka'-desh-bar'-ne-ah. Num. 34. 4.

Kadmiel, kad'-mi-el, eternity of God (?). Ezra 2. 40.

Kadmonites, kad'-mon-ites, Orientals. Gen. 15. 19.

Kallai, kal-a'-i, swift. Neh. 12. 20. Kanah, ka'-nah, a place of reeds. Josh.

19. 28. Kareah, ka-re'-ah, bald. Jer. 40. 8. Karkaa, kar-ka'-ah, floor. Josh. 15. 3. Karkor kar'-kor plain (?). Judg. 8.

Karkor, kar'-kor, plain (?). Judg. 8. 10. Karnaim, kar-na'-im, two horns. Gen.

Kartah, kar'-tah, city. Josh. 21. 34. Kartan, kar'-tan, double city. Josh.

21. 32. Kattath, kat'-ath, small (?). Josh. 19.

I5.

Kedar, ke'-dar, black-skinned. Gen.

Kedemah, ke-de'-mah, eastward. Gen. 25. 15.

Kedemoth, ke-de'-moth, eastern parts.
Josh. 13. 18.

Kedesh, ke'-desh, sanctuary. Josh. 12.

Kehelathah, ke'-he-la'-thah, assembly. Num. 33. 22.

Keilah, ki'-lah, sling (?). Josh. 15. 44. Kelaiah, ke-lai'-ah, contempt (?). Ezra 10. 23.

Kelita, ke-li'-tah, dwarf. Neh. 8. 7. Kemuel, kem'-oo-el, congregation of

God. Gen. 22. 21.

Kenan, ke'-nan, smith (?). I Chr. I. 2.

Kenath, ke'-nath, possession. Num.

Kenath, ke'-nath, possession. Num. 32. 42.

Kenaz, ke'-naz, hunting. Gen. 36. 11.
Kenezite, ke'-nez-ite, descendant of Kenaz. Num. 32. 12.

Kenites, keen'-ites, descendants of an unknown man named Kain. Gen. 15. 19.

Kenizzites, ke'-niz-ites, same as Kenezite. Gen. 15. 19.

Keren-happuch, ke'-ren-hap'-ook, horn of paint. Job 42. 14.

Kerioth, ke'-ri-oth, cities. Josh. 15. 25. Keros, ke'-ros, crook (?). Ezra 2. 44. Keturah, ke-too'-rah, incense. Gen.

25. I. Kezia, ke-zi'-ah, cassia. Joh 42. 14. Keziz, ke'-ziz, cut off. Josh. 18. 21.

Kibroth-hattavah, kib'-roth-hatta'-a-vah, graves of lust. Num. 11. 34.

Kibzaim, kih-za'-im, two heaps. Josh. 21. 22. Kidron, kid'-ron, turbid. 2 Sam. 15. 23.

Kinah, ki'-nah, song of mourning, lamentation. Josh. 15. 22.

Kir, kir, town. 2 Kin. 16. 9.

Kir-haraseth, kir'-ha-ras'-eth, bricktown. 2 Kin. 3. 25.

Kir-hareseth, kir'-ha-res'-eth, same as preceding. Is. 16. 7.

Kir-haresh, kir-har'-esh, same as preceding. Is. 16. 11.

Kir-heres, kir-her'-es, same as preceding. Jer. 48. 31.

Kiriathaim, kir'-yath-a'-im, same as Kirjathaim. Ezek. 25. 9.

Kirjoth, kir'-i-oth, cities. Amos 2. 2.
Kirjath, kir'-jath, city(?). Josh. 18. 28.
Kirjathaim, kir'-jath-a'-im, double city. Num. 32. 37.

Kirjath-arba, kir-jath-ar-bah, city of Arba. Gen. 23. 2.

Kirjath-arim, kir-jath-ar-im, contracted from Kirjath-jearim. Ezra 2. 25.

Kirjath-baal, kir-jath-ba'-al, city of Baal. Josh, 15, 60.

Kirjath-huzoth, kir-jath-hooz'-oth, c.

of streets. Num. 22. 39. Kirjath-jearim, kir-jath-je-ar-im, ..

of woods. Tosh. o. 17. Kirjath-sannah, kir'-jath-san'-ah, ..

of thorns. Josh. 15. 49. Kirjath-sepher, kir'-jath-se'-fer, book-

city. Josh. 15. 15. Kish, kish, bow. I Sam. 9. 1.

Kishi, kish'-i, how of Jehovah. I Chr. 6. 44.

Kishion, kish'-i-on, hardness. Josh. 19.

Kishon, ki'-shon, tortuous. Judg. 4. 7. Kison, ki'-son, same as Kishon. Ps. 83. q.

Kithlish, kith'-lish, fortified. Josh. 15.40.

Kitron, kit'-ron, burning. Judg. 1. 30. Kittim, kit'-im, same as Chittim. Gen. 10. 4.

Koa, ko'-ah, prince. Ezek. 23. 23. Kohath, ko'-hath, assembly, Gen. 46. II.

Kohathites, ko'-hath-ites, descendants of Kohath. Num. 3. 27.

Kolaiah, kol-ai'-ah, voice of Jehovah (?). Neh. 11. 7.

Korah, ko'-rah, bald. Num. 16. 1. Korahites, ko'-rah-ites, descendants of Korah. 1 Chr. 9, 19.

Korathites, ko'-rath-ites, same as preceding. Num. 26, 58,

Kore, ko'-re, partridge. I Chr. 9. 19. Korhite, kor-ite, same as Korathite.

2 Chr. 20. 19. Koz, thorn. Ezra 2. 61.

Kushaiah, kush-ai'-ah, longer form of Kishi, 1 Chr. 15.17.

Laadah, la'-ad-ah, order (?). 1 Chr. 4. 2I.

Laadan, la'-ad-an, put in order (?). I Chr. 7. 26.

Lahan, la'-ban, white. Gen. 24. 29. Lachish, la'-kish, impregnable. Josh.

Lael, la'-el, (devoted) to God. Num.

3. 24. Lahad, la'-had, oppression. 1 Chr. 4.2.

Lahai-roi, la-hah'-i-ro'-i, to the living is sight. Gen. 24. 62.

Lahmam, lah'-mam. Josh. 15. 40. Lahmi, lah'-mi, warrior. 1 Chr. 20. 5. Laish, la'-ish, lion. 1 Sam. 25. 44.

Lakum, la'-koom, fort (?). Josh. 19.33. Lama, lam'-ah, why? Matt. 27. 46. Lamech, la'-mek, destroyer. Gen. 4.

18.

Laodicea, la'-od-i-se'-ah. Col. 2. 1. Laodiceans, la'-od-i-se'-ans, inhabitants of Laodicea. Col. 4. 16.

Lapidoth, la'-pid-oth, torches. Judg.

Lasea, la-se'-ah. Acts 27. 8. Lasha, la'-shah, fissure. Gen. 10. 19.

Lasharon, la-sha'-ron, of the plain. Tosh. 12. 18.

Latin, lat'-in, the language spoken by Romans. John 19. 20.

Lazarus, laz'-ar-us, Greek form of Eleazar. Luke 16, 20.

Leah, le'-ah, languid. Gen. 29. 16. Lebanah, leh'-an-ah, white. Ezra 2.45. Lebanon, leb'-an-on, the white (mountain). Deu. 1. 7.

Lebaoth, leb'-a-oth, lionesses. Josh. 15. 32.

Lebbæus, leb-e'-us. Matt. 10. 3. Lebonah, leb-o'-nah, frankincense. Judg. 21. 19.

Lscah, le'-kah, journey(?). 1Chr.4.21. Lehabim, le'-hab-im. Gen. 10. 13. Lehi, le'-hi, jaw-bone. Judg. 15. 9.

Lemuel, lem'-oo-el, (devoted) to God (?). Prov. 31. 1.

Leshem, le'-shem, precious stone. Josh. 19. 47.

Letushim, le-toosh'-im, the hammered. Gen. 25. 3.

Lsummim, le-oom'-im, peoples. Gen.

Levi, le'-vi, associate (?). Gen. 29. 34. Leviathan, le-vi'-a-than, a water

monster. Ps. 104. 26.

Levites, le'-vites, descendants of Levi.

Ex. 6. 25.

Leviticus, le-vit'-ic-us, the book which treats of the affairs of the Levitical law.

Libertines, lib'-ert-ines, freedmen. Acts 6. o.

Libnah, lib'-nah, whiteness. Num. 33.

Libni, lib'-ni, white. Ex. 6. 17.

Libnites, lib'-nites, descendants of Libni. Num. 3. 21.

Libya, lib'-yah. Acts 2. 10.

Likhi, lik'-hi, fond of learning (?).
I Chr. 7. 19.

Linus, li'-nus, flax. 2 Tim. 4. 21. Lo-ammi, lo-am'-i, not my people.

Hos. 1. 9. Lod, lode, strife (?). 1 Chr. 8. 12. Lo-debar, lo'-de-bar, without pas-

ture (?). 2 Sam. 9. 4.

Lois, lo'-is. 2 Tim. 1.5.

Lo-ruhamah, lo'-ru'-ham-ab, not having obtained mercy. Hos. 1. 6.

Lot, veil. Gen. 11. 27.

Lotan, lo'-tan, veiling. Gen. 36. 20. Lubims, loob'-ims, same as Lehabim. 2 Chr. 12. 3.

Lucas, loo'-kas, same as Luke.

Philem. 24.

Lucifer, loo'-sif-er, light-bearer. Is. 14. 12.
Lucius, loosh'-yus, a noble (?). Acts

13. 1. Lud, lood, strife (?). Gen. 10. 22.

Ludim, lood'-im. Gen. 10. 13. Luhith, loo'-hith, abounding in boards.

Is. 15. 5. Luke, of or belonging to Lucania.

Col. 4. 14.

Luz, looz, almond tree. Gen. 28. 19. Lycaonia, li'-ka-o'-ni-ah. Acts 14. 6. Lycia, lish'-yah. Acts 27. 5. Lydda, lid'-ah, Greek form of Lod (?).

Acts 9. 32. Lydia, lid'-yah. Acts 16. 14.

Lysanias, li-sa'-ni-as, ending sorrow.

Luke 3. 1.

Lysias, lis-yas, a person of Lysia. Acts 23. 26.

Lystra, lis'-trah. Acts 14. 6.

Maacah, ma'-ak-ah (same as Maachah). 2 Sam. 3. 3.

Maachah, ma'-ak-ah, royal (?). 1 Kin. 2. 39.

Maachathi, ma-ak'-a-thi, an inhabitant of Maachah. Den. 3. 14.

Maachathites, ma-ak'-ath-ites, plural of preceding. Josh. 12. 5.

Maadai, ma'-ad-a'-i, adorned. Ezra

Maadiah, ma'-ad-i'-ah, ornament of Iehovah. Neh. 12. 5.

Maai, ma-a'-i, compassionate (?). Neh.

12. 36.
Maaleh-acrabbim, ma'-al-eh-ak'-rab-

im, ascent of scorpions. Josh. 15. 3. Maarath, ma'-ar-ath, a treeless place. Josh. 15. 59.

Maaseiah, ma'-as-i'-ah, work of Jeboyah. Ezra 10. 18.

Maasiai, ma'-as-i-a'-i, same as Ama-

shai (?). 1 Chr. 9, 12.

Maath, ma'-ath, small (?). Luke 3. 26. Maaz, ma'-az, wrath. 1 Chr. 2. 27. Maaziah, ma'-az-i'-ah. 1 Chr. 24 18.

Macedonia,mas'-ed-o'-ni-ah.Acts16.9.
Machbanai, mak'-ban-a-i', cloak. 1
Chr. 12. 13.

Machbenah, mak'-be-nah', clad with a cloak (?). I Chr. 2. 49.

Machi, ma'-ki. Num. 13. 15.

Machir, ma'-kir, sold. Gen. 50. 23. Machirites, ma'-kir-ites, the descend-

ants of Machir. Num. 26. 29. Machnadebai, mak'-na-deb-a'-i. Ezra 10. 40.

Machpelah, mak-pe'-lah, a doubling. Gen. 23. 9.

Madai, mad'-a-i. Gen. 10. 2.

Madian, ma'-di-an, Greek form of Midian. Acts 7. 29.

Madmannah, mad'-man-ah, dunghill. Josh. 15. 31.

Madmen, mad'-men, dungheap. Jer.

48. 2. Madmenah, mad'-men-ah, same as

Madmen. Is. 10. 31.

Madon, ma'-don, place of contention.

Josh. 11. 1.

Magbish, mag'-bish, congregating. Ezra 2. 30. Magdala, mag'-dal-ah, tower. Matt.

Magdalene, mag'-dal-e'-ne, inhabitant of Magdala. Matt. 27. 56.

Magdiel, mag'-di-el, praise of God. Gen. 36. 43.

Magog, ma'-gog. Gen. 10. 2.

Magor-missabib, ma'-gor-mis'-abib, fear round about. Jer. 20. 3. Magpiash, mag'-pi-ash. Neh. 10. 20.

Mahalah, mah'-hal-ah, disease. I Chr. 7.18.

Mahalaleel, ma-ha'-lal-e'-el, praise of God. Gen. 5. 12.

Mahalath, mah'-al-ath, a musical instrument. Gen. 28. g.

Mahalath Leannoth, m. le-an-oth'. Ps. 88, title.

Mahali, ma'-ha-li, weak. Ex. 6. 19.
Mahanaim, ma'-han-a'-im, two camps.
Gen. 32. 2.

Mahaneh-dan, ma'-han-e-dan', camp of Dan. Judg. 18. 12.

Maharai, ma'-har-a'-i, impetuous.

Sam. 23. 28.

Mahath, ma'-hath, taking hold (?).

1 Chr. 6. 35.

Mahavite, ma'-hav-ite. 1 Chr. 11. 46.

Mahavioth ma haz' i oth visions 1

Mahazioth, ma-haz'-i-oth, visions. 1 Chr. 25. 4.

Maher-shalal-hash-baz, ma'-her-sha'-lal-hash'-baz, the spoil hastens, the prey speeds. Is. 8. 1.

the prey speeds. Is. 8. 1.

Mahlah, mah'-lah, same as Mahalah.

Num. 26. 33.

Mahli, mah'-li, same as Mahali. 1 Chr. 6. 19.

Mahlites, mah'-lites, the descendants of Mahli. Num. 3. 33.

Mahlon, mah'-lon, a sick person. Ruth 1. 2.

Mahol, ma'-hol, a dance. I Kin. 4. 31. Makaz, ma'-kaz, end (?). I Kin. 4. 9. Makheloth, mak'-hel-oth, assemblies. Num. 33. 25.

Makkedah, mak'-ed-ah, place of shepherds (?). Josh. 10. 10.

Maktesh, mak'-tesh, a mortar. Zeph. I. II.

Malachi, mal'-ak-i, the messenger of Jehovah. Mal. 1. 1.

Malcham, mal'-kam, their king. 1 Chr. 8. o.

Malchiah, malk-i'-ah, Jehovah's king. 1 Chr. 6. 40.

Malchiel, malk'-i-el, God's king. Gen. 46. 17.

Malchielites, malk'-i-el-ites, the descendants of Malchiel. Num. 26. 45.

Malchijah, malk-i'-jah, same as Malchiah. I Chr. 9, 12.

Malchiram, malk-i'-ram, king of height (?). 1 Chr. 3. 18.

Malchi-shua, malk'-i-shoo'-ah, king of aid. 1 Chr. 8. 33.

Malchus, mal'-kus, Greek form of Malluch. John 18. 10.

Maleleel, mal'-el-el, same as Mahalaleel. Luke 3. 37.

Mallothi, mal-o'-thi. I Chr. 25. 4. Malluch, mal'-ook, counsellor. I Chr.

6. 44. Mammon, mam'-on, fulness. Matt.

6. 24. Mamre, mam'-re, fatness. Gen. 14. 13. Manaen, ma-na'-en, Greek form of

Manaen, ma-na'-en, Greek form of Menahem. Acts 13. 1. Manahath ma-na' hath rest. Gen

Manahath, ma-na'-hath, rest. Gen. 36. 23.

Manahethites, ma-na'-heth-ites, inhabitants of Manahath (?). I Chr. 2. 52. Manasseh, ma-nas'-ay, one who causes to forget. Gen. 41. 51.

Manasses, ma-nas'-es, Greek form of Manasseh. Matt. 1. 10.

Manassites, ma-nas'-ites, members of the tribe of Manasseh. Deut. 4. 43.

Manoh, ma'-ne, a weight. Ezek. 45, 12. Manoah, ma-no'-ah, rest. Judg. 13. 2. Maoch, ma'-ok, oppressed (?). 1 Sam.

27. 2. Maon, ma'-on, habitation. Josh. 15.55. Maonites, ma'-on-ites. Judg. 10. 12.

Mara, ma'-rah, sad. Ruth 1. 20. Marah, ma'-rah, bitter. Ex. 15. 23.

Maralah, mar'-al-ah, trembling. Josh.

Maranatha, ma'-ran-ah'-thah, our lord cometh. 1 Cor. 16. 22.

Marcus, mar'-kus. Col. 4. 10.

Mareshah, ma-resh'-ah, capital. Josh. 15.44.

Mark, English form of Marcus. Acts

Maroth, mar-oth, bitterness, Mic. 1.12. Mars' Hill, English of Areopagus. Acts 17. 22.

Marsena, mar-se-nah. Est. 1, 14. Martha, mar'-thah, lady. Luke 10, 38. Mary, Greek form of Miriam. Matt.

Maschil, mas'-kil, understanding. Ps. 53, title.

Mash. Gen. 10. 23.

Mashal, ma'-shal, entreaty (?). I Chr. 6. 74.

Masrekah, mas-rek'-ah, vineyard. Gen. 36. 36.

Massa, mas'-ah, burden. Gen. 25, 14. Massah, mas'-ah, temptation. Ex. 17.7. Mathusala, ma-thoo'-sa-lah, Greek form of Methuselah. Luke 3. 37.

Matred, ma'-tred, pushing forward. Gen. 36. 39.

Matri, ma'-tri, rainy. I Sam. 10. 21. Mattan, mat'-an, a gift. 2 Kin. 11. 18. Mattanah, mat'-an-ah, same as pre-ceding. Num. 21. 18.

Mattaniah, mat'-an-i'-ah, gift of Jehovah. 2 Kin. 24. 17.

Mattatha, mat'ath-ah, a Greek form of above. Luke 3. 31.

Mattathah, mat'-ath-ah, gift of Jehovah. Ezra 10. 33.

Mattathias, mat'-ath-i'-as, a Greek form of the preceding. Luke 3. 26. Mattenai, mat'-en-a'-i, liberal. Ezra 10. 33.

Matthan, mat'-than, gift. Matt. 1. 15. Matthat, mat'-that, another form of Matthan. Luke 3. 24.

Matthew, English way of spelling Mattathiah. Matt. 9. 9.

Matthias, math-i'-as, another Greek form of Mattathias. Acts 1. 23.

Mattithiah, mat-ith-i'-ah, another form of Mattathias. 1 Chr. 9. 31. Mazzaroth, maz-ar-oth, the signs of

the 20diac. Job 38. 32.

Meah, me'-ah, a hundred. Neh. 3. 1. Mearah, me'-ar-ah, cave. Josh. 13. 4. Mebunnai, me-boon'-a'-i, built (?).

2 Sam. 23. 27.

Mecherathite, me-ker'-ath-ite, inhahitant of Mecherah (?). 1 Chr. 11. 36.

Medad, me'-dad. Num. 11. 26. Medan, me'-dan, contention. Gen. 25. 2. Medeba, me'-deb-ah, flowing water (?).

Num. 21. 30. Medes, inhabitants of Media, 2 Kin.

17. 6. Media, me'-di-ah. Greek form of Madai. Est. 1. 3.

Megiddo, me-gid'-o, place of troops. Tosh, 12. 21.

Megiddon, me-gid'-on, same as preceding. Zech. 12, 11.

Mohotaboel, me-het'-ab-e'-el, lengthened form of the following. Neh. 6. 10.

Mehetabel, me-het'-ab-el, God makes happy. Gen. 36. 39.

Mehida, me-hi'-dah. E2ra 2. 52. Mehir, me'-hir, price. 1 Chr. 4.11. Meholathite, me-ho'-lath-ite, native

of Meholah. I Sam. 18. 19. Mehujael, me-hoo'-ja-el, struck by God. Gen. 4. 18.

Mehuman, me'-hoom-an. Est. 1. 10. Mehunim, me-hoon'-im. Ezra 2, 50. Mehunims, me-hoon'-ims, the people

of Maon (?). 2 Chr. 26. 7. Me-jarkon, me'-jar'-kon, waters of yellowness. Josh. 19. 46.

Mekonah, me ko'-nah, a base. Neh. 11. 28.

Melatiah, mel'-at-i'-ah, whom Jehovah freed. Neh. 3. 7. Melchi, melk'-i, Greek form of Mel-

chiah. Luke 3. 24.

Melchiah, melk-i'-ah, Jehovah's king. Ter. 21. 1.

Melchisedec, melk-is'-ed-ek, Greek form of Melchizedek. Heb. 5. 6. Melchi-shua, melk'-i-shoo'-ah, same

as Malchi-shua. 1 Sam. 14. 49. Melchizedek, melk-iz'-ed-ek, king of righteousness. Gen. 14. 18.

Melea, mel'-e-ah, fulness (?). Luke 3.31. Melech, mel'-ech, king. 1 Chr. 8. 35. Melicu, mel'-i-koo, same as Malluch.

Neh. 12. 14. Melita, mel'-it-ah. Acts 28. 1. Melzar, mel'-zar, steward. Dan. 1.11.

Memphis, mem'-fis. Hos. 9. 6.

Memucan, me-moo'-kan. Est. 1. 14. Menahem, me-na'-hem, comforter.

2 Kin. 15. 14.

Menan, me'-nan. Luke 3, 31.

Mene, me'-ne, numbered. Dan. 5. 25. Meonenim, me-o'-nen-im. Judg. 9. 37. Meonothai, me-o'-noth-a'-i, my habi-

tations. 1 Chr. 4. 14.

Mephaath, me-fa'-ath, beauty. Josh. 13.18.

Mephibosheth, mef-ih'-osh-eth, destroying shame. 2 Sam. 4. 4.

Merab, me'-rab, increase. I Sam. 14.49. Meraiah, me-rai'-ah, contumacy. Neh. 12. 12.

Meraioth, me-rai'-oth, rebellions.
I Chr. 6: 6.

Merari, mer'-a-ri, bitter. Gen. 46. 11. Merathaim, mer'-ath-a'-im, rebellions.

Jer. 50. 21.

Moreurius, mer-ku'-ri-us. Acts 14.12. Mered, me'-red, rebellion. 1 Chr. 4.17. Moremoth, me'-rem-oth, elevations. Ezra 8. 33.

Meres, me'-res, worthy (?). Est. 1. 14. Meribah, me'-reb-ah, water of strife.

Ex. 17. 7.

Morih-baal, me'-ri-ba'-al, contender (?) against Baal. I Chr. 8. 34.

Merodach, me'-ro-dak. Jer. 50. 2. Merodach-baladan, me'-ro-dak-bal'a-dan, Merodach gives a son. Is. 39. 1. Merom, me'-rom, a high place. Josh. 11. 5.

Meronothite, me-ro'-noth-ite, an inhabitant of Meroneth. 1 Chr. 27. 30. Meroz, me'-roz, refuge (?). Judg. 5. 23. Mesech, me'-sech, same as Meshech. Ps. 120. 5.

Mesha, me'-shah, deliverance. 2 Kin.

3.4.

Meshach, me'-shak. Dan. 1. 7.

Meshech, me'-shek, tall (?). Gen. 10.2. Meshelemiah, me-shel'-em-i'-ah, Jehovah repays. 1 Chr. 9. 21.

Meshezabeel, me-shez'-a-he'-el, God delivers. Neh. 3. 4.

Meshillemith, me-shil'-em-ith, recompense. I Chr. 9. 12.

Meshillemoth, me-shil'-em-oth, retribution. 2 Chr. 28. 12.

Meshobab, me-sho'-bab, brought back. I Chr. 4. 34.

Meshullam, me-shool-am, friend. 2 Kin. 22. 3.

Meshullemeth, me-shool'-em-ith, feminine of preceding. 2 Kin. 21.19. Mesobaite, me-so'-ba-ite, inhabitant

of Mesoba (?). I Chr. II. 47. Mesopotamia, mes'-o-pot-a'-mi-ah, a-

midst the rivers. Gen. 24. 10. Messiah, mes-i'-ah, anointed. Dan.

9. 25. Messias, mes-i'-as, Greek form of the

above. John 1. 41. Metheg-ammah, me'-theg-am'-ah,

bridle of Ammah. 2 Sam. 8. 1.

Methusael,mc-thoo'-sa-el,man of God.

Gen. 4. 18.

Methuselah, me-thoo'-se-lah, man of the dart(?). Gen. 5. 21.

Meunim, me-oon'-im, same as Mehunim. Neh. 7. 52.

Mezahab, me'-za-hab, water of gold. Gen. 36. 39.

Miamin, mi'-ya-min, on the right hand.

Ezra 10. 25. Mibhar, mib'-har, choicest. 1 Chr. 11. 38.

Mibsam, mib'-sam, sweet odour. Gen. 25. 13.

Mibzar, mib'-zar, a fortress. Gen. 36.

Micah, mi'-kah, who (is) like unto Jehovah? Judg. 17. 1.

Micaiah, mi-kai'-ah, fuller form of Micah. 1 Kin. 22. 8.

Michael, mi'-ka-el, who (is) like unto God? Dan. 10. 13.

Michah, mi'-kah, same as Mioah. 1 Chr. 24, 24.

Michaiah, mi-kai'-ah, same as Mi-

caiah. Neh. 12. 35. Michal, mi'-kal, brock. 1 Sam. 14. 49.

Michmas, mik'-mas, later form of Michmash. Ezra 2. 27.

Michmash, mik'-mash, treasured. I Sam. 13. 2.

Michmethah, mik'-meth-ah, hiding place (?). Josh. 16. 6.

Michri, mik'-ri, precious (?). I Chr. 9.8.

Michtam, mik'-tam, writing (?). Ps. 16, title.

Middin, mid'-in, extensions. Josh

Midian, mid'-yan, strife. Gen. 25. 2. Midianites, mid'-yan-ites, people of

Midian. Gen. 37. 28.

Migdal-el, mig'-dal-el, tower of God.

Josh. 19. 38. Migdal-gad, mig'-dal-gad, tower of Gad. Josh. 15. 37.

Migdol, mig-dol. Ex. 14. 2.

Migron, mig'-ton, a precipice. Is.10.28. Mijamin, mi'-ja-min, same as Miamin.

I Chr. 24. 9. Mikloth, mik'-loth, staves, lots. I

Chr. 8. 32.

Mikneiah, mik-ni'-ah, possession of Jehovah. 1 Chr. 15. 18. Milalai, mil-al-a'-i, eloquent (?). Neh.

12. 36.
Milcah,mil'-kah,counsel(?), Gen.11.29.

Milcom, mil'-kom, same as Moloch.
I Kin. 11. 5.

Miletum, mi-le'-tum, improper form of Miletus. 2 Tim. 4. 20.

Miletus, mi-le'-tus. Acts 20. 15. Millo, mil'-o, a mound. Judg. 9. 6. Miniamin, min'-ya-min, full form of Miamin. 2 Chr. 31. 15.

Minni, min'-i, Armenia. Jer. 51. 27. Minnith, min'-ith, allotment. Judg.

Miphkad, mif-kad, place of meeting.

Neh. 3. 31.
Miriam, mir'-yam, rehellion (?). Ex.

Mirma, mir'-mah, fraud. 1 Chr. 8. 10. Misgab, mis'-gab, height. Jer. 48, 1. Mishael, mish'-a-el, who is what God is? Ex. 6. 22.

Mishal, mi'-shal, prayer. Josh. 21. 30. Misheal, mi'-she-al, same as Mishal.

Josh. 19. 26. Misham, mi'-sham, cleansing. 1 Chr.

8. 12. Mishma, mish'-mah, report. Gen. 25.14.

Mishmannah, mish-man'-ah, fatness, I Chr. 12, 10.

Mishraites, mish'-ra-ites. 1 Chr. 2.

Mispereth, mis-per'-eth, number. Neh. 7. 7.

Misrephoth-maim, mis'-re-foth-ma'im, burning of waters. Josh. 11. 8.

Mithcah, mith'-kah, place of sweetness. Num. 33. 28.

Mithnite, mith'-nite. I Chr. 11. 43. Mithredath, mith'-re-dath, given by Mithra. Ezra 1. 8.

Mithra. Ezra 1.8. Mitylene, mit'-il-e'-ne. Acts 20.14. Mizar, mi'-zar, smallness. Ps. 42.6.

Mizar, mi'-zar, smallness. Ps. 42. 6. Mizpah, miz'-pah, a look out. Gen. 31. 49.

Mizpar, miz'-par, number. Ezra 2. 2. Mizpeh, miz'-peh, watch-tower. Josh,

II. 3.

Mizraim, miz-ra'-im, fortresses. Gen. 10. 6.

Mizzah, miz'-ah. Gen. 36. 13. Mnason, na'-son. Acts 21. 16.

Moab, mo'-ab, progeny of a father. Gen. 10, 37.

Moabites, mo'-ab-ites, people of Moab. Deu. 2. 9.

Moabitess, mo'-ab-ite-ess, a lady of Moab. Ruth 4. 5.

Moadiah, mo'-ad-i'-ah, festival of Jehovah. Neh. 12. 17.

Moladah, mo'-lad-ah, birth. Josh. 15. 26.

Molech, mo'-lek, English form for Moloch. Lev. 18. 21.

Moloch, mo'-lok, king. Amos 5. 26. Molid, mo'-lid, begetter. 1 Chr. 2. 29. Morasthite, mo'-rasth-ite, native of

Moresheth. Jer. 26. 18. Mordecai, mor'-dek-a'-i, worshipper of

Merodach (?). Est. 2. 5.

Moreh, mo'-reh, archer. Gen. 12. 6. Moresheth-gath, mo-resh'-eth-gath', the possession of Gath. Mic. 1. 14. Moriah, mor-i'-ah, provided by Jeho-

vah. Gen. 22. 2. Mosera, mo'-se-rah, bond. Deu. 10. 6. Moseroth, mo'-se-roth, bonds. Num.

33. 30.
Moses, mo'-zes, saved from the water.

Ex. 2. 10. Moza, mo'-zah, fountain. 1 Chr. 2. 46. Mozah, mo'-zah, same as Moza. Josh.

18. 26.

Muppim, moop'-im, probably written |

for Shupham. Gen. 46. 21. Mushi, moo'-shi, withdrawn, Ex.6.19.

Muth-labben, mooth'-la-ben', death to the son (?). Ps. o. title.

Myra, mi'-rah, balsam. Acts 27. 5. Mysia, mish'-yah. Acts 16. 7.

Naam, na'-am, pleasantness. 1 Chr.4.15. Naamah, na'-am-ah, pleasant. 4. 22.

Naaman, na'-am-an, pleasantness.

Kin. 5. 1. Naamathite, na-am'-ath-ite. Job 2.11.

Naamites, na'-am-ites, descendants of Naaman. Num. 26. 40.

Naarah, na'-ar-ah, a girl. 1 Chr. 4. 5. Naarai, na'-ar-a'-i, youthful. 1 Chr. 11. 37.

Naaran, na'-ar-an, same as Naarah. 1 Chr. 7. 28.

Naarath, na'-ar-ath, to Naarah. Josh.

Naashon, na-ash'-on, enchanter. Ex.

Naasson, na-as'-on, Greek form of Naashon. Matt. 1. 4.

Nabal, na'-bal, foolish. 1 Sam. 25. 3. Naboth, na'-both, fruits (?). I Kin. 2I. I.

Nachon, na'-kon, prepared. 2 Sam. 6.6. Nachor, na'-kor, snorting. Josh. 24. 2. Nadab, na'-dab, liberal. Ex. 6. 23. Nagge, nag'-e, Greek form of Nogah.

Luke 3. 25.

Nahalal, na'-hal-al, a pasture. Josh. 21. 35.

Nahaliel, na-hal'-i-el, valley of God. Num. 21, 19.

Nahallal, na'-hal-al, same as Nahalal. Josh. 10. 15.

Nahalol, na'-hal-ol, same as preceding. Judg. 1. 30.

Naham, na'-ham, consolation. 1 Chr.

Nahamani, na'-ham-a'-ni, comforter. Neh. 7. 7.

Naharai, na'-har-a'-i, one who snores. 1 Chr. 11. 39.

Nahari, na'-har-i, same as preceding. 2 Sam. 23. 37.

Nahash, na'-hash, serpent. I Sam. II. I.

Nahath, na'-hath, descent. Gen. 36.13. Nahbi, nah'-bi, bidden. Num. 13. 14. Nahor, na'-hor, another way of spelling

Nachor. Gen. 11. 22. Nahshon, nah'-shon, same as Naa-

shon. Num. 1. 7.

Nahum, na'-hoom, comforter. Nah.1.1. Nain, na'-in, pasture. Luke 7. 11. Naioth, nai'-oth, habitations. I Sam.

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Naomi, na'-om-i, pleasant. Ruth 1.2. Naphish, na'-fish, cheerful. Gen. 25.

Naphtali, naf'-tal-i, my wrestling. Gen. 30. 8.

Naphtuhim, naf'-too-him. Gen. 10.13. Narcissus, nar-sis'-us, benumbing. Rom. 16. 11.

Nathan, na'-than, gift. 2 Sam. 7. 2. Nathanael, na-than'-a-el, gift of God. John 1. 45.

Nathan-melech, na'-than-me'-lek. gift of the king. 2 Kin. 23. 11.

Naum, na'-oom, same as Nahum. Luke 3. 25.

Nazarene, naz'-ar-een', a native of Nazareth. Matt. 2. 23.

Nazareth, naz'-ar-eth, branch. Luke

Nazarite, naz'-ar-ite, one separated. Num, 6. 2.

Neah, ne'-ah, of a slope. Josh. 19. 13. Neapolis, ne-a'-po-lis, new city. Acts 16. 11.

Neariah, ne'-ar-i'-ah, servant of Jehovah. 1 Chr. 3. 22.

Nebai, neb-a'-i, fruitful. Neh. 10. 19. Nebaioth, ne-bai'-oth, high places. 1 Chr. 1. 29.

Nebajoth, ne-ha'-joth, same as Nebaioth. Gen. 25, 13.

Neballat, ne-bal'-at. Neh. 11. 34. Nebat, ne'-bat, aspect. I Kin. 11. 26. Nebo, ne'-bo, a lofty place. Deu. 32. 49.

Nebuchadnezzar, neb'-u-kad-nez'-ar, another way of spelling the follow-2 Kin. 24. 1.

Nebuchadrezzar, neb'-u-kad-rez'-ar,

Nebo protect the crown. Jer. 21. 2.

Nebushaeban, neb'-u-shas'-ban, Nebo

will save me. Jer. 39. 13.

Nebuzar-adan, neb'-u-zar'-a-dan',
Nebo gives posterity. 2 Kin. 25. 8.

Necho, ne'-ko, conqueror (?). Jer. 46. 2.

Nechoh, same as Necho. 2 Kin. 23. 29. Nedabiah, ned'-ah-i'-ah, Jehovah is

bountiful (?). 1 Chr. 3.18.

Neginah, neg-een'-ah, a stringed instrument. Ps. 61, title.

Neginoth, neg-een'-oth, stringed instruments. Ps. 4, title.

Nego, ne'-go, same as Nebo. Dan. 1. 7. Nehelamite, ne-hel'-am-ite. Jer. 29.24.

Nehemiah, ne'-hem-i'-ah, Jehovah comforts, Neh. 1. 1.

Nehiloth, ne-hil'-oth. flutes. Ps. 5, title. Nehum, ne'-hoom, consolation. Neh.

7. 7. Nehushta, ne-hoosh'-tah, bronze. 2

Kin. 24. 8. Nehushtan, ne-hoosh'-tan, brazen. 2

Kin. 18. 4. Neiel, ni'-el, moved by God. Josh.

19. 27. Nekeb, ne'-keb, cavern. Josh. 19. 33. Nekoda, ne'-ko-dah, a herdman. Ezra 2. 48.

Nemuel, nem'-oo-el, same as Jem-

uel (?). Num. 26.9.

Nemuelites, nem-oo'-el-ites, descendants of Nemuel. Num. 26. 12.

Nepheg, ne'-feg, sprout. Ex. 6. 21. Nephish, ne'-fish, same as Naphish. 1 Chr. 5. 19.

Nephishesim, ne-fish'-es-im, expansions. Neh. 7. 52.

Nephthalim, nef-tal-im, Greek form

of Naphtali. Matt. 4. 13. Nephtoah, nef-to'-ah, opened. Josh.

Nephusim, ne-foos'-im, a better form for Nephishesim. Ezra 2. 50.

Ner, light. 1 Sam. 14. 50.

Nereus, ne'-roos, liquid (?). Rom. 16. 15.

Nergal, ner'-gal, lion. 2 Kin. 17. 30. Nergal-sharezer, ner'-gal-shar'-ez-er, Nergal protect the king. Jer. 39. 3.

Neri, ne'-ri, Greek form of Neriah.

Luke 3. 27.

Neriah, ner-i'-ah, lamp of Jehovah. Jer. 32. 12.

Nethaneel, neth-an'-e-el, same as Nathanael. Num. 1. 8.

Nethaniah, neth'-an-i'-ah, whom Jehovah gave. 2 Kin. 25. 23.

Nethinims, neth'-in-ims, the appointed. Neh. 10. 28.

Netophah, net'-of-ah, dropping. Ezra

Netophathi, net-of'-ath-i, an inhabitant of Netophah. Neh. 12. 28.

Netophathite, net-of-ath-ite, same as the preceding. 2 Sam. 23. 28.

Neziah, ne-zi'-ah, illustrious. Ezra

Nezib, ne'-zib, garrison. Josh. 15. 43. Nibhaz, nib'-haz. 2 Kin. 17. 31.

Nibshan, nib'-shan, level (?). Josh.

15. 62.

Nicanor, ni-ka'-nor. Acts 6. 5.

Nicodemus, nik-o-de-mus. John 3.1. Nicolaitanes, nik-o-la-it-ans, named after Nicolas. Rev. 2. 6.

Nicolas, nik'-o-las. Acts 6. 5.

Nicopolis, nik-o'-pol-is, city of victory. Tit. 3. 12.

Niger, ni'-jer, black. Acts 13. 1.

Nimrah, nim'-rah, limpid (water). Num. 32. 3.

Nimrim, nim'-rim, clear waters. Is. 15. 6.

Nimrod, nim'-rod, an inhabitant of Marad (?). Gen. 10. 8.

Nimshi, nim'-shi, discloser (?). 1 Kin. 19. 16.

Nineveh, nin'-ev-ay, dwelling (?).
Gen. 10. 11.

Ninevites, nin'-ev-ites, inhabitants of Nineveh. Luke 11. 30.

Nisan, ni'-san. Neh. 2. 1.

Nisroch, nis'-rok, eagle (?). 2 Kin.

No, abode (?). Nah. 3. 8.

No Amon, no-a'-mon, abode of Amon. Jer. 46. 25.

Noadiah, no'-ad-i'-ah, whom Jehovah meets. Neh. 6. 14.

Noah, no'-ah, (1) rest. Gen. 5. 29. (2) wandering. Num. 26. 33.

Nob, nobe, high place. I Sam. 21. 1.

Nobah, no'-bah, a barking. Nnm.

Nod, node, flight, wandering. Gen. 4. 16.

Nodab, no'-dab, nobility. 1 Chr. 5.19. Noe, no'-e, Greek form of Noah. Matt. 24. 37.

Nogah, no'-gah, brightness. I Chr.

3. 7.

Nohah, no'-hah, rest. 1 Chr. 8. 2. Non, none, same as Nun. 1 Chr. 7. 27. Noph, nofe, same as Memphis. Is. 10. 13.

Nophah, no'-fah, windy. Nnm. 21. 30. Nun, noon, fish. Ex. 33. 11.

Nymphas, nim'-fas, shortened form of Nymphodorus. Col. 4. 15.

Obadiah, ob'-ad-i'-ah, worshipper of Jehovah. Obad. 1.

Obal, o'-bal, hill (?). Gen. 10. 28. Obed, o'-bed, worshipping (God). Ruth 4. 17.

Obed-edom, o'-bed-e'-dom, serving Edom. 2 Sam. 6. 10.

Obil, o'-bil, camel keeper. I Chr. 27. 30.

Oboth, o'-both, bottles (of skin). Num. 21. 10.

Ocran, ok'-ran, troublesome. Num. 1.13.

Oded, o'-ded, setting np (?). 2 Chr.

Og, circle (?). Num. 21. 33.

Ohad, o'-had, might. Gen. 46. 10. Ohel, o'-hel, tent. 1 Chr. 3. 20.

Olivet, ol'-iv-et, place of olives. 2 Sam. 15. 30.

Olympas, o-limp'-as, bright (?). Rom. 16. 15.

Omar, o'-mar, talkative. Gen. 36. 11. Omega, o'-meg-ah, great O. Rev. 1. 8. Omri, om'-ri, like a sheaf (?). 1 Kin. 16. 16.

On, the snn. Gen. 41. 45. Onam, o'-nam, wealthy. Gen. 36. 23. Onan, o'-nan, strong. Gen. 38. 4.

Onesimus, o-ne'-sim-us, profitable.
Col. 4. 9.
Onesin borus, o'-nes-if'-or-us, bringing

Onesiphorus, o'-nes-if'-or-us, bringing profit. 2 Tim. 1. 16.

Ono, o'-no, strong. 1 Chr. 8. 12. Ophel, o'-fel, a hill. 2 Chr. 27. 3. Ophir, o'-feer. Gen. 10. 29. Ophni, of'-ni, man of the hill. Josh. 18. 24.

Ophrah, of rah, fawn. I Chr. 4. 14. Oreb, o'-reb, raven. Judg. 7. 25.

Oren, o'-ren, pine tree. I Chr. 2. 25.

Orion, o-ri'-on. Job 9. 9. Ornan, or'-nan. 1 Chr. 21. 15.

Orpah, orp'-ah, hind (?). Ruth 1. 4. Osee, o'-zee, same as Hosea. Rom

9. 25. Oshea, o-she'-ah, same as Joshua. Nnm. 13. 8.

Othni, oth'-ni, powerful (?). 1 Chr. 26. 7.

Othniel, oth'-ni-el, powerful man of God. Josh. 15.17. Ozem, o'-zem, strength. 1 Chr. 2.15.

Ozem, o'-zem, strength. 1 Chr. 2. 15. Ozias, o-zi'-as, Greek form of Uzziah. Mat. 1. 8.

Ozni, oz'-ni, hearing. Nnm. 26. 16. Oznites, oz'-nites, descendants of Ozni. Num. 26. 16.

Paarai, pa'-ar-a'-i, devoted to Peor (?). 2 Sam. 23. 35.

Padan-aram, pa'-dan-a'-ram, the plain of Syria. Gen. 25. 20.

Padon, pa'-don, redemption. Ezra 2.44.
Pagiel, pa'-gi-el, intervention of God.
Num. 1. 13.

Pahath-moab, pa'-hath-mo'-ab, governor of Moab. Ezra 2. 6.
Pai, pa'-i, bleating. I Chr. 1. 50.

Palal, pa'-lal, judge. Neh. 3. 25.

Palestina, pal'-es-ti'-nah, land of strangers (?). Ex. 15. 14.

Pallu, pal'-oo, distinguished. Ex.6.14. Palluites, pal'-oo-ites, descendants of

Pallu. Num. 26. 5. Palti, pal'-ti, deliverance of Jehovah.

Num. 13. 9.

Paltiel, pal'-ti-el, deliverance of God. Nnm. 34. 26.

Paltite, palt'-ite, a descendant of Palti.
2 Sam. 23. 26.

Pamphylia, pam-fil'-yah. Acts 27. 5. Paphos, pa'-fos. Acts 13. 6.

Parah, pa'-rah, heifer. Josh. 18. 23.

Paran, pa'-ran, cavernous. Deu. 33. 2.

Parbar, par'-bar, open apartment.

I Chr. 26. 18.

Parmashta, par-mash'-tah, superior(?).

Est. 9. 9.

Parmenas, par'-men-as, standing firm. Acts 6. 5.

Parnach, par'-nak. Num. 34. 25. Parosh, pa'-rosh, flea. Ezra 2. 3. Parshandatha, par'-shan-da'-thah,

given to Persia (?). Est. 9. 7. Parthians, parth'-yans. Acts 2. 9. Paruah, par-oo'-ah, flourishing. 1 Kin. 4. 17.

Parvaim, parv-a'-im, oriental regions (?). 2 Chr. 3. 6.

Pasach, pa'-sak, divider. I Chr. 7. 33. Pas-dammim, pas-dam'-im, shortened from Ephes-dammim. I Chr. II. 13.

Paseah, pa-se'-ah, lame. 1 Chr. 4. 12. Pashur, pash'-oor, prosperity round

about. Jer. 20. 1.

Patara, pat'-ar-ah. Acts 21. 1. Pathros, path'-ros. Is. 11. 11.

Pathrusim, path-roos'-im, people of Pathros. Gen. 10. 14.

Patmos, pat'-mos. Rev. 1. 9. Patrobas, pat'-ro-bas. Rom. 16. 14. Pau, pa'-oo, older form of Pai. Gen.

36. 39. Paul, or Paulus, little. Acts 13. 9. Pedahel, pe'-dah-el, God redeemed.

Num. 34. 28. Pedahzur, pe-dah'-zoor, the Rock redeemed. Num. 1. 10.

Pedaiah, pe-dah-i'-ah, Jehovah redeemed. 1 Chr. 27. 20.

Pekah, pe'-kah, open-eyed. 2 Kin. 15. 25.

Pekahiah, pe'-kah-i'-ah, whose eyes Jehovah opened. 2 Kin. 15. 22. Pekod, pe'-kod, visitation. Jer. 50. 21.

Pelaiah, pe'-la-i'-ah, whom Jehovah made distinguished. 1 Chr. 3. 24. Pelaliah, pe'-lal-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

judged. Neh. 11. 12. Pelatiah, pe'-lat-i'-ah, whom Jehovah

Pelatiah, pe'-lat-i'-ah, whom Jehovah delivered. Ezek. 11. 1.

Peleg, pe'-leg, division. Gen. 10. 25. Pelet, pe'-let, liberation. 1 Chr. 2. 47.

Peleth, pe'-leth, swiftness. Num. 16. 1. Pelethites, pel'-eth-ites, runners. 2 Sam. 8. 18.

Pelonite, pel'-on-ite. I Chr. II. 27. Peniel, pe'-ni-el, the face of God. Gen. 32. 30.

Peninah, pe-nin'-ah, coral. I Sam.

Pentecost, pen'-te-kost, fiftieth. Acts

Penuel, pe'-noo-el, old form of Peniel. Gen. 32. 31.

Peor, pe'-or, point. Num. 23. 28.

Perazim, pe-raz-im, breaches. Is. 28.

Peres, pe'-res, divided. Dan. 5. 28. Peresh, pe'-resh, distinction. 1 Chr.

Perez, pe'-rez, breach. I Chr. 27. 3. Perez-uzza, pe'-rez-uz'-ah, same as following. I Chr. 13. 11.

Perez-uzzah, pe'-rez-nz'-ah, hreach of Uzzah. 2 Sam. 6.8.

Perga, per'-gah. Acts 13. 13.

Pergamos, per-ga-mos, citadel (?). Rev. I. II.

Perida, pe'-rid-ah, a recluse. Neh. 7.57.

7. 57.
Perizzites, per-iz-ites, helonging to a village. Gen. 34. 30.

Persia, per'-shah. 2 Chr. 36. 20. Persian, per'-shan, belonging to Per-

sia. Dan. 6. 28.

Persis, per'-sis, a Persian woman. Rom. 16. 12.

Peruda, per'-ood-ah, same as Perida. Ezra 2, 55.

Peter, pe'-ter, a stone. Matt. 16. 18. Pethahiah, pe'-thah-i'-ah, whom Je-

hovah looses. I Chr. 24. 16.
Pethor, pe'-thor. Num. 22. 5.

Pethuel, peth'-oo-el, God's opening (?).
Joel 1. 1.

Peulthai, pe'-ool-tha'-i, deed of Jehovah. I Chr. 26. 5.

Phalec, fa'-lek, Greek form of Peleg.

Luke 3. 35.

Phallu, fal'-oo, an English way of spelling Pallu. Gen. 46. 9.

Phalti, fal'-ti, deliverance of Jehovah.

I Sam. 25. 44.

Phaltiel, fal'-ti-el, deliverance of God. 2 Sam. 3. 15.

Phanuel, fan-oo'-el, Greek form of

Penuel. Luke 2. 36.

Pharaoh, fa'-roh, the sun. Gen. 12. 15. Phares, fa'-res, Greek form of Pharez. Luke 3. 33.

Pharez, fa'-rez, breach. Gen. 38. 29. Pharisees, far'-is-ees, the separated.

Mat. 5. 20.

Pharosh, fa'-rosh, same as Parosh. Ezr. 8. 3.

Pharpar, far'-par, swift. 2 Kin. 5. 12. Pharzites, farz'-ites, descendants of Pharez. Num. 26. 20.

Phaseah, fa-se'-ah, same as Paseah.

Neh. 7. 51.

Phebe, fe'be, moon. Rom. 16. I. Phenice, fe-ni'-see, palm tree. Acts 27. I2.

Phenicia, fe-nish'-yah, land of palms. Acts 21. 2.

Phichol, fi'-kol, attentive (?). Gen. 21, 22.

Philadelphia, fil'-a-delf'-yah, brotherly love. Rev. 1. 11.

Philemon, fil-e'-mon, affectionate. Philem. 1.

Philetus, fil-e'-tus, beloved. 2 Tim. 2. 17.

Philip, fil'-ip, lover of horses. Matt. 10. 3.

Philippi, fil-ip'-i, a town so called after Philip of Macedon. Acts 16, 12.

Philippians, fil-ip'-yans, the people of Philippi. Phil. 4. 15. Philistia, fil-ist'-yah, the land of the

Philistines. Ps. 60. 8. Philistim, fil'-ist-im, wanderers. Gen.

10. 14.
Philistines, fil'-ist-ines, same as Phil-

istim. Gen. 21. 34.

Philologus, fil-o'-log-us, talkative. Rom. 16. 15. Phinehas, fin'-e-as, serpent's mouth.

Num. 25. 7. Phlegon, fleg'-on, zealous, burning.

Phlegon, fleg'-on, zealous, burning. Rom. 16. 14.

Phrygia, frij'-yah. Acts 2. 10. Phurah, foor'-ah, branch (?). Judg. 7.10. Phut, foot. Gen. 10. 6. Phuvah, foo'-vah, mouth. Gen. 46.13. Phygellus, fi-gel'-us, little fugitive. 2 Tim. 1.15.

Pi-beseth, pi-be'-seth, the city of Bast. Ezek. 30. 17.

Pi-hahiroth, pi'-ha-hi'-roth, where sedge grows. Ex. 14. 2.

Pilate, pi'-lat, armed with a javelin (?).
Mat. 27. 2.

Pildash, pil'-dash, steel (?). Gen. 22. 22. Pileha, pi'-le-hah, ploughman (?).

Neh. 10. 24. Piltai, pil'-ta-i, whom Jehovah delivers.

Neh. 12. 71.

Pinon, pi'-non, darkness. Gen. 36. 41. Piram, pi'-ram, like a wild ass. Josh.

Pirathon, pi'-rath-on, leader. Judg. 12, 15.

Pirathonite, pi'-rath-on-ite, an inhabitant of Pirathon. Judg. 12.13. Pisgah, piz'-gah, a part, boundary.

Num. 21. 20.

Pisidia, pi-sid'-yah. Acts 13. 14. Pison, pi'-son, flowing stream (?). Gen. 2. 11.

Pispah, pis'-pah, expansion. I Chr. 7.38.

Pithom, pi'-thom. Ex. 1. 11.

Pithon, pi'-thon, simple (?). I Chr. 8. 35.

Pleiades, pli'-ad-ees, (coming at) the sailing season (?). Job 9. 9.

Pochereth of Zebaim, po-ke'-reth of Ze-ha'-im, offspring of gazelles (?). Ezra 2.57.

Pollux, pol'-ux. Acts 28. 11.

Pontius, pon'-shus, belonging to the sea. Mat. 27. 2.

Pontus, pont'-us, sea. Acts 2. 9.

Poratha, po'-rath-ah, having many chariots (?). Est. 9. 8.

Porcius Festus, por'-shus fest'-us. Acts 24. 27.

Potiphar, pot'-i-far, belonging to the sun. Gen. 37. 36.

Poti-pherah, pot'-i-fer'-ah, same as Potiphar. Gen. 41. 45.

Prisca, pris'-kah, ancient. 2 Tim. 4.19. Priscilla, pris-il'-ah, diminutive of

Prisca. Acts 18. 2.

Prochorus, prok'-or-us, he that presides over the choir. Acts 6. 5.

Ptolemais, tol-em-a'-is, city of Ptolemy. Acts 21. 7.

Pua, poo'-ah, same as Phuvah. Num. 26. 23.

Puah, poo'-ah, splendour. Ex. 1. 15. Publius, pub'-li-us. Acts 28. 7. Pudens, pub'-deus shamefaced. 2 Tim.

Pudens, pu'-dens, shamefaced. 2 Tim. 4. 21.

Puhites, poo'-hites. I Chr. 2. 53.
Pul, pool, (1) a short name for
Tiglath-Pileser (?). 2 Kin. 15. 19.
(2) son (?) Is. 66. 19.

Punites, poon'-ites, descendants of Pua. Num. 26. 23.

Punon, poon'-on, same as Piuon. Num. 33. 42.

Pur, poor, a lot. Est. 3. 7.

Purim, poor'-im, lots. Est. 9. 26. Put, poot, same as Phut. 1 Chr. 1. 8. Puteoli, poo-te'-o-li, wells. Acts 28.

Putiel, poot'-i-el. Ex. 6. 25.

Quartus, kwart'-us, the fourth. Rom. 16. 23.

Raamah, ra'-am-ah, trembling. Gen. 10.7.

Raamiah, ra'-am-i'-ah, tremhling of Jehovah. Neh. 7. 7.Raamses, ra-am'-ses, son of the sun.

Ex. 1. 11.

Rabbah, rab'-ah, capital city. Josh.

13. 25.

Pabbath rab'ath same as Rabbah

Rabbath, rab'-ath, same as Rabbah.

Deu. 3. 11.

Rabbi rab' master. Mat as 7.

Rabbi, rah'-i, master. Mat. 23. 7. Rabbith, rah'-ith, populous. Josh. 19. 20.

Rabboni, rab-o'-ni, my master. John 20, 16.

Rab-mag, rab'-mag, most exalted. Jer. 39. 3.

Rabsaris, rab'-sar-is, chief eunuch. 2 Kin. 18. 17.

Rab-shakeh, rab'-sha-kay, chief of the cuphearers. 2 Kin. 18. 17.

Rachab, ra'-kab, Greek form of Rahab. Matt. i. 5.

Rachal, ra'-kal, traffic. 1 Sam. 30. 29. Rachel, ra'-chel, ewe. Gen. 29. 6.

Raddai, rad'-a-i, subduing. 1 Chr.

Ragau, ra'-gaw, Greek form of Reu. Luke 3. 35.

Raguel, ra'-goo-el, friend of God.

Num. 10. 29. Rahab, ra'-hab, (1) hroad. Josh. 2. 1.

(2) violence. Ps. 87. 4. Raham, ra'-ham. 1 Chr. 2. 44.

Rahel, ra'-hel, same as Rachel. Jer.

Rakem, ra'-kem, variegated. 1 Chr. 7. 16.

Rakkath, rak'-ath, shore. Josh. 19. 35. Rakkon, rak'-on, same as Rakkath. Josh. 19. 46.

Ram, high. Ruth 4. 19.

Rama, ra'-mah, Greek form of Ramah. Matt. 2. 18.

Ramah, ra'-mah, high place. Josh. 18.

Ramath, ra'-math, same as preceding.
Josh. 19. 8.

Ramathaim, ra'-math-a'-im, double high place. I Sam. I. I.

Ramathite, ra'-math-ite, a native of Ramah. 1 Chr. 27. 27.

Ramath-lehi, ra'-math-le'-hi, height of Lehi. Judg. 15. 17.

Ramath-mizpeh, ra'-math-miz'-peh, height of Mizpeh. Josh. 13. 26.

Rameses, ra'-me-sees, same as Raamses. Gen. 47. 11.

Ramiah, ram-i'-ah, Jehovah is high. Ezra 10. 25.

Ramoth, ra'-moth, plural of Ramah. r. Chr. 6. 73.

Ramoth-gilead, ra'-moth-gil'-yad, heights of Gilead. I Kin. 4. 13.

Rapha, ra'-fah, giant (?). I Chr. 8. 37. Raphu, ra'-foo, healed. Num. 13. 9. Reaia, re-ai'-ah, Jehovah has seen.

r Chr. 5. 5. Reaish, correct form of Reais. 1

Chr. 4. 2. Reba, re'-bah, a fourth part. Num. 31. 8.

Rebecca, Greek form of Rebekah. Rom. 9. 10. Rebekah, re-hek'-ah, a noose. Gen. 22. 23.

Rechab, re'-kab, horseman. 2 Kin. 10. 15,

Rechabites, re'-kab-ites, descendants of Rechab. Jer. 35. 2.

Rechah, re'-kah, side (?). I Chr. 4.12. Reelaiah, re'-el-ai'-ah, trembling cansed by Jehovah. E2ra 2. 2.

Regem, re'-gem, friend. I Chr. 2. 47. Regem-melech, re'-gem-me'-lek, friend of the king. Zech. 7. 2.

Rehabiah, re'-hab-i'-ah, Jehovah enlarges. 1 Chr. 23. 17.

Rehob, re'-hob, street. 2 Sam. 8. 3. Rehoboam, re'-hob-o'-am, who enlarges the people. 1 Kin. 11. 43.

Rehoboth, re'-hob-oth, roominess. Gen. 10. 11.

Rehum, re'-hoom, merciful. Ezra 4.8. Rei, re'-i, friendly. I Kin. 1.8. Rekem, re'-kem, same as Rakem.

Num. 31. 8. Remaliah, rem'-al-i'-ah, whom Jehovah adorned. 2 Kin. 15. 25.

Remeth, re'-meth, a high place.

Josh. 19. 21. Remmon, rem'-on, more correctly

spelt Rimmon. Josh. 19. 7.

Remmon - methoar, rem'-on-me'tho-ar, R. stretching (to Neah).

Josh. 19. 13. Remphan, rem'-fan. Acts 7. 43. Rephael, re'-fa-el, whom God healed.

I Chr. 26. 7.
Rephah, re'-fah, riches. I Chr. 7. 25.
Rephaiah, ref-ai'-ah, whom Jehovah healed. I Chr. 3. 21.

Rephaim, re-fa'-im, giants. 2 Sam. 5. 18.

Rephaims, re-fa'-ims, same as Rephaim. Gen. 14. 5.

Rephidim, ref-id-im, supports. Ex. 17. 1.

Resen, re'-sen, bridle. Gen. 10. 12. Resheph, re'-shef, flame. I Chr. 7. 25. Reu, roo, same as Raguel. Gen. 11. 18. Reuben, roo'-ben, behold a son (?). Gen. 29. 32.

Reubenites, roo'-ben-ites, descendants of Reuhen. Num. 26. 7.

Reuel, roo'-el, friend of God. I Chr.

Reumah, room'-ah, exalted. Gen. 22. 24.

Rezeph, re'-zef, a stone. 2 Kin. 19.12. Rezia, rez'-yah, delight. 1 Chr. 7. 39. Rezin, re'-zin, firm. 2 Kin. 15. 37.

Rezon, re'-zon, lean. 1 Kin. 11. 23. Rhegium, re'-ji-nm. Acts 28. 13. Rhesa, re'-sah, chieftain (?). Luke 3. 27.

Rhoda, ro'-dah, a rose. Acts 12. 13. Rhodes, rodes. Acts 21. 1.

Ribai, rib'-a-i, contentious. 2 Sam.

23. 29. Riblah, rib'-lah, fertility. Nnm. 34.11. Rimmon, rim'-on, pomegranate. 2 Sam. 4. 2.

Rimmon-parez, rim'-on-pa'-rez, pomegranate of the breach. Num. 33. 19.

Rinnah, rin'-ah, shout. I Chr. 4. 20. Riphath, ri'-fath. Gen. 10. 3. Rissah, ris'-ah, ruin. Num. 33. 21.

Rithmah, rith'-mah, broom. Num. 33. 18.

Rizpah, riz'-pah, hot coal. 2 Sam. 3. 7. Roboam, roh-o'-am, Greek form of Rehoboam. Mat. 1. 7.

Rogelim, ro'-gel-im, fullers. 2 Sam. 17.27.

Romamti-ezer, ro-mam'-ti-e'-2er, I have exalted help. 1 Chr. 25. 4.

Romans, ro'-mans, men of Rome.
John 11. 48.

Rome, strength (?). Acts 2. 10.

Rosh, head. Gen. 46. 21. Rufus, roo'-fns, red. Mark 15. 21.

Ruhamah, roo'-ham-ah, compassionated. Hos. 2. 1.

Rumah, roo'-mah, height. 2 Kin.

Ruth, rooth, friendship (?). Ruth 1.4.

Sabachthani, sa-bac'-than-i, thou hast forsaken me. Mark 15. 34.

Sabaoth, sab-a'-oth, hosts. Rom. 9, 29. Sabeans, sab-e'-ans, people of Seba. Is. 45. 74.

Sabtah, sab'-tah, rest (?). Gen. 10. 7. Sabtecha, sab'-te-kah. 1 Chr. 1. 9.

Sabtechah, sab'-te-kah. Gen. 10. 7. Sacar, sa'-kar, hire, reward. I Chr. 11. 35.

Sadducees, sad'-u-sees (named from Zadok, founder of the sect). Mat. 3.7. Sadoc, sa-dok, Greek form of Zadok. Mat. 1.14.

Sala, sa'-lah, Greek form of Salah. Luke 3. 35.

Salah, sa'-lah, sprout (?). Gen. 10. 24. Salamis, sal'-am-is, Acts 13. 5.

Salamis, sal-am-is, Acts 13. 5.
Salathiel, sa-la'-thi-el, Greek form of
Shealtiel. 1 Chr. 3. 17.

Salcah, or Salchah, sal'-kah, road. Deu. 3. 10.

Salem, sa'-lem, perfect. Gen. 14. 18. Salim, sa'-lim, Greek form of Salem. John 3. 23.

Sallai, sal-a'-i, exaltation. Neh. 11.8. Sallu, sal'-oo, same as Sallai. 1 Chr.

Salma, sal'-mah, garment. I Chr. 2.11.
Salmon, sal'-mon, shady. Ps. 68. 14.
Salmone, sal-mo'-ne. Acts 27. 7.
Salome, sal-o'-me, perfect. Mark
15. 40.

Salu, sa'-loo, same as Sallu. Num. 25.

Samaria, sa-ma'-ri-ah, Greek equivalent of Shomron, which means guard. I Kin. 16. 24.

Samaritans, sa-mar'-it-ans, inhabitants of Samaria. 2 Kin. 17. 29.

Samgar-neho, sam'-gar-ne'-bo, Be gracions, Nebo. Jer. 39. 3.

Samlah, sam'-lah, garment. Gen. 36. 36.

Samos, sa'-mos, a height (?). Acts 20.15.

Samothracia, sa'-mo-thra'-shah. Acts 16.11.

Samson, sam'-son, like the sun. Judg. 13. 24.

Samuel, sam'-u-el, heard of God. I Sam. 1. 20.

Sanballat, san-bal'-at, Sin (the moon) giveth life (?). Neh. 2. 10.

Sansannah, san-san'-ah, palm branch. Josh. 15. 31.

Saph, threshold. 2 Sam. 21. 18. Saphir, saf'-ir, beautiful. Mic. 1. 11. Sapphira, saf-i'-rah, Greek form of the above (feminine). Acts 5. 1.

Sara, sa'-rah, Greek form of Sarah. Heb. 11. 11.

Sarah, sa'-rah, princess. Gen. 17. 15. Sarai, sa'-ra-i, contentious (?). Gen. 11.

Saraph, sa'-raf, burning. 1 Chr. 4. 22. Sardis, sard'-is. Rev. 1. 11.

Sardites, sard'-ites, descendants of Sered. Num. 26. 26.

Sarepta, sa-rep'-tah, Greek form of Zarephath. Luke 4. 26.

Sargon, sar'-gon, [God] appoints the king. Is. 20. 1.

Sarid, sa'-rid, survivor. Josh. 19. 10. Saron, sa'-ron, Greek form of Sharon. Acts 9. 35.

Sarsechim, sar'-se-kim. Jer. 39. 3. Saruch, sa'-rook, Greek form of Serug. Luke 3. 35.

Satan, sa'-tan, adversary. I Chr. 21. 1. Saul, asked for. I Sam. 9. 2.

Sceva, se'-vah, left-handed. Acts 19.

Seythian, skith'-yan. Col. 3. 11.
Seba, se'-bah, man (?). Gen. 10. 7.
Sehat, se'-bat, rest (?). Zech. 1. 7.
Secacah, sek'-ak-ah, enclosure. Josh. 13. 61.

Sechu, se'-koo, watch-tower. 1 Sam. 19. 22.

Secundus, se-cnn'-dus, second. Acts 20. 4. Segub, se'-goob, elevated. 1 Kin. 16. 34.

Seir, se'-ir, hairy. Gen. 36. 20.
Seirath, se'-ir-ath, well wooded. Judg.
3. 26.

Sela, se'-lah, rock. Is. 16. 1.

Sela-hammahlekoth, se'-lah-hamah'-lek-oth, rock of escapes. 1 Sam. 23, 28.

Selah, se'-lah, forte(?), a musical direction. Ps. 3. 2.

Seled, se'-led, exultation, or burning. I Chr. 2. 30.

Seleucia, se-loo'-shah, called after Selencus. Acts 13. 4.

Sem, Greek form of Shem. Luke 3. 36.
Semachiah, sem'-ak-i'-ah, whom Jehovah sustains. 1 Chr. 26. 7.

Semei, sem'-e-i, Greek form of Shimei, 1 Luke 3, 26.

Senaah, sen-a'-ah, perhaps thorny. Ezra 2. 35.

Seneh, se'-nay, crag, thorn. I Sam. 14. 4.

Senir, se'-nir, coat of mail. 1 Chr. 5.23. Sennacherib, sen-ak'-er-ib, Sin (the moon) multiplies brethren, 2 Kin. 18. 13.

Senuah, se-noo'-ah, bristling (?). Neh.

Seorim, se-or'-im, barley. 1 Chr. 24. 8. Sephar, se'-far, a numbering. Gen. 10.30.

Sepharad, sef-ar-ad. Ohad. 20.

Sepharvaim, se'-far-va'-im. 2 Kin. 17.

Serah, se'-rah, abundance, Gen. 46.17. Serajah, ser-ai'-ah, soldier of Iehovah (?), 2 Sam. 8, 17,

Seraphims, ser'-af-ims, burning ones. Is. 6. 2.

Sered, se'-red, fear. Gen. 46. 14. Sergius, ser'-ji-us. Acts 13. 7.

Serug, se'-roog, shoot. Gen. 11. 20.

Seth, substitute. Gen. 4. 25. Sethur.se'-thoor, hidden. Num. 13.13. Shaalabbin, sha'-al-ab'-in, earths of

foxes. Josh. 19. 42. Shaalbim, sha-alb'-im, same as pre-

ceding. Judg. 1. 35.

Shaalbonite, sha-alb'-on-ite, inhabitant of Shaalbim. 2 Sam, 23. 32. Shaaph, sha'-af, anger (?). I Chr. 2.

Shaaraim, sha'-ar-a'-im, two gates. 1 Sam. 17. 52.

Shaashgaz, sha-ash'-gaz, beauty's servant (?). Est. 2. 14.

Shabbethai, shab'-eth-a'-i, born on the sabbath. Ezra 10, 15.

Shaohia, sha'-ki-ah, lustful. 1 Chr. 8. 10. Shaddai, shad'-a-i, Almighty. Num. 1, 6.

Shadrach, shad'-rak. Dan. 1. 7. Shage, sha'-ge, wanderer. 1 Chr. 11.34. Shaharaim. sha'-har-a'-im, two dawns. 1 Chr. 8. 8.

Shahazimah, sha-haz'-i-mah, lofty places. Josh. 19. 22.

Shalem, sha'-lem, safe, perfect. Gen.

Shalim, sha'-lim, foxes. I Sam. o. 4. Shalisha, sha'-lish-ah, a third part, 1 Sam. 9. 4.

Shallecheth, shal-e'-keth, felling. 1 Chr. 26. 16.

Shallum, shal'-oom, retribution. 2 Kin. 15, 10.

Shallun, shal'-oon, spoliation. Neh.

3. 15. Shalmai, shal'-ma-i, peaceful (?). E2ra

2, 46. Shalman, shal'-man, shortened form

of following. Hos. 10. 14. Shalmaneser, shal'-man-e'-zer, Shal-

man be propitious. 2 Kin. 17. 3. Shama, sha'-mah, obedient. I Chr.

11.44. Shamariah, sha'-mar-i'-ah, whom Je-

hovah guards. 2 Chr. 11. 19. Shamed, sha'-med, destroyer. 1 Chr.

8, 12, Shamer, sha'-mer, keeper. 1 Chr. 6.46.

Shamgar, sham'-gar, destroyer (?). Judg. 3. 31. Shamhuth, sham'-hooth, notoriety (?).

I Chr. 27. 8.

Shamir, sha'-mir, a thorn. 1 Chr. 24. 24.

Shamma, sham'-ah, desert. 7. 37.

Shammah, sham'-ah, same as Shamma. Gen. 36. 13.

Shammai, sham'-a-i, wasted. 1 Chr. 2. 28.

Shammoth, sham'-oth, deserts. Chr. 11. 27.

Shammua, sham'-oo-ah, famous. Num. 13. 4.

Shammuah, same as preceding. 2 Sam. 5. 14.

Shamsherai, sham'-sher-a'-i. I Chr. 8. 26.

Shapham, sha'-fam, bald. 1 Chr. 5. 12. Shaphan, sha'-fan, coney. 2 Kin.

22. 3. Shaphat, sha'-fat, judge. Num. 13. 5. Shapher, sha'-fer, pleasantness. Num.

33. 23.

Sharai, shar'-a-i, free. E2ra 10. 40.

Sharaim, shar-a'-im, same as Sha-araim. Josh. 15. 36.

Sharar, shar'-ar, firm. 2 Sam. 23. 33. Sharezer, shar-e'-zer, [God] protect the king. 2 Kin. 19. 37.

Sharon, sha'-ron, plain. 1 Chr. 27. 29. Sharonite, sha'-ron-ite, one who lives

in Sharon. 1 Chr. 27. 29.

Sharuhen, sha-roo'-hen. Josh. 19. 6. Shashai, shash-a'-i, pale. Ezra 10. 40. Shashak, sha'-shak, activity (?). 1 Chr. 8. 14.

Shaul, sha'-ool, same as Saul. Gen. 46. 10.

Shaulites, sha'-ool-ites, the family of Shaul. Num. 26. 13.

Shaven, sha'-vay, plain. Gen. 14. 17. Shaven Kiriathaim, sha'-vay kir-iatha'-im, plain of Kiriathaim. Gen. 14. 5.

Shaveha, shav'-shah, another name of Serajah. 1 Chr. 18. 16.

Sheal, she'-al, prayer. Ezra 10. 29. Shealtiel, she-al'-ti-el, I asked from God. Ezra 3. 2.

Sheariah, she'-ar-i'-ah, gate of Jehovah.
1 Chr. 8. 38.

Shear-jashub, she'-ar-ja'-shooh, the remnant shall return. Is. 7. 3.

remnant shall return. 1s. 7. 3. Sheba, she'-hah, an oath. 2.Sam. 20. 1.

Shebah, seven. Gen. 26. 33. Shebam, she'-bam, fragrance. Num.

32. 3. Shebaniah, she'-ban-i'-ah, whom Jehovah hides. I Chr. 15. 24.

Shebarim, she-bar'-im, breaches.

Josh. 7. 5. Sheber, she'-ber, breaking. I Chr.

Shebna, sheb'-nah, youth (?). 2 Kin. 18. 18.

Shebuel, she-boo'-el, captive of God.

1 Chr. 23. 16. Shecaniah, she'-kan-i'-ah, same as

following. 1 Chr. 24. 11.

Shechaniah, she'-kan-i'-ah, Jehovah
dwells. 1 Chr. 3. 21.

Shechem, she'-kem, back, shoulder. Gen. 34. 2.

Shechemites, she'-kem-ites, people of Shechem. Num. 26. 31.

Shedeur, she'-de-oor, giving forth of light. Num. 1. 5.

Shehariah, she-har-i'-ah, Jehovah seeks. 1 Chr. 8, 26.

Shelah, she'-lah, petition. Gen. 38. 5. Shelanites, she'-lan-ites, descendants of Shelah. Num. 26. 20.

Shelomiah, she'-lem-i'-ah, whom Jehovah repays. 1 Chr. 26. 14.

Sheleph, she'-lef, drawing out. Gen. 10. 26.

Shelesh, she'-lesh, triad. 1 Chr. 7. 35. Shelomi, she-lo'-mi, peaceful. Num. 34. 27.

Shelomith, she-lo'-mith, peacefulness. Lev. 24, 11.

Shelomoth, she-lo'-moth, same as Shelomith. I Chr. 24. 22.

Shelumiel, she-loom'-i-el, friend of God. Num. 1. 6.

Shem, name. Gen. 5. 32.

Shema, she'-mah, (1) echo (?). Josh. 15. 26. (2) fame. 1 Chr. 2. 43.

Shemaah, she'-ma-ah, fame. I Chr.

Shemaiah, she-mai'-ah, Jehovah has heard. 1 Kin. 12. 22.

Shemariah, she'-mar-i'-ah, Jehovah guards. 1 Chr. 12. 5.

Shemeber, shem-e'-ber, soaring on high (?). Gen. 14. 2.

Shemer, she'-mer, guardian. 1 Kin.

Shemida, shem'-i-dah, fame of wisdom. Num. 26. 32.

Shemidah, shem'-i-dah, same as preceding. 1 Chr. 7. 19.

Shemidaites, shem-id-a-ites, descendants of Shemida. Num. 26. 32.

Sheminith, she-mi'-nith, eighth. : Chr. 15. 21.

Shemiramoth, she-mi'-ram-oth, most high name. 1 Chr. 15. 18.

Shemuel, she'-moo-el, same as Samuel. Num. 34. 20.

Shen, tooth. I Sam. 7. 12.

Shenazar, she-na'-zar. 1 Chr. 3. 18. Shenir, she'-nir, same as Senir. Deu.

Shepham, she'-fam, nakedness. Num. 34. 10.

Shephathiah, she'-fat-i'-ah, an incorrect way of spelling the next word. I Chr. o. 8.

Shephatiah, she'-fat-i'-ah, whom Jehovah defends. 2 Sam. 3. 4. Shephi, she'-fi, haldness. 1 Chr. 1.

Shepho, she'-fo, same as Shephi. Gen. 36. 23. Shephuphan, she'-foof-an, serpent (?).

T Chr. 8. 5.

Sherah, she'-rah, consanguinity. Chr. 7. 24.

Sherebiah, she'-reb-i'-ah, heat of Iehovah. E2ra 8. 18.

Sheresh, she'-resh, root. 1 Chr. 7. 16, Sherezer, sher-e'-zer, same as Sharezer (?). Zech. 7. 2.

Sheshach, she'-shak, a name for Babel. Jer. 25. 26.

Sheshai, shesh'-a-i, clothed in white (?). Num. 13. 22.

Sheshan, she'-shan, lily (?). I Chr.

Sheshbazzar, shesh-baz'-ar. Ezra 1.8. Sheth, shayth, tumult. Num. 24. 17. Shethar, she-thar, star. Est. 1. 14. Shethar-boznai, she'-thar-boz'-na'-i, brigh 1star. E2ra 5. 3.

Sheva, she'-vah, vanity. 2 Sam. 20.

Shibboleth, shib'-ol-eth, an ear of corn or a flood. Judg. 12. 6. Shibmah, shih'-mah, fragrant. Num.

Shicron, shik'-ron, drunkenness. Josh.

Shiggaion, shig-ai'-on, irregular. Ps. 7, title.

Shigionoth, shig'-i-o'-noth. Hah. 3. 1. Shihon, shi'-hon, ruin. Josh. 19. 19. Shihor, shi'-hor, black, 1 Chr. 13. 5. Shihor-libnath, shi'-hor-lib'-nath. Josh. 19, 26.

Shilhi, shil'-hi, darter. I Kin. 22. 42. Shilhim, shil'-him, aqueducts. Josh.

Shillem, shil'-em, requital. Gen. 46.24. Shiloah, shi-lo'-ah, outlet of water. Is. 8. 6.

Shiloh, shi'-lo, rest. Josh. 18, 1.

Shiloni, shi'-lo-ni, native of Shiloh. Neh. 11. 5.

Shilonite, shi'-lo-nite, same as preceding. 1 Kin. 11. 20.

Shilshah, shil'-shah, triad. 1 Chr. 7.37. Shimea, shim'-e-ah, famous. 1 Chr. 3.5. Shimeah, shim'-e-ah, same as Shemaah. 2 Sam. 21, 21.

Shimeam, shim'-e-am, same as pre-

ceding. 1 Chr. 9. 38. Shimeath, shim'-e-ath, fame. 2 Kin.

12. 21. Shimeathite, shi'-me-ath-ite. I Chr.

2. 55. Shimei, shim'-e-i, my fame. Num.

3. 18. Shimeon, shim'-e-on, a hearkening.

E2ra 10. 31. Shimhi, shim'-hi, same as Shimei.

1 Chr. 8. 21.

Shimi, shim'-i, same as preceding. Ex. 6. 17.

Shimites, shim'-ites, descendants of Shimei. Num. 3. 21.

Shimma, shim'-ah, rumour. I Chr. 2.13. Shimon, shi'-mon. I Chr. 4, 20.

Shimrath, shim'-rath, watchfulness. I Chr. 8. 21.

Shimri, shim'-ri, watchful, I Chr. 4. 37. Shimrith, shim'-rith, vigilant. 2 Chr. 24. 26.

Shimrom, shim'-rome, watch-post. 1 Chr. 7. 1.

Shimron, shim'-rone, watchful. Josh.

Shimronites, shim'-ron-ites, descendants of Shimron. Num. 26, 24.

Shimron-meron, shim'-ron-me'-ron. Tosh. 12, 20.

Shimshai, shim'-sha-i, sunny. Ezra 4.8. Shinab, shi'-nab, hostile (?). Gen. 14. 2. Shinar, shi'-nar. Gen. 10. 10.

Shiphi, shi'-fi, abundant. 1 Chr. 4. 37. Shiphmite, shif'-mite, a native of Shephan. 1 Chr. 27. 27.

Shiphrah, shif'-rah, heauty. Ex. 1. 15. Shiphtan, shif'-tan, judicial. Num.

34. 24. Shisha, shi'-shah, brightness. 1 Kin. 4.3.

Shishak, shi'-shak, illustrious. 1 Kin. 11.40.

Shitrai, shit'-ra-i, official. 1 Chr. 27. 29. Shittim, shit'-im, acacias. Num. 25. 1. Shiza, shi'-2ah, cheerful (?). 1 Chr. 11. 42.

Shoa, sho'-ah, opulent. Ezek. 23. 23. Shobab, sho'-bab, apostate. 2 Sam.

5. 14. Shobach, sho'-bak, pouring. 2 Sam. 10. 16.

Shobai, sho'-ba-i, bright (?). Ezra 2. 42. Shobal, sho'-bal, stream. Gen. 36. 20. Shobek, sho'-bek, forsaker. Neh.

10. 24.

Shobi, sho'-bi, taking captive. 2 Sam. 17. 27.

Shocho, sho'-ko, same as the next word. 2 Chron. 28. 18.

Shochoh, sho'-ko, a hedge. 1 Sam. 17.1. Shoco, sho'-ko, same as the preceding word. 2 Chr. 11. 7.

Shoham, sho'-ham, onyx. 1 Chr. 24.

Shomer, sho'-mer, watchman. 2 Kin. 12. 21.

Shophach, sho'-fak, same as Shobak.
1 Chr. 19. 16.

Shophan, sho'-fan, baldness. Num.

32. 35. Shoshannim, sho-shan'-im, lilies.

Ps. 45, title. Shoshannim-Eduth, sh.-e'-dooth,

lilies a testimony. Ps. 80, title. Shua, shoo'-ah, wealth. 1 Chr. 2. 3.

Shuah, shoo'-ah, depression. Gen. 25. 2. Shual, shoo'-al, jackal. 1 Chr. 7. 36. Shubael, shoo'-ba-el, same as She-

buel (?). 1 Chr. 24. 20. Shuham, shoo'-ham, pitman (?). Num.

26. 42.

Shuhamites, shoo'-ham-ites, the descendants of Shuham. Num. 26. 42. Shuhite, shoo'-hite, a descendant of

Shua. Job 8. 1. Shulamite, shoo'-lam-ite, same as

Shelomith. Cant. 6. 13.

Shumathites, shoo'-math-ites, people of Shumah. 1 Chr. 2. 53.

Shunammite, shoon'-am-ite, an inhabitant of Shunem. 1 Kin. 1. 3.

Shunem, shoon'-em, two restingplaces. Josh. 19. 18. Shuni, shoon'-i, quiet. Gen. 46. 16. Shunites, shoon'-ites, descendants of Shuni. Num. 26. 15.

Shupham, shoo'-fam, serpent. Num. 26. 30.

Shuphamites, shoo'-fam-ites, the descendants of Shupham. Num. 26.39.

Shuppim, shoop'-im. 1 Chr. 7. 12. Shur, shoor, a fort. Gen. 16. 7.

Shushan, shoo'-shan. Neh. 1. 1. Shushan-eduth, sh.-e'-dooth, lily of the testimony. Ps. 60, title.

Shuthalhites, shoo'-thal-ites, the descendants of Shuthelah. Num. 26.

Shuthelah, shoo-theel'-ah, plantation (?). Num. 26. 35. Sia, si'-ah, assembly. Neh. 7. 47.

Sia, si'-ah, assembly. Neh. 7. 47. Siaha, si'-a-hah, council. Ezra 2. 44. Sibbecai, sib'-ek-a-i, entangling. 1 Chr. 11. 20.

Sibbechai, same as preceding. 2 Sam.

Sibboleth, sib'-o-leth, same as Shibboleth. Judg. 12. 6.

Sibmah, sib'-mah, same as Shibmah. Josh. 13. 19.

Sibraim, sib-ra'-im, two hills (?). Ezek. 47. 16.

Sichem, si'-kem, the shoulder-blade. Gen. 12. 6.

Siddim, sid'-im, the plains. Gen.

Sidon, si'-don, fishing. Gen. 10. 15. Sidonians, si-do'-ni-ans, persons living in Sidon. Deu. 3. 9.

Sihon, si'-hon, brush. Num. 21. 21. Sihor, si'-hor, same as Shichor. Josh.

13. 3. Silas, si'-las, shortened form of Silvanus. Acts 15. 22.

Silla, sil'-ah, way, highway (?). 2 Kin. 12. 20.

Siloam, si-lo'-am, same as Shiloah, John 9. 7.

Silvanus, sil-vane'-us, of the forest.

Simeon, sim'-e-on, same as Shimeon. Gen. 29. 33.

Simon, si'-mon, same as preceding. Mat. 10. 4. Simri, sim'-ri, same as Shimri, 1 Chr. 26. 10.

Sin, clay. Ex. 16: 1.

Sina, si'-nah, Greek form of Sinai. Acts 7, 30.

Sinai, si'-na-i, pointed. Ex. 19. 1. Sinim, sin'-im, Chinese (?). Is. 49. 12. Sinite, sin'-ite. Gen. 10. 17.

Sion, si'-on, (1) lifted up. Deu. 4. 48.
(2) Greek name for Mount Zion.

Matt. 21. 5.
Siphmoth, sif'-moth, bare places (?).

i Sam. 30. 28.

Sippai, sip'-a-i, belonging to the doorstep (?). 1 Chr. 20. 4.

Sirah, si'-rah, withdrawing. 2 Sam. 3. 26. Sirion. sir'-i-on, a coat of mail.

Den. 3. 9. Sisamai, sis'-am-a'-i, fragrant (?). 1

Chr. 2. 40. Sisera, si'-ser-ah, binding in chains (?).

Judg. 4. 2.
Sitush sit' ush contention Con

Sitnah, sit'-nah, contention. Gen. 26. 21.

Sivan, si'-van, bright. Est. 8. 9. Smyrna, smir'-nah, myrrh. Rev. 1. 11. So. Hebrew form of Egyptian word

Sevech. 2 Kin. 17. 4.
Socho, so'-ko, same as Shocho. 1 Chr.
4. 18.

Sochoh, same as Shocho. I Kin.

Socoh, same as Shocoh. Josh. 15. 35. Sodi, so'-di, an acquaintance. Num. 13. 10.

Sodom, sod'-om, burning. Gen. 10. 19. Sodoma, sod'-om-ah, Greek form of the preceding. Rom. 9. 29.

Sodomites, sod'-om-ites, persons who were as wicked as the men of Sodom. 1 Kin. 15. 12.

Solomon, sol'-om-on, peaceable. Sam. 5. 14.

Sopater, so-pa-ter. Acts 20. 4. Sophereth, so-fer'-eth, scribe. Ezra 2. 55.

2. 55. Sorek, so'-rek, choice vine. Judg. 16.4. Sosipater, so-si'-pat-er. Rom. 16. 21. Sosthenes, sos'-then-ees. Acts 18.17. Sotai, so'-ta-i, deviator. E2ra 2. 55.

Spain. Rom. 15. 24.

Stachys, sta'-kis, an ear of corn. Rom. 16. o.

Stephanas, ste'-fan-as, crowned. 1 Cor. 1. 16.

Stephen, ste'-ven, English form of Stephanas. Acts 6. 5.

Stoicks, sto'-ics, philosophers whose founder taught in a famous porch or Stoa. Acts 17. 18.

Suah, soo'-ah, sweepings. 1 Chr. 7. 36. Succoth, sook'-oth, booths. Gen. 33.

Succoth-benoth, sook'-oth-ben'-oth.
2 Kin. 17. 30.

Suchathites, sook'-ath-ites. I Chr.

2. 55. Sukkiims, sook'-i-ims, nomads. 2 Chr. 12. 3.

Sur, soor. 2 Kin. 11. 6.

Susanchites, soo'-sank-ites, inhabitants of Susa or Susinak. Ezra 4, 9. Susanna, su-san'-ah, lily. Luke 8. 3. Susi, soo'-si, horseman. Num. 13. 11. Sychar, si'-kar, drunken (?). John 4. 5.

Sychar, si'-kar, drunken (?). John 4. 5. Sychem, si'-kem, Greek form of Shechem. Acts 7. 16.

Syone, si-e'-ne, opening. Ezek. 29.10. Syntyche, sin'-ty-kee, fortunate. Phil.

Syracuse, si'-ra-kuse. Acts 28. 12. Syria, sir'-yah. Judg. 10. 6.

Syrian, sir'-yan, inhabitant of Syria. Gen. 25. 20.

Syrophenician, si'-ro-fee-nish'-yan, Phenician living in Syria. Mark 7. 26.

Taanach, ta'-a-nak, castle (?). Josh.

Taanath-shiloh, ta'- a- nath - shi'- lo, fig-tree of Shiloh (?). Josh. 16. 6.

Tabbaoth, tab'-a-oth, rings. Ezra

Tabbath, tab'-ath, pleasantness.

Judg. 7. 22.

Tabeal, tab'-e-al, God is good. Is. 7. 6.

Tabeel, tab'-e-el, another way of

writing Tabeal. Ezra 4. 7.
Taberah, tab'-er-ah, burning. Num.

11. 3.

Tabitha, tab'-ith-ah, gazelle. Acts | 9. 36.

Tabor, ta'-bor, height. Josh. 19. 22. Tabrimon, tab'-rim-on, Rimmon is good. 1 Kin. 15, 18.

Tachmonite, tak'-mon-ite, same as Hachmonite (?). 2 Sam. 23. 8.

Tadmor, tad'-mor, city of palms (?). 1 Kin. g. 18.

Tahan, ta'-han, camp. Num. 26. 35. Tahanites, ta'-han-ites, descendants of Tahan. Num. 26. 35.

Tahapanes, ta-ha'-pa-nes, head of the land. Jer. 2. 16.

Tahpanhes, same as preceding. Jer. 43. 7.

Tahpenes, tah'-pen-es, I Kin, II. 19. Tahath, ta'-hath, substitute. I Chr.

6. 24. Tahrea, tah-re'-ah, cunning (?). 1 Chr. 9. 41.

Tahtim-hodshi, tah'-tim-hod'-shi, nether land newly inhabited (?). 2 Sam. 24. 6.

Talitha, tal'-ith-ah, girl. Mark 5. 41. Talmai, tal-ma'-i, abounding in furrows. Num. 13. 22.

Talmon, tal'-mon, oppressed. I Chr.

Tamah, ta'-mah, joy. Neh. 7. 55. Tamar, ta'-mar, a palm tree. Gen. 38, 6.

Tammuz, tam'-ooz, son of life (?). Ezek. 8. 14.

Tanach, ta'-nak, same as Taanach. Josh. 21. 25.

Tanhumeth, tan-hoom'-eth, conso-2 Kin. 25. 23. lation.

Taphath, ta'-fath, a drop (?). I Kin. 4. 11.

Tappuah, tap-oo'-ah, apple. 1 Chr.

Tarah, ta'-rah, station. Num. 33. 27. Taralah, ta'-ra-lah, reeling (?). Josh. 18. 27.

Tarea, ta-re'-ah, same as Tahrea. Chr. 8. 35.

Tarpelites, tar'-pel-ites, people of Tarpel. Ezra 4. 9. Tarchich, tar'-shish. Gen. 10. 4.

Tarsus, tar'-sus. Acts q. 11.

Tartak, tar'-tak. 2 Kin. 17. 31. Tartan, tar'-tan, military chief. 2 Kin. 18. 17.

Tatnai, tat'-na-i, gift (?). Ezra 5. 3. Tebah, te'-bah, slaughter. Gen. 22.24.

Tebaliah, te-bal-i'-ah, whom Jehovah has immersed. 1 Chr. 26. 11. Tebeth, te'-beth. Est. 2, 16.

Tehaphnehes, te-haph'-ne-hes, same as Tahapanes. Ezek. 30. 18.

Tehinnah, te-hin'-ah, cry for mercy. I Chr. 4. 12.

Tekel, te'-kel, weighed. Dan. 5. 25. Tekoa, te-ko'-ah, sound of trumpet.

I Chr. 2. 24. Tekoah, te-ko'-ah, same as Tekoa. 2 Sam. 14. 2.

Tekoite, te-ko'-ite, inhabitant Tekoah. 2 Sam. 23. 26.

Tel-abib, tel-a'-bib, hill of ears of corn. Ezek. 3. 15.

Telah, te'-lah. I Chr. 7. 25.

Telaim, te'-la-im, lambs. 1 Sam. 15.4. Telassar, tel'-as'-ar, Assyrian hill. Is. 37. 12.

Telem, te'-lem, oppression. Ezra 10. 24.

Tel-haresha, tel-har-e-shah, foresthill. Neh. 7. 61. Tel-harsa, tel-har-sah, same as pre-

ceding. Ezra 2.59. Tel-melah, tel-me'-lah, salt-hill. Ezra

Tema, te'-mah, a desert. Gen. 25. 15. Teman, te'-man, on the right hand. Gen. 36. 11.

Temani, te'-man-i, descendants of Teman. Gen. 36. 34.

Temanite, te'-man-ite, same as preceding. Job z. 11.

Temeni, te'-men-i, same as Temani. 1 Chr. 4. 6.

Terah, te'-rah, a station (?). Gen. 11.

Teraphim, ter - af-im, nourishers. Indg. 17. 5.

Terech, te'-resh, severe (?). Est. 2. 21. Tertius, ter-shus, the third. Rom. 16. 22.

Tertullus, ter-tul'-us (dim. of Tertius). Acts 24. 1.

Tetrarch, tet'-rark, ruler of a fourth part of a country. Matt. 14. 1.

Thaddeus, thad-e'-us, Greek form of Theudas. Mat. 10. 3.

Thahash, tha'-hash, seal (?). Gen. 22. 24.

Thamah, tha'-mah, laughter. Ezra

Thamar, tha'-mar, Greek equivalent of Tamar. Matt. 1. 3.

Thara, tha'-rah, Greek form of Terah. Luke 3. 34.

Tharshish, thar'-shish, same as Tarshish. I Kin. 10. 22. Thebez, the'-bez, brightness, Judg

Thebez, the bez, brightness. Judg. 9. 50.

Thelasar, thel'-as-ar, same as Telassar. 2 Kin. 19. 12.

Theophilus, the-o'-fil-us, loved of God. Luke 1. 3.

Thessalonica, thes'-al-on-i'-kah. Acts 17. I.

Theudas, thoo'-das, praise (?). Acts 5. 36.

Thimnathah, thim'-nath-ah, portion.
Josh. 19. 43.

Thomas, tom'-as, a twin. Mat. 10.

Thummim, thoom'-im, truth (?). Ex. 28. 30.

Thyatira, thi'-at-i'-rah. Acts 16. 14. Tiberias, ti-be'-ri-as, a place named after Tiberius. John 6. 1.

Tiberius, ti-he'-ri-us. Luke 3. I. Tibhath, tib'-hath, butchery. I Chr. 18. 8.

Tibni, tib'-ni, made of straw (?). 1 Kin. 16. 21.

Tidal, ti'-dal, dread. Gen. 14. 1.
Tiglath-pileser, tig'-lath-pil-e'-zer,
the son of the temple of Sarra is

the son of the temple of Sarra is a ground of confidence (?). 2 Kin. 15. 29.

Tikvah, tik'-vah, expectation. 2 Kin.

Tikvath, tik'-vath, same as Tikvah. 2 Chr. 34. 22.

Tilgath-pilneser, til'-gath-pil-ne'-ser, same as Tiglath-pileser. 1 Chr. 5.6.

Tilon, ti'-lon, gift (?). 1 Chr. 4. 20.

Timæus, ti-me'-us, polluted (?). Mark

Timna, tim'-nah, unapproachahle. Gen. 36. 12.

Timnah, tim'-nah, a portion. Josh.

Timnath, tim'-nath, same as Timnah. Gen. 38. 12.

Timnath-heres, tim'-nath-he'-res, portion of the sun. Judg. 2. 9.

Timnath-serah, tim'-nath-se'-rah, portion of the remainder. Josh. 19. 50. Timnite, tim'-nite, a man of Timna.

Judg. 15. 6. Timon, ti'-mon. Acts 6. 5.

Timotheus, ti-mo'-the-us, honouring God. Acts 16. 1.

Timothy, tim'-oth-y, English form of the above. 2 Cor. 1. 1.

Tiphsah, tif'-sah, passage. 1 Kin.

Tiras, ti'-ras, crushing (?). Gen. 10. 2. Tirathites, ti'-rath-ites. 1 Chr. 2. 55. Tirhakah, tir'-ha-kah, distance (?). 2 Kin. 19. 9.

Tirhanah, tir'-han-ah, murmuring (?).
I Chr. 2. 48.

Tiria, tir'-i-ah, fear. 1 Chr. 4. 16. Tirshatha, tir-sha'-thah, the feared (?).

Ezra 2. 63. Tirzah, tir'-zah, pleasantness. Num. 26. 33.

Tishbite, tish'-bite, inhabitant of Tishbe. I Kin. 17. 1.

Titus, ti'-tus, protected. 2 Cor. 2. 13. Tizite, ti'-zite. 1 Chr. 11. 45.

Toah, to'-ah, low. 1 Chr. 6. 34. Tob, tobe, good. Judg. 11. 3.

Tob-adonijah, tob'-a-do-ni'-jah, good is my lord Jehovah. 2 Chr. 17. 8.

Tobiah, tob-i'-ah, Jehovah is good. Ezra 2, 60.

Tobijah, tob-i'-jah, same as Tobiah.

2 Chr. 17. 8.
Tochen to ken a measure I Chr.

Tochen, to'-ken, a measure. I Chr. 4.32.

Togarmah, to-gar'-mah, rugged. Gen. 10. 3.

Tohu, to'-hoo, same as Toah. I Sam.

Toi, to'-i, wanderer. 2 Sam. 8. 9.

Tola, to'-lah, worm. Gen. 46. 13. Tolad, to'-lad, hirth. 1 Chr. 4. 29. Tolaites, to'-la-ites, descendants of Tola. Num. 26. 23. Tophel, to'-fel, lime. Deu. 1. 1.

Tophet, to'-fet, burning. Is. 30. 33. Topheth, to feth, same as Tophet. 2 Kings 23. 10.

Tormah, torm'-ah, privily. Judg. 9. 31. Tou, to'-oo, older form of Toi. I Chr.

18. q. Trachonitis, tra-ko-ni'-tis, rugged. Luke 3. 1.

Troas, tro'-as, so called from Tros. Acts 16. 8.

Trogyllium, tro-gil'-yum. Acts 20.15. Trophimus, trof-im-us, master of the house (?). Acts 20. 4.

Tryphena, tri-fe'-nah, delicate. Rom. 16. 12.

Tryphosa, tri-fo'-sah, delicate. Rom. 16, 12,

Tubal, too'-bal, production (?). Gen. 10. 2.

Tubal-cain, too'-bal-kane', producer of weapons (?). Gen. 4. 22.

Tychicus, tik'-ik-us, fortuitous. Acts 20, 4.

Tyrannus, ti-ran'-us, tyrant. Acts 19.9. Tyre, tire, rock. Josh. 19. 29. Tyrus, ti'-rus, Latin name of Tyre.

Ter. 25. 22.

Ucal, oo'-kal, I shall prevail. Prov. 30. I. Uel, oo'-el, will of God (?). Ezra 10.

Ulai, oo'-la-i. Dan. 8. 2.

Ulam, oo'-lam, foremost. 1 Chr. 7. 16. Ulla, ool'-ah, yoke. I Chr. 7. 39. Ummuh, oom'-ah, community. Josh.

Unni, oon'-i, depressed. 1 Chr. 15.18. Upharsin, oo-far'-sin, and dividers. Dan. 5. 25.

Uphaz, oo'-faz. Jer. 10. 9. Ur, oor, light. Gen. 11. 28.

Urbane, ur'-ban, pleasant. Rom. 16.9. Uri, oo'-ri, fiery. Ex. 31. 2.

Uriah, oo-ri'-ah, light of Jehovah.

2 Sam. 11. 3.

Urias, oo-ri'-as, Greek form of Uriah. Mat. 1. 6.

Uriel, oo'-ri-el, light of God. I Chr. 6. 24.

Urijah, oo'-ri-jah, same as Uriah. 2 Kings 16. 10.

Urim, oo'-rim, light. Ex. 28. 30.

Uthai, ooth'-a-i, helpful. 1 Chr. o. 4. Uz, fertile. Gen. 10. 23.

Uzai, ooz'-a-i, hopedfor(?). Neh. 3.25. Uzal, ooz'-al, wanderer. Gen. 10. 27. Uzza, ooz'-ah, strength. 2 Kin. 21. 18. Uzzah, another form of Uzza. 2 Sam.

6. 3. Uzzen-sherah, ooz'-en-she'-rah. I Chr.

Uzzi, ooz'-i, shortened form of Uzziah.

I Chr. 6. 5. Uzzia, ooz-i'-ah, another form of Uzziah. 1 Chr. 11. 44.

Uzziah, ooz-i'-ah, might of Jehovah. 2 Kin. 15. 13.

Uzziel, ooz'-i-el, power of God. Ex. 6. 18.

Uzzielites, ooz'-i-el-ites, descendants of Uzziel, Num. 3. 27.

Vajszatha, va'-je-za'-thah, strong as the wind (?). Est. 9. 9.

Vaniah, va-ni'-ah, distress (?). Ezra

Vashni, vash'-ni, strong (?), but perhaps not a proper name. 1 Chr. 6. 28.

Vashti. vash'-ti, beautiful. Est. 1. 9. Vophsi, voi'-si, expansion (?). Num. 13. 14.

Zaanaim, za'-an-a'-im, wanderings (?). Judg. 4. 11.

Zaanan, za'-a-nan, place of flocks. Mic. 1. 11.

Zaanannim, za'-a-nan'-im, same as Zaanaim. Josh. 19. 33.

Zaavan, za'-av-an, disturbed. Gen. 36. 27.

Zabad, za'-bad, gift. I Chr. 2. 36. Zabbai, zab'-a-i. Ezra 10. 28. Zabbud, zab'-ood, given. Ezra 8. 14.

Zabdi, zab'-di, the gift of Jehovah.

Tosh. 7. 1.

Zabdiel, zab'-di-el, the gift of God. 1 Chr. 27, 2.

Zabud, za'-bood, same as Zabbud. 1 Kiu. 4. 5.

Zabulon, Greek form of Zehulun. Mat. 4. 13.

Zaccai, zak-a'-i, pure. Ezra 2. 9. Zacchæus, zak-e'-us, Greek form of Zaccai. Luke 19. 2.

Zacchur, zak'-oor, mindful. 1 Chr. 4. 26. Zaccur, zak'-oor, same as preceding. Num. 13.4.

Zachariah, zak'-ar-i'-ah, whom Jehovah remembers. 2 Kin, 14, 20. Zacharias, zak'-ar-i'-as, Greek form of

preceding. Mat. 23. 35. Zacher, za'-ker, memorial. 1 Chr. 8. 31. Zadok, za'-dok, just. z Sam. 8. 17.

Zaham, za'-ham, loathing. 2 Chr. 11. 19.

Zair, za'-ir, small. 2 Kin. 8. 21.

Zalaph, za'-laf, wound (?). Neh. 3. 30. Zalmon, zal'-mon, shady, 2 Sam. 23. 28.

Zalmonah, zal-mo'-nah, same as preceding. Num. 33. 41.

Zalmunna, zal-moon'-ah, shelter denied. Judg. 8. 5.

Zamzummims, zam-zoom'-ims. Deu.

Zanoah, za-uo'-ah, marsh. Josh. 15.34. Zaphnath-paaneah, zaf'-nath-pa'-ane'-ah, prince of the life of the age. Gen. 41. 45.

Zaphon, za'-fon, north. Josh. 13. 27. Zara, za'-rah, Greek form of Zarah.

Mat. 1. 3.

Zarah, za'-rah, sunrise (?). Gen. 38. 30. Zareah, za'-re-ah, hornet. Neh. 11. 20. Zareathites, za'-re-ath-ites, inhabitants of Zareah. 1 Chr. 2. 53.

Zared, za'-red, exuberant growth. Num. 21. 12.

Zarephath, zar'-ef-ath, workshop for refining metals. 1 Kin. 17. 9.

Zaretan, za'-ret-an, same as Zarthan. Josh. 3 16.

Zareth-shahar, za'-reth-sha'-har, the splendour of the morning. Josh, 13.10. Zarhites, zar'-hites, persons descended

from Zerah. Num. 26. 13.

Zartanah, zar'-ta-nah. I Kin. 4. 12. Zarthan, zar'-than, same as Zaretan. 1 Kin. 7. 46.

Zatthu, zať-thoo, same as Zattu.

Neh. 10, 14.

Zattu, zat'-oo, irascible (?). Ezra 2.8. Zavan, za'-van, same as Zaavan. 1 Chr. I. 42.

Zaza, za'-zah. 1 Chr. 2. 33.

Zebadiah, zeb'-ad-i'-ah, full form of Zabdi. 1 Chr. 8. 15.

Zebah, ze'-hah, sacrifice. Judg. 8. 5. Zebaim, ze ha'-im, same as Zeboim. Ezra 2. 57.

Zebedee, zeb'-ed-ee, Greek form of Zebadiah. Mat. 4. 21.

Zebina, ze-bi'-nah, hought. Ezra 10.

Zeboim, ze-bo'-im, gazelles. 10, 10,

Zebudah, ze-hoo'-dah, given. 2 Kin. 23. 36.

Zebul, ze'-bool, habitation. Judg. 9.28. Zebulonite, ze'-bool-on-ite, a member of the tribe of Zebulan. Judg. 12. 11.

Zebulun, ze'-bool-oon. Gen. 30. 20. Zebulunites, ze'-hool-on-ites, a less correct way of spelling Zehulonites,

Num. 26. 27. Zechariah, zek'-ar-i'-ah, a hetter way of spelling Zachariah. 2 Chr. 24. 20. Zedad, ze'-dad, hunting (?).

34. 8. Zedekiah, zed'-ek-i'-ah, justice of Jehovah. 1 Kin. 22. 11.

Zeeb, ze'-eb, wolf. Judg. 7. 25. Zelah, ze'-lah, side. Josh. 18. 28.

Zelek, ze'-lek, fissure. 2 Sam. 23. 37. Zelophehad, ze-lo'-fe-had, fracture. Num. 26. 33.

Zelotes, ze-lo'-tees, Greek equivalent of Canaanite, an emulator, Luke б. 15.

Zelzah, zel'-zah, shade in the heat. I Sam. 10. 2.

Zemaraim, zem'-ar-a'-im, two fleeces. Josh. 18, 22.

Zemarite, zem'-ar-ite. Gen. 10. 18. Zemira, ze-mi'-rah. 1 Chr. 7. 8.

Zenan, ze'-nan same as Zaanan. Josh. 15. 37.

Zenas, ze'-nas, contraction of Zenodorus. Tit. 3. 13.

Zephaniah, zef'-an-i'-ah, whom Jehovah hid. 2 Kin. 25. 18.

Zephath, ze'-fath, watch-tower (?). Judg. 1. 17.

Zephathah, ze'-fath-ah. 2 Chr. 14. 10. Zephi, ze'-fi, same as Zephath. 1 Chr. 1. 36.

Zepho, ze'-fo, older form of Zephi. Gen. 36. 11.

Zephon, ze'-fon, a looking out. Num. 26. 15.

Zephonites, ze'-fon-ites, descendants of Zephon. Num. 26. 15.

Zer, flint (?). Josh. 19. 35.

Zerah, ze'-rah, dawn. 2 Chr. 14. 9. Zerahiah, zer'-ah-i'-ah, whom Jehovah caused to rise. 1 Chr. 6. 6. Zered, ze'-red, same as Zared. Deu.

z. 13. Zeroda, ze'-re-dah, cool. 1 Kin. 11. 26.

Zeredathah, ze-red'-ath-ah, same as preceding. 2 Chr. 4.17.

Zererath, ze'-re-rath. Judg. 7. 22. Zeresh, ze'-resh, gold. Est. 5. 10. Zereth, ze'-reth, gold (?). I Chr. 4. 7. Zeri, ze'-ri, same as Izri. 1 Chr. 25. 3. Zeror, ze'-ror, bundle. I Sam. 9. I.

Zeror, ze-ror, bundle. I Sam. 9. 1. Zeruah, ze'-roo-ah, leprous. I Kin. II. 26.

Zerubbahel, ze-roob'-ab-el, scattered in Babylon. Hag. 1. 1.

Zeruiah, ze'-roo-i'-ah. I Sam. 26.6. Zetham, ze'-tham, olive. I Chr. 23.8. Zethan, ze'-than, same as Zetham.

1 Chr. 7. 10. Zethar, ze'-thar. Est. 1. 10. Zia, zi'-ah, motion. 1 Chr. 5. 13.

Ziba, zi'-bah, planter. z Sam. 9. 2. Zibeon, zib'-e-on, dyed. Gen. 36. 2. Zibia, zib'-i-ah, gazelle (?). 1 Chr. 8. 9. Zibiah, zib'-i-ah, same as Zibia. 2 Kin.

12. 1. Zichri, zik'-ri, famous. 2 Chr. 23. 1. Ziddim, zid'-im, sides. Josh. 19. 35. Zidkijah, zid-ki'-jah, justice of Jeho-

vah. Neh. 10. I.

Zidon, zi'-don, fishing. Gen. 49. 13. Zidonians, zi-done'-yans, inhabitants of Zidon. Judg. 10. 12.

Zif, blossom. 1 Kin. 6. 1. Ziha, zi'-hah, drought. Ezra 2. 43.

Ziklag, zik'-lag. Josh. 15. 31. Zillah, zil'-ah. shade. Gen. 4. 19.

Zilpah, zil'-pah, dropping. Gen. 29. 24. Zilthai, zil'-tha'-i, shady. I Chr. 8.

Zimmah, zim'-ah, planning. 1 Chr.

6. zo. Zimran, zim'-ran, celebrated. Gen.

25. 2. Zimri, zim'-ri, same as Zimran. 1 Kin.

16. 9. Zin. thorn. Num. 13. 21.

Zina, zi'-nah, abundance (?). 1 Chr.

Zion, zi'-on, sunny. 2 Sam. 5. 7.

Zior, zi'-or, smallness. Josh. 15. 54. Ziph, zif, flowing. 1 Chr. 4. 16.

Ziphah, zi'-fah, feminine of Ziph.

I Chr. 4. 16. Ziphims, zif'-ims, inhabitants of Ziph.

Ps. 54, title.

Ziphites, zif'-ites, same as Ziphims.

1 Sam. 23. 19.

Ziphion, zif'-yon, same as Zephon. Gen. 46. 16.

Ziphron, zif'-ron, sweet smell. Num.

Zippor, zip'-or, bird. Num. 22. 2. Zipporah, zip'-or-ah, fem. of Zippor.

Ex. z. 21.

Zithri, zith'-ri, protection of Jehovah (?). Ex. 6. 22.

Ziz, a flower. 2 Chr. 20. 16.

Ziza, zi'-zah, abundance. I Chr. 4. 37. Zizah, fulness. I Chr. 23. II.

Zoan, zo'-an, low region. Num. 13.

Zoar, zo'-ar, smallness. Gen. 13. 10. Zoba, zo'-bah, a plantation. 2 Sam.

zobah, same as preceding. I Sam.

I4. 47. Zobebah, zo'-beb-ah, walking slowly.

1 Chr. 4. 8. Zohar, 20'-har, light. Gen. 23. 8.

Zoheleth, zo-he'-leth, serpent stone.

1 Kin. 1. 9.

Zoheth, zo'-heth, strong (?). i Chr. 4. 20.

Zophah, zo'-fah, a cruse (?). 1 Chr. | Zorites, zor'-ites, same as Zorath-

Zophai, zo'-fa-i, honeycomb. 1 Chr. 6. 26.

Zophar, zo'-far, chatterer. Job 2. 11. Zophim, zo'-fim, watchers. Num. 23. 14.

Zorah, zo'-rah, a place of hornets. Josh. 19. 41.

Zorathites, zo'-rath-ites, people of Zorah. 1 Chr. 4. 2.

Josh. 15. 33.

Zoreah, zo'-re-ah, same as Zorah.

ites. 1 Chr. 2. 54.

Zorobabel, zo-rob'-ab-el, Greek form

of Zerubbabel. Mat. 1. 12. Zuar, zoo'-ar, same as Zoar. Num.

1. 8. Zuph, zoof, flag, sedge. I Sam. 1. 1.

Zur, zoor, rock. Num. 25, 15. Zuriel, zoor'-i-el, God is the Rock.

Num. 3. 35.

Zurishaddai, zoor'-i-shad-a'-i, whose Almighty is the Rock. Num. 1. 6.

Zuzims, zooz'-ims. Gen. 14. 5.

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TO THE HOLY SCRIPTURES.

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his rod becomes a serpent, Ex. 7, 10.
changes the waters into blood, Ex. 7, 20.
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*It is the opinion of some eminent commentators that the sermons on the mount and on the plain were one and the same.

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Christians called, 1 Pet. 2. 5; Rev. 1. 6; 5.

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THE PSALMS

May be divided into Five Parts, as follows:-

I. DAVIDIC (1.—xli.).
II. DAVIDIC (xlii.—lxxii.).
III. ASAPHIC (txxii.—lxxix.).
IV. OF THE CAPTIVITY (xc.—cvi.).
V. OF RESTORATION (cvii.—cl.).

Or may be classified according to their subjects, thus:-

(L) PSALMS OF SUPPLICATION. 1. On account of sin, Ps. 6; 25; 32; 38; 51;

(II.) GRATITUDE.

1. The Psalmist personally Ps. 9; 18; 30; 32; 34; 40; 61-63; 75; 103; 106; 116; 116; 138; 144. 2; elative to the Church, Ps. 33; 46; 47; 56; 66; 75; 70; 91; 95; 97; 95; 98; 105-107; 124; 126; 129; 134-136; 149.

(III.) ADORATION.

1. Of God's goodness and meroy, Ps. 3; 4; 9; 18; 18; 30-24; 36; 44; 66-66; 24; 55; 91; 99; 100; 103; 107; 111; 113; 116; 117; 121; 126; 146; 466.

2. of God's power, majesty, and glory, Ps. 2; 3; 18; 18; 19; 24; 29; 33; 45-46; 50; 65-66; 76; 77; 89; 91-100; 104-108; 110; 111; 113-118; 135; 136; 139; 145-150.

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(IV.) DTAOTIC.

1. Shewing the blessings of God's people and the misery of His enemies, Ps. 1; 3; 4; 5; 7; 9 -10; 17; 24; 25; 32; 34; 36; 37; 41; 50; 52; 53; 53; 62; 73; 75; 22; 44; 101; 112; 119; 121; 122; 125; 127-129; 133-149.

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2. the excellence of God's law, Ps. 19; 110 3. the vanity of human life, &c., Ps. 14; 39; 49; 53; 73; 90,

(v.) FROPHETICAL, TYPICAL, AND HISTORICAL, PS. 2; 16; 22; 24; 31; 35; 40; 41; 45; 50; 55; 68; 69; 72; 78; 87; 88; 102; 106; 106; 109; 110; 118; 132; 135; 136. PS.LTERY, 2 Sam. 6, 5; 2 Chr. 9, 11; Dan. 3, 5,

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-10, 10, 25, 20, 21, 22, 22, (Mattaniah), king of Judah, 2 Kin, 24, 17; 25; 2 Chr. 36, 10, 17; Jer. 37, 6, 18; 38; 39; 52, ZEPHANIAH, priest, Jer. 29, 25; 37, 3,

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——prophet, Zeph. 1—3.
ZERAH, 2 Chr. 14. 9; 16. 8.
ZERUBBABEL (Zorohabel), prince of Judah,

Ezra 2, 2, restores the worship of God, Ezra 3, 1; Neh. 12, 47; Hag. 1, 1, 14; 2, 1; Zech. 4, 6, ZIOHRI, 2 Chr. 28, ZIOHR, 2 Chr. 28, ZION, Gen. 49, 13; Josh. 11, 8; Judg, 10, 6; 18, 7; I Kin. 11, 1; Ezra 3, 7; Luke 4, 26; Acts 12, 20, prophecies concerning, Is. 23; Jer. 25, 22; 27, 3; 47, 4; Ezek. 27, 8; 28, 21; 32, 30; Joel 3, 4; Zech. 9, 2

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CONCORDANCE

TO THE HOLY SCRIPTURES.

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This Concordance has been specially prepared for the Delegates of the Clare	mdon
Press. As it is intended to be used conjointly with the Subject-Index v	
precedes it in this volume, all references to proper names, &c., included in	
Index, have been designedly omitted from the Concordance.	r fine
index, have been designedly omitted from the Concordance.	

CONCORDANCE TO THE HOLY SCRIPTURES.

ABASE. Ezek, 21, 26, and α , him that is high. Usu, 4, 37, walk in pride, he is able to α . Mat, 23, 12; Lu, 14, 11; 18, 14, whosoever exalteth himself shall be α . Phil. 4, 12, I know how to be α . See Joh 40, 11; Is. 31, 4; 2 Cor. 11. 7. ABATED. Gen. 8. 3; Lev. 27. 18; Deut. 34. 7; Judg. 8. 3. Judg. 6. 3.

ABHOR. Ex. 5. 21, made our sayour to be a.
Job 19. 19, my inward friends a.
Ps. 78. 59. 50 Lord worth, and a. Israel.
68. 38, thou hast cast off and a.
107. 18. soul a. all manner of meat.
119. 163. 1 hate and a. lying.
Prov. 22. 14, a. of the Lord aball fall there,
1sa. 7. 16, laud thou a. shall be forsaken.
68. 24, they shall be an a. unto all faesh.
Ezek. 16. 25, made thy heauty to he a.
Amos 6. 3, 1 a. the excellency of Jacob.
See Lev. 26. 11; Joh 22. 6; Rom. 12. 9.
ABIDE. Gen. 44. 33, let servant a. instead of lad.
Ex. 16. 29, a. every men in his place.
Num. 24. 2, he saw Israel a. In teuts.
31. 19, a. without camp seven days. 5, he that a, in me bringeth, 10, a, in my lave. 10, a. in my love. Acts 16. 15, come to my house and a. 1 Cor. 3. 14, if any man's work a. 13. 13, now a. faith, hope, charity. 2 Tim. 2. 13, if we helieve not be a. Sce Gen. 29. 19; Num. 35, 25; Eccl. 8. 15. ABILITY. E. Era 2.69, they gave after their a.
Dan, 1.4, had a. to stand in the palace.
Matt. 25.15, to each according to a.
1. Pet. 4.11, as of the a. God giveth.
See Lev. 27.8; Neh. 5.6; Acts 11.29.
ABJECTS. Pe. 35. 15, the a. gathered themselves together.

ABLE. Deut. 16. 17, every man give as he is a. Josh. 23. 13, no man a. to stand before you. 1 Sam. 6. 20, who is a. to stand before God. 1 Kings 3. 6, who is a. to judgs. 2 Chron. 2. 6, who is a. to indigs. 2 Chron. 2. 6, who is a. to stand hefore envy. Amos 7. 10, laud not a. to hear his words. Mat. 3. 9, God is a. of these stones. 9. 22, believe ye that I am a. 20. 22, are ye a. to drink of cup. Lu. 12. 26, not a. to do least. Acts 6. 10, not a. to resist wisdom. Rom. 4. 21, what he had promised he was a. 8. 33, a. to separate us from love of God. tagether. 8, 33, a. to separate us from love of God.
1 Cor. 10, 13, tempted above that ye are a.
2 Cor. 3, 8, a. ministers of new testament.
Eph. 3, 18, a. to comprehend with all saints.

Phil. 3.21, a. to subdue all things. Heb. 2.18, a. to succur tempted. Jus. 4.12, a. to save and destroy. Jude 24, a. to keep you from falling. Rev. 5.3, an man a. to open book. 6.17, who shall be a. to stand. See Ex. 18. 21. ABOARD. Acts 21, 2, ABODE (n.). John 14, 23, we will come and make our a. See 2 Kings 19. 27; Isa. 37. 28. Sec 2 Kiogs 19. 27; Isa. 37. 28.

ABODE (...) Gen. 49. 24, bis bow a. in strength.
Ex. 24. 16. glory of the Lord a. on Sinai.
Judg. 21. 2, the people a there before God.
Lu. 1. 56. Mary a. with her three months.
John 1. 32, the Spirit, and it a. on him.
39, they came and a. with him.
8. 44. a murdeer, and a. not in truth.
Acts 14. 3, long time a., speaking holdly.
18. 3, Paul a. with them and wrought.
Sec 1 Sam. 7. 2; Ezra 8. 15.
ABOLISH. 2 Cor. 3. 13 the end of that which is a See I Sain. 1. 2, E218.5. ABOLISH. 2 Cor. 3. 13, the end of that which is a, Eph. 2. 15, a. in his flesh the enmity. 2 Tim. 1. 10, Christ, who hath a. death. See I Sa. 2. 18; 51. 6; Ezek. 6. 6. BOMINABLE, 1 Kings 21, 26, Ahah a, in fol-ABOMINABLE. 1 Kings 21. 26, Ahab a. in following idels.
Joh 15. 16, how much more a. is man.
Ps. 14. 1; 53. 1, they have done a. works.
Isa. 14. 19, cast out like a. hranch.
65. 4; Jer. 16. 18, hrorth of a. things.
Jer. 44. 4, this a. thing that I hate.
Tit. 1. 16, in warks they deny him, being a.
I Pet. 4. 3, walked in a. idolatries.
Sec Lev. 11. 43; Deut. 14. 3; Rev. 21. 8.
ABOMINATION. Gen. 43. 32; 46. 34, a. to Egyptien. BOMINATION. Gen. 43. 52; 46. 34, a. to Egyptians.
Lev. 18. 26, shall not commit any a.
Deut. 7. 26, nor bring a. into house.
18. 9, after the a. of nations.
12, because of a. the Lord doth drive.
25. 16, da unrighteously are a. to God.
18 m. 13. 4, israel had in a. with Phillistines.
Prov. 3. 32; 11. 20, froward a. to the Lord.
8. 7, wickedness an a. to my lips.
15. 8, 9. 26; 21. 27, scorifice, etc. of wicked are a.
28. 9, even his prayer shall be a.
18. 44. 19, residue thereof an a.
Jer. 4. 1, put sway thine a. out of sight.
6. 15; 8. 12, sahamed when committed a.
Ezek. 5. 9, the like, because of all thine a.
33. 29, land desclate because of a.
18. 10; shall all thine a.
18. 10; shall be a.
18. 1 ALU. 16. 15, esteemed among men a. with God. Rev. 21. 27, in no wise cuter that worketh a. Sec Lev. 7. 16; 11, 41; Mal. 2. 11; Rev. 17. 4. ABOUND, Prov. 28, 20, faithful shall a, with hlessing hlessings.
Rom. 15. 13, that ye may a. lu hope.
1 Cor. 15. 58, slways a. iu work.
2 Cor. 1. 5, as sufferings a. so concellation a.
See Rom. 3. 7, 5. 15; Phil. 4. 12.
ABOVE. Deut. 28. 13. a. only and not beneath.
Joh 31. 2, portion of God from a.
Prov. 15. 24, way of life a. to wise.
Mat. 10. 24; Lu. 6. 40, disciple not a. master.
John 3. 31, cometh from a. is a. all.
8. 23, I am from a.
Rom. 14. 5, one day a. another.
I Cor. 4. 6. a. that which is written.

1 Cor. 4. 6, a. that which is written. Gal. 4. 26, Jerusalem a. is free. See Gen. 48, 22; Ps. 138. 2; Jam. 1. 17. ABSENT. 1 Cor. 5. 3; Col. 2. 5, a. in body. 2 Cor. 5. 8, a. from Lord. See Gen. 31. 49; 2 Cor. 10. 1. ABSTAIN. Acts 15, 20, 29, a, from pollutions of

idols.

Thess. 5. 22, a. from all appearance of evil. 1 Pet. 2.11, a. from fleshly lusts. See 1 Thess. 4.3; 1 Tim. 4.3.

ABSTINENCE. Acts 27. 21, after loog a. Paul

stood forth. ABUNDANCE, 1 Sam. 1, 16, out of a, of my

complaint. tompann. I Kings 18. 41, sound of a. of rain. 1 Chron. 29. 21, offered sacrifices in a. Ps. 52. 7, trusted in a. of riches. 72. 7; Jer. 33. 8, a. of peace. Eccl. 5.10, loveth a. with increase.

12, a. of rich not suffer to sleep.

Mat. 12, 34; Lu. 21. 4, out of a. of heart.
13. 12; 25, 29, he shall have more a.

Lu. 12, 15, life consisteth not in a. 1.0. 12. 10, the consistent not in a. 2 Cor. 8. 2, of affliction the a. of their joy. 12. 7, through a. of revelations. See Job 36. 31; Rom. 5. 17; Rev. 18. 3.

ABUNDANT. Job 38. 28, clouds drop and distil a. Ps. 145. 7, α . utter the memory. Isa. 56. 12, as this day and more α . 1 Cor. 15. 10; 2 Cor. 11. 23, laboured more α . than

all.
1Tim. 1.14, grace was exceeding a.
1Tim. 1.14, grace was exceeding a.
1Tim. 3. 6, shed a, through Jesus Christ, 2 Pet. 1.11, entrance administered a.
See Ex. 34. 5; Isa. 55. 7; 1 Pet. 1. 3.
ABUSE. I Cor. 7. 31, use world as not a.
9.18, that I a. not my power.

9.18, that I a. not my power.

See 1 Sam. 31.4; 1 Chron. 10. 4.

ACCEPT. Gen. 4.7, shalt thou not be a.

Ex. 28. 38; 1 Eev. 10. 18, a. before the Lord,
Deut. 33. 11, a. the work of his hands.

1 Sam. 18. 5. a. in sight of all people.

2 Sam. 24. 23, the Lord thy God a. thee.

Esth. 10. 3, a. of his hrethreo.

Job 13. 6; 32. 21, will ye a. his person.

42. 8, 9, him will I a.

Prov. 18. 5, not good to a. wicked.

Jer. 14. 12; Amos 5. 22, I will not a. them.

37. 29; 42. 2. 40; supplication be a.

Ezek. 20. 40; 43. 27, I will a.

Mal. 1. 3, should I a. this.

Lu. 4, 24, no prophet is a.

Lu. 4.24, no prophet is α . Acts 10, 35, he that worketh righteousuess α . Rom. 15. 31, service α . of saints. 2 Cor. 5. 9, present or absent we may be α , See Pa. 119, 108; Eccl. 12. 10; Mal. 1. 8.

ACCESS. Rom. 5, 2; Eph. 2, 13; 3, 12,

ACCESS. ROM. 0. 2; EPIL 2. 10; 0. 10.
ACCOMPLISH. Job 14, 6. a. sa an hireling.
Ps. 64. 6, thev a. diligent search.
Frov. 13. 19, desire a. 1s sweet.
1sa. 40. 2, her warfare is a.
Lu. 12. 50, straitened till it be a.
1. Pet. 5. 9. afflictions are a. in brethren.
See 1sa. 55. 11; Lu. 18. 31; 22. 37.

ACCORD. Acts 1.14; 4.24; 8.6; Phil. 2.2

ACCOMD. Acts 1.14; 4, 24; 8, 6; Phil. 2. 2.

ACCORDING. Ex. 12. 25, a as he hath promised.

Dent. 18, 10, a, as God hath blessed thee.

Job 34, 11; Jer. 17, 10; 25, 14; 32, 19, a, to ways.

Mat. 16, 27; Rom. 2, 6; 2 Tim. 4, 14, a, to works.

John 7, 24, a, to the appearance.

Rom. 8, 28, called a, to his purpose,

12, 6, gifts differing a, to grace.

2 Cor. 8, 12, a, to that a man hath.

See Mat. 9, 29; Tit. 3, 5.

ACCOUNT. Mat, 12.38, give a. in day of judgment. Lu. 16.2, give a. of stewardship.

20. 35, a. worthy to obtain, Rom. 14. 12, every one give a. to God. Gal. 3. 6, a. to him for righteousness. Heb. 13. 11, watch as they that give a. Heb. 13. 17, watch as they that give a. See Job 33. 13; Ps. 144. 3; 1 Pet. 4. 5. ACCURSED, Josh. 6, 18; 7, 1; 22, 20; 1 Chron. 2,

ACCUINSED, Josh, 8. B; 7.1; 22. 20; 1 Chron. 7, a. thiug.
Rom. 9. 3, wish myself a. from Christ.
1 Cor. 12. 3, no man calleth Jesus a.
Gal. 1. 8, 9, preach other gosgel, let him be a.
See Deut. 21. 23; Josh. 6. 17; Isa. 65. 20.
ACCUSATION. Ln. 19. 8, anything by false a.
1 Tim. 5. 19, against elder receive not a.
2 Pet. 2. 11; Jude 9, railing a.
See Mat. 27, 37; Mk. 15. 26; Lu. 6, 7.
ACCUSE There, 23. 16. pet accurant to b.

ACCUSE, Prov. 30, 10, a, not servant to his

master.

Mat. 27. 12, when a. he answered nothing.

Lu. 16. 1, was a, that he had wested.

John 5. 45, I will a, you to the Father.

Tit. 1. 6, not a. of riot or unruly.

See Mat. 12. 10; Mk, 3. 2; Lu. 11. 54; Rev. 12. 10. master.

ACKNOWLEDGE. Ps. 32. 5; 51. 3, I a. my sin. Prov. 3. 6, in all thy ways a him. 1sa. 63. 16, though Israel a. us not. 1 John 2. 25, be that a. the Son. See Dan. 11. 39; Hos. 5. 15.

ACQUAINT. Job 22, 21; Ps. 139, 3; Eccl. 2, 3; 1sa. 53. 3.

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ADDER. Gen. 49, 17; Ps. 58, 4; 91, 13; 140, 3; Prov. 23, 32.

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ADO. Mk. 5, 39. ADOPTION. Rom. 8, 15, 23; 9, 4; Gal. 4, 5;

Eph. 1. 5.

Eph. 1.5.
ADORN. Isa, 61. 10; Rev. 21. 2, bride a, herself.
1 Tim. 2. 9; 1 Pet. 3. 3, 5, women a.
Tit. 2. 10; a, doctrine of God.
See Jor. 31. 4; Lu. 21. 5.
ADVANCED. 1 Sam. 12. 6; Esth. 3. 1; 5. 11; 10. 2
ADVANTAGE. Lu. 9. 25, wbat is a man a.
Rom. 3. 1; 1 Cor. 15, 32, what a.?
Cor. 2. 11, lest Status get a.
See Job 35. 3; Jude 18.
ADVENTURE Deut 29 56; Ludg 0 17, Acto 10. 21.

ADVENTURE. Deut. 28.56; Judg. 9.17; Acts 19.31.

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74. 10, how long snall a reprosen.
18a. 50, 8, who is min; a,
84. 2; Jer. 30. 16; Mic. 5. 9, thy a,
Alios 3. 11, a, shall be round the land,
Mat. 5. 25; Lu. 12. 58, thine a,
1 Cor. 16. 9, there are many a,
Phill. 128, terrified by your a,

Heb. 10. 27, indignation shall devour a.

See 1 Sam. 2. 10; Isa. 9. 11; 11, 13,

ADVERSITY. 1 Sam. 10. 19; 2 Sam. 4. 9; 2 Chrou. 15. 6, sll a.

Ps. 10. 6, I shall never he in a. 94. 13; Prov. 24. 10; Eccl. 7. 14, 'day of α . Prov. 17. 17, brother is born for a. 1sa. 30. 20, bread of a. Heb. 13. 3, remember them which suffer a. See Ps. 31. 7; 35. 15. ADVERTISE. Num. 24.14; Ruth 4.4. ADVICE. 1 Sam. 25. 33. 14; Kuth 4. 4. ADVICE. 1 Sam. 25. 33. blessed be thy a. 2 Sam. 19. 43, that our a. shnuld not be first. 2 Chron. 10. 9, 14, what a give ye. Prov. 20. 18, with good a. make war. 2 Cot. 8. 10, herein 1 give my a. See Judg. 19. 30; 20. 7; 2 Chron. 25. 17. ADVISE. Prov. 13. 10, with the well a. ie wiedom. Acts 27. 12, the more part a. to depart. See 2 Sam. 24. 13; 1 Kings 12. 6; 1 Chron. 21. 12. ADVISEMENT. 1 Chron. 12. 19. ADVIGEMENT: 1 CHICK 12, 18,

AFAR-OFF. Jer. 23, 23, a God a.

30, 10; 46, 27, I will save them from a.

Mat. 26, 58; Mk. 14, 54; Lu. 22, 54, followed a.

Acts 2, 39, promise to all a.

Eph. 2, 17, preached to you a.

Heb. 11, 13, eeen the promises a.

See Gen. 22, 4; Ezra 3, 13. AFFAIRS. 1 Chron, 26, 32, pertaining to God and a. of king.
2 Tim. 2 4, entangleth himself with a.
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AFFECTED. Acts 14. 2, minds evil a. against brethren. Gal. 4. 17, 18, zealously a. See Lam. 3. 51. AFFECTION. 1 Chron. 29. 3, have set a. to house or too. Rom. 1.26, vile a. 31; 271m. 3.3, without natural a. 12.10, be kindly a, one to another. Gal. 5.24, crucified flesh with a. Col. 3.2, set your a. on things above. 5, inordinate a. of God. See 2 Cor. 7. 15 AFF1NITY. 1 Kin. 3. 1; 2 Chr. 18. 1; Ezra 9. 14. AFFIRM. Acts 25. 19. Jesus, whom Paul a, to be alive See Rom. 3. 8; 1 Tim. 1. 7; Tit. 3. 8. AFFLICT, Lev. 16, 29, 31; Num. 29. 7; Isa. 58. 3, AFFLIGT. Lev. 16, 29, 31; Num. 29, 7; 18a, 58, 3, 5a, your souls, Num. 11, 11, wherefore hast thou a. Ruth 1.21, Almighty hath a. me. 1 Kings 11, 39, I will a. seed of David. 2 Chr. 8, 26; I Kin. 8, 35, turn when thou dust a. Job 6.14, to.a. pity should be showed. Pa. 44.2, how thou didst a. people. 55, 19, God shall hear and a. Pe. 44. 2, how thou didst a, people, 55. 19, God shall hear and a. 82. 3, do justice to the a. 80. 15, the days wherein thou hast a, 119, 67, hefore I was a. 140. 12, maintain cause of a. Prov. 15. 15, days of the a. evil. 22. 22, neither oppress the a. 31. 5, pervert judgment of a. 83. 15, pervert judgment of a. 84. 11, thou a. tossed with tempest. 63. 4, 7, smitten of God and a. 54. 11, thou a. tossed with tempest. 63. 9, in all their a. he was a. 1. 21, 11, 12 and 12 and 12 and 12 and 12 and 12 and 12 and 13 and 14 and 15 an

2 Chron. 20. 9, cry in thee in a.

33. 12, in a. hesought the Lord.
Job 5. 6, a. cometh not forth of the dust.
30. 16, 27, days of a.

38. 8, cords of a.

38. 8, cords of a.

18. 9, many are a. of righteous.
112. 1, remember David and all his a.

182. 3, 19, many are a.

182. 10, furnace of a.

48. 10, furnace of a.

48. 10, furnace of a.

Jer. 16. 19, refuge in day of a.

Lam. 3. 1, man that hath seen a.

Hos. 5. 15, in their a. they will eeek.
Mk. 4. 17, a. arieeth for the word's sake.
Acts 20, 23, bonds and a. shide me.

2 Cor. 2. 4, out of much a. I wrote.

4. 17, light a. for moment.

8. 2, great trial of a.

Phil. 1. 18, add a. to bonds.
Heb. 10. 32, great fight of a.

11. 25, suffer a. with people.
Jas. 1. 27, visit fatherless in a.

See 2 Kinge 14. 25; Col. 1. 24.

AFFRIGHT. 1ea. 21, 4, fearfulness a. me.
Mk. 16. 5; Lin. 24. 37, they were a.

6, he not a ye seek Jesus.

See Deut. 7. 21; 2 Chron. 32, 18; Jer. 51. 32.

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Mat. 5. 25, a. with adversary:
18. 19, two of you shall a.
Mk. 14. 56, 59, witness a: not.
Acts 16. 15, to this a. words of the prophets.
1 John 5. 8, these three a. in one.
See Mat. 20. 2; Lu. 5. 36; Acts 5, 9; Rev. 17. 17.
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AGROUND. Acts 27, 41. AHA. Ps. 35. 21; 40. 15; 70. 3; Isa. 44. 16; Ezek. 25. 3; 26. 2; 36. 2.

AILETH. Gen. 21, 17; Judg. 18, 23; 1 Sam. 11, 5; 2 Sam. 14, 5; Ps. 114, 5; Isa. 22, 1 AIR. Jub 41. 16, no a. can come hetween.

1 Cor. 9. 26, as one that heateth the a. 14. 9, ye shall speak into a.

1 Thess. 4. 17, meet Lord in a.

See 2 Sam. 21. 10; Eccl. 10, 20; Acts 22. 23; Rev. 9. 2.

ALARM. Jer. 4. 19; 49. 2, \alpha. of war. Joel 2, 1, sound \alpha. in holy mountain, See 2 Chron. 13. 12; Zeph. 1. 16.

ALAS. 2 Kings 6. 5, 15, a. my master. Ezek. 6. 11, stamp and say a, See Num. 24. 23; Jer. 30. 7; Rev. 18. 10.

ALBEIT. Ezek. 13.7; Philem. 19. ALIEN, Deut, 14.21, sell it to an a.
Ps. 66. 8, an a. unto my mother's children.
Eph. 2.12. a. from commonwealth.
Heb. 11. 34, armies of the a.
See Ex. 18. 3; Joh 19.15; Iss. 61. 5; Lam. 5. 2.
ALIENATED. Ezek. 23. 17; Eph. 4. 18; Col. 1. 21.

Ps. 33. 15, fashioneth hearts a.
Eccl. 9. 2, things cometh a. to all. See Ps. 139, 12; Eccl. 11, 6; Rom. 14, 5,

ALIVE. Lev. 18, 10, scapegoat presented a. Num. 16, 33, went down a, into pit.

Num. 16. 33, went down a, into pit.
Deut. 4.4, are a, every one of you,
32. 39; 1 Sam. 2. 6, I kill and I make a.
Ezek. 13. 18; 18. 27, save soul a.
Mk. 16. 11, heard that he was a.
Lu. 15. 24, 32, son was dead and is a.
24. 23, angels who said he was a.
Acts 1. 3, showed himself a.
Rom. 6. 11. 13. a. to God.
1 Cor. 15. 22. ail be made a.
1 Thess. 4. 15, we who are a, and remain.
Rev. 1. 18, I am a, for evermore.
See 2 Kings 5. 7; Dan. 5. 19; Rev. 2. 8; 19. 20.
LLEGING. Acts 17. 3.

ALLEGING. Acts 17. 3.

ALLOW. Lu, 11, 48; Acts 24, 25; Rom. 7, 15; ALLOWANCE, 2 Kings 25, 30

ALLURE, Hos. 2, 14: 2 Pet. 2, 18. ALLUGER: HOS. 2.12; 2.70. 2.10.
ALMIGHTY, Ex. 8.3, by the name of God A.
Job 11. 7, canst thou find out the A.
29. 5, when A was yet with me.
Ezek. 1. 24; 10. 5, I heard as voice of A.
Rev. 1. 8; 4. 8; 11. 17, A. who was and 1s.
See Gen. 17. 1; Job 22. 15; Ps. 91. 1.

ALMS. Mat. 8.1; Lu. 11. 41; 12. 33; Acts 10. 2. ALONE. Num. 11. 14; Deut. 1. 9, bear all these

people a. 1 Kings 11. 29, they two a. in field. I Kings II. 29, they two a. in field. Joh I. 15. escaped a. to tell. Pa. 136. 4, a. doeth great wonders. Mat. 4, 4; Liu. 4, n not live by bread a. Liu. 9, 18, 36; John 6, 15, Jesus was a. 13. 8, let a. this year also. See Gon. 2, 18; Mat. 18, 15; Jas. 2, 17.

ALREADY. Eccl. 1. 10; Mal. 2. 2; John 3. 18; Phil. 3. 16.

ALTER. Pa. 89, 34, nor a. thing gone out of my lipe. Lu. 9, 29, fashion of countenance a. See Lev. 27, 10; Dan. 6.8. ALTOGETHER. Ps. 14. 3; 53, 3, a. become filthy.

50. 21, a. auch an one as thyself. Cant. 5. 16, he is a. lovely. See Pa. 19. 9; 39. 5; 139. 4.

ALWAYS. Joh 7, 18, I would not live a. Day A. 18. 13. 1 white not 11 vs a. Ps. 103. 9, not a chide.

Mat. 28. 20, I am with you a.

Mk. 14. 7; John 12. 8, me ye have not a.

Phil. 4. 4, rejoice in Lord a.

See Ps. 16. 8; Isa. 57. 16; John 11. 42.

See Ps. 10. 8; 188. 57. 10; John 11. 42. AMAZED. Mat. 19. 25, disciples exceedingly α, Mk. 2. 12; Lu. 5. 26, α, and glorified Gud, 14. 33, he began to be sore α. Lu. 9. 43, α. at mighty power of God. See Ezek. 32. 10; Acts 3. 10; 1 Pet. 3. 6. AMEND. Jer. 7. 3; 28. 13; 35. 15; John 4. 52. AMIABLE. Ps. 84. 1.

AMISS. 2 Chron. 6. 37; Dan. 3. 29; Lu. 23. 41;

AMISS. 2 Chron. 6. 31; Lau. 6. 22,

ANGEL. Gen. 48. 16, the A. who redeemed me.
Pa. 34, 7, a. of Lord encampeth.
78. 25, man did eat a. food.
Eccl. 5, 6, nor say before a. it was error.
18a. 63. 9, a. of his presence saved them.
Hos. 12. 4, he had power over a.
Mat. 13. 39, reapers are the a.
Mk. 12. 25; Lu. 20. 36, are as a. in heaven.
Lu. 22. 43, an a. strengthening him.
John 5, 4, a, went down at a certain season.

Lu. 22, 43, an a. strengthening him.
John 5. 4, a. went down at a certain season.
Acts 12, 15, it is his a.
1 Cor. 6. 3, we shall judge a.
2 Cor. 11, 14, transformed into a. of light,
Heb. 2. 2, word spoken by a.
13. 2, entertained a. unawares,
1 Pet. 1. 2, a desire to look into.
See Geo. 18. 1; Ps. 8. 5; Mat. 25, 41; Heb. 2. 7.
NGFE. Gen. 40, 7 cursed be their a. b.

ANGER. Gen. 49.7, cursed be their α. Neh. 9. 17, slow to α. Pa. 8. 1; Jer. 10. 24, rebuke me not in α. 30. 5, α. endureth but a mament. Prov. 15. 1, grievous words stir up α. Prov. 15.1, grievous words stir up a. 19.11, discretion deferreth s. Eccl. 7.9, a. resteth in bosom of fools. Mk. 3.5, he looked on them with a. Col. 3.8, put off a., wrath, malice. See Ps. 37.8; 85.3; 90.7; Prov. 16. 32. ANGEX. Ps. 7. 11, God is a. with the wicked. Prov. 14. 17, he that is soon a. 22. 24, make no friendship with a. man. 25. 23, 80 doth an a. countenance.

25. 23, so doth an a. countenance.
Jonah 4.4, doest thou well to be a.?
Mat. 5. 22, whosoever is a. with brother.
John 7. 23, are ye a. at me.
Eph. 4. 26, be a. and sin not.
Tit. 1.7, bishop not soon a.
See Gen. 18. 30; Prov. 21. 19; Eccl. 5. 6; 7. 9.

See Gen. 18. 30; Prov. 21. 19; Ecol. 5. 0; 7. 9.
ANGUISH. Ex. 6. 9, bearkened not for a.
Job 7. 11, I will speak in a. of spirit.
Rom. 2. 9, tribulation and a. on every soul.
2 Cor. 2. 4, out of much a. of heart.
See Gen. 42. 21; Isa. 8. 22; Jobn 16. 21.
ANOINT. Deut. 22. 40; 2 Sam. 14. 2, a. not thyself.
Isa. 21. 5. arise and a. shield.
61. 1; Lu. 4. 18, a. to preach.
Mk. 14. 8, a. my body to burying.
Lu. 7. 46, my head thou didet not a.
John 9. 8. a. eves of blind man.

Jul. 1. 40, my head thou duest not a.
John 9.8, a. eyes of blind man.
12.3, Mary a. feet of Jeaus.
2 Cor. 1.21, he which a. us is God.
1 John 2.27, the same a. teacheth.
Rev. 3.18, a. thine eyes with eyesalve.
See Judg. 9.8; Ps. 2.2; 84.9; Jas. 5.14,

ANOINTED. 1 Sam. 26. 9 ANON. Mat. 13. 20; Mk. 1. 30.

ANOTHER. Prov. 27. 2, let a. praise thee. 2 Cor. 11. 4; Gal. 1. 6, 7, a. gospel. Jas. 6. 18, pray one for a. See I Sam. 10. 6; Job 19. 27; Isa. 42. 8; 48. 11.

ANSWER (a.). Job 19, 16; 32, 3; Cant. 5.5; Mic. 3, 7; John 19, 9, no a. Prov. 15, 1, a soft a, turneth, 16, 1, a. of tongue from the Lord.

1 Pet. 3. 15, be ready to give a. 1 Pet. 3. 15, be ready to give a.
21, a. of good conscience.
See Job 35. 12; Lu. 2. 47; 2 Tim. 4. 16.
ANSWER (v.), Job 11. 2, multitude of words be a.
Prov. 1. 28, I will not a.
18. 13, a. a. matter before he heareth,
28. 4, 5, a. not s fool.
Eccl. 10. 19, money a. sll things.
Lu. 21. 14, meditate not what to a.
2 Cor. 5. 12, somewhat to a.
Col. 4. 6, how ye ought to a.
Tit. 2. 9, not a. sgsin.
See 1 Kings 18. 26; Pa. 138, 3; Isa, 65, 12, 24.
ANTIOUIUTI. Isa, 23. ANTIQUITY. Isa. 23. 7.

ANTIQUITY. Isa. 23. 7.

APART Mat. 4. 13. desert place a.

23; 17, 1; Lu. 9. 28, mountain a.

Mc. 6. 31, come ye yourselves a.

See Pa. 4. 3; Zech. 12. 12; Jas. 1. 21.

APPARENTLY. Num. 12, 8.

APPEAR, Col. 3. 4; 1 Tim. 6. 14; 2 Tim. 1. 10;

4. 8; Tit. 2. 13; Heb. 9. 28; 1 Pet. 1. 7, a. of Christ.

Christ.

1 Sam. 16, 7, man looketh on the outward a.

Ps. 42, 2, when shall 1 a. before God.

Ps. 42, 2, when shall 1 a. before God.

Cant. 2, 12, flowers a. on earth.

Mat. 6, 16, a. to men to fast.

32, 28, outwardly a. righteous.

Rom. 7, 13, that it might a. sin.

2 Cor. 5, 10, we must all a.

1 Theses 5, 22, a. of evil.

1 Tim. 4, 15, profiting may a.

See Ex. 23, 15; Mat. 24, 30; Lu. 19, 11.

PEPEASE. Gen. 32, 20, Prov. 15, 18; Acts 19

APPEASE. Gen. 32, 20; Prov. 15, 19; Acts 19, 35.
APPERTAIN. Num. 16, 30; Jer. 10, 7; Rom. 4, 1.
APPETITE. Job 38, 39; Prov. 23, 2; Eccl. 6, 7; Isa. 29. 8.

APPLY. Ps. 90. 12; Prov. 2. 2; 22. 17; 23. 12; Eccl. 7. 25. APPOINT. Job 7. 3, wearisome nights are a.

APPOINT. Job 7, 3, wearhsome nights are a. 14, 5, thou hast a. bounds, 30, 23, house a. for all living. Pa. 79, 11; 102. 20, preserve those a. to die. Mat. 24, 51; Lu. 12, 46, a. him his portion. Acts 6, 3, seven men whem we may a. 1. These, 5, 9, not a. to wright. See Job 14, 13; Ps. 104, 19; Acts 17, 31. APPREHEND. Acts 12, 4; 2 Cor. 11. 32; Phil. 3, 12.

APPROACH. Isa, 58, 2, take delight in a, God. Lu, 12, 33, where no thief a, 1 Tim, 6, 16, light no msn can a.

1 Tim, 6, 16, light no man can a.

Heb, 10, 25, as y see the day a.

See Deut, 31, 14; Job 40, 19; Pa. 65, 4.

APPROVE. Acts 2.2, a man a. of God.

Rom. 16, 10, a. in Christ.

Phill. 1 lo, a. things that are excellent,

2 Tim. 2, 15, show thyself a.

See Ps. 49, 13; 1 Cor. 11, 19; Phill. 1, 10,

APT. 2 Kings 24, 16; 1 Tim. 3, 2; 2 Tim. 2, 24.

APT. 2 Kings 24. 16; 1 Tim, 3. 2; 2 Tim. 2. 24.
ARGUING. Job 6. 25.
ARGUMENTS. Job 23. 4.
ARIGHT. Pa. 50. 23; 76. 8; Prov. 15. 2; 23. 31.
ARISE. I. Kings 18. 44, there a. a little cloud.
Noh. 2. 20, a. and build.
Pa. 68. 1, let God a.
88. 10, dead a. and praise thee.
112. 4, to upright a. light.
Msl. 4. 2 Sun of righteousness a.
Mk. 2. 11; Lu. 7. 14; 3. 54; Acts 9. 40, I say a.
Lu. 15. 18, I will a. and go.
Eph. 5. 14, a. from the dead.
2 Pet. 1. 19, till daystar a.
See Isa. 25. 19; Jer. 2. 27.
ARMY. 1 Sam. 17. 10, I defy the a. of Israel.

ARMY. 1 Sam. IV. 10, I defy the a. of Israel. Job 25, 3, 14 there any number of his a. Lu. 21, 20, Jerusalem compassed with a.

Acts 23. 27, then came 1 with an a. Heb, 11. 34, a. of the aliens. See Cant. 6. 4; Ezek. 37. 10.

ARRAY. Jer. 43. 12, shall a. himself with land. Mat. 6, 29; Lu. 12, 27, a. like one of these. 1 Tim. 2, 9, not with costly a. Rev. 7, 13, a. in white robes. See Job 40. 10; Rev. 17. 4; 19. 8.

ARRIVED. Lu. 6. 26; Acts 20, 15.

ARROGANCY. 1 Sam. 2, 3; Prov. 8, 13; Isa. 13. 11; Jer. 45, 29.

11; Jer. 49, 29.

ARROW. Num. 24. 8, pierce through with a.

Ps. 38. 2, thine a. stick fast.

76. 3. brake the a. of the bow.

91. 5. a. that flieth by dsy.

Prov. 25. 18, false witness sharp a.

26. 18, easteth a. and death.

Ezek. 5. 16, evil a. of famine.

See Deut. 32. 23; 2 Sam. 22. 15; Job 6. 4; 41. 28.

ARTIFICER. Gen. 4. 22; 1 Chron. 29. 5; 2 Chron. 34, 11; Isa. 3. 3.

ARTILLÉRY. 1 Sam. 20. 40. ASCEND. Ps. 68, 16; Rom. 10. 6; Eph. 4. 8, α. on

NGENU. 12. w. a., high.
John 1. 51, sngels of Gud a.
3. 13, no man hath a. to heaven.
20. 17, I am not yet a.
Rey. 6. 4, smoke of incense a.
11, 12, they a. up to heaven.
See Ps. 24, 3; 159. 6.
Paul: 32, 2; Joh 36, 3; 1

See Ps. 24. 3; 139. 6.

ASCRIBE. Deut. 22. 3; Job 36. 3; Ps. 68. 34.

ASCRIBE. Deut. 22. 3; Job 36. 3; Ps. 68. 34.

ASHAMED. Job 11. 3, shall no man make a.

Ps. 25. 3, let none that wait be a.

31. 1, let me never be a.

34. 5, their faces were not a.

18. 45. 17, not a, world without end.

65. 13, ye shall be a.

Jor. 2. 25. as s thief is a.

6. 15; 8. 12, were they a.

12. 13, a. of your revenues.

14. 4, plowmen were a.

Lu. 16. 3, to be gl am.

Rom. 1. 16, not a. of Gospel.

5. 5, hope maketh not a.

9. 33; 10. 11, believeth shall not be a.

2 Thin. 1. 8, not a. of testimony.

9. 33; 10. 11, believeth shall not be a. 2 Tim. 1. 8, not a. of testimony. 2. 15, workman that needeth not to be a. Heb. 2. 11, not a, to sail them brethren, 11. 16, not a. to slied their God. 1 Pet. 4. 16, suffer as Christian, not be a. See Gen. 2. 25; 2 Tim. 1. 12.

See Gen. 2. 25; 2 Tim. 1. 12.

ASIDE. 2 Kinge 4. 4; Mk. 7. 33; Heb. 12. 1.

ASIDE. 2 Kinge 4. 4; Mk. 7. 33; Heb. 12. 1.

ASK. Pa. 2. 6; Isa. 45, 11, a. of me.

Isa. 65. 1, sought of them that a. not.

Mat. 7; Lu. 11. 9, a. and it shall be given.

21. 22, whatsoever ye a.

Mk. 6. 22, a. what thou wilt.

John 14. 13; 15. 15, a. in my name.

Jss. 1. 5, leb him a. of God.

1 Pet. 3. 15, a. reason of hope.

1 John 3. 22; 5. 14, whatsoever we a.

See Deut. 32. 7; John 4. 9, 10; 1 Cor. 14. 35.

ASLEEP. Mat. 8. 24; Mk. 4. 35, but he was a.

26. 40; Mk. 14. 40, discribes a.

1 Cor. 15, 6, some are fallen a.

1 Thess. 4. 13, 15, them that are a.

2 Pet. 3. 4, since falten fell a.

See Cant. 7. 9.

ASS. Num. 22. 30, am not I thine a.

ASS. Num. 22. 30, am not I thine a.
Prov. 26. 3, bridle for a.
18s. 1. 3, a. his master's crib.
Jer. 22. 19, burial of an a.
Zech. 9. 9; Mat. 21. 5, riding on a. Lu. 14. 5, a. fallen into pit. 2 Pet. 2, 16, dumb a. speaking. See Gen. 49. 14; Ex. 23. 4; Deut. 22. 10.

ASSAULT. Esth. 8. 11; Acts 14. 5; 17. 5. ASSAY. Acts 9, 26, Saul a, to join disciples.

Acts 16. 7, they a. to go to Bithynia. Heb. 11. 29, Egyptians a. to do. See Deut. 4. 34; 1 Sam. 17. 39; Joh 4. 2. ASSENT. 2 Chron. 18. 12; Acts 24. 9. ASSIGNED. Gen. 47, 22; Josh. 20, 8; 2 Sam. 11, 16. ASSIST. Rom. 16, 2

ASSOCIATE. Isa. 8. 9.

ASSURANCE. Isa, 32.17, effect of righteousness a.

SSUARCE. 183. 32 11, effect of right Col. 2. 2, full a. of understanding. 1 Thess. 1. 5, gospel came in much a. Heb. 6. 11; 10. 22, full a. of hope. See Deut. 28. 66; Acts 17. 31. ASSURE. 2 Tim. 3. 14: 1 John 3. 19.

ASSWAGE. 21III. 3, 14; 1 John 3, 19. ASSWAGE. Gen. 8, 1; John 16, 5. ASTONIED. Ezra 9, 3; Joh 17, 6; Dan. 3, 24; 4, 19. ASTONISHED. Mat. 7, 29; 22, 33; Mk, 1, 22; 6, 2; Il. 18; Lu. 4, 32, a. at his doctrine. Lu. 2, 47, a. at his understanding.

5.9, a. st draught of fishes. 24.22, women made us a. Acts 9.6, Saul trembling and a.

Acts 9. 0, Sau tremning and a. 12. 16, saw Peter, they were a. 13. 12, deputy believed, being a. See Joh 26. 11; Jer. 2. 12.

ASTONISHMENT. 2 Chron, 29, 8; Jer. 25, 9, a.

ASTONISHMENT. 2 Chron. 29. 5; Jon. 20. and hissing. Pa. 69. 3, made us drink wine of a. Jer. 8. 21. a. hath taken hold. See Deut. 28. 28, 37; Ezek. 5. 15. ATHIRST. Mat. 25. 44; Rev. 21. 6; 22. 17. ATONEMENT. Lev. 23. 28; 25, 9, 8 day of a. 2 Sam. 21. 3, wherewith shall 1 make a. Rom. 5. 11, by whom we received a. See Lev. 4. 20; 18. 17; Num. 8, 21. See Lev. 4. 20; 18. 17; Num. 8, 21.

See 18v. 4.20; 16.1; Num. 5, 21.
ATTAIN. Ps. 139.6, I cannot a. to it.
28am.23.19; I Chron.11.25, he a. not to first three.
Rom. 9. 30, Gentiles a. to righteousness.
Phil. 3. 11, 12, 16, that 1 might a.
See Gon. 47, 9; Prov. 1.5; Ezek. 46.7; 1 Tim. 4.6.

ATTEND. Ps. 17. 1; 61. 1; 142. 6, a. to my cry. Prov. 4. 20, my son a. to my words. See Ps. 55. 2; 86. 6.

ATTENDANCE. 1 Tim. 4, 13: Heb. 7, 13.

ATTENT. 2 Chron. 6. 40; 7. 15. ATTENTIVE. Neh. 1. 6; Job 37. 2; Ps. 130, 2; Lu. 19. 48.

ATTIRE. Jer. 2, 32; Ezek, 23, 15, ATTIKES. 40F. Z. 02; EXEM. 20. 10.
AUDIENCE. 1 Chron. 28. 8, in a. of our God.
Lu. 7.1; 20. 45, in a. of people.
Acts 13. 16, ve that fear God give a.
See Ex. 24. 7; Acts 15. 12.
AUGMENT. Num. 32. 14.
AUSTERE. Lu. 19. 21.
AUTHOR. 1 Cor. 14. 33; Heb. 5. 9; 12. 2.
AUTHOR. 1 Cor. 14. 33; Heb. 5. 9; 12. 2.

AUTHORITY. Mat. 7. 29; Mk. 1. 22, as one hav-

ing a. 8.9; Lu. 7.8, I am a man under a. Mat. 21. 23; Lu. 4.36, by what a. Ju. 9. 1, power and a. over devils.

19. 17, have a. over ten cities.

John 5. 27, a. to execute judgment.

1 Cor. 15. 24, put down all a.

1 Tim. 2. 2, kings and all in a.

11 m. 2. 2 kings and an m. a. 12, suffer not a woman to usurp a. 11t. 2.15, rehuke with all a. 1 Pet. 3.22, angels and a. subject. See Prov. 29.2; 2 Cor. 10.6; Rev. 13.2.

AVAILETH. Eeth. 5. 13; Gal. 5. 16; Jas. 5. 16.

AVAILETH. sett. 5. 15; Gal. 5. 16; Jas. 5. 16.

AVENGE. Deut. 32. 43, he will a_hlood.

Josh. 10. 13, sun stayed till people a.

1 Sam. 24. 12, the Lord judge and a.

2 Sam. 22. 45; Ps. 16. 47, it is God that a. me.

Esth. 8. 13. Jews a. thermeelves.

Isa. 1. 24, 1 will a. me of mine enemies.

Lu. 18. 3, a. me of my sdversary.

See Gen. 4. 24; Lev. 19. 18; Jer. 5. 9; 2. 9.

AVENGED.

AVENGER. Ps. 8.2: 44.16, enemy and a.

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I These, 4, 6, the Lord is the a. See Num. 35, 12; Deut. 19, 6; Josh. 20, 5.

AVERSE, Mic. 2.8.

AVOID. Prov. 4.15, a. it, pass not by it. I Tim. 6. 20; 2 Tim. 2. 23; Tit. 3. 9, a. babblings. See Rom. 16. 17; 2 Cor. 8. 20. AVOUCHED. Deut. 26. 17, 18.

AWAKE. Ps. 17.15, when I a., with thy likeness. 73. 20, as a dream when one a. Prov. 23. 35, a. I will seek it again.

Prov. 23. 35, a. a, put on strength.

Jas. 51. 9, a., a, put on strength.

Joel 1. 5, a. ye drunkards.

Zech. 13. 7, a. 0 sword.

Lu. 9. 32, when a. they saw his glory.

Rom. 13. 11, high time to a.

1 Cor. 15. 34, a. to righteousness.

Eph. 5. 14, a. thout that sleepest.

See Jer. 51. 57; John 11. 11.

WARE. Cant. 6. 12: 12: 75. 9. 24: Lu. 1

AWARE. Cant. 6.12; Jer. 50.24; Lu. 11. 44. AWE. Ps. 4.4; 33.8; 119.161.

AWL. Ex. 21.6; Deut. 15. 17.

AXE. Ps. 74.5, famous as he had lifted up a.
lss. 10. 15, shall the a. boast.

Mat. 3.10; Lu. 3.9, the a. is laid to root.

See 1 Sam. 13. 20; 1 Kings 6. 7; 2 Kings 6. 5.

BABBLER. Eccl. 10. 11; Acts 17. 16, BABBLING. Prov. 23. 29; 1 Tim. 6. 20; 2 Tim. 2. 16.

BABBI.ING. Prov. 23. 29; 1 Tim. 6. 20; 2 Tim. 2 BABE. Ps. 8. 2; Mat. 21. 16, out of mouth of b. 17. 14. leave their eubstance to b. 18. 3. 4. b. shall rule over them. Mat. 11. 25; Lu. 10. 21, revealed to b. Rom. 2. 20, teacher of b. 1 Cor. 3. 1, b. in Christ. 1 Pct. 2. 2, newborn b. See Ex. 2. 6; Lu. 2. 12, 16; Heb. 5. 13.

See Ex. 2. c; Lu. 2. L2, L0; Heb. 5. 16.

BACK. Josch 8. 28. drew not his band b.

1 Sam. 10. 9, he turned his b.

Nch. 9. 28, cast law behind b.

Ps. 129. 3, plowers plow on my b.

Prov. 10. 13; 19. 29; 22. 8. 3, nod for b.

1ss. 33. 17, cast sins behind b.

50. 6, gave b. to emiters. See Num. 24, 11; 2 Sam. 19. 10; Job 28. 9. BACKBITERS. Rom. 1. 30.

BACKBITING. Ps. 15.3; Prov. 25. 23; 2 Cor. 12. 20. BACKSLIDER. Prov. 14. 14. b. in heart filled with

AURALIDER, Frov...
his own ways.
Jer. 3.6, 8, 11, 12, b. Israel.
8.5, perpetual b.
14.1, our b. are many.
Hos. 4.16, sa s. b. beifer.
11.7, bent to b. from me.
14.4, will beat their b.
See Jer. 2.19; 5.6; 31, 22; 49.4.
PACKWARD, 2 Kings 20. 10; 1ss. 38. 8, let shanner.

BACKWARD.

BACKWARD. 2 Kings 20. 10; 1sa. 38. 8, let shadow return b.
Job 23. 8, b., but I cannot perceive.
Ps. 40. 14; 70. 2, driven b.
Isa. 59. 14, judgment 1s turned b.
Jer. 7. 24, they went b. and not forward.
See Gen. 9. 23; 49. 17; John 18. 6.
BAD. Gen. 24, 50; 31, 24, 29; Lev. 27, 12, 14, 33;
Num. 13. 19; 24, 13; 2 Sam. 13. 22; 14, 17;
I Kings 3. 9; Mat. 22. 10; 2 Cor. 5, 10, good - 10, See Lev. 27, 10; Ezra 4, 12; Jer. 24. 2; Mat. 13, 48,
BADNESS. Gen. 41 10;

BADNESS. Gen. 41. 19. BAG. Deut. 25. 13; Prov. 16. 11; Mic. 6. 11, b. of

AG. Deut. 25. 13; Prov. 16. 11; mav. u. 11, weights.
Job 14. 17, transgression sealed in b.
1sa. 46. 6, la vieh gold out of b.
Hag. 1. 6, b. with holes.
Lu. 12. 33, b. that wax not old.
John 12. 6; 13. 29, a thief, and had the b.
See 1 Sam. 17. 40; 2 Kinge 5. 23; Prov. 7. 20.
LVEE Com. 10. 2. Lav. 26. 28; 1. 18. 29.

BAKE. Gen. 19. 3; Lev. 26. 28; 1 Sam. 28. 24; Isa. 44. 15, b. bread.

Ex. 12. 39; Lev. 24. 5, b. cakes. See Gen. 40. 17; Ex. 16. 23; Lev. 2. 4; Num. 11. 8. BAKER. Gen. 40, 1; 41, 10; 1 Sam. 8, 13; Jer. 37, 21; Hos. 7, 4.

BALANCE, Lev. 19, 36; Prov. 16, 11; Ezek. 45, 10. just b.

Just b.
Joh 37, 16, the b. of clouds.
Ps. 62, 9, laid in b., lighter than vanity.
Prov. 11, 1; 20, 23; Hos. 12, 7; Amos 8, 5; Mlc. 6.
Il, false b.
Isa. 40, 12, 15, weighed hills in b.
46, 6, weigh silver in the b.
Rev. 8.5, a pair of b.
Ses Job 6, 2; 31, 6; Jer. 32, 10.
ALT. 2 **Imga 2, 32, our though head.

BALD. 2 Kings 2. 23, go up, thou b. head. Jer. 46. 37; Ezek, 29. 18, every head b. See Lev. 13. 40; Jer. 16. 6; Ezek. 27. 31.

BALDNESS. Isa. 3. 24, instead of well set hair b.

ALIDNESS. 183. 5. 27, 1130-100.
22, 12, call to weeping and b.
Mic. 1. 16, eularge thy b. as eagle.
See Lev. 21. 5; Dout. 14. 1; Ezek. 7, 18; Amos 8. 10. BALL. Isa., 22. 18.

BALM. Jer. 6. 22; 46, 11, b. in Gilead. See Gen 37. 25; 43, 11; Jer. 51. 8; Ezek. 27. 17.

See Gen 31. 2, 45. 11; Ger 50. 6; E202. 27. 11.

BANDS. Ps. 2. 3; 107. 14, break their b. asunder.

13. 4, there are no b. in their death.
Hos 11. 4, drew them with b. of love.
Zech. 11. 7, two staves, Beauty and B.
Mat. 27. 27; Mk. 15. 16, gathered to him whole b.
See Joh 38. 31; Eccl. 7. 26; Lu. 8. 29; Col. 2. 19.

BANISHED. 2 Sam. 14. 13; Ezra 7. 26; Lam. 2. 14. BANK. Lu. 19. 23, pavest not money into b. See Gen. 41. 17; 2 Sam. 20. 15; Ezek. 47. 7.

BANNER. Ps. 20.5, in name of God set up b. Ses Ps. 60.4; Cant. 2.4; 6.4; Isa. 13.2.

BANQUET. Eeth. 5. 4; Joh 41. 6; Cant. 2. 4; Amos 6. 7. BAPTISM. Mat. 20, 22; Mk. 10, 38; Lu. 12, 50, to

be haptised with b. 21, 25; Mk. 11, 30; Lu. 7, 29; 20, 4; Acts 1, 22; 18, 25; 19, 3, b, of John. Mk. 1, 4; Lu. 3, 3; Acts 13, 24; 19, 4, b, of repent-

ance.
Rom. 6. 4; Col. 2. 12, burled with him by b.
Eph. 4.5, one Lord, one faith, one b.
Heb. 6.2, doctrine of b.
Ese Mat. 3. 7; 1 Pet. 3. 21.
APTIZE. Mat. 3. 11; Mt. 1. 6; Lu. 3. 16; John
1. 26, b. with Holy Chost. BAPTIZE.

14, I have need to he b. 16, Jesus when b. went up

14. I have need to be b.

6. Jesus when b. wett up.

Mk. 16. 18, he that believe th and is b.

12. 7. 29, publicans to be b.

12. 7. 29, publicans to be b.

12. Jesus being b., and praying.

7. 30. Pharisees and lawyers being not b.

3. 22. 23. tarried with them and b.

4. 1, 2. Jesus made and b. more.

Acts 2. 36, repeut and be b.

41. gladly received word were b.

8. 12. b. both men and women.

15, b. in name of Jesus.

36, what doth hinder to be b.

9. 16, Eaul arose and was b.

10. 47, can any forbid b.

10. 47, can any forbid b. 16. 15, 33, b. and household.

16. 15. 33, b. and household.
18. 8, many helieved and were b.
22. 16, be b. and wash sway thy sins.
Rom. 6. 3; Gal. 3. 27, were b. into Jesus.
1 Cor. 1. 13, were ye b. in name of Paul.
10. 2, were all b. in cloud.
12. 13, all b. into one hody.
1 Cor. 1. 5. 9, b. for the dead.
See Mat. 28. 19; John 1. 25, 28, 31.
AND ABLANS. Ast. 28. 4. Rom. 1. 14. 10.

BARBARIANS, Acts 28. 4; Rom. 1. 14; 1 Cor. 14. 11. BARBAROUS. Acts 28. 2.

BARBED. Joh 41. 7.

BARBER, Ezek, 5, 1, BARE (v.). Ex. 19.4; Deut. 1. 31; Isa. 53. 12; 63.9; Mat. 6. 17; 1 Pet. 2. 24.

BARE (ad.). Isa. 52. 10; 1 Cor. 15. 37. BARKED. Joel 1. 7.

BARN. Job 39, 12, gather thy seed into b.
Mat. 6, 26; Lu. 12, 24, nor gather into b.
13, 30, gather wheat into b.
Lu. 12, 13, pull down my b.
See 2 Kings 6, 27; Joel 1, 17; Hag. 2, 19.

BARREL. 1 Kings 17. 12, 14; 16. 33.
BARREN. 2 Kings 2. 19, water naught and ground b.

BARKEN. 2kings2, 19, waternaughtand ground. Ps. 107. 34, turneth fruitful land into b. Iss. 54.1, sing, 0 b., thou that didst not bear. 2. Pet. 1.8, neither b. nor unfruitful. See Ex. 23. 26; Joh 24. 21; Lu. 23. 29.

BARS. Johl 7. 16, down to the b. of the pit. Ezek. 33, 11, having neither b. nor gates. See 1 Sam. 23. 7; Joh 38. 10; Ps. 107. 10; Iss. 45. 2.

See 1 Sam. 23. 7; Joh 38. 10; Ps. 107. 16; Isa. 45. 2. BASE. Joh 30. 8, children of b. men. Mal. 2. 9, I have made you b. Acts 17. 5, fellows of b. serv. 1 Cor. 1. 25, b. things of the world. 2 Cor. 10. 1, in presence am b. 5 & Ezek. 17. 14; Dan. 4. 17. BASKET. Deut. 28. 5, 17, blessed be thy b. Amos 8. 1, b. of summer fruit. Mat. 14. 20; Mk. 6. 43; Lu. 9. 17; John 6. 13, twelveb.

twelve b.

15. 37; Mk. 8. 6, seven b. 16. 9; Mk. 8. 19, how many b. See Gen. 40. 16; Ex. 20. 23; Judg. 6. 10; Jer. 24. 2.

BASON. John 13.5, poureth water into a b. See Ex. 12. 22; 24. 6; I Chrou. 28. 17; Jer. 52. 19. BATHE. Lev. 15. 5; 17. 16; Num. 19. 7; Isa. 34. 5. BATS. Lev. 11. 19; Dent. 14. 18; Isa. 2. 20.

BATIS. Lev. II. 19; Dent. 14. 18; ISA. 2. 20.

BATTLE. 18am. 17. 20, host shouted for b.

47; 2 Chron. 20. 15, the b. is the Lord's.

1 Chron. 5. 20, they cried to God in b.

Ps. 18. 39, strength to b.

55. 18, delivered my soul from b.

Eccl. 9. 11, nor b. to strong.

19th. 50, 22, sound of b. in land.

Ecc. 10 3. 32, 25, 41. 8; Ps. 76. 3; 140. 7. BATTLEMENTS. Deut. 22.6; Jer. 5. 10. BAY TREE. Ps. 37, 35. BEACON. Isa, 30, 17.

BEAM. Ps. 104. 3, who layeth b. in waters. Mat. 7.5; Lu. 6. 42, cast out b. See Judg. 16. 14; 2 Kings 6. 2; Hab. 2. 11.

See Judg. 16, 14; 2 kings 6, 2; Hist. 2, 11.

BEAR (v.). Gen. 4, 13, greater than 1 can b.

13, 6; 36, 7, land not able to b.

43, 9; 44, 32, let me b. blame.

Ex. 28, 12, Aaron b. names before Lord.

Num. 11, 14; Deut. 1, 0, not able to b. people.

Pa. 91, 12; Mat. 4, 6; Lu. 4, 11, they shall b.

thee up

Pa. 91. 12; Mat. 4. 6; Jul. 4. 11, they small b. thee up. Prov. 18. 14, wounded spirit who can b. 18a. 52. 11. clean that b. vessels. Jer. 31. 19, b. reproach of youth. Lam. 3. 27, good to b. yoke in youth. Mat. 3. 11, not worthy to b. 27. 32; Mk. 15. 27, 12. 10, 23. 28, b. cross. John 18. 12, cannot b. them now. Rom. 13, 4, b. not sword in vain. 15. 1, b. infirmities of the weak. 1 Cor. 13. 7, charity b. all things. 15. 49, b. image of the heavenly, Gal. 6, 2, 5, b. burdens. 17, b. in my body. Esth. 1, 25, 5, b. burdens. 17, b. in my body. Esth. 1, 22; Jer. 6. 31; Dan. 2. 39, b. rule. Lev. 24. 15; Ezek. 23, 49; Heb. 9, 28, b. sin. Ex. 20, 16; 1 Kings 21, 10; Lu. 11. 48; John 1. 7; 5. 31; 6. 18; 15. 27; Acts 23. 11; Rom. 8. 16; 1 John 1. 2; 5. 8, b. witness. See Ex. 28. 38; Deut. 1. 31; Prov. 12. 24. BEAR (m.). Ise. 11. 7, cow and b. shall feed. 59. 11, roar like b.

59.11, roar like b.

BEARD. Hos. 13. 8, as a b. hereaved. Amos 5. 19; as if a man did flee from b. See 1 Sam. 17. 34; 2 Sam. 17. 8; Prov. 17. 12. BEGUN. Gal. 3, 3, having b, in Spirit. BEARD. 2 Sam. 10. 5; 1 Chron. 19. 5, till b. he BEARD. Z Sam. 10. 5; 1 Caron. 19. 0; 1411 4; grown.
Ps. 133. 2, even Aaron's b.
Bzek. 5. 1, cause razor to pass on b.
See Lev. 13. 29; 1 Sam. 21. 13; 2 Sam. 20. 9.
BEARING. Ps. 126. 6, b precious seed.
John 19. 17, b. cross.
Rom. 2. 15; 9. 1, conscience b. witness.
2 Cor. 4. 10, b. about in body dying of Jesus,
Heb. 13. 13, b. his reproach.
See Gen. 1. 29; Num. 10. 17; Mk. 14. 13.
BYAST. Lob 19. 7, ask b. they shall teach. See Gen. 1. 29; Num. 10. 11; Mk. 14. 13.
BEAST. Joh 12. 7, ask b., they shall teach.
13. 3, counted as b.
Ps. 49. 12, like b. that perish.
73. 22, as b. hefore thee.
Prov. 12. 10, regardeth life of b.
Eccl. 3. 19, no pre-eminence above b.
1 Cor. 15. 32, fought with b.
Jas. 3. 7, every kind of b. is tamed.
2 Pet. 2. 12; as natural brute b.
See Lev. 11. 47. Pp. 67 10. 147 9. Rom 1. See Lev. 11. 47; Ps. 50. 10; 147. 9; Rom. 1. 23. BEAT. Isa. 2, 4; Joel 3. 10; Mic. 4. 3, b. swords, Lu. 12, 47, b. with many stripes. 1 Cor. 9. 26, as one that b. the air. See Prov. 23. 14; Mic. 4. 13; Mk. 12. 5; 13. 9. See Frov. 23. 14; Mic. 4. 13; Mic. 12. 5; 13. 9. BEAUTY. 1 Chron. 16. 29; 2 Chron. 20. 21; Ps. 29. 2; 96. 9; 110. 3, b. of holdness. Ezra 7. 27, to b. the Lord's house. Ps. 27. 4, hehold b. of the Lord. 30. 11, b. to consume away. 48. 2, b. for situation. 50. 2, perfection of b. Prov. 31. 30, b. is vain. 18a. 52. 7; Rom. 16. 15, how b. are the feet. See 2 Sam. 1. 19; Ps. 90. 17; Zech. 9. 17. 57. 40. 18CCKON. 21. 12. 22. 4. Lord. 13. 24. 4. 4. 21. 27. 57. 40. BECKON, Lu. 1, 22; John 13, 24; Acts 12, 17; 21, 40. BECOMETH. Ps. 93. 5, holiness b. thy house. Rom. 16. 2; Eph. 5. 3, as b. saints. Phil. 1. 27; 1 Tlm. 2. 10; Tit. 2. 3, as b. gospel. See Prov. 17. 1; Mat. 3. 15. BED. Joh 7. 13, when I say my b. shall comfort. 33. 15, in slumherings upon b. 33. 15, 111 stuffnerings upon 0. Pa. 63. 8, when I remember thee upon my b. Mat. 9. 66; Mk. 2. 9; John 5. 11, take up b. See 2 Kings 4. 10; 1sa. 28. 20; Mk. 4. 21; Lu. 8. 16. BEES. Deut. 1. 44: Judg. 14. 8: Pe. 118. 12: Isa. 7. 18. BEEVES. Lev. 22, 19; Num. 31, 28, 38. BEFAIL. Gen. 42. 4; 44. 29, mischief b. him. 49.1; Deut. 31. 29; Dan. 10. 14, b. in last days. Judg. 6. 13, why is all this b. us? Ps. 19. 10, no evil b. thee.

BEGGARLY. Gal. 4. 9.

hast thou b. me. 2 Pct. 2. 14, b. unstable souls, See Num. 25, 18; 2 Cor. 11. 3.

Eccl. 3. 19, b. men, b. heasts, one thing b. See Lev. 10. 19; Deut. 31. 17; Acts 20. 19. BEG. Ps. 37. 25; 109. 10; Prov. 20. 4; Lu. 16. 3. BEGIN. Ezek. 9. 8, b. at my sanctuary. 1 Pet. 4, 17, judgment b. at house of God. See 1 8am. 3. 12; 2 Cor. 3. 1. See 1 Sam. 3.12; 2 Cor. 3.1
BEG1NN1NG. Job 8.7, though thy b. was small.
Ps. 111. 10; Prov. 1.7; 9.10, b. of wisdom.
119. 160, word true from b.
Eccl. 7. 8, better end than b.
Mat. 19. 8, from b. not so.
Lu. 24. 47, b. at Jerusalem.
Heb. 3.14, hold b. of confidence,
See 1 Chron. 17. 9; Prov. 8.22, 23; Col. 1.18,
BEG-OTTEN. Ps. 2.7; Acts 13. 33; Heb. 1.5; 5.5,
thie day have 1 b. thee.
1 Pet. 1.3, b. to a lively hope.
See Joh 38, 28; 1 Cor. 4. 15; Philem. 10.
BEG-UILE. Gen. 29. 25; Josh. 9. 22, wherefore BEGUILE. Gen. 29, 25; Josh. 9, 22, wherefore

BEGUN. Gal. 3. having o. in spirit. Phil. 1. 6. hath b. good work. See Deut. 3. 24; 2 Cor. 8. 6; 1 Tim. 5. 11. BEHALF. Job 36. 2, speak on God's b. Phil. 1. 29, in b. of Christ. See 2 Chron. 16. 9; 2 Cor. 1. 11; 5. 12. BEHAVE. 1Sam. 18. 5, 14, 15, 30, David b, wisely, 1 Chron. 19. 13, b. ourselves valiantly. Ps. 101. 2, 1 will b, wisely. 1s. 3. 5, child shall b, proudly, 1 Thess. 2, 10, how unblameably we b. 1 Tim. 3. 2, bishop of good b. 6ee Ps. 131. 2; 1 Cor. 13. 5; Tit. 2. 3. BEHEADED. Mat. 14, 10; Mk. 8, 18; Lu. 9, 9; Rev. 20. 4 BEHIND. Ex. 10. 26. not hoof be left b. Phil. 3. 13, things which are b. Col. 1. 24, fill up what is b. See 1 Kings 14. 9; Neh. 9. 26; 2 Cor. 11. 5. See I A mgs 14. 9; Neft. 9. 20; 2001. BEHOLD. Ps. 31. 37, b. the upright. Mat. 18. 10, their angels always b. John 17. 24, that they may b. glory. 2Cor. 3. 18, b. as in a glass. See Num. 24. 17; Ps. 91. 8; 119. 37. BEHOVED. Lu. 24. 46; Heb. 2. 11. BELIEF. 2 Thess. 2.13. BELLEVE, Num. 14.11, how long ere they b. me. 2 Chron. 23. 20, b. Lord, b. prophets. Ps. 78. 22, they b. not in God. Prov. 14.15, simple b. every word. Mat. 8.13, as thou hast b. so be it. Mat. 8, 13, as thou hast b. so be it.
9, 28, b, ye that I am able.
21. 25; Mk. 11. 31, why then did ye not b.
27. 42, come down and we will b.
Mk. 5. 36; Lu. 8, 50, only b.
9, 23, canst b. all things possible.
11. 24, b. that ye receive.
16. 13, neither b. they them.
Lu. 1. 1, things most surely b.
8. 13, which for a while b.
24. 25, slow of heart to b.
24. 25, slow of heart to b. 41, b. not for joy.

John 1.7, all through him might b.

2.22, they b. the scripture.

3.12, b. heavenly things.

5.44, how can ye b. which receive honour. 47, how sail ye b. which recent 47, how shall ye b. my words. 8. 36, seen me and b. not. 7. 5, neither slid his brethren b. 48, have any of the rulers b.? 10. 38, b. the works. 10.38, b. the works.
11.15, to intent ye may b.
25, never die, b. thou this?
48, all men will b.
12.30, b. in the light.
17.21, the world may b.
20.25, I will not b.
29, have not seen yet have b.
Acts 4.32, multitude of them that b.
13.39, all that b. are justified.
48 ordained to eternal life b. 48, ordained to eternal life b.
16. 34, b. with all his house.
Rom. 4. 11, father of all that b. Rom. 4. 11, father of all that b.
18, against hope b. in hope.
9. 33, b. not ashamed.
10. 14, how shall they b.
1 Cor. 7. 12, wife that b. not.
2 Cor. 4. 13, we b. and therefore speak.
Gal. 3. 22, promise to them that b.
2 Thess. 1. 10, admired in all that b.
Heb. 10. 39, b. to saving of soul.
11. 6, must b. that he is.
13s. 2. 19, devils b. and tremble.
1 Pet. 2. 6, he that b. shall not be confounded.
8. 24; 10. 37; Acts 9. 26.
EXI. 4. 10. 37; Acts 9. 26. BELLY. Gen. 3. 14; Job 15. 2; Mat. 15. 17; Mk. 7. 19; John 7. 38; Kom. 18. 18; Phil. 3. 19; Tit. 1. 12.

BELONGETH, Deut, 32, 35; Ps. 94, 1; Heb. 10, 30,

BELOVED. Deut, 33, 12, b. dwell in safety, Ps. 127, 2, giveth his b. sleep. Dan, 9, 25; 10, 11, 19, greatiy b. Mat, 3, 17; 17, 5; Mk, 1, 11; 9, 7; Lu, 3, 22; 9, 35; 2 Pet, 1, 17, b, son. Rom, 11, 28, b. for fathers' sakes.

Eph. 1. 26, accepted in the b. Col. 4. 9; Philem. 16, b. brother. See Neh. 13. 26; Cant. 2. 16; Rom. 16. 9.

BEMOAN. Job 42.11; Jer. 15.5; Nah. 3.7. BEND. Ps. 11. 2; Isa. 60. 14; Ezek. 17. 7.

BENEATH. Prov. 15. 24, depart from hell b. Isa. 14. 9, hell from b. is moved. John 8. 23, ye are from b. See Deut. 4. 39; Jer. 31. 37. BENEFACTORS. Lu. 22. 25.

BENEFIT. Ps. 68. 19, loadeth us with b. I Tim. 8. 2, partakers of the b. See 2 Chron, 32, 25; Ps. 103, 2; 2 Cor. 1, 15; Phi-

lem. 14. BENEVOLENCE, 1 Cor. 7. 3.

BEREAVE. Gen. 42. 36; 43. 14, b. of children. Eccl. 4, 8, b. my soul of God. Jer. 15, 7; 18, 21, 1 will b. thee. See Ezek. 5. 17; 36. 12; Hos. 13. 8.

Bee Ezek. J. 15 30. L2; Fibs. to d. 6. Res. EECH. Job 24. A, hear, I b, thee, Mat. 8. 5; Lu. 7. 3, centurion b, him. Lu. 9. 38, I b. thee look on my son. 2 Cor. 5. 20, as though God did b, you. Eph. 4. 1, b. you to walk. Philem. 9, for love's sake b, thee. See Ex. 33. 18; Jonata ke b, thee.

BESET. Ps. 22, 12; 139, 5; Hos. 7, 2; Heb. 12, 1. BESIDE, Mk. 3, 21; Acts 26, 24; 2 Cor. 5, 13, BESIEGE, Deut. 26, 52; Eccl. 9, 14; Isa. 1, 8,

BESIEGE. Deut. 28. 52; Eccl. 9. 14; Isa. 1. 8.
BESOUGHT. Ex. 32. 11; Deut. 3. 23; 1 Kings 13.
6; 2 Chron. 33. 12; Jer. 28. 19, b the Lord.
Mat. 8. 31; Mk. 5. 10; Lu. 8. 31, devile b, him.
34; Lu. 8. 37, b, him to depart.
John 4. 40, b, that he would tarry.
2 Cor. 12. 8, 1 b, the Lord thrice.
See Gen. 42. 21; Eeth. 8. 3.
BEST. 1 Sam. 15, 9, 15, epared b, of sheep.
Pe. 39, 5, at b, state vanity.
Lu. 15. 22, b, robe.
1 Cor. 12. 31, b, gifts.
See Gen. 43. 11; Deut. 23, 16; 2 Sam. 18. 4.
BESTEAD, Isa. 8. 21.

BESTEAD. Isa. 8. 21.

BESTIR. 18a. 0.21 BESTIW. Lu. 12. 17, no room to b. my fruits. 1 Cor. 15. 10, grace b. on us not in vain. Gal. 4. 11, lest I have b. labour in vain. 1 John 3. 1, manner of love Father b. See 1 Chron. 20. 25; Isa. 63. 7; John 4. 38.

BETHINK, 1 Kings 8. 47; 2 Chron. 6. 37. FIMES. Gen. 26. 31; 2 Chron. 36. 15; Joh 8. 5; Prov. 13. 24. BETIMES.

BETRAY. Mat. 26. 16; Mk. 14. 11; Lu. 22, 21, 22, opportunity to b. 27. 4, 1 b. innocent blood. 1 Cor. 11, 23, same night he was b. See Mat. 24. 10; Mk. 14, 18; John 2, 64; 21. 20.

BETROTH. Hos. 2.19, 20.
BETTER. 1Sam. 15, 22, to obey b. than sacrifice.
1 Kings 19, 4, I am not b than my fathers.

1 Kings 19. 4, I am not b than my fathers. Pg. 63. 3, lovingkindness b, than life.

Ecol. 4. 9, two are b, than one.

7, 10, former days b, than these.

Mat. 12. 12, man b, than a cheep.

Lu. 5. 39, he saith the lod is b.

Phil. 2. 3, each esteem other b, than himself.

Heb. 1. 4, much b, than angels.

11. 16, a b, country.

2 Pet. 2. 21, b, not have known the way.

See Ecol. 2. 24; Cant. 1. 2; Jonah 4. 3.

EWA MI. L. 13, 8. 52, all went and b, her.

BEWAIL, Lu. 8. 52, all wept and b. her.

Lu. 23, 27, of women which also b.
2 Cor. 12, 21, b. many who have sinned.
See Deut, 21, 13; Judg, 11, 37; Rev. 18, 9.
BEWARE. Judg, 13, 4, b. and drink not wine.
Job 36, 18, b. lest he take thee away.
Mat. 16, 6; Mk. 8, 15; Lu. 12, 1, b. of leaven.
Mk. 12, 35; Lu. 20, 46, b. of scribes.
Lu. 12, 15, b. of covetousness.
Lu. 12, 15, b. of covetousness.
Phil, 3, 2, b. of dogs, b. of evil workers.
See Deut, 8, 12; 8, 11; 15, 9.
BEWYYNHED, Astrib 9, Gel 3, 1

BEWITCHED. Acts 8. 9; Gal. 3. 1.

BEWRAY. Isa. 16. 3: Prov. 27, 16; 29, 24; Mat. 26, 73,

BEYOND. Num. 22, 18; 2 Cor. 8, 3; Gal. 1, 13; 1 Thess. 4. 6. BIER. 2 Sam. 3. 31; Lu. 7. 14.

BILLOWS. Ps. 42.7; Jonah 2. 3.

BILLOWS. Ps. 42.7; Jonah 2. 3.
BIND. Prov. 8.21, b. them continually upon heart.
Iss. 61.1, b. up brokenhearted.
Mat. 12.29; Mk. 3.27, b. strong man.
16. 19; 18.18, b. on earth.
See Num. 30. 2; fob 26.8; 38. 31.
BIRD. 2Sam. 21. 10, suffered not b. to rest.
Cant. 2.12, time of the siuging of b.
Jer. 12. 9, heritage like a speckled b.
Mat. 8.30; Lu. 9.58, b. of air have nests.
See Ps. 11. 1; 124. 7; Prov. 1.17; Eccl. 10. 20,
BIETH. 10h 9.1, blind from b.

See F. 11.; Flow. 11.; Flow. 11.; See BIRTH. John 9.1, blind from b. Gal. 4. 19, of whom I travail in b. Mat. 14. 6; Mk. 6. 21. Herod 6-b. day. See Ecol. 7. 1; 18a. 66. 9. Lu. 1. 14. BIRTHRIGHT. Gen. 25. 31; 27. 35; Heb. 12. 18.

BISHOP. 1 Tim. 3.1, if a man desire office of b. Tit. 1.7, b. must be blameiess. See Acts 1. 20; Phil. 1.1; 1 Pet. 2. 25.

BIT. Ps. 32. 9; Jas. 3. 3.

BIT. Pa. 32. 9; Jas. 3. 3.

BITE. Prov. 23, 32, at last it b. like serpent.
Mic. 3. 5, prophets that b. with teeth.
Gal. 5. 15, if ye b. and devour one another.
See Eccl. 10. 8; Amos 5. 19; 9. 3.

BITTER. Ex. 12. 8; Num. 9. 11, with b. herhs.
Deut. 32. 24, devoured with b. destruction.
Joh 13. 26, writest b. things.
Iss. 5. 20, that put b. for sweet.
24. 9. drink b. to them that drink it.
Jer. 2. 19, an evil thing and b.
Mat. 26. 75; Lu. 22. 62, Peter wept b.
Col. 3. 19, he not b. sgalnet them.
See Ex. 1. 14; 15. 23; 2 Kings 14. 26.

BITTERNESS. Job 10. 1; 21. 25; Isa. 33. 15, in b.
of soul.

of soul.

Prov. 14. 10, heart knoweth own b.
Acts 8. 25, in the gall of b.
Eph. 4. 31, let all b. be put away.
Heb. 12. 15, lest any root of b.
See 1 Sam. 15. 32; Prov. 17. 25; Rom. 3. 14.

BLACK. Mat. 5. 36; Jude 13; Rev. 6. 5. BLADE. Judg. 3, 22; Mat. 13, 26; Mk. 4, 26. BLAME. 2 Cor. 6.3; 8.20; Gal. 2.11; Eph. 1.4.

BLAMELESS. 1 Cor. 1. 8, be b. in day of the Lord. Phil. 2, 15, that ye may be b. See Mat. 12, 5; Phil. 3. 6; Tit. 1. 6, 7.

BLASPHEME. 2Sam. 12.14, occasion to enemies to h.

to b.

1sa. 52. 5, my name continually is b.

Mat. 9. 3, scribes said, this man b.

Mit. 3. 29, b. against Holy Ghost.

Acts 28. 11, I compelled them to b.

Rom. 2. 24, name of God is b. through you.

Jas. 2. 7, b. that worthy name.

See I Kinge 21. 10; Fs. 74, 10, 18; 1 Tim. 1. 20.

BLASP HEMY. Mat. 12. 31, all manner of b.

28. 65; Mk. 14. 64, he bath spoken b.

Lu. 5. 21, who is this which speaketh b.?

See 2 Kinge 19. 3; Ezek. 35. 12; Mat. 15. 19.

HAST. Gen. 41 8. Pat. 28. 22. 1 Kings. 83.

BLAST. Gen. 41.6; Deut. 28.22; 1 Kings 8.37. BLAZE. Mk.1.45.

BLEATING. Judg. 5. 16; 1 Sam. 15. 14. BLEATING. Judg. 5. 16; 1 Sam. 15. 14.
BLEMISH. Dan. 1.4, children in whom was no b.
Eph. 5. 27, holy and without b.
1 Pet. 1. 19, a lamb without b. and spot.
See Lev. 21. 17; Deut. 15. 21; 2 Sam. 14. 25.
BLESS. Deut. 28. 3, b in city, b in field.
1 Chron. 4. 10, Oh that thou wouldest b. me.
Prov. 10. 7, memory of just is b.
Iss. 32. 20, b. are ye that sow.
65. 16, b. himself in God of truth.
Mat. 5. 44; Lu. 6. 28; Rom. 12. 14, b. them that

Mat. 5. 44; Lu. 0. 25; Nom. 12. 14, 0. them that curse.
Acts 20. 35, more b. to give than receive.
2 Cor. 11. 31, b. for evermore.
Tit. 2. 13, looking for that b. hope.
Rev. 14. 13, b. are dead that die in Lord.
See Gen. 22. 17; Hag. 2. 19; Jas. 3. 9, 10.
BLESSING. Deut. 23. 5; Neh. 13. 2, turned curse

into b

into b.
Job 29. 13, b. of him that was ready to perish.
Prov. 10. 22, b. of Lord maketh rich.
28. 20, faithful man shall abound with b.
Isa. 65. 8, destroy it not, a b. is in it.
Mal. 2. 2. I will curse your b..
3. 10, pour you ont a b.
Rom. 15. 29, fulness of b. of Gospel.
1 Cor. 10. 16, cup of b. which we hiess. Jas. 3. 10, proceed b. and cursing. Rev. 5. 12, worthy to receive honour and b. See Gen. 27. 35; 39. 5; Deut. 11. 26, 29. See Gen. 21. 35; 39. 5; Deut. 11. 20, 29.
BLIND (v.). Ex. 23. 8, a gift b. the wise,
2 Cor. 3. 14; 4. 4, their minds were b.
1 John 2. 11, darkness hath b.
See Deut. 16. 19; 1 Sam. 12. 3.

BLINDNESS. Eph. 4. 18, because of b. of their

heart.

See Deut. 29. 28; 2 Kings 6. 16; Zeoh. 12. 4.

BLOOD. Gen. 9, 6, whoso sheddeth man's b.

Josh. 2. 19; 1 Kings 2. 32, b. on head.

Pa. 51. 14, deliver me from b-guiltiness.

'2. 14, precious shall b. he in his sight.

Prov. 29, 10, the b-thirsty hate upright.

Isa. 9, 5, garments rolled in b.

Ier. 2. 34, the b. of poor innocents.

Ezek. 9, 9, land is full of b.

Is. 13; 33, 5, his b. he upon him.

Hah. 2. 12, hulldeth a town with b.

Mat. 9, 20; Mk. 5, 25; Lu. 8, 43, Isaue of b.

16, 17, flesh and b. bath not revealed.

27, 4, I have hetrayed innocent b.

25, his b. he on us and our children.

Mk. 14, 24; Lu. 22, 20, my b, shed.

Lu. 22, 20; 1 Cor. 11, 25, new testament in my b.

44, sweat as drops of b. failing.

John I, 13, horn not of b. heart

Ad. 22. 26; I Cer. II. 25, hew testament in my 6.

44, sweat as drops of b. failing.

John I. 13, horn not of b.

6. 54, 55, 56, drinketh my b.

Acts 15. 20; 21. 25, abstain from b.

II. 23, made of one b.

20. 28, church purchased with his b.

Rom. 3. 25, through faith in his b.

6. 9, justified hy his b.

10. 21, guilty of body and b. of the Lord.

15. 50, flesh and b. cannot inherit.

Eph. 1. 7; Col. I. 14, redemption through his b.

Heb. 9. 22, without shedding of b.

10. 29; 13. 29, b. of the covenant.

1Pet. I. 19, with precious b. of Christ.

Rev. 7. 14; 12. 11, in the b. of the lamb.

See Gen. 9. 4; Ex. 4, 9; 12. 13; Lev. 3. 17; Ps. 55.

23; Rev. 15. 6; 17. 6.

LOSSOM. 18s. 35. 1, desert shall b. as the rose,

23; Rev. 18. 6; 17. 6.
BLOSSOM. 1sa. 35. 1, desert shall b. as the rose.
Hah. 3. 17, fig tree shall not b.
See Gen. 40. 10; Num. 17. 5; 1sa. 27. 6.
BLOT. Ex. 32. 32; Ps. 69. 22; Rev. 3. 5, b. out of hook.
1sa. 44. 22, b. out as thick cloud.
Acts 3. 19, repent that sins may be b. out.
Col. 2. 14, b. out handwriticg.
See Deut. 9. 14; 2 Kings 14. 27; Jer. 18. 23.

BLUSH. Ezra 9. 6; Jer. 6. 15; 6. 12; BOAST (n.). Ps. 34. 2; Rom. 2. 17, 23; 3. 27. BOAST (v.). 1 Kings 20.11, not b. as he that putteth it off.

teth it off.
Ps. 49. 6; 94. 4, b. themselves.
Prov. 27. 1, b. not of to-morrow.
2 Cor. 11. 16, that I may b. myself s little.
Eph. 2. 9, lest any man should b.
Jss. 3. 5, tongue b. great things.
See 2 Chron. 25. 19; Prov. 20. 14; Jss. 4. 16.

BOATS. John 6. 22; Acts 27. 16, 30.

BOAYS. John 6. 22; Acts 27. 16, 39.
BODY. John 9. 28, worms destroy this b.
Prov. 5. 11, when thy flesh and b. are consumed.
Mat. 5. 29, b. cast into hell.
6. 22; Lu. 11. 34, b. full of light.
25; Lu. 12. 22, take no thought for b.
Mk. 5. 29, felt in b. that she was healed.
Lu. 17. 37, wheresoever the b. is.
John 2. 21, the temple of his b.
Acts 19. 12, from his b. were brought.
Rom. 6. 6, b. of sin destroyed.
7. 24, b. of this death. 7. 24, b. of this death.

1.2.1. present your b. a living sacrifice.
4: 1 Cor. 12.14, many members, one b.
1 Cor. 9.27, I keep under my b.
13.3, though I give my b. to be burned.
2 Cor. 5.8, absent from the b.

2. Cor. 5. 5, assett from the 0.
12. 2, whether in b. or out of the b.
Gal. 6. 17, I bear in b. marks.
Phil. 3. 21, like to his glorious b.
1 Pet. 2. 24, in his own b. on tree.
See Geo. 47. 18; Deut. 28. 4; Rom. 12. 5. BODILY. Lu. 3, 22; 2 Cor. 10, 10; Col. 2, 9; 1 Tim.

BOLD. Ecol. 8.1, the 5. of face changed. John 7. 25, the speaketh b. 2 Cor. 19, 2, I may not the b. Ept. 3. 12, we have b. and access. Heb. 4.18, let us come b. to throne. 1 John 4. 17, have b. in day of judgment. See Prov. 28.1; Acts 13. 46; Rom. 10. 20.

BOND. Acts 8. 23, in b, of iniquity. Eph. 4. 3, b, of peace. Col. 3. 14, b, of perfectness. See Num. 30. 2; Ezek. 20. 37; Lu. 13, 16.

BONDAGE. John 8. 33, never in b. to any man, See Rom. 6. 15; Gal. 5. 1; Heb. 2. 15. BONDMAN. Dent. 15. 15; 16. 12; 24. 16. BONDWOMAN, Gen. 21, 10; Gal. 4, 30.

BONE, Ex. 12, 46; Num. 9, 12, neither shall ve break a b. thereof. Joh 20. 11, b. full of ein.

Joh 20, 11, b. full of ein.
40, 18, b. as pieces of brass.
Ps. 51, 8, the b. broken may rejoice.
Prov. 12, 4, as rottenness in his b.
Mat. 23, 27, full of dead men's b.
Lu. 24, 39, spirit hath not flesh and b.
Bee Gen. 2, 23; Ezek. 31, 7; John 19, 36,

See Gen. 2. 23; Ezek. 37. 7; John 19. 36.
BOOK. Joh 19. 23, printed in a b.
31. 35, adversary had written a b.
18. 34. 15, seek out of the b. of the Lord.
Mal. 3. 16, b. of remembrance.
Lu. 4. 17, when he had opened b.
Lohn 21. 25, world could not contain b.
Phil. 4. 3; Rev. 3. 5; 13. 6; 17. 6; 20. 12; 21. 27;
22. 19, b. of life.
Rev. 22. 19, take away from words of b.
See Ex. 17. 14; Ezra 4. 15; Acts 19. 19; 2 Tim.
4. 13.

BOOTH. Job 27.18; Jonah 4.5. BOOTY. Num. 31, 32; Jer. 49, 32; Hab. 2, 7; Zeph.

BORN. Job 5.7, man b. to trouble.
14. 1; 15. 14; 25. 4; Mat. 11. 11, b. of a woman.
Pa. E7. 4, this man was b. there.
Isa. 9. 6; nnto us a child is b.
66. 8, shall a cation be b. at once.
John 3. 3; 1 Pet. 1. 23, b. again.

BORNE. John 3. 6, 8, b. of Spirit. 1 Cor. 15, 8, as one b. out of due time, 1 Pet. 2. 2, as new-b. babes. John 1. 13; 1 John 4. 7; 5. 1, 4, 18, b. of God. See Job 3. 3; Prov. 17. 17; Eccl. 3. 2. BORNE. Ps. 55.12, an enemy, then I could have See Ex. 3. 22, 11. 2; 22. 14; 2 Kings 4, 3. BOSOM. Ps. 35, 13, prayer returned into own b. Prov. 6, 27, take fire ia his b. 1sa. 40, 11, carry lambs in b. Lu. 16, 22, carried into Abrahem's b. John 1. 18, in the b. of the Father. 13, 23, leaning on Jesus' b. See Ex. 4, 6; Deut. 13. 6; John 31, 33, BOSSES, Job 15, 26. BOTCH. Deut. 28, 27, 35. BOTTLE. Judg. 4, 19, a b. of milk. 1 Sam. L 24; 10, 3; 16, 20; 2 Sam. 16, 1, a b. of wine. Ps. 56. 8, put tears into b.
119. 83, 11ke b. in smoke,
Mat 9. 17; Mk. 2. 22; Lu. 5. 37, new wine In old b.
See Gen. 21. 15; Hos. 7. 5; Hab. 2. 15. BOUGH. Gen. 49. 22; Judg. 9. 48; Deut. 24. 20; Job 14. 9; Ps. 80. 10; Ezek. 31. 30. BOUGHT. Lu. 14.16; 1 Cor. 6.20; 7.23; 2 Pet. 2.1.
BOUND. Ps. 107, 10, heing b, in affliction.
Prov. 22.15, foolishness b, in heart of child,
Acts 20, 22, b, in spirit to Jerusalem.
1 Cor. 7.2, art thou b, to a wife.
2 Tim. 2.9, word of God is not b.
Heb. 13. 3, in bonds as b, with them.
See Gen. 44. 39; Met. 16, 19; Mk. 5.4. BOUNTY. 1 Kings 19.13; 2 Cor. 9.5. BOUNTIFUL. Prov. 22.9, a b. eye shall be blessed. Isa, 32, 5, nor churl said to be b. See Pa. 13.6; 116.7; 119.17; 2Cor. 9. 6. BOWELS. 2 Cor. 6, 12, straitened in b. Col. 3, 12, b. of mercies.

1 John 3, 17, b. of compassion.

See Acts 1, 18; Phil. 1, 8; 2, 1; Philem. 12. BRACELET. Gen. 24. 30; Ex. 35. 22; Isa. 3. 19. BRAKE. 2 Kings 23, 14; 2 Chron, 34, 4, Josiah b. images Met. 14, 19; 15, 36; 26, 26; Mk. 6, 41; 8, 6; 14, 22; Lu. 9, 16; 22, 19; 24, 30; 1 Cor. 11, 24, blessed and h. Sce Ex. 32, 19; 1 Sam. 4. 18; Lu. 5. 6; John 19. 32. GCC EX. 52, 18; 1 SSIM. 4. 16; 1.01. 5.6; 100 ft 19. 32.
BRAMBLE Judg. 9, 14; 1sa. 34. 13; Lu. 6. 44,
BRANCH. Job 14.7. tender 5. not cesse.
Prov. 11.28. righteous flourish as 5.
Let 23. 5. will raise a righteous 5.
Mat. 13. 32; Lu. 13. 19. birds lodge in 5.
21. 6; Mk. 11. 6; John 12. 13. cut down 5.
Sec Zech. 3. 6; 6, 12; John 15. 2, 4, 5, 6; Rom. 11.
16. BRAND. Judg. 15.5; Zech. 3.2. BRASS. Deut. 6.9; 28.23; 1 Cor. 13. L BRAVERY. Iss. 3. 18.
BRAWLER. Prov. 25. 24; 1 Tim. 3. 3; Tit. 3. 2.
BRAY. Job 6. 5; 30. 7; Prov. 27. 22. onar. Job 6.5; 30.7; Prov. 27. 22.

BREACH. Isa. 58. 12, the repairer of the b.

Lam. 2.13, thy b. is great like the sea.

See Lev. 24. 20; Ps. 106. 23; Amos 4. 3; 6. 11.

BREAD. Deut. 8.3; Mat. 4.4; Lu. 4.4, not live

by b. slone.

Ruth 1 & March 1.

Ruth 1.6, visited people in giving them b. 1 Kings 17.6, ravens brought b. and flesh. Job 22.7, withholden b. from hungry.

Joh 33, 20, soul abhorreth b Job 33, 20, soul abhorreth b.
Prov. 9.17, b. satisfy poor with b.
Prov. 9.17, b. eaten in secret.
12.11; 20.13; 23, 19, satisfied with b.
31. 27, eateth not b. of idleness.
Eccl. 11.1, cast b. on waters.
Eccl. 11.1, cast b. on waters sure.
55. 2, money for that which is not b.
10 seed to gower b. to eater 10, seed to sower, b. to eater, 10, seed to sower, o. to eater,
Mat. 4.3; Lu. 4.3, stones made b.
6.11; Lu. 11. 11, give us daily b.
15. 28; Mk. 7. 27, take children's b.
Lu. 24. 35, known in breaking b.
Acts 2. 42; 20. 7; 27, 35, breaking b.
2 Thess. 38, eat any man's b. for nonght.
See Ex. 18. 4; 23. 25; Josh. 9. 5; Judg. 7. 13. BREAK. Cant. 2.17; 4.6, day b. and shadows flee. Isa. 42, 3; Mat. 12. 20, bruised reed shall he not b. Jer. 4. 3; Hos. 10. 12, b. up fallow ground. Acts 21. 13, to weep end b. my heart. See Pa. 2. 3; Mat. 51; 9. 17; 1 Cor. 10.16. BREATH. Gen. 2.7; 6. 17; 7. 15, b. of life. Isa. 2. 22, cease from man whose b. Ezek. 37, 5, 10, I will cause b. to enter. Acts 17. 25, the giveth to all life and b, Ses Job 12. 10; 33. 4; Ps. 146. 4; 150. 6. BREATHE, Ps. 27, 12; Ezek, 37, 9; John 20, 22, BREECHES. Ex. 28, 42; Lev. 6, 10; 16, 4; Ezek. BRETHREN. Mat. 23.8, all ye are b. Mk. 10. 29; Lu. 18. 29, no man left house or b. Col. 1.2, faithful b. in Christ. 1 John 3. 14, because we hove the b. Bec Gen. 42.8; Prov. 19. 7; John 7. 5. BRIBE. 1 Sam. 12. 3, have I received a Ps. 26. 10, right hand is full of b. See 1 Sam. 8. 3; 1sa. 33. 15; Job 15. 34. I Sam. 12. 3. have I received any b. BRICK, Gen. 11. 3; Ex. 5, 7; Isa, 9, 10; 65, 3, BRIDE, Isa, 61, 10; Jer. 2, 32; Rev. 21, 2; 22, 17. BRIDEGROOM. Mat. 25, 1, to meet the b. John 3, 29, because of b. voice. See Ps. 19, 5; Isa. 62, 5; Mat. 9, 15. BRIDLE. Prov. 26, 3, a b, for the ass, Jas. 1, 26, b, not his tongue, 3, 2, able to b, whole body, See 2 Kings 19, 28; Ps. 39, 1; Isa, 37, 29. BRIGANDINE. Jer. 45. 4; 51. 3. BRIGHT. Job 37. 21, b. light in the clouds, Isa. 60. 3, to b. of thy rising. 62. 1, righteousness go forth as b. Mat. 17. 5, b. cloud overshadowed. Mat. 11. 5, 0. cloud over a man a second over a man a second over a seco BRINK. Gen. 41. 3; Ex. 2. 3; 7. 15; Josh. 3. 8. BROAD. Ps. 119. 96; Mat. 7. 13; 23. 5. BROIDERED. Ezek. 16. 10, 13; 27. 7, 16, 24, b. work. See Ex. 28. 4; 1 Tim. 2. 9. BROILED. Lu. 24. 42 BROKEN. Ps. 34. 18; 51, 17; 69, 20, b. h. John 10, 35, scripture cannot be b. 19, 36, bone shall not be b. Eph. 2, 4, b. down middle wall. Sea Job 17, 11; Prov. 25, 19; Jer. 2, 13, Ps. 34, 18; 51, 17; 69, 20, b. heart. BROOD. Lu. 13. 34. BROOK. 1 Sam. 17. 40; Ps. 42.1; 110. 7. BROTH. Judg. 6, 19; Isa, 65, 4. BROTHER. Prov. 17. 17, b. born for adversity.
18. 9, elothful b. to waster.
19. b. offended barder to be won.
24, friend closer then b.
Eccl. 4. 8, heither cbild nor b.
Mat. 10. 21, b. shell deliver up b.
1 Cor. 6. 6, b. goeth to law with b.
2 Thess. 3. 15, admonish as b.
See Gen. 4. 9; Mat. 5. 23; 12, 50; Mk. 3. 35.

BROTHERLY, Rom. 12, 10; 1 Thess. 4, 9; Heb. 13. 1, b, love.

See Amos 1.9: 2 Pet. 1. 7. BROW, Isa. 48, 4; Lu. 4, 29

BRUISE (n.). Isa, 1, 6; Jer. 30, 12; Nah. 3, 19. BRUISE (v.). Isa, 42, 3: Mat. 12, 20, b, reed shall

he not break.
53. 5, b. for our iniquities.
See Gen. 3. 15; 1sa. 53. 10; Rom. 16. 20.

BRUIT. Jer. 10. 22; Nah. 3. 19. BRUTISH. Ps. 92. 6, a b. man knoweth not. Prov. 30. 2, 1 am more b, than any.

Jer. 10. 21, pastors are become b. See Ps. 49. 10; Jer. 10. 8; Ezek. 21. 31. BUCKET. Num. 24, 7; Isa., 40, 15,

BUCKLER, 2 Sam. 22. 31; Ps. 18. 2; 91. 4; Prov.

BUD. Num. 17. 8: Isa. 18. 5: 61. 11: Hos. 8. 7. BUFFET, Mat. 26, 67; 1 Cor. 4, 11; 2 Cor. 12, 7; 1 Pet. 2, 20,

2. 20.

BUILD. Ps. 127. 1, lahour in valu that b.
Eccl. 3. 3, a time to b. up.
1sa. 5s. 12, b. old waste places.
Mat. 7. 24; b. u. 6. 48, wise mau b. on rock.
Lu. 14. 30, hegan to b., not able to finish.
Acts 20, 32, able to b. you up.
Rom. 15. 20, lest 1b. on another.
1 Cor. 3. 12, if any b. on this foundation.
Eph. 2. 22, in whom ye are b. together.
See 1 Chron. 17. 12; 2 Chron. 6.9; Eccl. 2. 4.
BUILDER. Ps. 116. 22; Mat. 21. 42, Wh. 12. 17.

BUILDER. Ps. 116. 22; Wast. 21. 42, Wh. 12. 17.

BUILDER, Ps. 116, 22; Mat. 21, 42; Mk. 12, 10; Lu. 20, 17; Acts 4, 11; I Pet. 2, 7, b. refused. 1, Cor. 3, 10, as a wise master-b. Heb. 11, 10, whose b. and maker ia God. See 1 Kings 5, 18; Ezra 3, 10.

BUILDING. 1 Cor. 3. 9; 2 Cor. 5. 1; Eph. 2. 21. BULRUSH. Ex. 2. 3; Isa. 18. 2; 58. 5. BULWARK. 1sa. 26. 1, salvatiou for walls and b. See Deut. 20. 20; Ps. 48. 13; Eccl. 9. 14.

BUNDLE, Gen. 42, 35; Mat. 13, 30; Acts 28, 3,

BURDEN. Ps. 55. 22, cast thy 5, on the Lord. Eccl. 12. 5, grasshopper shall be a b, Mat. 11. 30, my b, is light.
20. 12, borne b, and heat of day.
23. 4; Lu. 11. 46, bind heavy b,
Gal. 6. 2, 5, bear his own b.
See Num. 11. 11; Acts 15. 26; 2 Cor. 12. 16.
BURDENSOME Zeeb 12. 3: 2 Cor. 11. 0. 1 Th.

BURDENSOME. Zech. 12. 3; 2 Cor. 11. 9; 1 Thess.

2. 6. BURIAL, Eccl. 6, 3; Jer. 22, 19; Mat. 26, 12; Acts

8.2
BURN. Ps. 39, 3, musing the fire b.
Prov. 26, 25, b. lips and wicked heart.
Isa. 9.16, wickedness b. as fire.
33.14, dwell with everlasting b.
Mail. 41, day that shall b. as oven.
Mat. 13, 30, bind tares to b. them.
Lu. 3.17, chaff b. with fire unquenchable.
12, 35, loins girded and lights b.
24, 32, dld not our heart b.
John 5, 35, he was a b. and shining light.
I Cor. 13, 3, give my hody to be b.
Heb. 6.8, whose end is to be b.
Rev. 4.5, lampa b. hefore throne.
13, 20, into a lake b.
See Gen. 44, 16; Ex. 3.2; 21, 25,
BURNT-OFFERING. Ps. 40, 6, b. thou hast not required.

required.

required. Isa. 61. 8, 1 hate robbery for b. Jer. 8. 20, your b. not acceptable. Hos. 6, 6, knowledge more than b. Mk. 12. 33, love neighbour more than b. See Gen. 22. 7; Lev. 1. 4; 6. 9.

BURST. Job 32, 19; Prov. 3, 10; Mk. 2, 22; Lu. 5. 37.

BURY. Mat. 8. 21; Lu. 9. 59, suffer me to b. my father.

Mat. 8, 22, let dead b. dead. Rom. 6, 4; Col. 2, 12, b. with him by baptism. 1 Cor. 15, 4, he was b. and rose again. See Gen. 23, 4; 47, 29; Mat. 14, 12.

BUSHEL. Mat. 5, 15; Mk. 4, 21; Lu. 11, 38. BUSINESS. 1 Sam. 21. 8, king's b. requireth haste.

OSINESS. 18am. 21. 8, king s. 6, require Pa. 107. 23, do b. in great waters. Prov. 22. 29, diligent in b. Lu. 2. 49, about my Father's b. Rom. 12. 11, not alothful in b. 1 Thess. 4. 11, study to do your own b. See Josh. 2 14; Judg. 18. 7; Neh. 13. 30.

BUTLER. Gen. 40. 1; 41. 9.

BUTTER. Isa. 7. 15, 22, b. and honey shall be eat. See Judg. 5. 25; Job 29. 6; Ps. 55. 21; Prov. 30. 33.

BUY. Lev. 22. 11, b. any soul with money. Prov. 23. 23, b. the truth. Prov. 23. 23, b. the truth.

1sa. 55, 1, b. and eat, b. wine and milk.

Mat. 25, 9, go to them that sell and b.

John 4. 8, disciples were gone to b. meat.

Jas. 4, 13, we will b. and sell and get gain.

Rev. 3, 18, b. of me gold tried.

13. 17, no man b. save he that had mark.

18. 11, no man b. her merchandise.

See Gen. 42, 2; 47, 19; Ruth 4. 4; Mat. 13, 44.

BUYER. Prov. 20. 14; Isa. 24. 2; Ezek. 7, 12. BY-AND-BY. Mat. 13. 21; Mk. 6, 25; Lu. 17. 7; 21. 9.

BYWAYS. Judg. 5. 6. BYWORD. Joh 17. 6; 30. 9, a b. of the people. Pa. 44. 14, a b. amoug the heathen. See Deut. 28, 37; 1 Kings 9. 7; 2 Chron. 7. 20.

CABINS. Jer. 37, 16,

CAGE. Jer. 5. 27; Rev. 18. 2.

CAKE. 2 Sam. 6, 19, to every man a c. of hread.

1 Kings 71, 13, to make me a little c. first.

See Judg. 7, 13; Jer. 7, 18; 44, 19; Hos. 7, 8,

CALAMITY, Deut. 32, 35; 2 Sam. 22, 19; Ps. 18, 18. day of c.

day of c.
Pa. 57. 1, until c. be overpast.
Prov. 1. 26, 1 will laugh at your c.
17. 5, he that is glad at c.
19. 13, foolish son c. of father.
21. 10, brother'a house in day of c.
See Joh 6. 2; Prov. 24. 22.

CALF. Ex. 32. 4; Isa. 11. 6; Lu. 15. 23. CALKERS. Ezek. 27. 9, 27.

CALLING. Rom. 11, 29, c. of God without repentance.

pentance.

1 Cor. 7. 20, ahide in same c.

Eph. 1. 13, the hope of his c,

Fph. 1. 14, prize of high c,

2 Thess. 1. 11, worthy of this c,

2 Tim. 1. 9, called us with holy c.

Heb. 3. 1, partakers of heavenly c.

Pet. 1. 10, make c. and election sure,

See Acts 7. 59; 22. 16; 1 Cor. 1. 26.

AIM Per 107 20. Invent. 11. Met 8.

CALM. Pa. 107. 29; Jonah 1, 11; Mat. 8, 26; Mk. 4, 39; Lu. 8, 24.

CALVES. Hos. 14, 2; Mal. 4, 2, CAMP (n.). Ex. 14. 19, angel went before c.

CAMP (a.). Ex. 14. 19, angul went denote c. 16. 13, qualis covered the c.

Num. 1. 52, every man by his own c.

Deut. 23. 14, Lord walketh in midst of c.

See 1 Sam. 4. 6, 7; Heb. 13, 13,

CAMP (w.). Isa. 29, 3; Jer. 50, 29; Nah. 3, 17,

CANDLE. Job 29. 3, when his c. shined upon my

head.
Pa. 18. 29, thou wilt light my c.
Prov. 20. 27, spirit of man c. of the Lord.
Zeph. 1. 12, search Jerusalem with c.
Mat. 5. 15; Mk. 4. 21; Lu. 8. 16; 11. 33, lighted a c.
Rev. 18. 23, c. shine no more in thee,
22. 5, need no c. nor light.
See Joh 18. 6; 21, 17; Prov. 24, 20.

CANDLESTICK. 2 Kings 4, 10, let us set for him 2 c. See Mk. 4. 21; Heb. 9. 2; Rev. 2. 5. CANKERED. 2 Tim. 2, 17; Jas. 5, 3.

CANKERED. 2 Tim. 2. 17; Jas. 5. 3.

CAPTIVE. Ex. 12. 29, firsthorn of c. in dungeon.

Iss. 51. 14. c. exile hasteneth.

52. 2. 0. c. daughter of Zion.

2 Tim. 2. 26, taken c. at his will.

3. 6, lead c. silly women.

See 2 Kings 5. 2; Iss. 14. 2; 61. 1; Lu. 4. 18.

CAPTIVITY. Rom. 7. 23, into c. to law of sin.

2 Cor. 10. 5. bringing into c. every thought,

See Job 42. 10; Ps. 14. 7; 85. 1; 128. 1.

CAPCASE Les 48. 42, Met 24. 28. Lab. 3. 17.

CARCASE. Isa. 66, 24; Mat. 24, 28; Heb. 3, 17, CARE (n.). Jer. 49, 31, nation that dwelleth without'c

out c.
Mat. 13. 22; Mk. 4. 19, c. of this world.
Lu. 8. 14; 21. 34, choked with c.
1 Car. 9. 9, doth God take c. for oxen.

1 Ccr. 9. 9, doth God take c. for oxen.
12. 25, have same c. one for another.
2 Cor. 11. 28, the c. of all the churches.
1 Pet. 5. 7, easting all your c. on him.
See 1 Sam. 10. 2; 2 Kings 4. 13; 2 Cor. 7. 12.
CARE (c.). Pa. 142. 4, no man c. for my soul.
John 12. 6, not that he c. for poor.
Acta 18. 17, Gallio c. for none of those things.
Phil. 2. 20, naturally c. for your state.
See 2 Sam. 18. 3; Lu. 10. 40.

See 2 Sam. 1c. 5; Lu. 10. 40.

CAREFUL Jer. 17. 8, not be c. in year of drought.

Dan. 3. 16, we are not c. to answer.

Lu. 10. 41, thou art c. about many things.

Phil. 4. 6, be c. for nothing.

Heb. 12. 17, he sought it c. with tears.

See 2 Kings 4. 13; Phil. 4. 10; Tit. 3. 8.

CAREFULNESS. Ezek. 12. 18; 1 Cor. 7. 32; 2 Cor.

CARELESS. Judg. 18, 7; Isa. 32, 9; 47, 8; Ezek.

ARNAL. Rom. 7. 14, c., sold under sin. 8, 7, c. mind is enmity. 2 Cor. 10. 4, weapons of our warfare not c. See I Cor. 9. 11; Heb. 7. 16; 9. 10. CARNAL.

CARRIAGE, Judg. 18, 21; Isa. 10, 28; 46, 1; Acts

21, 15, CARRY. 1 Kings 18, 12, Spirit of the Lord shall

c. the Isa. 40. 11, c. lambs in his bosom.
53. 4, c. our sorrows.
63. 9, c. thern all days of old.
Ezek. 22, 9, men c. tales to shed blood.
Mt. 6, 55, began to c. about in beds.
John 5. 10, not lawful to c. thy bed.
21, 18, and c. thee whither thou wouldest not.
Eph. 4. 14, c. about with every wind.
1 Tim. 6. 7, we can c. nothing out.
Heb. 13. 9, not c. about with a tempest.
Jude 12, clouds c. with a tempest.
Jude 12, clouds c. with a tempest.
See Ex. 33. 15; Num. 11, 12; Deut. 14, 24.
ART. 1 sas. 5 18, draw sin as with a c. rone. Isa. 40. 11, c. lambs in his bosom.

CART. Isa. 5. 18, draw sin as with a c. rope. Amos 2, 13, c. full of sheaves. See 1 Sam. 6. 7; 2 Sam. 6. 3; 1 Chron. 13. 7; Isa. 28.

ASE. Ps. 144. 15, happy people in such 2 c. Mat. 5, 20, in no c. enter heaven. John 5, 6, long time in that c. See Ex. 5, 19; Deut. 19. 4; 24. 13. CASE.

See Ext. D. 19; Deut. 19. 4; 24. 10.
CAST. Prov. 16. 33, lot is c. into lap.
Mat. 5, 29; Mk. 9, 45, whole body c. into hell.
Mk. 9, 38; Lu. 9, 49, one c. out devils.
Lu. 21. 1, c. gifts into treasury.
John 8, 7, first c. stone at her.
2 Cor. 10, 5, c. down imaginations,
1 Pet. 5, 7, c. all care upon him.
1 John 4, 18, love c. out fear.
See Ps. 76, 6; Prov. 26, 18; 3 John 10.
CASTAWAY 1 Cor. 9 27, lest 1 he a c.

CASTAWAY. 1 Cor. 9. 27, lest I be a c.

CASTLE. Num. 31. 10; Prov. 18. 19; Aots 21. 34.

CATCH. Ps. 10, 9, to c. the poor. Mat. 13, 19, dev11 c. away what was sown. Lu. 5, 10, from heneforth thou shalt c. men. John 10, 12, wolf c. and scattereth sheep. See 2 Kings 7, 12; Ezek. 1, 9, 3; Mk. 12, 13.

CATTLE. Gen. 46. 32, their trade to feed c. Ex. 10. 26, our c. shall go with us. Deut. 2. 35; 3.7; Josh. 8. 2, the c. ye shall take

for prey. Ps. 50, 10, c. upon a thousand hills. See Gen. 1. 25; 30. 43; Jonah 4. 11.

See Gen. 1. 25; 30. 35; 30. 31 and 4. 11.

ZAUGHT. Gen. 22. 13, ram c. by horns.

John 21. 3, that night they c. nothing.

2 Cor. 12. 2, c. up to third heaven.

16, 1 c. you with guile.

1 Thess. 4. 17, he c. up together with them.

See 2 Sam. 18, 9; Prov. 7. 12; Rev. 12. 5.

CAUSE (n.). Mat. 19, 5; Mk. 19, 7; Eph. 5, 31, for this c, shall a man leave. 1 Cor. 11, 39, for this c, many are stekly. 1 Tim. 1, 16, for this c, I obtained mercy. See Prov. 18, 17; 2 Cor. 4, 16; 5, 13.

CAUSE (v.). Ezra 6, 12, God c. his name to dwell. Pa. 67, 1; 80, 3, c. his face to shine. Rom. 16, 17, them who c. divisions. Sea Dent. 1, 38; 12, 11; Joh 6, 24.

CAUSELESS, 1 Sam. 25, 31; Prov. 26, 2,

CAUSELIESS. 1 Sam. 25. 31; Prov. 22. out of land.
Job 3. 17, the wicked c. from troubling.
Ps. 48. 9, he maketh wars to c.
Prov. 26. 20, strife c.
Eccl. 12. 3, grinders c. because few.
Acts 20; 31. 1 c. not to warn.
1 Cor. 13. 8, tongues they shall c.
1 Thess. 5. 17, pray without c.
1 Pet. 4. 1, bath c. from sin.
See Gen. 8. 22; 1 sa. 1. 16; 2. 22.
CELEBRATE Lav. 23. 32: 18a. 38. 18.

CELEBRATE. Lev. 23, 32; Isa, 38, 18, CELESTIAL. 1 Cor. 15, 40.

CEREMONIES, Num. 9. 3.

CERTAIN. Ex. 3. 12, c. I will be with thee. 1 Cor. 4. 11, no c. dwelling-place. Heb. 10. 27, a c. looking for of judgment. Sea Deut. 13. 14; 1 Kings 2. 37; Dan. 2. 45.

CERTIFY. 2 Sam. 15. 28; Gal. 1. 11. CHAFF. Mat. 3, 12; Lu. 3, 17, burn up c, with fire. See Jer. 23, 28; Hos. 13, 3; Zeph. 2, 2.

CHAIN. Mk. 5. 3, no not with c. Acta 12. 7, Peter's c. fell off. 2 Tim. 1. 16, not ashamed of my c. 2 Pet. 2. 4, into c. of darkness.

Jude 6, everlasting c. under darkness. Sea Ps. 73. 6; Lam. 3. 7; Isa. 40. 19.

CHALLENGETH, Ex. 22. 9. CHAMBER. 2 Kings 4. 10, little e. on wall. Pa. 19. 5, as bridegroom coming out of c. Isa. 26. 20, enter into thy c. Ezek. 8. 12, c. of imagery. Mat. 24. 26, in secret c. Acts 9. 37; 20. 8, in upper c. See Dan. 6. 10; Joel 2. 16; Prov. 7. 27.

CHAMPION. 1 Sam. 17. 4, 51.

CHANCE, 1 Sam. 6, 9; 2 Sam. 1, 6; Eccl. 9, 11; Lu. 10, 31,

CHANGE (n.). Job 14. 14, till my c. come. Prov. 22. 21, meddle not with him given to c. See Judg. 14. 12; Zech. 3. 4; Heb. 7. 12. CHANGE (v.). Ps. 15. 4, aweareth and c. not. 102. 26, as vesture shalt thou c. them.

102. 20, as vesture shalt thou c. them. Lam. 4.1, fine gold c. Mal. 3.6, I the Lord c. not. Rom. 1. 23, c. glory of uncorruptible God. 1 Cor. 15. 51, we shall all he c. 2 Cor. 3. 18, c. from glory to glory. Sea Job 17. 12; Jor. 2. 36; 13. 23.

CHANT. Amos 6.5. CHAPMEN, 2 Chron. 9. 14.

CHAPT. Jer. 14. 4. CHAPR. Jer. 14.4
CHARGE. Job 1.22, nor c. God foolishly.
4.18, angels he c. with folly.
Mat. 9.30; hk. 5.43; Lu. 9.21, Jesus c. them.
Acts 7.60; 2 Tim. 4.16, lay not sin to their c.
Rom. 6.33, who shall lay any thing to c.
1 Cor. 9.18, gospel without c.
1 Tim. 1.3. c. that they teach no other.
5.21; 2 Tim. 4.1, I.c. thee before God. 6. 17, c. them that are rich. See Ex. 6. 13; Ps. 35. 11; 91. 11; Mk. 9. 25. CHARGEABLE, 2 Sam. 13, 25; 2 Cor. 11, 9; 1 Thess. CHARITY, Rom. 14. 15, now walkest not c. Col. 3. 14, put on c. 2Thess. 1. 3. c. aboundeth.

1 Tim. 1. 5. end of commandment is c.

2 Tim. 2. 22, follow faith, c., peace.

Tit. 2. 2. sound in faith, in c.

1 Pet. 4. 8, c. cover sins.

2 Pet. 1. 7, to hrotherly kindness c,

Jude 12, spots in feasts of c.

Sec 1 Cor. 6. 1; 13. 1; 14; 16. 14; Rev. 2. 19,

CHARMER. Deut. 18. 11; Ps. 8. 5; Jer. 8. 17. CHARITY. Rom. 14. 15. now walkest not c. CHASE. Lev. 26. 8, five c. hundred. Deut. 32, 30; Josh. 23. 10, one c. thousand. See Joh 18, 13; Ps. 35. 5; Lam. 3. 52. CHASTE, 2 Cor. 11.2; Tit, 2,5; 1 Pet, 3, 2, CHASTE. 2 Cor. 11. 2; Tit. 2.5; 1 Pet. 3. 2.

CHASTEN. Deut. 8.5, as a man. c. son.

Ps. 6. 1; 38. 1, nor c. me in displeasure,
 94. 12, hiessed is the man whom thou c.

Prov. 10. 13, c. thy son while there is hope.
 2 Cor. 6. 9, as c. and not killed.

Heh. 12. 6; Rev. 3. 19, whom the Lord Joveth he c.
 Heh. 12. 11, no c. seemeth to he joyous.
 See Ps. 69, 10; 73. 14; 116. 18, CHASTISEMENT. Deut. 11. 2; Joh 34. 31; Isa. 53. 5. CHATTER, Isa, 38, 14, CHEEK. Mat. 5, 39; Lu. 6, 29, smiteth on right c. See Job 16, 10; Isa, 50, 6; Lam. 3, 30. See 301 10. 10; 188. 50. 0; Lath. 5. 50. THEER. Prov. 15. 13, maketh a c. countenance, Zech. 9. 17, corn make young men c. John 18. 53, be of good c., 1 have overcome, Acts 23, 11; 27, 22, 25, he of good c. 6. 60m. 12. 6, he that showeth mercy with c. 2 00r. 17, 60d 10 west a c. grey 127. Mr. 6, 50. See Jung 1. 13; Mat. 9, 2; 14. 27, Mr. 6, 50. CHERISHETH. Eph. 5, 29; 1 Thess. 2, 7. CHICKENS. Mat. 23. 37. CHIDE. Ex. 17.2; Judg. 8.1; Ps. 103.9. CHIEFEST. Cant. 5. 10; Mk. 10. 44; 2 Cor. 11. 5. CHILD. Gen. 42, 22, do not sin against the c. Ps. 131. 2, quieted myself as a wesned c. Prov. 20. 11, a c. is known by his doings, 22. 6, train up a c. in way. 15, foolishness in heart of c. 2.6, to us a c. is bounded years old, 15.8, 2.6, to us a c. is boundred years old, 15.1, 15.8, 2.6, to us a c. is boundred years old, 15.1, 15.2, to come ere my c. d. 15.1, 15.2, 1 See Ex. 2. 2; Eccl. 4, 13; 10. 10; Heb. 11. 23 CHILDREN. 1 Sam. 16, 11, are here all thy c. Pa. 34, 11, come ye c. hearken to me, 45, 15, instead of fathers shall he c. 128. 5, thy c. like olive plants. 128. 8, 18; Heb. 2, 13, 1 and c. given me. 30, 9, lying c., c. that will not hear, 93. 8, c. that will not lie. 19: 31, 16; Mat. 2, 18, Rachel weeping for her c. Ezek. 16, 2, c. teeth on edge. Mat. 15, 25, MK. 1, 27, not take c. bread. 17, 26, then are the c. free. 19. 14; Mk. 10. 14; Lu. 16, 16, suffer little c. Lu. 16, 8, c. of this world wiser than c. of light. 20, 35, c. of God and the resurrection. John 12, 36; Eph. 5. 8; 1 Thess. 5, 5, c. of light.

Rom. 8.16; Gal. 3.26; 1 John 3.10, witness that we are the c. of God. Bph. 4.14, he henceforth no more c. 5.6; Col. 3.6, c. of disobedience. 6.1; Col. 3.20, c. ohey your parents. 1 Tim. 3. 4, having his c. in subjection. See Num. 16, 27; Esth. 3. 13; Mat. 14, 21. CHODE. Gen. 31.36; Num. 20.3. CHOICE HOICE, 1 Sam. 9.2, Saul a c. young man. Acts 15.7, God made c. among us, See Gen. 23. 6; 2 Sam. 10. 9; Prov. 6. 10. CHOKE. Mat. 13. 22; Mk. 4. 19; Lu. 8. 14. CHOLER, Dan. 8.7; 11, 11, CHOSE. Ps. 33. 12, people c. for his inheritance. 89. 19, exalted one c. ont of people. 89. 19, exalted one c. out of people. Prov. 16. 16; 22. 1, rather to be c. Jer. 8. 3, death c. rather than life. Mat. 20. 16; 22. 14, many called, few c. In. 10. 42, bath c. that good part. 14. 7, they c. the chief rooms. John 15. 16, ye have not c. me. Acts 9. 15, he is a c. vessel. Rom. 16. 13, c. in the Lord. 1 Cor. 1. 27, 28, God bath c. foolish things. Eph. 1. 4, according as he hasth c. us. 1 Pet. 2. 4, c. of God and precious. 9, a c. generation. See Ex. 18. 25; 2 Sam. 6. 21; 1 Chron. 16. 13. CHRIST. Mat. 16. 16, thou art the C. HRIST. Mat. 16. 16, thou art the C. 24.5, many shall come, saying, I am C. John 4. 25, the Messias which is called C. 29. 18 not this the C. 6. 69, we are sure that thou art that C. Phil. 1. 15, 16, some preach C. of conteution, I Pet. 1. 11, the Spirit of C. did signify.
1 John 2. 22, denieth that Jesus is the C. 5. 1, whose believeth Jesus is the C. Rev. 20. 4, they reigned with C. a thousand years. 6, priests of God and C. See Mat. 1. 16; 2. 4; Lu. 2. 26.
HRISTIAN. Acts 11. 26; 28. 28: 1 Pet. 4. 16. CHRISTIAN. Acts 11, 26; 26, 28; 1 Pet. 4.16. CHRISTIAN. Acts 11. 26; 28. 28; 1 Pot. 4.16.
CHURGH. Mat. 18. 17, tell it to the c.
Acts 2. 47, added to c. dsily.
1. 38, the c. in the wilderness.
14. 28, 34, keep silence in the c.
19. 31, neither rohlers of c.
20. 28, feed the c. of God.
Rom. 16. 5; 1 Cor. 16. 19; Philem. 2, c. in house.
Eph. 5. 24, the c. is subject to Christ.
25, as Christ loved the c.
Col. 1. 18, 24, head of the body the c.
Heb. 12. 23, the c. of the firstborn.
See Mat. 16. 18; Rev. 1. 4; 2. 1; 22. 16.
CHELED. 2 Chrym. 3. 5; Jer. 22. 14; Her. 14. CIELED. 2 Chron. 3.5; Jer. 22, 14; Hag. 1.4, CIRCLE, Isa, 40, 22, CIRCUIT. 1 Sam. 7, 16; Job 22, 14; Ps. 19, 6; Eccl. 1. 6. CIRCUMCISE. Rom. 4.11, though not c. Gal. 5.2, if ye be c. Christ shall profit nothing. Phil. 3.5, c. the eighth day. See Deut. 30.6; John 7.22; Acts 15.1. CIRCUMCISION. Rom. 3.1, what profit is there of c. of c.
15. 8, Jesus Christ minister of c.
Gal. 5.6; 8.15, in Christ neither c. availeth.
Phill. 3.3, the c., which worship God.
Col. 2.11, c. without hands.
3.11, neither c. nor uncircumcision.
See Ev. 4.26; John 7.22; Acts 7.8, CIRCUMSPECT. Ex. 23, 13; Eph. 5, 15, Jer. 2. 13, hewed out c., broken at the c. See 2 Kings 18.31; Prov. 5.15; Isa. 38.16. CITIZEN. Lu. 15, 15; 19, 14; Acts 21, 39; Eph. 2, 19. CITY. Num, 35.6; Josh. 15.99, c. of refuge. 2 Sam. 19. 37, I may die in mine own c. Ps. 46. 4, make glad the c. of God. 107.4, found no c. to dwell in,

Ps. 127. 1, except Lord build c.
Prov. 8. 3, whadom orieth in c.
16. 32, than he that taketh a c.
Eccl. 9. 14, a little c. and few men,
18. 33. 20, c. of solemnities,
Zeoh. 8. 3, a c. of truth.
Mat. 5. 14, c. set on a bill.
21. 10, all the c. was moved,
Lu. 24. 49, tarry in the c.
Acts 8. 8, greef joy in that c.
Heb. 11. 10, a c. that hath foundations,
12. 22, the c. of living God.
13. 14, no continuing c.
Rev. 18. 19, the c. of the nations fell.
20. 9, compassed the beloved c.
Sec Gen. 4. 17; 11. 4; Jonah 1. 2; Rev. 14. 8; 21. 10.
LAD. 1 Kines 11. 22: 18. 59. 57. CLAD. 1 Kings 11. 29; Isa. 59, 17. CLAMOUR. Prov. 9. 19; Eph. 4. 31. GLAP. Pa.41, i. cyour hands all ye people, 08. 8, let the floods c, their hands. 1ss. 55. 12, the trees shall c, their hands. Lam. 2. 15, all that pass by c, their hands. See 2 Kings 11. 12; Job 27. 23; 34. 37. CLAYE, Ruth 1, 14, Ruth c, to her mother-in-law, 28am, 23, 10, his hand c, to the sword, Neh. 10, 29, they c, to their brethren, Acts 17, 34, certain men c, to Paul, E, See Gen. 22, 3; Num. 16, 31; 1 Sam. 6, 14. CLAWS, Deut, 14, 6; Dan. 4. 33; Zech. 11, 16. CLAWS. Deut. 14. 6; Darr. 4. 33; Zech. 11. 16.
CLAY. Joh 10. 9, thou hast made me as c.
13. 12, bodies like to bodies of c.
33. 6; I also am formed out of c.
Ps. 40. 2, out of the miry c.
Dan. 2. 33, part of iron, part of c.
John 9. 6, mada c. and anointed.
Rom. 9. 21, power over the c.
See Isa. 29, 18; 41. 25; 45. 9; 64. 8; Jer. 18. 4.
CLEAN. 2 Kings 5. 12, may I not wash and be c.
Joh 14. 4, who can bring c. out of unclean.
15. 15, heavens not c. in his sight.
Ps. 24. 4, he that hath c. hands.
51. 10, create in me c. heart. Ps. 24.4, be that hath c. hands.

51.10, create in me c. heart.

77.8, is his mercy c. gone for ever.

Prov. 18. 2, c. in his own cyes.

18. 1.16, wash you, make you c.

52. 11, be c. that hear vessels of the Lord.

Ezek. 36.25, then will 1 sprinkle c. water.

Mat. 8.2 ink.1.49; Lu.5.12, thou canst make me c.

23. 25; Lu. 11.39, make c. the outside,

Lu. 11.41, all things c. unto you.

John 13. 11, ye are not all c.

15. 3, c. through word I have spoken.

Acts 18.6, I am c.

Rev. 19. 8, arrayed in fine linen c. and white.

Eze Lev. 23. 22; Josh. 3. 17; Prov. 14.4.

CLEANNESS. 2 Sam. 22. 21; Pa. 18. 20; Amos 4.6. CLEANNES. 28am. 22. 21; Pa. 18. 20; Amos 4
CLEANNEE. Pa. 19. 12, c. me from secret faults.
73. 13. I have c. my heart in vain.
Prov. 20. 30, hiueness of wound c. evil.
Mat. 8. 3, immediately his leproay was c.
10. 8; 11.5; Lu. 7. 22, c. lepera.
23. 26, c. first that which is within.
Lu. 4. 27, none was c. saving Nazman.
17. 17, were not tan.
Aofts 10. 15; 11. 9, what c. od hath c.
2 Cor. 7. 1, let us c. ourselves.
Jas. 4. 8, c. your hands, ye sinners.
John 17, 9, c. us from ell sin.
See Ezek. 36. 25; Mk. 1. 44.
CLEAR. Gen. 44. 16, now shall we c. ourselves. CES EZEK. 30. ZO; MK. I. 44.

CLEAR. Gen. 44. 16, now shall we c. ourselves.

Ex. 34. 7, by no means c. the guilty.

Sam. 23. 4, c. shiming after rain.

Job 11. 17, age shall be c. than nonday.

Ps. 51. 4, be c. when thou judges.

Mct. 7. 5; Lu. 6. 42, see c. to pull out mote.

Mct. 7. 5; Lu. 6. 42, see c. to pull out mote.

Mk. 8, 25, saw every man c. Rom. 1, 20, things from creation c. seen. Rev. 21, 11; 22, 1, light c. as crystal. See Gen. 24, 8; Cant. 8, 10; Zech. 14, 8,

CLEAVE. Josh. 23. 8, c. to the Lord your God. 2 Kings 5. 27, leprosy shall c. to thee. Joh 29, 10; Ps. 137. 6; Ezek. 3, 26, c. to roof of mouth, Ps. 119. 25, my soul c. to dust. Ex. 119, 20, my sout c. to quat. Eccl. 10, 9, he that c. wood shall be endangered. Acts 11, 23, with purpose of heart c. Rom 12, 9, c. to that which is good. See Gen. 2, 24; Mat. 19, 5; Mx. 10, 7. CLEFTS. Cant. 2, 14; Iss. 2, 21; Jer. 49, 16; Amos 6.11; Ohad. 3. CLEMENCY. Acts 24.4. CLERK. Acts 19.35. CLIMB. John 10.1, but c. up some other wsy. See 1 Sam. 14.13; Amos 9.2; Lu. 19.4. CLODS. Joh 21. 33, the c. of the valley shall be See Job 7.5; Isa. 28. 24; Hos. 10. 11; Joel 1. 17. CLOKE. Mat. 5. 40; Lu. 6. 29, let him have thy c. also.
1 Thess. 2.5, a.c. of covetousness.
1 Pet. 2.18, a.c. of maliclousness. I Fet. 2. 6, a c. of manicoustess. CLOSE (v). Gen. 2, 21; Isa. 29, 10; Mat. 13. 15. CLOSE. Prov. 18, 24, sticketh c. than a brother. Lu, 9, 36, they kept it c. Sea Num. 5. 13; I Chron. 12. 1; Job 28. 21. CLOSET. Mat. 6, 6; Lu, 12. 3. CLOTH. 1 Sam. 19, 13; 21, 9; Mat. 9, 16; Mir. 2, 21. CLOSET. Mat. 6; Lul. 12. 3.
CLOTH. I. Sam. 19, 13; 21. 9; Mat. 9, 18; Mk. 2, 21.
CLOTHE. Ps. 65, 13, pastures c with flocks,
109, 13, c., himself with cursiog,
132. 9, c. with righteousness,
16, c. with salvation.
Prov. 23, 21, drowsiness shall c. a man.
31, 21, household c. with scariet.
18a. 50, 3, c. heaveos with blackness.
81, 19, c. with garnents of salvation.
Mat. 6, 30; Lul. 12, 26, c. grass of field.
31, wherewithal shall we be c.
11, 8; Lul. 7, 25, man c. ln soft raiment,
25, 34, 33, naked and ye c. ms.
Mk. 1, 6, c. with camel's hair.
6, 15; Lul. 25, c. in purple and fine linen.
15, 11, c. Jesus with purple.
10, 11, 12, c. in purple and fine linen.
2 Crof. 5, 2 desting to be c. upon.
11, 14, c. be c. with any state c.
12, when a with the sun.
19, 13, c. with a verture dipped in blood.
See Gen. 3, 21; Ex. 40, 14; Eather 4. 4.
CLOTHES. Deut. 29, 5; Neh. 9, 21, c. not waxen.
Mc. 52, 28, 11 touch but bis c. IOTHES. Deut. 22. 3; 10 m. 22. 3; 10 m. 23. 3; 10 m. 24. 3; 11 touch but his c. 1u. 2.7; in awaddling c. 1u. 8.21; a man that ware no c. 1u. 8.21; John 20.5, linen c. laid. John 11. 44, bound with grave-c. Acts 1.68, laid down c. at Saul's feet. 22. 23, cried out and cast off c. See Gen. 49. 11; 1 Sam. 19. 24; Neh. 4. 23. 40 THING. Pa. 45. 31. Arc. of wwought See Gen. 49. 11; 1 Sam. 19. 24; Neh. 4. 23.
CLOTHING. Pa. 45. 13, her c, of wrought gold, Prov. 27. 26, lambs are for thy c.
31. 22, her c. is ailk and purple.
25, strength and honour are her c.
1ss. 3.7, in my house is neither bread nor c.
23. 18, merchandise for durable c.
59. 17, garments of vengeance for c.
Mat. 1. 15, in aheep's of long c.
Act 10. 20, a man in hright c.
Jas. 2. 3, to him that weareth gay c.
See Joh 2. 26; 24; 1; 31. 19; Ps. 35. 13.
CLOUD. Ex. 13. 21; 14. 24; Neh. 9. 19, a pillar of c.
1 Kings 18. 44, 55, a little c.
Ps. 36. 5, faithfuiness reacheth to c.
91. 2. c. and darkness round about him.

97. 2, c. and darkness round about him. 99. 7, spake iu c. pillar. Prov. 3. 20, c. dropped down dew.

Eccl. 11. 4, regardeth the c. not reap.
12. 2, nor c. return after rain.
13. 5.6, command c. rain not.
44. 22, blotted out as thick c.
69. 3, fly as a c.
Dan. 7. 13; Lu. 21, Son of man with c.
Hossa 6. 4; 15. 3, goodness as morning c.
Mat. 17. 5; Mk. 9, 7; Lu. 9, 34, c. overshadowed.
24. 30; 26. 64; Mk. 13. 26; 14. 62, in c. with power.
1 Cor. 10. 1, fathers under c.
1 Thess. 4, 17, caught up in c.
2 Pet. 2 17, c. carried with tempest.
Jude Lj. c. without water.
Rev. 1. 7, be cometh with c.
4. 14; 15. 16, white c.
4. 14; 15. 16, white c.
14. 14; 15. 15, 40; 15. 40. 34.
CLOUT. Josh. 9.5; Jer. 38, 11.
CLOUEN. Lev. 11. 3; Dent. 14. 7; Acts 2. 3.
CLUSTER. 1sa. 65. 8, new wine in c. Eccl. 11.4, regardeth the c. not reap.

CLUSTER. 1sa, 658, new wine in c. See Num. 13. 23; Cant. 1. 14; Rev. 14. 18, COAL. Prov. 6, 28, but c. and not be burned. 25. 22; Rom. 12. 20, heap c. of fire. John 18. 18; 21. 9, fire of c. See Job 41. 21; Pz. 18. 8; Isa, 6, 6.

See Job 41, 21; Fz. 18, 8; 1sa, 6.6.
COAST. 1 Chrom. 4.10; Mat. 8, 34; Mt. 5, 17.
COAT. Mat. 5, 40, take away thy c.
10.10; Mt. 6.9, neither provide two c.
Lu, 6.29, thy c. also.
John 19, 23, c. without seam.
21, 7, fisher's c.
Acts 9, 39, the c. which Dorcas made,
See Gen. 3, 21; 37, 3; 1 Sam. 2, 19.
COCK. Mat. 26, 34; Mt. 13, 35; 14, 30; Ln. 22, 34.

COCKATRICE. Isa. 11.8; 14.29; 59.5. COCKLE. Joh 31.40. COFFER. 1 Sam. 6.8, 11, 15. COFFIN. Gen. 50.28.

COGITATIONS. Dan. 7.28.

COLD. Prov. 20. 4, by reason of c. 25. 13, c. of snow in barvest, 20, garment in c. weather.

25, c. watere to thirsty soul.

Mat. 10. 42, cup of c. water.

24, 12, love of many wax c.

2 Cor. 11. 27, in c. and nakedness.

Rev. 3. 15, neither c. nor hat. See Gen. 8. 22; Jab 24. 7; 37, 9; Ps. 147. 17. COLLECTION. 2 Chron. 24. 6; 1 Cor. 18. 1. COLLEGE 2 Kings 22, 14; 2 Chron, 34, 22, COLOUR. Prov. 23, 31, c. in the cup. Aots 27, 30, under c. as though. See Gen. 37, 3; Ezek. 1.4; Dan. 10.6.

COMELY. Pg. 33.1, praise is c. 1 Cor. 11. 13, is it c. that a woman. See 1 Sam. 16. 18; Prov. 30, 29; Isa. 53. 2.

See 1 Sant. 30, 7 110, 50, 57 182, 50, 22 COMFORT (a.). Mat. 9, 22; Mk. 10, 49; Lu. 6, 48; 2 Cor. 13, 11, be of good c. Acte 9.31, c. of Holy Ghest. Rom. 15, 4, patience and c. of ecriptures. 2 Cor. 1-3, God of all c.

2 Cor. 1.5, God in an c. 7,13, were comforted in your c. Phil. 2.1, if any c. of love. See Job 10.20; Pe. 94.19; 119.50; Iea. 57.6,

COMFORT (v.). Gen. 37. 35; Ps. 77. 2; Jer. 31. 15, refused to be c.

refused to be c.
Pe. 23. 4, rod and staff c.
Isa. 40.1, c. ye, c, ye, my people.
49. 13; 52.9, 60d hath c. his people.
61. 2, c. all that mourn.
60. 13, as one whom his mother c.
Mat. 5.4, they chall be c.
Lu, 16, 25, he is c., and thou art tormented.
John 11. 19, to a concerning their brother.

69, 13, as one whom his mother c,
Mat. 5.4, they shall be c.
Liu, 16, 25, he is c, and thou art tormented,
John 11, 19, to c. omeorning their brother,
2 Cor. 1. 4, able to c. them.
1 These, 4, 18, c. one another with these words,
5.14, c. the feeble-minded,
5.6e Gen. 6, 29; 18, 5; 37, 35,
COMFORTABLE. Isa. 40, 2; Hor. 2.14; Zeoh. 1, 13.

COMPANION. Job 30, 29, a c. to owls.

COMFORTER. Jab 16. 2, miserable c. are ye all. Ps. 69. 20, looked for c. but I found none. John 14. 16; 15. 28; 16. 7, another C. See 2 Sam. 10.3; 1 Chron. 19. 3.

See 2 Sam. 19..5; 1 Chron. 19. 3. COMFORTLESS. John 14. 18. COMMAND. Ps. 33. 9, be c, and it stood fast, Ln. 8. 25, be c, even the winds. 9, 54, c. fire from heaven. John 15. 14, if ye do what I c, you, Acts I 1. 30, c. all men everywhere. See Gen. 18. 19; Deut. 28. 8. COMMANDER. Les 54.

See Gen. 18. 19: Deut. 28. 8.
COMMANDER. Isa. 55. 4.
COMMANDER. Isa. 55. 4.
COMMANDMENT. Ps. 119. 86, c. are faithful.
98, c. exceeding broad.
127, 1 Inve thy c.
143, thy c. are my delight.
Mat. 15. 9; Mk. 7. 7; Col. 2. 22, the c. of men.
Lu. 23. 56, rested according to c.
Lun. 23. 56, rested according to c.
Rom. 7. 12, c. is boly, just, and good.
1 Cor. 7. 6; 2 Cor. 8. 8, by permission not by c.
Eph. 6. 2, first c. with promise.
1 Tim. 1.5, end of the c. is charity.
See Esther 3.3.
COMMEND. Lu. 16. 8. c. unjust steward.

COMMEND. Lu. 16.8, c. unjust steward. 23, 46, into thy hands 1 c. Rom. 3.5, unrighteousness c. righteousness of God.

5.8, God c. his love toward us. 1 Cor. 8. 8, meat c. us not. 2 Cor. 3. 1; 5. 12, c. ourselves.

4.2, c, to every man's conscience.
10.18, not be that c, bimself is approved.
See Prov. 12.8; Eccl. 8.15; Acts 20.32. COMMISSION. Ezra 8, 36; Acts 26, 12,

COMMIT. Pe. 37.5, c. thy way to the Lord. Jer. 2. 13, have c. two evils. John 2. 24, Jesus did nut c. himself to them. 5. 22, bath c. judgment to Son.

5. 22, bath c. judgment to Son. Rom. 3.2, were c. oracles of God. 2 Cor. 5. 19, had c. to us word of reconciliatinn. 1 Tim. 6. 20, keep what is c. to thee. 2 Tim. 2. 2, c. thou to fathful men. 1 Pet. 2. 23, c. himself to him that judgeth. See Job 5. 8; Fs. 30. 5; 1 Cor. 9. 17.

OMMODIOUS. Acts 27.12.

COMMODIOUS. Acts 27.12.

COMMON. Eccl. 6.1, evil, and it is c. among men.
Mk. 12. 37, the c. people heard him gladly.
Acts 2.44; 4.32, all things c.
10. 14; 11. 8, never eaten any thing c.
15; 11. 9, call not thou c.
1 Cor. 10. 13, temptation c. to men.
Epb. 2.12 aliens from c.-wealth.
See Lev. 4.27; Num. 16. 29; 1 Sam. 21. 4.
COMMODION. Jer. 10. COMMOTION. Jer. 10. 22; Lu. 21. 9.

COMMUNE. Joh 4.2, if we c. with thee. Fg. 4.4; 77.6; Eoch 1.16, c. with own heart. Zech 1.14, angel that c. with me. See Ex. 25, 22; 1 Sam. 19, 3; Lu. 22, 4.

See Ex. 25. 22; 1 Sam. 19. 3; Ln. 22. 4.
COMMUNICATE. Gal. 6, let him that is taught c.
1 Tim. 6. 18, be willing to c.
Heb. 13. 16, do good and c.
See Gal. 2. 2; Phil. 4. 14, 15.
COMMUNICATION. Mat. 5. 37, let your c, be yea.
Ln. 24. 17, wbat manner of c.
1 Cor. 15. 33, evil c. corrupt good manners.
Eph. 4. 29, let no corrupt c. proceed.
See 2 Kings 9. 11; Philem. 6.
COMMUNICAN. 1 Cor. 10. 16. 5. 2 Cor. 6. 14. 13. 14

COMMUNION. 1 Cor. 10, 16; 2 Cor. 6, 14; 13, 14. COMPACT. Ps. 122. 3; Eph. 4. 16.

Ps. 119, 63, a c. to them that fear thee. Prov. 13. 29, c. of fools shall be destroyed. 23. 7, c. of rictous men. 24, the c. of a destroyer. Acts 19, 29, Paul's c. in travel. Phill. 2. 25, Rev. 1. 9, brother and c. in labour. See Ex. 32, 27; Judg. 11, 38; 14, 20. COMPARE. Prov. 3, 15; 8, 11, not to be c. to wisdom.

Isa. 40. 18, what likeness will ye c. to him? 46. 5, to whom will ye c. me.

46.5, to whom will ye. me.
Lam. 4.2, c. to fine gold.
Rom. 8.18, not worthy to be c. with glory.
1 Cor. 2.13, c. spiritual things with spiritual.
See Pa. 89.6; 2 Cor. 10.12.
COMPARISON, Judg. 8.2; Hag. 2.3; Mk. 4.30.
COMPASS (m.). 2 Sam. 5.23; 2 Kings 3.9; lsa.
44.13; Acte 28.13.

COMPASS (v.). 2 Sam. 22. 5; Ps. 18. 4; 116. 3, waves of desth c. me. 22. 6; Ps. 18, 5, sorrows of hell c. me. Ps. 5, 12, with favour c. as with a shield, 32. 7, c. with songs of deliverance. 24. i. c. with songs of deliverance.

10. mercy shall c. him ahout.

12a. 50. 11. c. yourselves with sparks.

Mat. 23. 15. c. sea and land.

11. 21. 29. Jorusalem c. with armies.

Heb. 5. 2, he also is c. with infirmity.

12. 1, c. shout with cloud of witnesses.

See Josh. 6. 3; Job 16. 13; Jor. 31. 22.

OMPASSION Tas. 40. 15. that the che

COMPASSION, Isa, 49, 15, that she should not

have c. Lam. 3.22, his c. fall not. 32; Mic. 7.19, yet will he have c. Mat. 9, 36; 14.14; Mk. 1.41; 6.34, Jesus moved

with c.

18. 33, c. on thy fellowservant.
20. 34, had c. on them and touched.

Mk. 5. 19, the Lord hath had c.
9. 22, have c., and help us.
Lu. 10. 33, the Samaritan had c.
15. 20, father had c., and ran.
Rom. 9. 15, I will have c. on whom I will.
Heb. 5. 2, have c. on ignorant.
1 Pet. 3. 8, of one mind, having c.
1 John 3. 17, shutteth up bowels of c.
1 Jude 22, of some have c., making a difference,
See Pa. 78. 38; 86. 15; 111.4; 112. 4.

DMPEL. Mat. 5. 41, c. thee to go a mile,

See Fa. 78. 36; 50. 15; J.11.4; J.12. 2. COMPEL. Mat. 5. 41, c. thee to go a mile, 27. 32; Mk. 15. 21, c. to bear cross, Lu. 14. 23, c. to come in, Acts 28. 11, I. c. them to blaspheme, See Lev. 25. 39; 2 Cor. 12. 11; Fd. 2. 3. COMPLAIN. Ps. 144. 14, no c. in our streets.

COMPLAIN. Ps. 144. 14, no c. in our streets. Lam. 3, 39, wherefore doth a living man c. Jude 18, these are murmurers, c. See Num. 11. 1; Judg. 21. 22; Job 7. 11. COMPLAINT. Job 23. 2, to-day is my c. bitter. Ps. 142. 2, 1 poured out my c. before him. See 1 Sam. 1. 16; Joh 7. 13; 9. 27; 10. 1. COMPLETE. Lev. 23. 15; Col. 2. 10; 4. 12. COMPRETEE. Lev. 23. 15; Col. 2. 10; 4. 12. COMPRETEEND. Job 37. 5; Isa. 40. 12; John 1. 5; Eth. 3. 27.

Eph. 3, 18 CONCEAL. Prov. 12. 23, prudent man c. knowledge. 25, 2, glory of God to c. a thing, Jer. 50, 2, publish and c. not. See Gen. 37, 26; Deut. 13, 8.

CONCEIT. Prov. 18. 11; 26, 5; 28, 11; Rom. 11. 25;

CONCEIVE. Ps. 7. 14, c. mischlef, brought forth falsehood. Taisencot.
51.5, in sin did my mother c. me.
Acts 5.4, why hast thou c. this thing.
Jas. 1.5, when lust c. it bringeth forth.
See Job 15.35; Isa. 7.14; 59.4.
CONCERN. Lu. 24. 27, things c. himself.
Rom. 9.5, as c. the flesh Christ came.
16.19, eimple c. evil.
Phil. 4.15, c. giving and receiving.

1 Tim. 6. 21, have erred c. the faith. 1 Pet. 4.12, c. fiery trial. See Lev. 6, 3; Num. 10, 29; Ps. 90, 13; 135, 14. CONCISION. Phil. 3. 2. CONCLUDE. Rom. 3. 28; 11. 32; Gal. 3. 22. CONCLUSION. Eccl. 12, 13. CONCORD. 2 Cor. 6. 15.

CONDEMN. Job 10. 2. I will say to God, do not c.

me.
Amos 2. 6, drink wine of the c.
Mat. 12. 7, ye would not have c. the guiltless.
37, by thy words chalt be c.
22, Lu. 11. 31, rise in judgment and c.
20. 18, chall c. him to desth.
21. 3, Judas when he saw he was c.
Mk. 14. 64, all c. him to be guilty.
Lu. 6. 37, c. not and ye thall not he c.
John 3. 17, God sent not his Son to c.
18, believe not is c.
8. 10, hath no man c. thee?
11. neither do I c. thee.

11. neither do I c. thee 11, neither do I c. thee.
Rom. 2.1, thou c. thyself.
8.3, c. sin in the flesh.
34, who is he that c.?
14. 22, that c. not himself.
11t. 2.8, sound speech that cannot be c.
12s. 5.6, ye c. sod killed the just.
9, grudge not lest ye be c.
1 John 3.2, if our heart c. us not.
See Job 9.20; 15.6; Mat. 12.41.
CONDENNATION JOHS 3.0 this tell.

CONDEMNATION. John 3. 19, this is the c., that

light. 2 Cor. 3.9, the ministration of c. 1 Tim. 3.6, the c. of the devil. Jas. 5. 12, lest ye fall into c. Jude 4, of old ordained to this c. See Lu. 23. 40; Rom. 5. 16; 8, 1. CONDESCEND. Rom. 12, 16.

CONDITION, 1 Sam. 11. 2; Lu. 14, 32, CONDUIT. 2 Kings 18, 17; 20, 20; Isa. 7, 3; 38, 2, CONEY. Lev. 11.5; Ps. 104.18; Prov. 30.26. CONFECTION. Ex. 30.35; 1 Sam. 8.13.

CONFEDERATE. Gen. 14, 13; Isa. 7, 2; 8, 12; Obad. 7. CONFERENCE. Gal. 2. 6.

CONFERRED. Gal. 1. 16.

CONFERRED. Gal 1. 16.
CONFESS. Prov. 23. 13, whoso c. and forsaketh.
Mat. 16. 32; Lu. 12. 3, c. me before men.
John 9. 22, if any man did c.
12. 42, rulere did not c. him.
Acts 23. 8, Pharisees c. both.
Rom. 10. 9, shall c. with thy mouth.
14. 11; Phill. 2. 11, every tongue c.
Heb. 11. 13, c. they were strangers.
Jas. 5. 16, c. your faults one to another.
1 John 1. 9, if we c. our sins.
4. 2, every spirit that c. Christ.
15, whose shall c. that Jeeus is the Christ.
Rev. 3. 5, 1 will c. his name before my Father.
See Lev. 16. 21; 1 Kings 8. 33; 2 Chron. 6. 24.
CONFESSION. Rom. 10. 10; 1 Tim. 6. 13.
CONFIDENCE. Pa. 65. 5, the c. of all the ends
of the earth.

ONFIDENCE. Ps. 6a. o, the c. ot an the of the earth.
118. 8, 9, than to put c. in man.
Prov. 14. 26, in fear of the Lord is strong c.
1sa. 30. 15, in c. shall be your strength.
Jer. 2. 37, that rejected thy c.
Eph. 3, 12, access with c. by faith.
Phil. 3. 3, 4, no c. in fear.
Heb. 3. 6, 14, hold fast c.
10. 35. cast not away c.

10.35, cast not away c. 1.John 3.21, we have c. toward God. 5.14, this is the c. we have in him. 5e Job 4.5; is. 14; 31.24; Prov. 25. 19. CONFIDENT. Ps. 21. 3; Prov. 12. 18; 2 Cor. 5. 6;

Phil. 1. 6. CONFIRM. Isa. 35. 3, c, the feeble knees. Mk. 18. 20, c, the word with signs. Acts 14.22, c. the souls of the disciples. 15.32, 41, exhorted brethren, and c. them. Rom. 15.8, c. the promises made to fathers. See 2 Kings 15.19.

CONFIRMATION. Phil.1.7; Heb. 6.16. CONFISCATION. Ezra 7.28.

CONFLICT. Phil. 1.30; Col. 2.1. CONFORM. Rom. 8, 29; 12.2; Phil 3, 10.

CONFOUND. Ps. 22.5. fathers trusted and were

not c.
40. 14; 70. 2, ashamed and c.
Acts 2. 6, multitude were c.
9. 22, Saul c, the Jews. See Gen. 11.7; Ps. 71. 13; 129.5.

CONFUSED. Isa. 9.5; Acts 19.32. CONFUSION. Dan. 9.7; to us belongeth c. of faces. Acts 19.29, city was filled with c. 1 Cor. 14.33, God not author of c. See Ps. 10.2; 71.1; 109.29; Isa. 24.10.

CONGEALED, Ex. 15. 8. CONGRATULATE, 1 Chron. 18. 10.

CONGREGATION. Num. 14, 10, all the c. bade stone them.

stone them.

Neb. 5. 13, all the a said Amen.

Pa. 1.5, nor sinners in the a of the righteous,

25. 12, in the a will I bless the Lord,

Prov. 21. 16, in the a of the dead.

Joel 2. 16, sanctify the a.

Acts 13. 43, when the a. was broken up,

See Ex. 12. 6; 18. 2; 39. 32; Lev. 4. 13.

CONQUERORS. Rom. 8.37; Rev. 6.2.

CONSCIENCE. Acts 24. 16, c, void of offence. Rom. 2 15; 9. 1; 9. Ctr. 1. 12, c, bearing witness. 13. 5; 1 Ctr. 10. 25, 27, 25, for c, sake witness. 1 Ctr. 8, 16, 12, wesk c. 1 Ctr. 8, 16, 12, wesk c. 1 Ctr. 1. 15, 16; Heh, 13, 18; 1 Pet. 3, 16, a good c.

3.9, mystery of faith in pure c.

4.2. c. seared with not iron.

Heb. 9. 14, purge c. from dead worke.

10. 22, hearts sprinkled from evil c.

See John 8. 9; Acts 23. 1; 2 Cor. 4. 2.

CONSECRATE. 1 Chron. 29. 5, to c. his service to the Lord.
Mic. 4.13, I will c.
Heb. 7. 28, who is c. for evermore.
10. 20, living way which he hath c.
See Ex. 28. 3; 29. 35; 32. 29; Lev. 1. 37.

See Ex.26.3 28.53; 52.25; 16V.1.02. with him. Prov. 1.10, if sinuers entice thee c. not. Zoph.3.9, to serve with one c. Lu. 14.18, with one c. hegan to make excuse. See Dout. 13.8; Acts 8.1; Rom. 7.16.

See Deut. 13.8; Acts 8.1; Rom. 7.16.
CONSIDER. Ps. 8.3, when I c. the heavens.
41.1, blessed is he that c. the poor.
48.13, c. her palaces.
60.22, c. this, ye that forget God.
Prov. 8.6, c. her ways and be wise.
23.1, c. dilligently what is before thee.
24.12, doth not he c. it.
Prov. 28.22, and c. not that poverty.
Recl. 5.1, they c. not that poverty.
Recl. 5.1, they c. not that they do evil.
7.14, in day of adversity c.
Iss. 1.3, my people doth not c.
Jor. 23. 20; 30.24, in latter days ye chall c.
Ezek. 12.3, it may be they will c.
Hag. 1.5, 7, c. your ways.
Mst. 6.28; Lu. 12.27, c. lilles of the field.
7.3, c. not the beam.

past. b. 25; Lu. 12. 21, c. lilies of the field.
7.3, c. not the beam.
Lu. 12. 24, c. the ravens.
Gal. 6. 1, c. thyself lest thou also be tempted.
Heb. 3. 1, c. the Apostle and High Priest.
7. 4, now c. how great this man was.
10. 21, c. one snother to provoke.
12. 3, c. him that endured.
13. 7, c. the and of that conjugation

13.7, c. the end of their conversation. See Deut. 32, 29; Judg. 18, 14; 1 Sam. 12, 24. CONSIST. Lu. 12, 15; Col. 1, 17.

CONSOLATION. Joh 15.11, are the c, of God small.

Lu. 6, 24, ye have received your c. Rom. 15. 5, the God of c. Phil. 2. 1, if there he any c. in Christ, 2 Thess. 2. 16, everlasting c. Heh. 6, 18, strong c. See Jor. 1b, 7; Lu. 2. 25; Acts 4. 38.

CONSPIRACY. 2 Sam. 15.2; Jer. 11.9; Acts 23.13. CONSTANTLY. 1 Chron. 28.7; Prov. 21. 28; Tit. 3.8

CONSTRAIN. Job 32, 18; Lu. 24, 29; 2 Cor. 5, 14; 1 Pet. 5, 2, CONSULT. Ps. 83, 3; Mk. 15, 1; Lu. 14, 31; John 12, 19.

CONSUME. Ex. 3. 2, bush was not c. Deut. 4. 24; 9. 3; Heb. 12, 29, a c. fire. 1 Kings 18. 38; 2 Chron. 7. 1, fire fell and c. the sa-

critice.
Job 20. 22, fire not blown shall c. him.
Ps. 39. 11, c. away like a moth.
Mai. 3. 6, therefore ye are not c.
Lu. 9. 54, c. them as Ellas did.
Gal. 5. 15, take heed that ye be not c.
Jas. 4. 3, that ye may c. it on your lusts.
See Ex. 32. 10; 33. 3; Deut. 5. 25; Josh. 24. 20.

CONSUMMATION. Dan. 9. 27. CONSUMPTION. Lev. 26, 16; Deut. 28, 22; Isa. 10.

CONTAIN. 1 1 Cor. 7. 9. 1 Kings 8, 27; 2 Chron. 2, 6; 6, 18;

CONTEMN. Ps. 10. 13; 15. 4; 107. 11; Ezek. 21. 10. CONTEMPT. Prov. 18. 3, wicked cometh, then

cometh c. Dan. 12. 2, awake to everlasting c. See Esther 1, 18; Job 31, 34; Ps. 119, 22, CONTEMPTIBLE, Mal. 1, 7, 12; 2, 9; 2 Cor. 10, 10.

CONTEND. 1sa. 49. 25, i will c with him that c, 50. 8, who will c with me. Jer. L25, how canst thou c. with horses, Sec Job 19. 21, 3. 8; Eccl. 5. 10; Jude 5, 9. CONTENT. Mr. 15, 15, willing to c. the people.

See Jon 18, 2; h. 6. S. willing to c. the people. Un. 3. 14, he c. with your wages. Phil. 4. I. I have learned to be c. 1 Tim. 6. 6, goddiness with c. is great gain. 6. 8, having food let us be c. Heb. 13. 5, be c. with such things as ye have. See Gen. 37. 27; Josh. 7. 7; Job 6. 28; Prov. 6. 35. CONTENTION. Prov. 18. 18, the lot causeth c. to

Cease.
19. 13; 27. 15, c. of a wife.
23. 29, who hath c.
Acts 15. 39, the c. was sharp.
I Cor. 1. 11, there are c. among you. Phil. 1. 16, preach Christ of c. 1 Thess. 2. 2, to speak with much c. 111.638, 2.2, 10 speak with much c. Tit. 3.9, svoid c. and strivings. See Prov. 13. 10; 17. 14; 18. 6; 22. 10. CONTENTIOUS. Prov. 21. 19; 26. 21; 27. 15; Rom. 2. 8; 1 Cor. 11. 16.

CONTINUAL. Ps. 34, 1; 71. 6, praise c. in my

mouth. 40.11, let thy truth c. preserve me. 73.23, 1 am c. with thee.
Prov. 6.21, bind them c. on thine heart. 15.15, merry heart hath a c. feast. Iss. 14.6, smote with a c. stroke.

185. 12. 0, Since with a c. stroke.
62. 5, my name is c. hlasphemed.
Lu. 18. 5, lest by her c. coming.
24. 53, were c. in the temple.
Acts 6. 4, give ourselves c. to prayer.
Rom. 9. 2, I have c. sorrow to my heart.

Rom. 9. 2, 1 have c. sorrow to my hears, Heb. 7. 3, shideth a priest c. See Ex. 29. 42; Num. 4. 7; Joh 1. 5. CONTINUANCE. Deut. 28, 59; Ps. 139. 16; Isa. 64. 5; Rom. 2. 7. CONTINUE. Job 14. 2, as a shadow and c. not. Ps. 72. 17, name shall c. as long as the sun. Isa. 5. 11, c. till wine tofisme them. Jer. 32. 14, evidences may c. many days,

Lu. 6. 12. he c. all night in prayer. Lu. 6. 12, he c. all night in prayer.
22. 28, that c. with me in my temptation,
John 8. 31, if ye c. in my word.
15. 9. c. ye in my love.
Acts 1. 14; 2. 46, o. with one accord.
12. 16, Peter c. knocking.
13. 43, to c. in grace of God.
14. 22, exhorting them to c. in faith,
28. 22, I c. unito this day. 20. 22, 1 c. unto this cay.
Rom. 6.1, shall we c. in sin.
12. 12; Col. 4.2, c. in prayer.
Gal. 3.10, that c. not in all things.
Col. 1.23; 1 Tim. 2. 15, if ye c. in the faith,
1 Tim. 4.16; 2 Tim. 3.14, c. in them.
Heb. 7.23, not suffered to c. by reason, 24, this man c. ever. 13.1, let brotherly love c 13. 1, let inculerly love c. 14, here baye we no c. city. Jas. 4, 13, and c. there a year. 2 Pet. 3, 4, all things c. as they were, 1 John 2, 19, no doubt have c. with us, See 1 Sam. 12, 14; 13, 14; 2 Sam. 7, 29, CONTRADICTION. Heb. 7. 7; 12. 3. CONTRARIWISE. 2 Cor. 2. 7; Gal. 2. 7; 1 Pet. 3. 9. CONTRARY. Acts 18, 13, c. to the law.
28, 9, many things c. to name of Jesus,
Gal. 5. 17, c. the one to the other,
1 Thess 2. 15, c. to all men,
1 Tim. 1. 10, c. to sound doctrine,
Tit. 2. 8, he of the c. part may be ashsmed,
Sec Lev. 28. 21; Esther 9. 1; Mat. 14. 24; Acts 17.7 CONTRITE. Ps. 34. 18; 51. 17; Isa. 57. 15; 66. 2. CONTRITION. Rev. 15. 26. CONTRITION. Rev. 15. 26.
CONTROVERSY. Jer. 25. 31, a.c. with the nations.
Mic. 6. 2, bath a.c. with his people.
1 Tim. 3. 16, without c. great is the mystery.
See Deut. 17. 8; 18. 17; 21. 5; 25. 1.
CONVENIENT. Prov. 30. 8, feed me with food c.
Acts 24. 25, when I have a.c. eason.
Rom. 1. 28, things which are not c.
Eph. 5. 4. talking, jeeting, are not c.
See Jer. 40. 4; Mik. 6. 21; I COT. 16. 12.
CONVENIENT. Lock 35. 1. 5 cm. 25. 15. CONVERSANT. Josh. 8.35; 1 Sam. 25.15. CONVERSATION, Ps. 37.14, such as be of upon versions. Fs. 31. 4, such as right. 5. 50. 23, that ordereth his c. aright. Phili, 1. 27, c. as becometh the gospel. 3. 20, our c. is in heaven. 1 Tim. 4. 12 an example in c. Heb. 13. 5, c. without covetousness, 7 considering end of their c. 1. Pet. 1. 15; 2. Pet. 3. 11, holy c. 1 Fet. 1. 15; 2 Fet. 5. 11, 101y c.
18, redeemed from vsin c.
2. 12, your c. honest among Gentiles,
3. 1, won by c. of wives.
2 Pet. 2, 7, vexed with filthy c.
See Gal. 1. 13; Epb. 2. 3; 4. 22; Jas. 3. 13. CONVERSION. Acts 15.3. CONVERT. Ps. 19. 7, perfect, c. the soul. 1sa. 6, 10; Mat. 13, 15; Mk. 4, 12; John 12, 40; Acts 23, 27, lest they c. Acts 25, 21, test budy c. Mat. 18, 3, except ye be c. Lu. 22, 32, when c. etrengthen thy brethren, Acts 3, 19, repent and be c. Jas. 5, 19, 20, and one c. him. See Ps. 51, 18; 18s. 1. 27; 60. 5.

COOK. 1 Sam. 8. 13; 9. 23, 24. COOL. Gen. 3. 8; Lu. 16. 24.

COPPER. Ezra 8. 27; 2 Tim. 4. 14. COPY. Deut. 17. 18; Josh. 8. 32; Prov. 25. 1.

CORD. Prov. 5. 22, holden with the c, of sins. Ecol. 4. 12, a threefold c. 12, 6, silver c, loosed. 13a, 5, 18, draw iniquity with c. Iss. 5. 18, draw iniquity with c. 54. 2, lengthen c.
Hos. 11. 4, the c. of a man.
John 2. 18, esourge of small c.
See Judg. 15. 13; Pe. 2. 3; 116. 27; Jer. 38. 6.
CORN. Gen. 42. 2; Acts. 7. 12, c. in Egypt.
Deut. 25. 4; 1 Cor. 9. 3; 1 Tim. 5. 18, ox tread-Deut. 25. 4; 1 Cor. 9. 9; 1 Tim. 5, 18, ox trees eth c.
Judg. 15. 5, foxes into standing c.
Job 5. 28, like as a shock of c.
Ps. 4. 9; in time their c. increased.
65. 7, prepared them.
13. Yalleys covered over with c.
T. 16, handful of c. in the earth.
Frev. 11. 26, he that withholdeth c.
Zecb. 9. 17, c. chall make men obserful.
Mat. 12. 1; Mk. 2. 25; Lu. 6. 1, pluck c.
Mk. 4. 28, full c. in the ear.
John 12. 24, a. c. of wheat fall into ground.
See Gen. 21. 28; 41. 57; Deut. 33. 28; Isa. 36. 17.
VENNER. P. 218. 22; Enh. 2. 20, head stone of c. ORNER. Pa. 118. 22; Eph. 2. 20, has a stone of c. 144. 12, daughters as c. stones. 1sa. 28, 16; 1 Pet. 2, 6, a precious c. stone. Mat. 6. 5, pray in c. of the streets. Rev. 7. 1, on four c. of the earth. See Job 1. 19; Prov. 7. 8; 21. 9. CORNET. 2 Sam. 6.5; 1 Chron. 15. 26; Dan. 3. 5. CORPSE, 2 Kings 19, 35; Isa, 37, 36; Nah. 3, 3; Mk. 6, 29. CORRECT. Prov. 3, 12, whom the Lord leveth he c he c.
29. 17, c. thy son.
19, servant will not be c. by words.
Jer. 10. 24, c. me, hut with judgment.
30. 11; 46. 28, I will c. thee in measure,
Heb. 12, 9, we have had fathers which c. us,
See Job 5. 17; Ps. 39. 11; 94. 10.
CORRECTION. Prov. 22. 15, rod of c. shall drive it.
Jer. 2. 30; 5. 3; 7. 28; Zepb. 3, 2, receive c.
2 Tim. 3. 16, scripture profitable for c.
See Job 37, 13; Prov. 3. 11; 7. 22; 15. 10.
CORRECTION. Dant 4 ld. take heed lest ye c. See Job 57. 13; Prov. 3. 11; 7.22; 15. 10. CORRUPT. Deut. 4. 16, take beed lest ye c. 31. 23, after my death ye will c. Mat. 6. 19; Lu. 12. 33, moth c. 7. 17; 12. 33; Lu. 6. 43, a. c. tree. 1 Cor. 15. 35, evil communications c. 2 Cor. 2. 17, not as many, which c. the word. 7. 2, we have c. no man. 11. 2, lest your minds be c. Enh. 4. 22, unt off old man which is c. Eph. 4. 22, put off old man which is c. 29, let no c. communication. 1 Tim. 6.5; 2 Tim. 3. 8, men of c. minds. Jas. 5. 1, your riches are c. See Gen. 6. 11; Job 17. 1; Prov. 25. 28. CORRUPTERS. Isa, 1, 4; Jer. 6, 28. CORRUPTIBLE. Rom. 1. 23; 1 Cor. 9. 25; 15. 53; 1 Pet. 1. 18; 3. 4. CORRUPTION. Ps. 16. 10; 49. 9; Acts 2. 27; 13. 35, not see c. not see c.
Jonah 2, 6, brought up life from c.
Rom. 6, 21, from bondage of c.
1 Cor. 15, 42, 50, sown in c.
Gal. 6, 8, of flesh resp c.
2 Pet. 14, the c. that is in world.
2, 12, perish in their own c.
See Lev. 22, 25; Job 17, 14; Iss. 38, 17.
CORRUPTLY. 2 Chron. 27, 2; Neh. 1, 7. CONVICTED. John 8. 9. CONVINCE. John 6. 45, which of you c. me of sin. Tit. 1.9, shle to c. gainsayers. See Job 32. 12; Acts 16. 28; 1 Cor. 14. 24. COST. 2 Sam. 24. 24; 1 Chron. 21. 24, offer of that which c. nothing.
Lu, 14. 28, sitteth down and counteth c.
See 2 Sam. 19, 42; 1 Kings 5. 17; John 12. 3;
1 Tim. 2. 9. CONVOCATION. Ex. 12. 16; Lev. 23. 2; Num. COTTAGE. Isa, 1.8; 24.20; Zeph. 2.6. COUCH. Lu. 5. 19, let him down with c. 5. 24, take up thy c.

Acts 5. 15, Iaid sick on c. See Gen. 49, 11: Joh 7. 13: 38, 40: Ps. 6.6: Amos

COULD. Isa. 5.4; Mk. 6.19; 9.18; 14.8. COULTER. 1 Sam. 13. 20, 21.

COUNCIL. Mat. 5, 22; 10, 17; Acts 5, 27; 6, 12.

COUNSEL. Neh. 4.15, brought their c. to nought.
Job 38.2; 42.3, darkeneth c. hy words.
Ps. 1.1, c. of the ungodly.
33.11; Prov. 19. 21, c. of Lord standeth.

13. 11; Frov. 19. 21; c. of Lord standeth.
55. 14; took sweet c. together.
73. 24; guide me with thy c.
Prov. 1. 23, 30; set at nought all my c.
11. 14; where no c. is, people fall.
15. 22; without c. purposes are disappointed.
21. 30; there is un c. against the Lord.
Eccl. 8, 2 1 c. thee keep king's commandment.
18. 28. 29; wonderful in c. of me.
40. 14; with whom took he c.
46. 10, my c. shall stand.
19. 13. 21, great in c., mighty in working.
Hos. 10. 6, ashamed of his own c.
Mk. 3, 6; John 11. 53, took c. against Jesus,
Acts 2. 23, determinate c. of God.
4, 28, what thy c. determined before,

Acts 2, 23, determinate c. of God. 4, 28, what thy c. determined before, 5, 38, if this c. be of men. 20, 27, declare all c. of God. 1 Cor. 4, 5, make manifest c. of the heart, Eppl. 1.11, after the c. of his own will. Heb. 6, 17, the immutability of bis c. Rev. 3, 18, I. c. these to buy gold tried in fire. See Ex. 18, 19; Josh. 9, 14; 2 Sam. 15, 31.

COUNSELLOR. Prov. 11.14; 15.22; 24.6, in mul-

COUNT. Gen. 15. 6; Ps. 106, 31; Rom. 4. 3; Gal.

OUNTE Gen. 15, 6; Ps. 106, 31; Rom. 4, 3; Gal. 3, 6, c. for righteousness.
Ps. 44, 22, c. as sheep for the slaughter.
Prov. 17, 25, even a fool is c. wise.
Isa. 32, 15, field he c. for a forest.
Mat. 14-5; Mk. 11. 32, they c. him as a prophet.
Lu. 21, 36; Acts 5, 41; 2 Thess. 1, 5, 11; 1 Tim.
5, 17, c. worthy.
Acts 20, 24, neither c. I my life dear.
Phill, 3, 76, I c. loss for Christ.
13, I c. not myself to have apprehended.
Heb, 10, 29, c. blood an unholy thing.
Jes. 1, 2, c. it all joy.
2 Pet. 3, 9, as some men c. slackness.
See Num. 23, 10; Joh 31, 4; Ps. 139, 18, 22.
CUNTENANCE. 1 Sam. 16, 7, look not on his c.

COUNTENANCE, 1 Sam, 16.7, look not on his c.

OUNTENANCE. 1 Sam. 16.7, look not on his or stature.

12; 71. 42, David of beautiful c.
Neh. 2.2, why is thy c. sad?
Job 14. 20, thou changest his c.
Ps. 4. 6; 4. 43; 89. 15; 90. 6, light of thy c.
Prov. 15. 13, merry heart maketh cheerful c.
27. 17, sharpeneth c. of his friend.
Eccl. 17. 3, by sadness of c. heart made better.
Isa. 3. 9, their c. doth witness against them.
Mat. 0. 16, hypocrites of a sad c.
28. 3; Lu. 9. 29, c. like lightling.
Rev. 1. 16, his c. as the sun shineth.
See Gen. 4. 6; Num. 6. 26; Judg. 13. 6.
OUNTRY. Prov. 25. 25, good news from a far

COUNTRY. Prov. 25. 25, good news from a far c. Mat. 13. 57; Mk. 6. 4; Lu. 4. 24; John 4. 44, in his

owu c.
21, 33; 25, 14; Mk. 12. 1, went to far c.
Lu. 4. 23, do also here in thy c.
Acts 12. 20, their c. nourished by king's c.
Heb. 11. 9, sojourned as in strange c. 16, desire a better c. See Gen. 12. 1; 24. 4; Josh. 9. 6; Lu. 15. 13.

COUNTRYMEN, 2 Cor. 1L 26; 1 Thess. 2.14.

COUPLED. 1 Pet. 3. 2.
COUPLAGE. Deut. 31. 6; 7, 23; Josh. 10. 25; Ps. 27.
14; 31. 24, be of good c.
Acts 28, 15, thanked God and took c.
See Num. 13. 20; Josh. 1, 7; 2, 11; 2 Sam. 13. 28.
COURSE. Acts 20. 24; 2 Tim. 4, 7, finished my c.
2 Thess. 3. 1, may have free c.
Jas. 3. 6, setteth on fire the c. of nature.
See Judg. 5. 20; Ps. 82. 5; Acts 13. 25.
COURT. Ps. 65. 4, that he may dwell in thy c.
84. 2, fainleth for the c. of the Lord.
92. 13, flourish in the c. of our God.
100. 4, enter into his c. with praise.
Iss. 1. 12, who required this to tread my c.?
Lu. 7. 25, live delicately are in kings' c.
See 1sa. 34. 13; Jor. 19. 14; Ezek. 9. 7.
COURTEOUS. Acts 27. 3; 28. 7; 1 Pet. 3. 8.

COURTEOUS. Acts 27. 3; 28. 7; 1 Pet. 3. 8. COUSIN. Lu. I. 36, 58. COVENANT. Num. 18. 19; 2 Chron. 13. 5, c. of salt.

OVENANT. Num. 18, 19; 2 Chron. 13. 5, c. or sart. 25, 12, my c. of peace. Ps. 105. 6; 106. 45, he remembereth his c. for ever. 111. 5, ever mindful of his c. Iss. 28, 18, your c. with death disammulled. Mat. 26, 15; Lu. 22, 5, they c. with him. Acts 3, 25, children of the c. Rom. 9. 4, to whom pertaineth the c. Eph. 2, 12, strangers from c. of promise. Hea. 8. emediator of a better c.

Heh. 9. 6, mediator of a better c. 12, 24, mediator of the new c. 13, 20, thood of the everlasting c. See Gen. 9, 15; Ex. 34, 28; Job 31. 1; Jer. 50. 5.

See Gen. 9, 15; Ex. 34, 28; Job 31. 1; Jer. 50, 5. COVER. Ex. 15, 5, depths c, them, sank as stone. 33, 22, I will c, them.

1 Sam. 28, 14, an old man c, with a mantle. Esther 7, 5, they c, Harman's face.

Pa. 32, 1; Rom. 4, 7, blessed whose sin is c. 73, 6, violence c, them as a garment.

91, 4, he shall c, these with his feathers.

104, 6, thou c, it with the deep. Prov. 10, 6, 11, violence c, month of the wicked.

12, love c, all sins.

12, 16, a prudent man c, shame.

11, 9, he that c, transgression seeketh love, 28, 13, he that c, sins shall not prosper.

18, 26, 21, earth no more c, her slain, Mat. 3, 24, ship c, with waves.

10, 26; Lu, 12, 2, there is nothing c, 1 Cor. 11, 4, having his head c, 6, if women be not c.

6, if women be not c. 7, a man ought not to c. his head. 1 Pet. 4.8, oharity shall c. multitude of sins. See Gen. 7.19; Ex. 8.6; 21.33; Lev. 16.13.

COVERING. Job 22, 14, thick clouds are a c, to him.

24. 7, naked have no c. 1u the cold. 28. 6, destruction hath no c. 31. 19, if I have seen any poor without c. 1sa. 28. 20, c. narrower than he can wrap. See Gan. 6. 13; Lev. 13. 45; 2 Sam. 17. 19. COVERT. Ps. 61.4; Isa. 4.6; 16.4; 32.2

COVEER. Fa. 01. 2; 188. 4. 0; 10. 2; 02. 2 COVET. Prov. 21. 26, be c. greedily all the day. Hab. 2. 9, c. au evil coveroueness. Acts 20. 33, I have c. no man's silver. 1 Cor. 12. 31, c. earnestly the best gifts. 1 Tim. 6. 10, while some c. after, they erred. See Ex. 20. 17; Deut. 5. 21; Rom. 7. 7; 12. 9.

COVETOUS. Prov. 28, 16, he that hateth c. shall

OVELOUS.

prolong.

Ezek, 33, 31, their heart goeth after c,

Mk. 7, 22, out of heart proceedeth c.

Rom. 1, 23, filled with all c.

1 Cor. 6, 10; Eph, 55, nor c, inherit kingdom,

Eph, 53, but c., let it not be named.

2 Tim. 3, 2, men shall be c.

Hah 13, 5, conversation without c.

Heb. 13.5, conversation without c. 2 Pet. 2.3, through c. make merchandise, 14, exercised with c. practices. See Ps. 10.3; 119.36; 1 Cor. 6.10.
COW. Lev. 22.28; Job 21.10; Isa. 11.7.

CRACKLING, Eccl. 7. 6.

CRAFT. Joh 5, 13; 1 Cor. 3, 19, taketh wise in their c

their c, Lu. 20, 23, he perceived their c, Acte 19, 25, by this c, we have our wealth. 27, our c, is in danger. 2 Cor. 4, 2, not walking in c.

12. 16, heing c. 1 caught you. Eph. 4. 14, carried away with cunning c. See Dan. 8. 25; Acts 18. 3; Rev. 18. 22.

CRAG. Joh 39.28. CRANE. Isa. 38.14; Jer. 8.7.

CRASHING, Zeph. 1, 10. CRAVE. Prov. 16. 26; Mk. 15. 43.

CREATE.

ANA V.E. F.IOV. 10. 20; M.R. 10. 43.
REATE. 18.s. 40. 28, who hath c. these things?
43. 7. c. him for my glory.
65. 11, 1-c. new heavens and oew earth,
19-r. 31. 22, the Lord bath c. a new thing,
Amos 4. 13, he that c. wind.
Mal. 2. 10, hath not one God c. us?
1 Cor. 11. 9, neither was man c. for woman.
Eph. 2. 10. c. in Christ Leave.

Eph. 2. 10, c. in Christ Jesus.
4. 24, after God 1s c. in righteousness.
Col. 1. 18, by him were all things c.
1 Tim. 4. 3, which God c. to he received,
See Geo. 1. 1; 6. 7; Dout. 4. 32; Ps. 51, 10.

CREATION. Mk. 10. 6: 13. 19: Rom. 1. 20: 8. 22: 2 Pet. 3. 4.

CREATOR. Eccl. 12. 1; Isa. 40. 28; Rom. 1. 25; I Pet. 4. 19.

CREATURE. Mk. 16, 15; Col. 1, 23, preach to

every c. Rom. 8. 19, expectation of the c. 2 Cor. 5. 17; Gal. 6. 15, new c. Col. 1. 15, firsthorn of every c. 1 Tim. 4. 4, every c. of God is good. See Gen. 1. 20; 2. 19; Isa. 13. 21; Ezek. 1. 20.

CREDITOR. Deut. 15. 2; 2 Kings 4.1; Isa. 50.1; Lu. 7, 41

CREEK. Acts 27.39.

CREEP. Ps. 104. 20, beasts of the forest c, forth. 25, in sea are c, things.

Ezek, 8, 10, form of c, things portrayed. Acts 10. 12; 11.6, Peter saw c, things.

2 Tim. 3, 6, they c, into houses.

Jude 4, certain men c, in unswares.

See Geo. 1, 25; 7, 8; Lev. 11. 41; Deut. 4, 18.

CREW. Mat. 26. 74; Mk. 14. 68; Lu. 22. 60.

CRIB. Job 39.9; Prov. 14.4; Isa. 1.3. CRIMSON. 2 Chr. 2.7; Isa. 1. 18; Jer. 4.30.

CRIPPLE. Acts 14.8. CROOKED. Eccl. 1, 15; 7, 13, c. cannot be made etraight

etraignt. 18a. 40. 4; 42. 18; Lu. 3. 5, o. ehall be made straight. 45. 2, make the o. places straight. 59. 8; Lsm. 3. 9, o. paths. Phil. 2, 15, in midst of a c. action. See Lev. 21. 20; Deut. 32. 5; Joh 26. 13.

CROPS. Lev. 1. 18; Ezek. 17. 22. CROSS. Met. 16. 24; Mk. 8. 34; 10. 21; Lu. 9. 23,

ROSS. Met. 16. 24; Mk. 8. 34; 10. 21; Lu. 9. 23, take up c. 27, 32; Mk. 15. 27; Lu. 23. 26, compelled to bear c. 40; Mk. 15. 30, come down from c. John 19. 25, there stood by c. 10cn. 1. 17, Gal. 6. 12; Phil. 3. 18, c. of Christ. 18, preaching of the c. Gal. 5. 11, offence of the c. 8. 14, glory save in the c. Eph. 2. 16, reconcile both by the c. Phil. 2. 8, the death of the c. Col. 1. 20, peace through blood of the c. 2. 14, nailing it to his c. Heb. 12. 2, for joy endured the c. See Obad. 14; Mat. 10. 38; John 19. 17, 19. ROUCH. 1 Sam. 2. 36; Ps. 10. 10.

CROUCH. 1 Sam. 2. 36; Ps. 10. 10.

CROWN. Job 19.9, taken the c. from my head. Ps. 8.5; Heh. 2.7, 9, c. with glory and honour.

Ps. 65. 11, thou c. the year.

103. 4. c. thee with loyloghindness.

Prov. 4. 9, s. c. of glory shall she deliver.

12. 4. virtuous woman le s. c.

13. 4. prudect c. with knowledge.

16. 31, hoary lead s. c. of glory.

17. 6, children's children are the c. of old men.

1sa. 2. 1, we to the c. of pride.

Mat. 27. 29; Mk. 15. 17; John 19. 2, s. c. of thorus.

1 Cor. 9. 25, to obtain a corruptible c.

Phil. 4. 1, my joy and c.

1 Thess. 2 18, s. c. of rejolcing.

2 Tim. 2. 5, not c. except he strive.

4. 3, s. c. of rightcousness.

1sa. 1 12; Rev. 2 19, c. of life.

1 Pet. 5. 4, s. c. of glory.

Rev. 3 11, hold fast, that no man take thy c.

4. 10, cast c. before throne.

19. 12, on head were many c.

See Ex. 25. 25; 28. 6; Job 31. 36.

CRUCIFY. Mat. 27. 22, 31 said, let him be c.

Mk. 15. 13; Lu. 23. 21; John 19. 6, 15, c. him.

Act 32. 23, by wicked hands ye have c.

Rom. 8. 6, old man is c. with him.

1 Cor. 1. 13, was Psul c. for you.

22, we preach Christ c.

2. 2. save Jesus Christ and him c.

2 Cor. 13. 4, though he was c. through weakness.

61. 2. 20, 1 am c. with Christ.

3. 1, Christ set forth c.

53.1, Christ set forth c, 5.24, have c, the flesh. 6.14, the world is c, unto me. Heb, 6.8, c, to themselves afresh. See Mat. 20.19; 23.34; 27.31; Mk. 15.20.

See Met. 20. 19; 20. 9; 21. 01; m.s. 10. 20. CRUEL. Ps. 25. 19, with c. hatred. 27. 12, breathe out c. 42. 20, full of the habitations of c. Prov. 5. 9, give thy years to the c. 11. 17, c. troubleth his own flesh, 12. 10, tender mercies of the wicked are c. 27. 4, wrath is c. Cant. 8. 6, jealousy is c. Heb. 11. 86, trials of c. mocklogs. See Gen. 49. 7; Ex. 8. 9; Deut. 32. 33. See Gen. 49. 7; Ex. 8. 9; Deut. 32. 33.

CRUMBS. Met. 15. 27; Mk. 7. 28; Lu. 16. 27. CRUSE. 1 Sam. 28, 11; 1 Kings 14, 3; 17, 12: 19. 8.

CRUSH. Joh 5. 4, children are c. in the gate. 39. 15, forgetteth that the foot may c, them. See Lev. 22. 24; Num. 22. 25; Deut. 28. 33.

CRY (n.). 1 Sam. 5. 12, c. of the city went up to

heaven.
Joh 34, 32, he heareth the c. of the afflicted.
Ps. 9, 12, forgetteth not c. of the humble.
34, 15, cans are open to their c.
Prov. 21, 13, stoppeth his ears at the c. of the

Prov. 21. 13, stoppeth his ears at the c. of the poor.

Mat. 25. 6, at midolght there was a c. made.

See Geo. 18. 20; Ex. 2. 23; Num. 16. 34.

CRY (v.). Ex. 14. 15, wherefore c. thou unto me?

Lev. 13. 45, cover his lip, sad c. uniclean.

Job 29, 12, 1 delivered poor that c.

Prov. 8. 1, doth not wisdom c.

Prov. 8. 1, doth not wisdom c.

18a. 58. 1, c. sloud, spare not.

Mat. 12. 19, he shall not strive nor c.

20. 31; Mk. 10. 48; Lu. 18. 39, they c. the more.

Lu. 18. 7, elect who c. day sad night.

John 7. 37, Jesue c. if any mac brinst.

Acts 19. 32; 21. 34, some c. one thing and some snother.

another.

See Ex. 5. 8; 32. 18; 2 Kings 8. 3. CRYING. Prov. 19. 18; Isa. 65. 19; Heb. 5. 7; Rev. 21. 4.

CRYSTAL. Job 28, 17; Ezek. 1, 22; Rev. 4, 6; 21, 11; 22, 1. CUBIT. Mat. 6, 27; Lu. 12, 25.

CUCUMBERS. Num, 11.5; Isa, 1.8, CUMBER. Deut. 1. 12; Lu. 10. 40; 13. 7.

CUNNING. Ps. 137.5, let my hand forget her c.

Jer. 9. 17, send for c. women. Eph. 4, 14, carried about by c. craftiness. 2 Pet. 1, 16, not follow c. devised fables. Seg Gen. 25, 27; Ex. 36, 23; 1 Sam. 16, 16; Dan.

11. 26, as often as ye drink this c. 27, drink this c. unworthily. See Gen. 40. 11; 44. 2; Prov. 23. 31, CURDLED. Job 10. 10.

GURE. Lu. 7. 21, in that hour he c. many.
9. 1, power to c. diseases.
13. 32, 1 do c. to-day.
See Jer. 33. 6; 46. 11; Hos. 5. 13; Mat. 17. 16.
GURIOUS. Ex. 28. 6; Ps. 139. 15; Acts 19. 19.
GURRENT. Gen. 23. 16.
GURSE (n.). Dout. 11. 26, I set before you blessing and c.
23. 5. turned c. has Nov.

Mel. 3. 9, ye are cursed with a c. Gal. 3. 10, are under the c. Rev. 22. 3, no more c. See Gen. 27. 12; Num. 5. 18.

See ven. 24. Le.; Num. 1. 2. whom See ven. 24. Le.; Num. 25. 8, how shall i.e. whom God hath not. Judg. 5. 25. c. ye Moroz, e. ye bitterly. Job 2. 9, e. God, and die. Ps. 62. 4, they bless, but e. inwardly, Mai. 2. 2, I will e. your bessings. Mat. 5. 44; Jub. 6. 28; I kom. 12. 13, bless them that

Mat. D. #1, July 22, 24; Mk. 14, 71, he began to c.

Mk. 11, 21, fig tree thon c.

John 7, 49, knoweth not the law are c.
Gal. 3.10, c. is every one that continueth not,
Jas. S. 9, therewith c. we men.

Ese Gen. 8, 21; 12, 3; Num. 22, 6.

Mat. 0 a. Mk. 2, 14; Ln. 5, 27, recei

CUSTOM, Mat. 9. 9; Mk. 2, 14; Lu. 5, 27, receipt

OUNTING. Mat. 4, 9; MK. 2, 17; LII. 6, 21, 100 of c.
17. 25, of whom do kings take c.
LII. 4, 16, as his c. was, weet into synagogue.
John 16. 39, we have a c.
Acts 16. 21, teach c. which are not lawful.
Rom. 13. 1, c. to whom c.
1 Cor. 11. 16, we have no such c.
See Gen. 31. 35; Judg. 11. 39; Jer. 10. 3.
CUITING. Ex. 31. 35; Isa. 38. 10; MK. 5. 5.
CUITING. LCC. 13. 1 CYMBAL, 1 Cor. 13, 1,

D.
DAGGER. Judg. 3. 16, 21, 22.

DAILY. Ps. 13. 2, sorrow in my heart d, 68. 19, d. loadeth us.
Prov. 8. 39, 1 was d, his delight.
Dan. 8. 11; 11. 31; 12. 11, d. eacrifice taken away.
Mat. 6. 11; Lu. 11. 3, our d. bread.
Lu. 9. 23, take up cross d.
Acts 2. 47, added to church d.
6. 1, the d. ministration.
16. 5, churches increased d.
17. 11, searched the scriptures d.
1 Cor. 15. 31, I die d.
Jas. 2. 15, destinte of d. food.
See Num. 4. 16; 28. 24; Neh. 5. 18; Dan. 1. 5.
DAINTY. Ps. 141. 4, let me not eat of their d.

DAINTY. Ps. 141. 4, let me not est of their d. Prov. 23. 3, be not desirous of his d. See Gen. 49. 20; Job 33. 20; Rev. 18. 14.

DALE. Gen. 14. 17; 2 Sam. 18. 18. DAM. Ex. 22. 30; Lev. 22. 27; Dent. 22, 6. DAMAGE. Prov. 26. 6, drinketh d.

Acts 27.10, voyage will be with much d. 2 Cor. 7.9, receive d. by us in nothing. See Ezra 4.22; Esth. 7.4; Dan. 6.2. DAMNABLE, 2 Pet. 2.1.

DAMNATION. Mat. 23, 33, can ye escape the

DAMNED, Mk, 16, 16; Rom, 14, 23; 2 Thess. 2, 12. Ps. 68, 25, among them were the d. DAMSEL.

playing.
Mat. 14. 11; Mk. 6. 28, given to the d.
26. 69; John 16. 17, d. came to Peter.
Mk. 5. 39, the d. is not dead.
Acts 12. 13, a d. came to hearken.

16. 16, d. possessed with a spirit. See Gen. 24. 55; 34. 3; Judg. 5. 30; Rutb 2. 5.

See Gen. 24.55; 34.3; Juag. 5.30; Rutb 2.5. DANCE. Ex. 32. 19. he saw the calf, and d. 1 Sam. 18.6; earne out singing and d. 2 Sam. 6. 14. David d. he fore the Lord. Job 21. 11, their children d. Ps. 30. 11, tureed my mourning into d. 149. 3; 150. 4; praise him in the d. Eccl. 34, a time to d. Mat. 11. 17; Lu. 7. 32, piped, and ye have not d. 14.6; Mk. 6.22, daughter of Herodias d. See Judg. 21. 23; Jer. 31. 13; Lam. 5. 15. DANDLED. Tas. 68.19.

DANDLED. Isa. 66. 12. DANGER. Mat. 3. 29; Mk. 5, 21; Acts 19. 27; 27. 9.

ARE. Rom, 6, 7, some would even d. to die. See Job 41, 10; Rom, 15, 18; 1 Cor. 6, 1; 2 Cor. 10, 12, DARE.

see Jon 41. 10; Rom. 15. 18; 1 Cor. 6. 1; 2C
DARK. Joh 12. 25, they grope in the d.
22. 13, ean he judge through d. cloud?
24. 16, in the d. they dig.
38. 2. that d. counsel by words.
Ps. 49. 4; Prov. 1. 6, d. sayings.
69. 23; Rom. 11. 10, let their eyes be d.
88. 12; wonders be known in the d.
Ecol. 12. 2. stars be not d.
3. look out of windows he d.

Eccl. 12. 2, stars be not d. 3, look out of windows be d. Zech. 14. 6, shall not be clear nor d. Mat. 24. 29; Mx. 13. 24, sun be d. Lu, 23. 45, sun d. and vall rent. John 20. 1, early, when it was yet d. Rom. 1. 21, foolish heart was d. Eph. 4. 18, understanding d. See Gen. 15. 17; Ex. 10. 15; Num. 12. 8; Joel 2. 10.

2.10

DREKNESS. Deut. 5.22, spake out of thick d.
22.23, grope as the blind in d.

1 Sam. 2.9, wicked shell be silent in d.

2 Sam. 22.10: Pe. 18.9, d. under his feet.
29: Pe. 18.28, Lord will enlighten my d.

1 Kings 8.12: 2 Chron. 6.1, dwell to thick d.
105 3.5; Ps. 10.10, d. and shadow of death,
10.22, land where the light is as d.
30.26, waited for light there came d.
Ps. 91. 6, pestilence that walketh in d.
97. 2, cloude and d. are round about him,
112.4, to upright ariseth light in d.
139.12. d. and light alike to thee.
Prov. 20.20, lamp be put out in d.
Eccl. 2.13, as far as light excelleth d.
14, fool walketh in d.
15a.59, in, try d. sa noon day.

14. fool walketh in d.

18a. 58. 10, thy d. as noon day.
60. 2. d. cover the earth, gross d.
Joel 2. 2. day of clouds and thick d.
Mat. 6. 22; Ju. 11. 24, body full of d.
8. 12; 22; 13; 25. 30, outer d.
10. 27; Lu. 12. 3, what I tell in d. speak.
Iu. 1. 79; Rom. 2. 19, light to them that sit in d.
22. 63; Col. 1. 13, the power of d.
23. 44, d. over all the earth.
John 1. 5, d. comprehended it not.
3. 19, loved d. rather than light.

John 12.35, walk while ye have light, lest d, Acte 23.15, turn from d. to light.
Rom. 13.12; Eph. 5.11, works of d, 1 Cor. 4.5, hidden things of d.
2 Cor. 4.6, light to shine out of d.
6.14, what communion high light with d.?
Eph. 6.12, rulers of the d. of this world.
1 Thees 5.5, not of the night nor of d.
Hob. 12.18, to blackness and d.
1 Pet. 2.9, out of d. into marvellous light.
2 Fet. 2.4, into chains of d.
1 John 1.5, in him len of d. at all, 6, and wish in d., we lie.
1 John 2.5, the d. is past.
9, hetch his brother, is in d.
11, d. hast blinded his eyes.
Rev. 16.10, kingdom full of d.
See Gen. 1.2; 15.12; Ex. 10.2; 20.21.
DARLING. P. 22.20; 35.17.
DARLING. Pot. 12.85.

DART. Job 41. 22; Prov. 7. 23; Eph. 6. 16.

DABH. Pz. 2. 9; Isa. 13. 16; Hos. 13. 16, d. in pieces.
91. 12; Mst. 4. 6; Lu. 4; II, d. thy foot.
137. 9, that d. thy little ones.
See Ex. 16. 6; 2 Kings 6, 12; Jor. 13. 14. DAUB, Ex. 2, 3; Ezek. 13. 10; 22, 28, DAUGHTER. Gen. 24. 23. 47; Judg. 11. 34, whose d. art thou?

art thou?

27. 46, weary of life because of d. of Heth.
Deut. 28. 53, est flesh of sone and d.
28cm. 1. 20, lest d. of Philistines rejoice.
12. 3, lamb was unto him as a d.
Ps. 45. 9, kings d. among honourable women.
144. 12, our d. as corner-stones.
Prov. 30. 15, horseleech hath two d.
31. 29, many d. have done virtuously.
Eccl. 12. 4, the d. of music.
1sa. 22. 4; Jer. 9. 1; Lam. 2. 11; 3. 48, spoiling of the d.

the d.

the d.
Jer. 6, 14, healed hurt of d. of my people,
8, 21, for hurt of d. am I hurt,
9, 1, weep for elsin of d. of my people.
Mic. 7, 6; Mat. 10, 35; Lu. 12, 53, d. riseth against mother. Mat. 15. 28, her d. was made whole.

Lu. 6. 42, one only d., about twelve years of age, 13. 16, this woman d. of Abraham. Heb. 11. 24, refused to be son of Pharsob's d. See Gen. 6. 1; Ex. 1. 16; 21. 7; Num. 27. 6.

DAWN, Ps. 119, 147, I prevented the d, of the

DAWN. Ps. 119, 147, I prevented the d. of the morning.
2 Pet. 1.19, till the day d.
See Josh. 6.15; Judg. 10.23; Job 3.9; 7.4.

DAY. Gen. 41.9, I do remember my fauite this d.
Deut. 4.32, ask of the d. that are past,
1 Sam. 25. 8 come in a good d.
2 Kings 7.9, this d. is a d. of good tidings.
1 Curon. 23.1, 28; 2 Chron. 24.15, full of d.
29.15; Job 8. 9, our d. as a shadow.
Neh. 4.2, will they make an end in a d.
Job 7.1, d. like the d. of an hirelling.
14.6, till be accomplish hie d.
19.25, stand at latter d. upon the earth.
21.30, reserved to d. of destruction.

21, 30, reserved to d. of destruction.
32.7, I said, d. should speak.
Ps. 2.7; Acts 13.33; Heb. 1.5, this d. have I be-

Pa. 2.7; Acts 13.33; Heb. 1.5, this d. have I gotten thee.
gotten thee.
19.2, d. unto d. uttereth speech,
Pa. 84.10, s d. in thy courts.
Prov. 3.2, 16, length of d.
4.18, more and more to perfect d.
27.1, what s d. may bring forth.
Eccl. 7.1, d. of death better than d. of birth.
12.1, while the evil d. come not.
12.1, while the evil d. come not.
13.3, the Lord will keep it uight and d.
56.5, acceptable d. to the Lord.
65.20, an infant of d.
Zech. 4.10, despised d. of small things.
Mat. 7.22, many will say in that d.

Mat. 24. 36; Mk. 13. 32, that d. knoweth no man. 50; Lu. 12. 46, in a d. looked not for. 25. 13, ye know not the d. nor the hour. Lu. 21. 34, that d. come unawares. 1.0. 2.1. 34, that a, come thawares. 23, 43, to-d, shalt thou he with me. John 6.39, raise it again at last d. 6.56, Abraham rejoiced to see my d. 9, 4, I must work while it is d. Acts 17.31, he hath appointed a d. Acts 17, 31, he hath appointed a d.
Rom. 2.5, wrath against d. of wrath,
14.5, esteemeth every d. ailite.
Phil. 1.6, perform it until d. of Christ.
1 These, 5.2; 2 Pet. 3.10, d. cometh as a thief.
5, children of the d.
Heb. 13, 3, Jesus Christ same to-d. and for ever.
2 Pet. 3.8, one d. as a thousand years.
See Gen, 1.5; Zl. 2; Job 1.4; Ps. 77.5; 118, 24.

2Pet. 3. 5, one d, as a thousand years.
See Gen. 1. 5; 27. 2; Job J. 4; Pa. 77. 5; 118. 24.
DAYSMAN. Job 9. 33.
DEAD. Lev. 19. 23, cuttings for the d.
Ruth 1. 6, as ye have dealt with d.
1 Sam. 24. 14; 2 Sam. 9. 6; 16. 9, d, dog.
Pa. 31. 12, forgotten as e d, man.
115. 17, d, praise not the Lord.
Prov. 9. 13, knoweth not that the d. are there.
Eccl. 4. 2, the d. which are stready d.
9. 4, living dog better than d. lion.
5, d, know not any thing.
10. 1, d, files cause ointment.
Isa. 26, 19, thy d. men shall live.
Jer. 22. 10, weep not for the d.
Mat. 8, 22, let the d. hury their d.
9. 21; Mk. 5. 39; 1. Us. 5. 2, not d., but eleepeth.
11. 5; Lu. 7, 22, deaf hear, d. raised.
22. 32, not God of the d.
23. 27, full of d. men's bones.
Mk. 9. 10, rising from d. should mean.
1. 10. 15, 24, 32; Rev. 1. 16, d. and is slive again.
16. 31, though one rose from the d.
John 5, 25, d. shall hear.
6. 49, did eat manna, and are d.
11. 25, though d., yet shall he live,
44, he that was d. came forth.
Acts 10. 42; 2 Tim. 4. 1, judge of qulck and d.
26. 23, first that should rise from d.
Rom. 6, 2, 11; 1 Pet. 2, 24, d. to sin.
1. 4; Gal. 2. 19, d. to the law.
14. 9, Lord both of d. and living.
1 Cor. 15, 15, 4ft bed, rise not.
35, how are the d. raised.

14.9, Lora both of d. and nying.
1Cor. 15. 15. if the d. rise not.
35, how are the d. raised.
2 Cor. 1.9, trust in God who raiseth d.
5.14, then were all d.
Eph. 2.1; Col. 2.13, d. in treepasses and sins.
5.14, srise from the d.
2.20; 2 Tim. 2.11, d. with Christ.
1 Thess. 4.16, d. in Christ shall rise first.
1 Tim. 5. 6, d. while she liveth.
Heb., 6.1; 9.14, from d. works.
11.4, being d., yet speaketh.
13.20, brought again from the d.
Jas. 2.17, 20, 26, faith d.
Jas. 2.17, 20, 26, faith d.
Let. 4.6, preached to them that are d.
Jude 12, twice d.
Rev. 1.5, first-hegotten of the d.
3.1, a name that thou livest and art d.
14.13, hlessed are the d.
25.5, rest of d. lived not again.
12, the d. small and great.
13, eas gaye up d.
25.5, Rest. 10.

13, sea gave up d. See Gen. 23.3; Ex. 12. 30; Mk. 9. 26; Rev. 1. 18. DEADLY. Mk. 16, 18, drink any d. thing. Jss. 3, 8, tougue full of d. poison. See 1 Sam. 5, 11; Ps. 17, 9; Ezek. 30, 24.

DEAF. Ps. 58. 4, llke d. adder that stoppeth, Isa. 29. 18, shall the d. hear the words. Mat. 11.5; Lu. 7.22, the d. hear. Mk. 7.37, he maketh the d. to hear. 9.25, thou d. spirit, come out. See Ex. 4. 11; Lov. 19.14; Iss. 42.18; 43.8.

DEAL. Lev. 19.11, nor d. falsely. Joh 42. 8, d. with you after foily. Ps. 75. 4, d. not foolish d. truly his delight. Prov. 12. 22, they that d. truly his delight. Isa. 21. 2; 24. 16, treacherous dealer d. treacherously.

26. 10, in land of uprightness d. unjustly,
Jer. 6, 13; 8, 10, every one d. falsely.
Hos. 5.7, have d. treacherously against the Lord.
Zech. 1.6, as Lord thought, so hath he d.
Mk. 7.36; 10, 48, the more a great d.
Lu. 2, 48, why hast thou thus d. with us?
Rom. 12, 3, according as God hath d.
See Gen. 22, 9; Ex. 110; Deut. 7.5; 2Chron. 2, 3,
DEALING. 18am. 2, 23; Ps. 7. 16; John 4, 9. DEALING. 18am. 2.2; Ps. 7. 16; John 4.9.
DEAR, Jer. 31.20, is Bphraim my d. son.
Acts 20, 24, neither count 1 my life d.
Rom. 12 19; 1 Cor. 10, 14; 2 Cor. 7, 1; 12, 19; Phil.
4.1; 2 Tim. 1.2; 1 Pet. 2. 11, d. beloved.
Eph. 5.1, followers of God as d. children,
Col. 1.13, into kingdom of his d. Son.
1 Thess. 2.8, because ye were d. unto us.
See Jer. 12, 7; Lu. 7.2; Philem. 1. DEARTH. 2 Chr. 6, 28, if there he a d, in the Neh. 5.3, buy corn because of d. Acts 11, 28, Agabus signified a great d. See Gen. 41.54; 2 Kings 4.38; Jer. 14.1; Acts 7.11. Neh. 5.3. buy corn because of d.
Acts 11.28. Agabus signified a great d.
See Gen. 41.54; 2 Kings 4.38; Jer. 14.1; Acts 7.11.
DEATH. Num. 16.29; if these men die common d.
23.10, let me die d. of righteous.
Judg. 5.16, jeoparded lives to the d.
16.16, soul was vexed to d.
30, which he siew at his d. were more.
Ruth 1.17; if ought hut d. part thee and me.
1 Sam. 15.32; the hitterness of d. past.
20.3. hut a step between me and d.
22mn. 15.34; the hitterness of d. past.
20.3. hut a step between me and d.
22mn. 15.34; the hitterness of d. past.
20.3. hut a step between me and d.
22mn. 15.34; the hitterness of d. past.
20.3. hut a step between me and d.
22mn. 17.34; the fitterness of d. past.
20.3. hut a step between me and d.
22mn. 17.34; the fitterness of d. compassed.
John 2.34; the method of d.
23.44; the step of d.
23.45; the weight of d.
23.44; valley of shadow of d.
23.44; valley of shadow of d.
24.54; the unguide even unto d.
25.46; the issues from d.
26.48; the unguide ver unto d.
26.49; the issues from d.
26.40; the issues from d.
27.74; to chambers of d.
28.41; deliver them drawn to d.
28.41; deliver them drawn to d.
28.41; deliver them drawn to d.
28.41; deliver them drawn to d.
28.41; deliver them drawn to d.
29.41; deliver them drawn to d.
20.42; J. Cor. 15.36; swallow up d. in victory.
38.18; for d. cannot celebrate thee.
29.34; d. come up to our windows.
22.44; d. km. 71; l. p. thim die the d.
36.28; thk. 9.1; Lu. 9.27; not taste of d.
30.38; Mk. 9.1; Lu. 9.27; not taste of d.
30.38; Mk. 9.1; Lu. 9.27; not taste of d.
30.39; Mk. 9.1; Lu. 9.27; not taste of d.
30.30; should not see d. before.
22.33; while so to prison and d.
31.40; d. 1 will be thy plagues.
32.41; J. John 3.14; passed from d. to life.
35.15; 2, keep my saying, shall never see d.
31.40; d. 1; John 3.14; passed from d. to life.
36.10; (o.1 1.22; reconciled by the d.
32; d. 40; d. 40; d. 40; d. 40; d. 40; d. 40;

Rom. 8. 2, law of sin and d. 1 Cor. 3, 22, life or d. all are yours. 11. 26, show the Lord's d. till he come, 15. 21, by man came d. 55, 56. 0 d. where is thy sting? 2, or. 1. 9, sentence of d. in ourselves. 2 Cor. 1. 9, sentence of a. In ourse 2. 16, sayour of d. unto d. 4. 12, d. worketh in us. 11. 23, iu d. oft. Phil. 2. 6, d., even d. of the cross. Heb. 2. 9, taste d. for every man. Heb. 2.9, taste d. for every man. 15, through fear of d. were.
Jas. 1.15, sin bringeth forth d.
1. John 5.16, a sin unto d.
Rev. 1. 18, keys of hell and of d.
2. 10, he faithful unto d.
11; 6. 14, second d.
6. 8, his name that sat on him was d.
9. 6, seek d. and d. shall flee.
20. 5. d. and hell delivered up.
21. 4, no more d.
See Prov. 14. 12; 16, 25; John 18. 31; Jas. 5. 20.
DEBASE. Isa. 57. 9.
DEBASE. Isa. 57. 9.
DEBASE. Isa. 57. 9. DEBATE. Prov. 25, 9; Isa, 58, 4; Rem. 1, 29; 2 Cor. 12. 20 DEBT. 2 Kings 4.7, go, pay thy d. and live. Neh. 10. 31, leave the exaction of every d. Prov. 22. 26, he not sureties for d. Mat. 16. 27, forgave him the d. See 1 Sam. 22. 2; Mat. 6. 12; Rom. 4.4. Nee 1 Sam. 22. 2; Mat. 6, 12; Rom. 4. 4. DEBTOR. Rom. 1. 4, 1 am d. to the Greeks. 8. 12, we are d., not to the fliesh. 15. 27, their d. they are. Gal. 5, 3, d. to do the whole law. See Ezek. 18. 7; Mat. 23. 46; Ln. 7. 41; 16. 5. DECAY. Lev. 25, 35; Neh. 4. 10; Heh. 8. 13. DECEASE. Isa. 26. 14; Mat. 22. 25; Lu. 9. 31; DECEASE. Isa. 26. 14; Mat. 22. 25; Lu. 9. 31; DECEASE. DECEASE. 18a. 25, 14; Mat. 22. 25; Ld. 9. 31; 2 Pot. 1. 15. 10, 7, mouth full of d. and fraud. 36. 3, words are iniquity and d. 55. 23, d. men shall not live half their days. Prov. 12. 5, counsels of wicked are d. 20. 17, hread of d. 1s sweet. 27. 6, kisses of an enemy are d. 31. 30, favour is d. and beauty valn. Jer. 14. 14; 23. 26, prophesy the d. of their heart. 17. 9, heart is d. and beauty valn. Jer. 14. 14; 23. 26, prophesy the d. of their heart. 17. 9, heart is d. ahove all things. 48. 10, that doeth work of the Lord d. Hos. 11. 12, compasseth me with d. Amos 6. 5, falsilying balances by d. Zeph. 1. 9, fill their masters' houses with d. Mat. 13. 22; Mk. 4. 19, the d. of riches. Mk. 1. 22, out of heart proceed d. Rom. 5. 13, they have used d. 2 Cor. 4. 2, handling word of God d. 11. 15, false apostles, d. workers. Eph. 4. 22, according to d. lusts. Col. 2. 8, valn d., after tradition. DECEIVE. Deut. 11, 16, take heed that your heart he not d. he not d. 2 Kings 19, 10; Isa. 37. 10, let not thy God d. thee. Joh 12, 16, the d. and the d. are his. Jen. 20, 7, thou hast d. me and I was d. 37, 9, d. not yourselves. Ohad. 3, pride of heart hath d. thee. Mat. 24, 24, if possible d. the very elect. Mat. 24. 24, if possible d. the very cleet.
27. 63, remember that d. said.
John 7. 12, nay, but he d. the people.
44, are ye also d.?
1 Cor. 6. 9; 15. 33; Gal. 6. 4, be not d.
2 Gor. 6. 8, as d., and yet true.
Eph. 4. 14, whereby they lie in wait to d.
6. 6; 2 Thess. 2. 3; 1 John 3. 7, let no man d. you.
1 Tim. 2. 14, Adam was not d.
2 Tim. 3. 13, worse and worse, d. and being d.
1 John 1. 8, no sin, we d. ourselves.
2 John 7, many d. entered into world.
See Gen. 31. 7; Isa. 44. 20; Ezek. 14. 9; Rev. 12. 9;
19. 20. DECENTLY, 1 Cor. 14, 40, DECISION, Joel 3, 14, DECK. Joh 40. 10, d. thyself with majesty.
Isa. 61. 10, as a bridegroom d. himself.
Jer. 4. 30, though thou d. thee with ornsments. 10. 4, they d, it with silver. See Prov. 7. 16; Ezek. 16. 11; Rev. 17. 4; 18. 16. DECLARATION. Esth. 10. 2: Job 13. 17: Lu. 1. 1; 2 Cor. 8, 19 DECLARE. 1 Chron, 16, 24; Ps. 96, 3, d. glory among DECLARE. 1 Chron. 16.24; Ps. 96.3, d. glory among heathen.
Job 21. 31, who shall d. his way to his face.
31. 37, I would d. number of my steps.
Ps. 2.7, I will d. decree.
Ps. 2.7, I will d. decree.
Ps. 1.1, heavens d. glory of God.
30.9, ehsll dust d. thy truth.
40.10, I have d. thy faithfulness.
66.16, I will d. what he hath done.
75.9, I will d. for ever.
118. 17, live and d. the works of the Lord.
145. 4, one generation shall d. thy mighty acts.
18a. 3.9, they d. their sin as Sodom.
41. 26; 45. 21, who hath d. from heginning.
45. 19, I d. things that are right.
46. 19, d. my glory among Gentiles.
John 17. 26, have d. thy name and will d. it.
Acts 13. 32, we d. to you glad tidings.
17. 32, him d. I unto you.
20. 21, d. the counsel of God.
Rom. 1.4, d. to be Son of God with power.
1 Cor. 3. 13, day shall d. it.
See John 20. 4; John 1. 18; Heb. 11. 14; 1 John 1. 3.
DECLINE. heathen. DECLINE. Deut. 17, 11, thou shalt not d. from sentence sentence. 2 Chron. 34. 2, d. neither to right nor left. Pa. 102. 11; 109. 23, days like a shadow that d. 119. 51, 151, not d. from thy law. See Ex. 23. 2; Joh 23. 11; Prov. 4. 5; 7. 25. DECREASE. Gen. 8. 5 : Ps. 107, 38 : John 3, 30. DECREE. Job 22.28, thou shalt d, a thing and it shall be. 28. 26, made s d. for the rain.
Ps. 148. 6, s d. which shall not pass.
Prov. 8. 15, by me princes d. justice. Frov. 8. 15, by me princes d. justice, 29, he gave to the sea his d.
Isa. 10. 1, that d. unrighteous d.
Acts 16. 4, delivered the d. to keep.
See Dan. 2 9; 6. 8; Acts 17. 7; 1 Cor. 7. 37.

DEDICATE. Deut. 20. 5, lest he die and another d. EDITION 15. d. 1t.
Judg. 17. 3. wholly d. silver to the Lord.
1 Chron. 2d. 27, of spoil they did d.
Ezek. 44. 29, every d. thing shall he theirs.
See 1 Kings 7.51; 8.63; 15.15; 1 Chron. 18. 11;
Heb. 9.18. Heb. 9. R.

DEED. Ex. 9, 16; 1 Sam. 25. 34; 28. 4, in very d. 2 Sam. 12. 14, hy this d. hast given occasion.

Ezra 9. 13, come upon us for our evil d.
Nel. 13. 14, wipe not out my good.

Ps. 28. 4; 1sa. 59, 18; Jer. 25. 14; Rom. 2. 6, according to their d.
Lu. 11. 48, ye sllow the d. of your fathers.

23. 41, due reward of our d.
24. 19, a prophet mighty in d.
John 5. 19, hecause their d. were evil.
8. 41, ye do the d. of your father.
Acts. 7. 22. Moses, mighty in word and d.
Rom. 3. 20, hy d. of law no flesh justified.
23, justified without d. of the law.
Col. 5. 9, put off old man with his d.
11, whatsever ye do in word or d.
13s. 1. 25, shall be blessed in his d.
13ons 5. 18, not love in word, but in d.
Ree Gen. 44, 16; Lu. 25. 51; Acts 19. 18.

DEEMED. Acts 21. 27.

DEEMED. Acts 27. 27.

DEEP. Gen. 7. 11; 8. 2, fountains of d.

Dent. 33. 13, the d. that coucheth beneath, Job 38. 30, face of d. is frozen.

41. 31, maketh the d. holl like a pot. 92. 36. 6, thy judgments are a great d.
42. 7, d. calleth to d.
95. 4, in hie hand are the d. places.
107. 24, see his wonders in the d.
Prov. 22. 14; 23. 27, strange women d. pit. Prov. 22. 14; 23. 27, strange women d. pit. Iss. 63, 13, 16 d them through d. Mst. 13. 5, no d. of earth.
Lu. 5, 4, launch into d.
6. 48, digged d. and laid foundations.
8. 31, command to go into the d.
John 4. II, the well is d.
1 Cor. 2. 10, searcheth d., things of God.
See Joh 4. 13; 33. 15; Prov. 10. 15; kom. 10. 7. DEER. Deut. 14.5; 1 Kings 4.23. DEFAME. Jer. 20, 10; 1 Cor. 4, 13, DEFEAT. 2 Sam. 15, 34; 17, 14. DEFEAT. 2 Sam. 15. 34; 17. 14.

DEFENCE. Job 22. 25. the Almighty shall be thy d.
Ps. 7. 10, my d. is of God.
59. 9, 17; 62. 2, for God is my d.
89. 18; 94. 22, Lord is d.
Eccl. 7. 12, wisdom a d., money a d.
1sa. 33. 16, place of d. munitions of rocks.
Phil. 1. 7, 17, in d. of the Gospel.
See Num. 14 9; Acts 19. 33; 22. 1.

DEFEND. Ps. 5. 11, shout for joy, because thou d. tuein. 82. 3, d. the poor and fatherless. Zech. 9.15, Lord of hosts shall d. them. Acts 7. 24, d. him and avenged the oppressed. See Fs. 20.1; 59.1; 1sa. 31.5. Acts 7. 24, d. him and avenged the oppressed. See Ps. 20. 1; 59. 1; 18a. 31. 5.

DEFILE. Ex. 31. 14, that d. sabbath be put to death, Num. 35. 33, blood d. the land.

2 Kings 23. 13, high places did king d.
Neh. 13. 29, they have d. the priesthood,
Ps. 74. 7; 79. 1, d. dwelling-place of thy name.
106. 39, d. with their own works.
Iss. 59. 3, your hands are d. with blood.
Jer. 27. 156. 18, ye d. my land.
Ezek. 4. 13, est their d. bread.
23. 38, they have d. my sand.
Ezek. 4. 13, est their d. bread.
23. 38, they have d. my sand.
Ezek. 4. 13, est their d. bread.
23. 38, they have d. my sand.
Ezek. 4. 13, est their d. bread.
23. 38, they have d. my sand title mest.
Mst. 15. 11, 18, 20; Mk. 7. 15. 20, 23, d. s msu.
John 18. 28, lest they should be d.
1 Con. 3. 17, if any man d. temple of God.
8. 4, conscience being weak is d.
1 Tim. 1. 10, law for them that d. themselves.
Tit. 1. 15. to d. nothing pure, even conscience d.
Heh. 12. 15, thereby many be den conscience d.
Hev. 3. 4, few not d. their garments.
See Ex. 31. 41, Lev. 21. 4; Jas. 3. 6; Rev. 21. 27.
DEFRACUD. 1 Sam. 12. 3, 4, whom have 1 d. ? DEFRAUD. 1 Sam. 12.3, 4, whom have 1 d.? Mk. 10, 19; 1 Cor. 7.5, d. not. 1 Cor. 6.7, rather suffer to be d. 8, do wrong and d. your brethren. 2 Cor. 7. 2, we have d. no man. See Lev. 19. 13; 1 Thess. 4.6. DEGENERATE. Jer. 2.21.
DEGREE, Ps. 62. 9, men of low d., high d.
1 Tim. 3.13, purchase to themselves good d.
Jas. 1. 9, brother of low d. rejoice.
Seg 2 Kings 20. 9; I Chron. 17. 17; Jas. 38. 8; Lu. 1. DELAY. Mat. 24, 48; Lu. 12, 45, my lord d. his coming. hat he would not d. to come, See Ex. 22, 23; 32, 1; Acts 25, 17.
DELECTABLE. Isa, 44. 9. DELICACY. Rev. 18. 32, Agag csme to him d. Prov. 29. 21, he that d. bringeth up servant. Iss. 47. 1, no more called tender and d. Lsm. 4. 5, that did feed d. are desolate. Lu. 7. 25, that live d. are in kings courts, See Deut. 28. 35, 45; Jer. 6. 2; Mic. 1. 16.

DELICIOUSLY. Rev. 18.7.

DELIGHT (n.). Deut. 10. 15, Lord had a d. in thy

DELIGIOUSLY. REV. 10.15. Lord had a d. in thy fathers.

1Sam. 15.22. hath Lord as great d. in offerings. 2Sam. 15.26, I have no d. in thee. Job 22.26, shalt thou have d. in thee Almighty. Ps. 1.2, his d. is in law of Lord.

16.3, to excellent in whom is my d.

119.24, testimonies my d. snd counsel.

179.22.174, thy law is my d.

143, thy commandments are my d.

Prov. 8.30, I was daily his d.

31, my d. were with sons of men.

18.2, fool hath no d. in understanding.

19.10, d. not seemly for a fool.

Cant. 2.3, under his shadow with great d.

Isa. 58. 13, call sabhath a d.

See Prov. 11.1; 12.22; 15.8; 16.13.

DELIGHT (w.). Job 27. 10, will he d. himself in the Almighty?

Ps. 37. 4, d. also ie the Lord.

11, meek shall d. in abundance of peace.

51.16, thou d. not in burnt offering.

94.19, thy comforts d. my soul.

Isa. 42. 1, elect in whom my soul d.

55.2, soul d. itself in fatness.

62.4, the Lord d. in thee.

Mic. 1.18, he d. in mercin, ward man.

See Nun. 1.2, a feet the inward man.

See Nun. 1.2, a feet ches inward man.

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DELIGHTSOME. Mal. 3. 12 DELIVER, Ex. 3.8; Acts 7.34, I am come down to d. them.

Nom. 35, 35, congregation shall d, slayer.
Deut. 32, 39; las. 45, 13, any d, out of my hand.
2 Chron. 32, 13, were goods able to d, their lands,
30, 18, class transom cannot d.
Ps. 33, 17, nor d, any hy great strength.
56, 13, d, my feet from railling,
144, 10, d. David from hurtful sword.
Prov. 24, 11, forhear to d, them.
Eccl. 9, 15, hy wisdom d, city.
Las. 50, 2, have I no power to d,
Jer. 1, 8, I am with thee to d, thee,
30, 17, I will d, in that day.
Dan. 3, 17, for God is shle to d, and will d,
6, 14, king set heart on Daniel to d.
Amos 2, 14, neither shall mighty d.
9, 1, he that esospeth shall not be d,

Amos 13, the that escapeth shall not be d.
Mal 3, 15, they that tempt God are d.
Mat 8, 13; Lu, 11, 4, d. us from evil.
11, 22; Lu, 10, 22, all things d. to me of my

Father. 26, 15, 1 will d. him to you.

26, 15, 1 will d. him to you.

Acts 2, 23, being d. by the counsel of God.

Rom. 4, 25, was d. for our offences.

7. 8, we are d from the law, 8, 21, creature shall be d.

8. 21, Greature BBRI 10 E. 2Cor. 4. 11, d. to death for Jesus' sake.
2 Tim. 4. 15, d. me from every evil work.
Jude 3, faith once d. to saints.
Jude 3, faith once d. to saints.
Est Rom. 8. 32; 2 Cor. 1. 10; Gal. 1. 4; 2 Pet. 2.7.
DELIVERANCE. 2 Kings 5. 1, by him had given

d. to Syria, saved by great d. Ps. 32. 7, compass me with songs of d. Lu. 4.18, preach d. to the captives. Heb. 11. 35, not accepting d. See Gen. 45. 7; Joel 2. 32; Obad. 17. DELUSION. Isa. 66.4; 2Thess. 2.11. DEMAND. Dan. 4.17; Mat. 2.4; Lu. 3.14.

DEMONSTRATION. 1 Cor. 2.4.

DEN. Job 37. 8, then the heasts go into d, Iss. 11. 8, put hand on cockstrice d. Jer. 7. 11, is this house a d. of robhers, Mat. 21. 13; Mk. 11. 17, s. d. of thie ves, Heb. 11. 38, in deserts and in d. See Judg. 6. 2; Dan. 6. 7; Amos 3. 4,

DENOUNCE. Deut. 30, 18.

DENY. Josh. 24. 27, lest ye d. your God. Prov. 30. 9, lest I be full and d. thee. Lu. 20. 27, which d. resurrection. Lu. 20. 27, which d, resurrection. 2 Tim. 2. 13, he cannot d, himself. Tit. 1. 16, in works they d, him. See 1 Tim. 5. 8; 2 Tim. 3. 5; Tit. 2. 12.

DEPART. Gen. 49. 10, sceptre shall not d. from

Judah 2 Sam. 22, 22; Ps. 18, 21, have not d, from my

God. Job 21. 14; 22. 17. they say to God, d. 23, 28, to d. from evil is understanding. Ps. 6. 8; Mat. 7. 23; Lu. 13. 27, d. ye workers of

DEPOSED. Dan. 5, 20, DEPRIVED. Gen. 27, 45; Job 39, 17; Isa. 38, 10.

DEPTH VED. Gen. 21. 49; John 39. 17; 182. 38; 1 DEPTH. John 28. 14, d. saith, it is not in me. Ps. 33. 7, he layeth up d. in storehouses. 17. 16, waters afraid, d. trouhled. 106, 9, led through d. as through wilderness. Ps. 107. 26, they go down again to d. Prov. 8. 24, when no d. 1 was hrought forth, 25. 3, heaven for height, earth for d. Mat. 18. 6, better drowned in d. of sea. Mk. 4. 5. no d. of earth. Rom 11. 33, the d. of the riches. See 183. 7, 11; Mic. 7. 19; Rom. 8. 39.

DEPUTED. 2 Sam. 15. 3.

I Kings 22, 47; Acts 13, 7; 18, 12; DEPUTY. 19, 38,

DERIDE. Hab, 1. 10; Lu, 16, 14; 23, 35, DERISION. Job 30. 1, younger than I have me $\ln d$

In a. Ps. 2. 4, the Lord shall have them in d. 44, 13; 79, 4, a d. to them round us, Jor. 20, 7, 8, in d. daily, Lam, 3, 14, I was a d. to my people, See Ps. 119, 51; Ezek, 23, 32; 38, 4; Hos. 7, 18.

DESCEND. Ezek. 26. 20; 31. 16, with them that d. into pit.

d into pit.
Mat. 7.25, 27, rain d. and floods came.
Mk. 1. 10; John 1. 32, 33, Spirit d.
15. 32, let Christ now d from cross.
Rom. 10. 7, who shall d into the deep?
Eph. 4. 10, he that d. is same that ascended.
Jas. 3. 15, this wisdom d. not.
Rev. 21. 10, great city d out of heaven.
See Gen. 23. 12; Ps. 49, 17; 133, 3; Prov. 30, 4.

DESCENT. Lu. 19. 37; Heb. 7. 3, 6, DESCRIBE. Josh. 18. 4; Judg. 8. 14; Rom. 4. 6;

10. 5. DESCRY. Judg. 1, 23.

DESCHY. Jug. 1. 23.
DESCHY. Ps. 78. 40, off did they grieve him in d.
102.6, like an owl of the d.
1sa. 35.1, the d. shall rejoice.
6; 43.19, streams in the d.
40.3, in d. a highway for our God.
Jor. 2.6, led us through land of d.
17. 6, like the heath in the d.
25. 24, people that dwell in d. shall drink.
Mat. 24. 26, say, behold, he is in the d.

DESERTS Lu. 1. 30, John in d, till his showing, 9. 10, aside privately into d. place, John 6. 31, did est manns in d. See Ex. 5. 3; 19. 2; 18a. 51. 3; Mk. 6. 31, DESERTS. Ps. 28. 4; Ezek. 7. 27. DESERVE. Judg. 9. 16; Ezra 9. 13; Job 11. 6. BISSIRE (A). 2 Chron. 15. 15, sought him wit their whole d. Job 34. 36, my d. is that Job may be tried. Ps. 10. 3; 21. 2; Rom. 10. 1, hear's d. 37. 4, he shall give thee the d. of thine heart. 54. 7; 59. 10; 92. 11; 112. 8, d. on enemies. 22. 11; 112. 10; 140. 6, d. of the wicked. 145. 16, the d. of every living thing. Prov. 10. 24; 11. 23, the d. of righteous. 13. 12. when d. cometh, if is a tree of life. 19. 22, the d. of s man is his kindness. 21. 25, the d. of selothful killeth him. Eccl. 12. 5, d. shall fail. Ezek. 24. 16, 21, 25, the d. of thine eyes. Mic. 7. 3, great man uttereth mischievous d. Hab. 2. 5, enlargeth d. as hell. Hag. 27, the d. of all nations. Lu. 22. 15, with d. I have d. to est. Eph. 2. 3, fulfilling d. of flesh and mind. Phil. 1. 23, having a d. to depart. See Gen. 3, 16; Joh 14. 15; 31, 18. DESIRE (c.)., Deut. 14. 26, bestow for whatsoev. DESIRE (n.). 2 Chron. 15. 15, sought him with See Gen. 3. 16: Job 14. 15; 31. 16.

DESIRE (v.). Deut. 14. 25, bestow for whatsoever thy soul d.

1 Sam. 2. 16, take as much as thy soul d.

12. 13, behold the king whom ye d.

Neh. 1. 11, servants who d. to fear thy name.

Job 13. 3. 1 d. to reason with God.

Ps. 19. 10; more to be d. than gold.

74. 40 on thing 1 d. of the Lord.

34. 12, that d. life and loveth many days.

40. 6, sacrifice and offering thou didst not d.

45. 11, king greatly d. thy beauty.

73. 25, none on earth 1 d. beside thee.

107. 30, to their d. haven.

Prov. 3. 15; 8. 11, all thou canst d. not to be compared.

13. 4, soul of sługgard d., and hath not. compared.

13. 4. soul of sluggard d., and hath not. Eccl. 2. 10, what my eyes d. 1 kept not. Iss. 53. 2, no beauty that we should d. Hos. 6. 6, 1 d. mercy and not sacrifice. Mic. 7. 1, soul d. first-ripe fruit.

2cph. 2. 1, gather together, O nation not d. Mat. 12. 46; Lu. 6. 20, his brethren d. 13. 17, have d. to see those things. 20. 20, d. a. certain thing of him. Mic. 9. 35; If any d. to be first. 10. 35, do for us whatsoever we d. 11. 24, what things ye d. when ye pray. 15. 6; Lu. 23. 25, prisoner whom they d. Lu. 9, 9, who is this, and he d. to see him. 10. 24, kings have d. to see. 10. 21, d. to be fed with orumbs. 20. 45, sorihes d. to walk in long robes. 22. 15, have d. to each this passover. 31, Satan hath d. to have your d. 31. Satan hath d. to have you.
Acts 3.14 d. a murderer to be granted.
1 Cor. 14.1, and d. spiritual gitts.
2 Cor. 5.2 d. to be clothed upon.
Gal. 4.9, yo d. again to be in bondage.
21. ye that d. to be under the law.
6.12 many d. to make show in the flesh.
Eph. 3.13, 1 d. that ye faint not.
Phil. 4.17, not because I d. a gift; I d. fruit,
1 Tim. 3.1, he d. a good work.
Heb. 11.16, they d. a better country.
Jas. 4.2, yo d. to bave, and cannot obtain.
1 Pet. 1.12, the angels d. to look into.
2, 2, as babes d. sincere milk of word.
1 John 5.15, we have petitions we d.
See Gen. 3.6; John 7.2; Ps. 5.16; Lu. 5.39.
DESIRABLE. Ezek 23.6, 12, 23.
DESIRABLE. Prov. 23.3; Lu. 23.5; John 16. DESIROUS. Prov. 23. 3; Lu. 23. 8; John 16. 19; Gal. 5. 26.

DESOLATE. Ps. 25. 16, have mercy, for I am d.

40. 15, let them be d. for reward.
143. 4, my heart within me is d.
18a. 54. 1; Gal. 4, 27, more are children of d.
62. 4, nor shall thy land any more be termed d.
Jer. 2, 12, be ye very d., saith the Lord.
32. 43; 33. 12, d. without man or beast.
Ezek. 6. 6, your altars may be made d.
Dau. 11. 31; 12. 11, abomination that maketh d.
Mai. 1. 4, return and build the d. places.
Mat. 23. 33; 1.u. 13. 35, house left to you d.
Acts 1. 20, let his habitation be d.
1 Tim. 5. 5, widow indeed, and d.
Rev. 18. 19, in one hour is she made d.
Rev. 18. 19, in one hour is she made d.
Rev. 18. 19, in one hour is she made d.
DESOLATION. 2 Kings 22. 19, they should become a d. and a curse.
Ps. 46. 5, what d. he hath made in the earth.
74. 3; 3cr. 25. 9; Ezek. 35. 9, perpetual d.
Prov. 1. 27, when your fear comed as d.
3 25, the d. of the wicked. 3 25, the d. of the wicked. 1sa, 61, 4, raise up former d., the d. of many generations. generations.

Den. 9. 26, to end of war d, are determined.

Zeph. 1. 15, a day of wrath, wasting, and d.

Mat. 12. 25; Lu. 11. 17, house divided brought

to d.

Lu. 21. 20, then know d. is nigh.

See Lev. 26, 31; Josh. 8. 28; Job 30. 14. DESPAIR. 1 Sam. 27.1; Ecol. 2.20; 2 Cor. 4.8. DESPERATE. Job 6. 26; Isa. 17. 11; Jer. 17. 9. DESPIER. Num. 11. 20, ye have d. the Lord.
15. 31; Prov. 13. 13; Isa. 5, 24; 30. 12, d. the word.
15. 32, 3, that d. me shall be lightly esteemed.
Neh. 4. 4, hear, O God, for we are d.
Eath. 1.17, so that they d. their husbands.
Job 5, 11; Prov. 3, 11; Heb, 12. 5, d. not chas-Job 5. 17; Prov. 3. 11; Heb. 12. 5, d. not etening.
19. 18, young children d. me.
36. 5, God is mighty and d. not auy.
Pa. 51. 17, contribe heart thou wilt not d.
53. 5, put to shame, because God d. them.
13. 20, thou shalt d. their Image.
102. 17, he will not d. their prayer.
Prov. 1. 7, fools d. wisdom.
30; 5. 12, d. reproof.
6. 30, men do not d. a thief.
15. 5, fool d. father's instruction.
20, foolish man d. his mother.
22, refuseth instruction d. own soul. 20, foolish man d, his mother.

22, refuseth instruction d, own soul.

19, 16, he that d, his ways shall die.

30, 17, d, to obey his mother, ravens shall.

Ecol. 9, 16, poor man's wisdom is d.

Ecol. 9, 16, poor man's wisdom is d.

Ecol. 9, 16, poor man's wisdom is d.

15, a3, 15, he that d, gain of oppressions.

49, 7, saith Lord to him whom man d.

Jer, 49, 15, I will make thee small and d.

Ezek. 20, 13, 16, they d. my judgments.

22, 8, thou hast d. holy things.

Amoe 2, 4, they d. the law of the Lord.

2cch. 4, 10, who hath d. day of small things,

Mal. 1, 6, wherein have we d. thy name?

Mat. 6, 24; Lu, 16, 13, hold to one, d., the other.

16, 10, d. not one of these little ones.

Lu, 10, 16, d. you, d. me; d. him that sent me.

18, 9, righteous, and d, others.

10, r. 1, 28, things d. God hath chosen.

4, 10, ye are honourable, but we are d.

11, 22, d. ye the church of God.

16, 11, let no man therefore d. him.

Thess, 4, 8, d. not man, but God. 16. 11, let no man therefore a him.
1 Thess. 4. 8, d. not man, but God.
5. 20, d. not prophesyings.
1 Tim. 4. 12, let no man d. thy youth.
6. 2, not d. because brethreu.
Tit. 2. 15, let no man d. thee.
Heb. 12. 2, endured cross, d. the shame.
Jas. 2. 6, ye have d. the poor.
See Gen. 16. 4; 25. 34; 2 Sam. 6. 16; Rom. 14. 3. DESPISERS. Acta 13. 41; 2 Tim. 3. 3.
DESPITE. Ezek. 25. 6, 15; 36.5; Rom. 1. 30; Heb. 10. 29. DESPITEFULLY.

DESPITEFULLY, Mat, 5, 44; Lu. 6, 28; Acts 14, 5. DESTITUTE. Ps. 102.17, will regard prayer of d. Prov. 15. 21, folly is joy to him that is d. of wisdom.

Wisdom, 1. 1 Tim. 6. 5, d. of the truth. Heb. 11. 37, being d., afflicted, tormeuted. See Gen. 24, 27; Ezek. 32, 15; Jas. 2, 15. DESTROY, Gen. 18, 23, d. righteous with the

with ed. Ex. 22, 20, he shall be utterly d. Deut, 9, 14, let me slone that 1 may d. them, 18 am, 15, 6, depart, lest 1 d. you with them, 2 Sam, 1.14, d. Lord's anointed.

Deut. 9. 14, let me alone that I may d. them. 1 sam. 15. 6. depart, lest I d. you with them. 2 sam. 1. 14, d. Lord's anointed. 1 ob 2. 3. novedat me to d. without cause. 10. 8. made me, yet thou dost d. me. 19. 10. he hath d. me on every side. 26. though worms d. this body. Ps. 40. 14; 63. 9. set my soul to d. it. 145. 20, all the wicked will he d. Prov. 1. 32, prosperity of fools shall d. them. 13. 23, is d. for want of judgment. 31. 3. that which d. kings. Eccl. 9. 18, one sinner d. much good. 1sa. 10. 7, it is in his heart to d. 11. 9; 65. 25, d. in holy mountain. 19. 3, I will d. the counsel thereof. 22. 2, as a d. storm. Jer. 13. 14, I will not spare but d. them. 17. 18, d. them with double destruction. 23. 1, woe to pastors that d. the sheep. Ezek. 9. 1, with d. weapon in his hand. 22. 27, d. souls to get dishonest gain. Dan. 6. 24, he shall d. wonderfully. Mat. 5. 17, not to d. hut to fulfil. 10. 28, fear him that is able to d. 12. 14; Mk. 3. 6; 11. 18, they might d. him. 21. 41, he will miserably d. those. 22. 7, and d. those murderers. 12. 20, ask Barabbas and d. Jesus. Mk. 1. 24; Lu. 4. 34, art thou come to d. 12. 12, I. 10. 13, d. he the husbandmen. 14. 56, say, I will d. this temple. 16. 29, thou that d. the temple. 16. 20, DESTROYER. Ex. 12. 23, not suffer d. to come. Judg. 16. 24, delivered the d. of our country. Joh 15. 21, in prosperity the d. shall come. Ps. 17. 4, kept from paths of the d. Prov. 28. 24, the companion of a d. See Joh 33. 22; Isa. 49. 17; Jer. 22. 7; 50. 11.

DESTRUCTION, 2 Chron, 22, 4, his counsellors

to his d.
26.16, heart lifted up to d.
Esth. 8, 6, endure to see d. of my kindred.
Joh 5. 21, neither be afraid of d.

Jon b. 21, neither be afraid of d.
21. 17, how oft cometh d.
26. 6, d. hath no covering.
31. 3, is not d to the wicked.
Ps. 9, 6, d. are come to a perpetual end.
55. 6, into that very d, let bim fall.
13. 18, thou castest them down to d.
00.3 tumper tweet to d.

90. 3, turnest man to d.
91. 6, the d. that wasteth at noon day,
103. 4, redeemeth thy life from d.
Prov. 1. 27, your d. cometh as a whirlwind.
10. 14, mouth of foolish near d.

CONCORDANCE.

Prov. 10. 15, d. of poor is their poverty.
14. 28, want of people d. of the prince.
16. 18, pride goeth hefore d.
17. 19, exalteth gate seeketh d.
18. 7, fool's mouth is his d.
27. 20, hell and d. never full.

27. 20, hell and d. never full.
31. 8, such as are appointed to d.
1sa. 14. 23, the besom of d.
19. 18, the city of d.
59. 7, wasting and d. in their paths.
60. 18, d. be no more heard.
19. 17. 19, destroy with double d.
46. 20, d. cometh out of north.
50. 22, sound of great d, in the land.

Lam. 2. 11; 3. 46; 4. 10, d. of the daughter of my neople.

people.
Hos. 13, 14, 0 grave, I will be thy d.
Mat. 7.13, broad way leadeth to d.
Rom. 3.16, d. and misery in their ways.

Rom. 3.16, d. and misery in their ways. 9.22, vessels fitted to d.
Phil. 3.18, 19, msny walk whose end is d.
1 Thess. 5.3, then sudden d. cometh.
2 Thess. 1.9, punished with evertasting d.
1 Tim. 6.9, lusts drown men in d.
2 Petz. 2.1, bring ou themselves swift d.
3.16, wrest to their own d.
See Job 21. 20; 31. 23; Prov. 10. 29; 21. 15.
DETAIN. Judg. 13. 15, 16; 1 Bam. 21. 7.

DETERMINATE. Acts 2, 23.
DETERMINATION. Zeph. 3, 8,
DETERMINE. Ex. 21, 22, pay as the judges d.
1 Sam. 20, 7, be sure evil is d. by him.

1 Sam. 20. 7, be sure evil is d. by him.
Joh 14. 5, secing his days are d.
Dan, 11. 36, that that is d. shall be done.
Lu. 22. 22. Son of man goeth as it was d.
Acts 3. 13, Pilate was d. to let him go.
17. 26, hath d. the times appointed.
1 Cor. 2. 2, I d. not to know anything.
See 2 Chron. 2. 1; 25. 16; Isa. 19. 17; Dan. 9. 24.
DETEST. Deut. 7. 26.

DETESTABLE. Jer. 16. 16; Ezek. 5. 11; 7. 20; 11.18; 37.23.

11.18; 37.23.

DEVICE. Esth. 9.25, d. return on his own head. Ps. 10.2, let them he taken in the d.

33.10, maketh d. of the people of none effect. 37.7, bringeth wicked d. to pass. Prov. 1. 31, he filled with their own d. 12.2, man of wicked d. will be condemn. 19.21, many d. in a man's heart. Eccl. 9.10, no work nor d. in grave. Jer. 18. 12, will walk after our own d. Dan. 11. 24, 25, he shall forecast d. Acts 17. 29, like stone graven by man s d. 2 Cor. 2. 11, not ignorant of his d. See 2 Chron. 2. 14; Esth. 3. 3; Job 5. 12.

DEVILISH. Jas. 3. 15.

DEVILSE. Ex. 31. 4; 35. 32, 35, d. works in gold.

DEVISE. Ex. 31. 4; 35. 32, 35, d. works in gold. Ps. 35. 4; to confusion that d. my hurt. 36. 4, be d. mischief on his bed. 41. 7, against me do they d. my hurt. Prov. 3. 29, d. not evil against thy neighbour. 6.14, he d. mischief continually.

18, a heart that d. wicked imaginations.
14. 22, err that d. evil, d. good.
16. 9, man's heart d. his way.

70. 5, mail s leart a. Ins way.
18s. 32. 7, d. wicked devices to destroy poor.
8, the liheral d. liheral things.
2 Pet. 1.16, cunningly d. fables.
See 2 Sam. 14.14; Jer. 51. 12; Lam. 2.17; Mic. 2.1.

DEVOTE. Lev. 27. 21, 28; Num. 18, 14; Ps. 119, 38.

DEVOTIONS. Acts 17. 23. DEVOUR. Gen. 37, 20, some evil beast hath d.

bim. 41.7, 24, seven thin d, the seven rank. Ex. 24.17; Isa. 29. 6; 30. 27, 30; 33. 14, d. fire. Lev. 10. 2, fire from Lord d, them. Deut. 32. 24, d, with burning hest. 2 Sam. 11. 25, sword d, one as well as another. 18. 8, wood d, more than sword d.

DIADEM. Job 29, 14; Isa. 28, 5; 62, 3; Ezek. 21, 26. DIAMOND. Jer. 17, 1; Ezek. 28, 13. DID. Mat. 13, 58, bcd. not many mighty works.
John 4, 29, all things that ever I d.
9, 25, what d. he to thee?
15, 24, works which none other man d.
See Gen. 6, 22; 1 Sam. 1, 7; Job 1, 5; 1 Pet. 2, 22.
DIE, Gen. 2, 17; 20, 7; 1 Sam. 14, 44; 22, 16;
1 Kings 2, 37, 42; Jer. 26, 8; Ezek. 3, 18; 33, 8, 14, surely d. 1 A. Ings 2. 31, 42; Jer. 20. 8; Ezek. 3. 18; 33. 8, 43, surely d.

Gen. 3. 3; Lev. 10. 8; Num. 18. 32, lest ye d.

27. 4; 45. 28; Prov. 30, 7, before I d.

Ex. 21. 12, smiteth a man that he d.

Lev. 7. 24; 22. 8; Deut. 14. 21; Ezek. 4. 14, that d. of itself. d. of itseir.

Num. 18. 29, if these d. common death.
23. 10, let me d. death of righteous.

Deut. 31. 14, days approach that thou must d.

Ruth 1. 17, where thou d. will 1 d.

2 Sam. 3. 3, d. Abear sa fool d. 7.

2 Kings 20. 1; Ess. 32. 1, shalt d. and not live.

2 Chron. 25. 4; Jer. 31. 30, every man d. for

own sin

2 Chron. 25. 4; Jer. 31. 30, every man d. 10 own sin.
Job 2. 9, his wife said, Curse God and d.
3, 11, why d. I not from the womb?
12. 2, wisdom shall d. with you.
14. 14, if a man d., shall he live again?
21. 23, one d. In full strength.
25, another d. in bitterness of soul.
25. 18, I shall d. in my uest.
Ps. 41. 5, when shall he d. and name perish?
49. 10, wise men d., likewise the fool.
17, when he d. carry nothing away.
Prov. 5: 23, he shall d. without instruction.
10. 21, foole d. for want of wisdom.
11. 7, d. his expectation perish.
Ecol. 2. 16, how d. the wise man?
7. 17, why shouldest thou d. before thy time?
9. 5, Itving know they shall d.
Jer. 27. 13; Ezek. 18. 31; 33. 11, why will ye d.? 431

28. 16, this year thou shalt d.
34. 5, thou shalt d. in peace.
Ezek. 18. 4, 20, soul that sinneth shall d.
32. no pleasure in death of him that d.
33. 8, wicked man shall d. in injuity.
Amos 8. 9, if ten men in bouse they shall d. Amos 6, 9, if ten meo in bouse they shall d. 9, 10, sineers of my people shall d. Jonah 4, 3, 8, it is better to d. then live. Mr. 710, let bim d. the death. 22, 27; Mr. 12, 22; Lu. 20, 32 woman d. also. 63, 35; Mr. 14, 31; though I d. with thee. Lu. 7, 2, servant was ready to d. 18, 22, beggar d., rich man also d. 20, 36, nor can they d. any more. John 4, 49, come down ere my child d. 11, 21, 32, my brother had not d. 31, that even this man should not have d. 11. 21, 32 my brother had not d.
37, that even this man should not have d.
50; 18. 14, that one man d. for people.
51, that Jesus should d. for nation.
12. 24, except a corn of wheat d.
19. 7, by our law he ought to d.
Acts 9, 37, Doreas was sick and d.
21. 13, ready also to d. at Jerusalem.
25. 11, I refuse not to d.
Rom. 5. 7, for righteous man will one d.
7, 9, sin revived and 1 d.
8. 34, it is Christ that d.
4. 7, no man d. to himself. 8. 34, it is Christ that d.
14.7, no man d. to himself.
9. Christ both d., rose, and revived.
15; 1 Cor. 8. 11, for whom Christ d.
1 Cor. 15; 3. Christ d. for our sins.
22, as in Adam all d.
31, 1 d. daily.
36, not quickened except it d.,
2 Cor. 5, 14, if one d. for all.
Phill. 12, to d. is gain.
1 Thess. 4. 14, we believe that Jesus d.
5, 10, who d. for us that we should live.
Heb. 7, 8, here men that d. receive tithes.
9, 27, asprointed unto men once to des. Heb. 7, 8, here med that a receive titnes, 9, 27, appointed unto men once to 4, 11. 13, these all d, in faith.
Rev. 3.2, things that are ready to d.
9.6, men sball desire to d.
14. 13, the dead that d, in the Lord.
Sea Job 14. 10; Ps. 118. 17; Rom. 5. 6; 6. 10. DIET. Jer. 52, 34. DYED. Ex. 25. 5; Isa, 63.1; Ezek. 23. 15. DYING. 2 Cor. 4. 10, the d. of Lord Jesus. 2 Cor. 6. 9, as d. and behold we live. See Num. 17. 13; Lu. 8. 42; Heb. 11. 21. See Num. 17.13; Lu. 8.42; Heb. 11. 21.
DIFFER. Rom. 12. 6; 1 Gor. 4.7; 15. 41; Gal. 4. 1.
DIFFER. Rom. 2. 6; 1 Gor. 4.7; 15. 41; Gal. 4. 1.
DIFFER. ENCE. Lev. 10. 10; Ezek. 44. 23, a. d. between holy and unboly;
11. 47; 20. 25; d. between clean and unclean.
Ezek. 22. 25; they have put to od. between.
Acts 15. 9, put no d. between us.
Rom. 3. 22; 10. 12; for there is no d.
See Ex. 11. 7; 1 Cor. 12. 5; Jude 22. See Ex. 11.7; 1 Cor. 12.5; Jude 22.

JIG. Ex. 21. 33, d. a pit and not cover it.
Deut. 6.11; Neh. 9.25, wells d. which thou d. not.
8. 9, out of hills mayest d. brass.
Job 8. 27, ye d. a pit for your friend,
24. 16, in 1 the dark they d.
Ps. 7, 15; 57, 6, d. a pit and is fallen.
Iss. 51.1, hole of pit whence ye are d.
Mat. 21, 33, and d. a wheepress.
25. 18, d. in the earth and hid.
Lu. 13, 8, till I d. about it.
16, 3, I cannot d., to heg I sm ashamed.
See Job 3, 21; Ezek, 8, 8; 12.5; Lu. 6, 48.
UKINTY. Feel 10, 6 folly set in great d. DIGNITY. Eccl. 10. 6, folly set in great d. 2 Pet. 2. 10; Jude 8, speak evil of d. See Gen. 49. 3; Esth. 6. 3; Hab. 1. 7. DILIGENCE, Prov. 4. 23; 2 Tim. 4. 9; Jude 3. DILIGENT. Josh. 22, 5, take d. beed to commandmeot. Ps. 64. 6, accomplish a d. search. Lu. 15. 8, seek d. till she find it. Acts 18. 25, taught d. the things of the Lord.

DIM. 2 Tim. 1.17, in Rome sought me d. Heb. 12.15, looking d. lest any man fail. Sea Daut. 19.18; Prov. 11. 27; 23.1; Mat. 2.7. DIM. Daut. 34.7, aya not d. ner force abated. Joh 17.7, aya also d. by reason of sorrow. Lam. 4.1, gold become d. See Gen. 27.1; 48. 10; 1 Sam. 3. 2; 1sa. 6. 22. DIMINISH. Daut. 4.2; 12.32, nor d, ought from it. Prov. 13, 11, gotten by vanity shall he d. Rom. 11, 12, d. of them he riches of Gentiles. Sea Ex. 5.8; Lev. 25, 16; Jer. 26, 2; Ezak. 16, 27. DINE. Gen. 43, 16; Lu. 11, 37; John 21, 12, 15. DINNER. Prov. 15, 17; Mat. 22, 4; Lu. 11, 38; 14, 12. DIP. Lev. 46; 9, 9; 17, 14, priest shall d, his finger, Ruth 2, 14, d, morsel in vinegar. 18am, 14, 27, d, rod in honeycomb.

2 Kinge 5, 14, Nasman d, in Jordan.
Mat. 30, 23, 1ML, 14, 20, d, hand in dish.
John 13, 28, when he had d, the sop.

Ray 10, 13, eventure d, in blood. Rev. 19. 13, a vastura d. in blood. Sea Gan. 37. 31; Josh. 3. 15; Lu. 16. 24. Sea Gen. 37. 31; Josh. 3. 15; Lu. 16. 24.
DIRECT. Job 32. 14, he hath not d. his words.
37. 3, he d. it under the whole heaven.
Pa. 5. 3, in morning will 1d. my prayer.
119. 5, 0 that my ways were d. to keep.
Prov. 3. 8, he shall d. thy paths.
11. 5, righteousness shall d. his way.
18. 9, the Lord d. his steps.
21. 29, as for upright he d. his way.
Eccl. 10. 10, wisdom profitable to d.
1sa. 40. 13, who hath d. Spirit of the Lord.
Jer. 10. 23, not in man to d. his steps.
2 Thess. 3. 5. d. your hearts into love of God.
See Gen. 46. 22; Isa. 45. 13; El. 8; I Thess. 3. 11. DIRECTION. Num. 21. 18.
DIRECTLY. Num. 19. 4; Ezek. 42. 12.
DIRT. Judg. 3. 22; Ps. 18. 42; Isa. 57. 20. DISALLOWED. Num. 30. 5, 8, 11; 1 Pet. 2. 4, 7. DISANNUL. Isa. 14. 27, Lord purposed, who shall d. it? Gal. 3. 15. 17. covanant no man d. See Job 40. 8; Isa. 14. 27; Heb. 7. 18. DISAPPOINT. Job 5. 12; Ps. 17. 13; Prov. 15. 22. DISCERN. 2 Sam. 19. 35, can I d. between good and avil? 1 Kings 3.9, that I may d. between good and had. 11, understanding to d. judgment, Ezra 3.13, could not d. noise of joy. Job 4.16, could not d. form thereof. Job 4.16, could not d. form thereof.
6.30, cannot my taste d. perverse things.
Prov. 7.7, 1 d. among the youths.
Eccl. 8.5, wise man's heart d. time.
Jonah 4.11, cannot d. between right and left.
Mal. 3.18, d. between righteous and wicked.
Mat. 16.3; Lu. 12.56, d. face of sky.
1. Cor. 2.14, they are spiritually d.
11. 29, not d. the Lord's body.
12. 10, to another is given d. of spirits.
Heb. 4.12, the word is a d. of the thoughts.
14 exercised to d. good and swife. 5. 14, exercised to d. good and avil, See Gen. 27. 23; 31. 32; 38. 25; 2 Sam. 14. 17. DISCHARGE. 1 Kings 5. 9; Eccl. 8. 8. DISCHARGE. 1 Kings 5. 9; Ecol. 8. 8,
DISCIPLE. Isa. 8. 16, seal law among my d.
Mat. 10.1; Lun. 6.13, called his twelve d.
24; Lu. 6. 40, d. not above his master.
42, give cup of water in the name of a d.
12. 2, thy d. do that which is not lawful.
15. 2, why do d. transgress tradition.
17. 18, brought to thy d., and they could not cure.
19. 13; Mk. 10. 13, the d. rahuked them.
20. 17, Jesus took d. apart.
22. 16, Pharisees sent their d.
26. 18; Mk. 14. 14; Lu. 22. 11, keep passover with d.
35, likawise also said the d.
36, all the d. forsook him and fled,
28, 7, tell his d. he is riscu.
13, say ye, his d. came by night.

13, say ye, his d. cama by night.
Mk. 2, 18; Lu. 5, 33, why do d, of John fast?

Mk. 4. 34, he expounded all things to d. 7. 2, d. eat with unwashen hands. z, α, eat with unwashen hands.
 why walk not d. according to tradition?
 Lu. 5. 30, Pharisess murmurad against d.
 20, lifted up eyes on d. 6, 20, lifted up eyes of a.

11. 1, as John taught his d.

14. 26, 27, 33, cannot be my d.

19. 37. d. began to rejoice and praise God.

39. Master, rebulks thy d.

John 2. 11, his d. believed on him.

4. 2. Jesus baptized not, but his d. John 2. 11, his d. bentevou on the delay of 11, 22, 347 bot thou due of inta 4.7 19, 25; 20, 2; 21, 7, 20, 4, whom Jesus loved. 38, a d. of Jesus, but secretly for fear. 20.18, told d. she had seen the Lord. 21, 23, that that d. should not die. 24, this is the d. which testifieth. Acts 9, 1, slaughter against d26, essayed to join himself to d. 11. 26, d. called Christians first. 11. 20, a. caned convisions after.
20. 7, d. came together to break bread.
30, to draw away d. after them.
21. 16, an old d. with whom we should lodge.
Sea Mat. 11. 1; John 3. 25; 18. 1, 2; 20. 26,
DISCIPLINE, Job 36, 10. DISCLOSE, Isa, 26, 21 DISCOMFITED. Judg. 4.15, Lord d. Sisera.
8.12, Gideon d. all the boet.
2 Sam. 22, 16; Ps. 18, 14, lightnings, and d. them.
1sa. 31. 8, his young men shall be d.
Sea Ex. 17. 13; Num. 14. 46; Josh. 10. 10. DISCOMFITURE. 1 Sam. 14. 20. DISCONTENTED. 1 Sam. 22. 2. DISCONTINUE. Jar. 17. 4. DISCORD. Prov. 6, 14, 19. DISCOURAGE, Num. 32.7, wherefore d. the heart of the children of Israel. Or the different of Issael.

Deut, 1, 21, fear not, nor be d.

28, our brethren have d. our heart.

Col. 3, 21, your children, lest they be d.

See Num. 21, 4; 32, 9; Isa. 42, 4. DISCOVER, 1 Sam. 14. 8, 11, we will d. ourselves DISCRETION. Ps. 112. 5; Prov. 11. 22; Isa. 28. 26; Jer. 10. 12. DISCREET. DISDAINED. 1 Sam. 17.42; Job 30.1. DISEASE. Ex. 15. 26; Deut. 1. 10, noted al. on you.

Deut. 28. 60, bring on thee all d. of Egypt, 2 Kings 1. 2; 8, 8, 9, recover of d.

2 Chron. 16. 12, in d. sought not the Lord, John 30. 18, by force of my d.

Pa. 103. 3, who healeth all thy d.

Ecol. 6. 2, vanity, and it is an evil d.

Ezek. 34. 4, d. have yo not strengthened.

Zi, have pushed d. with your horns.

See Mat. 4. 23; 14. 35; Lu. 9.1; Acts 28, 9,

DISFIGURE. Mat. 6. 16,

DISGRUESE. 15 am. 28. 8; 1 Kings 14, 2; 20, 3 DISEASE. Ex. 15. 26; Deut. 7. 15, none of these DISGUISE. 1 Sam. 28. 8; 1 Kings 14. 2; 20. 38; 22. 30; 2 Chron. 18. 29; 35, 22; Joh 24. 15.

DISH. Judg. 5. 25; 2 Kinga 21. 13; Mat. 26. 23; Mk. 14. 20. DISHONESTY. 2 Cor. 4. 2. DISHONOUR. Ps. 35. 26; 71. 13, clothed with abame and d. abame and d.
Prov. 6. 33, a weund and d. sball he get.
Mic. 7. 6. son d. father.
John 8. 49, I honour my Father, ye d. me.
Rom. 9. 21, one vessel to bonour, anether to d.
1 Cor. 15. 43, sown in d.
2 Cor. 6. 8, by bonour and d.
2 Tim. 2. 20, some to henour. some to d.
See Ezra 4. 14; Kom. 1. 24; 2. 23; 1 Cor. II. 4, 5.
DISINHERIT.. Num. 14. 12. DISINHERUT. Num. 14. 12.
DISMAYED. Deut. 31. 6; Josb. 1. 9; 8. 1; 10. 25; 1 Chron. 22. 13; 28. 20; 2 Chron. 20. 15, 17; 32. 7; 18. 41. 10; Jer. 1. 17; 10. 2; 23. 4; 30. 10; 46. 27; Ezek. 2. 6; 3. 9; fear not nor be d. Jer. 17. 18, 1et them be d. let not me be d. See 1 Sam. 17. 11; Jer. 8. 9; 46. 6; Ohad. 9. DISMISSED. 2 Chroo. 23. 8; Acts 15. 30; 19. 41. DISOBEDIENCE. Rom. 5, 19; Eph. 2, 2; 5, 6; Heb. 2, 2 DISOBEDIENT. Lu. 1, 17, turn d. to wisdem of just.
Acts 26, 19, not d. to heavenly vision.
Rom. 1. 30; 2 Tim. 3. 2, d. to parents.
1 Tim. 1. 9, law for lawless and d. Tit. 3. 3, we ourselves were semetimes d. I Pet. 2. 7, to them which be d. 3. 20, spirits, which sometime were d. See 1 Kings 13. 26; Neh. 9. 26; Rom. 10. 21. DISORDERLY. 1 Thess. 5.14; 2 Thess. 3.6, 7, 11. DISPERSE. Prov. 15. 7, lips of wise d. knewledge. John 7. 35, will be go to the d. See Ps. 112. 9; Jer. 25. 34; Ezek. 12. 15; 20. 23. DISPLAYED. Ps. 60.4. DISPLAYED. Ps. 60. 4.
DISPLEASE. Num. 11. 1; it d. the Lord.
22. 34, if it d. thee, I will get me back.
28.m. 11. 27, thing David bad done d. the Lord.
1 Kings 1. 6, father bad not d. him at any time.
Ps. 60. 1, thou hast been d.
Prov. 24. 18, lest the Lord see it and it d. him.
1sa. 59. 15, it d. him there was no judgment.
Jonah 4. 1, it d. Jonah exceedingly.
Mat. 21. 15, scribes saw it, they were d.
Mk. 10. 14, Jesus was much d.
41, much d. with James and John.
See Gen. 48. 17; 1 Sam. 8. 6; 18. 8; Zech. 1. 2.
DISPLEASURE. Deut. 9. 19; Judg. 15. 3; Ps. 2 DISPLEASURE. Deut. 9. 19; Judg. 15. 3; Ps. 2. 5; 6. 1; 38. 1. DISPOSE, Job 34, 13; 37, 15; Prov. 16, 33; 1 Cor. 10, 27, DISPOSITION. Acts 7. 53. DISPOSSESS. Num. 33. 53; Deut. 7. 17; Judg. 11. 23. DISPUTATION. Acts 15. 2; Rom. 14. 1. DISPUTE. Job 23.7, the righteous might d. with him MK. 9. 33, what was it ye d. by the way?
1 Cor. 1. 20, where is the d. of this world?
Phil. 2. 14, do all things without d.
1 Tim. 6. 5, perverse d.
See Acts 9. 29; 15. 7; 17. 17; Jude 9. DISQUIET. 1 Sam. 28. 15, why d. to bring me up? Ps. 42. 5, II; 43. 5, why art theu d. within me? See Ps. 38. 8; 34. 6; Jer. 50. 34. DISSEMBLE. Josh. 7.11; Ps. 26.4; Prev. 26. 24; Jer. 42. 20; Gal. 2.13. DISSENSION. Acts 15.2; 23.7, 10.

DISSIMULATION. Rom. 12. 9; Gal. 2. 13.

DISTAFF. Prov. 31. 19. DISTIL. Deut. 32. 2; Job 36. 28, DISTINCTION. 1 Cor. 14. 7. DISTINCTLY. Neh. 8, 8. DISTRACT. Ps. 88, 15; 1 Cor. 7, 35.
DISTRESS. Gen. 42, 21, therefore is this d. come проп из upon 18.
Judg. 11. 7, ye ceme when ye are in d.
1 Sam. 22. 2, every one in d. came to David.
2 Sam. 22. 7; Ps 18. 6; 118. 5; 120. 1, in d. I called.
1 Kings 1. 29, redeemed my soul out of all d.
2 Chron. 28. 22. in d. Abaz trespassed more.
Neb. 2. 17, ye see the d. we are in.
Ps. 25. 17; 107. 6, 13. 19. 28, out of d.
Prov. 1. 27, mock when d. cometh.
1 cs. 24. 4 a streaght to needy in d. Chad. 12. 14; Zeph. 1. 15, day of d. Chad. 12. 14; Zeph. 1. 15, day of d. Lu. 21. 23, shall be great d. in the land. 25, on earth d. ef nations. Rom. 8. 35, shall d. separate us? 1 Cor. 7. 28, good fer present d. 2 Cor. 6.4, approving ourselves in d.
12.10, take pleasure in d.
See Gen. 35. 3; Neb. 9. 37; 2 Cor. 4.8; 1 Thess. 3. 7.
DISTRIBUTE. Neb. 13.13, office was to d. to brethren. Joh 21. 17, God d. sorrows in anger. La. 18. 22, sell and d. to poor. Lu. 18. 22, sell and a. to poor.
John 6. II, given thanks, he d.
Rem. 12. 13, d. to necessity ef saints,
1 Cor. 7. 17, as God hath d. to every man.
2 Cor. 9. 13, your liberal d.
See Josh. 13. 32; Acts 4. 35; 2 Cor. 10. 13; 1 Tim.
6. 13. DITCH. Pa. 7. 15, fallen into d. he made. Mat. 15, 14; Lu. 6, 39, both fall into d. See 2 Kings 3, 16; Joh 9, 31; Prov. 23, 27; Isa. 22, 11. DIVERS. Deut. 22, 9, sow vineyard with d. kinds.
11. garment of d. sorts.
25. 13, not have in hag d. weights,
14. d. measures, great and small.
Prov. 20, 10, 23, d. weights and measures abomination. Mat. 4. 24; Mk. 1. 34; Lu. 4. 40, d. diseases, 24. 7; Mk. 13. 8; Lu. 21. 11, in d. places. Mk. 8. 3, for d. of them came from far. 1 Cor. 12. 10, to another d. kinds of tongues. 2 Tim. 3. 6; Tit. 3. 3, led away with d. lusts. Jas. 1. 2, joy in d. temptations. See Eccl. 5. 7; Heb. 1. 1; 2. 4; 9. 10; 13. 9. UNDESE. Each. 2, 8 Lunck force all nearly NUMERSE. DIVERSE. Esth, 3. 8, laws d from all people. 1 Cor. 12. 6, d. ef operations, but same God. See Esth. 1. 7; 1 Cor. 12. 4, 28. DIVIDE. Lev. 11. 4, 5, 6, 7, 26; Deut. 14. 7, not eat these that d. the hoof. тиеве ими *d*. the noot. Josh, 19, 49, an end of *d*. the land. I Kings 3, 25, *d*. living child in two. Job 21, 17, innocent shall *d*. silver. Ps. 69, 12; Prov. 16, 19; Iss. 9, 3; 53, 12, *d*. spoil. Amos 7, 17, tby land shall be *d*. by line. Mat. 12, 26; Mk. 3, 24; Lu. 11, 17, kingdom er house 5 bouse d.

26; Mk. 3. 26; Lu. 11. 18, d. against himself.
Lu. 12. 13, that he d. inheritance with me.

14, who made me a d.

52, five in one house d. 52, five in one house d.

53, father d. against son.

15. 12, be d. unto them his living.

Acts 14. 4; 23. 7, multitude d.

I Cor. 1. 13, is Christ d?

2. 11, d. to every man severally as he will.

2 Tim. 2. 15, rizbily d. word of truth.

Heb. 4. 12, piercing to d. asunder.

See Dan. 7. 25; Hos. 10. 2; Mat. 25, 32; Lu. 22. 17.

VENDATION. Name 2. 22 neither is any d. as. DISSOLVE. Isa. 34, 4, host of heaven shall be d. Dan. 5.16, thou canst d. doubts. 2 Cor. 5.11, house of tabernacle d. 2 Pets. 3.1, all these things shall be d. 12, heavens heing on fire shall be d. 12, heavens heing on fire shall he d. See Joh 30, 22; Ps. 75, 3; Isa. 14, 31; 24, 19; Dan. 5.12; Nah. 2.6. DIVINATION. Num. 23, 23, neither is any d. against Israel.
Acts 16, 16, damsel with a spirit of d.
See Deut. 18, 10; 2 Kings 17, 17; Ezek. 13, 23.

DIVINE (v.). Gen. 44. 15, wet ye not that I can d.?

Sam. 28. 8. d. to me by the familiar epirit. 18am. 22. 8, d. to me by the laminar of Ezek. 13. 9, prophets that d. lies. 21. 29, they d. lies unto thee. Mic. 3. 11, prophets d. for money. See Gen. 44. 5; Ezek. 22. 28; Mic. 3. 6. D1V1NE (ad.). Prov. 16. 10; Heb. 9. 1; 2 Pet. 1. 3, 4. DIVINER. 1 Sam. 6, 2; Isa. 44, 25; Jer. 27, 9; 29, 8. DIVISION. Ex. 8, 23, will put a d. between my

Jud. 5.15, for d. of Reuben great thoughts of heart. Lu, 12. 51, 1 tell you nay, but rather d. John 7. 439, 9. 16; 10, 19, d. hecause of him. Rom. 16. 17, mark them which cause d. See 1 Cor. 1. 10; 3. 3; 11. 18.

Hom. 16.17, mark them which cause d. See I Cor. 1.10; 3.3; 11.18.

DO. Butth 3.5, all thou sayest I will d. Ecol. 3.12, for a man to d. good.
Isa. 46.11, I will also d. it.
Hos. 6.4, what shall 1 d. unto thee?
Mat. 7.12, men should d. to you d. ye so.
23.3, they say and d. not.
Lu. 19. 29, this d. and thou shall live.
22. 19; 1 Cor. 11. 24, this d. in remembrance.
John 15.5, without me ye can d. nothing.
Rom. 7.15, what I would, that d. I not.
2 Cor. 11. 12, what I d. that I will d.
Gal. 5.17, we cannot d. the things ye would.
Phil. 4.13, I can d. all things through Christ.
Heb. 4.13, with whom we have to d.
Jas. 1. 23, a hearen, not a d. of the word.
See John 33; 10.37; Rev. 19. 10; 22.9

DOCTRINE. Prov. 4.2, I give you good d.
Isa. 28. 9, made to understand d.
Jet. 10. 8, the stock is a d. of vanities.
Mat. 15.9; Mat. 1, for a commandments of men.
Mk. 1. 27; Acts 17. 19, what new d. is this?
John 7. 17, d. oh is will shall know of the d.
Acts 2. 42, continued in apostles' d.
5.25, filled Jerusslem with your d.
Rom. 6.17, obeyed that form of d.

Rom. 6.17, obeyed that form of d. 16.17, contrary to the d.
1 Cor. 14.26, every one hath a d.
Eph. 4.14, every wind of d.
1 Tim. 1.10, contrary to sound d.
4.6, nourished in words of good d.

13, give attendance to d. 16, take heed to thyself and d. and need to this en and a.

2 Tim. 3.10, hast fully known my d.
16, scripture profitable for d.
4. 2, exhort with all longsuffering and d.
Tit. 1.9, hy sound d. to exhort and convince.
2.1, things which become sound d.

, in d. showing incorruptnes 10, adorn the d. of God our Saviour.

Heb. 6. 1, principles of the d.

2, the d. of baptisms.

13. 9, not carried about with strange d.

2 John 9, abideth in d. of Christ. See Deut. 32.2; Joh 11.4; John 7.18; 1 Tim. 5.17.

2 Jonn 9, abideth in d of Christ. See Deut. 32, 2 job 11, 4 jobn 7, 18; 1 Tim. 5.17. DOG. Ex. 11.7, against Israel not a d. move. Deut. 23, 18, not bring price of d. into house, Judg. 7, 5, that lappeth as d. lappeth. 1 Sam. 17, 43; 24. 14; 2 Sam. 3, 8, am 1 a d. ? 2 Sam. 9, 8, upon such a dead d. as 1 am. 2 Kings 8, 13, what, is thy servant a d. ? Job 30, 1, disadined to set with d. Ps. 22, 20, darling from power of the d. 56, 6, they make noise like a d. Prov. 26, 11; 2 Pet. 2, 22, as a d. returneth. 17, like one that taketh a d. by ears. Eccl. 9, 4, living d. better than dead lion. Isa. 36, 10, they are all dumb d. 66, 3, as if he cut off a d. neck. Mat. 1, 6, give not that which is holy to d. 15, 27; Mk. 7, 28, the d. eat of crumbs. Phil. 3, 2 beware of d. Reitz. 2, 5, without are d. Reitz. 2, 5, without are d. Borney and control of the control

1 Sam. 25. 3, churlish and evil in his d.
1 Ghron. 22. 16, arise and be d.
Neh. 6. 3, 1 am d. a great work.
19. 11; 1sa. 14; declare his d.
67: 12. 11; 1sa. 14; declare his d.
67: 12. 11; will talk of thy d.
118. 23; Mat. 21. 42; Mk. 12. 11, the Lord's d.
Mic. 2, 4; are these his d.?
Mat. 24. 45; Lu. 12. 43, shall find so d.
Acts 10. 38, went about d. good.
Rom. 27, patient continuance in well d.
2 Cor. 8. 11, perform the d. of it.
Gal. 6. 9; 2 Thess. 3. 13, weary in well d.
Eph. 6. 6, d. will of God from heart.
1 Pet. 2. 15, with well d. put to silence.
3. 17, suffer for well d.
4. 19, commit souls in well d.

4. 19, commit souls in well d. See Lev. 18. 3; Prov. 20, 11; Isa. 1. 16; Jer. 4. 4. DOLEFUL. Isa. 13. 21; Mic. 2. 4.

DOMINION. Gen. 27. 40, when thou shalt have d. 37. 8, shalt thou have d. over us? Num. 24. 13, come he that shall have d. Job 25. 2, d. and fear are with him. 38. 33, canst thou set the d. thereof?

38. 33. canst thou set the d. thereof?
Ps. 8. 8, d. over works of thy hands.
19. 13: 119. 133, let them not have d. over me.
72. 8; Zech. 9. 10, d. from sea to sea.
1sa. 26. 13, other lords have had d. over us.
Dan. 4. 34; 7. 14, d. is an everlasting d.
Rat. 20. 25, princes of Gentiles exercise d.
Rom. 6. 9, death hath no more d.
14, sin shall not have d.
7. 1, law hath d. over a mau.
2 Cor. 1. 24, not d. over your faith.
Eph. 1. 21, above all d.
Col. 1. 16, whether they be thrones or d.
See Dan. 6. 26; 1 Pet. 4. 11; Jude 25; Rev. 1. 6.

OOR. Gen. 4.7, sin lieth at the d. Ex. 12.7, strike blood on d. posts. 33.8; Num. 11.10, every man at tent d. Judg. 16.3, Samson took d. of the gate. Job 31.9, laid wait at neighbour's d. 32. I opened my d. to the travellers.
38. 17, the d. of the shadow of death.
41. 14, who can open d. of his face?
Ps. 24. 7, ye everlasting d.

Ps. 24. 7, ye everlasting d.
78. 23, opened the d. of heaven.
44. 10, rather be d.-keeper.
141. 3, keep the d. of my lips.
Prov. 5. 8, come not nigh d. of her house.
8. 3, wisdom crieth at d.
28. 14, as d. turneth on hinges.
Eccl. 12. 4, d. shall be shut in the streets. Isa. 6. 4, posts of the d. moved.

26. 20, enter and shut thy d. about thee. Hos. 2. 15, for a d. of hope. Mal. 1. 10, who would shut the d, for nought.

Hos. 2. 19, 10r a d. of hope.
Mal. 1. 10, who would shut the d. for nought.
Mat. 6. 6, when thou hast shut thy d.
24. 33; Mk. 13. 29, near, even at the d.
25. 10, and the d. was shut.
27. 60; 28. 2; Mk. 13. 49, d. of sepulchre.
Mk. 1. 33, city gathered at the d.
2. 2, uot so much as about the d.
Lu. 13. 25, master hath shut to the d.
John 10. 1, 2, entereth not by d.
7. 0, 1 am the d.
18. 16, Peter stood at the d. without,
17, damsel that kept the d.
20. 19. 26, when d. were shut, Jesus came.
Acts 5. 9, feet at the d. to earry thee out.
14. 27, opened the d. of faith.
1 Cor. 12. 2, d. opened to me of the Lord.
Col. 4. 3, open a d. of utterunce.
12. 5. 9, 10 and 10 a

DOTE. Jer. 50. 36; Ezek. 23. 5; 1 Tim. 8. 4.

DUTBLE. Jer. 90, 36; Ezek. 23, 5; 1 Tim. 8.4.

DUTBLE. Gen. 48, 12, 15, take d., money in hand.

Ex. 22, 4, 7, 9, he shall restore d.

Deut. 15, 18, worth s. d. hired servant.

2 Kings 2, 9, a d. portion of thy spirit.

1 Chron. 12, 33; Pa. 12, 2, a d. heart.

Isa. 40, 2, received d. for all hor sios.

Jer. 16, 18, recompense their sin d.

1 Tim. 3, 8, deacons not d. tongued.

5.17, worthy of d. honour. Jas. 1. 8, s. d. minded man unstable. 4. 8, purify your hearts, ye d. minded. See Gen. 41.32; Isa. 61.7; Ezek. 21.14; Rev. 18.6.

See Geo. 41.32; Isa. 61.7; Ezek. 21.14; Rev. 18. DOUBT. Deut. 28. 86; thy life shall hang in d. Job 12. 2, no d. ye sre the peopis. Ps. 128. 6, shall d. come again, rejoicing. Dsn. 5. 12. 16, dissolving of d. Polymore didst thou d. 21. 21, if ye have faith and d. not. Mk. 11. 23, shall not d. in his heart. Lu. 11. 20, no d. kingdom of God is come. John 10. 24, how long dost thou make us to d. Acts 5. 24, they d. whereunto this would grow. 28. 4, no d. this man is a murderer.

Acts 5, 24, they d., whereunto this would g 28.4, no d. this man is a murderer. Rom. 14. 23, he that d. is damned if he eat. Gal. 4. 20. I stand in d. of you. I Tim. 2. 8, gray without wrath and d. I John 2. 19. would nod, have continued. See Lu. 12. 29; Acts 2. 12; Phil. 3. 8.

See Id. 12. 28, 1802 2.19, 181. 3. 5. IOVE. Ps. 55. 6, that 1 had wings like a d. 1ss. 59. 11, mourn sore like d. 60. 8, flee as d. to their windows. Mat. 10. 16, be harmless as d. 21. 12; Mk. 11. 15; John 2. 14, them that sold d. See Jer. 48. 28; Hos. 7. 11; Mat. 3. 18; Mk. 1. 10.

See Jef. 36, 25, 1634, 1.11, 3Mt. 5. 16; MK, 1.10.

DOWN. 28sm. 3.35, if I taste ought till sup be d.

2 Kings 19, 30; 1sa, 37, 31, again take root d.

Pa. 59, 15, ist them wander up aud d.

109, 23, 1 am tossed up and d.

Eccl. 3, 21, apirit of the beast that goeth d.

Zeoh, 10, 12, waik up and d. in his name.

See Josh. 8, 29; Ps. 139, 2; Ezek. 33, 14.

DOWRY. Gen. 30. 20; 34, 12; Ex. 22, 17; 1 Sam. 18, 25.

DRAG. Hab. 1.15, 16: John 21, 8, DRAGON. Deut. 32, 33, their wine is the peisen

of d.
Neb. 2. 13, before the d. well.
Job 30. 29, 1 sm a brother to d.
Ps. 91. 13, the d. shalt thou trample. 18.7, pt. 10. the d. Sisht than trample. 148.7, prisse the Lord, ye d. 1sa. 43. 20, the d. and owls shall benour me. Jer. 9.11, will make Jerusalem a den of d. Rev. 20. 2, the d., that old serpent. See Rev. 12. 3; 13. 2, 11; 18. 13.

See Rev. 12. 3; 13. 2, 11; 18. 13.

DRANK. I Sam. 30. 12, nor d. water three days and nights.
2 Sam 12. 3, and d. of his own cup.
1 Kings 17. 6, and he d. of the brook.
Dan. 1. 5, appointed of the wine he d.
5, 4, they d. wine, sud praised the gods.
Mk. 14. 23, and they all d. of it.
Lin. 17. 77. 28, they d., they married.
John 4. 12, than our father, who d. thereof.
1 Cor. 10. 4, for they d. of that sprittual Rock.
See Gen. 9. 21; 24. 46; 27. 25; Num. 20. 11.
DRAUGHT Mat. 15. 17: Mk. 7. 19; Lin. 5. 4. 9.

DRAUGHT. Mat. 15. 17; Mk. 7. 19; Lu. 5. 4, 9.

DRAVE. Ex. 14. 25; Josh. 24. 12; Judg. 8. 9.
DRAVE. Ex. 14. 25; Josh. 24. 12; Judg. 8. 9.
DRAW. Joh 40. 23, trusteth he can d. up Jordan.
41. 1, coast thou d. out leviathsn.
Ps. 28. 3. d. me not away with wicked.
37. 14, wicked have d. out sword.
55. 21, yet were they d. swords.
88. 3, my life d. nigh unto the grave.
Eccl. 12. 1, nor years d. nigh.
Gant. 1. 4. d. me, we will run after thee.

Level. 12. 1, nor years a. 1181. Cant. 1.4, d. me, we will run after thee. Isa. 5. 18, d. thiquity with cords. 12. 3, d. water from wells of salvation. Jer. 31. 3, with lovingkindness have I d. thee.

Mst. 15. 8, people d. nigh with their mouth. Lu. 21. 8, the time d. near.

28, your redemption d. nigh.
John 4.11, thou hast nothing to d. with.
15, thirst not, neither come hither to d.
8.44, except Father d. him.
12.32, if lifted up, will d all men.

Heb. 10. 22, d. near with true heart.

38, 39, if any d. back.

Jas. 4, 8, d. nigh to God, he will d.

See Acts 11. 10; 20. 30; Heb. 7. 19; Jas. 2. 6.

DRAWER. Deut. 29.11; Josh. 9. 21. DREAD. Geo. 28.17, how d. is this place. Deut. 2. 25; 11. 25, hegin to put d. of thee. Iss. 8.13, let him be your d. Mai. 4.5, the great and d. day. See Gen. 9. 2; Ex. 15. 16; Dan. 9. 4.

See Gen. 9. 2; Ex. 15. 16; Dac. 9. 4.

DREAM. Job 20. 8, shall fly away as a d.

33. 15, 18, in a d. he openeth the ears.
Ps. 73. 20, as a d. when one awaketh.
126. 1, we were like them that d.
Eccl. 5. 3, a d. cometh through much business,
Jer. 23. 28, prophet that hath a d.
Joel 2, 28; Acts 2. 17, old man d. d,
Jude 8, flithy d. deelle the flesh.
See Job 7. 14; Isa. 29. 8; Jer. 27. 9.

DREGS. Pa. 75. 8; Isa. 51. 17.

DRESS. Gen. 2.15, put man in garden to d. it. Deut. 28.39, plant vineyards and d. them. 2 Sam. 12.4, poor man's lamh, and d. it. See Ex. 30.7; Lu. 13.7; Heb. 6.7.

DREW. Gen. 47, 29, time d, nigh that Israel must

die.

Ex. 2. 10. because I d. him out of the water.
Josh. 8. 26. Joahus d. oot his hand back.
I Kings 22. 34; 2 Chron. 18. 33, man d. s bow.
2 Kings 9. 24; 2 Chron. 18. 33, man d. s bow.
2 Kings 9. 24, Jehn d. bow with full strength.
Hos. 11. 4. them with cords of a man.
Zeph. 3. 2, she d. not near to her God.
Mat. 21. 34, when time of fruit d. near.
Lu. 24. 15, Jesus himself d. near.
Acts 5. 37, and d. away much people.
See Eath. 5. 2; Lam. 3. 57; Acts 7. 17.

DRINK (n.). Lev. 10. 9, do not drink strong d.

when ye go.

Num. 6. 3, separate himself from strong d.

Deut. 14. 26, bestow money for strong d. Deut. 14. 28, bestow money for strong d. 22.8, strong d. these forty years. Prov. 20. 1, strong d. is raging. 31. 4, not for princes to drink strong d. 6, give strong d. to him that is ready to perish. 1sa. 24. 9, strong d. shall be bitter 28. 7, erred through strong d. Mic. 2. 11, prophesy of wine and strong d. Hs.b. 2. 15, that giveth his neighbour d. Hag. 1. 6, we are not filled with d.

HaD. 2. 15, that giveth his definiour a. Hag. 1.6, ye are not filled with d. Mat. 25, 35, 37, 42, thirsty and ys gave me d. John 4.9, a Jew, askest d. of me. 6.55, my blood is d. Indeed. Rom. 12, 20, if thinge enemy thirst, give him d.

Rom. 12. 20, it thinle ensury thirst, give in 14. 17, kingdom out meat and d. 1 Cor. 10. 4, same spiritual d. Col. 2. 16, judge you in meat or in d. See Gen. 21. 19; 1sa. 32. 6; 43. 20; Lu. 1, 15. DRINK (v.). Ex. 15. 24, what shall we d.?

DEINK (a). Ex. 15. 24, what shall we d.? 11.1, no water for people to d. 2 Sam. 23. 16:; 1 Chron. 11. 18. David would not d. 2 Sam. 23. 16:; 1 Chron. 11. 18. David would not d. Ps. 36. 8, d. of the river of thy piesaures. 60. 3. d. the wine of satonishment. 80. 5. gavest them tears to d. 110. 7, he shall d. of the brook in the way. Prov. 5. 15, d. waters of thine own cistern. 31. 5, lest they d. and forget the law. 1, let him d. and forget the part. Eact. 9. 7, d. wine with merry heart. Cant. 5. 1, d., yes. d. abundantly. 1sa. 5. 22, mighty to d. wine. 65. 13, my servants shall d., but ye. Jer. 35. 2, give Rechabites wine to d.

CONCORDANCE. DRIVE. Jer. 35. 6, we will d. no wine.

14, to this day they d. none.

Ezek. 4. 11, thou shalt d. water by measure.

Amos 2. 8, d. the wine of the condemned.

Zech. 9. 15, they shall d. and make a noise.

Mat. 10. 42, whose shall give to d.

20. 22; Mk. 10. 33, are ye able to d.

26. 27, saying, d. ye all of it.

29; Mk. 14. 25; Lu. 22. 18, when I.d. it new.

42, may not pass except I.d.

Mk. 9. 41, shall give you cup of water to d.

16. 18, if they d. any deadly thing.

John 4. 10, give me to d.

1. 37, let him come to me and d.

18. 11, cup given me, shall I not d. it.

Rom. 14. 21, not good to d. wine.

1. 25, as oft as ye d. it.

12. 31, made to d. it.

12. 13, made to d. into one Spirit.

See Mk. 2. 16; Lu. 7. 33; 10. 7.

RIVE. Gen. 4. 14, thou has d. me out. DUE. Lev. 10. 13, 14, it is thy d., and thy sons' d.
26. 4; Deut. 11. 14, rain in d. season.
Ps. 104. 27; 145. 15; Mat. 24. 45; Lu. 14. 42, meat Ps. 104, 27; 140. 16; Mat. 22, 46; Ltd. 12, 22, measin d. season.
Prov. 15. 23, word spoken in d. season.
Mat. 18. 34, pay all that was d.
Lu. 23. 41, the d. reward of our deeds.
Rom. 5. 6, in d. time Christ died.
Gal. 6. 9, in d. season we shall reap.
See Prov. 3. 27; 1 Cor. 15. 8; Ttt. 1. 3; 1 Pet. 5. 6.
DULL Mat. 13. 15; Acts 28. 27; Heb. 5. 11. See Mk. 2.16; Lu. T. 33; 10.7.

DRIVE. Gen. 4.14, thou hast d. me out.
Ex. 23. 28, bornets shall d. out Hivite.
Deut. 4. 19, lest thou he d. to worship them.
Joh 24. 3, they d. away ass of the fatheriess.
30. 5, they were d. forth from among men.
Frov. 14. 32, wicked d. away in his wickedness.
22. 15, rod shall d. it away.
25. 23, north wind d. away rain.
Jer. 40. 15, stood not, because Lord did d. them.
Dan. 4. 25; 5. 21, they shall d. thee from men,
Hos. 13. 3, as chaff d. with whirlwind.
Lu. 8. 29, he was d. of the devil.
Jas. 1. 6, wave d. with the wind,
See 2 Kings 9. 20; Jer. S. 3; Ezek. 31. 11.

PROP (n.), Job 36. 27, maketh small the d. of water DROP (n.). Joh 36. 27, maketh small the d. qf water. Isa. 40. 15, as the d. of a hucket. See Joh 38. 28; Cant. 5. 2; Lu. 22. 44. See Job 35, 29; Lant. 5, 2; Lul. 22, 44.

DROP (n.). Dent. 32, 2, doctrine shall d. as the rain,
Job 29, 22, my speech d. upon them.
Ps. 65, 11, paths d, tatness.
68, 3, heavens d, at presence of God.
Eccl. 10, 18, through didness house d, through.
1s. 45, 8, d, down, ye heavens.
Ezek. 20, 46, d, thy word toward the south.
See 2 Sam. 21, 10; Joel 3, 18; Amos 9, 13. DROSS, Prov. 25. 4; 26. 23; Isa. 1. 22, 25; Ezek. 22. 18. DROUGHT. 1sa. 58. 11; Jer. 17. 8; Hos. 13. 5; Hag. 1. 11. DROVE. Gen. 3.24; 15.11; 32.16; 33.6; John 2.15. DROWN. Cant. 8.7, neither can floods d. lt. 1 Tim. 6. 9, that d. men in perdition. See Ex. 15.4; Mat. 18.6; Heb. 11. 29. DROWSINESS. Prov. 23. 21. DROWSINESS. Prov. 23. 21.

DRUNK. 2 Sam. 11. 13. David made Uriah d.

1 Kings 20. 16, was drinking himself d.

10. 12. 25; Ps. 107. 27, stagger like a d. man.

Jer. 23. 9, 1 am like a d. man.

Lam. 5. 4, we have d. water for money.

Hab. 2. 15, makest him d. also.

Mat. 24. 49; Lu. 12. 45, drink with the d.

Acts 2. 15, these are not d.

1 Cor. 11. 21, one is hungry, and another d.

1 Thess. 5. 7, d. are d. in the night.

See Lu. 5. 39; John 2. 10; Epb. 5. 18; Rev. 17. 6.

DRUNKARD. Dent. 21. 20, our son is a glutton and sd.

DULM. Mat. 18. 16; Acts 28. 27; Heb. 5. 11.
DUMB. Ex. 4. 11, who maketh the d.
Prov. 31. 8, open thy mouth for the d.
18. 35. 6, the tongue of the d. shall sing.
63. 7; Acts 8. 32, sheep before shearera d.
65. 10, they are all d. dogs.
Ezek. 3. 26, be d. and shalt not he reprover.
Hab. 2. 19, woe to him that satist to d. stone.
Mat. 9. 32; 12. 22; 15. 30; Mk. 7. 37; 9. 17, d. man.
See Pa. 36. 2; Dan. 10. 15; Lu. 1. 20; 11. 14; 2 Pet.
2. 16. DUNG. 1 Sam. 2, 6: Ps. 113, 7, lifteth heggar from d.-hill a.-inn.
1u. 13. 8, till I dig about it and d. it.
14. 35, neither fit for land nor d.-hill.
Phil 3. 8, count all things but d.
See Nch. 2. 13; Lam. 4. 5; Mal. 2. 3. DUNGEON. Gen. 40. 15; 41. 14; Ex. 12. 29; Jer. 38. 6; Lam. 3. 53. DURABLE. Prov. 8. 18; Isa. 23. 18, DURETH, Mat. 13. 21. DURST, Mat. 22. 46; Mk, 12. 34; Lu. 20. 40, nor d. ask questions.

John 21, 12, none of disciples d. ask.

See Esth. 7. 5; Joh 32, 6; Acts 5. 13; Jude 9. See Esth. 7. 5; Job 32. 8; Acts 5. 13; Judé 9. DUST. Gen. 2. 7, Lord God formed man of d. 3.14, d. shalt thou eat. 19. d. thou art. 18. 27, who am but d. and ashea. Job 22. 4; 27. 16, lay up gold as d. 42. 6, I repent in d. and ashea. Ps. 30. 9, shall the d. praise thee? 102. 14, servants favour d. thereof. 103. 14, remembereth that we are d. Eccl. 3. 20, all are of the d. and turn to d. again. Isa. 40. 12. comprehended d. of the earth. Ecci. 3. 20, 811 and turn to a. again.

18a, 40.12, comprehended d. of the earth.

65. 25, d. shall be serpent's meat.

12m. 3.29, he putteth his mouth in the d.

12m. 12. 2, many that sleep in d. shall awake.

Mai. 7.17, lick the d. like a serpent.

Mai. 10. 14; Mk. 6. 11; Lu. 9. 5, shake off d. from feet Lu. 10. 11, even d. of your city. Acts 22. 23, as they threw d. into the air. See Ex. 8. 16; Num. 23. 10; Deut. 9. 21; Job 39. 14. DUTY. Eccl. 12.13, the whole d. of man, Lu. 17. 10, that which was our d. to do. Rom. 15. 27, their d. is to minister. See Ex. 21. 10; Deut. 25.5; 2 Chron. 8. 14; Ezra 3.4. DWELL. Dout. 12.11, cause name to d. there. 1 Sam. 4.4: 2 Sam. 6.2: 1 Chron. 13. 6. d. between Saint 3. 3; 2 saint 6. 2; 1 Chron. 10. 6, d. between cheruhims. 1 Kings 8. 30; 2 Chron. 6. 21, heaven thy d.-place. Ps. 23. 6, will d. in house of the Lord.

See Ps. 69. 12: Isa. 24. 29; Joel 1. 5; Nah. 1. 10. DRUNKENNESS. Deut. 29. 19, to add d. to thirst. Ecol. 10. 17, eat for strength not for d. Ezek. 23. 33, ahalt be filled with d. Ezek. 23. 33, ahalt be filled with d. See Lu. 21. 34; Rom. 13. 13; Gal. 5. 21. DRY. Prov. 17. 22, a broken spirit d. the bones, 1sa. 44. 3, pour floods on d. ground. Mat. 12. 43; Lm. 11. 24, through d. places, Mk. 5. 29, fountain of hlood d. np. See Ps. 107. 33, 35; Isa. 53. 2; Mk. 11. 20.

and a d.
Prov. 23. 21, d. and glutton come to poverty,
28. 9, as a thorn goeth into hand of d.
1 Cor. 6, 10, nor d. shall inherit.
See Ps. 69. 12; Isa. 24. 20; Joel 1. 5; Nah. 1. 10.

1 John 3.17, how d. the love of God in him. 4.12, God d. in us. See Rom. 8, 9; 2 Cor. 6, 16; Jas. 4, 5.

EACH. Isa. 57.2, e. one walking in his uprightness. Ezek. 4. 6, e. day for a year.
Acts 2. 3, cloven tongues sat on e.
Phil. 2. 3, let e. esteem other.
Ese Ex. 16. 7; Ps. 85. 10; 2 Thess. 1. 3.

See Ex. 16.4, rs. 63. 10; 2 1 100 81. 10 on e. wings. 2 Sam. 1, 23, were swifter than e. Ps. 103. 5, youth renewed like e. 1sa. 40. 31, mount up with wings as e. Mat. 24. 28; Ln. 17, 37, e. be gathered. See Dan. 4. 33; Obad. 4; Rev. 4, 7; 12. 14.

See Dan. 4. 33; OBSC. 4; Kev. 4. 7; 12. 14. EAR. (w). Ex. 34. 21; Dent. 21. 4; 1 Sam. 8. 12. EARLY. Ps. 46. 5, and that right e. 63. 1, e. will I seek thee. 30. 14, satisfy us e. with thy morcy. Prov. 1. 28; 8. 17, seek me e. shall find me. Cant. 7. 12, get up e. to vineyards. Hos. 6. 4; 13. 3, as e. dew. Jas. 5. 7, the e. and latter rain. See Judg. 7. 3; Ln. 24, 22; John 20. 1. EARNEST. Loh 7. 2. see grounds desirable bear.

EARNEST. Job 7. 2, as servant e. desireth shadow. Jer. 31. 20, I do c. remember him still.

Jer. 31. 20, I do a remember him still. Mic. 7, 3, do evil with both hands e. I.u. 22, 44, in agony he prayed more e. Rom. 8. 19, e. expectation of the creature. 1 Cor. 12. 31, covet e. best gifts. 2 Cor. 1. 22; 5, 5, the e. of the Spirit. 5. 2, e. desiring to be clothed. Eph. 1. 14, the e. of our inheritance. Phil. 1. 20, to my e. expectation and hope. Jude 3, e. contend for the faith. See Acts 3. 12; the 1. 21; Jas. 5. 17.

EARNETH, Hag. 1. 6.

See Auts 5.12; Rich 2.1; 328.5.11.

EARNETH. Hag. 1.6

EARS. Ex. 10, 2, tell it in e. of thy son.
1 Sam. 3.11; 2 Kings 21. 12; Jer. 19. 3, at which
e. shall tingle.
Neh. 1.6, let thine e. be attentive.
Job 12. 11; 34. 3, doth not e. try words.
15. 21, dreadful sound is in his e.
22. 22, heard fame with our e.
23. 11, when thee. heard me, it blessed me
42. 5, heard of thee by bearing of the e.
Ps. 18. 6, my cry came even into his e.
34. 15, his e. are open unto their cry.
54. 4, like deaf adder that stoppeth her e,
94. 9, he that planted e. shall he not hear.
115. 6; 135. 17, they have e. hut hear not.
Prov. 17. 4, liar giveth e. to naughty tongue.
18. 15, e. of wise seeketh knowledge.
20. 12, hearing e., seeing eye, Lord made.
21. 13, stoppeth e. at cry of the poor.
23. 9, speak not in e. of a fool.
25. 12, wise reprover on obedient e.
26. 17, one that taketh dog by the e.
Eccl. 1. 8, nor his e. filled with hearing.
Lsa. 6. 10; Mat. 13. 15; Acts 25. 27, make e. heavy.
48. 8, from that time thine e. not opened.
59. 1, nor his e. heavy that it cannot.
Ler. 9. 20. Let your e. receive word of the Lord.

48. 8, from that time thine e. not opened.
59. 1. nor his e. heavy that it cannot.
Jer. 9. 20. let your e. receive word of the Lord.
Amos 8. 12, out of mouth of lion piece of an e.
Mat. 10. 27, what ye hear in e. preach.
13. 16, blessed are your e.
25. 51; Mk. 11. 47, smoote off e.
Mk. 7. 33, put his fingers into e.
8. 18, baying e. hear ye not.
Acts 7. 51, uncircumcised in heart and e.
17. 20, strange things to our e.

Acts 1. 51, uncircumensed to neart and e. 11, 20, etrange things to our e. 1 Cor. 2, 9, nor e. heard.
1 Cor. 2, 9, nor e. heard.
12, 16, if e. say, because I am not the eye.
2 Tim. 4, 3, having itching e.
1 Jas. 5, 4, entered toto e. of the Lord.
1 Pet. 3, 12, his e. are open to prayer.
See Mat. 11, 15, Mk. 4, 9; Rev. 2, 7.

EARS (of corn). Deut. 23. 25; Mat. 12. 1.

EARTH. Gen. 6. 22, while e. remaineth. 10. 25, in his days was e. divided. 18. 25, shell not Judge of ell the e. Num. 14. 21, all e. filled with glory.

Num. 14. 21, an e. med wing lory.
16. 30, if the e. open her mouth.
Deut. 32. 1, O e., hear the words of my mouth.
Josh. 3. 11, Zech. 6. 5, Lord of all the e.
23. 14, going way of all the e.
13. 14, going way of all the e.

the e.

oo, o, uwen in querinost parts of c. 9, visitest c. and waterest it. 67. 6; Ezek. 34. 27, e. yield increase. 68. 8, e. shook, heavens dropped. 71. 20, bring me up from depths of the c. 12. 6, showers that water the e.

16, handful of corn in the e. 73. 9, tongue walketh through e. 73. y, tongrie waiketh through c. 25, none on e. I desire heside thee. 75. 3; Isa. 24. 19, e. dissolved. 33. 16; 97. 9, most high over all e. 90. 2, or ever thou hadst formed the c. 97. 1, Lord reigneth, let e. rejoice. 99. 1, Lord reigneth, let e. be moved. 102. 25; 104. 5; Prov. 6. 29; Isa. 48. 13, laid foundation of e.

dation of e.

dation of e.
104. 13, the e. is satisfied.
24, the e. is full of thy riches.
112. 2, seed mighty upon e.
115. 16, e. given to children of men.
119. 19, stranger in the e.
46, the e. full of thy mercy.
90, established the e., it shideth.
146. 4 he returneth to the

96, espainista die e., it schools.
146. 4, he returneth to the e.
147. 8, prepareth rain for the e.
148. 13, glory above e. and heaven.
Prov. 3, 19; Isa. 24. 1, Lord founded the e.

149.13, glory anove a and neaven.
Prov. 3. 19; 1sa. 24.1, Lord founded the e.
8. 23, set up from everlasting, or ever e, was,
26, he bad not yet made e, nor fields,
11. 31, righteous recompensed in e.
25. 3, the e. for depth,
30. 14, toeth ss kulves to devour poor from e.
16, the e. not filled with water.
21. for three things e. is disquieted.
24, four things little upon e.
Eccl. 1. 4, the e. abideth for ever.
3. 21, spirit of beast goeth to e.
5. 9, profit of the e. for all.
12. 7, dust return to e.
1sa. 4. 2, fruit of e. excellent.
11. 9. e. full of knowledge of the Lord.
13. 13, e. shall remove out of her place.
14. 16, is this the man that made e. tremble.
26. 9, when thy judgments are in the e.
21, e. shall disclose her blood.

Isa. 34. 1, let the e. bear.
40. 22, sitteth on circle of the e.
25, Creator of ends of e. fainteth not.
42, spreadeth ahmoad e. by myself.
45. 22, be saved, all ends of the e.
49. 13, he joyful, 0 e.
51. 6, the e. shall wax old.
66. 1, the e. is my footstool.
8, ehall e. bring forth in one day.
Let 15. 10, man of contention to whole Jer. 15. 10, man of contention to whole e, 22. 29; Mic. 1. 2, O e., e., e., hear word of Lord. 31. 22, hath created new thing in e. 31. 22. hath created new thing in e.
51. 15. made the e. by his power.
Ezek. 9. 9, the Lord hath forsaken the e.
43. 2, the e. shined with his glory.
Amos 3. 5, bird fall in snare on e.
8. 9, darken e. in the clear day.
9. 9, least grain fall upon the e.
Jonah 2. 6, e. with bars about me.
Mic. 6. 2, ye strong foundations of the e.
17, move like worms of the e.
Nah. 1. 5, e. burnt up at his presence.
Hab. 2, 14, e. filled with knowledge.
3. 3, the e, full of his praise. man. 2. 14, e. niled with knowledge.
3. 3, the e. full of his praise.
Hag. 1. 10, e. stayed from her fruit.
Zech. 4. 10, eyes of Lord run through e.
Mal. 4. 6, lest 1 smite e. with a curse.
Mat. 5. 5, meek shall inherit e. Mal. 4. 6, lest 1 smite e, with a curse.

Mat. 5. 5, meek shall inherit e.

35, ewear not by the e.

6. 19, treasures upon e.

9. 6; Mk. 2, 10; Lu. 5. 24, power on e. to forgive.

Mat. 10.34, to eend peace on e.

13. 5; Mk. 4. 5, not much e.

16. 19; 16. 16, shalt bind on e.

18. 19, shall agree on e.

23. 9, call up man father on e.

25. 18, 25, digged in the e.

9. 3, no fuller on e. csan white.

10. 12, 14, on e. peace.

23. 44, darkness over all e.

23. 44, darkness over all e.

23. 12, 22, the shall speaketh of the e.

12. 22, 11 and speaketh of the e.

12. 24, 11 the shall peaketh of the e.

13. 4. I have glorified thee on the e.

14. 4. I have glorified thee on the e.

22. 22, away with such a fellow from e.

Rom. 10. 18, sound went into all e.

10. 15, 4, first man is of the e., e.

48, as is the e. such are they that are e. 48, as is the e. such are they that are e. 49, the image of the e. 230. 4.7, tressure in e. vessels.
Col. 3.2, affection not on things on e.
Phil. 3.19, who mind e. things.
Heb. 6.7, e. drinketh in the rain.
8.4, if he were on e. 8. 4, if he were on e.
11. 13, strangers on the e.
12. 25, refused him that spake on e.
26, voice then shook the e.
Jas. 3. 15, this wisdom is e. Jas. 3.15, this wisdom is e.
5.6, lived in pleasure on e.
7, the precious fruit of the e.
18, and the e. brought forth her fruit.
2 Pet. 3. 10, the e. shall be burnt up.
Rev. 5. 10, we chall reign on the e.
7.3, burt not the e.
18.1, e. lightened with his glory.
20. 11, from whose face the e. fled.
21.1, a new e.
See Ex. 9. 29; Job 12. 8; Ps. 24. 1; Isa. 65. 16.

EARTHQUAKE. I Kinge 19.11; Zech. 14.5; Mat. 24.7.

EASE. Ex. 18.22, so shall it be e. for thyself.

Deut. 28, 65, smong nations find no e. Joh 12, 5, thought of him that is at e. 16, 6, though I forhear, what am I e.

Job 21. 23, dieth, being wholly at e. Ps. 25. 13, his soul shall dwell at e. Isa, 32. 9, 11, women that are at e. Amos 6. 1, woe to them that are at e. Mat. 9. 5; Mk. 2. 9; Lu. 5. 23, is e, to say. 19. 24; Mk. 10. 25; Lu. 18. 25, e. for camel. 1 Cor. 13. 5, not e, provoked. Heb. 12. 1, sin which doth so e. beset, See Jer. 46. 27; Zech. 1, 15; Lu. 12. 19 EAST. Gen. 41.6; 23.27, blasted with e. wind. Ex. 10.13, Lord brought an e. wind. Job 1.3, greatest of all men of the e. 15.2, fill his belly with e. wind. 27.21, e. wind carrieth him away. 27. 21, e. wind carrieth him away.
38, 24, seattereth e. wind on the earth.
Ps. 48, 7, breakest ships with e. wind.
75. 6, promotion cometh not from e.
103. 12, as far as e. from west.
Isa. 21, 8, stayeth rough wind in day of e. wind.
Ezek. 19. 12, the e. wind drieth up her fruit.
Hos. 12, 1, Ephraim followeth e. wind.
13, 15, though fruitful, an e. wind shall come.
See Jonah 4, 5, 6; Mat. 2, 1; 8, 11; 24, 27. SY. Prov. 14, 6; Mat. 11, 30; 1 Cor. 14, 9; Jas. 3, 17. EASY. AT. Gen. 2. 17, in day thou e. thou shalt die. 9. 4: Lev. 19. 26; Deut. 12. 16, blood not e. 24. 33, not e. till I baye told. 43. 32, Egyptians might not e. with Hebrews. 43. 32. Egyptians might not e. with Hebre Ex. 12. 16, no work, save that man must e, 23. 11, that the poor may e. 29. 34, shall not be e, because holy. Lev. 25. 20, what shall we e. seventh year, Num. 13. 32, a land that e. up inhabitaots. Josh. 5. 11, 12, e. of old corn of the land. 1 Sam. 14. 30, if haply people had e. freely, 23. 20, had e. no bread all day. 22, 22, had e. no mean an day. 22, e. that thou mayest have strength. 2 Sam. 19. 42, have we e. at all of king's cost. 1 Kings 19.5; Acts 10. 13; 11. 7, angel said, Arise Kings 18.5; Acts 10.13; 11.7, angel said, Arise and e.

2 Kings 4.43, 44, they shall e. and leave thereof, 6.22, give thy son that we may e. him.

Neb. 5.2, corn, that we may e. and live.

Job 3.24, my slighing cometh before 1 e.
5.5, whose harvest the hungry e. up.
6.6, e. without sait.
21.25, another never e. with pleasure.
31.17, have e. my morsel alone.
Ps. 22.26, meek shall e. and he satisfied.
69.9; John 2.17, zeal hath e. me up.
10.2, 9 have e. ashes like bread.
Prov. 1.31, Isa. 3.10, e. fruit of their own way.
13.25, e. to satisfying of soul.
18.21, they that love it shall e. the fruit.
23.1; sitest to e. with ruler. 18. 21, they that love it shall e. the fruit.
23. 1; sittest to e. with ruler.
24. 13, e. honey, because it is good.
25. 27, not good to e. much honey.
Eccl. 2. 25, who can e. more than 1?
4. 5, fool e. his own fiesh.
5. 11, goods increase, they increased that e.
12, sleep be sweet whether he e. little or much,
7, all his days also he e. in darkness.
19; 6. 2, not power to e. thereof.
10. 16, thy princes e. in the morning.
47, blessed when princes e. in due season.
183. 4. 1. we will e. our own bread. 47. blessed when princes e. in due season.

18a. 4.1, we will e. our own bread.

7. 15, 22, butter and houey shall he e.

11. 7; 63, 25, lion e. straw like ox.

20. 8, he e., swaketh, and is hungry.

51. 8, worm shall e. them like wool.

65. 1, come ye, huy and e.

2. e. ye that which is good.

10. give bread to the e.

65. 13, my servants shall e., but ye shall be,

Jer. 5. 17, they shall e. up thine barvest.

15. 16, words were found, and I did e. them 15. 16, words were found, and I did e. them. 24. 2; 29. 17, figs could not be e. 31. 29; Ezek. 18. 2, fathers have e. sour grapes, Ezek. 3. 1, 2, 3, e. this roll.

Job 39. 14, ostrich leaveth e. in earth. Lu. 11. 12, if he ask an e. See Deut. 22. 6; Isa. 10. 14; 59. 5; Jer. 17. 11.

EITHER. Gen. 31.24, speak not e. good or bad.

TTHER. Gen. 31.24, speak not e. good or da Eccl. 11.6, prosper, e. this or that. Mat. 6.24; Ln. 16.13, e. hate the one. John 19. 18, on e. side one. Rev. 22. 2, on e. side the river. See Deut. 11.3; 28.51; Isa. 7.11; Mat. 12.33.

ELDER, 1 Sam, 15, 30, henour me before a of

LDER. 1 Sam. 15. 30, nonour me people.

people.

Job 15. 10, aged men much e. than thy father,
32. 4, waited because they were e. than he.

Frov. 31. 25, husband known among e.

Mst. 15. 2; Mk. 7. 3, tradition of the e.

1 Tim. 5. 17, let e. that rule be worthy,

Tit. 1.5, ordain e. in every city.

Heb. 11. 2, the e. of the church.

Jas. 5. 14, call for e. of the church.

1 Pet. 5. 1, the e. I exhort, who am an e.

5. vounger submit to the e.

5. vounger submit to the e.

Ezek. 4. 10, c. by weight. Dan. 4. 33, e. grass as oxen. Hos. 4. 10; Mic. 6. 14; Hag. 1. 6, e. and not have enough. 0.13, have e. the fruit of lies.
Mic. 7. 1, there is no cluster to e.
Mat. 6. 25. Lu. 12. 22. what ye shall e.
9.11; Mk. 2. 16; Lu. 15. 2, why e. with publicans. cans.
12. 1, ears of corn and e.
4, e. shewbread, which was not lawful to e.
14. 16; Mk. 6.37; Lu. 9. 13, give ye them to e.
15. 20, to e. with unwashen hands.
21; Mk. 7. 128, dogs e. of crumbs.
32; Mk. 8. 1, muititude have uothing to e.
24. 49, to e. and drink with the drunken.
Mk. 2. 16, when they saw him e. with.
6. 31, no leisure so much as to e.
11. 14, no man e. fruit of thee.
Lu. 5. 33, but thy disciples e. and drink.
10. 8, e. such things as are set before you.
12. 19, take thine ease, e., drink.
13. 26, we have e. and drunk in thy presence.
15. 22, let us e. and be merry.
22. 30, that ye may e. at my table.
24. 43, he took it sand did e. before them.
John 4. 31, Master, e.
22, meat to e. ye know not of.
6. 26, because ye did e. of loaves.
25, can this man give us his flesh to e.?
55; except ye e. the flesh.
Acts 2. 46, did e. their meat with gladness.
9. 9. Saul did neither e. nor drink.
11. 3, then didst e. with them.
22. 14, will e. nothing until we have slain Paul.
Rom. 14. 2, believeth he may e. all things; weak e. herbs.
6, e. to the Lord. 12.1. ears of corn and e. e. herbs. e. Berus. 6, e. to the Lord. 20, who e. with offence. 21, neither to c. flesh nor drink wine. 1 Cor. 5.11. with suon an one, no not to e.
8.7, e. it as a thing referred to idel.
8. neither if we e. are we better.
13. I will e. no flesh while world.
9. 4. have we not power to e.
10. 3. all e. same spiritual mest.
27, e., asking no question.
31, whether ye e. or drink.
11. 29, he that e. nuworthily.
2 Thess. 3.10, work not, neither should he e.
Heb. 13. 10, whereof they have no right to c.
Rev. 2. 7, e. of the tree of life.
17, will give to e. of hidden manna.
19. 18, e. flesh of kings.
See Judg. 14. 14; Prov. 31. 27; Isa. 1. 19; 65. 4.
EDGE. Prov. 5. 4; Heb. 4.12; Eccl. 10. 10.
EDGEF. Rom. 14. 19, wherewith one may e. 1 Cor. 5. 11, with such an one, no not to e. EDIFY. Rom. 14. 19, wherewith one may e. 15. 2, please his neighbour to e. 1 Cor. 8. 1, charity e. 14. 3, he that prophesieth speaketh to e. 4, e. himself, e. the church. 10.23, all things lawful, but e. not. Eph. 4.12, for e. of the body of Christ, See 2 Cor. 10.6; 13.10; 1 Tim. 1.4. SEFFECT. Num. 30.6, make vow of none c. 2 Chron. 7.11, Solomon prosperously c. all. Pa. 33.10, devices of the people of none c. Isa. 32.17, the c. of righteousness quietness. Mat.15.6; Mk. 7.13, commandment of God of

none e.
1 Cor. 1, 17, lest cross be of none e.
Gal. 5, 4, Christ is become of none e.
See Rom. 3, 3, 4, 14; 9, 6; Gal. 3, 17.

opened.

Eph. 3. 7; 4. 16, the e. working.

Jas. 5. 16, e. prayer of righteous man.

See 2 Cor. 1. 6; Gal. 2.8; 1 Thess. 2. 13.

EFFEMINATE. 1 Cor. 6. 9.

1 Pet. 5. 1, the e. 1 exhort, who am at e. 5, younger submit to the e. See John 8.9; 1 Tim. 5.2; 2 John 1; 3 John 1. ELECT. Iss. 42.1, mine e. in whom my soul delighteth. lighteth,
45. 4, mine c. I have called by name.
65. 9, 22, mine e, shall inherit.
Mat. 24. 22; Mk. 13. 20, for c. sake days shortened.
24; Mk. 13. 22, deceive very e.
31; Mk. 13. 27, gather together hie e.
Lu. 18. 7, avenge his own e.
Rom. 8. 33, to charge of God's e.
Coi. 3. 12, put on as the e. of God.
1 Tim. 5. 21, charge thee before e. angels,
1 Pet. 1. 2, c. according to foreknowledge.
2. 6, corner stone, e. precious. 2. 6, corner stone, e., precious. See 2 Tim. 2. 10; Tit. 1. 1; 1 Pet. 5. 13; 2 John 13. ELECTION. Rom. 9.11; 11.5; 1 Thess. 1.4; 2 Pet. 1, 10, ELEMENTS. Gal. 4.3, 9; 2 Pet. 3.10. ELEVEN. Gen. 32, 22, Jacob took his e. sons. 37.9, and e. stars made obeisance. Acts 1, 26, he was numbered with the e. See Mat. 28, 16; Mk, 16, 14; Lu, 24, 9. See Bill, 22. 10; MR. 10, 14; Lil, 24. 9; ELQUENT. Ex. 4. 10; Isa, 3.3; Acts 18, 24. EMBOLDEN. Job 16. 3; 1 Cor. 8. 10. EMBRACE. Job 24. 8, e. rock for want of shelter, Eccl. 3.5, a time to e. Heb. 11. 13, seen and e. promises. See Prov. 4. 8; 5. 20; Lam. 4. 6; Acts 20. 1. EMBROIDER. Ex. 28. 39; 35, 35; 38, 23. EMINENT. Ezek. 16, 24, 31, 39; 17, 22. EMPIRE. Esth. 1, 20. EMPLOY. Deut. 20, 19; 1 Chron. 9, 3; Ezra 10, 15; EMPLOY. Der Ezek, 39, 14, EMPTY. Gen. 31. 42; Mk. 12. 3; Lu. 1. 53; 20. 10, sent e. away. Ex. 3. 21, ye shall not go e. 23. 15; 34, 20; Dent. 16. 16, appear before me e. Deut. 16. 13, not let him go away e. Job 22. 9, thou hast sent widows away e. Ecol. 11. 3, clouds e. themselves on the earth. Isa. 29. 8, awaketh and his soul is e. Jer. 48, 11, Moab e. from vessel to vessel. Nah. 2. 2, the emptiers have e. them out. Mat. 12. 44, come he findeth it e. See 2 Sam. 1. 22; 2 Kings 4. 3; Hos. 10. 1. EMULATION. Rom. 11. 14; Gal. 5. 20. ENABLED. 1 Tim. 1. 12. ENCAMP. Ps. 27. 3, though host e. against me. 34. 7, angei of Lord e. round. See Num. 10. 31; Joh 19. 12; Ps. 53. 5. ENCOUNTERED. Acts 17. 16. ENCOUNTERED. Acts 17. 18. ENCOURAGE. Deut. 1. 38; 3. 28; 2 Sam. 11. 25, e. EMPTY. Gen. 31, 42; Mk. 12, 3; Lu. 1, 53; 20, 10. EFFECTUAL. 1 Cor. 16. 9. a great door and e. is ENCOURAGE. Deut. 1.38; 3.28; 2 Sam. 11. 25, e. Pa. 64. 5, they e. themselves in an evil matter. See 1 Sam. 30. 6; 2 Chron. 31, 4; 35. 2; 1sa. 41. 7. END. Gen. 6. 13, the c. of all flesh before me. Ex. 23. 16; Deut. 11. 12, in the c. of the year. EGG. Job 6.6, taste in the white of an e. 439

ENDAMAGE. Num, 23, 10, let my last e. be like his. Deut. 8, 16, do thee good at thy latter e. 32, 29, consider their latter e. Job 6, 11, what is mine e. that I should prolong. 8, 7; 42, 12, thy latter e. shall increase. 16, 3, shall yain words have an e. 26. 10, till day and night come to an e. Ps. 7. 9, wickedness of wicked come to an e. 9. 6, destructions come to perpetual e. 37. 37, the e. of that man is peace. 39. 4, make me to know my e.

31. 17, then understood I their e.

102. 27, the same, thy years have no e.

107. 27, are at their wit's e. 107. 27, are at their wits s.
119. 96, an s. of all perfection.
Prov. 14. 12, the s. thereof are ways of death,
17. 24, eyes of fool in s. of earth.
19. 20, he wise in thy latter s.
25. 8, lest thou know not what to do in s.
Eccl. 3. 11, find out from beginning to the s.
45. 20. 45. 11 bits lower. 20. 2. 1531 MOU KNOW not what to do in e. Eccl. 3.11, ind out from beginning to the e. 4. 8, no e. of all his labour.

16, no e. of all the people.

7. 2, that is the e. of all men.

8, better the e. of a thing.

10.13, the e. of his talk is madness.

12.12, of making books there is no e.

123. 9. 7, of his government shall be no e.

48. 10, declaring e. from heginning.

Jer. 5. 31, what will ye do in e. thereof?

8. 20, harvest past, summer s.

17. 11, at his e. shall be a fool.

29. 11, to give you an expected e.

31. 77, there is hope in thine s.

1. 13. 1, there is hope in thine s.

1. 13. 1, 19; 11.27, at the time of e.

11. 45, he shall come to his e. and none shall help him.

12. 8, what shall he the e. neip Irin. 12. 8, what shall he the e. 13. go thy way till the e. be. Hab. 2. 3, at the e. it shall speak. Mat. 10.22; 24.13; Mk. 13.13, endureth to e. 13. 39, harvest is e. of the world. 24. 3, what sign of the e. of the world. 6; Mk. 13. 7; Lu. 21. 9, the e. is not yet, 14, then shall the e. come. 14. then shall the e. come.
31. gather from one e. of heaven,
26. 58. Peter sat to see the e.
28. 20, I am with you, even unto the e.
Mk. 3. 28, cannot stand, but hath an e.
Lu. 1. 33, of his kingdom there shall be no e.
22. 37, things concerning me have an e.
John 13. I, he loved them unto the e.
18. 37, to this e. was 1 born.
Rom. 6. 21, the e. of those things is death,
22, the e. everlasting life.
10. 4, the e. of the law for righteousness. 10. 4, the e. of the law for righteousness, 10cr. 10. II, on whom e. of world are come. Phil. 3. 19, whose e. is destruction. I Tim. 1.5, the e. of the commandment. Heb. 8. 8, whose e. is to be hurned. nen. c. c, whose e. 1s to be hurned. 16, an oath an e. of strife. 7. 3, neither beginning nor e. of life. 9. 28, once in the e. hath he appeared. Jas. 5. 11. ye have seen e. of their conversation.
Jas. 5. 11. ye have seen e. of the Lord.
1 Pet. 1.9, receiving the e. of your faith.
13, he sober, and hope to the e.
4.7, the s. of all things is at hand. 17, what the e. of them that ohey not. Rev. 2. 26, keepeth my works unto e. 21.6; 22.13, the beginning and the e. See Ps. 19.6; 65.5; Isa. 45. 22; 52. 10; Jer. 4. 27. ENDAMAGE, Ezra 4.13

ENDANGER. Eccl. 10.9; Dan. 1. 10.

ENDEAVOUR. Ps. 28. 4; Eph. 4. 3; 2 Pet. 1, 15. ENDLESS. 1 Tlm. 1.4; Heb. 7.16.

ENDUE. Gen. 30. 20; 2 Chron. 2. 12; Lu. 24. 49; Jas. 3. 13.

ENDURE. Gen. 33.14, as the children be able to e. Esth. 8.6, how can 1 e. to see evil. Job. 8.16, how can 1 e. to see evil. Job. 8.16, hold it fast, hut it shall not e. 31.23. I could not e. 78.9. 7; 102.12; 104.31, Lord shall e. for ever. 30.5, anger e. a moment, weeping e. for a night. 52.1, goodness of God e. continually. 12.5, as long as sun and moon e. 17, his name shall e. for ever. 100.5, his truth e. to all generations. 106.1; 10.1; 118.1; 136.1; 138.8; Jer. 33. 11, his meroy e. for ever. 119.160, every one of thy judgments e. 119.160, every one of thy judgments e. 1135.13, thy dominion e. 170.17; 118.17; 118.17; 118.17; 119.18; 119.19; 1 NEMY. Ex. 23. 22. I will be e. to thine e. Deut. 32. 31, our e. themselves heing judges, Jush. 7. 2. Israel throng hacks before e. Judg. 5. 31, so let all thy e. perish. 1 Sam. 24. 18, if man find e., will be let him go? ENEMY. 1 Kinge 21.20, hast thou found me, 0 mine e.? Job 15.24, wherefore holdest thou me for e. Ps. 8.2, still the e. and avenger. 23.5, in presence of mine e. 38.19, mine e. are lively. 61. 3, a strong tower from the e. 72. 9, his e. shall lick the dust. 72. 9, his e. shall lick the dust.
119. 98, wiser than mine e.
127. 5, speak with e. in the gate.
139. 22. I count them mine e.
Prov. 16. 7, maketh his e. at peace.
24. 17, rejoice not when e. falleth.
25. 21; Rom. 12. 20, if e. hunger, give bread.
27. 6, kisses of e. deceithil.
18. 9. 11, Lord shall join e. together.
59. 19, when e. shall come in like a flood.
63. 10, he was turned to be their e.
Jer. 15. 11, will cause e. to entreat thee well.
30. 14. wounded thee with wound of e. Jer. 15. 11, will cause e. to entreat thee well.
30. 14, wounded thee with wound of e.
Mic. 7. 6, man's e. men of his own house,
Mat. 5. 43, said, thou shalt hate thine e.
44; Lu. 6. 27, 35, I say love your e.
13. 25, 28, 39, his e. sowed tares.
Lu. 19. 43, thine e. shall cast a trench.
Acts 13. 10, thou e. of all righteousness,
Rom. 5. 16, if when e. we were reconciled,
11. 28, concerning the gospel they are e.
Gal. 4. 16, and I become your e.
Phil. 3. 18, the e. of the cross.
Col. 1. 21, were e. in your mind.
2 Thess. 3. 15, count him not as an e.
Jas. 4. 4, friend of the world is the e. of God,
See Ps. 110. 1; Isa. 62. 8; Jer. 15, 14; Heh. 10, 13.
NGAGED. Jer. 30, 21. ENGAGED. Jer. 30, 21, ENGRAFTED. Jas. 1. 21. ENGRAVE, Ex. 28.11; 35.35; 38.23; Zech. 3.9; 2 Cor. 3.7. ENJOIN. Job 36, 23; Philem. 8; Heb. 9, 20. ENJOY. Lev. 26, 34; 2 Chron. 36, 21, land shall e. her sahlaths. Edcl. 2.1, e. pleasure, this also is vanity, 24; 3, 13; 5, 18, soul e. good.

1 Tim. 8. 17, giveth us all things to e. See Num. 38. 8; Isa, 65, 22; Heb. 11. 25. ENLARGE. Deut. 12, 20, when the Lord shall e. ENLARGE. Deut. 12. 20, when the Loru smathy border.
Pe. 4. 1, thou hast e. me in distress.
25. 17, troubles of heart e.
119. 32, when thou shalt e. my heart.
13s. 5. 14, hell hath e. herself.
2 Cor. 6. 11, 13; 10, 15, our heart is e.
See Isa. 54. 2; Hah. 2. 5; Mat. 23. 5.
ENLIGHTEN. Pe. 19. 8; Eph. 1. 18; Heb. 6.4. ENMITY. Rom. 8.7, earnal mind is e. Eph. 2.15, 18, having abolished the e. Jas. 4.4, friendship of world e. with God. See Gen. 3.15; Num. 35, 21; Lu. 23, 12. See Gen. 3. 15; Num. 35. 21; Lu. 23. 12.

ENOUGH. Gen. 33. 9, 11, I have e, my brother.
45. 28, it is e, Joseph is alive.
Ex. 36. 5, people bring more than e.
2 Sam. 24. 16; I Kings 19. 4; I Chron. 21. 15; Mk. 14.
41; Lu. 22. 38, it is e, stay thine hand.
Prov. 28. 19, shall have poverty e.
30. 15, four things say not, it is e.
16, fire saith not, it is e.
Les. 56. 11, dogs which can never have e.
Jor. 49, 9, will destroy till they have e.
Chad. 5, stolen till they had e.
Mal. 3. 10, room e. to receive it.
Mat. 10. 25, e. for disciple.
26. 9, lest there be not e.
See Deut. 1. 6; 2 Chron. 31. 10; Hag. 1. 6;
ENQUIRE. Ex. 18. 15, people come to me to e. of ENQUIRE. Ex. 18. 15, people come to me to e. of God. 2 Sam. 16. 23, as if a man had e. of oracle. 2 Kings 3. 11, is there not a prophet to e. 2 Kings 3. II, is there not a prophet to e. Ps., 78. 34, returned and e. early after God, Ezek. 14. 3, should I be e. of at all hy them. 20. 3, 31, I will not be e:

36. 37, I will yet for this be e. of. Zeph. 1. 6, those that have not e. for. Mat. 10. II, e. who in it is worthy.

1 Pet. 1. 10, of which salvation prophets e. See Dent. 12. 39; 1sa. 21. 12; John 4. 52. мее вень и. и. и; 18а. 21. 12; John 4. 52. ENRIGH. 1 Sam. 11. 25; Ps. 65. 9; Ezek. 27. 33; I Cor. 1. 5; 2 Cor. 9. 11. ENSA MPLE. 1 Cor. 10. 11. happened to them for e. Phil. 3. 17, as ye have us for an e. 2 Thess. 3. 9, to make ourselves an e. See I Thess. 1. 7; I Pet. 5. 3; 2 Pet. 2. 6. ENSIGN. Ps. 74.4; Is. 5.26; 11.10; 18.3; 30.17. ENSNARED. Job 34. 30. ENSUE. 1 Pet. 3.11 ENTER P. 8. 10. 4. e. his rates with thanksgiving.
119. 130, the e. of thy word giveth light,
120. 130, the e. of thy word giveth light,
120. 26. 2. righteous nation may e. in.
20, e. thou into thy chambers.
Ezek. 44. 5, mark well e. in of the house,
Mat. 8. 6, prayest. e. into thy closet.
7. 13; Lu. 13. 24. e. in a strait gate.
10. 11; Lu. 10. 8. 10, what city ye e.
18. 8; Mk. 9. 43, better to e. into life.
19. 17, if thou will e, into life, keep.
25. 21, well done, e. into ioy.
Mk. 5. 12; Lu. 8. 32, we may e. into swine.
14. 38; Lu. 22. 48, lest ye e. into temptation.
Lu. 9. 34, feared as they e. cloud.
13. 24, many will seek to e.
John 3. 4, can he e.
4. 38, ye are e. into their labours, ENTANGLE. Ex. 14.3; Mat. 22. 15; Gal. 5. 1. John 3. 4, can be c.
4.38, ye are c. into their labours,
10.1, 2, c. not by the door.
Rom. 5.12, sin c. into world.
1Cor. 2.9, neither have c. into heart of man.
Heb. 3.11, 18, shall not c. into rest.

4. 10, he that is e. into rest.
6. 20, forerunner is for us e.
2 Pet. 1. 11, so an e. shall be ministered.
See Ps. 143. 2; Prov. 17. 10; Mat. 15. 17.

ENTICE. Judg. 14. 15; 16. 5, e. husband that he may declare may decare.

2 Chron. 18. 19, Lord said, who shall e. Ahab.

Prov. 1. 10, if sinners e. thee.

1 Cor. 2 4; Col. 2. 4, with e. words.

See Job 31. 27; Prov. 16. 29; Jas. 1. 14.

ENTIRE. Jas. 1. 4. ENTRY, 1 Chron. 9. 19; Prov. 8,3; Ezek. 6,5; 40,38. ENVIRON. Josh. 7.9.
ENVY. Job. 2.e. slayeth the silly one, Pe. 73.3, 1 was e. at the foolish.
Prov. 3. 31, e. not the oppressor.
14. 30, e. is rottemess of the hones.
23. 17, let not heart e. sinners.
24. 1, 19, he not e. sgainst evil men.
27. 4, who is able to stand before e.
Ecol. 4.4, for this a man is e.
9. 6, their love, hatred, and e. is perished.
Mat. 27. 18, Mk. 15. 10, for e. they delivered.
Acte 7. 9, patriarohs moved with e.
13. 45, 17. 5, Jews filled with e.
Rom. 1. 29, full of e, murder.
13. 13, walk honestly, not in e.
1 Cor. 3.3, among you e. and strife. ENVIRON, Josh, 7, 9. 13. 4, charity e. not. 2 Cor. 12. 20. I fear lest there he e. 2 Cor. 12, 20, 1 fear lest there he e. Gal. 5. 21, works of fiels have e., murders, 23, e. one another.
Phil. 1. 15, preach Christ even of e. 1 Tim. 6. 4, whereof cometh e.
Tit. 3. 3, living in malice and e.
13a. 4.5, epirit in us listeth to e.
See Gen. 37. 11; Ps. 106. 16; Ezek. 31. 9; 35. 11. EPISTLE, 2 Cor. 3, 1, nor need e, of commendation. tion.
2, ye are our e.
3, to he the e. of Christ.
2Thess. 2.15; 3.14, hy word or e.
2Pet. 3.16, as also in all his e.
2Pet. 3.15, 32, 33; 2 Cor. 7.8; 2 Thess. 3.17. See Acts 15. 30; 23. 33; 2 Cor. 7. 8; 2 Thess. 3. 17. EQUAL. Pe. 17. 2, eyes behold things that are e. 55. 13, a man mine e., my guide. Prov. 26. 7, legs of lame not e. 1sa. 40. 25; 46. 5, to whom shall I he e. 1sa. 40. 25; 29; 33. 17, 20, is not my way e. Mat. 20. 12, hast made them e. to us. 1... 20. 36, are e, to angels. John 5. 18; Phill. 2. 6, e. with God. Col. 4. 1, give servants what is e. See Ex. 36, 22; 2 Cor. 8. 14; Gal. 1. 14. See Ex. 30, 22, 2 COT. 8, 14; Gal. 1.14.
Prov. 1. 3, receive i ostruction of e.
2. 9, understand indgment and e.
17. 26, not good to strike princes for e.
Eccl. 2, 21, a man whose labour is in e.
See Isa. 11. 4; 58, 14; Mic. 3. 9; Mal. 2. 6.
ERECTED. Gen. 33, 20. Ps. 95, 10, people that do e, in their heart. RR. Ps. 95. 10, people that do e. in their heart.
119. 21, do e. from commandment.
1sa. 3. 12; 9. 16, lead thee cause to e.
28. 7, they e. in vision.
35. 8, wayfaring men shall not e.
Mat 22. 29; Mk. 12. 24, e. not knowing scriptures.
1 Tim. 6. 10, have e. from the faith.
21, have e. concerning the faith.
Jas. 1. 16, do not e., beloved brethren.
5. 19, if any do e. from truth.
See 1sa. 28. 7; 28. 24; Exck. 45. 20.
ERAND. Gen. 24. 33. 10. de 3. 10. 2 Kings 9. 5. ERRAND. Gen. 24. 33; Judg. 3, 19; 2 Kings 9, 5. ERROR. Ps. 19. 12, who can understand his e.? RROB. Ps. 19. E., who can undersome liber. Fec. 1.5. 8, neither say thou, it was as a. e. 10.5. evil which I have seen as an e. Mat. 27. 64, last e. worse than first.

Jas. 5. 20, converteth sinner from e.

2 Pet. 3. If, led away with e. of wicked.

1 John 4.6, the spirit of e.

See Joh 19. 4; Rom. 1. 27; Heb. 9. 7; Jude 11.

ESCAPE. Gen. 19. 17, e. for thy life, e. to moun-

tain.

John 6.68, thou hast words of e. life.

1 Kings 16. 49, 2 Kings 9. 15, let none of them e. Esth 4. 13, think not a in king's house, J. 12. 20, wicked shall not e. 19. 19. 20, e. with skin of my teeth. Ps. 55. 8. I would hasken my e. Prov. 19. 5. speaketh lies shall not e. Eccl. 7. 26, whose pleaseth God shall e. 1s. 20. 6: Heb. 2. 3. how shall we e. Ezek. 33. 21, one that had e. came to ne. Amos 9. 1, he that e. shall not be delivered. Mat. 23. 33, how can ye e. damnation. Lu. 21. 36, worthy to e. John 10. 39, he e. ont of their hands. Acts 27. 44, they e. all safe to land. 28. 4, he e. sea, yet vengeance. Heb. 11. 34, through faith e. edge of sword. 12. 25, if they e. not. 12. 25, if they e. not who refused. 2 Pet. 1. 4, e. corruption in the world. 20, after they e. pollutions. See Deut. 23. 15; Ps. 124. 7; 1 Cor. 10. 13. ESCHEW. Job 1. 1; 2. 3; 1 Pet. 3. 11. ESPECIALLY. Gal. 6. 10; 1 Tim. 4. 10; 5. 8; Philem. ESPOUSE. Cant. 3, 11; Jer. 2, 2; 2 Cor. 11. 2. ESPY. Gen. 42. 27; Josh. 14. 7; Jer. 48. 19; Ezek. 20, 6. ESTABLISH. Ps. 40.2, and c. my goings.

90.17, e. work of our hands.
Prov. 4.26, let thy ways be c.
12.19, lip of truth e. for ever.
16.12, throne e. by rightconsness.
20.18, every purpose e. by counsel.
24.3, by understanding is house e.
29.4, king by indement e. the land.
183.7.9, if ye will not helieve, shall not be e.
18.5, in mercy shall the throne be e.
Jer. 18.12; 51.15, be e. world by wisdom.
Mat. 18.16, two witnesses every word e.
Rom. 3.31; yea, we e. the law.
10.3, to e. their own rightcousness.
Heb. 13.9, the heart be e. with grace.
2 Pett. 12, be e. in the present truth.
See Amos 5.15; Hah. 2.12; Acts 16.5. See Amoss. 1.5; rian. 2. 12; Aus. 10.5. ESTATE. Ps. 136, 23; remembered us in low e. Eccl. 1, 16, 10, 1 am come to great e. Mk. 6. 21, Herod made supper to chief e. Rom. 12. 16, condescend to men of low e. Jude 6, angels kept not first e. See Ezek. 36. 11; Dan. 11, 7; Lu. 1. 48. ESTIMATE. Lev. 27. 14; 27. 2; Num. 18. 16. ESTRANGED. Joh 19. 13; Ps. 78. 30; Jer. 19. 4; Ezek. 14.5. Ezek 14.5.

ETERNAL. Deut. 33.27, the e. God is thy refuge.
Iss. 60.15, will make thee an e. excellency.
Mat. 19.18; Mk 10.17; Lu. 10.25; 18.18, what
ehall I do that I may have e. life?
25.46, righteous into life e.
Mk 3.29, is in dauger of e. damnation.
10.30, receive in world to come e. life.
John 3.15, believeth in him have e. life,
4.36, gathereth fruit unto life e.
5.39, scriptures, in them e. life.
6.54, drinketh my blood hath e. life.

John C. Co, Linou hask works of c. life. 10. 28, give sheep e. life. 12. 25, bateth life, shall keep it to life e. 17. 2, give e. life to as many. 3, this is life e. that they might know thee. o, this is the e that they made the thee.
Acts 13.48, many as were ordained to e. life.
Rom. 2.7, who seek for glory e. life.
5.21, grace reign to e. life.
6.22, gift of God ise. life.
2 Cor. 4.17, an e. weight of glory. Jude 7, vengeance of e. fire. See Rom. 1. 20; 1 Tim. 1. 17; 2 Tim. 2. 10; Jude ETERNITY. Isa, 57, 15, EVANGELIST. Acts 21.5; Eph. 4.11; 2Tim. 4.5. EVENING. 1 Sam. 14.2, cursed that eateth till e. 1 Kings 17.6, hrought bread morning and e. 19.30 6, in e. cut down and withereth. 104.23; goeth to his labour until the e. 141.2 prayer as the e. sacrifice. Eccl. 11.6, in e. withhold not thine hand. Jer. 6.4, shadows of e. stretched out. Hab. 1.6; Zeph. 3.3, e. wolves. Zeoh. 14.7, at e. time shall be light. Mat. 14. 23, e. was come, he was there alone. Ln. 24. 29, ahide, for it is toward e. See Gen 30. 16; Pa. 65. 8; Mat. 16. 2; Mk. 14. 17. EVENT. Ecol. 2. 14: 9. 2. 3. EVANGELIST. Acts 21.8; Eph. 4.11; 2Tim. 4.5. See Gen 30, 16; Ps. 65. 8; Mat. 16. 2; Mk. 14. 2.
EVENT. Ecol. 2. 14; 9. 2, 3.
EVER. Gen. 3, 22; lest he eat and live for e. 43, 9; 44, 32; let me hear blame for e. Ex. 14. 13, ye shall see them no more for e. Lev. 6. 13, fine e. hurning on altar. Deut. 5. 29; 12. 28, he well with them for e. 13. 16, a heap for e. 22. 40, lift up hand and say, I live for e. Job 4. 7, who e. perished.
Ps. 9, 7, Lord shall endure for e. 12. 7, thou with preserve them for e. 22. 26, your heart shall live for e. 22. 26, your heart shall live for e. 23. 5. dwell in house of the Lord for e. 29. 10, Lord sitteth king for e. 31. 12, counsel of Lord standeth for e. 37. 26, he is e. merciful and lendeth. 48. 14, our God for e. and e. 49. 9, that he should still live for e. 26. 6, trust in mercy of God or e. and e. 26. 6, trust in mercy of God or e. and e. 27. 41. 19, forget not congregation of poor for e. 13. 15, their time should endure for e. 27. 14. 19, forget not congregation of poor for e. 31. 15, their time should endure for e. 27. 1, they shall be destroyed for e. 23. 5. holiness becoment thine house for e. EVENT. Eccl. 2, 14; 9, 2, 3,

Isa. 40. 8, word of God shall stand for e.
57. 18, will not contend for e.
Lam. 3.31, Lord will not east off for e.
Mst. 6. 13, thine la the glory, for e.
21. 19; Mk. 11. 14, no frutt grow on thee for e.
Jun 3. 35, servant a hide by not for e. Junn 8. 30, servant abideth not for e.
12. 34, heard that Christ abideth for e.
14. 18, Comforter abide for e.
Rom. 9.5, God blessed for e.
1 Thess. 4. 17, so shall we e. be with the Lord,
5. 15, e. follow good.
2 Tim. 3.7, s. learning,
Heb. 7. 25, he e. liveth to make,
13.8, sayne vesterly to day, and for a 13. 8, same yesterday, to day, and for e. See Mat. 24, 21; Lu. 15. 31; John 10. 8. EVERLASTING. Ex. 40. 15; Num. 25. 13, an e. o. 22, meant my word fixen a. 1116.
6. 27, meant which endurest to e. 11fe.
40, seeth Son may have s. life.
12. 50, his commandment ta life s.
Acts 13. 46, unworthy of e. life.
Rom. 6. 22, free from sin, the end e. life.
Gal. 6. 8, of Spirit resp life e.
2 Thess. 1, 9, punished with c. destruction.
2 18, given us c. consolation.
Jude 6, reserved in e. chains.
Rev. 14. 6, having the c. gospel.
See Dan. 4. 3; 7. 2; 2 Pet. 1. 11.
EVERMORE. Ps. 16. 11, pleasures for c.
31. 27, do good and dwell for e.
121. 8, preserve thy going out for e.
133. 5, the blessing, life for a.
John 6. 34, e. give no this bread.
1 Thess. 5. 18, rejoice a.
Reb. 1. 28, consecurated for e. Heb. 7. 28, consecrated for e. Rev. 1. 18, I am alive for e. See 2 Kinga 17. 37; Pa. 77. 8; 106. 31. EVERY. Gen. 4. 14, g. one that findeth me shall SyERY. Gen. 4. 19, g. the last fuder in slay me.
6. 5, g. imagination of heart evil.
Ley. 19. 10, neither shalt gather a grape,
Deut. 4. 4, slive a one of you this day.
Z Kings 18. 31, eat e, one of his figure,
2 Chron. 30. 18, pardon a one.
Pa. 29. 9, a me doth speak of glory.
32. 6, for this shall a one that is godly.
63. 30, till a one aubmit himself.
119. 101, refrained from a evil way.
Prov. 2. 9, a good path.
7. 12. in a corner.
14. 15, simple believeth a word.
20. 3, a fool will be meddiling.
30. 5, a word of God is pure.
Ecol. 10. 3, saith to a one he is a fool.
Jer. 51. 29, a purpose of the Lord.
Mat. 4. 4, by a word that proceedeth.
7. 8; Lu. 11. 10, a one that saketh. slay me.

Mk. 1. 45, came from e. quarter.
Lu. 19. 26, to e. one which hath shall be given.
Rom. 14. 11, e., knee bow, e. tongue confess.
2 Cor. 10. 5, e. thought.
Eph. 1. 21, Phil. 2. 9, far above e. name.
1 Tim. 4. 4, e. creature of God.
2 Tim. 2. 19, e. one that nameth.
21, e. good work.
Heb. 12, 1, e. weight. 1 John 4. 1, be level and perfect gift.
1 Pet. 2. 13, e. ordinance of man.
1 John 4. 1, believe not e. apirit.
7, e. one that loveth. Rev. 6, 11. rohes given to e. one. See Gen. 27, 29; Acta 2, 38; 17, 27; 20, 31. EVIDENCE. Jer. 32, 10; Heh. 11, 1. EVIDENCE. Jeff. 32. 10; Hell. 11. 11. EVIDENCE. Gef. 32. 10; Hell. 11. 11. that no man is justified is s. Phil. 1. 28, an s. token of perdition. See Job 6. 28; Heb. 7. 14, 15. EVIL. Gen. 6.5; 8.21, thoughts of heart only a. 47.9, few and a. have the days. Ex. 32, 14; 2 Sam. 24, 16; 1 Chron. 21. 15, repented 35, ne is kind to the z.
45, e. man bringeth forth e.
John 3. 20, doeth e. bateth light.
18. 23, if I have spoken e.
Acts 23. 5, not speak e. of ruler.
Rom. 7. 19, the e. I would not.
12. 9, abher that which is e. 12. 9, abher that which is e.
17, recompense to no man e. for e.
17, recompense to no man e. for e.
18, overcome e. with good.
17 thess 5. 22, appearance of e.
17 tm. 6. 10, the root of all e.
17 tm. 4. 18; Jas. 3. 10, every e. work.
17 t. 3. 2 speak e. of no man.
18 a. 3. 4, nongue an unruly e.
19 et. 3. 9, not rendering e. for e.
18 e. Frov. 13. 21; Isa. 45. 7; Eccl. 12. 1; Eph. 5. 18;
6. 16. . 10. EXACT. Dent. 15. 2, shall not e. it of neighbour, Neb. 5. 7, 10, 11, you e. nsury. 10. 31, leave the e. of every debt. Job 11. 6, God e. of thee less. Lu. 3. 13, e. no more then what is. See Pa. 89. 22; 18a. 58. 3; 60. 17. See Pa. 89. 22; 1sa. 5s. 5; 60. 17.
EXALT. 1 Chron. 29. 11, e. as head above all.
Ps. 12. 8, when vilest men are e.
34. 3, let us. 1 his name together.
82. 10, my horn shalt thou e.
97. 9, e. far above all gods.
Prov. 4.8, e. her snd abs shall promote thee.
11. 11, by blessing of upright the city is e.
14. 29, be that is hasty of spirit e. folly.
34, righteousness e. a nation.

Prov. 17. 19, he that c, his gate.

Isa. 2. 2; Mic. 4. 1, mountain of Lord'e house c.
40. 4, every valley shall be c.
Ezek. 21. 26, c, him that is low.
Mat. 11. 23; Lu. 10. 15, e, to heaven.
23. 12; Lu. 14. 11, 18. 14, c, himself shall be abased.
20cr. 11. 20, if a man c. himself. 2007, 11.20, it a man f. minson. 12.7, e, above measure. Pail. 2, 9, God hath highly e, him. 2 Thess. 2, 4, e, himself above all that is called. 1 Pet. 5, 6, he may e, in due time. See Ex. 15, 2, Job 24, 24; Lu. 1, 52; Jas. 1, 9. See Ex. 10. 2; Joü 24. 23; Liu, 1. 52; Jas. 1. 9. EXAMINE. Ps. 26, 2, e. me, O Lord. Acts 4. 9, if we this day be e. 22. 24, 29, e. by ecourging. 1 Cor. 11. 29, let a man e. himself. 2 Cor. 13. 5, e. youtselves. See Ezra 10. 16; Acts 24. 8; 25. 26; 1 Cor. 9. 3. EXAMPLE. John 13. 15, 1 have given you an e. 1 Tim. 4.12, be thou an e. of believers. 1 Pet. 2.1, Chriet suffered, leaving an e. Jude 7, an e., suffering vengeance. See Mat. 1.19; 1 Cor. 10. 6; Heb. 4.11; 6.5. EXCEED. Mat. 5. 20, except righteousness e. 2 Cor. 3. 9, ministration doth e. in glory. See 1 Sam. 20. 41; 2 Chron. 9. 6; Job 38. 9. See 1 Sam. 20. 41; 2 Chron. 9, 6; Job 36, 9. EXCEEDING. Gen. 15. 1, thy e, great reward. 27. 34, an e. bitter cry.
Num. 14. 7, land is e. good.
1 Sam. 2, 5, se e. proud.
Ps. 21. 5, e. glad with thy countenance,
43. 4, God my e. Joy.
119. 96, commandment e. broad.
Prov. 30. 24, four things e. wise.
Jonah 1. 16, men teared the Lord e.
4. 6, e. glad of the gourd.
Mat. 2. 10, with e. great joy.
4. 5, an e. bigh mountain. Mat. 2. 10, with e. great 10y.
4.5, an e. high mountain.
5.12, rejoice and be e. glad.
5.28, devils e. fierce.
11.25; 28, 22, they were e. sorry.
19, 25, they were a amazed.
26.38; Mk. 14.34, my coul is e. sorrowful.
Mk. 6.26, king e. sorry. 28. 35; Mk, 14. 34, my soul is e. corrowful.

Mk. 6. 28, king e. sorry.
9. 3, raimente. white.
10. 23, 8, Herod was e. glad.
Acte 7. 20, Moses was e. glad.
Acte 7. 20, Moses was e. fair.
28. 11, being e. mad against them,
Rom. 7. 13, sin become e. sinful.
2 Cor. 4. 17, e. weight of glory.
7. 4, e. joyful in our tribulation,
Gal. 1. 14, e. zealous of traditions.
Eph. 1. 19, the e. greatness of his power.
2. 7, the e. riches of his grace.
3. 20, able to do e. abundantly.
2 Thess. 1. 3, your faith groweth e.
2 Pet. 1. 4, e. great and precious promises.
Jude 24, present you faultiese with e. joy.
See 1 Sam. 26. 21; Jouah 3. 3; Heb. 12. 21.
EXCEL. Gen. 49. 4, thou shalt not e.
Prov. 31. 29, thou e. them all.
Eccl. 2. 13, wisdom e. foily.
2 Cor. 3. 10, the glory that e.
See Ps. 103. 20; 1 Cor. 14. 12.
EXCELLENCY. Ex. 15. 7, the greatness of thine e.
Joh 4. 21, doth not their e. go away.
13. 11, shall uch his e. make you afraid.
13. 60. 15, will make these au eternal e.
1 Cor. 2. 1, uct with e. of speech.
2 Cor. 4. 7, that the e. of the nower.

183. 00. ib. with mass there are the terms e.
1 Cor. 2. 1. tot with e. of speech.
2 Cor. 4. 7, that the e. of the power.
Phil. 3.5, loss for the e. of Christ.
E. Gen. 49. 3; Ex. 15. 7; Eccl. 7. 12; Ezek. 24. 21.
EXCELLENT. Job 57. 25, e. in power.

ACELLERY. Job 31. 23, e. in power. PA. 8. 1, 9, low e. is thy name. II. 3, to the e. in whom is my delight. 38, 7, how, e. thy loving impeliates. Prov. 8. 6; 22. 20, 1 will speak of e. things. I2 26, righteous more e. than neighbour. II. 7, e. speech becometh not a fool. 27, of an e. spirit.

Isa. 12.5, he hath done e. thinga. 28.29, is e. in working. Dan. 5.12; 6.3, e. spirit found in Daniel. Rom. 2.18; Phil. 1.10, things more e. 1 Cor. 12.31, in 1.1.10, things more e. 2 Pet. 1.17, voice from the e. glory. See Cant. 5. 15; lul. 1.3; Heb. 1.4; 8.6; 11.4. EXCEPT. Gen. 32.26, e. thou bless me.
Deut. 32.30, e. their Rock had sold them.
Ps. 127. 1, e. Lord build house.
Amos 3.3, e. they be agreed.
Mat. 5.20, e. your righteousness exceed.

Mat. 5. 20, e. your righteousness exceed.
18. 3, e. ye he converted.
24. 22; Mk. 13. 20, e. days be shortened.
Mk. 7. 3, Pharisees e. they wash oft.
Lu. 13. 3; Rev. 2, 5, 22, e. ye repent.
John 3. 2, e. God be with him.
3. 5, e. a man be born again.
4. 48, e. ye see signs and wonders.
20. 25, e. I see print of nails.
Acts 26, 29, e. these bonds.
Rom. 10. 15, preach e. they be eent.
1 Cor. 15. 36, e. it die.
2 Tim. 2. 5, e. he strive lawfully.
See Rom. 7. 7; 1 Cor. 14. 5; 15, 27; 2 Thess. 2. 3.
EXCESS. Mat. 23. 25; Eph. 5. 18; 1 Pet. 4. 3, 4.
EXCHANGE. Mat. 16. 26; Mk. 6. 37, in e. for hi

EXCHANGE. Mat. 16.26; Mk. 6.37, in e. for his eoul. 25. 27, put money to e. See Gen. 47. 17; Lev. 27. 10; Ezek. 48. 14. EXCLUDE, Rom. 3. 27; Gal. 4. 17. EXCUSE. Lu. 14. 18; Rom. 1. 20; 2. 15; 2 Cor. 12. 19. EXECRATION. Jer. 42, 18: 44, 12.

EXECUTE. Deut. 33, 21, he e, the justice of the EXECUTE. Detti, 33. 21, 10e e. the Justice of Lord.

Lord. 1 Chron. 8. 10; 24. 2; Lu. 1. 8, e. priest's office, Ps. 9. 16, Lord known by the judgment he e. 103. 6, Lord e. righteonsness and judgment, Jeff. 5. 1, if any e. judgment I will pardon.

John 5. 27, authority to e. judgment.

Rom. 13. 4, minister of God to e. wrath.

See Hos. 11. 9; Mic. 5. 15; Joel 2. 11. EXERCISE. Ps. 131. 1, e. myself in things too

EXHORT. Lu. 3. 18, many things in his e. Acts 13. 15, any words of e. Rom. 12.8, he that e. on e. 1. Tim. 8. 2, these things e. and teach.

Tit. 1.9, may be able to e.

2.15, e. and rebuke with anthority.
Heb. 3.13; 10.25, e. one another daily.
13.22, suffer word of e.
Sec Acts 11.23; 2 Cor. 9.5; Tit. 2.6, 9. EX1LE. . 2 Sam. 15. 19; 1sa. 51. 14.

EXPECTATION. Ps. 9. 18, the e. of the poor. 62.5, my e. is from him.
Prov. 10. 28; 11. 7, 23, e. of the wicked.
Isa. 20.5, ashamed of their e.
6, such is our e.

o, euch is out c.

Rom. 8.19, the c. of the creature.

Phil. 1.20, my earnest c. and hope.

Sec Jer. 29. 11; Acts 3.5; Heb. 10, 13.

EXPEL. Josh. 23.5; Judg. 11. 7; 2 Sam. 14, 14. EXPENSES. Ezra 6. 4, 8.

EXPERIENCE. Gen. 30. 27; Eccl. 1.16; Rom. 5, 4. EXPLOITS. Den. 11, 28, 32.

EXPOUND. Judg. 14. 14. 19, could not s. riddle. Mk. 4. 34, alone he s. all things. Lu. 24. 27, c. the scriptures. See Acts 11. 4; 18. 26; 28. 23.

EXPRESS. Heb 1 3 EXPRESSLY. 1Sam, 20, 21; Ezek, 1, 3; 1Tim, 4, 1. EXTEND. Ps. 18. 2; 169, 12; 1sa, 66, 12, EXTINCT. Job 17. 1: Isa. 43. 17. EXTOL. Ps. 30. 1; 145. 1, I will e. thee. 68. 4, e. him that rideth.

See Pa. 66. 17; Isa. 52, 13; Dan. 4. 37.

EXTORTION. Ezek. 22, 12; Mat. 23, 25. EXTORTIONER. Ps. 109, 11, let e, catch all he hath. Isa. 18. 4, the e. is at an end. 1 Cor. 5, 11, if any man he an e. See Lu. 18. 11; 1 Cor. 5. 10; 6. 10. EXTREME. Deut. 28, 22 : Job 35, 15, NYE. Gen. 3.6, pleasant to the e.
1, e. of both were oyened.
27.1, bis e. were dim.
49.12, bis e. stall be red with wine.
Num. 16.31, he to us instead of e.
16.14, with thou put out e.
24.3, 15, man whose e. are open said.
Deut. 3.27, lift up e., behold with thine e.
12. 8; Judg, 17. 6; 21. 25, right in own e.
18. 18, gitt plind e. of wise.
28. 32. e. look and fail with longing.
32. 10, kept him as apple of e.
34. 7, his e. was not dim.
1 Kingel. 29, e. of all 1 srael upon thee.
8, 29, 52; 2 Chron. 8, 20, 40, e. open towards this house. EYE. Gen. 3. 6, pleasant to the e. 20. 6, whatsoever is pleasant in thine e. 2 Kings 6, 17, Lord orened e. of young man. 20, open the e. of these men. 2 Chron. 16. 9; Zech. 4, 10, e. of Lord run to and 170.

34. 28, nor thine e. see all the evil.

Job 7. 8; 20. 9, e. that hath seen me.

11. 20, the e. of wicked shall fail.

15. 12, what do thine e. wink at.

19. 21, mine e. shall behold, and not another.

28. 7, path vulture's e. hath not seen.

10. his e. seeth every precious thing.

28 11 when the e. say me. 10. nis e. accta every precious samps.
29. 11, when the e. saw me.
15. 1 was e. to the blind.
13. 16, caused e. of widow to fail.
Pa. 11. 4, his e. try children of men.
15. 4, in whose e. a vile person.
19. 8, enlightening the e.
33. 18, e. of Lord on them that fear hlm.
24. 15; 1 Pet. 3. 12, e. of Lord on the righteous.
26. 1, no fear of God before his e.
69. 3; 119. 82, 123; 1 am. 2. 11, mine e. fail.
77. 4, holdest mine e. awking.
116. 8, delivered mine e. from tears.
119. 18, open mine e.
132. 4, not give sleep to mine e.
20. 12, the seeing e.
23. 29, a bountiful e.
23. 29; redness of e.
27. 20, the e. of man never satisfied.
30. 17, the e. that mocketh.
Eccl. 1. 8, a. is not satisfied with seeing.
2. 14, wise man's e. are in his head. 29, 11, when the e. saw me. 15, I was e. to the hlind. Ecol. 1. 8, a, is not satisfied with seeing.
2. 14, wise man's e, are in his head.
8. 9, better sight of e, than wandering of desire.
11. 7, for the e, to behold the sun.
1sa. 1, 16, I will hide mine e, from you.
29. 10, the Lord hath closed e.
33. 17 thine e, shall see the king in his beauty.
40, 26; Jer. 13. 20, lift in your e, or bigh.
Jer. 5. 21; Ezzk. 12. 2, have e, and see not.
9, 1, mine e, a fountain of tears.
13. 17, mine e, shall weep sore.
14. 17, let mine e, run down with tears.
24. 6, set mine e, upon them for good.
Lam. 2. 18, let not apple of e, cease.
Ezzk. 24. 16, 25, the desire of thine e.
13. 11, of purer e, than to behold wil.
Mat. 5. 29, if right e, offend thee.

Mat. 13.16, blessed are your e.
18.9; Mk. 9.47, to enter with one e.
Mk. 8.18, having e. see ye uot.
Ln. 1.2, from heginning were e-witnesses.
24.16, their e. were holden.
John 11.37, could not this man, which opened e.
Gal. 4.15, have plucked out your e.
Eph. 1.18, the e. of your understaeding.
2 Pet. 2.14, having e. full of adultery.
1 John 2.18, the lust of the e.
See Prov. 3. 7; 12.15; 16.2; 21.2; Mat. 20.33. FABLES. 1 Tim. 1, 4; 4, 7; 2 Tim. 4, 4; Tlt. 1, 14; 2 Pet. 1, 18. 2 Fet. 1. 18.

2 Fet. 1. 18.

3 C.E. Gen. 4. 14, from thy f, shall I be hid, 32. 30, 1 have seen God f, to f.

Ex. 33. 11, Lord spake to Moses f, to f, 34. 29, skin of f, showed, 33; 2 Cor. 3. 15, put vail on f, to chid. 18.

Lev. 19. 32, shall honour the f, of old man. Deut. 25. 9, spit in his f, saying. 1 Sam. 5. 3. Dazon was failen on his f. 2 Kings 4. 29, 31, lay staff on f, of chid. 14. 8, let us look one another in f. Ezra 9. 7; Dan. 9. 8, confusion of f. Kings 4. 29. 31, lay staff on f. Sam. 5. 3. 4. 4. 5. Spirit passed before my f. 13. 24; Fe. 44. 24; 88. 14, wherefore hidest thou thy f. FACE. See 1 Kings 19. 13; Dan. 1. 16; Acts 6. 15; 20. 2 FADE. Isa. 1. 30, whose leaf f.
24. 4, earth mourneth and f., the world f.
40. 7, the flower f.
64. 8, all f. as a leaf.
Jer. 8. 13, and the leaf shall f.
Ezek. 47. 12, whose leaf shall not f.
1 Pet. 1. 4; 5. 4, inheritance that f. not away.
Jas. 1. 11, rich man shall f. away.
See 2 Sam. 22. 46; Pa. 18. 45; Isa. 28, L FAIL. Gen. 47. 18, if money f.
Dent. 28, 32, thine eyes shall f. with longing.
Josh. 21, 45; 23, 14; 1 Kings 8, 56, there f. not any Josh 21, 49; 26, 14; I Kings 6, 50, there f, tot any good thing.
I Sam. 17, 32, let no man's heart f, him.
I Kings 2 4; 8, 25, abail not f, a man on throne,
IT, 14, neither shall cruse of oil f, Ezra 4, 22, take heed that ye f, not,
Joh 14, 11, as waters f, from sea.
19, 14, my kinsfolk have f.

FAIN. Ps. 12. 1, the faithful f. among men. 31. 10; 38. 10, the strength f. me. 77. 8, doth his promise f. 89. 33, nor suffer my faithfulness to f. s9. 33, nor suner my fathrulines;
142. 4, refuge f. me.
Eccl. 10. 3, his wisdom f, him.
12. 5, desire shall f.
18. 15. 6, the grass f.
19. 5, waters shall f.
13. 3, they shall all f. together.
32. 6, cause drink of thirsty to f. 32.6, cause drink of thirsty to f.
10, the vintage shall f.
34.16, no one of these shall f.
38.14, eyes f. with looking upward.
41.17, tongue f. for thirst,
59.15, truth f.
Jer. 14.6, their eyes did f. 15. 18. as waters that f. 48. 33, 1 caused wine to f. Lam. 3. 22, his compassions f. not. 4. 17, our eyes as yet f. Ezek. 12. 22, every vision f. Amos 8. 4, make poor of land to f. Hab. 3. 17, labour of olive shall f. Lu. 12. 33, treasure that f. not. Ju. 12. 33, treasure that f. not.
16. 9, when ye f. they may receive you.
17, one tittle of law f.
21. 26, hearts f. them for fear.
22. 32, that thy faith f. not.
1 Cor. 13. 8, charity never f.
Heb. 1.12, thy years shall not f.
11. 32, time would f. me to tell.
12. 15, lest any man f. of grace of God.
See Deut. 31. 6; Ps. 40. 12; 143. 7; Isa. 44. 12. FAIN. Job 27, 22; Lu. 15, 16. Gen. 25. 29, 30, came from field, and he FAINT. FAINT. Gen. 25. 28, 30, came from field, was f.
48, 26, Jacob's heart f.
Judg. 8. 4, f. yet pursuing.
Job 4. 5, now it is come and thou f.
Ps. 27. 13, I had f. unless I had believed.
107. 5, their soul f. in them.
Prov. 24. 10, If thou f. in day of adversity.
Isa. 1. 5, whole heart f.
10. 18, as when a standardbearer f.
40. 28, Creator of earth f. not.
29, giveth power to the f.
30; Amos 8. 13, even youths shall f.
31, walk and not f. 30; Amoss 1.5; even youths small f.
31, walk and not f.
44.12, he drinketh no water and ls f.
Jer. 8.19; Laun 1. 22; 5.17, my heart is f.
Mat. 15, 32; Mk. 8.3, lest they f. by the way.
Lu. 18.1, pray and not to f.
2 Cor. 4.1, 16, received mercy we f. not.
Cal 8.0 responsive f. mo. ZCOT. 4. 1, 10, received mercy wej, not. Gal. 6, 9, reap if we f not. Heb. 12. 3, westled and f, in your minds, 5, nor f, when thou art rebuked. See Deut. 20. 8; Ps. 84. 2; 119. 81; Mat. 9. 36. See Deut. 20. 8; Ps. 84. 2; 119. 81; Mat. 9.36. FAIR. Job 37, 22, f. weather out of the north. Ps. 45, 2, f. than children of men. Prov. 11. 22, a f. woman without discretion. 26, 25, when he speaketh f. believe not. Cant. 1:8; 5, 9; 6, 1. thou f. among women. 6. 10, f. as the moon. 1sa. 5, b. houses great and f. Jer. 4. 30, in vain shalt thou make thyself f. 12. 6, though they speak f. words. Dap. 1. 15, their countemances appeared f. Mat. 16, 2, it will be f. weather. Acts 7. 20, Moses was exceeding f. Rom. 16. 18, by f. speaches deceive. See Gen. 6, 2; Isa. 54. 11; Ezek. 27. 12. FATTH. Deut. 32, 20, duldren in whom is no. FAITH. Deut. 32. 20, children in whom is no f. Mat. 6. 30; 8. 26; 14. 31; 16. 8; Lu. 12. 28, ye of

29. according to your f.

Mat. 15.28, great is thy f.

11.20, f. as a grain of mustard seed.

21. 21, if ye have f. ye shall not only do this,
22. 23, omitted judgment, mercy, and f.

11.22, have f. in God.

11.22, have f. in God.

11.22, have f. in God.

11.23, have f. in God.

11.24, have f. in God.

11.25, where is your f.?

12.5, increase our f.

12.5, where is your f.?

12.6, shall be find f. on the earth?

22.22, that thy f. fall not.

Acts 3.16, the f. which is by him.

6.5; 11.24, a man full of f.

12.9, perceiving be had f. to be healed.

27. opened the door of f.

16.5, purifying their hearts by f.

16.5, purifying their hearts by f.

16.5, purifying their hearts by f.

16.8, statistical by f.

28. 18, statistical by f.

28. 18, statistical by f.

28. 18, statistical by f.

29. 18, statistical by f.

21. revealed from f. to f.

3. 27, boasting excluded by f.

25. 5. 1; Gal. 2. 16; 3. 24, justified by f.

4.5, f. counted for righteousness.

16. it is of f., which is of the f. of Abraham.

19. 20. being not weak in f.

5. 2, we have access by f.

10. 8, the word of f. which we preach.

17. f. cometh by hearing.

12. 3, the measure of f.

6, prophesy accarding to proportion of f.

14. 1, weak in f. receive ye.

22. hast thou f.?

23. what is not of f. is sin.

100. 2.5, your, not stand in wisdom.

13. 2, though I have all f.

13. now ablieth f.

15. 14, and your f. is also vain.

18. 13. stand fast in the f.

20. 1. 124, not have dominion over f.

4. 13, same spirit of f.

5. we walk by f.

15. 15. we walk by f.

15. 15. worder, came.

5. 6, f. which worketh by love.

6. 10. the bousehold of f.

11. in the uoity of the f.

6. 16, the sheld of f.

21. have kept the f.

22. though I have all f.

23. before f. came.

5. 17 im. 1. 5, funfeigned.

2. 16. if they continue in the f.

2. the stediastness of your f.

17 im. 1. 2; riti. 1. 4, my own son in the f.

2. 17 in. 1. 4, shall depart from the f.

2. 18. in the substance of things hoped for.

4. 5, 18. 9, etc., by f. Abel, etc.

6. without f. its impossible.

13. through f. substan

Heb. 13.7, whose f. follow.

Jas. 1.3; 1 Pet. 1.7, the trying of your f.
6, let them ask in f.
2.1, have not f. with respect of persons.
5, rich in f.
14, man say he hath f., can f. save him.
17, f. without works le dead.
18, thou hast f. and 1 have works.
22, f. wrought with his works.
25, f. wrought with his works.
19t. 1.9, the end of your f.
5, 9, resist stedfast in the f.
2 Pet. 1.1, like precious f.
5, add to your f. virtue. 5, add to your f. virtue. 1 John 5. 4, overcometh the world, even our f. 1 John 5.4, overcometh the world, ev Jude 3, earnestly contend for the f. 20, your most holy f. Rev. 2.13, hast not denied my f. 19. I know thy works and f. 13.10, patience and f. of the saluta. 14.12, they that keep the f. of Jesus. See Hab. 2.4; Rom. 1.12; I Tim. 4.6. FAITHFUL. 2 Sum. 20. 19, one of them that are f. in Israel.
Neh. 7. 2, a f. man and feared God,
9. 3, his heart f. hefore thee.
13. 13, counted f. to distribute.
Ps. 12. 1, the f. fail among men.
98. 37, a f. witness in heaven.
101. 6, the f. of the land.
119. 86, commandments f.
136, testimonies f.
Prov. 11. 13, f. spirit concealeth.
13. 17, f. aunhassador is health.
14. 5; Isa. 8. 2; Jer. 25, a f. witness,
20. 6, a f. mao who can find.
25. 13, as snow in harvest so is a f. messeuger.
27. 6, f. are wounds of a friend.
18. 1. 20, f. man shall abound.
18a. 1. 20, 5 f. city.
Mat. 24. 45; Lu. 12. 42, who is a f. and wise servant. FAITHFUL. 2 Sam. 20. 19, one of them that are f. FAITHFULLY. 2 Chron. 19.9; 34.12; Jer. 23.28; 3.00n b.

AJONIO S.

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John 20, 27,

 Lu. 2. 34, set for the rise and f. of many.
 Rom. 11. 12, if the f. of them be the riches.
 See Jer. 49. 21; Ezek. 26. 15; 31. 16; 32. 10. FALL (v.). Gen. 45, 24, see ye f, not out by the ALL (v.). Gen. 45, 24, see ye f. not out by the way.
Lev. 25. 35, thy brother be f. in decay.
18 am. 3, 19, let none of his words f.
28 am. 1, 19, 25, 27, how are the mighty f.
3. 38, great man f. this day.
24, 14; 1 Chron. 21, 13, f. into hauds of God.
2 Kings 14, 10, why meddle that thou shouldest f.
Job 4, 13; 33, 15, deep sloep f. on men.
Ps. 5, 10, let them f. by their own connsels.
7, 15, is f. into ditch.
16, 6, lines f. in pleasant places. Fs. 5. 10, let them f, by their own comnsels.

7. 15, is f, into ditch.

16. 6, lines f, in pleasant places.

37. 24, though he f, not utterly cast down.

56. 13; 116. 8, deliver my feet from f,

72. 11, kings shall f, down hefore him.

91. 7, a thousand shall f, at thy side.

Prov. 10. 8, 10, a prating fool shall f,

11. 14, no counsel, the people f,

28, he that trusteth in riches shall f,

13. 17; 17. 20; 24. 16, f, into mechiaf.

24. 16, just man f, seven timas.

17, reloice not when thine enemy f,

26. 27; Eccel. 10. 8, diggedt a pit shall f, therein.

Eccl. 4. 10, woe to him that is alone when he f.

11. 3, where the tree f, there it shall he.

18. 14. 12, how art thon f,

34. 4, as the leaf f, from the vine.

40. 30, the young men shall utterly f.

Jer. 49. 26; 50, 30, young men f, in her streets.

Ezek. 24. 6. In 20; Maz. 49, f, down and worsbip.

Hos. 10. 8; Lu. 23. 30; Rev. 6. 16, say to hills, f, on

18. Dan, 3.5; II. 26; Maf. 4.9, f. down and work Hos. 10.8; Lu. 23. 30; Rev. 6. 16, say to hills, us. Mic. 7. 8, when I f. Zech. II. 2, the cedar is f. Mat. 10. 20, sparrow f. to ground. 12. II. f. into pit on sabbath day. 15. 14; I. u. 6. 39, both f. into the ditch. 21. 44; Lu. 20. 18, f. on this stone. 24. 29; MR. 13. 25, starsf. from heaven. Lu. 8. 13, in time of temptation f. sway. 10. 18, Satan as lightning f. from heaven. Rom. 14. 4, to his master he standeth or f. 13, occasion to f. 10. 10. 12, take heed lest he f. 15. 6. 18, some are f. saleep. Gal. 5. 4, ye are f. from grace. 17 lim. 3. 6, f. into the condemnation. 7, lest he f. 10 to reproach. 6.9, rich f. into temptatio. Heh. 4. 11, lest any f. after same example. 6.6, if they f. away. 10. 31, 10 f. 10 f. 12, flower thereof f. 15. 12, lest ye f. into condemnation. 2 lest ye f. into condemnation. 2 Pet. 1. 10, ye shall never f. 3. 11, lest ye f. from stedfastness. See 1sa. 21. 9; Lam. 5. 16; Rev. 14. 6; 16. 2. ALLING. Joh. 4.; 2 Thess. 2. 3; Jude 24. FALLING. Joh 4.4; 2 Thess. 2.3; Juda 24. FALLOW. Jer. 4.3; Hos. 10.12. FALSE. Ex. 20. 16; Deut. 5. 20; Mat. 19. 18, shalt ALSE. Ex. 20. 16; Dent. 5. 20; Mat. 19. 18, Shalt not hear f witness. 23. 1, shalt not raise a f. report. 2 Kings 9. 12, it is f, tell us now. Ps. 119, 104, 128, 1 hate every f, way. 120. 3, thou f, tongue. 120. 3, thou f, tongue. 120. 19; 12, 17; 14. 5; 19. 5; 21. 28; 25. 18, a f. witness witness.
11. 1; 20. 23, a f. balance.
Mat. 15. 19, out of heart proceed f. witness.
24. 24; Mk 13. 22, f. Ohrists and f. prophets.
25. 59, 60; Mk. 14. 56, 57, f. witness against Christ.
Mk. 13. 22, f. prophets shall rise.
Lu. 19. 8, anything by f. accusation.
1 Cor. 15. 15, found f. witnesses of God.
2 Cor. 11. 13, such are f. apostles. FAITHLESS. Mat. 17, 17; Mk. 9, 19; Lu. 9, 41; FALL (n.). Prov. 16. 18, haughty spirit before a f. Mat. 7. 27, great was the f. of it.

2 Cor. 11. 26, perils among f. brethren. 2 Tim. 3. 3; Tit. 2. 3, f. accusers. See Gal. 2. 4; 2 Pet. 2. 1; 1 John 4. 1. FALSEHOOD. Job 21. 34, in answers remaineth f. Ps. 7. 14, hath brought forth f. 144. 8. II, right hand of f. Isa. 28. 15, honder f. have we hid ourselves. 188. 22. 13, 11042 7. 11242 W. 1114 Carlot. 57. 4, a seed of f. 59. 13, words of f. Mic. 2. 11, walking in the spirit and f. See 2 Sam. 18. 13; Jer. 13. 25; Hos. 7. 1. See 2 Sam. 40. 19, 361. 30, 51, 19, 12; Jer. Zech. 5. 4, swear f. Jer. 5. 31, 29, 9, prophets prophesy f. Mat. 5. 11, evil f., for my sake. 1 Tim. 6. 20, science f. so called. See Jer. 43, 2; Lu. 3, 14; 1 Pet. 3, 16. Lev. 6. 3, 5; 19. 12; Jer. 5, 2; 7. 9; FAME. Josh. 9. 9, we heard the f. of God. 1 Kings 10. 1; 2 Chron. 9. 1, f. of Solomon. Zeph. 3. 19, get them f. in every land. Mat. 4. 24; Mk. 1. 28; Lu. 4. 14, 37; 5. 15, f. of Jesus. 9.31, spread abroad his f.
14.1, Herod heard of the f.
See Gen. 45. 16; Num. 14. 15; Job 28. 22; Isa. 66, 19, FAMILIAR. Job 19. 14; Ps. 41. 9; Jer. 20. 10. FAMILY, Gen. 12.3; 28.14, in thee all f. be blessed. Jer. 3. 14, one of a city and two of a f. 10. 25, on f. that call not.

31. 1, God of all the f. of Israel.

Zech. 12. 12, every f. apart.

Eph. 3. 15, whole f. in heaven and earth.

See Num. 27. 4; Judg. 1. 25; Amos 3. 2. See Num. 21.4; Jung. 1.25; Amos 3. 2 FAMINE 2 Sam. 21.1, a, f. in days of David, 1 Kings 8.37; 2 Chron. 29.9; if there be f. 12.2; 2 Kings 6.25, sore f. in Samaria, 2 Kings 8.1, the Lord hath called for a f. Job 5.20, in f. he shall redeem thee, 22, at f. thou shalt laugh, Ps. 33.19, to keep them alive in f. Ps. 33. 19, to keep them alive in f.
37. 19, in the days of f, shall be satisfied,
Jer. 24. 10; 29. 17, will send f, among them.
42. 16, f, shall follow close.
Lam. 5. 10, black because of f.
Ezek, 5. 16, evil arrows of f.
36. 29. I will lay no f, upon you,
Amos 8. 11, e f, not of bread.
Mat. 24. 7; Mk. 13. 8; Lu. 21. 11, f, in divers places.
See Gen. 12. 10; 41. 27; 47. 13; Lu. 15. 14; Rom. FAMISH. Gen. 41, 55; Prov. 10, 3; Isa, 5, 13; Zeph. 2, 11, FAMOUS. Ruth 4, 11, 14; 1 Chron. 5, 24; Ps. 74, 5; Ezek. 23. 10. FAN. Isa. 30. 24; Jer. 15, 7; 51. 2; Mat. 3, 12, FAR. Gen. 18. 25; 1 Sam. 20. 9, that he f. from thee.
Deut. 12. 21; 14. 24, if place too f, from thee.
Judg. 19, 11; Mk. 6, 35; Lu. 24. 29, day f, spent.
1 Sam. 2. 30; 22. 15; 2 Sam. 20. 20; 23. 17, be it f. from me.

Job 5. 4, oblidiren f, from safety,

11. 14; 22. 23, put iniquity f, away,

11. 14; 22. 23, put iniquity f, away,

19. 13, put my brethren f, from me,

34. 10, f, be it from God to do wickedness,

23. 10, f, by indgments are f, out of sight,

22. 11; 35. 22; 38. 21; 71. 12, be not f, from me.

179. 9, f above all gode.

103. 12, f, as east from west,

128. 43. 6; 60. 4. 9, sons from f,

46. 12, f, from righteousnese,

57. 19, peace to him that is f, off. from me.

Amos 6. 3. put f. away evil day. Mat. 16. 22, be it f. from thee, Lord. Mk. 12. 34, not f. from the kingdom. Mk. 12. 34, not f. from the kingdom.
13. 34, as a man taking af, journey.
John 21. 8, they were not f. from land.
Acts 11. 27, not f. from every one of us,
Rom. 13. 12, the night is f. spent.
2 Cor. 4. 17, a, f. more exceeding.
Eph. 1. 21. f. above all perincipality.
2. 13, f. off made uigh.
4. 10, f. above all beavens.
Phil. 1. 23. which is f. better.
Heb. 7. 15, it is yet f. more evident.
See Iss. 33. 17; Mat. 15. 6; Mk. 8. 3.
ABE. 1 Sem. 12. 18. 10abh 1.3. 14, 16. FARE. 1 Sam. 17. 18; Jonah 1. 3; Lu. 16. 19. FAREWELL. Ln. 9. 61; Acts 18. 21; 2 Cor. 13. 11. FARM. Mat. 22, 5. FARTHING. Mat. 5. 26: 10. 29: Mk. 12. 42: Lu. 12.6 FASHION, Job 10.8; Ps. 119.73, thine hands have ASHION. JOD JU. 5; FS. 119, 16, time manus mave f. me.

31. 15, did not one f. us.

13. 16, in continuance were f.

138. 45. 9, say to him that f. it.

Mk. 2. 12, never saw it on, this f.

Lu. 9. 29, the f of his countenance.

100r. 7. 31, the f. of this world passeth.

Phil. 2. 8, found in f. as a man.

See Gen. 6. 15; Ex. 32. 4; Ezek. 42. 11; Jas. 1. 1. See Gen. 6. 15; Ex. 32. 4; Exck. 42. 11; Jass. 1. A
FAST, 2 Sam. 12. 23, he is dead, wherefore shot
Ps. 33, 9, commanded and it stood f.
65, 6, setteth f. the mountains.
Iss. 58, 3, why have we f. and thou seest not.
4, ye f. for strife.
5, wilt thou call this a f.
6, is not this the f. that I have chosen.
Joel 1. 4, sanctify a f.
Zeoh. 7.5, did ye at all f. unto me,
Mat. 6, 16, when ye f. be not.
15, appear not to f.
Mk. 2, 13, can children of bridechamber f.
Mh. 16, 12, I f. twice in the week.
See Jer. 14, 12; Mat. 4, 2; Acts 15, 2.
FASTEN. Ecol. 12, 11, as nails f. by the master 2 Sam, 12, 23, he is dead, wherefore should FASTEN, Eccl. 12.11, as nails f. by the masters. 1ss. 22, 23, 25, 1 will f. him as a nail. 1.1.4. 20, eyes of all were f. on him. Acts 11. 6, when I bad f. mine eyes. See 18am. 31. 10; Joh 38. 6; Acts 3. 4; 28. 3. See I Sam. 31. 10; Joh 38. 6; Acts 3. 4; 28. 3. FASTING. Pe. 35. 13. I humbled myself with f. 109. 24, Koees weak through f. Jen 36. 6, hopon the f. day. Mk. 8. 3, send them away f. 1 Cor. 7. 5, give yourselves to f. and prayer. 2 Cor. 6. 5, in stripes, in f. 11. 27, in f. of t. See Dan. 6. 18; 9. 3; Mat. 17. 21; Mk. 9. 29. See Dan. 6, 18; 9, 3; Mat. 17, 21; Mk. 9, 29.

FAT. Gen. 45, 18, shall eat the f. of the land, Gen. 49, 20, his bread shall be f.
Deut. 32, 15, waxed f. and kicked.

Neb. 8, 10, eat the f. and drink the sweet.
9, 25, 35, took a f. land, and became f.
Ps. 17, 10, inclosed in their own,
19, 119, 10, inclosed in their own,
19, 21, 4, shall be f. and flourishing.
119, 70, heart f. as grease.
Prov. 11, 25, liberal soul made f.
13, 4, soul of diligent made f.
15, 30, good report maketh the bones f.
18s. 10, 16, among his f. once leanness.
25, 6, feast of f. things.
Hah. 1, 16, by them their portion is f.
See Gen. 41, 2; Num. 13, 20; Judg. 3, 17.
FATHER. Gen. 15, 15, 20 to tby f. in peace. FATHER. Gen. 15. 15, go to tby f, in peace.
17. 4; Rom. 4. 17, a f, of nations.
Ex. 15. 2, he is my f, I will exalt him.
20. 5; Num. 14. 18, iniquity of f, upon children.
21. 15, he that emiteth his f.
17; Lev. 20. 3, he that curseth his f.

Judg. 17. 10; 18. 19, be to me a f. and a priest. 1 8am, 10. 12, who is their f. 2 Sam, 10. 2; 1 Chroo, 19. 2, as his f. showed kind-1 Sam. 10. 12, who is their f.

2 Sam. 10. 2; 1 Ciroc. 19. 2, as his f. showed kindness.

1 Kings 19. 4, no better than my f.

2 Kings 2. 12; 13. 14. Elisha cried, my f., my f.

6 Kings 2. 12; 13. 14. Elisha cried, my f., my f.

6 Cl. my f., shall i smite them.

1 Chron. 25. 9, know thou the God of thy f.

2 Chron. 25. 13, what I and my f. have done.

Ezra 7. 27, blessed be the Lord God of our f.

Joh 29. 16, I was a f. to the poor.

31. 18, brought up with me as with a f.

38. 28, hatt the rain a f.

Pe. 27. 10, when my f. and mother forsake me.

39. 12, as a ll my f. were.

68. 5, f. of fatherless.

69. 9. Hhb. 3. 9, your f. tempted me.

103. 13, as a f. pitieth his children.

Prov. 4. 1, the instruction of a f.

3. 1 was my f. son.

10. 1: 15. 20, wise son maketh a glad f.

17. 21, the f. of a fool hath no joy.

25; 19. 13, foolish son grief to his f.

1sa. 9. 6, the everlasting f.

49. 23, kings shall he thy nursing f.

63. 16; 64. 8, donhtees thou art our f.

31. 9, I am a f. to Israel.

22, to the light by f. and mother.

Mal. 1. 6, if I be a f., who can be mide honour.

2. 10, have a flow our F.

Mat. 5. 16, 48 of a your F knoweth.

6. 102. 11. 2, our F which art in heaven.

6. 21. 12. 20 will so your F knoweth.

9. 21. 12. 20 will so your F knoweth.

9. 21. 12. 20 will so your F knoweth.

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9. 21. 12. 20 will so your F knoweth.

9. 21. 12. 20 will so your F knoweth.

9. 21. 12. 20 will so your F.

22. 1. set the will of your F.

23. 24. set the will of your F.

24. 9. call no man f. oo earth.

Gor. 1. 3, F. of mercies, God of all comfort.
Gal. 1. 14, zealous of the traditions of myf.
4. 2, the time appointed of the f.
Eph. 4.6, one God and F. of all.
6. 4, f., provoke not your children.
Phil. 2. 11, to the glory of the F.
22, as a son with the f.
Col. 1. 19, it pleased the F. that in him.
1 Tim. 5. 1, entreat him as a f.
Heh. 1. 5, I will be to him a F.
7. 3, without f., without mother.
12. 9, the F. of spirits.
Jas. 1. 17, the F. of lights.
2 Pet. 3. 4, since the f. fell asleep.
1 John 1. 3, fellowship with the F.
13, I write unto you, f.
15, the love of the F. is not in him.
23, hath not the F.
3. 1, what manner of love the F. hath.
5. 7, the F. the Word, and Holy Ghost.
Ese John 5. 26; Acts 1. 4; 15. 10; Rom. 4. 16.
EATHERLESS. Ps. 10. 14, the helper of the J.
Prop. 23, 10, the failed of the f. See John 5. 26; Acts 1. 4; 15. 10; Kom. 4. 16.
FATHERLESS. Ps. 10. 14, the helper of the f.
Prov. 23. 10, the fields of the f.
1ss. 1. 23, they judge not the f.
10. 2, that they may rob the f.
Jer. 49. 11, leave thy f. children.
Hos. 14. 3, in thee the f. findeth mercy.
Mal. 3. 5, sgainst those that oppress f.
Jss. 1. 27, to visit the f. and vidows.
See Ex. 22. 22; Deut. 10. 13; 14. 29; 24. 17; Joh 31. 17.

**ATMESS. Dec 23. 8, ** 44. 6 of this perses. See Ex. 22, 22; 1901. 10, 10; 14.29; 24.11; 30; FATNESS, Pa.3.8, the fof thise house, 63.5, as with marrow and f. 65.11, thy paths drop f. 73.7, eyes stand out with f. 1sa. 55.2, soul delight itself in f. See Gen. 27. 28; Judg. 9.9; Rom. 11. 17. See Gen. 27.28; Judg. 9.9; Kom. 11. 17.
FAULT. Gen. 41.9, I remember my f. this day.
Fs. 19. 12. cleanse me from secret f.
Dan. 64, find none occasion nor f. in him.
Mat. 18. 15, tell him his f.
Lu. 23. 4; John 18. 33; 19. 4, 6, I find no f.
Rom. 9. 19, why doth he yet find f.
Gal. 6.1, overtaken in a f.
Jas. 5. 16, confess your f.
Rev. 14.5, are without f. before throne.
See Deut. 25. 2; I Sam. 29. 3; 2 Sam. 3. 8.
FAULTIERS Hah 8 7. Inde 24 FAULTLESS. Heb. 8.7; Jude 24. FAULTY. 2 Sam. 14. 13; Hos. 10. 2. FAULITY. 28am. 14. 13; Hos. 10. 2.

FAVOUR. Gen. 39. 21, f. in the sight of the keeper. Ex. 3: 21; 11. 3; 12. 36, f. in eight of Egyptiaus. Dent. 33. 23, sittified with f.

Ps. 5. 12, with f. will thou compass him.

30. 5, his f. is life.

102. 13, the set time to f. her.

14. f. the dust thereof.

112. 5. a good man showeth f.

Prov. 13. 15, good understanding giveth f.

14. 35; 19. 12, the king f.

18. 22, obtaineth f. of the Lord.

31. 30, f. is deceifful.

Lu. 2. 52, increased in f. with God and mec.

Acts. 24, having f. with all people.

See Prov. 3. 35; 12. 2; Eccl. 9. 11; Dan. 1. 9.

FAVOURABLE. Judg. 21. 22: John 32. 26; Ps. 77. FAVOURABLE, Judg. 21, 22; Joh 33, 26; Ps. 77. 7; 85. 1 FEAR (n.). Gen. 9.2, the f. of you on every heast. 20.11, f. of God not in this place. Deut. 2.25; 11.25; 1 Chron. 14.17, f. of thee on nations. nations.
Job 4.6, is not this thy f.
15.4, thou casteth off f.
39.22, he mocketh at f.
Pa.5.7, in thy f. will I worship.
Pa.5.7, in thy f. will teach you the f. of the Lord.
36.1; Rom 3.18, nof, of God before his eyes.
53.5, in f. where no f. was.

Ps. 111. 10; Prov. 1.7; 9. 10, f. beginning of wisdom. Prov. 1. 26, 27, meck when yeur f. cometh.
3. 25, not afraid of sudden f.
10. 27, f. of Lord prolongeth days.
14. 28, f. of Lord strong confidence.
27, f. of Lord a fountain of life.
15. 16, better little with f. of Lord.
19. 23, f. of Lord tendeth to life.
29. 25, f. of man bringeth a snare.
Ecol. 12, 5, when f. shall be in the way.
1sa. 8. 12, neither fear ye their f.
4. 3. Lard view ther, erest from f.

Lu. 23. 40, dost not theu f. God. John 9. 22, because they f. the Jews. Acts 10. 22, just, and one that f. God. Acts 10. 22, 10.81, and one has y. vou.

35, he that f. is accepted.

13. 26, who soever among you f. God.

13. 26, who soever among you f. God.

11. 20, not high-minded but f.

2 Cor. 11. 3: 12. 20, 1 f. lest.

1 Tim. 5. 20, rebuke, that others may f.

14. 15, 1, will not f. what has he f.

13. 6, 1 will not f. what main in love.

See I Kings 18. 12; Col. 3. 22; Heb. 4. I.

FEARFUL. Ex. 15. 11, f. in praises.

Ps. 139. 14, f. and wonderfully made.

1sa. 35. 4, to them of a f. heart.

Mat. 8. 28; Mk. 4. 40, why are ye f.

Heb. 10. 27, f. looking for of fudgment.

31, f. thing to fall into the hands.

See Deut. 20. 8; Judg. 7. 3; Lu. 21. 11; Rev. 21. 8.

FEARFULNESS. Ps. 55. 5; Isa. 21. 4; 33. 14.

FEAST. Job 1. 4, his sons went and f. in thehe he that f. is accepted. FEAST. Job 1. 4. his sons went and f. in their houses.

Pa. 35. 16, hypocritical mockers in f.

Prov. 15. 15, merry heart continual f.

Eccl. 7. 2; Jer. 16. 3, the house of f.

10. 19, f. is made for laughter.

Isa. 1. 14, your appointed f. my soul hateth.

Amos 5. 21, I despise your f. days.

8. 10, turn your f. into mourning.

Mat. 23. 6; Mk. 12. 39; Lu. 20. 46, uppermost rooms at f.

28. 5; Mk. 14. 2, not on the f. day.

Lu. 2. 42, after the custom of the f.

14. 13, when thou makest a f.

John 1.8, so ye up to this f.

14, about the midst of the f.

31, that great day of the f. houses. 14, about the minst of the f.
13. 19, that great day of the f.
13. 29, buy what we need against the f.
13. 29, buy what we need against the f.
1 Cor. 5, 8, let us keep the f.
10. 27, if any hid you to a f.
See Judg. 14. 10; Esth. 9.17; Mal. 2.3; Jude 12. See Judg. 14.10; Esth. 9.17; Mal. 2.3; Jude 12. FEATHERS. Job 39. 13; Ps. 91. 4; Dan. 4.33. FED. Gen. 48.15, who f. me all my life long. Ps. 37. 3, verily thou shalf to f. Ezek. 34.8, shepherds f. themselves, not flock. Mat. 25. 37, hungred, and f. thee. 1 Cor. 3.2; I have f. you with milk. See Deut. 8.3; Ps. 78. 72; 81.16; Lu. 16. 21. FEEBLE. Neh. 4.2, what do these f. Jews. Job 4.4; Isa. 35. 3; Heb. 12. 12, strengthened the f. kness. Job 4.4; 18a. 30, 3; Hen. 12. 12, sureng f. knees. Ps. 105, 37, not one f. person. Prov. 30, 26, conies a f. folk. Ezek. 7, 17; 21, 7, all bands shall be f. LTheas. 5, 14, comfort the f. minded. See Gen. 30, 42; Jer. 47, 3; 1 Cor. 12, 22. l Thess. 5.14, comfort the f, minded.
See Gen. 30. 42; Jer. 47. 3; 1 Cor. 12. 22.
FEED. Gen. 48. 32, trade hath been to f, cattle.
1 Kings 17. 4, commanded ravens to f, thee,
22. 27, f, him with bread of affliction.
Ps. 28. 9, f, them and lift them up for ever.
Prov. 15. 14, mouth f, on foolishness.
30. 8, f me with food convenient.
Iss. 6. 17, lambs shall f, safter their manner
11. 7; 27. 10, cow and bear shall f,
44. 20, he f, on ashes.
61. 5, strangers shall f, your flocks,
65. 25, the wolf and lamb shall f,
19-r. 3. 15, pastors f, you with knowledge.
6. 3, f, every one in his place.
Hos. 12. 1, Ephratim f, on wind.
Zech. 11. 4, f, the flock of the slaughter.
Mat. 6. 26, your heavonly Father f, them.
Lu. 12. 24, sow not, yet God f, them.
John 21. 15. 16, 17, fmy lambs.
Rom. 12. 20, If enemy hunger f, him.
1 Fet. 6. 2, f, the flock of God.
See Cant. 1. 7; Acts 20. 28; Rev. 7. 17.
FEEL. Gen. 27. 12, 21, my father will f. me.

Acts 17. 27, if haply they might f. after. See Judg. 16. 26: Joh 20. 20: Eccl. 6. 5. FEELING. Eph. 4. 19, being past f. Heb. 4. 15, touched with f. of infirmities.

FEFT. Gen. 49. 10. lawgiver from between his f. Deut. 2.28. 1 will pass through on my f. Josh. 3. 15, f. of priests dipped in Jordan.
14. 9. land whereon f. have trodden.
Ruth 3. 14. she lay at his f.
1 Sam. 2.9. keep f. of his saints.
2 Sam. 2.2 37; Fs. 18. 38, my f. did not slip.
2 Kings 6. 32, sound of his master's f.
13. 21. dead man stood on his f.
Noh. 9. 21, their f. swelled not.
Joh. 29. 15, f. was I to the lame.
Ps. 8. 6; 1 Cor. 15. 27; Eph. 1. 22, all things under his f.

hls f. 22.16, pierced my hands and my f.

22.18, pierced my hands and my f.
31.8, set my f. in a large room.
40.2, my f. on a rock.
56.13.118.8, deliver my f. from falling.
68.9, suffered not our f. to be moved.
13.2, my f. were almost gone.
115.7, f. have they hut walk not.
119.105, a lamp to my f.
122.2, our f. shall stand within thy gates.
Prov. 1.16.6.13.158.59.7, f. run to evil.
4.29, ponder path of thy f.
6.5 her f. go down to death.
6.13, speaketh with his f.
29. and his f. not be hurt.

6.13. speaketh with his f.

29. and his f. not be burnt.

1.11. her f. abide not in house.

19. 2 he that hasteth with his f.

Cant. 5. 3. washed my f., how shall I defile.

7. 1. 1 iss. 5. 27. how beautiful are f.

1sa. 3. 16. tinkling with f.

6. 2. with twain he covered his f.

23. 7, her own f. shall carry her.

26. 6. the f. of the poor.

49. 23; Mat. 10. 14; Mk. 6. 11; Lu. 9. 5; Acts.

13. 51. dust of f.

22. 7, her own f, shall carry her.
26. 6, the f, of the poor.
49. 23; Mat. 10. 14; Mk. 6. 11; Lu. 9. 5; Act
13. 51, dust of f.
52. 7; Nah. 1. 15, the f, of him that bringeth.
60. 13, place of my f, glorious.
Lem. 3, 34, crush under f, prisoners.
Ezek. 2. 1, 2; 3. 24, stand upon thy f.
24. 17, 23, shoes upon thy f.
25. 6, stamped with thy f.
25. 6, stamped with thy f.
26. 2, trouhlest waters with thy f.
27. 18, 18, 19 foul residue with f.
Dan. 2, 33, 42, f, part iron and part clay.
10, 6; Rev. 1. 15; 2. 18, f, like pollished brass.
Nah. 1, 3, clouds are the dust of his f.
Ecch. 14, 4, shall stand on Zlon.
Mat. 7, 6, trample them under f.
16. 8, rather than having two f.
26. 9, they held him by the f.
Lu. 1. 79, guide our f, into way of peace.
7, 38, she kissed his f, and anointed them
8, 35, sitting at the f, of Jesus.
10, 39, Mary sat at Jesus f.
24, 39, 40, behold my hands and my f.
John 11, 2; 12, 3, wiped f, with her hair.
12, 3 anointed the f, of Jesus.
13, 5, began to wash disciples f,
6, dest thou wash my f.
14, needs thou save to wash his f.
20, 12, one angel at head, other st f.
20, 12, one angel at head, other st f.
24, 34, 34, 15, ins f, received strength.
25, 37; 5, 2, laid at apostles f.
26, 11, Agahus bound his own hands and f.
27, 11, a f, shift to shed blood.
28, 16, f swift to shed blood.
29, 10, 11, 11, 16, 11 at his f, as dead.

Rev. 13. 2, f, as f, of a bear.
19. 10; 22. 3, at his f, to worship.
See 2 Sam. 4. 2 Kings 9. 35; 1 Tim. 5. 10.
FEIGN. 1 Sam. 21. 13, David f, himself mad.
Ps. IT. 1, prayer not out of f, lips.
Jer. 3. 10, turned to me f,
Lu. 20. 20, f, themselves just men.
See 2 Sam. 14. 2; 1 Kings 14. 5, 6; Neh. 6. 8.
EXII. 66. 5. 5

See 2 Sam. 14. 2; 1 Kings 14. 5, 6; Neh. 6. 8. FELL. Gen. 4.5, his countenance f. Josh. 6. 20, the wall f. flat. 1 Kings 18. 38, fire of Lord f. and consumed. 2 Kings 6. 5, as one was f. a beam. Dan. 4. 31, then f. a voice from heaven. Jonah. 1, lot f. on Jonah. Mat. 7. 25; Lu. 6. 49, house f. not. Lu. 8. 23, Jesus f. asleep. 10. 30, 38, f. among theres. 13. 4 upon whom towar f.

Mst. 7, 25; Lu. 6, 49, house f. not. Lu. 3, 23, Jesus f. asleep.
10. 30, 36, f. smong thieves.
13. 4, upon whom tower f.
Acts 1, 25, from which Judas f.
26, lucf, on Matthias.
13. 36, f. on sleep.
2 Pet. 3. 4, since fathers f. asleep.
Rev. 16, 19, cities of the nations f.
See Mst. 13, 4; Acts 10, 44; 19, 35; 20, 9.
FELLOW. Ex. 2, 13, wherefore smitest thou thy f.
18cm. 21, 15, this f. to play the madmau.
2 Sam. 6, 20, as one of the vain f.
2 Kings 9, 11, wherefore came this mad f.
Ps. 45, 7; Heb. 1, 9, oll of gladness above f.
Eccl. 4, 10, one shall lift up his f.
Zech. 13. 7, the man that is my f.
Mat. 11, 6, like chidren calling to their f.
24, 49, begin to smite his f, servants.
25, 61, this f. said, 1 am able to destroy.
71; Lu. 22, 99, this f, was also with Jesus.
Lu. 23, 2, found this f, perverting.
John 9, 29, as for this f.
Acts 17, 5, lewd f, of the baser sort.
22, 22, away with such a f.
24, 5, this man a pestilent f.
Eph. 2, 19, f.-citizens with the saints.
3, 6, Genniles f.-beirs.
Phil. 4, 3; 1 Thess. 3, 2; Philem. 24, f.-labourers.
3 John 8, f.-helpers to the truth.
See Col. 4, 11; Philem. 2; Rev. 19, 10; 22, 9.
FELLOWSHIP. Acts 242, in dectrine and f.
10, 20, not have f, with devils.
2, Cor. 6, 14, what f, hath righteousness.
Eph. 3, 9, the f, of mystery.
5, 11, have no f, with.
2, 11, if any f, of the spirit.
3, 10, the f, of his sufferiogs.
1, John 1.3, our f, is with the Father.
7, we have f, one with another.
See Lev. 6, 2; Ps. 94, 20; 2 Cor. 8, 4, 13, 14; Gal.
2, 9.
FELT. Ex. 10, 21; Prov. 23, 35; Mk. 5, 29; Acts

FELT. Ex. 10. 21; Prov. 23. 35; Mk. 5. 29; Acts 26. 5. FEMALE. Mat. 19.4; Mk. 10.6, made them male

and f. Gal. 3.28, in Christ neither male nor f. See Gen. 7.16; Lev. 3.1; 27.4; Deut. 4.16. FENCE. Jub 10.11; 19.8; Ps. 62.3; Isa. 5.2.

Jas. 5. 16, f. prayer availeth much.
1 Pet. 1. 22, with a pure beart f.
2 Pet. 3. 10, 12, mel with f. beat.
See 2 Cor. 7. 7; Col. 4. 12; 1 Pet. 4. 8.

Gee 2 LOI. 1.; Ol. 4. 12; 1 PC f. 4. 8.
FETCH. Num. 20. 10, must we f. watsr.
Job 36. 3, 1 will f. my knowledge from far.
las. 56. 12, 1 rwill f. wine.
Acts 16. 37, come themselves and f. us out.
See Deut. 19. 5; 2 Sam. 14. 3; Acts 28. 13.

FETTERS. Judg. 16. 21; Ps. 105. 18; 149. 8; Mk. 5. 4; Lu. 8. 29.

FEW. Gen. 29. 20, they seemed but a f. days. 47. 9, f. and evil have the days of my life.

Lu. 1, 15: Acts 4, 8: 9, 17: 13, 9, f, with Holy

Chost

1 Sam. 14.6, to save by many or f. 17.28, with whom left those f. sheep. 11.28, with whom left those f, sheep. 2 Kings 4.3, borrow not a f, Neh. f. 4, city large, people f. John 14.1, man is of f, days. 16.22, whon a f, years are come. Eccl. 5.2 left thy words he form. 16.21, f, there he that find it. 9.37; Lu. 10.2, the lanburers are f. 5.34; Mk. S. f, a f, little fishes. 20. 16; 22.14; many called, f, chosen. 25.21, faithful in a f, things. Mk. 6.5, laid hands on a f, sick folk. Lu. 12.48, heaten with f, stripes. 13.23, are there f, that be saved. Rev. 3.4, a f, names even in Sardis. See Deut. 7.7; Ps. 109.8; Heb. 12. 10. IEEL. D. Deut. 21. 1; force be found slaid. SEC LPUIL I. I; IS. 109. 5; HED. 12. 10. FIELD. Deut. 21. 1, if one be found slain in f. 1 Sam. 22. 7, will be give every one of you f. Prov. 24. 30, the f. of the slothful. Isa. 5. 8, that lay f. to f. Mat. 13. 36, the f. is the world. 44, treasure hid in a f. John 4. 35, look on the f. Jas. 5. 4, labourers which reaped your f. See Mat. 6. 28; 27. 7; Acts 1. 19. FIERCE. Gen. 49.7, anger, for it was f. Deut. 28.50, a nation of a f. countenance. Mat. 8. 28, exceeding f. Lu. 23. 5, and they were more f. 2 Tim. 3. 3, men shall he incontinent, f. Jas. 3. 4, driven of f. winds. Sec 2 Sam. 19. 43; Isa. 33. 19; Dan. 8. 23. FIERY. Deut. 33. 2, a f. law for tem. Dan. 3. 6, a f. furnace. Eph. 6. 18, the f. darts of the wicked. Heh. 10. 27, indement and f. indignation. 1 Pet. 4. 12, concerning the f. trial. See Num. 21. 6; Deut. 8. 15; Iss. 14. 29. FIG. 1 Kings 4.25; Mic. 4.4. dwelt under his f. 2 Kings 18.31; Isa. 36.16, eat every one of his f. tree.
Hah. 3. 17, although f. tree not blossom.
Mat. 7. 16; Lu. 6. 44, do men gather f. of thistles?
Lu. 21. 29, behold the f. tree.
Jas. 3. 12, can the f. tree hear olive berries.
Rev. 6. 13, casteth untimely f.
Ses Judg. 9. 10; Jer. 8. 13; Lu. 13. 6; John 1. 48. FIGHT. Ex. 14.14; Deut. 1. 30; 3. 22; 20. 2, Loru f. for you.
Josh. 23. 10, he it is that f. for you.
18am. 25. 23, f. the battles of the Lord.
28kings 10. 3, f. for your master's house.
Neh. 4.14, f. for your brethren, sons, and wives.
Ps. 144. 1, teacheth my fingers tof.
John 18. 36, then would my servants f.
Acta 5. 39; 23. 9, f. against God.
1 Cor. 2, 26, so f. I.
2 Cor. 1.5, without were f.
1 Tim. 6. 12; 2 Tim. 4.7, the good f.
Heh. 10. 23, great f. of affiltetions,
11. 34, valiant in f.
Jas. 4.1, wars and f. among you.
2, ye f. and war.
8ce Zech. 10. 5; 14. 14; Rev. 2. 16.
FIGURE. Dout. 4. 16; Rom. 5. 14; Heb. 9, 9; 1 Pet. FIGHT. Ex. 14.14; Deut. 1. 30; 3. 22; 20. 4, Lord FIGURE. Dcut. 4. 16; Rom. 5. 14; Heb. 9.9; 1 Pet. 3, 21, FILL. Num. 14. 21; Ps. 72. 19; Hab. 2, 14, earth f. with glory.

Joh 23. 4, f. my mouth with arguments.

Ps. 81. 10, open mouth, I will f. it, 104.28, they are f. with good. Prev. 3.10, barns f. with plenty. Prov. 3, 10, paros f. with pienty.
14, 14, f. with his own ways.
30, 22, a fool when f. with meat,
1sc. 65, 20, who hath not f. his days.
Mat. 5, 6, Lu. 6, 21, they shall he f.
Mk. 7, 27, let the children first be f.

14.23, that my house may he f.
John 16.6, sorrow hath f. your heart.
Acts 5.28, ye have f. Jerusalem with your doctrine.
14.17, f, our hearts with food and gladness.
Rom. 1.29, f, with all unrighteousness.
15.14, f, with all knowledge.
Eph. 1.23, him that f, all in all.
3.19, f, with fulness of God.
5.18, be f, with the Spirit.
Phil. 1.11, f, with fruits of righteousness.
Col. 1.24, f, up what is behind.
Jas. 2.16, he ye warmed and f,
Rev. 15.1, in them is f, up wrath of God.
See Dan. 2.35; Lu. 2.40; 15.16; John 2.7.
ULTH. 16.4 A washed away the for fillow. FILTH. Isa. 4.4, washed away the f. of Zion. 1 Cor. 4.13; as the f. of the world. FILTHINESS. 2 Cor. 7. 1. cleanse from all f. of flesh. Eph. 5.4, nor let f. he named. Jas. 1.21, lay apart all f. See Ezek. 22.15; 36.25. FILTHY. Job 15.16, how much more f. is man. Ps. 14.3; 53.3, altogether become f. Isa. 64.6, as f. rags. Zeoh. 3.3, clothed with f. garments. 2001.3.8, put off f. communication. 1 Tim. 3.3; Tit. 1.7; 1 Pet. 5.2, f. lucre. 2 Pet. 2.7, vexed with f. conversation. Jude 8, f. dreamers. Rev. 22.11, he that is f., let him be f. F1NALLY, 2 Cor. 13, 11; Eph. 6, 10; Phil. 3, 1; 4, 8; 2 Thess. 3, 1; 1 Pet. 3, 8. FIND. Num. 32, 23, he sure your sin will f. you out.
John 10; Rom. 11. 33, things past f. out.
John 10; Rom. 11. 33, things past f. out.
23. 3, where I might f. him.
Prov. 4. 22, life to those that f. them.
Prov. 4. 23, life to those that f. them.
Prov. 8. 35, whose f. me, f. life.
18. 22, f. wife, f. a good thing.
Eccl. 9. 10, thy hand f. to do, do it.
11. 1, f. it after many days.
1sa. 68. 13, f. thice own pleasure.
Jer. 6. 16; Mat. 11. 29, f. rest to your souls.
Mat. 7. 7; Lu. 11. 9, seck and ye shall f.
14, few there be that f. it.
10. 39, loseth his life shall f. it.
22. 9, as many as ye shall f.
Mk. 11. 13, he might f. anything thereon.
13. 36, he f. you sleeping.
Lu. 15. 4, 8, till he f. it.
18. 8, shall he f. faith on earth.
John 1. 41, first f. his brother.
Rom. 7. 21, 1f. a law that when I would.
Heh. 4. 16, f. grace to help.
Ecc. John 7. 34; 2 Tim. 1. 18; Rev. 9. 6.
FINEL PR. 19, more to be desired than f. g. out Ps. 19. 10, more to be desired than f. gold. See Job 28, 1, 17; Lu. 16, 19; Rev. 18, 12; 19, 8, FINGER, Ex. 8. 19, this is the f. of God. 31, 18; Deut. 9, 10, written with the f. of God. 1 Kings 12, 10; 2 Chron. 10, 10, little f. thicker. Prov. 7, 3, hind them on thy f. 18a, 58, 9 the putting forth of the f. Dan. 5, 5, the f. of a man's hand. Mat. 23, 4; Lu. 11, 46, not move with f. Lu. 18, 24, the tip of his f. John 8, 6, with his f. wrote on ground. 20, 25, put my f. into print of nails. 27, reach hither thy f. See Pa. 8, 3; Prov. 6, 13; Isa, 2, 8; 59, 3. FINISH. 1 Chron. 28, 20, till thou hear f. FINISH. 1 Chron. 28. 20, till thou hast f. Neh. 6. 15, so the wall was f. 4 452

Lu. 14. 28, 29, 30, whether sufficient to f.
John 4. 34, to do his will and f. his work.
5. 38, which the Father hath given me to f.
17. 4. I have f. the work.
19. 30, it is f.
Acts 20. 24; 2 Tim. 4. 7, that I might f. my course.
2 Cor. 8. 6, 7. In you the same grace.
Heb. 12: 2, Jesus, author and f. of our faith.
Jas. 1.15, in when it is f.
See Dan. 9. 24; Rev. 10. 7; 11. 7; 20. 5. FIRE. Gen. 22.7, behold the f, and the wood. Ex. 3.2, bush burned with f, 22.6, he that kindled f, shall make restitution. Lev. 10.2 f, from the Lord. 18. 21; Dent. 13. 10; 2 Kings 17. 17; 23. 10, pass 18. 21; Deut. 18. 10; 2 Kings 17. 11; 23. 10 through; Judg. 15. 5, brands on f, and hurnt corn. 1 Kings 18. 24; that answersth by f, 19. 12, the Lord was not in the f, 1 Chron. 21. 28, Lord answered him hy f. Ps. 39. 3, musing, the f, hurned. 14. 7, they have cast f, into thy sanctuary. Prov. 6. 27, can a man take f. 26. 18, mad man who casteth f-brands. 20 no word the f, genth out. 26. 13, mad man who easteth f-brands.
20, no wood the f, goeth out.
21, as wood is to f, so is a contentious man.
1sa. 9. 13, as the fuel of the f.
24. 15, glorify fhe Lord in the f.
43. 2, walkest through f, not be burned.
44. 10, I have seen the f.
64. 2, the melting f, burneth.
60, 15, the Lord will come with f.
10, by f, will the Lord plead.
21, Mk. 9, 44, neither their f, quenched.
Jer. 20, 9, word as a f. in my bones.
Ezek. 36, 5, in the f. of my jealousy.
Dan. 3, 27, the f, had no power.
Amos 4. 11, as a f-brand plucked out.
Nah. 1. 0, fury poured out like f.
Zech. 2. 5, a wall of f. round about.
3, 2, a brand plucked out of the f.
Mat. 3, 10; 7, 19; Lu. 3, 9; John 15, 6, tree cast
into f. 3, a benefit of the f. Mat. 3. 11; 7. 19; Lu. 3. 9; John 15. 6, tree c into f.

11; Lu. 3. 18, baptize with f.

13. 42, cast them into furnace of f.

18. 8; 23. 41; Mk. 9, 43, 46, everlasting f.

Lu. 9. 54, wilt thou that we command f.

17. 29, same day it rained f. and brimstone. Acta 2.3; cloven tongues like as of f.

16. co. 3. 13, revealed by f. and the f. and ltr. 16, saved, yet so as by f.

2 Thess. 1. 8, in flaming f. taking vengeance. Heh. 1. 7, his ministers a flame of f.

11. 34, quenched violence of f.

23. 3. 5, a little f. kindleth.

6, the tongue is a f.

1 Pet. 1. 7, gold tried with f.

2 Pet. 3. 7, reserved unto f.

12, heavens being on f. 12, heavens being on f. 12. neavens being on f.
Jude 7, vergeance of sternal f.
23. pulling them out of the f.
Rev. 3. 18, buy gold tried in the f.
20. 9. f. came down from God.
10. devil cast into lake of f.
14. death and hell cast into f.
21. 8, the lake that burneth with f.
Sec 1sa. 33. 14; Jer. 23. 29; Heb. 12. 29. FIRM. Josh. 3.17; Job 41.24; Pa. 73.4; Heb. 3.6. FIRM. Josh 3. 17; Joh 41. 22; Fa. 10. 2; Feb. 5. 6.
FIRST. 1 Kings 17, 13, make a little cake f.
Ezra 3. 12; Hag. 2. 3, the glory of the f. house.
Joh 15. 7, art thou the f. man born.
Prov. 3. 9, honour the Lord with f.-fruits.
18. 17, f. in his own cause.
Isa. 43. 27, thy f. father hath sinned.
Mat. 5. 24, f. be reconciled.
A. 33, seek ye f. the kingdom.
7. 5, f. cast out the beam.
12. 29; Mk. 3. 27, except he f. bind strong man.

Mat. 12. 45, last state of man worse than f.
17. 10. 11; Mk. 9. 12, Elias must f. come.
20. 10, when the f. came, they supposed.
22. 38; Mk. 12. 28, 29, 30, the f. commandment.
Mk. 4. 28, f. the blade.
9. 35, any desire to be f. shall be last.
13. 10, gospel must f. be published.
Lu. 14. 28, sitteth not down f.
17. 25, but f. must be suffer many things,
John 1. 41, f. fundeth his brother Simon.
5. 4 whosever f. stepped in.
8. 7, let bim f. cast a stone.
Acts 11. 26, called Christians f. at Antioch.
Rom. 2. 9, 10, of the Jew f.
8. 23, the f-fruits of the Spirit.
Rom. 8. 29, f-born among many brethren.
11. 18, if the f-fruit be holy.
10. 12. 28, f. apostles, secondarily prophets.
14. 30, let the f. hold peace.
15. 20, 23, Christ the f.-fruits.
45, the f. man was made a living soul.
46, not f. which is spiritual.
47, f. man is of the earth.
2 Cor. 8. 5, f. gave their own selves.
12, if there be f. a willing mind.
Eph. 8. 2, the f. commandment with promise.
Col. 1. 18, 18, the f-born of every creature.
1 Thess. 4. 16, dead in Christ shall rise f.
2 Thess. 2. 3, a falling away f.
1 Tim. 1. 16, that in me f.
2 2. 13, Adam was f. formed.
3. 10, let these f. be proved.
5. 4, learn f. to show piety at home.
12. cast off their f. faith.
2 Tim. 4. 16, at my f., answer no man.
Tit. 3, 10, after f. and second admonition.
Heb. 5. 12, which be the f. principles.
7. 27, f. for his own sins.
1. 09, taketh away the f.
Jas. 3, 17, f. pure, then peaceable.
1. 14, f. men set he f. resurrection.
21. 1, f. heaven and f. earth passed away.
See Ex. 4. 8; Num. 18. 13; John 12. 16.
FISH. Ecol. 9, 12, f. taken in an evil net.
Hab. 1. 14, men as the f. of the sea. See Ex. 4.8; Num. 18.13; John 12.16.
FISH. Ecol. 9.12, ft aken in an evil net.
Hab. 1.14, men as the f. of the sea.
Mat. 7.10; if he sak a, f. of the sea and two f.
14.17; Mt. 6.38; Lu. 9.13, five loaves and two f.
John 21.3, Peter satis, I go a f.
1 Cor. 15.39, one fleeh of beasts, another of f.
See Jer. 16. 16; Mat. 4. 19; Mt. 1.17; Lu. 24.42.
FIT. Joh 34. 18, is it f. to say to a king.
14. 35, it is not f. for the dunghill.
Col. 3. 18, submit as it is f. in the Lord.
See Lev. 16. 21; Prov. 24. 27; Ezek. 15. 5; Rom.
9. 22. F1TLY. Prov. 25. 11; Eph. 2. 21; 4. 16. FITLY. Prov. 25. 11; Epn. 21; 4.16.
FIXED. Ps. 57, 7; 108. 1; 112. 7; Lu. 16. 26.
FLAME. Gen. 3.24, at garden of Eden a f. sword.
Judg. 13. 20, angel ascended in f.
1ss. 5. 24, as the f. consumeth chaff.
29. 6, a f. of devouring fire.
43. 2, neither shall f. kindle.
66. 15, rebuke with f. of fire.
Fzsk. 20. 47, the f. f. shall not be quenched.
Lu. 16. 24, tormented in this f.
See Ps. 20. 7; Heb. 1. 7; Rev. 1. 14; 2. 18.
FLATTER, Joh 17. 5. he speaks the f. to his friends. See FS. 22. 7; Heb. I. 7; Kev. I. 14; Z. 15.
FLATTER, Job 17, 5, he speaketh f, to his friends,
32. 21, 22, give f, titles to man.
Ps. 5. 9, they f, with their tongue,
12. 2, f, lips and double heart.
Prov. 20. 19, meddle not with him that f,
26. 23, a f, mouth worketh ruin.
1 Thess. 2. 5, neither used we f, words.
See Prov. 28. 23; 29. 5; Dan. 11. 21, 32, 34. FLEE. Lev. 26. 17, 36, ye shall f, when none pursenth.

Num. 10. 35, them that hate thee f, before thee.
Num. 10. 35, them that hate thee f, before thee.
Num. 10. 35, them that hate thee f, before thee.
Num. 10. 35, the f, as a shadow.
18. 139, 7, whither shall 17.
19, before the weeked f, when no man.
19, before the weeked f, when no man.
119, before the first the shadow f, away.
18. 35, 19; 51, 11, sighing shall f, away.
18. 35, 19; 51, 11, sighing shall f, away.
18. 35, 19; 51, 11, sighing shall f, away.
19, 23, in one city, f, to another.
10, 23, in one city, f, to another.
12, 13, en hireling f,
17 lim. 6, 11, f, these things.
17 lim. 6, 11, f, these things.
17 lim. 6, 11, f, these things.
17 lim. 22, f, youthful lists.
18. 4, 7, he will f, from you.
18 el (co. 6, 18; 10, 14; Rev. 12, 6, 14,
18 lists H, dad corrupted his way.
13, end of all f, is come.
12, 13, when we sat by the f, pots.
19, 28, cuttings in your.
19, 28, cuttings in your.
19, 28, cuttings in your.
19, 10, 13, while f, was between teeth.
16, 22; 27, 18, God of spirits of all f.
18 lin. 17, 6, bread and f, in morning and evening.
20, lon. 28, with him is an arm of f,
Neh. 5, 5, our f, is as the f, of our hrethren.
19, 19, 19, 4, acts 22, my f, deal rest in hope. FLEE. Lev. 26, 17, 36, ye shall f, when none pur-8. 3. condemned sin in the f.
8, they that are in f. cannot please God.
9, not in the f., but the Spirit.
12, 13, to live after the f.
9. 3, kinsmen according to the f. 9.3. kinsmen according to the f.
5, of whom as concerning the f.
13.14, make not provision for the f.
13.14, make not provision for the f.
14. 14, make not provision for the f.
15.39, all f. not the same f.
50, f. and blood cannot inherit.
2 Cor. 12.7, a thorn in the f.
Cal. 1.16, I conferred not with f. and blood.
2.20, life I now live in the f.
5.17, f. lusted against the 8 pirt.
Eph. 2.3, lusts of f., desires of f.
Phil. 3.3, 4, no confidence in the f.
1 Tim. 3.16, manifest in the f.
1 Pet. 3.18, Christ put to death in f.
1 John 4.2; 2 John 7, denieth that Christ is come in f.

in f.
Jude 8, dreamers defile the f.
23, hating garmente spotted by f.
See John 1.13; 3.6; Gal. 5.19; Heb. 2.14.

FLESHLY, 2 Cor. 1, 12; 3, 3; Col. 2, 18; 1 Pet. 2, 11. FLIGHT, Isa, 52, 12; Amos 2, 14; Mat, 24, 20; Heb. FLINT. Deut. 32, 13; Isa. 5, 28; 50, 7; Ezek. 3, 9, FILOCK. Jer. 13. 20, where is the f, thy beautiful f. Ezek. 34. 31, the f, of my pasture are mon. Zech. 11.7, the poor of the f. Lu. 12. 32, fear not, little f. Acts 20. 25, take heed to the f. Acts 20.28, take heed to the f.
29, not sparing the f.
1 Pet. 5.2, feed the f. of God.
3, being ensamples to the f.
See Ezek. 36. 37; Mal. 1. 14; Mat. 26. 31.
FLOOD. Josh. 24.2, on other side of the f.
Joh 28. 11, he bindeth f. from overflowing.
Ps. 32. 6, in f. of great waters.
Cant. 8. 7, neither can f. drown love.
1sa. 44. 3, f. upon the dry ground.
58. 19, enemy come in like a f.
Mat. 7. 25, the f. came, and the winds blew.
24. 38, in days before the f.
39; Lu. 17. 27, knew not till f. came.
See Gen. 9. 11; Ps. 90. 5; 2 Pet. 2. 5; Rev. 12. 15.
FLOOR. 1 Sam. 23. 1, they not the threshing-f. FLOOR. 1 Sam. 23.1, they rob the threshing-f. 2Sam. 24.21, to buy the threshing-f. of thee. 28311. 24.24, to buy the threshing, to the Hos. 9.1, loved a reward on every corn f. Mic. 4.12, gather as sheaves into the f. Mat. 3.12; Lu. 3.17, purge his f. See Deut. 15.14; Dan. 2.35; Joel 2.24. FLOURISH. Ps. 72. 7. in his days shall the righteous, f. 90.6, in the morning it f.; 22.12, righteous shall f. like a palm tree, 163.16, as flower so he f. f. as branch, 14.11, tabernacle of upright f. Eccl. 12.5, when the almond tree shall f. Cant. 6.11; 7.12, whether the vine f. Ezek. 17.24, have made dry tree to f. Phil. 4.10, your care of me hath f. See Ps. 92.14; Dan. 4.4. eons See 18, 32, 14; 181, 4, 4.

FLOW. Pa. 147, 18, wind to blow, and waters f. Cant. 4, 16, that the spices may f. out. 164, 1, 3, mountains f. at thy presence. Jer. 31, 12, shall f. in the goodness of the Lord. John f. 38, 481 f. 11 ving water. See Joh 29; 18, 461, 5; Joel 3, 18; Mio. 4, 1. See Jon 20. 25; 183. 00. 5; Joelo. 15; mic. 4. 1. FLOWER. 1 Sam. 2. 33, shall die in f. of age, Job 14 2, cometh forth as a f. Cant. 2. 12, the f. appear on earth. 18a. 28. 1, 4, glorious heauty is a fading f. 40. 6, as the f. of the field.
7; Nah. 1, 4; Jas. 1, 16; 1 Pet. 1. 24, f. fadeth. See Job 15. 33; Isa. 18. 5; 1 Cor. 7. 36. See Job 16. 33; 18a. 18. 5; 1 Lor. 7, 30. FLY. Job 57, as sparks f upward. Ps. 55. 6, then would 1 f. away. 90. 10, and we f. away. Prov. 23. 5, riches f. away. 1sa. 60. 8, that f. as a cloud. See Dan. 9. 21; Rev. 14. 6; 19. 17. FOAM. Hos. 10. 7; Mk. 9. 18; Lu. 9. 39; Jude 13. FOES. Ps. 27. 2; 30. 1; 89. 23; Mat. 10. 30; Acts 2. 35. FOLD. Prov. 8. 10; 24. 33, f. of the hands to sleep. Ecol. 4. 5, fool f. his hands and eateth. Hab. 3. 17, flock cut off from the f., John 19. 16, one f. and one shepherd. See Iss. 15. 29; 55. 19; Nah. 1. 10. FOLK. Prov. 30. 26; Jer. 51, 58; Mk. 6. 5; John 5.3.

FOLLOW. Num. 14.24, Caleb hath f. me fully. 1 Kings 18.21, God f. him.

Pa. 23.6, goodness and meroy shall f. me. 63.8, my soul f. hard after thee.

63.25, the players f. after.

Prov. 12. 11; 28.19, that f. vain persons. 1sa. 5.11, that they may f. strong drink. Hos. 6.3, if we f. on to know the Lord.

FOLLOWER. Amos 7.15, took me as I f. the flock.

Mat. 4.19; 8. 22; 9. 9; 16. 24; 19. 21; Mk. 2. 14; 8.

34; 10. 21; Lu. 5. 27; 9. 23, 59; Johu 1. 43; 21, 22, mat. 4. 19; 8. 22; 9. 9; 16. 24; 19. 21; Mk. 2. 14; 8. 34; 10. 21; Lu. 5. 27; 9. 23, 59; John 1. 43; 21, 22 Jesus said, f. me.
8. 19; Lu. 9, 57, 61, Master, I will f. thee.
Mk. 10. 25; Lu. 18. 28, we left all and f. thee.
32, as they f. they were afraid.
Lu. 22, 54, Peter f. afar off.
John 10. 27; sheep hear my voice, and f. me.
13. 38, thou canst not f. me now.
Rom. 14. 19, f. things that make for peace.
1 Cor. 10, 4, the rock that f. them.
14. 1, f. after charity.
Phil. 3. 12, 1 f. after.
1 Thess. 5, 15, ever f. that which is good.
1 Tim. 5. 24, some men they f. after.
6. 11; 2 Tim. 2. 22, f. righteousness.
Heb. 12, 14, f. peace with all men.
18. 7, whose faith f.
19. 11, the glory that should f.
2. 21, that we should f. his steps.
2 Pet. 2. 15, f. the way of Balaam.
Rev. 14. 4, they that f., the Lamb.
13, thair works do f. them.
See Mk. 9. 38; 1 Pet. 3. 13; 2 Pet. 1. 16; Rev. 6. 8.
FOLLOWER. Eph. 5. 1, f. of God as dear children. FOLLOWER. Eph. 5. 1, f. of God as dear children. Heb. 6. 12, f. of them who through faith. Heb. 6.12, for them who through faith.

FOLLY. 1 Sam. 25.25, and f. is with him.

Joh 4.18, his angels he charged with f.

24.12, yet God layeth not f. to them.

42.8, least I deal with you after f.

Pa. 49.13, this their way is their f.

85.8, let them not turn again to f.

Prov. 13.16, a fool layeth open his f.

14.8, the f. of fools is deceitful.

18. simple inherit f.

16.22, instruction of fools la f.

17.12, rather than a fool in his f.

26.4, answer not a fool according to his f.

26.5, answer fool according to f.

Ecc. 1.17, to know wisdom and f.

2.13, wisdom excelleth f.

10.6, f. le set in great dignity.

2 Cor. 11. 1, bear with me a little in my f.

2 Tim. 3.9, their f, shall be manifest.

See Josh 7.15; Prov. 14.24; 18a. 9.17.

FOOD. Gen. 3.5, tree good for f. See Josh. 7. 15; Prov. 14. 24; Isa. 9. 17.
FOOD. Gen. 3. 8, tree good for f. Ex. 21. 10, her f. shall not be diminished. Deut. 10. 18, in giving him f. and raiment. Job 23. 12, more than my necessary f. 24. 5, wilderness yieldeth f. Ps. 78. 25, did eat angels f. 104. 14, bring forth f. out of the earth. 138. 25, giveth f. to all flesh. Prov. 6. 8, gathereth her f. in harvest. 13. 23, much f. in tillage of poor. 30. 8, with f. couvenlent for me. 31. 14, she bringeth her f. from far. 2 Cor. 9. 18, minister bread for your f. 1 Tim. 6. 8, having f. and raiment. Jas. 2. 16, destitute of daily f. See Gen. 2. 9; 6. 21; 41. 35; Lev. 22. 7. FOOL. 2 Sam. 3. 33, died Abner as a f. dieth! See Gen. 2 9; 6. 21; 11. 35; Lev. 22. 7.
FOOL. 2 Sam. 3. 33, died Abner as a f. dieth?
Pa. 14. 1; 53. 1, f. said in his heart.
75. 4, to f. deal not foolishly.
Prov. 1. 7, f. despise wisdom.
3. 35, shame the promotion of f.
10. 8, 10, a prating f. shall fall.
21, f. die for want of wisdom.
23, sport to a f. to do mischief.
11. 29, the f. shall be servant to the wise.
12. 15, way of f. right in own eyes.
16. f. wrath presently known.
13. 16, f. layeth open his folly.
20, companion of f. shall be destroyed.
14. 8, folly of f. le decait.
9, f. make a mock at sin.
16. 2, mouth of f. poureth out foolishness.

Prov. 15. 5, a f. despiseth his father's instruction. 16. 22, the instruction of f. la folly. 17. 28, a f., when he holdeth his peace, counted 11. 25, 8 f., when he hondern his peace, counted wise.
20. 3, every f. will be meddling.
20. 11, a f. uttereth all his mind.
Eccl. 2. 14, f. walketh io darkness.
18, how dieth wise man? as the f.
19, who knoweth whether wise or a f.
5. 3, a f. voice is known by multitude of words.
10. 14, f. is full of words.
10. 14, f. is full of words.
10. 14, f. is full of words.
10. 17, 11, at his end he shall be a f.
Hos. 9. 7, the prophet is a f.
Mat. 5, 22, shall say, thou f.
22. 11, vef. and bind.
Lu. 12, 20, thou f., this night.
24. 25, Of, and slow of heart.
1 Cor. 3. 18, let him become a f.
12. 11, 1 am a f. in glorying.
Eph. 5. 15, walk not as f. but as wise.
Ee Prov. 10. 18; 19. 1; 28. 26; Eccl. 10. 3.
COLISH. Deut. 32. 6, Of, people. wise. See Prov. 10.18; 19.1; 28.20; Eccl. 10.3. FOOLISH. Deut. 32.6, 0 f. people. 2 Sam. 24. 10; 1 Chron. 21.8; 1 have done very f. Job 2.10, as one of the f. women. Ps. 73. 3, 1 was envious at the f. Prov. 9.6, forsake the f. and live. 13. af, woman is elamorous. 14.1, the f. plucketh it down. 17. 25: 19.18, a f. son is grief. Eccl. 7. 17, neither he thou f. Jer. 4.22 my people are f. Mat. 7. 26, unto a f. man. Rom. 1. 21, their f. heart was darkened. 1 Cor. 1.20, hath not God made f. Gal. 3. 1, O f. Galatians. 3. 3, are yes so f. Gal. 3. 1, 0.f. Galatians.
3. 3, are ye so f.
Eph. 5. 4, nor f. talking.
1 Tim. 6. 9, rich fall into f. lusts.
2 Tim. 2. 23; Tit. 3. 9, f. questions a vold.
Tit. 3. 3, we were sometimes f.
1 Pet. 2. 15, ignorance of f. meb.
See Job. 5.; Lam. 2. 14; Ezek. 13. 3.
FOLLISHNESS. P.e. 69, 5, thou knowest my f.
Prov. 22. 15, f. is bound in heart of child.
24. 9, thought of f. is sin.
1 Cor. 1. 18, to them that perish f.
21, by the f. of presching. 1 Cor. 1. 18, to them that perien f.
21, by the f, of preaching.
23, Christ crucified to Greeks f.
25, the f, of God is wiser than men.
2. 14, things of Spirit are f, to him.
3. 19, wisdom of world f, with God,
See 2 Sam. 15, 31; Prov. 21, 22. See 2 Sam. 15. 31; Prov. 27. 22.

FOOT. Gen. 41. 44, without thee no man lift f.

Pout. 2. 5, not so much as f, breadth.

11. 10, wateredst it with chy f.

Pa. 38. 16, when my f, slippeth.

11. 12, wateredst it with chy f.

Pa. 38. 16, when my f, slippeth.

11. 12, what 4. 6; Lu 4. 11, dash f, against stone.

94. 18, my f, slippeth, thy mercy.

121. 3, not suffer f, to be moved.

Prov. 3. 23, thy f, shall not stumble.

25. 17, withdraw f, from neighbour's house.

Ecol. 5. 1, keep thy f, when thou goest.

Isa. 1. 6, from cole of f, to head no soundness.

Mat. 14. 13, people followed on f.

18. 8; Mk. 9. 45, if thy f, offend thea.

1 Cor. 12. 15, if the f, say, hecause I am not.

Heb. 10. 29, trodden under f, the Son of God.

See Jer. 12. 5; Mat. 5. 35; Jas. 2. 3.

FORBADE Mat. 3. 14; Mk. 9. 38; Lu. 9. 49. FORBADE. Mat. 3. 14; Mk. 9. 38; Lu. 9. 49. FORBEAR. Ex. 23.5, wouldest f. to help. 2 Chron. 35. 21, f from meddling with God. Neb. 9. 30, many years didst thou, f them. Ezek. 2.5; 3. 11, whether hear or f. 1 Cor. 9.6, power to f, working.

Eph. 4. 2: Col. 3. 13, f, one another in love. 6.9 f threatening. 6. 9, f. threatening. See Prov. 24. 11; Ezek. 3, 27; Zech. 11. 12.

FORBID. Num. 11. 28. Joshua sald, f. them.

Mk. 9. 39; Lu. 9. 50, f. him not. 10. 14; Lu. 18. 16, children, f. them not. Lu. 6. 29, f. not to take coat. 23. 2, f. to give tribute. Acts 10. 47, can any f. water. 1 Cor. 14. 29, f. not to speak with tongues. 1 Im. 4. 3, f. to marry. See Acts 16. 6; 28. 31; 1 Thess. 2, 16. See ACR 16. 6; 22. 31; 1 Thess. 2. 16. FORCE. Deut. 34.7, nor natural f, abated. Ezra 4. 23, made them cease by f. Mat 11. 12. violent take it by f. John 6. 15, perceived they would take him by f. Heb. 9. 17, a testament is of f, after. See Deut. 20. 19; Prov. 30. 33; Amos 2. 14. FORCHTE Labe 6. FORCIBLE. Job 6. 25. FOREFATHERS. Jer. 11, 10; 2 Tim. 1. 3. FOREHEAD. Ex. 28.38, it shall always be on hisf. 1 Sam. 17. 49, smote Philistine in his f. Ezek. 3. 8, made thy f. strong. 9.4, set a mark m f of them that aigh. Rev. 7. 3; 9. 4, sealed in their f. 22. 4, his name shall be in their f. See Rev. 13. 16; 14. 1; 17. 5; 20. 4. FOREIGNER, Ex. 12. 45; Deut. 15. 3; Eph. 2. 19. FOREKNOW. Rom. 8, 29; 11. 2; 1 Pet. 1. 2. FOREMOST. Gen. 32.17; 33.2; 2 Sam. 18.27. FOREORDAINED. 1 Pet. 1. 20. FORERUNNER. Heb. 6, 20. FORESEE. Prov. 22, 3; 27, 12; Gal. 3, 8, FOREST. Prov. 22, 3; 21, 12; Gal. 3, 8; FOREST. Pa. 50, 10, every beast of f, is mine. 1sa, 29, 17; 32, 15, field esteemed as f. Jer. 5, 6, lion out of f, shall slay them. 26, 18; Mio. 3, 12, high places of the f, 48, 23, they shall cut down her f. Amos 3, 4, will lion roar in the f. See Ezek, 15, 6; 20, 46; Hos. 2, 12. FORETELL. Mk. 13. 23; Acta 3. 24; 2 Cor. 13. 2. FOREWARN, Lu. 12, 5; 1 Thess. 4, 6, FOREWARN. Lin. 12. 5; 1 Thess. 4. 6.
FORGAT. Judg. 3.7, they f, the Lord.
Ps. 78. 11, they f, his works,
106. 13, soon f, his works.
Lam. 3. 17, 1 f, prosperity.
See Gen. 40. 23; Hos. 2, 13.
FORGAVE. Mat. 18. 27, 32, and f, him the debt.
Lin. 1. 42, he trankly f, them both.
43, he to whom he f, most.
2 Cor. 2. 10, if 1 f, anything.
Col. 3. 13, even as Christ f, you.
See Ps. 32. 5; 78. 35; 99. 8.
FORGE. Joh 13. 4: Ps. 119. 60. FORGE. Job 13.4; Ps. 119.69. FORGET. Deut. 4. 9, lest thou f. things eyes have **PORGET. Deut. 4. 9, lest thou f. things eyes lesen.

23, lest yef, the covenant.

6. 12; 8. 11, beware lest thou f. the Lord.

Joh 8. 13, so are the paths of all that f. God.

78. 9. 17, all nations that f. God.

10. 12, f. not the humble.

45. 10, f. thine own people.

50. 22, consider, ye that f. God.

78. 7, that they might not f. works of God.

88. 12, in the land of f.

10. 2, f. to eat my bread.

103. 2, f. not all his benefits.

119. 16, 1 will not f. thy word.

137. 5, if I f. thee, O Jerusalem.

Prov. 2. 17, f. the covenant of her God.

3. 1, f. not my law.

3. 5, lest they drink and f.

7, let him drink, and f. his poverty.

188. 49. 15, can s womanf.

51. 13, and f. the Lord thy Maker.

65. 11, f. my holy mountain.

Jer. 2. 32, maid f. her ornaments.

23. 27, cause my people to f. my name.

Amos 8. 7, I will never f. their works.

Phil. 3. 13, f. things behind.

Heb. 6. 10, not unrighteous to f.

13. 2, not f. to entertain. seen.

Heb. 13.16, to communicate f. not. Jas. 1. 24, f. what manner of man. See Gen. 41, 51; Lam. 5. 20; Hos. 4. 6. Eph. 1.7; Col. 1.14, in whom we have f. See Dan. 9; Acts 13. 38; 28. 18. FORGOTTEN. Deut. 24. 19, and hast f. a sheaf. 32. 18, f. God that formed thee. Ps. 9, 18, needy not aiwaya f. 10. 11, asid, God hath f. 31. 12, f. as a dead man. 42. 9, why hast thou f. me. 44. 20, if we have f. name of our God. 77. 9, hath God f. to be gracions. Eccl. 2. 16, in days to come all f. 8. 10, wicked were f. in city. 9. 5, the memory of them is f. 18. 10, wicked were f. in city. 9. 5, the memory of them is f. 18. 17, in f. the God of thy saivation. 44. 21, thou shalf not be f. of me. 49. 14, my Lord hath f. me. 65. 16, former troubles are f. Jer. 2. 32; 13. 25; 18. 15, my people have f. 3. 21, f. the Lord their God. 44. 9, f. the wickedness of your fathers. 50. 6, f. their restingplace. Ezek. 22. 12; 23. 35; thou hast f. me. Mat. 16. 5; Mk. 8. 14, f. to take bread. Lu. 12. 6, not one f. before God. 2 Fet. 1. 9, f. that he was purged. See Lsm. 26; Hoa. 4. 6; 8. 14; 13. 6. FORM (a.). Gen. 1. 2; Jer. 4. 23, without f., autorial contents of the contents of th FORM (n.). Gen. 1. 2; Jer. 4. 23, without f., and void void.
Job 4. 36, could not discern the f.
Isa. 52. 14, f. more than sons of men.
Ezek. 10. 8, the f. of a man's hand.
Dan. 3. 19, f. of visage changed.
25, f. of fourth like Son of God.
Mk. 16, 12, appeared in another f.
Rom. 2. 20, hast f. of knowledge and truth.
Phil. 2 6, being in the f. of God.
7, the f. of a servant.
2 Tim. 1. 13, f. of sound words.
3. 5, having f. of godliness.
See 1 Sam. 28, 14; Ezek. 43. 11; Rom. 6. 17.
PORM (**). Deut. 32, 18, forgotten God that f. FORM (v.). Deut, 32, 18, forgotten God that f, thee. 2 Kings 19, 25; Isa. 37, 26, that I have f, it, Job 26, 5, dead things are f, 13, hath f, crooked serpent,

FOUL. Job 16, 18; Mat. 16, 3; Mk, 9, 25; Rev. 18, 2,

Job 33. 6, I also am f, of clay,
Pa. 90. 2, or ever thou hadst f,
94. 9, he that f, the eye.
Prov. 28. 10, great God that f, all things.
Is. 43. 1, he that f, the eye.
I there, O Israel.
I that 21, I have f, him.
I the common condition of the common condition.
I the common condition of the common condition.
I the common condition of the common condition.
I the f, grasshoppers.
Rom. 9. 20, shall thing f, say.
Gal. 41, 9, till Christ be f, in you.
See Gen. 2. 7, 19; Pa. 95. 5; Jer. 1. 5.
FORMER. Ruth 4.7, manner in f, time, Gal. 4. 19, thit orbits to by in You. See Gen. 2, 7, 19; Ps. 95, 5; Jer. 1. 5.

FORMER. Ruth 4. 7, manner in f, time, John 8. 8, enquire of the f, age.
Ps. 89, 49, where f, lovingkindnesses.
Eccl. 1. 11, no remembrance of f, things, 7, 10, f, days better than these.
1sa. 43. 18, remember the f, things of old.
48. 3, declared f, things from beginning.
65. 7, measure their f, work.
16, f, troubles are forgotten.
Jer. 5, 24; Hos. 6, 3; Joel 2, 23, f, and latter rain.
10, 16; 51. 19, the f, of all things.
Hag. 2, 9, glory of f, house.
Lech. 1, 4; 7, 7, 12, f, prophets have cried.
8, 11, 1 will not be as in f, days.
14, 8, half of them toward f, sea.
Mal. 3, 4, pleasant as in f, years.
Eph. 4, 22, concerning the f, conversation.
Rev. 21, 4, for the f, things have passed away.
See Gen. 40, 13; Dan. 11, 13; Acts 1.

FORSAKE, Deut. 4, 13; 31, 6; 1 Chron. 28, 20, he RSAKE. Deut. 4. 31; 31. 6; 1 Chron. 28. 20, he will not f. FORSAKE. will not f.

12. 19, f. not the Levite.
32. 15, he f. God which made him.
Josh. 1. 5; Heb. 13. 5, I will not fail nor f.
Judg. 9. 11, f. my aweetness and fruit.
1 Chron. 28. 9, if thou f. him, will cast.
2 Chron. 15. 2, if ye f. him, he will f. you.
Neh. 10. 39, we will not f. house of our God.
13. 11, why is house of God f.
Job 8. 14, he f. the fear of the Almighty.
20. 19, oppressed and f. the poor.
Ps. 22. 1; Mat. 27, 48; Mk. 15. 34, why hast thou f. me. Ps. 22. 1; Mat. 27. 46; Mk. 15. 34, why hast f. me.
37. 25, yet have I not seen righteous f.
28, the Lord f. not his saints.
119. 8, f, me not utterly.
138. 8, f, not work of thine own hands.
Prov. 1. 8; 6, 20, f, not law of thy mother.
2. 17, f, the guids of her youth.
4. 6, f, her not, and she shall preserve thae,
27. 10, friend and father's friend f. not.
Iss. 6. 12, a great f, in the land.
17. 9, as a f, hough.
32. 14; Jer. 4. 29; Ezek. 36. 4, a f. city.
54. 6, as a woman f. 54. 6, as a woman f. 54. 7, for a small moment f. 62.4, no more be termed f. 62.4, no more be termed f.
12, a city not f.
13:7, 13:7, 14, f. fountain of living waters.
Mat. 19.27; Lu. 5.11, we have f. all.
23, that hath f. houses.
23:56; Mr. 14.50, disciples f. him, and fled.
Mr. 1.18, they f. their nets.
Lu. 14.33, whosever f. nut all.
2 Cor. 4.9, persecuted but not f.
2 Tim. 4.10, Demas hath f. me.
18, all men f. me.
19. lo. 25, not f. assembling of ourselves.
11. 27, by faith Moses f. Egypt.
8. 12.
11. 11; Isa. 49, 14; Jer. 5. 7; 22. 9; Ezek.
8. 12.
10RSWEAR. Mat. 5. 33.

FORSWEAR, Mat. 5. 33.

FORWARD. Jer. 7. 24, backward, and not f. Zech. 1. 15, helped f. the affliction. See 2 Cor. 8. 8; 9. 2; 3 John 6.

FOULL. Job 16. 18; Mat. 16. 3; Mk. 9. 25; Rev. FOUND. Gen. 27. 20, f it so quickly. 37. 32, this have we f. 44. 16, hath f. out injustry. 1 Kings 20. 38, a lion f. him. 21. 20, hast thou f. me. 2 Kings 22. 8, 1 f. hook of the law. 2 Chron. 19. 3, good things f. in thee. Job 28. 12, 13, where shall wisdom be f. 33. 24, 1 have f. a ransom. Ps. 32. 6, when thou mayest be f. 38. 21, injustry f. to be hateful. 84. 3, sparrow hath f. an house. Prov. 25. 18, hast thou f. honey. Eccl. 7, 28, one among a thousand have If. 29, this only have If. 29, this only have If.
Cant. 3. 4, but If. him whom my soul loveth.
Isa. 65.1; Rom. 10. 20, f. of them that sought me cant. 3. 4, but 1 f, him whom my soul loveth.

18. 65. 1; Rom, 10, 20, f. of them that sought me not.

19. 2. 29, thief ashamed when he is f.

34, in thy skirts is f.

34, in thy skirts is f.

34, in thy skirts is f.

34. 8, ten man were f.

Ezek. 22. 30, I sought for a man but f. none.

18. 15. 12, weighed and f. wanting.

Mal. 2. 6, iniquity not f. in his lips.

Mal. 2. 6, iniquity not f. in his lips.

Mal. 2. 6, iniquity not f. in his lips.

Mal. 7. 2, Lia. 6. 48, it was f. on a rock.

8. 10; Lu. 7. 9, have not f. so great faith.

13. 46, f. one nearl of great price.

20. 6, f. others standing idle.

21. 19; Mkl. 14. 9; Lu. 22. 45, f. nothing thereon.

Mk. 7. 2, they f. fault.

30, she f. the devil gone out.

Lu. 2. 46, they f. him in the temple.

8. 35, they f. the man clothed.

15. 5, 6, f. the sheap.

9 f. the piece of money.

24. 32, was lost and is f.

23. 4, not the body.

13. 33, f. not the body.

14. 34, 14, unr fathers f. no sustenance.

9. 2. 17 he f. any of this way.

17. 32, f. an altar.

Rom. 7. 10, I. f. to be unto death.

Gal. 2. 17, we curselves also are f. shnners.

Phil. 2. 8, f. in fashion as a man.

Heb. 11. 5, Enoch was not f.

12. 17, he f. no place of repentance.

Rev. 16. 20, mountains were not f.

See Gen. 6. 8; 2 Chron. 15, 4; 2 Cor. 5, 3; Phil. 3, 9.

FOUNDATION. Joan, 8, 26; 1 Kings 16, 34, kay was f. in his firsthorn. See Gen. 6. 3; 2 Chron. 15. 4; 2 Cor. 5. 3; Phil. 3, 9. FOUNDATION. Josh. 6. 26; 1 Kings 16. 34, lay the f. in his firsthorn.

Job 4. 19, them whose f. is in dust.

Ph. 11. 3, if f. ha destroyed.
82. 5, all the f. of earth out of course.
102. 25, of old laid f. of earth.
137. 7, rase it even to the f.
Prov. 10. 25, righteous an everlasting f.
1sa. 28. 16, 1 lay in Zion a f.
1sa. 28. 16, 1 lay in Zion a f.
1sa. 6. 46, laid the f. on a rock.

49, without a f. 49, without a f. 49, without a.f.
Rom. 15. 20, on another man's f.
1 Cor. 3. 10, I laid the f.
11. other f. can no man lay.
12. if any man build on this f.
Eph. 2. 20, on f. of apostles and prophets.
1 Tim. 9. 19, laying up for themselves good f.
2 Tim. 2. 19, the f. of God standeth sure.
Heb. 0. 1, not laying the f. of repentance.
11. 10, a city that hath f.
Rev. 21. 14, the wall had twelve f.
See Mat. 13. 35; John 17. 24; Acts 18. 26. FOUNTAIN. Gen. 7. 11; 8, 2, f. of great deep. Dent. 8, 7, a land of f. 2 Chron. 32, 3, took counsel to stop f. of water. Pa. 36, 9, the f. of life.

TRAGMENTS Prov. 5. 16, let thy f. he dispersed. 8. 24, no f. abounding with water. 8. 24, no f. abounding with water.

13. 14, law of the wise a f. of life.

14. 27, fear of the Lord a f. of life.

25. 28, a troubled f. and corrupt spring.

Eccl. 12. 6, pitcher hroken at the f.

Cant. 4. 12, a f. sealed.

15, a f. of gardens.

Jer. 2. 13; 17. 13, forsaken f. of Ilving waters.

9.1, eyes a f. of tears.

Hos. 13. 15, his f. shall be dried up.

Zech. 13. 1, in that day a f. opened.

Jas. 3. 11, 12, doth a f. send forth.

Rev. 7. 17. to living f. 14. 7, worship him that made f.
21. 6, of the f. of life freely.
See Jer. 6. 7; Joel 3. 18; Mk. 5. 29. FRAGMENTS. John 6, 12, 13, gather up f, that remain See Mat. 14, 20; Mk. 6, 43; 8, 19; Lu. 9, 17, FRA1L, Ps. 39. 4 PRAME. Judg. 12. 8, he could not f. to pronounce. Ps. 94. 20, f mischief by a law. 103. 14, he knoweth our f. Iss. 29. 16, shall thing f. say to him that f. Eph. 2. 21, building fitly f. together.

See Ezek. 40. 2; Hos. 5. 4; Heb. 11. 3, FRANKLY. Lu. 7. 42, FRAUD. Ps. 10.7; Jas. 5.4. FRAY. Deut. 28. 26; Jer. 7. 33; Zech, 1, 21, RAI. Deut. 20. 20; Jer. 1. 35; Zeen. 1. 2. REE. Geo. 2. 16, of every tree eat f. Deut. 24. 5, shall be f. at home one year. Josh. 9. 23, there shall cone of you be f. 1 Sam. 14. 30, if people had eaten f. 2 Chron. 29. 31, of f. heart offered f. 7. 15. by other series of Geo. 25. 26. 68. chief fathers offered f. 7. 15. by others. 2 Ohron. 29. 31, of f, heart offered.
Exrs. 2.68, ohlef fathers offered f.
7. 15, king offered f. to God.
Ps. 51. 12, with thy f, spirit.
88. 5, f, among the dead.
1sa. 58. 6, let the oppressed go f.
Hos. 14. 4, I will love them f.
Hos. 14. 4, I will love them f.
Hos. 14. 5, f, we have received, f, give.
17. 26, then are the children f.
Hos. 71, I fa man say Corhan, he shall be f.
John 8. 32, the truth shall make you f.
33, how sayest thou ye shall be f. indeed,
Acts 28. 29, I was f, born.
Rom. 3. 24, justfield f, by his grace.
16. 16, the f, gift.
16. 16, 22, being made f, from sin.
29, writted of sin f, from righteousuess.
21, houn the law of sin and death.
23, when the law of sin and death.
24, houn the law of sin and death.
25, though f, from all men.
12 13: Enh. 6, whether bond or f.
Gal. 3. 28; Col. 3. 11, there is neither bond nor f.
5. 1, wherewith Christ hath made us f.
2 Thess. 3. 1, word have f, course.
1 Pet. 2. 18. 28, as f, and not using liberty. 2 Thess. 3.1, word have f. course. Pet 2. 18, as f. and not using liberty. Pet 2. 11, as f. and not using liberty. 22. 11, let him take water of life f. See Ex. 21. 2; Deut. 15, 13; Jer. 34. 9; Gal. 4. 22. FRESH. Num. 11. 8; Joh 29. 20; 33. 25; Jas. 3. 12, FRET. Ps. 37. 1, 4, 8; Prov. 24. 19, f. not thyself, Prov. 19, 3, his heart f. against the Lord. See 1 Sam. 1. 6; Isa. 8. 21; Ezek. 16. 43. See 1 Sain. 1.0; 188. 5. 21; EZER. 10. 43.
RIEND. Ex. 33. 11, as a man to his f.
2 Sam. 19. 6, lovest thlue enemies and batest f.
10 to 8. 27; ye dig a pit for your f.
42. 10, when he prayed for his f.
Ps. 35. 14, as though be had been my f.
41. 9, my familiar f, hath lifted.
88. 18. lover and f, hast thou put.
Prov. 8. 1, if thou he surety for thy f. FRIEND.

170v. c. 1, 11 thou he surety for the fig. 3, make sure thy f. 14. 20, the rich hath many f. 16. 28; 17. 9, whisperer separateth chief f.

Prov. 17. 17, f. loveth at all times.

13. 24, a f. that sticketh closer.

19. 4, wealth maketh many f.

21. 6, faithful are wounds of f.

10, thine own f. and father's f. forsake not.

17, sharpeneth countenance of hils f.

Cant. 5. 16, this is my f.

18a. 41. 8, seed of Ahraham my f.

18c. 20. 4, a terror to thy f.

Mic. 7. 5, trust not in a f.

20ch. 13. 6, wounded in house of my f.

Mat. 11. 19; Lu. 7. 34, a f. of publicans.

20. 13, f., 1 do thee no wrong.

22. 12, f., how camest theu hither?

25. 50, f., wherefore art thou come?

Mk. 6. 19, go home to thy f.

Lu. 11. 5, wherefore art thou come?

Mk. 6. 19, calleth hils f. and neighbours.

16. 9, f. of the mammon.

John II. 11, our f. Lazarus sleepeth.

16. 13, lay down this life for his f.

14, yo are my f. if ye do.

15, not servants but.

19. 12, thou art not Caear's f.

19. 12, thou art not Caear's f.

19. 22. 24; Lu. 14. 10; 3 John 14.

ROWARD. Deut. 32. 20, a very f. generation. FRUIT. land.

FROWARD. Deut. 32, 20, a very f. generation. Prov. 2, 12, man that speaketh f. things. 3, 32, the f. is ahomination. 4, 24, put away f. mouth. 3. 32, the f, is anomination.
4. 24, put away f, mouth.
11. 20; 17. 20, of a f, heart.
16. 28, a f, man soweth strife.
21. 8, the way of a man is f,
22. 5, anares are in way of the f.
See Prov. 10. 32; Isa. 57, 17; 1 Pet. 2, 18. Num, 13, 26, showed them the f. of the FRUIT. Num, 13. 26, showed them the f. or the land.

Deut. 26. 2, take the first of all f.
33. 14, precious f. brought forth.
Ps. 101, 37, yield f. of increase.
127. 3, the f. of the womh is his reward.
Prov. 8. 19, my f. is better than gold.
11. 30, f. of the righteous a tree of life.
12. 14; 18, 20, satisfied by the f. of his mouth.
Cant. 2. 3, his f. was sweet to my taste.
4. 13, 16, orchard with pleasant f.
18a. 3. 10; Mic. 7. 13, the f. of their doings.
27. 6, fill face of the world with f.
28. 4, the hasty f. before summer,
57. 19, I create the f. of the lips.
19c. 17. 10; 12. 14; 32, 19, according to f. of doings.
Hos. 10. 13, eaten the f. of lies.
Amos 8. 1, hasket of summer f.
Mic. 6. 7, f. of body for sin of soul.
Hab. 3. 17, neither shall f. he in vines.
Hag. 1. 10, earth is stayed from her f.
Mat. 3. 8; Lu. 3. 8, f. meet for repentance.
7. 16, 20, by their f. ye shall know them.
12. 33, make tree good and f. good.
13. 23, is he who beareth f.
21. 19, let no f. grow on thee.
24. when time of f. drew near.
25. 29. Mk. 14. 25. drilk of f. of vine. 21. 19. let no f. grow on thee.

34. when time of f. drew near.

28. 29; Mk. 14. 25, drink of f. of vine.

Mk. 4. 28, earth bringeth forth f. of herself.

12. 2. receive the f. of the vineyard.

Lu. 13. 6, he sought f. thereon.

7, I come seeking f. on this fig tree.

9, if it bear f, well.

John 4. 36, f. to life eternal.

15. 2, branch that heareth f.

4, branch cannot bear f. of itself.

8, that ye bear muchf.

18, ordsined that ye should bring forth f.

Rom. 1. 13. have some f. among you. 10, ordelined that ye should oring for all. Rom. 1.13, have some f, among you. 6.21, what f, had ye then. 7.4, bring forth f, unto God. 2 Cor. 9.10; Phil. 1.11, the f. of righteousness,

Gal. 5.22; Eph. 5. 9, the f. of the Spirit,
Phil 1, 22; this is the f. of my labour.
4, 17, 1 desire f, that may abound.
Col. 1, 6, the gospel bringeth forth f. in you,
2 Tim. 2, 8, first partaker of the f.
Heb. 12, 11, peaceable f. of righteousness,
13, 15, the f. of our lips.
Jas. 3, 17, wisdom full of good f.
5, 7, waiteth for the precious f.
Jude 12, whose f, withereth, without f.
Rev. 22, 2, yelded her f, every mooth.
See Gen. 30, 2; Ps. 92, 14; Jer. 12, 2; Col. 1.10.
FMISTRATE. Ext. 45, Iss. 44, 25, Gal. 2, 21 See Geu. 30. 2; Pa. 92. 14; Jer. 12. 2; Col. 1. 10. FRUSTRATE. Ezra 4. 5; Iss. 44. 25; Gal. 2. 21. FULEIL. Iss. 9. 5; Ezek. 15. 4; 21. 32.
FULFIL. Pa. 20. 4, the Lord f. all thy counsel. 5, f. all thy petitions.
145. 19, he will f, the desire of them. Mat. 3. 15; to f. all righteousness.
5. 17, not to destroy but to f. 18; 24. 34; till all bef. Mk. 13. 4, sign when these shall be f. Mk. 13. 4, sign when these shall be f. Lu. 1. 20, my words shall be f, in season.
21. 24, times of the Gentiles be f. 22. 16, till it be f. in kingdom of God. John 3. 29; 17. 13, this my joy is f. Acta 13. 25, and as John f. his course.
33, God bath f. the same to us. Rom. 13. 10, love is the f. of the law.
Gal. 5. 14, all the law is f. in one word.
6. 2, so f. the law of Christ.
Eph. 2. 3, f. the desires of the flesh.
Phil. 2. 2, f. ye my joy.
Col. 4. 17, take heed thou, f. the ministry.
2 Thesa. 1. 11, f. good pleasure of his will.
Jas. 2. 8, if y f. the royal law.
See Ex. 5. 13; 23. 29; Gal. 5. 18; Rev. 17. 17.
FULL. Lev. 19. 29, land became f. of wickedness.
Deut. 6, 11, houses, f. of good things.
34. 9, Joshua was f. of spirit of wisdom.
Ruth. 1. 21, munif. of talk.
12. 21, munif. of talk.
14. 22, munif. of talk.
14. 21, munif. of talk.
14. 1, f. of trouble.
19. 19. 11, f. of the sine of youth.
21. 23, dieth in his f. strength.
21. 18, 1 am f. of matter.
Pa. 10, 17, Rom. 3, 14, mouth f. of cursing, 65. 9, which is f. of water.
19. 64, earth is f. of thy mercy.
127, 5, happy that bath his quiver f.
19. 0, bell and destruction are never f.
20, hell and destruction are never f.
20, hell and destruction are never f.
20, bell and destruction are never f.
20, hell and destruction are never f.
20, h FULLY Num. 14.24, Caleh hath followed me f. Eccl. 8, 11, heart is f. set to do evil. Rom. 14.5, let every man bef. persuaded. 15. 19, I have f. preached the gospel.

Rev. 14. 18, grapes are f. ripe.
See 1 Kings 11. 6; Acts 2. 1; Rom. 4. 21,
FULNESS. Ps. 16. 11, f. of joy.
John 1. 16, of his f. have we received.
Rom. 11. 25, the f. of the Gentile's.
Eph. 1. 23, the f. of thin that filleth.
3. 19, filled with the f. of God.
4. 13, the stature of the f. of God.
5. 11, 19, in him should all f. dwell.
2. 9, the f. of the Godhead bodily.
See Num. 18. 21; Ps. 96. 11; Rom. 11. 12.
FURNACE. Deut. 4. 20. Lord hath tal See Num. 18. 27; Pa 98. 11; Rom. 11. 12. FURNAGE. Deut. 4. 20, Lord hath taken you out of.
Ps. 12. 8, as silver tried in af.
18a. 48. 10, in the f. of affliction.
Mat. 13. 42, into af. of fire.
See Gen. 15. 17; 10. 28; I Kings 8. 51.
FURNISH. Ps. 18. 19; Mat. 22. 10; 2 Tim. 3. 17.
FURROWS. Ps. 65. 10; 12. 29. 3; Hos. 10. 4; 12. 11.
FURTHER. Exra 8. 36, they f. the people.
Job 38. 11, hitherto, but no f. the people.
Job 38. 11, hitherto, but no f.
Lu. 24. 22, as though he would have goue f.
Acta 4. 17, that it spread no f.
2 Tim. 3. 9, they shall proceed no f.
See Mk. 5. 35; Phil. 1. 12, 25.
FURIOUS. Prov. 22. 24, with a f. man thou shalt not go. FURIOUS. Prov. 22. 24, with a f, man thou as not go.
29. 22. a f, man aboundeth in transgression.
Nah. 1. 2, the Lord is f.
See 2 Kings 9. 20; Ezek. 5. 15; 23. 25.
FURY. Gen. 21. 44, till thy brother a f, turn.
18a. 27. 4, f, is not in me.
18a. 25, my f, uphald me.
19a. 21. 5, I will aght against thee in f.
25. 15, the wine cup of this f.
Ezek. 21. 17, I will cause my f, to rest.
See Dan. 3, 13, 19; 8. 6; 9. 16; 11. 44. GAIN. Job 22. 3, is it g, to him that thou makest thy way. Prov. 1. 19; 15. 21; Ezek. 22. 12, greedy of g. 3. 14, the g, thereof hetter than gold. 28. 8, by usury and unjust f. Ezek. 22. 13, 27, at thy dishonest g. Dan. 11, 39, he shall divide the land for g. Mic. 4. 13, consecrate their g, to the Lord. Mat. 18. 26; Mk. 6. 36; Lu. 9. 25, if he g, the thy wa GAP. Ezek. 13. 5; 22. 30.

GARDEN. Geu. 13. 10, as the g, of the Lord. Deut. 11. 10; 1 Kings 21, 2, as a g, of herhs. Cant. 4. 12, a g, enclosed. 16. blow upon my g, 5. 1, 1 am come into my g, 6. 2, 11, gone down into his g. Iss. 1. 8, as a lodge in a g, 30, as a g, that hath no water. 51. 3, her desert like the g, of the Lord. 58. 11; Jer. 31. 12, like a watered g, 61. 11, as the g, causeth things sown. Jer. 29. 5, plant g, and est the fruit. Ezek. 28, 13, in Eden the g, of God. GAP, Ezek. 13. 5; 22. 30.

Ezek. 31. 8, 9, cedars in g, of God. 33. 35, is become like the g, of Eden. Joel 2. 3, land as the g. of Eden hefore them. John 18, 26, did not 1 see thee in the g. 19. 41, there was a g. and in the g. See Gen. 2. 15; Amos 4. 9; 9. 14; John 20, 15. GARMENT. Gen. 39. 12, he left his g. and fled. ARMENT. Gen. 39. 12, he left his g. and fied. 49. 11, washed his g. 1 in wine. Josh. 7, 21, a goodly Babylonish g. 9. 5, Gibeonites took old g. 2 Kings 5. 26, is that time to receive g. 7, 15, all the way was full of g. Joh 37, 17, how thy g. are warm. Ps. 22. 16, they part my g, among them. 102, 26; is a. 50, 9; 51, 6; Heb. 1, 11, wax old as a g.

104. 2 with light as with a g.
6, with the deep as with a g.
109. 18, with cursing as with his g.
Prov. 20. 15, take his g, that is surety.
25. 20, a g. in cold weather.
30. 4, hound the waters in a g.
Eccl. 9. 8, let thy g, be always white.
Isa. 52. 1, put on thy beautinil g.
61. 3, g, of praise for spirit of heaviness.
10, the g, of salvation.
10e1 2. 13, rend your heart and not your g.
Zech. 13. 4, a rough g, to deceive.
Mat. 9. 16; Mk. 2. 21; Lu. 5. 36, new cloth old g.
20. 14, 36; Mk. 5. 27; Lu. 8. 44, hem of g.
21. 18; Mk. 11, 8, spread g, in way.
22. 11, 12, wedding g.
23. 5, enlarge borders of g.
27. 35; Mk. 16. 24, parted g, casting lots.
Mk. 11. 7; Lu. 19. 35, cast g, on coit.
13. 16, not turn back again to take g.
Lu. 22. 36, let him sell his g.
24. 4, in shining g.
Acts 9, 39, showing coats and g.
Jus. 5. 2, your g, are motheaten.
Jude 23, the g, spotted by the flesh,
Kev. 3, 4, not deficd their g.
LARNIER. Ps. 144. 13; Joel 1. 17; Mat. 3. 12.
LARNIER. Ps. 144. 13; Joel 1. 17; Mat. 3. 12. as a g. 104. 2. with light as with a g. GARNER. Ps. 144, 13; Joel 1, 17; Mat. 3, 12, GARNISH. Job 26. 13; Mat. 12. 44; 23. 29. GATE. Gen. 28. 17, the g, of beaven. Deut. 6, 9; 11. 20, write them on thy g. Fs. 116. 19, the g, of righteousness. Prov. 17, 19, exaltet g, seeketh destruction. 31. 23, her husband known in the g. 18. 26. 2, open the g, that righteous may enter. 38. 10, the g, of the grave. 45. 1, open the two-leaved g. 60. 11, thy g, shall be open omitinually. 18, wells Salvation and g, Praise. Mat. 7. 13; Lu. 13. 24, strait g, wide g. 16. 18; g, of hell shall not prevail. Helb. 13. 12, also suffered without the g. Rev. 21. 25, g, not shut at all hy day. See Ps. 24. 7; Isa. 28. 6; Nab. 2. 6. GATHER. Gen. 41. 35, let them g, all the food. GARNISH. Job 26. 13; Mat. 12. 44; 23. 29. See Ps. 22. 1; Isa. 28. 6; Nah. 2; 8.
GATHER. Gon. 41. 35, let them g. all the food.
49. 10, to him shall g. of the people be.
Ex. 18. 17, g. some more, some less.
Deut. 28, 38, carry much out and g. little in.
30. 3; Ezek. 36, 24, will g. thee from all natione.
Sam. 14, 14, spilt which cannot be g. up.
Job 11. 10, if he g. together, who can hinder.
Ps. 26. 9, g. not my about with stnners.
38. 6, knoweth not who shall g. them.
Prov. 6, 3, the ant g. her food.
10. 5, he that g. in summer.
13. 1. he that g. by labour shall increase.
14. 21, 2 ye shall be g. one by one,
45. 18, 19, by the store of the store.
62. 19, cout the store.
63. 19, cout the store.
64. 10, cout the store.
65. 19, cout the store.
68. 19, cout the store.
68. 28, bor g. into barns. 7. 16; Lu. 11. 23, he that g. not scattereth.

Mat. 13. 28, wilt thou that we g. them up.
29, lest while ye g. up the tares.
41, shall g. out of his kingdom.
25. 32, before him shall be g. all nations.
John 6. 12, g. up fragments.
15. 6, men g. them and cast.
1 Cor. 16. 2, that there he no g. when I come.
2 Thess. 2. 1, hy our g. together unto him.
See Mat. 23. 37; John 4. 36; 11. 52.
GAVE. Gen. 3. 12, the woman g. me.
John, 21. 44; 2 Chron. 15. 15; 20. 30, Lord g. them rest. rest. 1 Sam. 10. 9, g, to Saul another heart. Neh. 8. 8, read and g, the sense. Joh 1. 21, the Lord g, the sense. Joh 1. 21, the Lord g, the word. 68. 11, the Lord g, the word. Eccl. 12. 7, to God who g, it. Amos 2. 12, ye g, the Nazaritea wine. Mat. 21. 23; Mk. 11. 22; Lu. 20, 2, who g, the Mat. 21. 23; Mk. 11. 28; Lu. 20. 2, who of this authority.
25. 35. 42, ye g. me meat.
Lu. 15: 16, no man g. unto him.
John 10. 29, my Father who g. them.
Acts 2. 4, as the Spirit g. them utterance,
26. 10, 1 g. my voice sgainst them.
Rom. 2. 28, God g, the increase,
1 Cor. 3. 6, God g, the increase,
Eph. 4. 8, g. gifts unto men.
11, h. g., some spostles.
See 2 Cor. 8. 5; Gal. 1. 4; Tit. 2. 14. GAY, Jas. 2. 3. GAZE. Ex. 19.21; Nah. 3.6; Acta 1.11; Heb. 10. 33. ENERATION. Dent 1 35, not one of this evil g. 32.5, 20, a perverse and crooked g. 72.5, 20, a perverse and crooked g. 72.5, 20, a perverse and crooked g. 72.3, it shall be accounted for a g. 102.18, written for the g. to come. 145.4, one g. shall praise thy works. Prov. 27.24, crown endure to every g. 30.11, there is a g. that curseth. Eccl. 1.4, one g. passeth away. 1sa. 34.10, from g. to g. it shall lie waste. Joel 1.3, children tell another g. Mat. 3, 7; 12.34; 23. 33; Lu. 3.7, g. of vipers. 12.41, in lungment with this g. 17. 17; Mk. 9. 19; Lu. 21.32, perverse g. 23.36, shall come on this g. 24.34; Mk. 13.30; Lu. 21.32, this g. shall not pass. Lu. 16.6, are in their g. wiser. 17. 25, rejected of this g. 1 Pett. 2, 9, a chosen g. See 1sa. 53, 8; ban. 4, 3; Mat. 1.1; Lu. 11. 30. EENTILES. Mat. 10.5, go not in way of the G. GENERATION. Dent. 1. 35, not one of this evil q. GENTILES. Mat. 10. 5, go not in way of the G. ENTILES. Mat. 10. 5, go not in way of the John 7, 35, to the dispersed among G. Acts 9.15, bear my name hefore the G. 13. 42, G. hesonght that these words. 48, we turn to the G. 15. 3, declaring conversion of the G. 16. 8, from henceforth I will go to the G. Rom. 3. 23, is he not also of the G. 11. 11, salvation is come to the G. 13. as the apostle of the G. 13. as the apostle of the G. 17. Cor. 5. 1, not so much as named among G. Eph. 4.17, walk not as other G. 27 lim. 1. 11, 1 am ordained a teacher of G. 3 John 1, taking nothing of the G. 5ee Rom. 2 9; I Fet. 2. 12; Rev. 11. 2. ENTILE. I Thess. 2.7. we were g, among yo SECONDA 1 Thess, 27, we were g, among you. 2Tim. 2 24, sorvant of Lord he g. Tit. 3.2 g, showing all meckness. Jas. 3.17, wisdom is pure and g. 1 Pet. 2.18, not only to the good and g. Sec 2 Sam. 16. 5; 22. 36; Gal. 5. 22.

GETTETH. Prov. 3.13; 4,7; 19.8; Jer. 17.11. GIFT. Ex. 23.8; Deut. 16.19, a.c. blindeth. 2 Sam. 19.42, bath he given us any g. 2 Chron. 19.1, with the Lord no taking of g. Ps. 66.16; L. Eph. 4.8; g. unto men.

Pa. 72. 10, kings of Sheba and Seba offer g.
Prov. 6. 35, not content, though many g.
15. 27, he that batch g. shall live.
17. 8, a g, is as a prectous score.
18. 16, man's g, maketh room for him.
21. 14, a g, in secret pacifieth anger.
Eccl. 3. 13; 5. 19, enjoy good, it is God's g.
7, 7, a g, destroyeth the heart.
15. 1. 23, every one loveth g,
Mat. 5. 23, bring thy g, to the altar.
24, leave g, before altar.
7, 11; Lu. 11. 13, know how to give good g.
Lu. 21. 1, casting g, into treasury.
John 4. 10, if thou koewest the g, of God.
Acts 6. 20, thought the g, of God may be purchased. chased. chased. Rom 1.11, some spiritual g. 5.15, free g., g. by grace. 6.23, the g. of God is othernal life. 11.29, g. of God without reportance, 12.6, g. differing according to grace. 1Cor. 7.7, his proper g. of God. 12.4, diversities of g. 12. 4, diversities of g.

13. covet best g.

14. 1, 12, desire spiritual g.

2 Cor. 9. 15, unspeakshle g.

Eph. 2. 8, faith the g. of God.

Phil. 4, 17, not because I desire a g.

1 Tim. 4, 19, neglect not the g.

2 Tim. 1, of sir up the g.

13s. 1. 17, good and perfect g.

See Num. 18. 29; Mat. 15. 5; Acts 2. 28; I Cor. 13. 2. GIRD. 2 Sam. 22, 40; Ps. 18, 39, hast q. me with GIRDL. J. 28am. 22.40; F. R. 18. 39, flast g. me w strength.
18a, 45. 5, 1 g, thee, though thou hast not.
Joel 1, 13, g, yourselves and lament.
Eph. 6, 14, having your loins g.
See Prov. 31, 17; John 13, 4; 21, 18; Rev. 15, 6.
GIRDLE. Isa, 11, 5; Mat. 3, 4; Mk. I, 6. GIRL, Joel 3, 3; Zech. 8, 5, GIVE. Gen. 28. 22, I will g, the tenth. Ex. 30.15, rich shall not g, more, poor not g, less. Deut. 15. 10, thou shalt g, him thine heart. 16. 17; Ezek. 46. 5, g, as he is able. 1, Chron, 29. 14, of thice own have we g, thee, 16.17; Ezek. 46.5, q. as he is able.
10hron, 29.14, of thice own have we g. thee,
Ezra 9.9, to g. us a reviving.
Ps. 2.8, I shall g. thee the heathen,
6.5, in the grave who shall g. thanks.
29.11, Lord will g. strength.
37.4, g. thee the desires of thy heart,
21, the righteous showeth mercy and g.
84.11, Lord will g. grace and glory.
109.4, I g. myself unto prayer.
Prov. 23, 28, g. me thine heart.
1sa. 55.10, g. seed to the sower.
1sa. 55.10, g. seed to the sower.
1sa. 55.10, g. seed to the sower.
1sa. 55.10, g. to him that asketh.
6.11; Lu. II.5, g. daily bread.
7.9, will he g. him a stone?
10.3, freely g.
11.3, if will, 11, it is g. to you to know.
16. 26; Mk. 4.11, it is g. to you to know.
16. 26; Mk. 10. 21, go sell, and g. to the poor.
20. 23; Mk. 10. 40, not mine to g.
20. 23; Mk. 10. 40, not mine to g.
20. 23; Mk. 10, 40, not mine to g.
20. 4; Mk. 15, sold and g. to the poor.
1.0. 6. 37, all that the Father g. me.
65, no man can come except it were g. him.
10. 28, I g. to them eternal life.
13. 29, that he should g. something to poor.
14. 77, not as the world g., g. 1.
Acts 3.6, such as I have g. I thee.
6. 4, we will g. ourselves to g. Acts 3, 6, such as I have g, I thee.
6, 4, we will g, ourselves to prayer,
20, 35, more blessed to g.
Rom. 12, 8, be that g, let him do it.
19, rather g, place unto wrath.
1 Cor. 3.7, God g, the increase.
2 Cor. 9, 7, g, not grudgingly, a cheerful g.
Phil. 4, 15, concerning g, and receiving.
1 Tim. 4, 13, g, attendance to reading.

1 Tim. 4. 15, q. thyself wholly to them. 6.17, who g us richly.

Jas. 1.5, that g to all men liberally. 4. 6, g. more grace, g. grace to humble. 2 Pet. 1. 5, g. all diligence. See Mk. 12. 15; Lu. 12. 48; John 3. 34. See Mk. 12.15; Lu. 12.48; John 3. 34.

GLAD. Ex. 4.14, he will be g, in heart.

Joh 3. 22, g, when they can find the grave.

Pe. 18, 9, therefore my heart is g,

34. 2; 69. 32, humble shall hear and he g,

46. 4, make g, the city of God.

104. 15, maketh g, the heart of man,

122. 1.1 was g, when they said.

128. 3, whereof we are g,

Prov. 10. 1; 15. 20, whese son g, father,

24. 17, let not thine heart be g.

Lam. 1, 21, they are g, that thou hast done it,

Lin, 15. 32, make merry and be g.

John 8.56, saw my day and was g,

11. 15, I am g, for your sakes.

Acts 11. 23, seen grace of God, was g,

See Mk. 6. 20; 12. 37; Lu. 1. 19; 8. 1.

GLADNESS, Num. 10, 10, in day of your g, See Mk. 6. 20; 12. 37; Lm. 1. 19; 8. 1. GLADNESS. Num. 10. 10; in day of your g. Deut. 28. 47, servedst not with g. of heart, Neb. 8. 17, there was very great g. Pa. 4. 7, thou hast put g. in my heart, 45. 7; Heb. 1. 9, the oil of g. 97. 11. g. 1s sown for the upright. 1ea. 35. 10; 51. 11, they shall obtain joy, and g. Acts 2. 46, did eat with g. of heart. 12. 14, opened not for g. 14. 17, filling our hearts with food and g. Sge Ps. 100. 2; Prov. 10. 28; Isa. 51. 3. GLEAN Levy 19. 10. 126; See 49. 9. GLEAN, Lev. 19. 10; Jer. 6. 9; 49. 9. GLISTERING. 1 Chron. 29. 2; Lu. 9. 29. GLITTERING. Deut. 32, 41; Job 20, 25; 39, 23; Nah. 3. 3. Nah. 3. 3.
GLOMINESS. Joel 2. 2; Zeph. 1. 15.
GLORIFY. Lev. 10. 3. hefore all neople I will he g. Pa. 50. 23. whose offereth praise g. me. 88. 9, all nations shall g. thy name. 12. I will g. thy name for evermore. Is. 24. 15. g. the Lord in the fires. 60. 7, I will g. thy name for evermore. Is. 24. 15. g. the Lord in the fires. 60. 7, I will g. house of my glory. Ezek. 28. 22. I will be g. in midst of thee. Dan. 5. 23. God hast thou not g. Mat. 5. 16, g. your Father in heaven. 15. 31, they g. God of I smeel.
Lu. 4. 15. being g. of all.
John 7. 39, hecause Jesus was not yet g. 11. 4. that the Son of God might be g. 11. 4. that the Son of God might be g. 11. 32. God shall slos g. him. 15. 33. God shell slos g. him. 16. 8, hereio is my Father g. 17. 1. g. thy Son. 4. I have g. thee on earth. 21. 18, by what death he should g. God. Rom. 1. 21, they g. him not as God. 8. 17, enfer with him that we may be g. 30, them he also g. 10. Cor. 6. 20, g. God in body and spirit. Gal. 1. 24, they g. God in me. 2 Thess. 1. 10, to be g. in his saints. Heb. 5. 5, so Christ g. not himself. See Isa. 25. 5 | Mat. 9, 8; 15. 31; Lu. 7. 16. GLORIOUS. Ex. 15. 11, g. In holiness. Deut. 28. 55: 1 Chron. 29. 13. thie g. name. GLOOM1NESS. Joel 2. 2; Zeph. 1.15. See Isa. 25. 5; Mat. 9, 8; 15. 31; Lu. 7. 16. GLORIOUS. Ex. 15. 11, g. in holiness. Deut. 28. 58; 1 Chroo. 29. 13, thie g. name. 96. 2, make his praise g. 72. 19, blessed be his g. name. 67. 3, g. things are spoken.
Isa. 11. 10, his rest shall be g. 22. 1, whose g. beauty is a fading flower. 60. 13, place of my feet g. 63. 1, g. in his apparel. 14, to make thyeelf a g. name. Jer. 17. 12, a g. high throne. Dan. 11. 16, 41, stand in the g. land.

Acts 12.23. he save not God the g.
Rom. 3.23. come short of g. of God.
8.18, not worthy to be compared with g.
11.36; Gal. 1.5; 2 Tim. 4.18; Heb. 13.21; 1 Pet.
5.11, to whom he g.
10.31, do all to g. of God.
11.7, woman is the g. of the man.
15, long hair, it is s g. to her.
16.40, g. of celestial, g. of terrestrial.
43, raised in g.
2 Cor. 3.18, beholding as in a glass the g.
4.17, eternal weight of g.
Eph. 1.17, the Father of g.
3.21, to him be g. in the church.
Phill. 3.19, whose g. is in their shame.
4.19, according to his riches in g.
Col. 1.27, Christ in you, the hope of g.
3.4, appear with him in g.
2.10, in brigging many sons to g.
1.3 the heightness of his g.
2.10, in bringing many sons to g.
3.3, this man worthy of more g.
1 Pet. 1.8, loy unspeakable and full of g.
11, the g. that should follow.
23, the g. of man as flower of grass.
4.14, the Spirit of g. and of God.
1 Pet. 5.10, called to eternal g.
Rev. 4.11; 5.12, worthy to receive g.
1.12, llessing and g. and wisdom.

Rev. 18.1, earth lightened with his g. 21.23, g. of God did lighten it. See Lu. 17.18; 2 Cor. 3.18; Jass. 2, 1; Jude 25. GLORYING. 1 Cor. 5.6; 9.15; 2 Cor. 7.4; 12.11. GNASH. Mat. 8. 12; 13, 42; 22. 13; 24.51; 25. 30; I.n. 13. 23, g. of teeth. Mk. 9. 18, he foameth and g. with his teeth. See Joh 16. 9; Pa. 35. 16; Acts 7, 54. Mk. 9. 18, the connecth and q, with his teeth.

See Join 16. 9; Pa. 35. 16; acts 7. 54.

GNAT. Mat. 23. 24.

GO. Gen. 32. 26, let me q, for the day breaketh.

Ex. 14. 15; Job 23. 8, q, forward.

23. 23; 32. 34, angel ahall q, before thee.

33. 15, presence q, not with me.

Rutth 1. 16, whither thou q, 1 will q.

Prov. 22. 6, the way he should q,

30. 29, three things which q, well.

Mat. 5. 41; to q, a mile, q, twain.

21. 30, 19, six, and wert not.

Ln. 10. 51, q, and do likewise.

John 14. 2, 1 q, to the Father.

See Mat. 5. 2; 1, q, walked with G.

16. 13, thou G, seest me.

32. 25, hash power with G.

48. 21, I die, hif G, shall be with you.

Num. 23. 19, G, is not a man that he should lie.

23, what hath G, wrought.

Dat. 3. 24, what G, is there that can do.

32. 21, the cernal G, is thy refuge.

13, man. 21, may know here is a G, in Israel.

18, may know here is a G, in Israel.

18, may 18, p, and the G, shall we will whom.

Ps. 14. 1; 53. 1, bath said, there is no G.

22. 1; Mat. 27. 46, my G, my G, why hast.

56. 9, this I know, for G, is for me.

86. 10; Isa. 37. 18, thou art G, alone.

Eccl. 5. 2, G, is in beaven.

18. 44. 8, is there a G, beside me.

45. 22; 46. 9. I am G, there is none else.

Hoa. 11. 9. I am G, and not man.

Amos 5. 27, whose name is the G, of hosts.

Jooah 1. 6, arise, call upon thy G.

Mic. 6. 8, walk humbly with thy G.

Mat. 1. 23, G, with ms.

22. 32, G, is not G, of dead.

Mk. 12. 32, one G, and none other.

John 3. 33, that G, is true.

4. 24, G, is a spirit.

13. 3, come from G, and nour G.

30. 17, ascend to my G, and your G.

Rom. 3. 4, let G, be true.

8. 31, if G, be for us.

1 Crn. 19; 10, 13, G, is faithful.

14. 45, that G, is in you.

3. G, is not author of confusion.

6a. 10, is not mocked.

2 Thess. 24, ahove all that is called G.

1 Tim. 3. 16, G, manifest in the flesh.

14. 16, in the see and cone other.

15. 16, in the see and cone other.

16. 11, 16, not ashamed to be called their G.

14. 16, 16, is love. GNAT. Mat. 23. 24. 11. 10, not assistance to be called the Heb. 12. 23, but ye are come to G. 1 John 1. 5, G. is light.
4. 8, 16, G. is love. no man hath seen G. 12, no main man seen G.
5. 19, we know that we are of G.
Rev. 21. 3, G. himself shall be with them.
4, G. shall wipe away all tears.
7, I will he his G. See Joh 33, 12; 36.5; Pa. 10.4; 33.12.

GOD (an idol). Gen. 31.30, stolen my g.
Ex. 32.1, make us g. to go before us. DX. 32.1, make us g, to go before us, 4, these be thy g. Judg. 5. 8, they chose new g. 6. 31, if he be a g, let him plead. 10. 14, go and cry to the g, ye have chosen. 17. 5, Micah had a house of g. 18. 24, ye have taken away my g.

2 Kings 17.29, every nation made g. _33, they feared the Lord and served own g. 33, they feared the Lord and served own g. 18a. 44.15, maketh a g, and worshippeth it. 45.20, pray to a g, that cannot save. Jonah 1.5, cried every man to his g. Acts 12.22, the voice of a g., not a man. 14. 11, the g, are come dowo. 1 Cor. 6.5, thore be g, many. See Ex. 12.12; 20.25; Jer. 2.11; Dan. 3.28. GUDDESS. 1 Kings 11.5; Acts 19.27, 35, 37. GODHEAD. Acts 17.29; Rom. 1.20; Col. 2.9. GODLINESS, 1 Tim. 3.16, the mystery of g. 4.7, exercise thyself to g. g. g. is profitable. 4.7, exercise thyself to g.
8, g. is profitable.
6.3, doetrine according to g.
5, anposing that gain is g.
2 Tim. 3.5, a form of g.
Tit. 1.1, the truth which is after g.
2 Pet. 1.3, pertain to life and g.
6, and to patience, g.
3.11, in all holy conversation and g.
See 1 Tim. 2.2, 10; 6.6, 11.

See 1 Tim. 2. 2, 10; 6. 6, 11.

GODLY. Ps. 12. 1, the g. man ceaseth.

Mal. 2. 15. seek a g. seed.

2 Cor. 1. 12; in g. sincerity.

7. 9, 10, g. sorrow worketh repentance.

2 Tim. 3. 12, all that will live g. in Christ.

Tit. 2. 12. live g. in this world.

Heb. 12. 25, reverence and g. fear.

2 Pst. 2. 9, how to deliver the g.

3 John 6, hring forward after a g. sort.

See Ps. 4. 3; 32. 6; 2 Cor. 7. 9; 11. 2.

GOUNG. Tech 23. 44 Lean g. the way of

GOING. Josh, 23, 14, I am q, the way of all the

1 Tim 5. 24, g. before to judgment, See Prov. 7.27; 14, 15; 1sa. 59, 6; Hos. 6, 3.

GOLD. Num, 31, 22, only g. that may abide fire. Dent. 8, 13, when thy g. is multiplied.

11, 17, nor shall be greatly multiple.

10, 22, 1, a vein for silver, a place for g.

19, wisdom not valued with g.

31, 24, if 1 made g. my hope.

23, 124, if 1 made g. my hope.

25, 19, 10, more to be desired than g.

Prov. 25, 11, like apples of g.

18a, 24, 6, they lavish g, out of the bag.

60, 17, for brass I will bring g.

18a, 25, 8, the silver is mine and the g, is mine.

Zech. 13, 9, try them as g, is tried.

Mat. 10, 9, provide osither g, nor silver.

Acts. 3, 6, silver and g, have I none.

17, 29, not think Godhead like to g.

20, 33, coveted no man's g.

2 Tim. 2, 20, in great house vessels of g.

Jas., 2, 2, man with a g, ring.

5, 3, your g, is cankered.

1 Pet. 1, 7, trial more precious than of g.

18, not redeamed with g.

Rev. 21, 18, city was pure g.

See Gen. 2, 11; Ecc. 12, 6; Iss. 13, 12.

GONE. Deut, 23, 23, that which is g, out of thy

GONE. Deut, 23, 23, that which is g. out of thy

lips. 17. Kings 20. 40, busy here and there, he was g. Ps. 42. 4, I had g, with the molititude. 73. 2, my feet were almost g. 77. 6, mercy clean g, for ever. 103. 16, wind passeth, and it is g. 104. 23. I sum g, like the shadow. 119, 170: 15a. 53. 6, g, astray like sheep. Eccl. 8, 10, come and g, from place of the holy.

Jer. 15. 9, sun g. down while yet day. Mat. 12, 43; Lu. 11. 24, apirit g. out. Mat. L2. 43; Lu. 11. 23, spirit g, out. 25, 8; lamps $\sin g$, out. Mk. 5, 30; Lu. 6, 46, virtue had g, out of him. John 12. 19, the world is g, after him. Acts 16. 19, hope of gains g. Rom. 3, 12, they are all g out of the way. Jude 11, g, in the way of Cain. 28 eP a. 89, 34; Cant. 2, 11; 1 sa. 45, 23.

See Pa. 88. 34; Cant. 2. 11; 18a. 45. 23. GOOD (n.). Gen. 14. 21, take the g. to thyself. 24. 10, the g. of his master in his hand. 59. 20, Good meant it unito g.
Nen. 5. 19; 13. 31, think upon me for g.
Job 2. 10, shall we receive g.
22. 21, thereby g. shall come.
Pa. 4. 6, who will show us any g.
14. 1; 53. 1; Rom. 3. 12, none doeth g.
34. 12, loveth days that he may see g.
39. 2, held my peace even from g.
86. 17, a token for g.
Prov. 3. 27, withhold not g.
Eccl. 3. 12, I know there is ac g. in them.
5. 11, when g, increase.

Froy. 3.21, "I know there is no g. in them. 5.11, when g. increase.
9.18, destroyeth much g.
Mat. 12. 29; Mk. 3. 27, spoil his g.
24. 47, ruler over all bis g.
26. 24, heen g. for that man.
11. 6. 30, that taketh away thy g.
12. 19, much g. laid up.
15. 12, the portion of g.
16. 1, accused that he had wasted his g.
19. 8, half of my g. 1 give.
Acts 10. 38, went about doing g.
Rom. 5. 29, work together for g.
13. 4. minister of God for g.
10. rules 3. bestow all my g. to feed.
Heb. 10. 24, joythully the spoiling of your g.
1 John 3. 17, this world's g.
Rev. 3. 17, rich and increased with g.
See Joh 5. 21; 7. 7; Prov. 11. 17; 13. 21.
5000 (adi). Gen. 1. 4. 10. 12, 18. 21. 25. 31.

Rev. 3.17, rich and increased with q.

See Job 5. 27; 7.7; Prov. 11. 17; 13, 21.

GOOD (ady). Geo. 1, 4, 4, 0, 12, 18, 22, 25, 31, God

saw it was q.

Geo. 2.18, not q, that man should be alone.
21. 46, what q, ahall my life do me.

Dent. 2.4; Josh. 23. 11, take q, heed.
1 Sam. 2.24, no q, report 1 hear.
12. 23, 1 will teach you the g, way.
25. 15, men were very q, to us.

Ezra 7. 9; Neh. 2.8, the g, haad of God on him.

Neh. 9. 20, thy q, spirit to instruct.

P. 3.4 6, taste and see that the Lord is q.
41.5, my heart is inditing a g, matter.
112. 53, q, man showeth favour.
119. 68, thou art q, and doest g.
145. 9, the Lord is q, to all.

Prov. 12. 25, a g, word makest heart glad.
15. 23, in season, how g, is it.
20. 16, with q, advice make war.
22. 1 a q, name rather to be chosen.
25. 25, g, news from a far country.

Eccl. 6. 12, who knowath what is q.

Lam. 3. 26, it is g, that a man hope.
27, q, that a man hear yoke.
26. 13, it is g, that a man hope.
27, q, that a man hear word.
Mat. 5. 13, it is g, for nothing.
7. 11; Lin. 11. 3, how to give q, gifts.
9. 22; Lin. 6. 48, he of q, comfort.
19. 16, what q, thing shall I do.
17; Lin. 18. 19, none q, save one.
20. 15, is thine sye evil because I am q, 7
25. 21, q, and faithful servant.
Mk. 9. 50; Lin. 14. 34, salt is g, int.
Lin. 1. 53, dilled the hungry with q, things.
10. 42, chosen that q, part.
112. 22, your Father e q, pleasure.
16. 25, in lifetime receivedst q, things.
26. 10, 10 seph was a g, man and just.
John 1. 46, any g, thing out of Nazareth.

John 2. 10, kept g, whoe until now.
7. 12, some said, he is a g, man.
10. 11, I am the g, shepherd.
33, for a g, work we stone thee not.
Rom. 7. 12, commandment holy, just, and g.
18, in my fiesh dwelleith no g, thing.
12. 2, that g, and perfect will of God.
14. 21, it is g, neither to eat.
1. Cor. 7. 28, this is g, for the present.
15. 33, corrupt g, manners.
2. Cor. 9. 8, abound in every g, work.
63. 1. 60, communicate in all g, things.
Phil. 1. 6, hath begun a g, work.
Col. 1. 10, fruitful in every g, work.
17 mess. 5. 15; 3. John 11, follow that which is g.
2. Tim. 1. 8, the law is g.
3. 1, desirent a g, work.
4. 4, every creature of God is g.
2. Tim. 3. 3, despisers of g.
Tit. 2. 7, a pattern in g, works.
14, zealous of g, works.
14, zealous of g, works.
16. 6. 5, tasted the g, word of God.
13. 9, g, thing that heart be established.
Jas. 1. 17, every g, gift.
See 2. Thess. 2. 17; Tit. 1. 16; 3. 8.
300DLINESS. 15s. 40, 6. GOODLINESS. Isa. 40.6.

GOODLY. Gen. 49. 21, giveth g. words. (ODLY. Gen. 49, 21, giveth g. words. Ex. 2, 2, ag., child.
Dent. 8, 12, when thou hast built g, bouses, 1 Sam. 9, 2, a choice young man and g.
16, 12, ruddy and g, to look to.
Ps. 16, 6; Jer. 3, 19, a g, heritage.
Zech. 11, 3, a g, price 1 was prized at,
Mat. 13, 45, g, pearls.
Jas. 2, 2 a man in g, apparel.
See 1 Sam. 8, 16; 1 Kings 20, 3; Lu. 21, 5.

See 1 Sam. 8, 16; 1 Kings 20, 3; Lu. 21. 5. GOODNESS. Ex. 33, 19, make all my g. pass, 34, 6, abundant in g. snd truth. Ps. 16; 2, my g. exteodeth not to thee. 23, 6, g. and mercy shall follow. 27. 13, believed to see the g. of the Lord, 31, 19; Zeoh, 9, 17, how great is thy g. 65, 11, crownest the year with thy g. 145.7, the memory of thy g. Prov. 20, 6, proclaim every one his own g. Hos, 6, 4, your g. is as a morning cloud. Rom. 2, 4, the riches of his g. 11, 22, the g. and severity of God. See Neh, 9, 25; Isa, 63, 7; Gal. 5, 22; Eph. 5, 9, GOSPEL. Rom. 2, 16, according to my g.

COSPEL. Rom. 2. 16, according to my g. 2 Cor. 4. 3, if our g. be hid. Gal. 1. 8, 9, any other g.

Sai. 1.5, 9, any other p_i , p_i of circumcision, p_i of circumcision, p_i continuous of the p_i of the interest of p_i of the blessed God. Rev. 14. 6, everlasting p_i See Mat. 4. 23; Mk. 16. 16; Acts 20. 24.

See Mat. 4. 23; Mk. 16. 15; Acts 20. 24.
GOVERNMENT. Isa. 9, 6; 1 Cor. 12. 28; 2 Pet. 2. 10.
GRACE. Ps. 45. 2, g, is poured into thy lips.
Prov. 1, 9; an ornament of g,
3. 22, life and g, to thy neck
34; Jas. 46, givetin g, to the lowly.
Zech. 4. 7, crying, g, g, nuto it.
12. 10, spirit of g, and supplications.
John 1. 14, full of g, and truth.
16. all received, and g, for g,
17, g, and truth came by Jesus Christ,
Acts 4. 33, great g, was upon them all.
11. 23, when he had seen the g,
14, 3, the word of his.

11.25, when he had seen the g. 14.3, the word of his g. Rom. 1.7; 1 Cor. 1.3; 2 Cor. 1.2; Gal. 1.3; Eph. 1.2; Phil. 1.2; Col. 1.2; 1 Thess. 1.1; 2 Thess. 2.2; Philem. 3; 1 Fet. 1.2; 2 Pet. 1.2; Rev.

1.4, g, and peace.
3.24, justified freely by his g.
4.4, not reckoned of g, but of debt.
5.2, access into this g.

17, abundance of g.

Rom. 5. 20, where sin abounded, g. did much, 6. 14, 15, under g.
11.5, the election of g.
2 Cor. 8. 9, know the g. of our Lord, 9. 8, able to make all g. abound.
12. 9, my g. is sufficient.
Gal. 16, 16, who called you by his g.
5. 4, ye are fallen from g.
Eph. 2. 5, 8, by g. ye are saved.
3. 8, to me is this g. given.
4. 29, minister g. to hearers.
6. 24, g. he with all that love our Lord.
Col. 4. 6, let your speech he alway with g.
2 Thess. 2. 16, good hope through g.
1 Tim. 1. 2; 2 Tim. 1. 2; Tit. 1. 4; 2 John 3, g.,
mercy, and peace.
Heb. 4. 16, the throne of g.
10. 29, despite to the Spirit of g.
12. 28, g., to serve God acceptably.
13. 3, heart established with g.
Jas. 1. 11, the g. of the fashion of it.
4. 6, he giveth more g.
Fet. 3. 18, grow in g.
Jude 4, turning g. of God into lasciviousness.
See Acts 20. 24; 2 Cor. 6. 1; Gal. 2. 21.
GRACIOUS. Gen. 43. 29, God be g. to thee.
Ex. 22. 27, I will hear, for I am g.
33. 19, 1 will he g. to whom I will be g.
Sch. 9, 17, 31, ready to pardon, g., merciful.
Fs. 77. 9, hast that he may be g.
Lond 15, may the the Lord will be g.
Lond 22, wondered at the g. words.
1 Fet. 3. 1 as a state that he lord is g.
See Ex. 34, 6; 2 Chron. 30, 9; Hos. 14, 2,
GRAATT. Rom. 11, 17, 19, 23, 24.
GRAATT. Rom. 11, 17, 19, 23, 24.
GRAATN. Mat. 13, 31; 17, 20; Mk. 4, 31; Lu. 13, 19

GRAFT. Rom. 11. 17, 19, 23, 24

GRAIN. Mat. 13. 31; 17. 20; Mk. 4. 31; Lu. 13. 19; 17.6, g. of mustard seed. See Amos 9.9; 1 Cor. 15. 37.

GRANT. Ruth 1. 9, g, that you may find rest. 1 Chron. 4. 10, God g, him that which he re-

quested.

Job 6, 8, g., the thing I long for.

Mat. 20.21; Mk. 10. 37, g., that my two sons.

Rev. 3. 21, will I g., to sit with me.

See Ps. 20.4; 85.7; Acts 4, 29.

GRAPE. Gen. 49. 11, washed clothes in the blood

GRAPE. Gen. 49. 11, washed clothes in the biof of g. Dent. 32. 14, drink the blood of the g. Cant. 2. 13, 15, whese with tender g. 1st. 5. 2, tooked it should bring forth g. 17. 6; 24. 13, yet gleaning g. Jer. 8. 13, there shall be no g. 31. 29, 30; Ezek. 18. 2, have eaten a sour g. Amos 9. 13, treador of g. shall overtake. See Lev. 18. 10; 25. 5; Lin. 6. 44; Rev. 14. 18, GRASS. Deut. 32, 2, as showers upon the g. 2 Kings 19. 26; Ps. 129. 6, as g. on housetops. 72. 6; like rain upon mown g. 90. 5, like g. which proveth up. 102. 4; II, withered like g. 103. 15, days are as g. 18. 40.6; 1. Pet. 1. 24, all flesh is g. Mat. 6. 30; Lin. 12. 28, if God so clothe the g. See Prov. 27. 25; John 6. 10; Rev. 8. 7; 9. 4. GRAVE (n.). Gen. 42. 35; 44. 31, with sorro

GRAVE (n.). Gen. 42. 38; 44. 31, with sorrow to

RAVE (m.). Gen. 42. 35; 44. 31, with sor the g.

Ex. 14. 11, no g. io Egypt.
Job 5. 26, come to g. in full age.
7. 9, he that goeth to the g.
14. 13, hide me in the g.
17. 1, the g. are ready for me.
13. if I wait the g. is mine bouse.
13. 22, his soul draweth near to the g.
PS. 6. 5, in g. who soal give thee thanks.
31. 17, let wicked he stient in the g.

Ps. 49. 14, like sheep laid in the g Ps. 49.14, like sheep laid in the g. 15; Hos. 13.14, the power of the g. Eccl. 9.10, no wisdom in the g. 1sa. 38.18, the g. canuot praise thee. 53.9, made his g. with the wicked. Hos. 13.14, O g. I will be thy destruction. John 5.28, all in the g., shall hear. 11.31, she goeth to the g. 1 Cor. 15.55, O g., where is thy victory? See Mat. 21.52; Lu. 11.44; Rev. 11.9.

GRAVE (v.). Isa, 49, 16, I have q, thee upon the

palms. Hsb. 2, 18, that the maker hath g. it. See Ex. 28, 9; 2 Chron. 2, 7; 3, 7. GRAVE (adj.). 1 Tim. 3.8; Tit. 2, 2

GRAVEL. Prov. 20.17; Iss. 48.19; Lam. 3.16. GRAVITY. 1 Tim. 3.4; Tit. 2.7;

GRAY. Ps. 71. 18; Prov. 20. 29; Hos. 7. 9.

GRAVITY. 1 Tim. 3.4; Tit. 2.7.
GRAVITY. 1 Tim. 3.4; Tit. 2.7.
GRAVI. Ps. 71. 18; Prov. 20. 29; Hos. 7.9.
GREAT. Gen. 12. 2; 18. 18; 48. 3, make s. g. nation.
48. 19, he also shall be g.
Deut. 29. 24, the heat of his g. anger.
1 Sam. 12. 24, consider how g. things.
2 Kings 5. 13, bid thee do some g. thing.
2 Chron. 2. 5, house is g. for g. is our God.
Neb. 6. 3, 1 am doings g. work.
Job 32. 9, g. men not always wise.
38. 18, e g. ransom.
Ps. 14. 5; 53. 5, there were they in g. fear.
19. 11, there is g. reward.
31. 19, how g. is thy goodness.
92. 5, how g. are thy works.
139. 17, how g. is the sum of them.
Prov. 18. 16, gift bringeth before g. men.
26. 6, stand not in place of g. men.
Mat. 5. 12, g. is your reward.
19, eslled g. in kingdom of heaven.
13. 49, pearl of g. price.
15. 28, g. is thy faith.
20. 28, whoseever will be g. among you.
22. 36, 38, the g. commandment.
Lu. 10. 2, barvest is g.
18. 29, a g. guirf fixed.
Acts 8, g. giving out he was some g. one.
19. 23, 34, g. is Diana.
17 im. 3, 16, g. is the mystery.
Heb. 2, 3, so g. salvation.
12. 1, so g. a cloud of witnesses,
Jas. 3, 5, how g. a matter a little fire.
See Deut. 9, 2; Eccl. 2 9; Rev. 7. 9.
GREATER. Geu. 4. 13, punishment g. than I can bear.

GREATER. Gen. 4. 13, punishment g. than I can

bear.

bear.

Chron. 11.9; Esth. 9.4, waxed g. and g.

Hag. 2.9, glory of letter house g.

Mat. 11.11; Lu. 7.28, g. than he.

12.6, one g. than the temple.

Mk. 12.31, no commandment g. than these,

John 1.50; 5.20; 14.12, shalt see g. things.

4. 12; 8, 53, art thou g. than our father.

10. 29; 14.28, my Father is g. than all:

13. 16; 15. 20, servant not g. than his lord.

15. 13, g. love hath no man.

1. Cor. 15. 6, the g. part remain.

Heh. 6. 13, he could swear by no g.

1. John 3. 20, God is g. than our hearts.

4. 4, g. 1s he in you than he in world.

3. John 4, no g. Joy.

See Gen. 41. 40; 48. 19; Heb. 9. 11.

EREATEET. Mat. 13. 32, it is g. among herbs. bear.

REATEST. Mat. 13.2 it is g. among herhs.
18.1, 4, who is g. in kingdom.
Mk. 9, 34; Lu. 9, 46, disputed who should be g.
1 Cor. 13, 13, the g. of those is charity.
See Job 1.3; Jer. 31, 34; Lu. 22, 24.

GREATLY, 2 Sam. 24, 10; 1 Chrou. 21, 8, I have

sinned g.

1 Kings 18. 3, Obadish feared the Lord g.

Ps. 28. 7, my heart g, rejoiceth.

47. 9, God is g, exalted.

19. 7, g, to be feared in the assembly.

116. 10, I was g, afflicted.

Dau. 9. 23; 10. 11, thou art g. beloved. Obad. 2, thou art g. despieed. Mk. 12. 27, ye do g. err. See Fs. 62. 2; Mk. 9. 15; Acts 3. 11; 6. 7.

1 Chron. 29. 11, thine is the a.,

See Fs. 62 2; Mis. s. 10; Access 1, 1. thine is power, and glory.
Ps. 145. 3, his p. is unsearchable,
Prov. 5, 23, in the g. of his folly,
Isa. 63. 1, travelling in g. of strength.
Eph. 1. 91, the exceeding g. of his power,
See 2 Chron. 9, 6; Ps. 66 3; 79. 11; 120, 2.

GREEDILY, Prov. 21, 26; Ezek, 22, 12, GREEDINESS. Eph. 4, 19

GREEDY. Prov. 1. 19; 15. 27, g. of gaiu. Isa, 56, 11, they are g. dogs, See Ps. 17. 12; 1 Tim. 3. 3.

GREEN. Lev. 23, 14; Judg. 16, 7; Lu. 23, 31. GRIEF. 2 Chron, 6, 29, every one shall know his

own g.

Joh 8. 2, Oh that my g. were weighed.
Ps. 31. 10, life spent with g.

Eccl. 1. 18, in much wiedom is much g. Rect. 1. 18, in finder wisdom s. Hada y. 1sa. 53, 3, acquainted with g. Jer. 10, 19, this is a g. and I must bear it. See Jonah 4. 6; Heb. 13. 17; 1 Pet. 2. 19.

GRIEVE. Gen. 8. 8. it q. him at his heart. 45, 5, he not g, that ye sold me. 1 Sam. 2, 33, the man shall he to g, thine heart.

1 Sam. 2.33. the man shall be to g, thine heart. Ps. 78. 40, they g, him in the desert.
95. 10, forty years was I g,
Lam. 3.33, doth not willingly g,
Mk. 3.5, heing g, for the hardness.
10. 22, he went away g,
John 21. 17, Peter was g,
Rom. 14. 15, brother g, with meat.
Eph. 4.30, g, not the holy Spirit of God.
See Neh. 2. 10; 13. 8; Ps. 119. 158; 139. 21.
GRIEFVOUS. Gen. 21. 11, thing was g, in Abraham's sight.
50. 11. a g, mourning.

ham's sight.
50. 11, a g, mouroing.
Ps. 10. 5, his ways are always g.
Prov. 15. 1, g, words stir up anger.
Isa. 15. 4, his life shall he g.
Jer. 30. 12; Nah. 3.19, thy wound is g.
Mat. 23. 4; Lu. 11. 48, burdens g. to be borne,
Phill. 3.1, to me is uot g.
Heb. 12, 11, chastening g.
1 John 5.3, commandments not g.
See Ecol. 2. 17; Jer. 16. 4; Acts 20. 29,
PEND 18.3 3 15. a. faces of the poor.

GRIND. Isa. 3, 15, g, faces of the poor. Lam. 5, 13, took young men to g. Mat. 24, 44; Lu. 20, 18, it will g, him to powder. See Ecol. 12. 3; Mat. 24, 41; Lu. 17, 35.

See Eccl. 12.5; MSL 24.9; Ltd. 11.55. GROAN. Ex. 2.24, Goth heard their g. Joh 24.12, men g. from out the city. Joel 1.18, how do the beasts g. Rom. 8, 23, we ourselves g. 2 Cor. 5.2, 4; to this we g. See Joh 23, 2; Ps. 6.6; John 11. 33, 38.

GROPE. Deut. 28. 29; Job 5. 14; 12, 25; Isa, 59, 10, GROSS. Isa, 60. 2; Jer. 13. 16; Mat. 13. 15; Acts

28, 27,

28, 21.

GROUND. Ex. 3. 5; Acts 7. 33, holy g.
Job 5. 6, nor trouble spring out of the g.
1sa. 35. 7, parched g, become a pool.
Jer. 4. 3; Hos. 10. 12, break up fallow g.
Mat. 13. 8; Lu. 8. 8, good g.
Mk. 4. 16, stony g.
Lu. 13. 7, why ounbereth it the g.?
14. 18, bought a piece of g.
19. 44, lay thee even with the g.
John 8. 6, he wrote on the g.
See Zech. 8. 12; Mal. 3. 11; John 12. 24.
GROUNDED. Rob. 3. 17: Col. 1. 23.

GROUNDED. Eph. 3, 17; Col. 1, 23,

GROW. Gen. 48. 16, let them g, into a multitude. 2 Sam. 23. 5, though he make it not to g. Ps. 92. 12, g, like a cedar. 1sa. 53. 2, he shall g, up before him.

GRUDGE. Hos. 14. 5, he shall g, as the lily. Mal. 4.2, g, up as calves of the stall. Mat. 13. 30, let both g, together. Mk. 4. 21, seed should g, up, he knoweth not. Acts 5.24, whereunt of this would g. Eph. 2.21, g. unto an holy temple. 2 Thess, 1. 3, your faith g. exceedingly. 1 Pet. 2. 2, that ye may g. thereby. 2 Pet. 3. 18, g. in grace. See 2 Kings 19. 26; Jer. 12. 2; Zech. 6. 12. GRUDGE, Lev. 19. 18: 2 Cor. 9. 7: Jas. 5. 9: 1 Pet. GUESTS. Zeph. 1.7; Mat. 22, 10; Lu. 19.7. GUIDE. Ps. 25.9, meek will be g, in judgment.
32.8, I will g, thee with mine eye.
48.14, our g, even unto death.
73.24, g, me with thy counsel, ror ruler.
18.3.54.11, the Lord shall g, thee.
Jer. 3.4, the g, of my youth.
Mat 23.16, 24, ye blind g.
Ln. 1.79, g, our feet into the way of peace.
John 16.13, g, you into all truth.
See Gen. 48.14; Prov. 11.3; 23.19. GUILE. Ps. 32.2, in whose spirit is no g. 34.13; 1 Pet. 3.10, keep lips from speaking g. John 1. 47, in whom is no g. 2 Cor. 12. 16, I caught you with g. 1 Pet. 2. 1, laying aside g. 22, uor was g. found in his mouth. See Ex. 21. 14; 1 Thess. 2, 3; Rev. 14. 5. GUILTLESS. Ex. 20. 7; Deut. 5. 11, will not hold him g.
Josh. 2. 19, we will he g.
2 Sam. 3. 28, are g. of blood.
Mat. 12. 7, ye would not have condemned g.
See Num. 5. 31; 1 Sam. 26. 9; 1 Kings 2. 9. GUILTY. Gen. 42. 21, verily g. concerning our brother. brother.
Ex. 34. 7; Num. 14. 18, by no means clear g.
Lev. 5. 3, when he knoweth he shall be g.
Rom. 3. 19, all the world g. before God.
1 Cor. 11. 21, g. of the body and blood.
Jaz. 11, he is g. of all.
See Num. 35. 21; Prov. 30. 10; Mat. 28. 66. GULF. Lu. 16, 28, GUSHED. 1 Kings 18, 28; Ps. 78, 20; 105, 41; Jer. 9, 18, HABITATION. Ex. 15, 13, guided them to thy holy h. 2 Chroo. 6. 2, have built an house of h.

2 Chroo. 8. 2, have built an house of h. Ps. 26. 8, have loyed the h. 33. 14, from the place of his h. 69. 25, let their h. he desolate. 74. 20, full of h. of crueity. 89. 14, and judgment the h. of thy throne. 107. 7. 36, a city of h. 132. 13, the Lord desired it for his h. Prov. 3. 33, he blesseth the h. of the just. 18.3. 23. 18, dwell to a peaceable h. Jer. 21. 13, who shall enter into our h. 95. 37, the peaceable h. are out down. 25. 37, the peaceable h. are cut down.
Lu. 16. 9, ioto everlasting h.
Eph. 2, 22, an h. of God through the Spirit. Jnde 6, augels which left their own h. See Prov. 8. 31; Acts 1, 20; 17, 28; Rev. 18, 2, HAIL. Job 38. 22, the treasures of the h.
1sa. 28. 17, h. sweep away refuge of lies.
See Ex. 9. 18; Josh. 10. 11; Rev. 8. 7; 11. 19; 16. 21. HA1R. Gen. 42, 38; 44, 29, bring down gray h, with sorrow Judg. 20. 18, sling etones at h. breadth. Job 4, 15, the h. of my flesh stood up. Ps. 40, 12, more than the h. of my head. Mat. 3, 4; Mk. 1, 8, raiment of camel's h.

Mat. 5.36, make one h. white or black.
10.30, h. of head numbered.
1 Cor. 11.41, 5. long h., it is a shame.
1 Tim. 2.9, broided h.
1 Pet. 3.3, plaiting the h.
See 2 Sam. 14.26; Hos. 7.9; John 11.2; Rev. 1.14. HALE. Lu. 12. 58; Acts 8. 3. HALLOW, Lev. 22, 32, 1 am the Lord which h. you. 25, 10, shall h. the fiftieth year.

Num. 5, 10, every man's h. things.

1 Kings 9, 3, 1 have h. this house.

Jer. 17, 22; 24, 27, but h. ye the sabbath day.

Ezek. 20, 20; 44, 24, and h. my sabbaths.

Mat. 6, 9; Lu. 11, 2, h. be thy name. HALT. I Kings 18. 21, low long h. ye. Ps. 33. 17, 1 am ready to h. Jer. 20. 10, watched for my h. See Gen. 32. 31; Mic. 4. 8; Zeph. 3. 19. 1 Kings 18.44, cloud like a man's h.
2 Kings 5.11, strike his h. over the place.
1 Chron, 12.2, could use right h. and left.
Ezra 7.9; 8.18; Neh. 2.8, good h. of God,
10.19, they gave their h. that they would.
Neh. 2.18, strengthened their h. for work.
6.5, with open letter in his h.
Joh 12.10, in whose h. is the soul.
19.21, the h. of God hath touched me.
40.14, that thine own h. can save.
Ps. 16.11, a tright h. pleasures for evermore.
24.4. elean h. and pure heart. Ps. In. 11, at Figur a, pressures not even more 24.4, clean h, and pure heart.

68. 31, stretch out her h, unto God.

90. 17, establish work of our h.

137. 5, let my right h, forget her cunning.

Frov. 3. 16, in left h, riches and honour.

6. 10; 24, 33, folding of h, to sleep.

10.4 that dealeth with slack h. 5. 10; 24, 35, 101 align of h, to sleep,
10. 4, that dealeth with slack h.
11. 21; 16. 5, though h, join h.
12. 24, h, of diligent shall bear rule,
19. 24; 28, 15, slothful man hideth his h.
22, 26, be not of them that strike h.
Eccl. 2. 24, this I saw was from h, of God. 9.10, whatsoever thy h. findeth.
11.6, in evening withhold not thing h.
1sa. 1.12, who hath required this at your h.
5.25; 9.12; 10.4; 14.27, his h. stretched out still. 14.26, this is the h, that is stretched out. 40.12, measured waters in hollow of h. 44.5. subscribe with his h. to the Lord.
53.10, pleasure of Lord shall prosper in h.
56.2. keepeth his h. from evil.
56.2. keepeth his h. for evil deers.
53.13, shall pass under h. of him that telleth.
1.4. 2. 4. with his right h. as adversary.
4.10, h. of pitiful women have sodden.
1.52 kf. 11, 72.17, all h. shall he feehle.
10.2. fill h. with coals of fire.
10.1. fill h. with coals of fire.
11.18, 10, he had given his h.
12. Dan. 4.35, none can stay his h.
13. Thus h. Stretched out h. with soorners.
13. Mic. 7.3, do evil with both h. earnestly. 44.5, subscribe with his h, to the Lord.

See 1sa. 49, 16; Ln. 9, 62; John 18, 22; Col. 2, 14.

HANDLE, Judg. 5, 14, that h. pen of the writer.

Ps. 115, 7, hande, but they h. not.

Prov. 16, 20, that h. a matter wisely.

Jer. 2, 8, they that h. the law.

Mk. 12, 4, sent away shamefully h.

Lu. 24, 39, h. me and see.

2 Cor. 4, 2, not h. word deestitully.

Col. 2, 21, tsate vot, h. not.

1 John 1, 1, have h., of Word of life.

See Gen. 4, 21; 1 Chron. 12, 8; Ezek. 27, 29.

HANDMAID. Ps. 86, 16; 116, 16; Prov. 30, 23;

Lu. 1, 38. Lu. 1. 38 HANG. Deut. 21, 23; Gal. 3, 13, he that is h. is accursed. Do 28.7, h. the earth on nothing. Ps. 137.2, we h. our harps on the willows. Mat. 18.6; Mk. 9.42; Lu. 17.2, millstone h. about neck. 1000 M. On these h. law and prophets. 27.5, went and h. himself. Heb. 12.12, lift up hands which h. down. See Gen. 40. 22; Esth. 7. 10; Ln. 23. 39. HAPLY. I Sam. 14. 30; Mk. 11. 13; Acts 5. 39; HAPLY. 1 Sam. 14. 30; Mk. 11. 13; Acts 5. 39; 17.27.

HAPPENN. 1 Sam. 6, 9, it was a chance that h. Prov. 12. 21, there shall one vil h. to just. Isa. 41. 22, let them show us what shall h. Her. 44. 31, therefore this evil is h. Mk. 10. 32, to tell what should h. Lu. 24. 14, talked of things that had h. Rom. 11. 25, blindness is h. to Israel. 1 Cor. 10. 11, things h, for eosamples. Phil. 1. 12, things which h. to me. 1 Pet. 4. 12, as though some strange thing h. 2 Pet. 2. 22, it is h. according to proverb. See Eccl. 2. 14; 8. 14; 9. 11; Acts 3. 10.

HAPPY. Gen. 30. 13, h. am 1. Deut. 33. 29, h. art thou. 105 5. 17, h. is the man whom God correctsth. Ps. 127. 5, h. is the man that hath quiver full. 128. 2, h. shalt thou be. 144. 15, h. is that people. Prov. 3. 13, 18, h. that findeth wisdom. 14. 21, he that hath mercy, h. is he. 28. 14, h. is the man that feareth alway. Jen. 12. 1, why are they h. that deal treacherously? Mal. 3. 15, tow we call prond h. John 13. 17, if ye know, h. if ye do them. Rom. 14. 22, h. is he that condemneth not. Jas. 5. 11, we count them h. that endure. 1 Pet. 3. 14; 4. 14, h. are ye. See Ps. 146. 5; Prov. 29. 18; 1 Cor. 7. 40.

HARD. Geo. 18. 14, is anything too h. for the Lord? [Peut. 1. 17; 17. 8, cause that is too h.

Deut, L 17; 17.8, cause that is too h.

Deut. 15. 18, it shall not seem h. to thee. 1 Kings 10. 1: 2 Chron. 9. 1, prove with h. questions.
Job 41.24, h. as nether millstone,
Prov. 13.15, way of transgressors is h.
18.19, brother offended h to be won.
Jer. 32.17, 27, there is nothing too h. for thee,
Ezek. 3.5, 6, to a people of h. lauguage.
Mat. 25.24, thou art an h. man.
John 6.60, this is h. saying.
Acts 9.5; 26.14, h. to kick against pricks.
Heb. 5.11, many things h. to be understood.
See Deut. 15.18; 2 Kings 2.10; Mk. 10.24.
ARDHEN Ex. 42.17, 3.14, 4.1 will h. Ph tions HARDEN. Ex. 4. 21: 7. 3: 14. 4. 1 will h. Pharaoh's heart. 14.17, h. hearts of Egyptians, Joh 6.10, I would h. myself in sorrow. 9.4, who bath h. himself against him? Prov. 21. 29, a wicked man h, his face. 28.14, he that h, his heart. 2814, he that h. his heart.
29.1, being often reproved h. his neck.
Iss. 63, 17, why hast thou h. our heart,
Mk. 6, 52; 8, 17, their heart was h.
John 12. 40, he hath h. their heart.
Acts 19. 9, when divers were h.
Rom. 9, 18, whom he will he h.
Heb. 3, 13, lest any of you be h.
See Deut. 15, 7; 2 Kings 17, 14; Joh 39, 16. HARDLY. Gen. 16. 6; Mat. 19. 23; Mk. 10. 23; Lu. 18. 24. HARDNESS. Mk. 3. 5. grieved for h. of their 16.14, upbraided them for h. of heart. 2 l'im. 2.3, endure h. as good soldier. See Job 38.38; Mat. 19.8; Mk. 10.5; Rom. 2.5. See Job 38. 38; Mat. 19. 8; Mk. 10. 5; Rom. 2. 5. HARM. Lev. 5. 16, make smends for h. Num. 35. 23, nor sought bis h. 1 Sam. 26. 21, I will no more do thee h. 2 Kings 4. 41, no h. in the pot. 1 Chron. 16. 22; Fa. 105. 15, do prophets no h. Proy. 3. 30, if he have done thee uo h. Acts 18. 28, do thyself no h. 28. 5, he felt no h. 1 Pet. 3. 13, who will h. you? See Gen. 31. 52; Jer. 39. 12; Acts 27. 21. HARMLESS. Mat. 10. 16; Phil. 2. 15; Heb. 7. 26. HARP. 1 Sem 16. 16. cupuing always on an h. HARMLESS. Mat. 10. 16; Phil. 2. 15; Heb. 7. 26. HARP. 1 Sam. 16. 15, cuuning player on an h, Ps. 49. 4, dark sayings on the h. 137. 2, hanged h. on the willows. 1sa. 5. 12, h. and viol are in their feasts. 24. 8, joy of the h. ceaseth. 1 Cor. 14. 7, what is piped or h., except they give. Rev. 14. 2, harping with their h. See Gen. 4. 21; Ezek. 26. 13; Dan. 3. 5. HARROW. 2 Sam. 12. 31. 1 Chron. 20. 2. Tab. HARROW, 2 Sam, 12, 31; 1 Chron, 20, 3; Job 39. 10. HART. Ps. 42.1; Isa. 35.8. HARVEST. Gen. 8.22, h. shall not cease.

Ex. 23. 16; 34.22, the feast of h.

Lev. 19. 19; 23. 10; Dent. 24. 19, when ye reap h.

1 Sam. 12. 17, is if not wheat h. to-day?

Job 5.5, whose h. the hungry eateth up.

Prov. 6. 8, the any gathereth food in h.

25. 13, cold of snow in time of h. 25. 13, cold of snow in time of h.
26. 1, as rain in h.
1sa. 9. 3, according to joy in h.
1sa. 9. 3, according to joy in h.
1s. 4, dew in heat of h.
1sr. 5. 17, they shall eat up thine h.
24. appointed weeks of h.
3. 20, the h. is past.
5. 33, the time of her h. shall come.
Joel 3. 13; Rev. 14. 15, the h. is ripe.
Mat. 9. 37, the h. is plenteons.
38; Lu. 10. 2, the Lord of the h.
13. 30, in the time of h. 1 will say.
Mk. 4. 29, putteth in sickle, for h. is come.

Lu. 10.2, the h. truly is great. John 4.35, the fields are white to h. See Josh 3.15; Isa. 23.3; Mat. 13.39. See Josh. 3.15; Isa. 23.3; Mat. 13. 39.

HASTE. Ex. 12. 11, shall eat it in h.

1 Sarn. 21.8; king's business required h.

P. 31. 22; 116. 11, 1 said in my h.

Prov. 19. 2, he that h. with feet einneth.

23. 22, he that h. to be rich.

13a. 51. 14, caprive exile h.

60. 22, will h. it in his time.

Jer. 1. 12. I will h. my word.

Zeph. 1.14, day of the Lord h. greatly.

See 2 Kings 7. 15; Ps. 16. 4; 55. 6; Eccl. 1.5.

HASTILY. Prov. 20. 21. 25. HASTILY. Prov. 20. 21; 25. 8. HASTY. Prov. 14, 29: 21, 5: 29, 20: Eccl. 5, 2: 7, 9, HATE. Gen. 37. 4, 5, 6, h. Joseph yet the more.
Lev. 19. 17, shall not h. thy brother.
1 Kings 22, 6; 2 Chron. 18. 7, one man, but I h. 2 Chron. 19. 2, and love them that h. the Lord. Ps. 34. 21, they that h. righteous shall be deso-HATEFUL. Ps. 36.2; Ezek. 23.29; Tit. 3.3, HATERS. Ps. 81.15; Rom. 1.30. HAIGHTY, 0.1.5; Noul., 1.00.

Pa. 131.1, my heart is not h.

Prov. 16.18, a h. spirit before a fall.

21.24, proud and h. scorcer.

18a. 10. 33, the h. shall be humbled.

Zeph. 3: 11, no more h. because.

See 18a. 2. 11; 13. 11; 24. 4; Ezek. 16. 50. See Isa. 2. 11; 13. 11; 24. 4; Ezek. 16. 50.

HEAD. Gon. 3. 15, it chall bruise thy h.
Josh. 2. 13, blood be on his h.
Judg. 11. 3, shall 1 he your h.
2. Kinge 8. 3, take master from thy h. to-day.
4. 19, he said, My h., my h.
66. 12, caused men to ride over our h.
110. 1; therefore shall he lift up the h.
141. 5, oll which shall not break my h.
Prov. 10. 6, blessings on h. of the just.
11. 23, on h. of him that selleth corn.
25. 22; Rom 1that selleth corn.
Ecc. 2. 14, wise man's eyes are in his h.
Eccl. 2. 14, wise man's eyes are in his h.
Esa. 1. 5, whole h. is tick.
35. 10; 51. 11, everlasting joy on h.
69. 17; Eph. 6. 17, belmet of salvation on h.
197. 9. 1, On that my h. were waters.
14. 3, 4, ashamed and covered their h.

Dan. 2.38, thou art this h. of gold.
Amos 2.7, that pant after dust on h.
9.1, cut them in the h.
Zeoh. 1.21, no man did lift up his h.
4.7, the h.-stone with shoutings.
Mat. 5.36, neither swear by h.
Mat. 5.36, neither swear by h.
Lu. 7.46, my h. thou didst not anoint.
Lu. 7.46, my h. thou didst not anoint.
23, then look up and lift up your h.
Lot 1.34, a last my hands and my h. John 13, 9, also my hands and my h.
1 Cor, 11, 3, the h. of every man is Christ.
4, dishonoureth his h.
10, woman to have power on her h. 4, disnonoureum ms n.
10, woman to have power on her h.
Eph. 1. 22; 4. 15; Col. 1. 18, the h. of the church.
5. 23, husband is h. of the wife.
Col. 2. 19, not holding the h.
See Num. 6. 5; Josh. 7. 6; Acts 16. 6; Rev. 13. 1. Col. 2, 19, not holding the h. See Num. 6.5; Josh. 7.6; Acts 16.6; Rev. 13.1.

HEAL Ex. 15. 26, 1 am the Lord that h. thee.
Deut. 32. 39, 1 wound, 1 h.

2 Kings 2. 22, waters were h.

20. 5, 8, 1 will h. thee.
Pa. 6. 2, 0 Lord, h. me.
41. 4, h. my soul, for I have sinned.
103. 3, who h. all thy diseases.
107. 20, sent his word and h. them.
18a. 6. 10, lest they convert and he h.
53. 5, with his stripes we are h.
19r. 6. 14; 8. 11, they have h. the hurt slightly,
15. 18, wound refinest h to be h.
17. 14, h. me and I chall he h.
Latm. 2. 13, who can h. thee?
Hos 5. 13, who can h. thee?
Hos 5. 13, who can h. thee?
14. 4. 1 will h. their backslidings.
Mat. 5. 7, I will come and h. him.
5. epeak, and my servant shall be h.
10. 1. to h. all manner of sickness.
11. 10. 2, 10. 3, h. the sick.
12. 10. 2, 10. 3, h. the sick.
13. 2. 1. 1. 4. 15; I lewint to h.
Mi. 3. 2. 1. 1. 4. 15; I lewint to h.
Mi. 3. 2. 1. 1. 4. 15; I lewint to h.
Mi. 3. 2. 1. 1. 4. 15, lewint to h.
Lu. 4. 18, to h. broken-heerted. Lu. 4. 16, to h. broken-heerted. 23, physician, h. thyself.
5.17, power of the Lord present to h.
John 4.47, that he would come and h.
5.13, he that was h. wist not.
Acts 4.14, heholding the man which was h. Acté 4, 14, nenogining the man winon was 5, 18, they were h. every one, 14, 9, he had faith to he h. Heh. 12, 15, 1e ti rather he h. 13a. 5, 16, pray that ye may be h. 1 Pet. 2, 2, by whose stripes ye were h. Rev. 13, 3, his deadily wound was h. See Eccl. 3, 5, 1 sa. 3, 7, Mat. 4, 25; 14, 14. See Eccl. 3. 18a. 3. 7; Mat. 4, 2z; 14, 14.

HEALING. Jer, 14, 19, there is no h. for us,
Nah. 3, 19, no h. of thy brutse,
Mat. 4, 2, with h. in bis wings,
Mat. 4, 23, went about h. all.
Lu, 9. 11, that had need of h.
1 Cor. 12, 9, 28, 30, the gift of h.
Rev. 22, 2, for the h. of the nations,
See Jer. 30, 13; Lu, 9, 6; Acts 4, 22; 10, 38. HEALTH. 2 Sam. 20. 9, art thou in h., my bro-Pa. 42. 11; 43.5, the h. of my countenance.
67.2, thy saving h.
Prov. 3.6, h. to thy navel.
4.22, they are h. to all their flesh.
16. 24. h. to the bones.
18a. 55. 5, thy h. shall spring forth.
Jer. 8. 15, looked for a time of h.
22, why is not h. recovered?
5 John 2, mayes the in h.
See Gen. 43. 22; Jer. 30. 17; Acts 27. 34.
HEAP. Deut. 32. 23, h. mischiefs upon them.
Job 16, 4, 1 could h. up words.
27. 13, though he h. up silver.
Pa. 33. 6. he h. up riches.
Prov. 25. 22; Rom. 12. 20, h. coals of fire. ther

Ezek. 24. 10, h. on wood. Hab. I. 10, they shall h. dust. Mic. 3. 12, Jerusalem shall become h. 2 Tim. 4. 3, h. to themselves teachers. Jas. 5. 3, ye have h. treasure for last days. See Judg. 15. 16; Neh. 4. 2; Eccl. 2. 28. HEAR. Ex. 6. 12, how shall Pharaob h. me.
1 Sam. 15. 14, lowing of oxen which I h.
1 Kings 8. 42, they shall h. of thy great name.
18. 25, O Baal, h. us.
2 Kings 18. 22; Isa. 36. 13, h. words of the great king

New York of the Lord with Lord will have been sound of going.

New York of the Lord with understanding.

Job 31, 35, 0h that one would h. me.

St. 41; 39, 12; 54, 2; 64, 8; 102, 1; 143, 1; Dan.

9, 17, h. my prayer.

3; 17, 6; Zech. 10, 6, the Lord will h.

10, 17, cause thine ear to h.

49, 1, h. this, all ye people.

54, 7, who, say they, doth h.?

68, 18, iniquity, Lord will not h. me.

85, 8, I will h. what God the Lord will speak.

102, 20, h. greaning of the prisoner.

Prov. 13, 8, the poor h. not rebuke. 102. 20, h. greening of the prisoner.

Prov. 13, 8, the poor h. not the blue.
18. 13, answereth a matter before he h.
22. 17, h. the words of the wise.
Eccl. 5. 1, more ready to h. than give.
7. 5, better to h. rebuke of wise.
12. 13, h. conclusion of the whole matter.
18s. 1. 2, h., O beavens, and give ear.
15; Jer. 7. 16; 11. 14; 14. 12; Ezek. 8. 18, make many prayers, I will not h.
6. 9; Mk. 4. 12, h. but understand not.
29. 18, shall deaf h. words of the book.
33. 13, h. ye that are afar off.
42. 20, opening ears, but he h. not.
55 3; John 5. 25, h. and your soul shall live.
Ezek. 3. 27, he that h. let him h.
33. 31, they h. words but will not do them. 33. 31, they h. words but will not do them. Mat. 7. 24; Lu. 6. 47, whoso h. these sayings. 33.31, they h. words but will not do them. Mat. 7. 24; Lu. 6. 47, whoso h. these sayings. 11.4, show things ye h. and see. 6; Mk. 7. 37; Lu. 7. 22, the deaf h. 13. 17; Lu. 10. 24, those things which ye h. 17. 5; Mk. 9. 7, my beloved Son, h. him. 18. 16, if he will not h. thee. Mk. 4. 24; Lu. 8. 18, take heed what ye h. Lu. 9. 9, of whom 1 h. such things. 10. 16, he that h. you h. me. John 5. 25, dead shall h. volce of Son of God. 30, as I h. 1 judge. 6. 60, who can h. it? 8. 47, he that is of God h. God's words. 9. 31, God h. not sinners. 11. 42, I know thou h. me slways. 12. 47, if any man h. my words. 14. 24, the word ye h. is not miue. Acts 2. 8, how h. we every man. 13. 44, whole city came to h. Rom. 10. 14, h. without a preacher. 1 Cor. 11. 18, I h. there he divisions. 1 Thin. 4. 16, save thy self and them that h. Jas. 118, save thy self and them that h. Jas. 118, save thy self and them that h. Jas. 1. 19, swift to h Jas. 1.19, swift to h.
1 John 4.5, the world h. them.
6, he that knoweth God h. us.
5. 15, we know that he h. us.
Rev. 2. 7; 3. 6, 13, 22, let him h.
3. 20, if any man h. my voice.
See Deut. 30, 17; 2 Kings 19. 16; 2 Chron. 6. 21.

HEARD. Geo. 3.8, they h. voice of the Lord.
21. 17, God h. voice of the lad.
45. 2. Joseph wept, and the Egyptians h.
Ex. 3. 7. I have h. their cry.
Num. 11, 1; 12, 2, the Lord h. it.
Dent. 4. 12, only he h. a voice.
1 Kings 6. 7, nor any tool of iron h.
10. 7; 2 Chron. 9. 6, exceedeth the fame I h.
2 Kin 19, 25; Isa. 37, 28, hast thou not h. long ago?
Ezra 3. 13; Neh. 12, 43, the noise was h. afar off.

Job 15. 8, hast thou h. the secret of God?

18. 2, I have h. many such things.

19. 7, but I am not h.

28. 11, when little a portion is h.

28. 11, when little a portion is h.

28. 11, when the ear h. me, it blessed me.

28. 11, when the ear h. me, it blessed me.

28. 13, we he Lord hath h. my supplication.

10. 17, hast h. desire of the humble.

34. 4, I sought the Lord, and he h.

35. 13, I was as a deaf man and h. not.

61. 5, thou hast h. my vows.

61. 5, thou hast h. my vows.

61. 1, h. language I understood not.

61. 1, h. language I understood not.

61. 1, h. language I understood not.

62. 1, h. voice of under lie he hath h.

63. 1, h. voice of under lie he.

64. 4, not h. what he bath prepared.

65. 19, weeping no more be h.

66. 8. who bath h. such a thing?

1er. 7, 13, rising early, but ve h. not.

68. 10, h. but they spake not aright.

51. 36; Obad. 1, a runnour that shall he h.

12a. 12. 8, I h., but understood not.

6. 23, we have h. God is with you.

Mal. 3. 16, the Lord hearkened and h. it.

13a. 6. 7, h. for much speaking.

26. 65; M. 14. 64, ye have h. the blasphemy.

Lu. 12. 3, shall be h. in the light.

10n1 4. 42, we have h. him ourselves.

8, 6, as though he h. them not.

11. 41, I thank thee thou hast h. me.

Acts 4. 4, many which h. believed.

20, cannot but speak things we have h.

12. 55, the prisoners h. them.

22. 15, witnesse of whet thou hast seen and h.

18, have they not h.

19, have they not h.

19, have they not h.

19, have they not h. Job 15.8, hast thou h. the secret of God? 16: 25, the prisoners h, them.
22, 15, witnese of what thou hast seen and h
Rom. 10. 14, of whom they have not h.
18, have they not h.?
10. 12, 9, eye hath not seen, nor ear h.
2 Cor. 12, 4, h. unspeakable words.
Eph. 4, 21, if so be ye have h. him.
Phil. 4, 9, things ye have h. and seen lo me.
2 Tim. 2, 2, things thou hast h. of me.
Heb. 2, 3, confirmed by them that h. Heb. 2.3, confirmed by them that h.
4.2, with faith in them that h.
Heb. 5.7, was h. in that he feared.
1 John 1.1, 3, that which we have h. and seen,
Rev. 3.3, remember how thou hast h.
10.4; 14.2; 18.4. h. a volce from heaved.
See Jer. 31, 18; John 5. 37; Rev. 19.6; 22.8. HEARER. Rom. 2.13; Eph. 4.29; Jas. 1.23. HEARER. Rom. 2. 13; Eph. 4. 29; Jas. 1. 23.

HEARING. Deut. 31. 11, read this law in their h.

2 Kings 4. 31, neither volce nor h.

2 Kings 4. 31, neither volce nor h.

1 Job 42. 5. by the h. of the ear.

Prov. 20; 12, the h. ear.

Fec. 1. 18, nor ear filled with h.

Amoe 8. 11, a famine of h. the word,

Mat. 13. 13, h., they hear not.

Acts 9. 7, h. a voice, but seeing no man.

Rom. 10. 17, faith cometh by h.

1 Cor. 12. 17, where were the h. ?

Heb. 5. 11, ye are dull of h.

See Acts 28. 27; Gal. 3. 2; 2 Pet. 2. 8.

HEARKEN. Deut. 18. 15, muto him ye shall h. HEARKEN. Deut. 18, 15, unto him ye shall k. Josh. 1. 17, so will we k. unto thee. 1 Sam. 15, 22, to k. than the fat of rams. Prov. 29, 12, if a ruler k. to lies. 1sa. 55, 2. h. dilligently unto me. Dan. 9, 19, 0 Lord, h. and do. Mk. 7. 14, h. to me, every one of you. See Ps. 103. 20; Prov. 1. 33; 12. 15; Acts 4. 19. See F6, 103, 20; FTOV. 1. 35; 14. 10; 14. 10; 14. 10; 14. 10; 14. 10; 14. 10; 14. 10; 14. 10; 14. 10; 15. 10; 16. 10; Judg. 5. 16, great searchings of h. 1 Sam. 10. 9. God gave him another h. 18. 7, the Lord locketh on the h.

1 Kings 3, 91.2 give an understanding h.

4.29, gave Solomon largeness of h.

8. 17; 2 Chron. 6. 7, it was in the h. of David.

11. 4, not perfect, as was h. of David.

1 Kings 14. 8, followed me with all his h.
1 Chron. 12. 33, not of double h.
29.17; Jer. 11. 20, I know thou triest the h.
2 Chron. 31. 21, he did it with all his h. z curron. 31. 21, be did it with all his h. 32. 25, his h. was lifted up.
Neh. 2. 2, nothing else but sorrow of h.
Joh 23. 16, maketh my h. soft.
29. 13, caused widow's h. to sing.
Ps. 10. 6; 11. 13; 14. 1; 15. 1, said in his h.
10. 8. rejoicing the h. 53. 1, said in his h. Ps. 10. 6; 11. 13; 14. 1; 53. 1, said in his h. 19. 8, rejoicing the h. 27. 3, my h. shall oof fear. 22. 7, my h. shall oof fear. 28. 7, my h. trusted in him, 64. 6, the h. is deep. 73. 7, more than h. could wish. 78. 37, their h. was not right. 79. 11, gladness sown for upright in h. 119, 11, thy word hid in my h. 80, let my h. be sound. 139, 23, search me and know my h. Prov. 4. 23, keep thy h. with all diligence. 14. 10, h. knoweth own bitterness. 21. 1, king's h. is in the hand of the Lord. 23. 7, as he thiuketh in his k. so is he. 25. 3, king's h. is unsearchable. 20, somgs to a heavy h. 21. 11. h. of her husband doth trust. Eccl. 8. 5, wise mut's h. discerneth. 44. 20, a deceived h. 44. 20, a deceived h. 45. 11. 15 revere h. of coutrie. 56. 14. sing for 197 years the h. 44. 24, 3 deceived.h.

57. 1; Jer. 12 11, no man layeth it to h.

57. 1; Jer. 12 11, no man layeth it to h.

57. 1; Jer. 12 11, no man layeth it to h.

57. 1. 15, revive h. of countries.

58. 14, sing for loy of h.

Jer. 11. 20; 20. 12; thou triest the h.

17. 9, the h. is deceitful above all things.

20. 9. in mine h. as a burning fire.

21. 7. I will give them a h. to know me.

30. 21, that engaged his h. to approach.

81. 16; Obad. 5, pride of h. deceived thee.

Ezck. 11. 18; take stony h.

33. 36, will give you a h. of flesh.

44. 7; Acts 7. 51, uncircumcised in h.

34. 36, will give you a h. of flesh.

47. Acts 7. 51, uncircumcised in h.

Jeel. 2. 13, rend your h.

Zech. 7. 12, made h. as adamant.

Mal. 2. 2, if ye will not lay it to h.

4, 6, turn h. of fathers to children.

Mat. 5. 8, blessed are the pure in h.

6. 21; Lu. 12. 34, there will your h. he also,

11. 29, meek and lowly in h.

13. 34; I. u. 4. 45, out of a bundance of h.

15. 19, out of the h. proceed evil thoughts,

18. 35, if ye from your h. forgive not.

18. 17, have ye your h. yet hardened.

10. 5; 16. 14, hardness of h.

21. 14. 4 settle it in your h.

22. 25, slow of h. to helieve.

23. did oot our h. hurn.

John 14. 1, 27, let not your h. be troubled.

Acts 5. 23; 7. 54, were cut to the h.

11. 23, with purpose of h.

Rom. 10. 10, with the h. man beleveth.

10. 72, neither have entered into h. Rom. 10. 10, with the h. man believeth.

1 Cor. 2. 9, neither have entered into h.

2 Cor. 3. 3, in fleshy tables of the h. 2 Cor. 3. 3, in fleshy tables of the h.
6, 12, glory in appearance, not in h.
Eph. 3. 17, Christ dwell in your h. by faith.
5. 19, melody in your h.
6. 5, doing will of God from the h.
Phil. 4. 7, Keep your h. and minds.
Col. 3. 22, in singleness of h.
2. 2 Thess. 3. 5, direct your h. into love of God.
Heb. 4. 12, discenter of interts of the h.
10, 22, draw near with true h. 10. 22, draw near with true h.
13. 9, good that the h. be established.
13a. 3. 14, if ye have strife in your h.
4.8, purify your h.
1 Pet. 3. 4, the hidden man of the h.
15, sanctify the Lord in your h.
8ee Ps. 51. 7; 108. 1; Col. 3. 15; 2 Pet. 1. 19.

HEARTH. Gen. 18, 6; Ps. 102, 3; Isa. 30, 14; Jer. HEARTILY, Col. 3, 23, HEARTILY. Col. 3.23.
HEAT. Dent. 29. 24, the h. of this great anger.
Ps. 19. 6, nothing hid from h. thereof.
Ecol. 4.11, two together, then they have h.
Iss. 4. 6; 25. 4, a shadow from h.
Iss. 4. h. upon herbs, dew in h. of harvest,
49. 10, neither shall h. smite them.
Hos. 7. 4, as yeen h. by the baker.
Mst. 20, 12, hurden and h. of the day. Mat. 21, 12, hurden and h. of the day Jas. 1. 11, sun risen with burning h. 2 Pet. 3. 10, melt with fervent h. See Dan. 3. 19; Lu. 12. 55; Acts 28. 3. HEATH. Jer. 17.6; 48.6. HEATHEN. Ps. 2.1; Acts 4.25, why do the h. rage.
8, give h. for inheritance.
102.15, the h. shall fear name of the Lord.
122.15, 24.1 will take you from among h.
2coh. 8.13, ye were a curse among the h.
Mat. 6.7, repetitions as the h.
18.17, let him be as h. man.
See Lev. 25.44; Deut. 4.27; Neh. 5.8.
HEAVEN. Gen. 28.17, the gate of h.
Ex. 20.22, have talked with you from h.
Lev. 26.19, make your h. as iron.
Deut. 10.14; I Klogs 8.27; Ps. 115.16, the h. and h. of heavens. Deut. 10. 14; I Kiogs 8. 27; Ps. 115. 16, the h. h of heavens, 33. 13, the precious things of h. 33. 13, the precious things of h. John 15. 15, the h. are not clean in his sight. 22. 12, is not God in the height of h. Ps. 8. 3, when I consider thy h. Ps. 8. 3, when I consider thy h. 73. 25, whom have I in h. 73. 25, whom have I in h. 69. 8, 6, who in h. can be compared. 73. 25, whom have I in h.
89. 6, who in h. can be compared.
119. 89, thy word is settled in h.
Prov. 8. 27, when he prepared the h. I was there,
25. 3, the h. for height.
Ecol. 5. 2, for God is in h.
Isa. 13. 13; Hag. 2. 6, will shake the h.
40. 12, meted out h. with the span.
65. 17; Rev. 21. 1, new h. and new earth.
19: 7. 118, make cakes to queen of h.
23. 24, do not f fill h. and earth.
31. 37, if h. can be measured.
Ezek. 1. 1; Mat. 3. 16; Mk. 1. 10, the h. were onesed. 31.37, if h. can be measured.
Ezek. 1.1; Mat. 3.16; Mk. 1.10, the h.
opened.
32.7, 1 will cover the h.
Dan. 7.13, with clouds of h.
Hag. 1.10, h. over you is stayed from dew.
Mat. 3.10, if I will not open windows of h.
Mat. 5.18, till h. and earth pass.
11.23, exalted to h.
24.29; Mk. 13.25, the powers of h.
Mk. 13.32, no, not the angels in h.
Ln. 15.18, 1 have sinced egainst h.
John 1, 51, ye shall see h. open.
6.31, 32, bread from h.
Acts 4.12, none other name under h.
Rom. 1.18, wrath of God revealed from h.
2 Cor. 5.1, eternal in the h.
2, our house that is from h.
Gal. 1.8, though an angel from h. preach.
Eph. 1.10, gather in one, things in h.
3.15, whole family in h.
3.9; Col. 4.1, your master is in h.
Phill. 3.20, our conversation is in h.
Heb. 12.23, written in h.
1 John 5.7, three that bear record in h.
Rev. 4.1, door opened in h.
2, throne set in h.
1. st. stenee in h. Rev. 4.1, door opened in h.
2, throne set iu h.
8.1, silence iu h.
12.1, 3, a great wonder in h.
12.1, 3, a great wonder in h.
12.1, 2, 1 Thess. 4.16; 2 Thess. 1.7.
HEAVENLY. Lu. 2.13, multitude of the h. host.
John 3.12, 1 tell you of h. things.
Acts 26. 13, the h. vision.
1 Cor. 15. 48, as is the h. such are they.

Eph. 1. 3; 2. 6; 3. 10, in h. places.
Heh. 3. 1, partakers of the h. calling.
8. 5; 9. 23, shadow of h. things.
11. 16, an h. country.
See 2 Tim. 4. 18; Heb. 6. 4; 12. 22.
HEAVINESS. Ps. 69. 20, I sm full of h.
Prov. 12. 25, h. in the heart maketh it stoop.
14. 13, the end of that mirth is h.
18. 0. 1, 3, garment of praise for spirit of h.
Jas. 4. 9, let your joy be turned to h.
See Ezra 9. 5; Frov. 10. 1; Rom. 9. 2.
HEAVY. Ex. 17. 12, Moses' hande were h.
1 Kings 14. 6, sent with h. tidings.
Neh. 5. 18, the bondage was h.
Job 33, 7; Ps. 32. 4, hand h.
Prov. 25, 20, songs to a h. heart.
31. 6, wine to those of h. hearts.
Iss. 58, 6, to undo the h. hurdens.
Mst. 11. 28, all ye that are h. laden.
23. 4, they hind h. burdens.
25. 37, he hegan to he very h.
43; Mk. 14. 33, their eyes were h.
See Prov. 27, 13; Iss. 59. 1; Lu. 9. 32.
HEDGE. Joh 3. 23, whom God hath h. in.
Prov. 15, 19, way of seightfull an h. of thorns.

23. 4, they hind h. burdens.
26. 37, he hegan to he very h.
43; Mk. 14. 33, their eyes were h.
See Prov. 27. 3; 1sa. 59. 1; Lu 9. 32.

HEDGE. Joh 3. 23, whom God hath h. in.
Prov. 15. 19, way of slothful an h. of thorns.
Eccl. 10. 8, whoso hreaketh an h.
Lam. 3. 7, he hath h. me about.
Hos. 2. 6, I will h. up thy way.
Mk. 12. 1, he set; a h. shout it.
Lu. 14. 23, the highways and h.
See Isa. 5. 5; Ezek. 13. 5; 22. 30; Nah. 3. 17.

HEED. 2 Sam. 20. 10, took no h. to the sword.
Ps. 119. 9, hy taking h. thereto.
Eccl. 12. 9, presoher gave good h.
Isa. 21. 7, hearkened diligently with much h.
Jer. 18. 18, let us not give h.
I Tim. 1. 4; Tit. 1. 14, neither give h. to fables.
4. 1, giving h. to seducing spirits.
Heb. 2. 1, give more earnest h.
See Prov. 17. 4; Acts 3. 5; 8. 6.
HEIGHT. Ps. 102. 19, from h. of his sanctuary.
Prov. 25. 3, the heaven for h.
Lsa. 7. 11, ask it in the h. above.
Eph. 3. 18, 19, the h. of the love of Christ.
See Job2. 12; Ps. 148. 1; Amos 2. 9.

HEIR. 2 Sam. 14. 7, we will destroy the h.
Prov. 30. 23, handmaid that is h. to her mistress.
Mst. 21. 33; Mk. 12. 7; Lu. 20. 14, this is the h.
Rom. 6. 17, h. of God, Joint-h. with Christ.
Eph. 3. 6, Gentiles fellow-h.
Tit. 3. 7, h. according to the promise.
4. 7, an h. of God through Christ.
Eph. 3. 6, Gentiles fellow-h.
Tit. 3. 7, h. seconding to hope of eternal life,
Heb. 1. 14, who shall he h. of salvation.
1 Pct. 3. 7, as h. together of the grace.
See Jer. 48, 1; Mic. 1. 15; Rom. 4. 13.
HELL. Deut. 32. 22, fire shall hurn to lowest h.
2 Sam. 22. 6; Ps. 18, 5, sorrows of h. compassed me.
John 18, deeper than h.
2 Sam. 22. 6; Ps. 18, 5, sorrows of h. compassed me.
John 11. 8, deeper than h.
Prov. 5. 5, her steps take hold on h.
7. 21, house is the way to h.
Prov. 5. 5, her steps take hold on h.
19. 18, her gueste are in the depthe of h.
15. 11, h. and destruction theore the Lord.
24, that he may depart from h. hencath.
25. 16, h. in saked heaven from h.
18. 10; h. from because the moved.
28. 15, 16, with h. sree at a gragement.
Ezek 31, thus les

Hsh. 2.5, enlargeth his desire as h.
Mat. 5.22, iu danger of h. fire.
29. 30, whole body cast into h.
10. 28; Lu. 12.5, destroy soul and hody in h.
11. 23; Lu. 10. 15, brought down to h.
16. 18, gates of h. shall not prevail.
18. 9; Mk. 9. 41, having two eyes cast into h.
23. 15, more the child of h.

23, how can ye escape damnation of h.
Lu. 16, 23, in h. he lift up.
Acts 2, 31, soul not left in h.

Lu. 16, 23, in h. he lift up.
Acts 2.31, soul not left in h.
Jsc. 3.6, tongue set on fire of h.
Jsc. 3.6, tongue set on fire of h.
2 Pet. 2.4, cast angels down to h.
See Isc. 5. 14; Rev. 1. 16; 6.6; 20. 13.
BELP. Gen. 2.18, 20, so n. h. meet for him.
Deut. 33, 29, the shield of thy h.
2 Chron. 26. 15, he was marvellously h.
Joh 6. 13, is not my h. in me?
Ps. 22. 11, for there is none to h.
33, 20, he is our h. and our shield.
42. 5, the h. of his countenance.
46. 1, a very present h. in trouble.
60, 11; 108, 12, vsin is the h. of man.
88, 19, Isid h. on one that is mighty.
121. 1, the hills from whence cometh h.
124, 8, our h. is in the usme of the Lord.
Isa. 10, 3, to whom will ye fee for h.
41.6, they h. every one his neighbour.
Hos. 13 y. In me is thine h.
Met. 15, 25, Lord h. me.
Met. 24, h. thou mine unbellef.
Acts 21, 28, men of Iersel, h.
23, 22, having obtained h. of God.
Heh. 4. 16, grace to h. in time of need.
See Iss. 31, 3; Rom. 8, 26; 2 Cor. 1, 24.
HELPER. Heb. 13. 16.

HELPER. Hcb. 13, 16.

HEN. Mat. 23, 37; Lu. 13, 34,

HENCEFORTH, 2 Cor. 5, 15; Gal. 6, 17; 2 Tim.

H.O.

HERITAGE. Job 20.29, h. appointed by God.
Pa.16.6; Jer. 3.19, a goodly h.
61.5, the h. of those that fear.
127.3, children are an h. of the Lord.
18.54.17, this is the h. of the servants.
Mic. 7.14, feed flock of thine h.
1 Pet. 5.3, lords over God's h.
See Joel 2.17, 3.2; Mal. 1.3.

HID.

See Joel 2. 17; 3. 2; Mal. 1. 3.

IID. 2 Kings 4. 27, the Lord bath h. it from me.
Job 3. 21, more than for h. tressures.
Ps. 32. 5, mine infquity baye I not h.
69. 5, my sins are not h.
119. 11, thy word have 1 h. in mine heart.
Zeph. 2. 3, it may be ye shall he h.
Mat. 10. 26; Mk. 4. 22, there is nothing h.
Lu. 19. 42, now they are h. from thine eyes.
1 Cor. 2. 7, even the h. wisdom.
2 Cor. 4. 3, if our gespel he h.
Col. 3. 3, your life is h. with Christ.
1 Pet. 3. 4, the h. man of the heart.
Rev. 2. 17, to eat of the h. manna.
See Gen. 3. 8; Mat. 5. 14; Mk. 7. 24.
IIDE. Gen. 13. 17, shall I h. from Abraham.

See Gen. 3. 8; Mat. 5. 14; Mk. 7. 24.

HIDE. Gen. 18, 17, shall I h. from Abraham.
Joh 14. 13, h. me in the grave.
34, 29, when he h. his face.
71. 8, h. me under the shadow.
21. 5, h. me in paytilion.
31. 20, h. them in secret of thy presence.
89, 46, how long wit thou h. thyself.
139, 12, darkness h. not from thee.
1so. 1. 15, I will h. mine eyes from you.
3. 9, they h. not their sin.
22. 2, a man shall be as an h. place.
45. 15, thou art & God that h. thyself.
Ezek. 28. 3, no secret they cau h. from thee.
Jas. 5. 20, h. a multitude of sins.
Rev. 6. 16, h. us from the face.
See Job 13. 24; Prov. 28, 28; Amos 9. 3.

HIGH. HIGH. Job 11. 8, It is as h. as heaven.
22. 12, behold stars, how h. they are.
41. 34, he beholded hall h. things.
Ps. 62. 9, men of h. degree are a, ite.
68. 18, thou hast uscended on h.
103. 11, as the beaven is h. above the earth.
133. 1, in things too h. for me.
133. 6, though the Lord be h.
134. 6, though the Lord be h.
135. 6, this h. I cannot attain unto it.
Ecc. 12. 5, afraid of that which is h.
133. 32. 15, spirit pourced on us from on h.
33. 16, he shall dwell on h. HIGH. 33. 16, he shall dwell on h.

35. 8, an h.-way shall he there.
62. 10, cast up the h.-way.
1cr. 49. 15, though thou make thy nest h.

Mat. 22. 9; Lu. 14. 23, go into the h.-ways.
Lu. 1. 78, dayspring from on h.

24. 49, pewer from on h.

Thom. 12. 16, mind oot h. things.
13. 11, it is h. time.

Phil. 3. 14, for prize of the h. calling.

See Isa. 57. 15; 2 Cor. 10. 5. HIGHER. Isa. 55. 9, heavens h. than the earth. Lu. 14. 10, friend, go up h. Heb. 7. 26, made h. than the heavens. Heb. 7.2 k, made k. than the heavens.

High. Gen. 49.25, the everlasting k.
Deut. 11. 11, a land of k. and valleys.
Ps. 2.6, set my king on holy k.
15. 1, who shall dwell in thy holy k.
24. 3, who shall ascend the k. of the Lord.
43. 3, bring me to thy holy k.
50. 10, cattle on a thousand k.
95. 4, strength of the h. is his.
121. 1. lift up eyes to the k.
Prov. 8.25, before the k. was I brought forth.
Iss. 40.12, weighed the h. in halance.
Jer. 3. 23, salvation hoped for from the k.
Hos. 10. 8; Lu. 23. 30, to the h., fall on us.
Mat. 514, city set on an k.
See Lu. 4. 29; 9. 37; Acts 17. 22.

HINDER. Gen. 24.56, h. me not.
Job 9. 12; 11. 10, who can k. him.
Lu. 11. 52, them that were entering ye k.
Acts 8. 33, what doth h. me to be baptized.
1 Cor. 9. 12, lest we h. the gospel.
Gal. 5. 7, who did k. you.
1 Thess. 2. 18, but Satan k. us.
1 Pet. 3. 7, that your prayers be not h.
See Num. 22. 18; Neh 4. 8; Isan k.
HRE. Deut. 24. 15, thou shalt give him bis h.
Win. 3.1 prests teach for k.

HIRE. Deut. 24. 15, thou shalt give him bis h. Mic. 3. 11, priests teach for h. Mat. 20. 7, no man hath h. us. Mat. 20, 7, no man nam n. us. 8.9, give them their h. Servants. Mk. I. 20, in ship with h. servants. Lu. 10, 7, labourer worthy of his h. 15. If, how many h. servants. Jas. 5. 4, h. of labourers is kept back. See Ex. 12. 45; Lev. 25. 40; Deut. 15. IS. HIRELING. Job 7.1, like the days of an h. as h. looketh for reward

14.8, accomplish as h. his day. Mal. 3.5, that oppress the h. See Isa. 18. 14; 21. 16; John 10. 12. HITHERTO. Josh. 17. 14, the Lord hath blessed

me h.
15am, 7.12, h. bath the Lord helped us,
15am, 7.12, h. sisalt thou come,
John 5. 17, my Father worketh h.
12. 24, h. have ye asked nothing,
1 Cor. 3.2, h. ye were not able to bear It,
See Judg, 18. 13, 2 Sam, 15. 34; Isa, 18. 2. HOARY. Job 41.32

OLD. Gen. 21. 18, h. him in thine hand. Ex. 20.7; Deut. 5. 11, will not h. him guiltless. 2 Kings. 7, 9, good tidings and we h. our peace. Esth. 4. 14, 15 thou altogether h. thy peace. Joh 33. 2, h. in cords of affliction. Ps. 18. 35, thy right hand hath h. me up. 71. 6, by thee have I been h.

Pa. 73.23. thou hast h. me hy my right hand.
119.117, h. me up and I shall he safe.
Prov. 11.12, man of understanding h. his peace.
17.23, a fool, when he h. his peace.
17.23, a fool, when he h. his peace.
18a. 41.13, the Lord will h. thy hand.
62.1, will 1 not h. my peace.
19a. 4.19, I cannot h. my peace.
19a. 4.19, I cannot h. my peace.
19a. 4.19, I cannot h. my peace.
19a. 4.25, h. thy peace, come out.
18a. 24; Lu. 16, 13, he will h. to the one.
18a. 1.25; Lu. 4.35, h. thy peace, come out.
18a. 1.16, h. the truth in unrighteousness.
1 Cor. 14.39, let the first h. his peace.
111. 2.18, h. forth the word of life.
29 h. such in reputation.
111. 119, h. faith and good conscience.
13, h. h. h. hatth and good conscience.
13, h. h. mystery of faith.

1 Tim, 1. 19, h. faith and good conscience, 3, 9, h. the mystery of faith.
2 Tim, 1. 13, h. fast form of sound words, Tit. 19, h. fast faithful word.
Heb. 5, 14, h. heginoing of confidence, 4, 14; 10, 23, h. fast our profession.
Rev. 2, 13, thou h. fast my name, 25, h. fast till I come, 3, 3, h. fast and repent, 11, h. that fast which thou hast.
See Job 2, 3; Jer. 2, 13; 51, 39; Ezek. 19, 9.

See 300 2.5; etc. 2.15; 61.50; Ezek. 19.9.

HOLE. Isa, 11.8, child shall play on h. of the asp.
51.1, h. of pit whence ye are digged.
Jer. 13.4, hide in a h. of the rock.
Ezek. 8.7, a h. in the wall.
Hag. 1.8, a beg with h.
Mat. 8.20; Lu. 9.58, foxes have h.
See Cant. 5.4; Mic. 7.17; Nah. 2.12.

HOLIER. Isa. 65. 5. HOLIEST. Heh. 9.3; 10.19.

HOL1LY. 1 Thess. 2, 10,

Rom. 1.4, according to the spirit of h.
6.22, fruit unto h.
2 Cor. 7.1, perfecting h. in fear of God.
Eph. 4.24, created in righteousness and h.
1 Thess. 3.13, unblameable in h.
4.7, not called to uncleanness but h.
1 Tim. 2.15, continue in faith and h.
1 Tim. 2.15, continue in faith and h.
1 Tit. 2.3 in behaviour as becometh h.
Heb. 12, 10, partakers of his h.
1 4. h., without which no man.
See Ps. 83.35; 1ss. 23.18; Jer. 2.3.

HOLLOW. Gen. 32. 25; Judg. 15. 19; Isa. 40. 12. HOLPEN. Ps. 88, 17; Isa. 31, 3; Dan. 11, 34; Lu. 1.

54.

HOLY. Ex. 3.5; Josh. 5.15, ls k. ground.
19.6; 1 Pet. 2.9, an k. nation.
20.8; 31.14, sabhath day to keep it k.
Lev. 10. lb, difference between k. and unholy.
20.7, be ye k.
Num. 18.5, Lord will show who is k.
2 Klogs 4.9, this is an k. man of God.
Ezra 9.2; Isa. 8.13, the k. seed.
Ps. 20.6, hear from his k. heaven.
23.3, thou ark k. that inhabitest.
36.2, preserve my soul, for I am k.
38.1, his k. arm hath gotten victory.
99.9, worship at his k. hill.
145. II, the Lord is k. in all his works.

Eccl. 12.5, man goeth to his loog h. Lam. 1. 20. at h, there is as death.

Prov. 20, 25, who devoureth that which is h. Isa. 6, 3; Rev. 4, 8, h., h. h. is the Lord. 52, 10, make bare his h. srm. 64, 10, thy h. cities are a wilderness. 11, our h. snd heautiful house. Ezek. 22, 26, put no difference between h. and 64.10, thy h. cittles are a wilderness.

11, our h. and hesuiful house.

Ezek. 22, 28, put no difference between h. and professe.

Mat. 1. 16, 20, with child of the H. Ghost.

Mat. 1. 16, 20, with child of the H. Ghost.

3. 11, Mk. 18; Lu. 3. 16; John 1. 33; Acts 1. 5, baptize with H. Ghost.

7. 6, give not that which is h.

12. 31; Mk. 3. 29, blaspherny against H. Ghost.

Lu. 1. 15, shall be filled with the H. Ghost.

Lu. 1. 15, shall be filled with the H. Ghost.

25, h. thing born of thee.

3. 22, H. Ghost descended in bodily shape.

4. 1, Jesus being rull of the H. Ghost.

12. 12, H. Ghost shall teach you.

John 7. 39, the H. Ghost was uot yet given.

14. 28, the Comforter, which is the H. Ghost.

17. 11, h. Father, keep those.

20. 22, receive ye the H. Ghost.

Acts. 16, after the H. Ghost.

Acts. 16, after the H. Ghost.

Acts. 16, after the H. Ghost.

5. 3, to lie to the H. Ghost.

5. 3, to lie to the H. Ghost.

6. 3, look out men full of the H. Ghost.

7. 51, ye do slwsys resist the H. Ghost.

9. 31, in comfort of the H. Ghost.

10. 44, H. Ghost swell as well as well as we.

15. 6, giving them H. Ghost as well as we.

15. 6, giving them H. Ghost as well as we.

16. 5, forbidden of the H. Ghost.

19. 2, have ye received the H. Ghost.

19. 2, have ye received the H. Ghost.

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19. 2, have ye received the H. Ghost.

19. 2, have ye received the H. Ghost.

19. 2, have ye received the H. Ghost.

19. 1, bearing witness in H. Ghost.

19. 1, bearing witness in H. Ghost.

19. 2, have ye received the H. Ghost.

20. 22, promised in the h. scriptures.

19. 1, hearing witness in H. Ghost.

19. 1, bearing witness in H. Ghost.

19. 1, hearing witness in H. Ghost.

20. 1, the temple of God is h.

11. 16, if firstruit be h. hir root be h.

12. 1, sportfides h., acceptable to God.

11. 11, 11, if heart have heart with hisme.

22. 1, groweth to an h. temple in the Lord.

23. 5, the h. and with an h. callling.

17 2 Pet. 1. 18, with him in the h. mount.
21, h. men moved by H. Ghost.
Rev. 3. 7, saith he that ie h.
6. 10, O Lord, h. sad true.
20. 6, h. is he that heth part.
21. 10, the h. Jerusalem.
22. 11, he that is h. let him be h.
See 2 Tim. 3. 15; Heb. 2. 4; 2 Pet. 3. 2; Jude 20. See 2 Tim. 3. 15; Heh. 2. 4; 2 Pet. 3.2; Jude 2 HOME. Ex. 9, 19, and shall not be brought h. Lev. 18.9, whether born at h. or abroad. Deut. 24.5, free at h. one year. Ruth 1.21, Lord hath brought me h. empty. 2 Sam. 14. 13, fetch h. his banished. 1 Kiuga 13.7, come h. with me. 2 Kings 14. 10; 2 Chron. 25. 19, tarry at h. 1 Chron. 13, 12, bring ark of God h. Job 39, 12, he will bring h. thy seed. Ps. 68. 12, she that tarried at h.

Hag. 1. 20, when ye brought it h. Mk. 5. 19, go h. to thy friends.

John 19. 27, took her to his own h. 20.10, went sway to their own h. 1 Cor. 11.34, let him est at h. 14. 35, ask their husbands at h. 2 Cor. 5. 6, at h. in the body. 1 Tim. 5. 4, show piety at h. Tit. 2.5, keepers at h. See Jor. 2.14; Lu. 9. 61; 15. 6. Nonest. Lu. 6.15, au h. and good heart.
Acts 6.3, men of h. report.
Rom. 12.17; 2 Cor. 6.21, provide thiugs h.
13.13, let us walk h. as in the day.
Phil. 4.6, whatsoever thiugs are h.
1 Pet. 2.12, conversation h. among Gentiles.
See 1 Thess. 4.12; 1 Tim. 2.2; Heb. 13.16. HONOUR (n.). Num. 22, 17, 1 will promote thee ONOUR (n.). Num. 22.17, 1 will promote thee to h.
24.11, bath kept thee back from h.
24.11, bath kept thee back from h.
24.11, bath kept thee back from h.
25.2 m. 6.22 of them shell I be had in h.
1 Kings 3.13, also given thee riches and h.
1 Kings 3.13, also given thee riches and h.
2 Chron. 1.11, 12, thou hast not asked h.
20.18, neither shall it be for thy h.
Esth. 1.20, wives give husbands h.
10b.14.21, his sous come to h.
Pa. 7.5, lay mine h. in the dust.
8.5; Heb. 27, crowned him with h.
26. 8, place where thine h. dwelleth.
49.12, man being in h. shideth not.
96.6, h. and msjesty are hefore him.
149.9, this h laye all his satuts.
Prov. 3.16, in left hand riches and h.
4.6, she shell bring thee to h.
5.9, lest thou give their h. to others.
14.28, in multitude is king s h.
20.3, an h. to cease from strife.
25.2, the h. of kings to search out.
26.1, 6, h. is not seemly for a fool.
31.25, strength sud h. are her clothing.
Eccl. 6.2, to whom God hath given h.
Mal. 1.6, where is mine h.?
Mat. 13.57; Mk. 6.4; John 4.44, not without h.
John 5.41, I receive not h. from men.
44, who receive h. one of snother. to h Just. 15. 31; Just. 1, 3; John 9, 44, 10t without h. John 5, 41, I receive not h. from men. 44, who receive h. one of snother. Rom. 2.7, in well doing seek for h. 10. h. to every man that worketh good. 12. 10, in h. preferring one another. 13. 7, h. to whom h. 2 Cor. 6. 8, by h. and dishonour. Col. 2. 23, not in any h. to satisfying. 1 Thess. 4.4, possess his vessel in h. 1 Tim. 5. 17, elders worthy of double h. 6. 1, count masters worthy of h. 36, to whom he h. and power everlasting. 2 Tim. 2. 20, 21, some to h., some to dishonour. Heb. 3. 3, more h. than the bouse. 5. 4, no man taketh this h. 1 Pet. 3. 7, giving h. to the wife. Rev. 4. 11; 5. 12, thou ari worthy to receive h. See Rev. 5. 13; 7. 12; 19. 1; 21. 24. 4. 10 NOUR (2). Ex. 14. 4. 1 will be h. upon Ph. HONOUR (v.). Ex. 14. 4. 1 will be h. upon Pharach. 20. 12; Deut. 5. 16; Mat. 15. 4; 19. 19; Mk. 7. 10; 10. 19; Lu. 16. 20; Eph. 6. 2, h. thy father and mother.
Lev 1.9. 32, thou shalt h. old man.
1 Sam. 2. 30, them that h. me 1 will h.
15. 30, h. me now before eiders.
Esth. 6. 6, the king delighteth to h.
Ps. 15. 4, he h. them that fest the Lord.
Prov. 3. 9, h. the Lord with thy substance.
12. 9, better than he that h. himself.
Ms. 1. 8, s son h. his father.
Ms. 1. 15. 8; son h. his father.
Ms. 1. 16. 8, h. the Son as they h. the Father.
1 Tim. 5. 3, h. widows that are widows indeed. mother

1 Pet. 2. 17, h. all meu, h. the king. See Isa. 29. 13; 58. 13; Acts 28. 10. HONOURABLE. Ps. 45. 9, among thy h. women. Isa. 3. 3, take away the h. man. 9.15, ancient and h. he is the head. 42. 21, magnify the law and make it h. See Lu. 14. 8; 1 Cor. 4. 10; 12. 23; Heh. 13. 4. HOPE (n.). Joh 7.6, my days are spent without h

8. 13, the hypocrite's h. shall perish, 17, 15, where is now my h.?

19, 10, my h. hath he removed.

19. 10. my h hath he removed.
Ps. 16. 9; Acts 2. 26, flesh rest in h.
39. 7, my h. 1s in thee.
119. 116, let me not be ashamed of my h.
Prov. 13. 12, h. deferred maketh heart sick.
14. 32, hath h. In his death.
28. 12; 29. 20, more h. of a fool.
Eccl. 9. 4, to living there is h.
Eccl. 9. 4, to living there is h.
In there is h. in thine end.
Hos. 2. 15, for a door of h.
Zech. 9, 12, ye prisoners of h.
Acts 22. 20, for the h. of I frael I am bound.
Rom. 4. 18, against h. helieved in h.
29. 4 we are saved by 1.

Rom. 4. 18, against h. helieved in h.
8. 24, we are saved by h.
12. 12, rejoicing in h.
10. 13, faith. h., charity.
15. 19, if in this life only we have h.
Eph. 1. 18, the h. of his calling.
2. 12, no h. and without God.
00. 1. 27, Christ in you, the h. of glory.
1 Thess. 4. 13, as others who have no h.
5. 8, helmet, the h. of salvation.
2 Thess. 2. 16, good h. through grace.
Tit. 3. 7, the h. of eternal life.
Heb. 6. 18, lay hold on h. set hefore us.
19, h. as an anchor of the soul.

Heb. 5. 15, my hold on h. set herore us. 19, h. as an anchor of the soul.
1 Pet. 1. 3, hegotten to a lively h.
3.15, a reason of the h. that is in you.
See Lam. 3. 18: Col. 1.5; I John 3. 3.

See Lam. 3, 18; Col. 1.5; I John 3. 3.

ROPE (u), Fs. 2.9, 4 hou didst make me h.

31. 24, all ye that h. in the Lord.

42. 5, 11; 43.5, h. thou in God.

71. 14, I will h. continually.

Lam. 3. 25, good that a man hoth h. and wait.

Rom. 8, 25, if we h. for that we see not.

1 Pet. 1. 13, h. to the end.

See Jer. 3. 23; Acts 24, 26; Heb. 11. 1.

HORRIBLE. Ps. 11. 6; 40. 2; Jer. 2. 12; Ezek. 32. 10.

HOSPITALITY. Rom. 12. 13; 1 Tim. 3. 2; Tit. 1. 8; 1 Pet. 4. 9. HOT. Ps. 39. 3; Prov. 6. 28; 1 Tim. 4. 2; Rev. 3. 15.

HOT. Ps. 39. 3; Prov. 6. 28; 1 Tim. 4. 2; Rev. 3. 15. HOUR. Mat. 10. 19; Lu. 12. 12, shall be given you in that same h.
20. 12, have wrought but one h.
24. 36; Mk. 13. 32, that h. knoweth no man.
26. 40; Mk. 13. 32, that h. knoweth no man.
26. 40; Mk. 14. 37, could ye not watch one h.?
Lu. 12. 39, what h. thief would come.
22. 53, but this is your h.
John 5. 25; 16. 32, the h. is coming and now is.
11. 9, are there not twelve h.
12. 27, save me from this h.
Acts 3. 1, at the h. of prayer.
Gal. 2. 5, give place, no, not for an h.
Rev. 3. 10, the h. of temptation.
See Acts 2. 15; 1 Cor. 4. 11, 15. 30; Rev. 3. 3.
HOUSE. Gen. 22. 17, the h. of God.
Deut. 8. 12, when thou hast built goodly h.
2 Kings 20. 1; Isa. 33. 1, set thine h. in order.
15, what have they seen in thine h.
Neb. 13. 11, why is the h. of God forsaken?
Neb. 13. 11, why is the h. of God forsaken?
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John 12. 3, h. filled with odour.
14. 2, in my Father's h are many mansions.
Acts 2, 46, hreaking bread from h. to h.
5. 42, in every h. cessed not to preach.
10. 2; 16, 34; 13. 8, with all his h.
20. 20, 1 taught you from h. to h.
1 Cor. 11. 22, have ye not h. to eat in?
2 Cor. 5. 1, h. not made with hands.
Col. 4. 15, church in his h.
1 Tim. 3. 45, 12, ruleth well his own h.
5. 8, especially for those of his own h.
2 Tim. 3, 6, which creep into h.
Tit. 1. 11, subvert whole h.
See Mat. 9, 6; Lu. 7. 44; 10. 5; Acts 4. 34.
HOUSEHOLD. Gen. 18. 19, command his h. after him.

nim.
1 Sam. 27. 3; 2 Sam. 2. 3, every man with his h.
2 Sam. 6. 20, returned to bless his h.
2 Sam. 6. 20, returned to bless his h.
Mat. 10. 36, man's fees of his own h.
Gal. 6. 10, the h. of faid.
Eph. 2. 19, of the h. of God.
See Gem. 3, 37; 47. 12; 2 Sam. 17. 23.

See Gen. 31. 37; 47. 12; 2 Sem. 17. 23. HUMBLE. Dent. 8, 2, to h. thee and prove thee. 2 Chron. 33. 12, h. himself greatly. Ps. 9, 12; 10. 12, forgetteth not cry of the h. 34. 2, the h. shall hear thereof. 35. 13, 1 h. my sonl with fastfug. 113. 6, h. himself to behold things in heaven, Prov. 16, 19, better be of h. spirit. Iss. 57. 15, of contrite and h. spirit. Iss. 57. 15, of contrite and h. spirit. Iss. 57. 15, of contrite and h. spirit. Nat. 18, 4; 23. 12; Lu. 14, 11; 18, 14, h. himself. Phil. 2, 8, he h. himself. Jas. 4, 6; 1 Pet. 5. 5, God giveth grace to h. 1 Pet. 5. 6, h. yourselves under mighty hand, See Iss. 2, 11; 5. 15; Lam. 3, 20. HUMBLY. 2 Sam. 16. 4; Mic. 6. 8. HUMILTY. Prov. 15, 33; 18, 12, before honour

HUM1LITY. Prov. 15. 33; 18. 12, before honour

is h. 22. 4, by h. are riches. See Acts 20. 19; Col. 2. 18, 23; 1 Pet. 5. 5. See Acts 20.19; Col. 2.18, 23; 1 Pet. 5.5.

HUNGER. Dett. 8.3, he suffered thee to h.
Johl 8.12, his strength shall be h-hitten.
Ps. 34. 10, young llons do lack and suffer h.
Prov. 19, 15, an idle soul shall suffer h.
Isa. 49. 10, shall not h. nor thirst.
Jer. 38, 9, he is like to die for h.
Mat. 5. 6; Lu. 6. 21, blessed that h.
John 6. 35, cometh to me shall never h.
Rom. 12. 20, if thine enemy h.
I Cor. 4. 11, we hoth h. and thirst.
J. 34, if any man h., let him eat at home.
Rev. 1. 16, they shall h. no more.
See Mas. 4. 2; 12. 1; 25. 36; Lu. 15. 17.

HUNGRY. Joh 22. 7, withholden lread from h.
Ps. 50. 12, if I were h. I would not tell thee.

Pa. 107. 5, h. and thirsty, their soul fainted.
9, he filleth the h. soul with goodness.
Frov. 27. 7, to h. every bitter thing is sweet.
Iss. 29. 8, when s h. man dreameth.
65. 13, my servants est, but ye shall be h.
Ezek. 18. 7, given his bread to the h.
I cor. 11. 21, one is h. and another drunken.
Phil. 4. 12, I know to be full and to be h.
Sec Prov. 6. 30; Iss. 8. 21; 9. 20; Mk. 11. 12.
HUNT. 1 Sam. 28. 20, as when one doth h. a paratridge. HUNT.

UNIT. 188m. 20. 20, as unce description.
Jer. 16. 16, h. them from every mountain,
Ezek. 13. 18, h. souls of my people.
Mic. 7. 2, they h. every man his brother.
See Gen. 10. 9; 21. 5; 1 Sam. 24. 11.

HUNTING. Prov. 12, 27.

HUNTING. Prov. 12. 27.

HURL. Num. 35. 20; 1 Chron. 12. 2; Job 27. 21.

HURL. Ps. 15. 4, that sweareth to his own h.

Eccl. 8. 9, ruleth over another to his own h.

Isa. 11. 9, shall not h. nor destroy.

Jer. 8. 14; 8. 11, have healed h. slightly.

8. 21, for the h. of my people.

25. 6, provoke not; I will do no h.

Dan. 3. 25, they have no h.

8. 23, no manner of h. found upon him.

Mk. 18. 18, deadly thing, it shall not h.

Lu. 10. 19, nothing shall by any means h. you.

Acts 18. 10, no man set on thee to h. thee.

Rev. 8. 6, h. not the oil and the wine.

See Rev. 7. 2; 9. 4; 11. 5.

HURFFULL. Ezra 4. 15; Ps. 144. 10; 1 Tim. 6. 9.

See Rev. 7, 2; 9.4; 11.5.
HURTFUL. Ezra 4.15; Ps. 144.10; 1 Tim. 6.9.
HUSBAND. Ex. 4.25, a bloody h. art thou.
Prov. 12. 4. virtuous wife a crown to her h.
31.11, 25, 25, her h. doth safely trust.
Isa. 54.5, thy Maker is thy h.
John 4.16, go, call thy h.
1 Cor. 7.16, whether thou shalt save thy h.
14. 35, let them ask their h. at home.
Eph. 5. 22, submit yourselves to your h.
25; Col. 3.19, h., love your wives.
1 Tim. 3. 12, the h. of one wife.
Tit. 24, teach young women to love their h.
5. obedient to their own h.
1 Pet. 3.1, be in subjection to your h.

5, obedient to their own h.
1 Pet. 3. 1, be in subjection to your h.
7, ye h., dwell with them.
See Gen. 3. 6; Ruth 1. 11; Esth. 1. 17, 20.

HYMN. Mat. 26. 30; Mk. 14. 26; Eph. 5. 19; Col. 3.

16.

HYPOCRISY. Mat. 22, 23, within ye are full of h. Mk. 12, 15, he knowing their h. Lu. 12, 1, leaven of Pharisees which is h. Jas. 3, 17, wisdom is pure and without h. See Isa. 32, 5; 1 Tim. 4, 2.

Sec Isa. 32. 8; 1 Tim. 4. 2.
HYPOCHITE. Job 8. 13, the h. hope shall perish.
20. 5, the joy of the h. but for a moment.
36. 13, the h. in heart.
Isa. 9. 17, every one is an h.
Mat. 6. 2, 5. 16, as the h. do.
7. 5; Ian. 6. 42; I3. 15, thou h.
15. 7; 16. 3; 22. 18; Mk. 7. 6; Ian. 12. 56, ye h.
23. 13; Ian. 11. 44, woe unto you, h.
24. 51, appoint his portion with the h.
Sec Joh 13. 16; 27. 8; Prov. 11. 9.
HYPOCHETICAL P. 8. 5. 16; Isa. 10. 8.

HYPOCRITICAL, Ps. 35. 16; Isa. 10. 6.

IDLE. Ex. 5. 8, 17, they be i.

Prov. 19, 15, an i. soul shall hunger.
31. 27, she eateth not bread of i.

Mat. 12, 36, every i. word men speak.
20, 3, 6, others standing i.

See Eccl. 10, 18; Ezek. 16, 49; 1 Tim. 5, 13. IDOL. 1 Chron. 18. 28; Ps. 96. 5, all gods of the people are i.

people are i. Isa. 86, 3, as if he blessed an i. Jer. 50, 38, they are mad upon their i. Hos. 4. 17, Ephraim is joined to i. Acts 15, 20, abstain from pollutions of i.

1 Cor. 8. 4, we know an i, is nothing.
7, with conscience of the i.
1 Thess, 1. 9, ye turned to God from i.
1 John 5. 21, keep yourselves from i.
See Acte 17. 16; Gal. 5. 20; Col. 3. 5.

See Acte 17. 16; Gal. 5. 20; Col. 3. 5.
IGNORANCE. Acts 3. 17, through i, ye did it.
17. 30, the times of i. God winked at.
Eph. 4. 18, allensted through i.
1 Pet. 2. 15, put to silence i. of foolish men.
See Lev. 4. 2, 13, 22, 27; 5. 15; Num. 15. 24.
IGNORANT. Ps. 73. 22, so foolish was I sud i.
I.e., 63. 16, though A braham be i. of us.
Acts 4. 13, perceived they were i. meb.
Rom. 10. 3, being i. of God'e righteousness.
1 Cor. 14. 38, if sny mao be i., let him bi.
2 Cor. 2. 11, not i. of his devices.
Heh. 5. 2, can have compassion on the i.
2 Pet. 3.5, they willingly are i.
See Num. 15. 28; Acts 17. 23; 1 Tim. 1. 13.
MAGINATION. Gen. 8. 5; 8. 21, i. of heart ev

Des rum. 19. 22; ACE 11. 22; 1 1111. 1 15.

Deut. 29. 19; Jer. 23. 17, walk in i. of heart evil.

Deut. 29. 19; Jer. 23. 17, walk in i. of heart.

1 Chron. 28. 9, understandeth all the i. of thoughts.

Rom. 1. 21, vain in their i.

2 Cor. 10. 5, casting down i.

See Deut. 31. 21; Prov. 8. 18; Lam. 3. 60.

IMAGINE. Ps. 82. 3, how long will ye i. mischief. Nah. 1. 9, what do ye i. against the Lord. 11. there is one that i. evil.

Zech. 7. 10; 8. 17, let none i. evil. See Job 21. 27; Ps. 10. 2; 21. 11; Acts 4. 25, IMMORTAL. 1 Tim. 1. 17.

IMMORTALITY. Rom. 2, 7; 1 Cor. 15, 53; 1 Tim. 8, 16; 2 Tim. 1, 10.

PART. Joh 39. 17; Lu. 3. 11; Rom. 1. 11; 1 Thess. 2. 8. IMPART.

IMPEDIMENT. Mk. 7. 32, IMPENITENT. Rom. 2.5 IMPLACABLE. Rom. 1. 31.

IMPOSE. Ezra 7. 24; Heb. 9. 10.

IMPOSSIBLE. Mat. 19, 26; Mk. 10, 27; Lu. 18, 27, with men it is i.

Lu. 1.37; 18.27, with God nothing i. Sec Mat. 17. 20; Lu. 17. 1; Heb. 8. 4, 18; 11. 6. IMPOTENT. John 5.3; Acts 4.9; 14.8

IMPOVERISH. Judg. 8.6; Isa. 40. 20; Jer. 5. 17. IMPRISONMENT. Ezra 7. 26; 2 Cor. 6.5; Heb. 11, 36,

IMPUDENT. Prov. 7. 13; Ezek. 2.4; 3.7. IMPUTE. Lev. 17. 4, blood shall be i to that man Ps. 32, 2; Rom. 4. 8, to whom the Lord i not

iniquity.

iniquity.

Heb. 1.1. i. his power to his god.

Rom. 5. 13, sin not i when there is no law.

See 1 Sam. 22. 15; 2 Sam. 19. 18; 2 Cor. 5. 19.

INCLINE. Josh. 24. 23, 4, your hearts to the Lord.

1 Kings 8. 53, that he may i, hearts to keep law.

Pg. 40. 1; 116. 2, he i, unto me and heard.

119. 38, 4, my heart to thy testimonies.

Jer. 7. 24, 11. 8; 17. 25; 38. 14, nor i, ear.

Sée Prov. 2. 18; Jer. 25. 4; 44. 5.

INCLOSED. Ps. 17. 10; 22. 16; Lu. 5. 8.

INCONTINENT. 1 Cor. 7. 5; 2 Tim. 3. 3.

INCORRUPTIBLE. 1 Cor. 9. 25, ao i. crown. 1 Pet 1. 4, inheritance i. 23, born of i. seed. See Rom. 1. 23; 1 Cor. 15. 42, 50, 52, 53, 54.

Sec Rom. 1. 23; 1 Cot. 15. 42, 39, 52, 53, 54.

INCREASE (a.). Lev. 25. 36, take no usury or i.

26. 4, the land shell yield her i.

Deut. 14. 22, 23, tithe all i.

Prov. 18. 20, with the i. of his lipa.

Eccl. 5. 10, not satisfied with i.

Isa. 9, 7, i. of his government.

I Cor. 3. 8, 7, God gave the i.

Sec Jer. 2. 3; Eph. 4, 16; Col. 2, 19.

INCREASE (v.). Joh 8, 7, thy latter end shall greatly i.

Pa. 4.7. that their corn and wine i. 62.10, if riches i, set not.

115.14. Lord shall i, you more and more.

Prov. 1.5; 9. 9, a wise man will i. learning,

11.24, scattereth and yet i.

Eccl. 1.18, be that is knowledge i. sorrow.

Iss. 9. 3, multiplied nation and not i. joy.

49. 22, be i. strength.

Ezek. 36. 37, them with men like a flock.

Dan. 12.4, knowledge shall be i.

Hos. 12.1, he daily i. lies.

Hab. 2.6, that i. that which is not his.

I.1. 2.52, Jesus i. in wladom.

Acts 6.7, word of God i.

I.6.5, churches i. daily d.

Rev. 3. 17, 1 am rich and i. with goods.

Rev. 3. 17, 1 am rich and i. with goods.

See Eccl. 2.9; 5.11, 3M. 4.8; Col. 2.19.

INOREDIBLE. Acts 26.8.

INCIRABLE. 2 Chron. 21. 18; Jer. 15. 18; Mic.

1.9.

INDEED, 1 Kings 8, 27; 2 Chron. 6, 18, God i, dwell

on earth.

1 Chron. 4 10, bless me i.

Mk. 11. 32, a prophet i.

Lu. 24. 34, the Lord is risen i.

John 1. 47, an Israelite i.

6. 55, my flesh is meat i., my blood drink i.

8. 36, shall be free i.

1 Tim. 5. 3, that are widows i.

See Gen. 37, 8, 18a, 6, 9, Rom. 8, 7.

NUCKNATUON P. 27, 49, wrath i. and trop on earth.

See Gen. 37, 8; 18a. 6. 9; Rom. 8, 7.

INDIGNATION. Pa. 78, 49, wrath, i., and trouble.

Isa. 26, 20, till the i be overpast.

Nah. 1, 6, who can stand before his i.

Mat. 20, 24, moved with i.

2 Cor. 7, 11, yea, what i.

2 Cor. 7, 11, yea, what i.

Rev. 14, 10, the cup of his i.

Rev. 14, 10, the cup of his i.

Rev. 26, 1, 12; Acts 5, 17; Rom. 2, 8.

INDITING. Pa. 45, 1.

INDITINGUES. 1 Kings 11, 28

INDUSTRIOUS. 1 Kings 11. 28. INEXCUSABLE. Rom. 2. 1. INFANT. Job 3. 16; Isa. 65. 20; Lu. 18. 15. INFIDEL, 2 Cor. 6, 15; 1 Tim. 5, 8.

INFIDEL. 2 Cor. 6. 15; 1 Tim. 5.8.
INFIRMITY. Pa. 71. 10, this is mine i.
Prov. 18. 14, spirit of man will sustain his i.
Mat. 8. 17, himself took our i.
Rom. 6. 19, the i. of your flesh.
8. 28, the Spirit helpeth our i.
15. 1, hear the i. of the weak.
2 Cor. 12. 5. 10, glory in mine i.
1 Tim. 5. 23, wine for thine often i.
Heb. 4. 15, feeling of our i.
See Lu. 5. 15; 7. 21; John 5. 5; Heb. 5. 2.
INFIAME Tee 5. 11. 57. 5.

INFLAME. Isa, 5, 11; 57, 5, INFLICTED. 2 Cor. 2.6. INFLUENCES. Job 38. 31.

INFLUENCES. Job 33. 32.
INGRAFTED. Jas. 1. 22.
INHABIT. Isa. 57. 15; 65. 21; Amos 9. 14.
INHABITANT. Num. 13. 32, land eateth up i.
Judg. 5. 23, curse hitterly the i.
Isa. 6. 11, cities wasted without i.
32. 24, i. shall not say, I am sick.
40. 22, i. are as grasshoppers.
Jer. 44. 22, land without an i.
See Jer. 2. 15; 4. 7; Zech. 8. 21.
INHERIT. Tr. 32, 33. heav shall it for ever

See Jer. 2. 15; 4.7; Zech. 8.21.
INHERIT. Ex. 32; 13, they shall i it for ever.
Pa. 25, 13, shall i; the earth.
73; 11, the meek shall i; the earth.
Prov. 14, 18, the simple i folly.
Mat. 19, 29, shall i everlasting life.
25, 34, i kingdom prepared.
Mk. 10, 17; Lu. 10, 25; 18, 18, i eteroal life,
1 Cor. 8, 9; 15, 50; Gal. 5, 21, not i kingdom.
Heb. 12, 17, when he would have i hiessing.
See Heb. 6, 12; 1 Pot. 3, 9; Rev. 21, 7.
INHERITANCE. Ps. 16, 5, Lord is nowice.

INHERITANCE. Ps. 16. 5, Lord is portion of mine i.

Ps. 47. 4, shall choose our i for us. Prov. 20. 21, an i may be gotten hastily. Eccl. 7. 11, wisdom good with an i. Mk. 12. 7; Lu. 20. 14, the i shall be ours. Lu. 12. 13, that he divide the i with me.

Acts 20, 32; 26, 18, an i among the sanctified. Eph. 1, 14, earnest of our i Heb. 2, 15, promise of eternal i. See Eph. 5, 5; Col. 1, 12; Heb. 1, 4.

See Eph. 5. 5; Col. 1.12; Heb. I. 4.

INIQUITY. Ex. 20. 5; 34. 7; Num. 14. 18; Deut. 5. 9, visiting £. of fathers.
34. 7; Num. 14. 18; forgiving £. and transgression. 10.2 4.5, they that plow £. reap the same.
10. 22. 5. They far and the father fathers.
10. 22. 5. They father fathe

103. 3, who forgiveth all thine 4.

10. not rewarded according to 4.

107. 17, fools, because of 4. are afflicted.

119. 3, they also do no.

130. 3, if thou shouldest mark 4.

Prov. 22. 8, he that soweth 4. shall reap vanity.

1sa. 1. 4, a people laden with 4.

15. 1, thine 4. is taken away.

40. 2, her 4. is pardoned.

55. 5, he was bruised for our 4.

59. 2, your 4. separated hetween you and God.

Jef. 5. 25, your 4. turned away these things.

Ezek. 18. 30, repent, so 4. shall not be your ruin.

1sb. 1. 13, canst not look on 4.

Mat. 24. 12, hecause 4. shall abound.

Acts 1. 18, purchased with reward of 4.

8. 23, in the bond of 4.

8. 11. Servants to 4. unto 4.

2 Thess. 2. 1, the mystery of 4.

2 Thess. 2. 1, the mystery of 4.

2 Thess. 2. 1, the mystery of 5.

3 Thess. 2. 1, the mystery of 5.

3 Thess. 2. 2 Jer. 31. 30; Ezek. 3. 18; 18. 28.

NJURIOUS. 1 Thm. 1. 13.

NK. Jer. 35. 18; 2 Cor. 3. 3; 2 John 12; 3 John 13.

INJURIOUS, 1 Tim, 1, 13, INK. Jer, 36, 18; 2 Cor, 3, 3; 2 John 12; 3 John 13, INN. Gen, 42, 27; Ex, 4, 24; Lu, 2, 7; 10, 34,

INNOCENT: Job 4.7, whoever perished, being 4. 9.23, laugh at trial of 4. 27. 17, the 4, shall divide the silver. Ps. 19 13, 4. from the great transgression. Prov. 28. 20, maketh haste to be rich shall not

be i Jer. 2. 34; 19. 4, blood of the i. Sea Gen. 20. 5; Ex. 23. 7; Mat. 27, 24.

INNUMERABLE. Job 21, 33; Ps. 40, 12; Heb. 12.

INORDINATE. Ezek. 23, 11; Col. 3, 5. INQUISITION. Deut. 19, 18; Esth. 2, 23; Ps. 9, 12. INSCRIPTION. Acts 17, 23.

INSPIRATION. Job 32.8; 2 Tim. 3. 16. INSTANT. Rom. 12, 12; 2 Tim. 4. 2.

INSTRUCT. Noh. 9. 20, thy good spirit to i. them. Ps. 16. 7, my reins i. me in night season. 32. 8, I will i. thee and teach thee.
Isa. 40. 14, who i. him.
Mat. 13. 52, every scribe i. to the kingdom.
Phil. 4. 12, in all things I am i.
See Prov. 21. 11; Acts 18. 25; 2 Tim. 2. 25.
INSTRICTION Ps. 50. 17, thou hatest i.

See Prov. 21. 11; Acts 18. 25; 2 11m, 2 25. INSTRUCTION Pa. 50. 17, thou hatest 4, Prov. 1. 7; 15. 5, fools despise 4. 4. 13, take fast hold of 4. 4. 13, take fast hold of 4. 5. 35, hear 4, and be wise. 12. 1, whose loveth 4: loveth knowledge, 16. 22, the 4 of fools is folly. 24. 32, I looked upon 1t and received 4. 2 Tim. 3. 16, profitable for 4. See Jer. 17. 23; 35. 15; Zeph. 3. 7.

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INSTRUMENT. INSTRUMENT. Ps. 7. 13, hath prepared i of death. Iss. 41. 15, a new sharp threshing i. Ezek. 33, 27, of one that can play on an i. Rom. 6. 13, memhers i. of norighteousness, See Num. 35, 16; Ps. 68. 25; 150. 4. INTEGRITY. Job 2. 3, he holdeth fast his i. 31, 6, that God may know my i. Ps. 25. 21, let i. preserve me. 28. 1, I walked in i. Prov. 11. 3, the t. of the upright.
19. 1; 20. 7, that walketh in hie t.
See Gen. 20. 5; Pe. 7. 8; 41. 12; 78, 72. INTENTS. Jer. 30, 24; Heb. 4, 12, INTERCESSION. Isa. 53. 12, make i. for transgressors. Rom. 8. 26, Spirit maketh i. Heb. 7. 25, ever liveth to meke i. See Jer. 7. 16; 27, 16; 1 Tim. 2. 1. INTERCESSOR. Isa. 59. 16. INTERMEDDLE. Prov. 14. 10; 18. 1. INTERATE DDLE. 170V. 14.10; 16. 1.
INTERAT. Ruth I. 18. i.m en ot to leave thee.
1 Sam. 2.25, if man sin, who shall i, for him.
Ps. 119. 58, 1 i. thy favour,
Isa. 19. 22, he shall he i, of them.
Mat. 22, 6; Lu. 18. 32, i. them spitefully.
1 Tim. 5. 1, but i him as a father.
Jas. 3. 17, wisdom is easy to be i.
See Prov. 18. 23; Lu. 15. 23; 20. 11. INTRUDING. Col. 2. 18.

INVENTIONS. Pa. 106. 29; Prov. 8, 12; Eccl. 7, 29.

INVISIBLE. Col. 1, 15; 1 Tim. 1, 17; Heb. 11, 27. INVISIBLE. Col. 1. 15; 1 Tim. 1. 17; Heb. 11. 2 INWARD. Job 38. 36, wisdom in the ', parts. Ps. 51. 6, truth in the ', parts. 64. 6, 's, thought of every one is deep. Jer. 31. 33, I will put my law in their ', parts, Rom. 7. 22, in law of God after the 's, man. 2 Cor. 4. 16, the ', man is renewed. See Ps. 62. 4; Mat. 7. 15; Rom. 2. 29. ISSUES. Ps. 68. 20; Prov. 4. 23, ITCHING. 2 Tim. 4. 3. JANGLING. 1 Tim. 1. 6.

JEALOUS. Ex. 20. 5; 34. 14; Deut. 4. 24; 5. 9; 6. 15; Josh. 24. 19. 1 am a j. God.

Kings 19, 10, 14; I have been j. for the Lord.

Ezek. 39, 25, will he j. for my holy name.

2 Cor. 11. 2, 1 am j. over you.

See Nun. 5. 14; Joel 2. 18; Zech. 1. 14; 8. 2.

JEALOUSY. Deut. 32. 16; 1 Kings 14. 22, they provoked him to j. JEALOUSY. Dent. 3: provoked him to j. Prov. 6. 34, j. is the rage of a man. Cant. 8. 6, j. is cruel as the grave. Ezek. 36. 5, in fire of j. have I spoken. I Con. 10. 22, do we provoke the Lord to j. See Ps. 78. 58; 79. 5; Isa. 42. 13. JESTING. Eph. 5. 4. JEWELS. Ise 61. 10; Mal. 3. 17. JEWELS. Ise 61. 10; Mal. 3. 17.
JOIN. Prov. 11. 21; 16.5, hand j, in hand.
Eccl. 9.4, to him j, to living there is hope.
Isa. 5. 8, that j, house to house.
Jer. 50, 5, let us j, ourselves to the Lord.
Hos. 4. 17, Ephraim is j, to idols.
Mat. 19. 6; Mk. 10. 9, what God hath j.
Acts 5, 13, durst no man j, himself.
1 Cor. 1. 10, perfectly j, in same mind.
6. 17, j, to the Lord.
Eph. 4. 16, whole hody j, together.
See Acts 8. 29; 9. 28; 18. 7; Eph. 5. 31.
LOINT. Gen. 32, 25; Fp. 22, 14; Prov. 25. 1 JOINT. Gen. 32, 25; Pa. 22, 14; Prov. 25, 19, out of j. Eph. 4, 16, which every j. supplieth. Heb. 4, 12, dividing asunder of j. sod merrow. See 1 Kings 22, 34; Rom. 8, 17; Col. 2, 19. JOURNEY (n.). 1 Kings 18. 27, or he is in a j. Neh. 2. 6, for how long shall thy j. be? Mat. 10. 10; Mk. 6. 8; Lu. 9. 3, nor scrip for your j. John 4. 6, Jesus wearled with his j.

JOURNEY (v.). Num. 10. 29, we are j. to the place. See Geo. 12. 9; 13. 11. JOURNEYINGS. Nnm, 10, 28, thus were the j. 2 Cor, 11, 28, in j. often.
JOY. Ezra 3, 13, not discern noise of j.
Neb. 3, 10, j. of the Lord is your strength.
Job 20, 5, the j. of the hypocrite is but a mo-Joh 20. 5, the j. of the hypocrite is but a ment.

29. 13, widow's heart sing for j.

33. 26, he will see his face with j.

41. 22, sorrow is turned into j.

75. 18. 11, 'Inlness of j.

30. 5, j. cometh in the morning.

48. 2, the j. of the whole earth.

51. 12, restore the j. of thy salvation.

126. 5, sow in tears, reap in j.

137. 6, prefer Jerusalem above my chief j.

77. 14, 16, not intermedile with his j.

21. 15, it is j. to the jinst to do judgment.

Ecol. 2 10, I withheld not my heart from j.

9, 7, eat thy hread with j.

12. 3, with j. draw water.

24. 6, j. of the harp cesseth.

29. 19, meek shall increase their j.

35. 2; 51. 11, with everlasting j.

65. 14, my servants sing for j. of heart.

31. 13, will turn their mourning into j.

49. 25, the city of my j.

Lam. 2. 15, the j. of the whole earth.

Mat. 13. 20; Lu. 8. 13, with j. receiveth it.

44, for j. goeth and selleth. ment Mat. 13. 20; Lu. 8. 13, with j, receiveth if 44, for j, opeth and selleth. 25. 21. 23, the j, of thy Lord. Lu. 15. 7, in heaven over one sinner. 10, there is j, in presence of angels. 24. 4h, they believed not for j, 15. 11, 16. 24, that our j, might he full. Acta 8, great j, in that city. 20. 24, finish my course with j. 20. 24, finish my course with j. 2. Cor. 1. 24, helpers of your j. Phil. 2. 2, for the j, set before him. Jas. 1. 2, count it all j, when ye fall. 1 Pet. 1. 5, with j, inspeakable. 4. 13, glad also with exceeding j. 2 John 12, that our j, may be full. 4.13, glad also with exceeding j.
2 John 12, that our j. may be full.
Jude 24, faultless, with exceeding j.
See Rom. M. 17; Gal. 5, 22; Phil. 1.4.
JOYFUL. Pa. 35, 9, my son! shall he j. in the Lord.
63. 5, praise thee with j. lips.
66. 1; 81. 1; 95. 1; 98. 6, make a j. noise,
Eccl. 7, 14, in day of prosperity he j.
1sa. 56. 7, j. in my house of prayer.
See 2 Cor. 7. 4; Col. 1, 11; Heb. 10, 34.

HUDLY Low. Gen. 18. 25. Ps. 34. 2 the j. of all the JUDGE (n), Gen. 18, 25; Ps. 94, 2, the j. of all the earth.

Ps. 50. 6, God is j. himself.

68. 5. a j. of the widows.

Mic. 7. 3, the j. asketh a reward.

Ln. 12. 14, who made me a j. over you?

18. 6, the unjust j.

Acts 10. 42, the J. of quick and dead.

2 Tim. 48, the Lord, the righteous j.

Heb. 12. 23, to God the J. of all.

23. 5. 9, the j. standeth before the door.

See 2 Sam. 15. 4; Mat. 5. 25; Jas. 4. 11. earth. JUDGE (v.). Gen. 16. 5. Lord j. hetween me and thee.
Dent. 32 36; Ps. 7. 8, Lord j. the people.
Ps. 56, 11, he is a God that j. in the earth.
Iss. 1. 17, j. the fatherless.
Mat. 7. 1, j. the fatherless.
Mat. 7. 1, j. not, that ye be not j.
Ln. 7. 43, thon hast rightly j.
John 7. 24, j. righteous judgment.
Rom. 14. 4, who art thon that j.
See John 16, 11; Rom. 2, 16; 3. 6; 2 Tim. 4. 1.
UDG.MENT. Dent. 1. 17, the j. is God's. JUDGMENT. Deut. 1.17, the j. is God's. Ps. 1.5, shall not stand in the j.

Ps. 101. 1, I will sing of mercy and j. Prov. 29, 28, j. cometh from the Lord. Eccl. 11. 9; 12. 14, God will bring into j. Isa. 28. 17, j. will I lay to the line. Isa. 26, 3, thou wilt k, him in perfect peace. 27. 3. 1 the Lord do k, it, 1 will k, it. 1, 2, or. 3. 5, 12, will he k. his anger. Hab. 2. 20, let the earth k, silence. Mal. 3, 14, what profit that we have k. Mal. 19, 17, if thou wilt enter life k, the commutation of the silence of the sile 53. 8, taken from prison and from j.

Jer. 5. 1. if there be any that executeth i. Mal. 3. 14, what profit that we have k. Mat. 19. 17, if thon will enter life k. the commandments.

Ln. 11. 28, blessed are they that k.
19. 43, enemies shall k. thee in.
John 8. 51, 52, k. my sayings.
12. 25, he that hateth his life shall k. it.
14. 23, if a man love me he will k. my words.
17. 11, boly Father, k. through thine.
15, that thou shouldest k. them from the evil.
Acts 18. 4, delivered the decrees to k.
21. 25, k. from things offered to idols.
1 Cor. 5, 8, let us k. the feast.
9 27, 1 k. nuder my body.
Eph. 4. 3, k. the unity of the Spirit,
Fhil. 4. 7, the pease of God shall k. your hearts.
1 Cor. 5, 25, let us k. the feast.
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1 Cor. 5, 25, let us k. the feast.
1 Cor. 5, 25, let us k. the feast.
2 Spirit feast Jet. 2. 4, if there be any time executery.
10. 24, correct with j., not in anger.
Hos. 12. 6, keep mercy and j.
Mat. 5. 21, in danger of the j.
John 5. 22. Father committed all j. to the Son.
9.39, for j. I am come. 16. 8, reprove the world of j.

Acts 24. 25, reasoned of j, to come.

Rom. 14. 10, all stand before the j, seat. Acts 24. 55. reasoned of j, to come, Rom. 14. 19, all stand before the j, seat. Heb. 9. 27, after this the j, 1 Pet. 4.17, must hegin at house of God. See Mat. 12. 41; Heb. 10. 27; Jas. 2. 13. JUST. Job 9. 2, bow should man be j, with God. Prov. 3. 33, blesseth habitation of the j. 4. 18, path of j, as shrining light. 10. 7, memory of j, is blessed. Isa. 25. 7, way of the j, is purightness. Hah. 2. 4; Rom. 1. 17; Gal. 3. 11; Heb. 10. 38, the j, shall live by faith. Mat. 5. 45, sendeth rain on j, and unjust. Lu. 14. 14, recompensed at resurrection of j. 15. 7, ninety and nine j, persons. Acts 24. 15, resurrection both of j, and unjust. Rom. 3. 26, that he might be j. Phil. 4. 8, whatsoever things are j. Heb. 2. 2. a j, recompense of reward. 12. 23, spirits of j, men made perfect. 1 Pet. 3. 18, the j, for the unjust. See Job 34. 17; Acts 3. 14; Col. 41. JUSTICE. 2 Sam. 15. 4, I would do j. Ps. 69. 14, j, and judgment are the habitation. Prov. 8. 15, by me princes decree j. Isa. 59. 4, none calleth for j. Jer. 23. 5, execute judgment and j. in the earth. 50. 7, the habitation of j. See Job 8. 3; 36. 17; Isa. 9. 7; 56. 1. JUSTIFICATION. Rom. 4.25; 5. 16, 18. See I Fet. 1. 9, 1. 19; Julie 0; Rev. 3. 6.
KEEPER. Ps. 121. 5, the Lord is thy k.
Ecol. 12. 3, the k of the house tremble.
Cant. 1. 8, they made me k. of the vineyards,
Tit. 2. 5, chaste, k. at home.
See Gen. 4. 2, 9; Mat. 28. 4; Acts 5. 23; 16, 27. KEY. Mat. 16. 19, the k. of kingdom of heaven. In. 11. 52, ye have taken away k. of knowledge. Rev. 1. 18, the k. of hell and of death. See Isa. 22. 22; Rov. 3. 7; 9. 1. KICK. Dent. 32. 15; 1 Sam. 2, 29; Acts 9, 5. KILL. Num. 16. 13, to k. us in the wilderness. 2 Kings. 7, am I a God to k. 7. 4, if they k. us, we shall but die. Eccl. 3, 3, a time to k. Mat 10. 25; Lu 12. 4, fear not them that k, the JUSTIFICATION. Rom. 4.25; 5.16, 18. JUSTIFY. Job 11.2, should a man full of talk be j. USTITY. Job 11. 2, should a man full of talk be j. 25. 4, how then can man be j. with God? Ps. 51. 4, he j. when thon speakest. 143. 2, in thy sight shall no man living be j. 143. 2, in thy sight shall no man living be j. 143. 5, which j. the wicked for reward. Mat. 11. 19; Lu. 7. 35, wisdom is j. of her children. 12. 37, by thy words thon shalt be j. Lu. 10. 28, willing to j. himself. 18. 14, j. rather than the other. Acts 13. 39, all that believe are j. Rom. 3. 24; Tit. 3. 7, j. freely by his grace. 5. 1, being j. by faith. 9, being now j. by his blood. Gal. 2. 16, man is not j. by works of the law. 1 Thm. 3. 16, j. in the Spirit. See 1sa. 30. 8; Rom. 4. 5; 8. 33. (Thess. 2. 10. USTIY. Mio. 6. 8; Lu. 23, 41; Thess. 2. 10. body. Mk. 3. 4, is it lawful to save life, or to k. John 5. 18, Jews sought the more to k. him. 7. 19, why go ye about to k. mo? 8.22, will he k. himself? Rom. 8.38, for thy sake we are k. all the day. 2 Cor. 3.8, the letter k. 6. 9, chastened and not k. Jas. 4. 2, ye k. and desire to have. 5. 6, ye condemned and k. the just. See Mat. 23, 37; Mk. 12. 5; Lu. 22. 2. KIND. 2 Chron. 10. 7, if thou be k to this people, Mat. 17, 21; Mk. 9, 29, this k goeth not out. Lu. 8. 35, k to unitankful and evil. 1 Cor. 13. 4, charity snifereth long, and is k. See Mat. 13. 47; Eph. 4. 32; Jas. 3. JUSTLY. Mic. 6.8; Ln. 23, 41; 1 Thess. 2.10. KINDLE. Ps. 2.12, his wrath is k. hnt a little. Prov. 26.21, a contentions man to k. strife. KEEP. EP. Gen. 18, 19, they shall k, the way of the Lord. 1707.20.21, a contentions man to k. serific 18as. 50. 11. walk in sparks that ye have k. Hos. 11. 8, my repentings are k. together. Lu. 12. 49, what will 1, if it be already k. Jas. 3.5, how great a matter a little fire k. See Job 19. 11; 32. 2; Ezek. 20. 48,

Lord Num. 8. 24, the Lord bless thee and k. thee. 18am. 2, 9, he will k. feet of his saints. 25, 34, the Lord God hath k. me back from hurting thee.
Ps. 17. 8, k. me as the apple of the eye.
Ps. 17. 8, k. me as the apple of the eye.
121. 3, he that k. thee will not slumber.
127. 1, except the Lord k. thee in all thy ways.
127. 1, except the Lord k. the city.
141. 3, k. the door of my lips.
Prov. 4. 8, love wisdom, she shall k. thee.
21, k. my sayings in midst of thine heart.
23, k. thy heart with all diligence.
24, k. thy heart with all diligence.
25, k. thy toot when thon goest.
26. 12, in year, k. thy father's commandment.
26. 12, in great of and k. his commandments.

12. 13, fear God and k. his commandments.

KINDNESS. Ruth 3. 10, thou bast showed more k. 2 Sam. 2. 6, I will requite you this k. 9. 17, 18, 10, 18 how him k. for Jonathan's sake. Ps. 17, 7; 92. 2, thy marvellous loving-k. 36. 7, how excellent is thy loving-k. 63. 3, thy loving-k. is better than life. 117. 2; 119. 76, his merciful k. 141. 5, rightcous smite me, it shall be a k. Prov. 31. 26, in her tongue is the law of k. Isa. 54. 8, with everlasting k.

KINDLY. Gen. 24. 49; 50, 21; Ruth 1, 8; Rom. 12.

Jer. 2. 2, I remember the k. of thy youth. 331.3, with loving-k, have I drawn thee. Col. 3, 12, put on k, meckness. 2 Pet. 1.7, to godliness, brotherly k. See Josh. 2, 12; Nah. 9, 17; Joel 2, 13; Jonah 4, 2.

KINDRED. Acts 3. 25; Rev. 1.7; 5.9; 7.9. KING. Num. 23. 21, the shout of a k. is among

them.

Eccl. 2. 12, what can the man do that cometh after the k.?

10.16, we to thee when thy k, is a child. 20, ourse not the k.

Soc Lu. 10. 24; I Tim. 22; I Pet. 2. 17.

KINGDOM. Ex. 19. 8, 3. k. of priests.
I Chrup. 29. 11; Mat. 6. 13, thice is the k.
Ps. 22. 28, the k. is the Lord's.
103. 19, his k. ruleth over all.
145. 12, the glorious majesty of his k.
Isa. 14. 16, is this the man that did shake k.
Dan. 4. 3, his k. is an everlasting k.
Mat. 4. 23; 9. 35; 24. 14, gospel of the k.
8. 12, children of the k. cast out.
12. 25; Mk. 3. 24; Lu. 11. 17, k. divided against itself.
13. 38, good seed are children of the k.
25. 34, inherit the k.
Lu. 12. 32, Father's good pleasure to give k.
22. 29, I appoint uoto you a k.
John 18. 36, my k. is not of this world.
Acts. 16, wilt indurestore the k. to Israel.
1 Cor. 15. 24, when he shall have delivered up the k.

the k. Col. 1, 13, into the k. of his dear Son. 2 Tim. 4, 18, to his heavenly k. 2 1 110, 4, 15, to the neaventy k. Jas. 2 5, heirs of the k. he hath promised. 2 Pet. 1, 11, entrance into everlasting k. See Rev. 1 9; 11, 15; 16, 10; 17, 17, 17. KISS. Ps. 65, 10; Prov. 27, 6; Lu. 7, 38; Rom. 16, 16.

KISS. Ps. 65. 10; Prov. 27. 6; Lu. 7. 38; Rom. 16. 16.
KNEW. Gen. 28. 16, the Lord is in this place, and
I k. it not.
Jer. 1. 5, before I formed thee I k. thee.
Mat. 7. 23. 1 never k. you, depart.
John 4. 10, if thou k. the gift of God.
2 Cor. 5. 21, who k. no sin.
See Gen. 3. 7; Deut. 34. 10; John 1, 10; Rom. 1. 21.
KNOW. 1 Sam. 3. 7, Samuel did not yet k. the

Lord. 28.9, k. thou the God of thy father. Job 5.27, k. thou it for thy good. 8. 9, we are of yesterday and k. nothing.

Job 13. 23, make me to k. my transgression.

19. 25. 1 k. that my redeemer liveth.

22. 13; Ps. 73. 11, how doth God k.
Ps. 39. 4, make me to k. mine end.

46. 10, be still, and k. that I am God.

56. 9, this I k. for God is for me.

103. 14, he k. our frame.

139. 23, k. my heart.

Eccl. 9. 5, the living k. they shall dle.

11. 9, k. that for all these things.

Isa. 1. 3, the ox k. his owner.

Isa. 1. 3, the ox k. his owner.

13. 34; Heb. 8. 11, k. the Lord, for all shall k. me.

Ezek. 2. 5; 33. 33, k. there hath heau a prophet.

Hos. 2. 20, thou shalt k. the Lord.

Ezek. 2. 5; 33. 33. k. there hath besu a prophet. Hos. 2. 20, thou shalt k. the Lord. 7. 9, yet he k. it not. Mat. 6. 3, 1st not thy left band k. 13. 11; Mk. 4. 11; Lu. 6. 10, given to you to k. 25. 12, 1 k. you not. Mk. 1. 24; Lu. 4. 34, I k. thee, who thou art. Lu. 19. 42; if thou hadst k. 22. 57, 60, I k. him not. 10. 14, I k. my sheep and am k. of mine. 10. 14, I k. my sheep and am k. of mine. 13. 7, k. not now, but shalt k. 17, if ye k. these things. 35, by this shall all men k. Acts 1. 7, it is not for you to k. Rom. 8. 28, we k. that all things work. 1 Cor. 2. 14, neither can be k. them. 13. 9, 12, we k. in part. Eph. 3. 19, and to k. the cortoures. 1 3, 15, thou hast k. the scribures. 1 3, 50, 20, k. 4, that when he hall appear. Res. 2, 2, 8, k. that of k. feel all appear. Res. 2, 8, 2, 17m. 2. 10; 2 Feel 2. 9; Rev. 2. 17. NOWLEPGE. 2 Chron. 1, 10, 11, 12, give me k.

KNOWLEDGE. 2 Chron. 1. 10, 11, 12, give me k. Job 21, 14, we desire not k. of thy ways. Ps. 94, 10, he that teacheth man k.

Job 21. 14, we desire not k. of thy ways.

8. 94. 10, be that teacheth man k.

139. 6, such k. is too wonderful.

144. 3, that thou takest k. of him.

Prov. 10. 14, wise men lay up k.

14. 6, k. is easy to him that understandeth.

17. 27, be that hath k. spareth worda.

24. 5, a man of k. increaseth strength.

30. 3, nor have the k. of the holy.

Feel. 1. 18, increaseth k. iocreaseth sorrow.

9. 10, nor k. in the grave.

18. 11. 2, the spirit of k.

40. 14, who taught him k.

53. 11, by his k. justify many.

Dan. 1. 17, God gave them k.

12. 4, k. shall be lucreased.

Hos. 46, destroyed for lack of k.

Hab. 2. 14, earth shall he filled with the k.

Lu. 11. 52, taken away key of k.

Acts 4. 13, took k. of them.

Acts 4.13, took k. of them. 24.22, more perfect k. of that way, Rom. 10. 2, zeal not according to k. 1 Cor. 8.1, k. puffeth up. 13.6, k. shall vanish away, 15.34, some have not the k. of God. Eph. 3.19; love of Christ which passeth k. Phil. 3.8, but loss for the k. of Christ. Col. 2.3, treasures of wisdom and k. 1 Tim. 2.4; 2 Tim. 3.7, the k. of the truth. Heb. 10. 26, sin after we have received k. 2 Pet. 1.5, 6, to virtue k. and to k. tempas?

2 Pet. 1. 5, 6, to virtue k. and to k. temperance.
3, 18, grow in grace and k.
See Gen. 2, 9; 1 Sam. 2, 3; Prov. 19. 2; Hos. 4, 1.

LABOUR (n.), Ps. 90. 10, yet is their strength L and sorrow. sorrow.
104. 23, poeth to his l. till evening.
Prov. 13. 11, he that gathereth by l. shall increase.
14. 23, in all l. there is profit.
Eccl. 1.8, all things are full of l.

Eccl. 2.22, what hath man of all his l. 6.7, all the l. of man is for his mouth. 5.1, \$11 the 4. or man is for his mount, John 4.38, are entered into their l. 1 Cor. 15.58, your l. is not in vain. 1 Thess. 1.3; Heb. 8.10, your l. of love, Rev. 2.2, 1 know thy l. and patience. 14.13, rest from their. See Gen. 31. 42; 1sa. 58. 3; 2 Cor. 6. 5; 11. 23. LABOUR (v.), Ex. 20.9: Deut. 5.13, six days shalt thou l.
Neh. 4.21, so we l. in the work.
Ps. 121. 1, they l. in vain. Pe. 121, 1, they L in vain.
144, 14, our oxen may be strong to L.
Prov. 16, 26, be that L L for himself.
23, 4, L not to be rich.
Eccl. 4, 8, for whom do I L.
6, 12, the alege of a L man is sweet.
Mat. 11, 28, all ye that L
1, on 6, 27, L not for meat which perisheth.
1 Cor. 3, 9, we are L together with God.
Eph. 4, 28, but rather L, working with his hands.
1 Thess, 5, 12, which L among you.
1 Tim. 5, 17, they who L in word and doctrine.
See Mat. 9, 37; 20, 1; Lu. 10, 2,
ACK. Mat. 19, 20; Lu. 22, 25, Acts 4, 34 LACK. Mat. 19. 20; Lu. 22. 35; Acts 4. 34. LADEN. Isa, 1.4; Mat. II. 28; 2 Tim. 3.6.

LAMB. Isa, 5. 17, the L feed after their manner.

11. 8; the wold shall dwell with the L.

53. 7; Jer. II. 19, as L to the slaughter.

John 1. 29, 38, behold the L. of God.

1. Pet. 1. 19, as of a L. without blemish.

Rev. 5. 8; 13. 18, stood a L. slain.

12. 11, by the blood of the L.

22. 1, the throne of God and of the L.

See Isa. 49. II; Lu. 10. 3; John 21. 15.

LAME. John 29. 15; Prov. 26. 7; Isa. 35. 6; Heb.

12. 13. LAMENT. Mat. 11. 17; John 16. 20; Acts 8. 2. LAMP. Ps. 119. 105; Prov. 13. 9; Isa. 62. 1; Mat. 25. 1. LAP. Judg. 7.8; Prov. 18. 33. LAST. Num. 23.10, let my l. end be like his. Prov. 23.32, at the l, it biteth. Mat. 12.45; Lu. 11.26, l. state of that man. 19.30; 20.16; Mk. 10.31; Lu. 13.30, first shall he L John 6. 39; 11. 24; 12. 48, the *l*. day, Ses Lam. 1, 9; 2 Tim. 3, 1; 1 Pet. 1, 5; 1 John 2, 18. LATTER. Job 19. 25; Prov. 19. 20; Hag. 2, 9. LAUGH. Prov. 1. 28; Eccl. 3. 4; Lu. 6. 27; Jas. 4.9. LAW. Josh. 8.34, all the worde of the l. Ps. 37. 31, the l. of his God is in his heart, 40.8, thy l. is within my heart. 119. 70, 77, 92, 174, 1 delight in thy l. 97, 113, 163, 165, how I love thy l. Prov. 13, 14, the l. of the wise is a fountain of life. Isa. 8. 20, to the l. and to the testimony. Mal. 2.6, the l. of truth was in his mouth. Mat. 5. 17, not come to destroy the l. 22. 23, the weightier matters of the l. John 7. 51, doth our l. judge any man. 19. 7, we have a l., and hy our l. Rom. 2. 14, are a l. unto themselves. 3. 20, by the deeds of the l. 7. 12, the l. is holy. 14, the l. is printual. 16; 1 Tim. 1.8, the l. is good. 8. 3, what the l. could not do. Gal. 3. 24, the l. was our schoolmaster. 5. 14, all the l. is Itilized in one word. 23, against such there is no l. 6. 2, so fulfil the l. of Christ. 1Tim. 1.9, l. not made for a righteous man. 4. 9. 6.2, so fulfit the t. or Unrist.
1 Tim. 1.9, t not made for a righteous man,
Heb. 7. 16, the t. of a carnal commandment.
Jas. 1.25; 2.12, perfect t. of liberty.
2.8, the royal t.
See Ps. 1.2; 19.7; Mat. 7.12; Rom. 10. 4.
LAWFUL. Mat. 12.2; John 5. 10; 1 Cor. 6. 12.

LAWLESS, 1 Tim, 1.9. LEAD. Deut. 4, 27; 28, 37, whither the Lord shall L you.
Ps. 23. 2, he l. me beside still waters.
27.11, l. me in a plain path. 31.3, l. me and guide me. 61.2, l. me to the rock. 139, 10, there shall thy hand l. me. 139, 10, there shall thy hand l. me.
24, l. me in the way everlasting.
Prov. 8, 22, when thou goest, it shall l. thee,
Isa, 11. 6, a little child shall l. them,
42. 16, I will l. them in paths not known,
48. 17, I am the Lord which l. thee,
Mat. 6, 13; Lu. 11. 4, l. us not into temptation,
15, 14; Lu. 6, 39, if the blind. l. the blind.
Acts 13, 11, seeking some to l. him.
Itim. 2, 2, we may l. a quiet life.
See John 10. 3; I Cor. 9, 5; 2 Tim. 3. 6; Rev. 7, 17,
EAF I Lar. 9, 38, P. B. 13, Lise A& Mat. 21, 10 See John 10. 3; 1 Cor. 9. 5; 2 Tim. 3. 8; Rev. 7. 17. LEAF. Lev. 26. 38; Ps. 1. 3; Isa. 64 6; Mat. 21. 10, LEAN. Prov. 3. 5; Amos 5. 19; Mic. 3. 11; John 13. 23; 21; 20. LEARN. Deut. 31. 13, L to fear the Lord. Prov. 1. 5; 9 9; 16. 21, will increase L. 22. 25, lest thou l. his ways. 18. 1. 17, L to do well. 24; Mic. 4. 3, neither shall they L war. 29. 11. 12, deliver to one that is L. John 6. 45, every one that hath L of the Father. 7. 15, having never 1. John 6, 45, every one that bath L of the Father.
7, 15, having nover l.
Acts 7, 22, L in all the wisdom of the Egyptians.
26, 24, much L doth make thee mad.
Rom. 15, 4, written for our L.
Eph. 4, 20, ye have not so L Christ.
2 Tim. 3, 14, in the things thou hast L.
Heb. 5, 8, though a Son, yet L be obedience.
See Mat. 9, 13; 11, 29; Phil. 4, 11; Rev. 14, 3,
LEAST. Mat. 5, 19, one of these L commandments,
11, 11; Lu. 7, 23, he that is L, in kingdom of heaven. beaven.

25. 49, 45, done it to the L of these,
Lu. 12. 28, not shle to do that which is L
18. 10, fathful in that which is L
18. 10, fathful in that which is 1
Eph. 3. 8, less than the L of all saints,
See Gen. 32. 10; Jer. 31. 34; 1 Cor. 6. 4.

LEAVE. Gen. 2. 24; Mat. 19. 5; Mk. 10. 7; Eph.
5. 31, L father and mother, and shall cleave.
Pa. 18. 10; A ota 2. 27, not L my soul in hell.
27. 9; 119. 121, L me not.
Mat. 23. 25, and not L the other undone.
John 14. 27, peace 1 L with you.
Heb. 13. 5, i will never L thee.
See Ruth 1. 16; Mat. 5. 24; John 16. 28.
LEFS. 18. 25. 6: Jer. 48. 11: Zeph. 1. 12. heaven. LEES. Isa. 25. 6; Jer. 48. 11; Zeph. 1, 12. LEND. Deut. 15. 8, thou shalt l. to many nations. Ps. 37, 26; 112. 5, ever merciful and l. Prov. 19. 17, he that hath pity on poor l. to the Prov. 18, 11, 110 base large grant to the L. Lord.

22. 7, the borrower is servant to the L. Lu. 8. 34, if ye L to them of whom. See 1 Sam. 1. 28; Isa. 24. 2; Lu. 11. 5. LESS. Ex. 30. 15; John 11. 6; Isa. 40. 17. LIARS. Ps. 116. 11; John 8. 44; Tit. L 12; Rev. 2. 2; 21. 8. 2. 2; 21. 8.
LIBERAL. Prov. 11. 25; Isa. 32. 5. 8; Jas. 1. 5.
LIBERTY. Pa. 119. 45, I will walk at l.
Isa. 61. 1; Jer. 34. 8; Lu. 4. 18, to proclaim l.
Rom. 8. 27, the glorious l.
1 Cor. 8. 9, take heed lest this l. of yours.
2 Cor. 3. 17, where the Spirit is there is l.
Gal. 5. 1, stand fast in the l.
Jas. 1. 25; 2. 12, the law of l.
See Lev. 25. 10; Gal. 5. 13; 1 Pet. 2. 18.
LIFE. Gen. 2. 7; 8. 17; 7. 22, the breath of l.
9; 3. 24; Rev. 2. 7, the tree of l.
Deut. 30. 15; Jer. 21. 8, I have set before thee l.
Josh. 2. 14, our l. for yours.
I Sam. 25. 28, hound up in the bundle of l.
Ps. 16, II, show me the path of l.
17. 14; Ecol. 9. 9, their portion in this l.

Ps. 28. 9, gather not my l. with bloody men.
27. 1, the strength of my l.
34. 12, what man is he that desireth l.
34. 12, what man is he that desireth l.
38. 9, the fountain of l.
91. 18, with long l, will I satisfy him.
133. 3, even l. for evermore.
Prov. 3. 23, so shall they be l. to thy soul.
38. 35, whoso findeth me findeth l.
15. 24, the way of l. is above to the wise.
Mat. 6. 25, Lu. 12. 22, no thought for your l.
18. 8; 19. 17; Mk. 9. 43, to enter into l.
12. 12. 15, a man's l. consisted not.
23, the l. is more than meat.
John 1. 4, in him was l.
5. 24; 1 John 3. 14, passed from death to l.
26, as the Father hath l. in himself.
40; 10. 10, will not come that ye might have l.
6. 33, 47, 48, 54, the hread of l.
11. 12; 14. 6, the resurrection and the l.
Rom. 6. 4, in newness of l.
11. 15, l. from the dead.
2 Cor. 2. 15, the savour of l. unto l.
Gal. 2. 20, the l. that l now live.
Eph. 4. 18, silenated from the l. of God.
Col. 3. 3, your l. is hid.
1 Yim. 4. 8; 2 Tim. 1. 1, the promise of the l.
2 Tim. 1. 10, brought l. to light by gaspel.
Jas. 4. 14, what is your l.
1 John 1. 2, the l. was manifested.
2. 16, the pride of l.
5. 11, this l. is in his Son.
Rev. 22, 1, 17, river of water of l.
See Mat. 10. 39; 20. 25; Acts 5. 20.
LICHT. Ex. 10. 23, Israel had l. in their dwellings. LIGHT. Ex. 10. 23. Israel had l. in their dwellings Job 18. 5, the L of the wicked.
37. 21, men see not bright L in clouds.
98. 4. 6; 99. 8, the L of thy countsnance.
27. 1, the Lord is my L.
86. 9, in thy L shall we see L.
97. 11, L is sown for the righteous.
119. 105, s. L to my path.
Eccl. 11. 7, the L is sweet.
18s. 5. 20, darkness for L and L for darkness.
30. 28, the L of the moon as L of sun.
59. 9, we wait for L.
60. 1, srise, shine, for thy L is come.
Zech. 14. 8, the L shall not be clear.
Mat. 5. 14; Jahn 8, 12; 9. 5, the L of the world,
16, let your L so shine. Job 18.5, the l. of the wicked mat. o. 43; Jann 8, 12; 9. 5, the *l*. of the worl 16, let your *l*. so shine. 6, 22, the *l*. of the body is the eye. Lu, 12, 35, your loins grided, and *l*. burning. 16, 8, wiser than children of *l*. John 1, 9, that was the true *L*. 3, 19, *l*. is came into the world. 3.19, l. 1s come into the world.
20, hateith the l.
20, hateith the l.
12. 35, yet a little while is the l. with you.
36, while ye have l. believs in the l.
Acts 28, 18, turn from darkness to l.
10: 4.5, bring to l. hidden things.
2 Cor. 4.4, l. of the gospel.
6, commanded l. to shine out of darkness.
11. 14, an angel of l.
Eph. 5. 8, now are ye l., walk as children of l.
14. Christ shall give thee l.
17 mm. 8, l. 6, in l. which no man can approach.
2 Pet. 1. 19, s l. shining in s dark place.
1 John 1.5, God is l.
7, walk in the l. as he is in the l.
Rev. 22. 5, they need no candle, neither l. of the sun. See 2 Tim. 1. 10; Rev. 7. 16; 18. 23; 21. 23. LIGHTNING. Ex. 19.16; Mat. 24, 27; Lu. 10.16. LIKENESS. Ps. 17. 15, when I awake, with thy l. lss. 40. 18, what l. will ye compars. Acts 14. 11, gods are come down in l. of men. Rom. 6. 5, l. of his death, l. of his resurrection.

Rom. 6. 3, in the *l*. of sinful flesh. Phil. 2. 7, was made in the *l*. of men. See Gen. 1. 26; 5. 1; Ex. 20. 4; Deut. 4. 16. LIMIT. Ps. 78. 41; Ezek. 43. 12; Heb. 4. 7. LINE. Ps. 18. 8; 1sa. 29. 10, 17; 34. 11; 2 Cor. 10. 18. LINGER. Gen. 19. 16; 43. 10; 2 Pet. 2. 3. 4, our L are our own.
17. 1, geeth not out of feigned L.
31. 19; 120. 2; Prov. 10. 18; 12. 22; 17. 7, lying L.
Prov. 15. 7, the L of the wise disperse knowledge.
Eccl. 10. 12, the L of a fool will swallow himsell.
Cant. 7. 9, causing L of those asleep to speak.
Isa. 5, a man of unclean L.
Mat. 15. 8, homoureth ms with their L.
See Pa. 51. 15; 141. 3; Dan. 10. 18; Hah. 3. 16. See Ps. 51. 15; 141. 3; Dsn. 10. 16; Hsh. 3. 16.
LITTLE. Ezra 9. 8, for a l. space, a l. reviving.
Job 26, 44, how l. a portion is heard.
Ps. 6. 5; Heb. 2. 7, a l. lower than angels.
37, 16, a l. that a righteous man hath.
Prov. 6. 16; 24. 33, a l. elsep.
15. 16; 16. 8, better is a l. with fear of Lord.
30, 24, four things l. on earth.
1ss. 28. 10, here a l. and there a l.
40, 15; Ezek. 16, 47, as a very l. thing.
Hag. 1. 6, bring in l.
Mat. 6. 30; 9. 26; 14. 31; 16. 8; Lu. 12. 28, l. faith.
10. 42; 18. 6; Mt. 9. 42; Lu. 17. 2, l. ones.
Lu. 7. 47, to whom l. is furgiven.
19. 3, l. of stature.
10. 5, 6; Gal. 5, 9, a l. leaven.
1 Thm. 4. 3, bodily exercise profiteth l.
See John 7. 33; 14. 19; 18. 16; Rev. 3. 8; 6. 11.
LIVE. Gen, 17. 18, O that Ishmael might l. before LIVE. Gen. 17. 18, O that Ishmeel might l. before 45. 3, doth my father yet *l*.? Lev. 18, 5; Neh. 9, 29; Ezek. 20, 11, if a man do, he shall *l*. Lev. 18, 5; Neh. 9, 28; Ezek. 20. 11, if a man do, he shall.

Deut. 8, 3; Mat. 4. 4; Lu. 4. 4, not l. by bread alone. John 7. 16, 1 would not l. siway.

14. 14, shall he l. again.

Ps. 118. 17, 1 shall not die, but l.

183. 38, 16, make me to l.

185. 3, hear and your soul shall l.

Ezek. 3. 21; 18, 9; 33. 13, he shall surely l.

16. 6, when thou wast in thy blood, l.

Hos. 5. 2, we shall l. in his sight.

Hsb. 2. 4, the just shall l. by faith.

Lu. 10, 23, this do, and thou shalt l.

John 11. 25; though he were dead, yet shall he l.

14. 19, because l. I, ye shall l. siso.

Acts 17. 28; in him we l. sod move.

Rom. 8, 12, l. after the flesh.

14. 8, whether we l., we l. unto the Lord.

1 Cor. 5, 9, as dying, and behald we l.

Gal. 2, 18, that I might l. unto God.

5.25, if we l. in the Spirit.

Phil. 1, 21, for me to l. is Christ.

2 Tim. 3, 12, all that will l. godly.

Las. 4, 15, if the Lord will, we shall l.

Rev. 1, 18, I sm be that l. and was dead.

3, 1, s name that thou. 6. 3.1, a name that thou *l*. See Rom. 6.10; 1 Tim. 5, 6; Rev. 20. 4. LIVELY. Ex. 1. 19; Acts 7. 38; 1 Pst. 1. 3; 2. 5. LIVING. Gen. 2.7, s.l. soul. Job 28, 13; Ps. 27, 13; 52, 6; 118, 9, the land of 100.4. Ps. 69.29, the Lock of the 1. Eccl. 7.2, the L. will lay it to heart. 9.5, the L. know they shall die. Cant. 4, 15, Lev. 2, 18, 17, 13; Zecb. 14, 8; John 4. 10, l. water. Isa 38, 19, the l. shall praise thee.

Lam. 3. 39, wherefore doth a l. man complain. Mk. 12. 44, even all her l.
Lu. 8. 43, spent all her l.
John 6. 51, I am the l. hread.
Heh. 10. 20, a new and l. way.
See Mat. 22. 32; Mk. 12. 27; I Cor. 15. 43. LOADETH, Ps. 68, 19. LOAN, 1 Sam, 2, 20,

LOATHE. Num, 21, 5; Job 7, 16; Ezek. 6, 9; 20, 43;

LODGE. Ruth 1, 16: Isa, 1, 21: 1 Tim, 5, 10. LOFTY. Ps. 131.1; Isa. 2.11; 57. 15.

LONG. Job 3. 21, which L for death. 6. 8, the thing I L for. Ps. 63. 1, my flesh L for thee in a dry land. 84. 2, my soul l. for courts of the Lord. 119. 174, I have l. for thy salvation. See Deut. 12. 20; 28. 32; 2 Sam. 23. 15; Phil. 1. 8.

on. a my sout a for courts of the Lord.

119. 174, I have l. for thy salvation.

See Deut. 12. 29; 28. 23; 2 Sam. 23. 15; Phil. 1, 8.

LOOK. Gen. 19. 17, I not behind thee.

Num. 21. 8, when he l. on the serpent.

Job 33. 27, he l. on meu.

Ps. 5. 3, and will l. up.

34. 5, they l. to him and were lightened.

84. 9, I upon the face of thine anointed.

18a. 5, 1; 59. 11, he l. for judgment.

17. 7, at that day shall a man l. to his Maker,

45. 22, l. unto me and he saved.

63. 5, I l. and there was none to help.

66. 2, to this man will I l.

Jer. 8, 15; 14. 19, we l. for peace.

39. 12, l. well to him.

40. 4, come with me and I will l, well to thee,

Hag. 1, 9, ye l, for much.

Mat. 11. 3; Lui. 7, 19, do we l. for another.

24. 50; in a day he l, not for.

Lu. 9, 62, no man l, back is fit for kingdom.

10. 32, a Levite came and l, an im.

20. 61, turned and l, on Peter.

John 13. 22, disciples l, one on another.

Acts. 3, 4, 12, said, l, on us.

Acts. 3, 4, 12, said, l, on us.

6. 3, l, ve out seven men.

2 Cor. 4, 18, we l, not at things seen.

10, 7, l, upon things after outward appearance.

Phil. 2, 4, 1, not every man on his own things.

Tit. 2, 13, l, for that blessed hope.

Heb. 11. 10, he l, for a city.

12. 2, l-unto Jesus.

See Prov. 14, 15; Mat. 5, 25; 2 Pet. 3, 12.

LOOSE. Joh 38, 31, canst thou l, the bands o

LOOSE. Job 38, 31, canst thou L the bands of

Orion.
Ps. 102. 20, *l*. those appointed to death.
116. 16, thou hast *l*. my honds.
Eccl. 12. 6, or ever the silver cord be *l*.
Mat. 16. 19; 18. 18, *l*. on earth, be *l*. in heaven.
John 11. 44, *l*. him, and let him go.
Acts 2. 24, having *l*. the pains of death.
1 Cor. 7. 27, art thou *l*. from a wife.
See Deut. 25. 9; Isa. 45. 1; 51. 14; In. 13. 12. LORD.

ORD. Ex. 34. 6, the L., the L. God, merciful. Deut. 4. 35; 1 Kings 18. 39, the L. ie God. 6. 4, the L. our God is one L. Ruth 2. 4; 2 Chron. 20. 17; 2 Thess, 3. 16, the L.

be with you.
1 Sam: 3. 18; John 21. 7, it is the L.
Neh. 9. 6; Isa. 37. 20, thou art L. alone.
Ps. 33. 12, whose God is the L.

Ps. 33. 12, whose God is the L.
100. 3, know that the L. he is God.
116. 23, this is the L. doing.
2cch. 14. 9, one L. and his name one.
Mat. 7. 21, not every one that saith L., L.
26. 22, L., is it 1?
Mk. 2. 29; Lu. 6.5, the L. of the sabhath.
Lu. 6. 46, why call ye me L., L.
John 9. 36, who is he, L.?
20. 25, we have seen the L.
Acts 2. 36, both L. and Christ.
9. 5; 28. 15, who art thou, L.?

Eph. 4. 5, one L. See Rom. 10. 12; 1 Cor. 2. 8; 15. 47; Rev. II. 15. LORDSHIP. Mk. 10. 42; Ln. 22. 25.

LOSE. Mat. 10. 39; 16. 25; Mk. 8. 35; Lu. 9. 24, shall l. it. 16. 26; Mk. 8. 36; Lu. 9. 25, l. his own soul. John 6. 39, Father's will I should l. nothing. See Judg. 19. 25; Ecol. 3. 6; Lu. 16. 48.

LOSS, 1 Cor. 3. 15; Phil. 3. 7, 8.

LOST. Ps. 119, 176; Jer. 50. 6, like *l*. sheep. Ezek. 37, 11, our hope is *l*. Mat. 10, 6; 15, 24, go to *l*. sheep of Israel. 16, 11; Lu. 19, 10; to save that which was *l*. John 6, 12, that nothing be 17, 12, none of them; is *l*.

John 6, 12, that nothing de 4, 17, 12, none of them is l. 18, 9, have 1 l. none. See Lev. 6, 3; Deut. 22, 3; 2 Cor. 4, 3.

over Lev. 0. 3; Deut. 22. 3; 2 Cor. 4. 3. 1 COr. 4: 16. 5, thou maintainest my l. 195. 3, not rest on the l. of the righteous, 16. 33, l. is cast into the lap. 16. 18. 1. is cast into the lap. 16. 18. l. causeth contention to cease. Dan. 12. 13, stand in thy l. Acts 8 of 1 maintainest and lap. Acts 8 of 1 maintainest and 1. Acts 8 of 1 maintainest and 1.

Acts 8, 21, neither part nor l. in this matter. See Num. 26, 55; Mat. 27, 35: Acts 1, 26. LOUD. Ezra 3. 13; Prov. 7. 11; 27. 14; Lu. 23. 23.

LOVE (n.). 2 Sam. 1. 26, wonderful, passing the 1.

OOUE (n.). 2 Sam. 1.26, wonderful, passing the of women.

Prov. 10.12, L covereth all sins.
15. 17, hetter a dinner of herbs where L is.
Cant. 2.4, his hanner over me was L.
8.6, L is strong as death.
Jor. 31.3, loved thee with everlasting L.
Hos. 11.4, the bands of L.
Mat. 22. 12, L of many shall wax cold.
John 5. 42, ye have 10. to God in you.
13. 35, if ye have L one to another.
15. 13, greater L hath no man than this.
Rom. 13. 10, L worketh no ill.
2 Cor. 5. 14, the L of Christ constraineth us.
13. 11, the God of L shall be with you.
Eph. 3. 19, the L of Christ which passeth.
I Tim. 6. 10, L of money is the root of all evil.
Heb. 13. 1, let brotherly L continue.
1 John 4. L is of God.
8, 16, God is L
10, here his is 1, not that we loved God.
18, no fear his 1, not that we loved God.
18, no fear his 400 1/361. 5 29. 1 These 1.2

Rev. 2. 4, thou hast left thy first l. See Gen. 29. 20; Gal. 5. 22; 1 Thess. I. 3.

Rev. 2. 4, thou hast left thy first I. See Gen. 29. 20; Gel. 5. 22; 1 Thess. I. 3.

LOVE (v.). Lev. 19. 18; Mat. 19. 19; 22. 39; Mk. 12. .

31, thou shait it thy neighhour.
Deut. 6. 5; 10. 12; Il. 1; 19. 9; 30. 6; Mat. 22. 37;
Mk. 12. 30; Lu. 10. 27, I. the Lord thy God.
Mk. 12. 30; Lu. 10. 27, I. the Lord thy God.
Mk. 12. 30; Lu. 10. 27, I. the Lord thy God.
Mk. 12. 30; Lu. 10. 27, I. the Lord thy God.
Mk. 12. 30; Lu. 10. 27, I. the Lord thy God.
12. 6; In what man is he that I. many days.
69, 36, they that I. the, Ol Lord, In young days.
69, 36, they that I. the Lord.
109, 17, as he I. cursing.
12. 6, they shall prosper that I. thee.
Prov. 8. 17, I. them that I. me.
17. II., a Friend I. at all times.
Eccl. 3. 8, a time to I.
Jer. 5. 31, my people I. to have it so.
31. 3, I have I. thee with an everlasting I.
Hos. 14. 4, I will I. them freely.
Amos 5. 15, hate the evil and I. the good.
Mic. 6. 8, but to I. mercy and walk humbly.
Mat. 5. 44; Lu. 6. 27, I say, I your enemies.
46, if ye I them which I, you.
Lu. 7. 42, which will I. him most.
John 11. 3, he whom thou I. is sick.
15. 12, 17, that yo I. one another.
21. 15, 16, 17, I. thou me.
Rom. 13. 8, owe no man anything hut to I.
Eph. 6. 24, grace he with all them that I. our Lord.
1 Pet. 1. 8, whom having not seen ye I.
2

1 John 4. 19, we *l*. him because he first *l*. us. Rev. 3. 19, as many as I *l*. 1 rebuke. See Gen. 22. 2; John 14. 31; 1 John 4. 20, 21. LOVELY. 2 Sam. 1. 23; Cant. 5. 16; Ezek. 33. 32; Phil. 4. 6. LOVER. 1 Kings 5. 1; Ps. 88. 16; 2 Tim. 3. 4; Tit.

Ps. 136. 23; Rom. 12. 16; Jas. 1. 9, 10. LOWER. Ps. 8.5; 63.9; Eph. 4.9; Heb. 2.7. LOWEST. Deut. 32.22; Ps. 86.13; Lu. 14.9. LOWLINESS. Eph. 4.2: Phil. 2.3.

LOWLINESS. Eph. 42; Phil. 2. 3.
LOWLINESS. Eph. 42; Phil. 2. 3.
LOWLINESS. Eph. 42; Phil. 2. 3.
LOWLINESS. Eph. 42; Phil. 2. 3.
LOWLY. Prov. 11. 2, with the L is wisdom.
Mat. 11. 29, I am meek and l.
See Pa. 138. 6; Prov. 3. 34; 16. 19; Zech. 9. 9.
LUST. Deut. 12. 15, 20, 21; 14. 26, whatsoever thy
soul L after.
Pa. 81. 12, gave them up to their own l.
Rom. 1. 7; I had not known l.
Gal. 5. 24, Christ's have crucified flesh with l.
ITim. 6. 9, rich fail into hurtful l.
Tit. 2. 12, denying worldly l.
Jas. 1. 14, when he is drawn of his own l.
I Pet. 2. 11, abstain from fleshly l.
I John 2. 16, the l. of the flesh.
I1, world passeth and the l. thereof.
Jude 16, 18, walking after l.
See Mat. 5. 28; 1 Cor. 10. 6; Rev. 18. 14.
LYING. Ps. 31. 18, let the l. lips be put to silence.
I19. 163, I abhor l., but thy law I love.
Prov. 6. 17, the Lord bateth e l. tougue.
I2. 19, a l. tougue is but for a moment.
Eph. 4. 25, putting away l.
See 1 Kings 22. 22; 2 Chron. 18. 21; Dan. 2. 9.

M.

MAD. John 10. 20; Acts 26. 11, 24; I Cor. 14. 23.

MADE. Ex. 2. 14, who m. thee a prince over us. Ps. 118. 24, this is the day the Lord hath m. Prov. 16. 4, the Lord m. all things for himself. Eccl. 3. 11, he hath m. everything beautiful. 7. 29. God hath.m. msn upright. Isa. 66. 2, all these things hath mine hand m. John 1. 3. all things were m. by the second of the second

Job 7, 17, what is man that thou shouldest m.

Job 7. 17, what is man that thou shouldes him.
Ps. 34. 3, 49. 16; Lu. 1. 46, m. the Lord.
35, 26; 38. 16, that m. themselves.
138. 2, thou hast m. thy word above all.
Iss. 42. 21, m. the law.
Acts 19. 17, the name of Jeaus was m.
Rom. 11. 13, 1 m. mine office.
See Dan. 8. 25; 11. 36; Acts 5. 13; Phil. 1. 20.

MAIL, 1 Sam, 17, 5, MAINTAIN. 1 Kings 8, 45: 49, 59: 2 Chron. 35, 39.

m. their cause.

Pa. 16. 5, thou m. my lot. Tit. 3. 8, 14, careful to m. good works. See Joh 13, 15; Ps. 9. 4; 140. 12. MAINTENANCE. Ezra 4. 14; Prov. 27. 27.

MAKER. Joh 4. 17, shall a man be more pure than his m.?

18B 118 m; r. (22.22, m) m, would soon take me away. 35.10, none saith, where is God my m. 85.3, ascribe righteousness to my m. Ps. 95.6, kneel before the Lord our m. Prov. 14.31; 11.5, reproscheth his m. 22.2, the Lord is m. of them all. 18a. 45.9, that striveth with his m.

Isa. 51. 13, forgettest the Lord thy m. 54. 5, thy m. is thine husband.
Heb. 11. 10, whose huilder and m. is God. See Isa. 1. 31; 17. 7; 22. 11; Hab. 2. 18.
MALICIOUSNESS. Rom. 1. 29; 1 Pet. 2. 16.

MAN. Gen. 3, 22, the m. is become as oue of us. 8, 21, for m. sake. Num. 23, 19, God is not a m. Neh. 6, 11, should such a m. ss I flee. Joh 5. 7, m. is born to trouble.

Job 5. 7, m. is born to trouble.
10. 4, seest thou as m. seeth.
11. 12, vain m. would be wise.
14. 1, m. that is born of a woman.
15. 7, art thou the first m. that was born.
25. 6, m. that is a worm.
33. 12, God is greater than m.
Ps. 10. 13, the m. of earth.
49. 13, m. being in henour shideth not.
89. 48, what m. is he that liveth.
90. 3. thou turnest m. to destruction.

49. 12, m. being in henour anidest not.

49. 48, what m. ia he that liveth.

50. 3, thou turnest m. to destruction.

104. 23, m. goeth forth to his labour.

118. 6, not fear, what can m. do?

Prov. 12. 2, a good m. ohtainest favour.

Eccl. 6, 12, what is good for m.

Jer. 10. 23, it is not in m. to direct his steps.

Lam. 3. 1, I sm the m. that hath seen.

Hos. 11. 9, I am God and not m.

Mat. 6. 24; Lu. 16. 13, no m. can serve.

8. 4; Mk. 8. 26, 30; Lu. 5. 14; 9. 21, tell no m.

11. 8, they saw no m.

John 1. 18; 1 John 4. 12, no m. hath seen God.

10. 5, bebold the m.

10. 12. 11, what m. knoweth things of a m.

11. 8, m. is not of the woman.

2 Cor. 4. 16, though our outward m. perish.

Phil. 2. 8, in fashion as a m.

1 Tim. 2. 5, the m. Christ Jesus.

See John 7. 46; 1 Cor. 15. 47; Eph. 4. 24.

MANIFEST. Mk. 4. 22, nothing hid that shs

MANIFEST. Mk. 4. 22, nothing hid that shall not be m.

John 2. 11, and m. forth his glory.
14. 22, how is it thou wilt m. thyself.
1 Cor. 4. 5, who will make m. the counsels of the

1 Cor. 4. 5, who will make m, the country of knowledge, feal. 5. 19, the works of the flesh are m. 2 Thess. 1. 5, a m, token of righteous judgment. 1 Tim. 3. 16, God was m, in the flesh. 5. 25, good works m, beforehand. Heh. 4. 13, no creature that is not m, 1 John 1. 2, the life was m.

3. 5, he was m, to take away our sins.

3. 5, he was m. to take away our sins.
4. 9, in this was m. the love of God.
See Rom. 8. 19; John 17. 6; 1 John 3. 10.

MANIFOLD. Ps. 104. 24, how m, are thy works.

Eph. 3.10, the m. wiadom of God. 1 Pet. 1. 6, through m. temptations. 4.10, atewards of the m. grace of God. See Neh. 9. 19, 27; Amos 5. 12; Lu. 18. 30.

MANNER. 2 Sam. 7, 18, is this the m. of man, Ps. 144, 13, all m. of store. Isa. 5, 17, lambs shall feed after their m. Mat. 8, 27; Mk. 4, 41; Lu. 8, 25, what m. of man

is this. 12.31, all m. of sin shall be forgiven.

R. 31, all m, or sin shall be forgiven.
Acts 26.4, my m. of life from my youth.
1 Cor. 15.33, corrupt good m.
Heb. 10, 25, as the m. of some is.
Jas. 1.24, forgetteth what m. of man.
1 Pet. 1.15, holy in all m. of conversation.
2 Pet. 3. II, what m. of persons ought ye to be.
See Mat. 4.25; 5.11; Lu. 9.55; Rev. 22, 2.
MANTLE. 2 Kinga 2, 8; Job 1, 20; Ps. 109, 29.

MAR. Lev. 19. 27, nor m, the corners of thy beard. 18m. 6. 5, images of mice that m, the land. John 30. 31, they m, my path. Isa. 52. 14, visage m, more than any man. Mk. 2. 22, wine spilled and bottles m. See Ruth 4. 6; 2 Kinga 3. 19; Jer. 13. 7; 16. 4.

MARK. Gen. 4. 15, the Lord set a m. on Cain, Job 22. 15, hast thou m. the old way. Ps. 37. 37, m. the perfect man. 48. 13, m. well her bulwarks. 130. 3, if thou shouldest m. iniquities. Jer. 2. 22, thine iniquity is m. before me. 23. 18, who bath m. his word. Phil. 3. 14, toward the m. for the prize.

17, m, them which walk so. See Lu. 14. 7; Rom. 16. 17; Rev. 13. 16; 20. 4.

MARROW. Joh 21. 24; Ps. 63. 5; Prov. 3. 8; Heh.

MARVEL. Mat. 8. 10; Mk. 6. 16; Lu. 7. 9, Jesus m. Mk. 5. 20, all men did m. John 3. 7; 5. 28; J. John 3. 13, m. not. See Eccl. 5. 8; John 7. 21; Gal. 1. 6.

MARVELLOUS. Job 5. 9. m. things without num-

her. Ps. 17. 7, m. lovingkindness, 118. 23; Mat. 21. 42; Mk. 12. 11, m. in our eyes, John 9, 30, herein is a m. thing. 1 Pet. 2 9, into his m. light. See Ps. 105. 5; 139. 14; Dan. 11. 36; Mic. 7. 15.

MASTER. 2 Kings 6. 32, sound of his m. feet be-

hind him

hind him.

Mal. 1. 6. if I be a m., where is my fear?

2.12, the Lord will cut off the m. and the scholar.

Mat. 6. 24; Lu. 16. 13, no man can serve two m.

10. 24; Lu. 6. 40. disciple not showe his m.

25, enough for the disciple that he he as his m.

17. 24, doin bot your m. pay tribute?

23. 8. 10, one is your M., even Christ.

26. 25, M., is it 1?

Mik. 5. 35; Lu. 8. 49, why troublest thou the M.

9. 5; Lu. 9. 33, M., it is good for us to be here.

10. 17; Lu. 10. 25, good M., what shall I do.

Lu. 13. 25, when once the m. of the house is risen.

risen

risen.
John 3. 10, art thou a m. of Israel.
11. 28, the M. is come and calleth.
11. 23, ye call me M., and ye say well.
Rom. 14. 4, to his own m. he standeth or falleth.
1 Cor. 3. 10, as a wise m.-huilder.
Eph. 6. 5; Col. 3. 22; Tit. 2. 9; 1 Pet. 2. 18, he obedient to m.
9; Col. 4.1, m. do the same to them.
1 Tim. 8. 1, count their m. worthy of honour.
2. that have helleving m.

 that have helieving m. Jas. 3. 1, he not many m. See Gen. 24. 12; 39. 8; Prov. 25. 13; Eccl. 12. 11.

MASTERY, Ex. 32, 18; 1 Cor. 9, 25; 2 Tim. 2, 5, MATTER. Ezra 10. 4, arise, for this m. belongeth to thee

to thee. John 1928, the root of the m. is found in me. 32. 18, I am full of m. Ps. 45. 1, my heart is inditing a good m. Prov. 18. 29, handleth a m, wisely. 18. 13, answereth a m. hefore he heareth it, Ecol. 10. 20, shall tell the m.

Ecci. 10. 20, Stall toll the m.
12. 13, conclusion of the m.
Mat. 23. 23, the weightier m.
Acts 18. 14, if it were a m. of wrong,
1 Cor. 6. 2, to judge the smallest m.
2 Cor. 9. 5, as a m. of bounty.
Jas. 3. 5, how great a m.
See Geu. 30. 15; Dan. 3. 16; Acts 8. 21; 17. 32.

MAY. Mat. 9. 21; 26, 42; Acts 8. 37.

MEAN. Ex. 12. 26; Josh. 4. 6, what m. ye by this service

service?
Deut. 6. 20, what m. the testimonies.
Prov. 22. 29, not stand before m. men.
1sa. 2, 9; 5. 15; 31. 8, the m. man.
Ezek. 17. 12, know ye not what these things m.?
Mk. 9. 10, what the rising from the dead should m.
Acts 21. 39, oitzens of no m. diy.
See Acts 10. 17; 17. 20; 21. 13.

MEANS. Ex. 34. 7; Num. 14. 18, by no m. clear guilty.
Ps. 49.7, none can by any m. redeem.

Mal. 1. 9, this hath heen by your m.
Mat. 5. 26, shalt by no m. come out.
Lu. 10. 19, nothing shall by any m. hurt you,
John 9. 21, by what m. he now seeth.
1 Cor. 8. 9, lest by any m. this liberty.
3. 22, that 1 might by all m. save some.

9.22, that I might by all m. save some. Phil. 3. 11, by any m. attain. 2 Thess, 3. 16, give peace always by all m. See Jer. 5. 31; 1 Cor. 9. 27; Gal. 2. 2. MEASURE (n.). Deut. 25. 14; Prov. 20. 10. thou

IEASURE (n.). Deut. 25. 14; Prov. 20. 10, thou shalt not have divers m.

Job 11. 9, the m. is longer than the earth.

28. 25, he weigheth the waters by m.

Ps. 39. 4, the m. of my days.

Is. 40. 12, the dust of the earth in a m.

Jer. 30. 11; 48. 28, I will correct thee in m.

Ezek. 4. 11, thou shalt drink water hy m.

Mai. 7. 2; Mk. 4. 24; Lu. 6. 38, with what m. ye

mete.
13. 33; Lu. 13. 21, three m. of meal.
23. 32, fill up m. of your fathers.
Lu. 8. 38, good m., pressed down.
John 3. 34, giveth not the Spirit by m.
Rom. 12. 3, to every man the m. of fath.
2 Cor. 12. 7, exalted shove m.
Eph. 4. 7, the m. of the gift of Christ,
13, to the m. of the staure.
16, in the m. of every part.
Rev. 6. 8, a. m. of wheat for a penny. mete.

Rev. 6. 6, a m. of wheat for a penny. 21.17, according to the m. of a man. See Ps. 80.5; Isa. 5.14; Mic. 6. 10.

Nee 7s. 80.5; 18a.5. 1s; nuc. 0. 10. MEASURE (v), 1sa. 40.12, who hath m. the waters, 65.7, I will m. former work into bosom. Jer 31. 37, if heaven can be m. 33. 22; Hos. 1. 10, as the sand cannot be m. 2 Cor. 10.12, m. themselves by themselves. See Ezek. 40. 3; 42. 15; Zech. 2. 1.

MEAT. Gen. 27.4, make me savoury m.

1 Kings 19. 8, went in strength of that m. Ps. 59. 15, wander up and down for m. Ps. 59. 15, wander up and down for m.

69. 21, they gave me also gail for my m.

78. 25, he sent them m. to the full.

145. 15, m. in due season.

Prov. 23. 3, dainties for they are deceifful m.

30. 22, a fool when filled with m.

31. 15, she giveth m. to her household.

18a. 65. 25, duts thall be scrpent's m.

Ezek. 4. 10, thy m. shall be by weight.

47. 12, fruit for m.

Dan. 1. 8, not defile himself with king's m.

Hah. 1. 16, hecause their m. is plenteous.

3. 17, fields yield no m.

Mat. 6. 25; Lu. 12. 23, life more than m.

Mat. 6. 25; Lu. 12. 23, life more than m.

10. 10, workman worthy of his m. 15. 37; Mk. 8. 8, of broken m.

10. 10. WORKHMAN WORKEY ON THE MAN.

15. 37; M. 8. 8. 9. for broken m.

25. 35, ye gave me m.

10. 3. 11, he that hath m, let him do likewise,

24. 41; John 21. 5, have ye any m.

John 4. 32, I have m. to eat.

34, my m. is to do will.

6. 27, the m. that perisheth.

Acts 2. 46, did eat m. with gladness.

15. 29, abstain from m. offered to idols.

Rom. 14. 15, destroy not him with thy m.

17, kingdom of God is not m. and drink.

20, for m. destroy not the work of God.

1 Cor. 8. 13, m. for the helly.

8. 13, if m. make my brother offend.

10. 3, same spiritual m.

1 Tim. 4. 3, to abstain from m.

1 Elb. 5. 12, 14, not of strong m.

12. 16, who for one morsel of m.

See Gen. 1. 29; 9. 3; Mat. 3. 4; Col. 2. 18,

MEDDLE. 2 Kings 14, 10; 2 Chroo. 25, 19, why m.

MEDDLE. 2 Kings 14, 10; 2 Chron, 25, 19, why m, to thy hurt. Prov. 20. 3, every fool will be m.

19, m. not with him that flattereth, 26, 17, that m. with strife, Ses 2 Chron. 35, 21; Prov. 17, 14; 24, 21,

MEDITATE. Gen. 24. 63, Issac went out to m. Josh. 1. 8, thou shalt m. therein. Ps. 1. 2. in his law doth he m. 63. 6; Il 9, 148, m. in the night watches. 77. 12; 143. 5, I will m. of thy works. 1ss. 33. 18, thine heart shall m. terror. Lu. 21. 14, not to m. hefore. 1 Tim. 4, 15, m. upon these things. See Ps. 19. 14; 104. 34; Il 9. 97, 99. MEDE N. Will 12. 3. Week was very m.

See Fa. 19. 14; 104. 4; 119. 97; 98.

MEEK. Num. 12. 3, Moses was very m.
Ps. 22. 28, the m. shall eat and he satisfied.
25. 9, the m. will he gnide.
25. 9, the m. will he gnide.
149. 4, will beautify the m.
1a. 29. 19, tha m. shall increase their joy.
61. 1, good tidings to the m.
Mat. 11. 29, for I am m.
1 Pat. 3. 4, a m. and quiet spirit.
See Pe. 76. 9; 147. 6; Isa. 11. 4; Mat. 21. 5.

MEEK.NESS. 2 Cor. 10. 1, by the m. of Christ.
Gal. 6. 1, restore in the spirit of m.
1 Tim. 6. 11, follow siter m.
2 Tim. 2. 25, in m. instructing.
Tit. 3. 2, showing m. to all men.
1 Pat. 3. 15, give resson of hope with m.
Saa Zeph. 2. 3; Gal. 5. 23; Eph. 4. 2.

MEEK. Prov. 11. 24, withholdeth more than is m.

Sas Zeph. 2. 3; Gal. 5. 23; Eph. 4. 2 MEET. Prov. 11. 24, withholdeth more than is m. Mat. 15. 26, not m. to take children's bread, 25. 1, 6, to m. the bridegroom. 1 Cor. 15. 9, not m. to be called an apostle, 1 Thess. 4. 17, to m. the Lord in the air. See Prov. 22. 2; Amos 4. 12; Mat. 8. 34. MELODY. Isa. 23. 16; 51. 3; Amos 5. 23; Eph. 5.

MELT.

19. Fs. 46. 6, the earth m,
197. 5, the hills m.
107. 28, their coul m.
147. 18, he eendeth hie word and m. them.
183. 13. 7, every man's heart shall m,
64. 2, as when the m. fire burneth.
See Ex. 15. 15; Josh. 14. 8; Jer. 9. 7.

LEWINER P. 21 30 16. 11 my m were writt.

See Ex. 15. 15; JOHL 12; JOH. 19. 16. 61 my m. were written. Rom. 6. 13, 19, neither yield your m. 12. 4, as we have many m. 1 Cor. 6. 15, bodies m. of Christ. Jas. 3, 5, the tongue is a little m. 4. 1, lusts which war in your m. See Joh 17. 7; Mat. 5. 29; Eph. 4, 25; 5. 30.

MEMORY. Ps. 109, 15; 145, 7; Prov. 10, 7; Eccl.

9.5.

MEN. 2 Chron. 6. 18, will God dwell with m.
1 Sam. 4. 9; 1 Cor. 16. 13, quit yourselves like m.
Pa. 9. 20, know themselves to be but m.
E. 2. 7, but ye shall die like m.
E. 2. 7, but ye shall die like m.
E. 2. 3, the Egyptians are m. and not God.
46. 8, show yunselves m.
Gai. 1. 10, do I now persuade m.
1 Thesa. 2. 4, not as pleasing m., but God.
See Ps. 116. 11; 1 Tim. 2. 4; 1 Pet. 2. 17.

MEND. 2 Chron. 24, 12; 34, 10; Mat. 4, 21; Mk.
1 19.

MENTION. Gen. 40.14, make m. of me to Pharaoh. Pe. 71.16, I will make m. of thy righteonness. Isa. 12.4, make m. that his name is exalted. 63.7,I will m. lovingkindnesses of the Lord. Rom. 1.9; Eph. 1.16; I Thess. 1.2, m. of you in prayers

See Isa. 62. 6; Ezek. 18. 22; 33. 16. MERCHANDISE. Prov. 3. 14, m. of it better

LEROHARDISS. Frov. 5, 12, 16, 01 it belief than m. of silver.

Isa, 23, 18, m. shall be holiness to the Lord.

Mat, 22, 5, one to his farm, another to his m.

John 2, 16, my father'a house a house of m.

2 Pet, 2, 3, make m. of you.

See Dent, 21, 14; 24, 7; Ezek, 26, 12; Rev. 18, 11.

MERCHANT, Gen. 23, 16, current money with

the m. Isa. 23. 8, whose m. are princes. Isa. 47. 15, even thy m, shall wander. Rev. 18. 3, 11, the m, of the earth. 23, thy m. were great men of the earth. See Prov. 31, 24; Isa. 23, 11; Mat. 13, 45.

See Prov. 31. 24; Isa. 23. 11; Mat. 13. 45.

MERCIF ULI. Pa. 37. 26, ever m. and lendeth.

67. 1, God be m. to na snd bless ua.

Prov. 11. 17, the m. doeth good to his own sonl.

1sa. 57. 1, m. men are taken away.

Jen. 3. 12, return, for I am m.

1.10. 63. 65, be ye m. sa your father is m,

18. 13, God be m. to me a sinner.

Heb. 2. 17, a m. High Priest.

See Ex. 34. 6; 2 Sam. 22. 26; 1 Kinga 20. 31.

MERGY. Gen. 32, 10, not worthy the least of the m. Ex. 33, 19, will show m. on whom I will show m. 34. 7; Dan. 9. 4, keeping m. for thousanda. Num. 14, 18; Ps. 103, 11; 145, 8, longauffering and

Ex. 55. 19, Will show m. on whom I will show m. 34. 7; Dan. 9, 4, keeping m. for thousands.

Num. 14. 18; Ps. 103. 11; 145. 8, longauffering end of great m.

1 Ohron. 16. 34, 41; 2 Chron. 5. 13; 7. 3, 6; Ezras.

3. 11; Ps. 106. 1; 107. 1; 118. 1; 136. 1; Jer. 33.

11, his m. endureth for ever.

25. 7, according to thy m. remember me.

33. 22, let thy m. be upon ns.

52. 8, I trust in the m. of God.

39. 10, the God of my m.

66. 20, not turned his m. from me.

77. 8, la his m. clean gone for ever.

53. 10, m. and truth are met together.

58. 2, m. shall he built up for ever.

59. 14, satisfy nn early with thy m.

100. 4, thy m. 1e great above the heavens.

119. 64, the earth is full of thy m.

130. 7, with the Lord there is m.

Prov. 3. 3, let not m. and furth.

130. 7, with the Lord there is m.

Prov. 3. 3, let not m. and truth.

18a. 54. 7, with great m. will I gather thee.

14a. 3. 11, he that hath m. on the poor.

16. 6; 20. 22, m. and truth.

18a. 54. 7, with great m. will I gather thee.

19a. 4. 1, because there is n. m. in the land.

6.6; Mat. 9. 13, I desired m. and not sacrifice.

10. 12, reap in m.

11a. 3, 1 the merofinl shall obtain m.

12a. 15, 15, m. on on bound will have m.

13a. 1, be the merofinl shall obtain m.

14a. 5. 7, the merofinl shall obtain m.

15a. 5, 1, m. on on on bowd have m.

15a. 10, 37, he that aboved m.

15a. 10, 19, 18, 18, m. on whom I will have m.

c. 27; 16. 22; 20. 30; Mk. 10. 47, 48; 18. 38, 39, thou and David have m.
Lu. 10. 37, be that showed m.
Rom. 9. 15, 18, m. on whom I will have m.
16. of God that sheweth m.
12. 1, beseeth you by the m. of God.
8, he that sheweth m. with cheerfulness.
2 Cor. 1. 3, the Father of m.
Eph. 2. 4, God who is rich in m.
1 Tim. 1. 13, 16, 1 othatined m., because,
2 Tim. 1. 13, 16, 1 othatined m., because,
1 Tim. 1. 13, 61, 1 othatined m., because,
2 Tim. 1. 13, 61, 1 othatined m., because,
1 Tim. 1. 13, 61, 1 othatined m., because,
1 Tim. 1. 13, 61, 1 othatined m., because,
1 Tim. 1. 13, 61, 1 othatined m., because,
1 Tim. 1. 13, 61, 1 othatined m., because,
1 Tim. 1. 13, 61, 1 othatined m., and find grace,
1 Tet. 1, a, secording to his shundant m.
Sea Prov. 12. 10; Dan. 4. 27; 1 Tim. 1. 2.
MERRY. Gen. 43. 34, were m. with him.
Judg. 16. 25, their hearts were m.
Prov. 15. 13, m. heart maketh cheerful.
15, m. heart hath continual feast.
17, 22, m., heart doeth good like medicine.
Eccl. 8. 15, nothing hetter than to eat and be m.
9, 7, drink thy wine with a m. heart.
10. 19, wine maketh m.
13s. 5. 13, is any m.?
See Lu. 12. 19; 15. 23; Rev. 11. 10.
MESSENGER. Job 33, 23; Prov. 25, 13; Isa. 42, 10.
MESSENGER. Job 33, 23; Prov. 25, 13; Isa. 42, 10.
MEDTE. 1sa. 40, 12; Mat. 7. 2; Mk. 4. 24; Lu. 6, 38.
MIDDLE. Exek. 1. 16; Eph. 2. 14.
MIDST. Ps. 102. 24, in the m. of my daye,
Prov. 23, 34, lieth down in m. of the sea.

Dau. 9.27, in the m, of the week.
Mat. 18.2; Mk. 9.36, a little child in the m.
20, there am I in the m.
Lu. 24.36; John 20.19, Jesus himself in the m.
Phil. 2.15, in the m, of a crooked generation.
Rev. 2.7, in the m, of the Paradise of God.
4.9; 5.6; 7.15, in the m, of the throne.
See Gen. 2.9; Isa. 12.6; Hos. 11.9.

See Gen. 2. 9; Iss. 12. 6; Hos. II. 9. MIGHT. Deut. 6. 5. 10 ve God with all thy m. 8. 17, the m. of mine hand hath gotten. 2 Sam. 6. 14. David danced with all his m. Eccl. 9. 10, do it with thy m. 1ss. 40. 29, to them that have no m. Jer. 9. 23, mighty man glory in his m. 51. 30, their m. hath failed. Zech. 4. 6, not by m., nor by power. Eph. 3. 16; Col. 1. 11, strengthened with m. See Eph. 6. 10; 2 Pet. 2. 11; Rev. 7. 12.

MIGHTILY. Jonah 3.8; Acts 18, 28; 19. 20; Col.

1.25.

MIGHTY. Gen. 10. 9, he was a m. hnnter.

Judg. 5.23, to the help of the Lord against the m.

2 Sam. I. 19, 25, how are the m. fallen.

Joh 9. 4, was in heart and m. in strength.

Ps. 24, 8, strong and m., m. in hattle,

89, 13, thou hast a m. arm.

19, help upon one that is m.

34, the m. wayne of the new

93. 4, the m. waves of the sea. Isa. 1. 24; 30. 29; 49. 26; 60. 16, the m. One of Israel.

Israel.
5.15, m. to drink wine,
63.1, m. to saye.
93.1, m. to saye.
93.2, m. in work,
Amos 2.14, neither shall m. deliver himself,
Mat. 11.20; 13.54; 14.2; Mk. 6.2, m. works.
11.9.43, the m. power of God.
24.19, prophet m. in deed and word.
Acts 18.24, m. in the Scriptures.
1 Cor. 1.25, not many m.
2 Cor. 10.4 weapons m. through God. I Cor. 1. 20, uot many m. 2 Cor. 10. 4, weapons m. through God. Eph. 1. 19, the working of his m. power. See Num. 14. 12; Eccl. 6. 10; Mat. 3. 11.

See Num. 14. 12; Eccl. 6. 10; Mat. 3. 11.

MILK. Gen. 49. 12; testh white with m.
Prov. 30. 33, churning of m.
1sa. 55. 1, huy wine and m.
Lam. 4. 7, Nazarites were whiter thau m.
Ezek. 25. 4, shall eat thy fruit and drink thy m.
Heb. 5. 12, 13, such as have uced of m.
1 Pet. 2, 2, the sinterer m. of the word.
See Judg. 4. 19; 5. 25; Job 21. 24; Joel 3. 16.

See Judg. 4.19; 5.25; Job 21.24; Joel 3.16.

MIND (m.). Neh. 4.6, the people had a m. to work.
Job 23.13, he is in one m., who can turn him.
34.33, should it be according to thy m.
Prov. 29.11, a fool uttereth all his m.
Prov. 29.11, a fool uttereth all his m.
Isa. 26.3, whose m. is stayed on thee.
Mk. 5.15; Lu. 8.35, sitting in his right m.
Rom. 8.7, the carnal m. is eomity.
12.16, he of the same m.
14.5, fully persuaded in his own m.
2 Cor. 8.12, if there he first a willing m.
13.11; Phil. 1.27; 2.2, he of one m.
Phil. 2.3, in lowliness of m.
5, let this m. he in you.
4.7, peace of God keep your m.
1 Tim. 6.5; 2 Tim. 3.8, men of corrupt m.
2 Tim. 1.7, spirit of sound m.
Tit. 3.1, put them in m. to he subject.

7 Thi. 3. 1, spirit of sound m. Thi. 3. 1, put them in m. to be subject. 1 Pet. 1. 13, the loins of your m. 2 Pet. 3. 1, stir up your pure m. See Rom. 6.6; 11. 20; 1 Thess. 5. 14; Jas. 1.8.

MIND (v.). Rom. 8.5; 12.16; Phil. 3.16, 19. MINDFUL. Pa. 6.4; 111.5; Isa. 17. 10; 2 Pet. 3. 2. MINGLE. Lev. 19. 19; Isa. 5. 22; Mat. 27, 34; Lu. 13. 1.

MINISTER (n.). Ps. 103. 21, ye m. of his. 194. 4; Heb. 1. 7, his m. a flame of fire. Isa. 61. 6, man shall call you the m. of God.

Joel 1. 9, the Lord's m. mourn.
Mat. 20. 26; Mk. 10. 43, let him be your m.
Rom. 13. 4, be is the m. of God to thee.
Z Cor. 3. 6, ahle m. of cew testament.
Gal. 2. 17, is Christ the m. of sin.
Eph. 3. 7; Col. 1. 23, whereof I was made a m.
6. 21; Col. 1. 7; 4. 7, a faithful m.
I IIm. 4. 6, a good m.
See 2 Cor. 6, 4; 11. 23; 1 Thess. 3. 2.

MINISTER (v.). 1 Sam. 2.11, the child did m. unto the Lord.
1 Chron. 15. 2, chosen to m. for ever.
Dan. 7.10, thousand thousands m. to him.

Dan. 1. 10, mousant mousands m. or mm. Mat. 4. 11; Mk. 1. 13, acgsls m. to him. 20. 28; Mk. 10. 45, not to he m. to, hut to m. Lu. 8. 3, which m. of their substance. Acts 20. 34, these hands have m. See 2 Cor. 9. 10; Heb. 1. 14; 2 Pet. 1. 11.

MINISTRATION. Lu. 1. 23; Acts 6.1; 2 Cor. 3.7;

MINSTRY. Acta 6.4, give ourselves to the m. 2 Cor. 4.1, seeing we have this m. 5.18, the m. of reconciliation.

6. 3, that the m. he not blamed. Eph. 4. 12, for the work of the m. Col. 4. 17, take heed to the m. 2 Tim. 4.5, make full proof of thy m. See Acts 1. 17; 12. 25; Rom. 12. 7; Heb. 8. 6.

See Acta 1.17; 12: 25; itom. 12. 7; Heb. 8.6.

MINSTREL 2 Kings 3.15; Mat. 9.23.

MIRACLE. Judg. 6.13, where be all his m.

Mk. 9.39, which shall do a m. in up name.

Lu. 23. 8, hoped to have seen some m.

John 2. 11, heginning of m.

4.54, this is the second m.

10. 41, said, John did no m.

Acts 2.22, approved of God by m. and signs.

1 Cor. 12. 10, to another the working of m.

See Gal. 3.5; Heb. 2.4; Rev. 13. 14; 16, 14; 19.20.

MIPPH P. 137 3.* Prov. 14. 13. Feel. 2.1. 7.4.

MIRTH. Ps. 137. 3; Prov. 14. 13; Eccl. 2. 1; 7.4; 8. 15.

MIRY. Ps. 40.2; Ezek. 47. 11; Dan. 2. 41. MISCHIEF. Joh 15. 35; Ps. 7. 14; Isa. 59. 4, they conceivs m.

conceive m.

Ps. 28.3, m. is in their hearts,

94.20, framesh m. by a law.

Prov. 10. 23, it is as sport to a fool to do m.

11. 27, he that seeketh m.

42. 2. lips talk of m.

Ezek. 7. 26, m. shall come upon m.

Acts 13. 10, 0 full of all m.

See Prov. 24. 6; Eccl. 10. 13; Mio. 7.3.

**TSENDAPLE Tab. 18.2 Mar. 21. 41. 1 Con.

MISERABLE. Joh 16.2; Mat. 21. 41; 1 Cor. 15. 19; Rev. 3. 17.

MISERY. Prov. 31. 7, drink and remember his m. no more.

no more.

Eccl. 6, the m. of man la great.
Lam. 1.7, remembered in days of her m.
Jas. 5.1, howl for m. that shall come.
Sea Judg. 10.16; Job 3. 20; 11.16; Rom. 3.16.
MIXED. Prov. 23. 30, they seek m. wine.

Isa. 1. 22, thy wine m. with water.
Heb. 4.2, not being m. with faith.
See Ex. 12. 38; Num. 11. 4; Neh. 13. 3.

MOCC. Car. 10.14 he accorned as one that m.

MOCK. Gen. 19. 14, he seemed as one that m. Num. 22, 29; Judg. 16. 10, 13, 15, thou hast m.

me.

I Kings 18. 27, at noon Elijah m. them.

2 Ohron. 36. 16, they m. the measengers of God.

Prov. 1. 26, I will m. when your fear cometh.

17. 5, whose m. the poor.

30. 17, the eye that m. at his father.

Gal. 6. 7, God is not m.

See 2 Kings 2. 23, Mat. 2. 16; 21. 29; Mk. 15, 20.

MOCKER. Pa. 35. 16; Prov. 20. 1; Isa. 28. 22; Jude MODERATION. Phil. 4.5.

MOISTURE. Ps. 32.4; Lu. 8.6. MOLLIFIED, 1sa, 1, 16.

MOMENT. Num. 16. 21, 45, consume them in a m. Job 7. 16, try him every m. 21. 13, and in a m. they go down. Pa. 30. 5, his anger endureth but a m. 1s. 26. 20, hide thyself as it were a m. 27. 3, I will water it every m. 54. 7, for a small m, have 1 forsaken thee. 1 Cor. 15. 51, 52, changed in a m. 2 Cor. 4. 17, affliction, which is but for a m. See Ex. 33. 5; Ezek. 28. 16; 32. 10; Lu. 4. 5.

MONEY. 2 Kings 5.26, is it a time to receive m, Ecol. 7.12, m, is a defence.

10.19, m, snewereth all things.
Las. 52, 3, redeemed without m.

lss. 52. 3, redeemed without m. 65. 1, he that hath un m. 2, wherefore do ye spend m. Mat. 17. 24; 22. 16, the tribute m. 25. 18, hid his lord's m. 425. 18, hid his lord's m. 17 m. 6. 10, the love of m. 68 eGoul. 24. 9, Mil. 6. 9; Lu. 9. 3; Acts 4. 37.

See Gen. 23.9; alk. 0, 8; l.u. 4, 3; Acts 1.31. MORROW. Prov. 27.1, boast not thyself of to-m. Isa. 22. 13; 1 Cor. 15. 32, for to-m. we die, 56. 12; to-m. shall be as this day. Mat. 6, 34, take no thought for the m. Jas. 4. 14, ye know not what shall be on the m. See Josh. 5, 12; 2 Kings 7, 1; Prov. 3, 28.

MORSEL. Job 31.17; Ps. 147.17; Prov. 17.1; Heb. 12, 16,

MORTAL. Job 4, 17, shall m. man be more just, Rom. 6, 12; 8, 11, in your m. body. 1 Cor. 15, 55, 54, this m. must put on. See Deut. 19, 11; 2 Cor. 4, 11; 5, 4. MORTAR. Prov. 27, 22; Ezek. 13, 11, 22, 23. MORTIFY. Rom. 8, 13; Col. 3, 5.

MOTE. Mat. 7, 3; Lu. 6, 41. MOTHER. Judg. 5.7; 2 Sam. 20.19, a m. in Israel. 1 Kings 22.52, Ahaziah walked in the way of

his m. his m. 22. 3, his m. was his counsellor. Job 17. 14, to the worm, thou art my m. Pa, 113. 9, a joyful m. of children. Isa. 66, 13, as one whom his m. comforteth. Ezek. 16. 44, as 1s the m. so is her daughter. Mat. 12. 48; Mk. 3, 33, who ls my m. John 2. 1; Acts 1. 14, the m. of Jesus. See Gen. 3, 20; 17. 16; Gel. 4. 26; 1 Tim. 1. 9; 5. 2.

MOULDY. Josh. 9. 5, 12. MOUNT. Ex. 18. 5, the m. of God. Ps. 107. 20, they m. up to heaven. Isa. 40. 31, m. with wings, as eagles. See Joh 20. 6; 39. 27; Isa. 27. 13.

See Joh 20. 6; 38, 27; 18a. 27. 13.
MOURN. Gen. 37. 35, down to the grave m.
Prov. 5. II, and thou m. at the last.
18a. 61. 2, to comfort all that m.
Jor. 31. 13, I will turn their m. into joy.
Mat. 5. 4, blessed are they that m.
24. 30, then shall the tribes of the earth m.
Lu. 6. 25, woe to you that laugh, for ye shall m.
See Neh. 8, 9; Zech. 7, 5; Jas. 4, 9.
MOURNER. 2 Sam. 14. 2; Eccl. 12. 5; Hos. 9. 4.

MOURNFULLY. Mal. 3. 14.

MOUTH. Job 9. 20, mine own m. shall condemn

me.

Me. 40. 4, I will lay my hand on my m.

Ps. 8. 2: Mat. 21. 16, out of the m. of habes.

39. 1, I will keep my m. with a bridle.

49. 3, my m. shall speak of wisdom.

55. 21, words of his m. smoother than butter.

51. 10 open thy m. wide.

55. 21, words of his m, smoother than butter.
Sil. 10, open thy m, wide.
Prov. 10, 14; 14. 3; 15. 2, the m, of the foolish.
13. 2, good by the fruit of his m,
3; 21. 23, he that keepeth his m.
Eccl. 6. 7, sil labour of a man is for his m.
Escl. 33. 31, with their m, they show much love.
Mai. 2. 6, the law of truth was in his m.
Mat. 12. 34; Lu. 6. 45, the m, speaketh.

Mat. 13, 35, I will open my m, in parables. Lu. 21, 15, I will give you a m, and wisdom. Rom. 10, 10, with the m, confession is made. Tit. 1. 11, whose m. must be stopped.

Jas. 3. 10, out of the same m. proceedeth.

See Lam. 3. 29; John 16. 29; 1 Pet. 2. 22.

MOVE. Ps. 10. 6; 16.8; 30. 6; 62. 2, 1 shall not be m

Mat. 21. 10; Acts 21. 30, all the city was m. John 5. 3, the m. of the water. Acts 17. 28, in him we live and m. 20. 24, none of these things m. me. See Prov. 23. 31; Isa. 7. 2; 2 Pet. 1. 21.

See Frov. 23. 31; 18tl. 1.2; 2 Fet. 1.24. MUCH. Ext. 16. 15; 2 Oc. 6. 15, he that gathered m. Num. 16. 3, ye take too m. upon you. 11. 14, for she loved m. 12. 46, to whom m. 18 given. 16. 10, fathfull up. m. 12. 46, to whom m. 18 given.

See Prov. 25. 16; Eccl. 5. 12; Jer. 2. 22.

MULTIPLY, Isa. 6, 3, thou hast m, the nation and not increased the joy. Jer. 3.16, when ye be m, they shall say. Dan. 4.1; 6.25; 1 Pet. 1.2; 2 Pet. 1.2; Jude 2,

DBM. 4.1; 6.25; 1 FCG. 1.2; 2 FCG. 1.2; 5 Gude 2, peace he m.

Nah. 3.16, thou hast m. thy merchants.

See Acts 6.1; 7.17; 9.31; 12.24.

MULTITUDE. Ex. 23. 2, a m. to do evil.

Job 32.7, m. of years should teach wisdom.

Ps. 5.7; 51.1; 66.13; 106.7, in the m. of thy

mercy.

mercy.
33. 16, no king saved by m.
94. 19, in the m. of my thoughts.
Prov. 10, 19, in m. of words wanteth not sin,
II. 14; 15. 22; 24. 6, in the m. of counsellors.
Eccl. 5. 3, through the m. of husiness.
Jas. 5. 20; 1 Pet. 4. 8, hide s. m. of sins.
Ses Deut. 1. 10; Josh. 11. 4; Lu. 2. 13.
MURMURINGS. Ex. 16. 7; Num. 14. 27; Phil.

2, 14, MUSE. Ps. 39. 3; 143. 5; Lu. 3. 15.

MUTTER. Isa. 6, 16, 59, 3, MUTUAL. Rom. 1, 12, MYSTERY. Mat. 13, 11; 1 Cor. 2, 7; 15, 51; Eph.

5, 32,

NAIL. Ezra 6. 6, give us a n. in his holy place. Iss. 22, 23, fasten as a n. in sure place. John 20. 25, put finger into print of n. Col. 2. 14, n. it to his cross. Ses Jung 4. 21; Eccl. 12. 11; Dan 4. 33.

Ses Judg. 4. 21; Eccl. 12. 11; Dan. 4. 33.

NAKED. Ex. 32. 25, made n. to their shame.

Johl. 21, n. came I out and n. shall I return.

Mat. 25, 35, n. and ye clothed me not.

1 Cor. 4. 11, to this present hour we are n.

2 Cor. 5. 3, we shall not be found n.

Heb. 4. 13, all things are n. to eyes of him.

Ses John 21, 7; Jas. 2, 15; Rev. 3. 17; 16. 15.

NAKEDNESS. Rom. 8. 35; 2 Cor. 11. 27; Rev. 3. 16.

Name (n.). Gen. 32, 38; Judg. 13. 18, why dost thou ask after my n.

Ex. 3. 16. this is mn n for ever.

thou sak after my n.

Ex. 3. 15, this is my n. for ever.

23. 21, my n. is in him.

Josh. 7. 9, what will thou do to thy great n.

Zchmn. 14. 11, in thy n. we go.

Neh. 9. 10, so didst thou get thee a n.

Job 18. 17, he shall have no n. in the street.

Ps. 20. 1, the n. of God set up hanners.

22. 22; Heh. 2. 12, I will declare thy n.

48. 10, ascording to thy n. so is thy praise.

69. 36, they that love his n.

111. 3, holy and reverend is his n.

115. 1, unto thy n. give glory.

138. 2, thy word above all thy n.

Prov. 10. 7, the n. of the wicked shall rot.

138.2, thy word shove all thy n.
Prov. 10.7, the n. of the wicked shall rot.
19. 10, the n. of the Lord a strong tower.
22. 1; Eccl. 7.1 good n. rather to be chosen.
Cant. 1.3, thy n. is as ointment poured forth.

Isa. 42. 8, I am the Lord, that is my n. 55, 13, it shall he to the Lord for a n. 55. 15, 16 sun new custom n. 5. 15, 18 sun new custom n. 5. 15, whose n. is holy.
57. 15, whose n. is holy.
62. 2, called by a new n.
64. 7, there is none that calleth on thy n. Jer. 10. 6, thou art great and thy n. is great. 14, 14; 23. 25; 27. 15, prophesy lies in my n, 14. 14; 22. 25; 21. 15, propulery hes in my n.
44. 26, sworn by mp great n.
Zech. 10. 12, walk up and down in his n.
14. 9, one Lord, and his n. one.
Mal. 1, 6, wherein have we despised thy n. Mal 1. 6, wherein have we despised thy n.
4.2, to you that fear my n.
Mat. 6. 9; Lu. 11. 2, hallowed he thy n.
10. 22; 19. 29; Mk. 13. 13; Lu. 21. 12; John 15. 21;
Acts 9. 16, for my n. sake.
12. 21, io his n. shall the Gentiles trust.
18. 5; Mk. 9. 37; Lu. 9. 48, receive in my n.
20, gathered together in my n.
21. 5; Mk. 13. 6; Lu. 21. 8, many shall come in my n.
Mk. 5. 9; Lu. 8. 30, what is thy n.?
9. 39, do a miracle in my n. 9.33, do a miracie at my n. Lu. 10. 20, n. written in heaven. John 5.43, if another shall come in his own n. .14.13; 15.16; 16.23, 24, 26, whatsoever ye ask in my n.

Acts 3. 16, his n. through faith in his n.

4. 12, none other n. under heaven.

5. 28, that ye should not teach in this n. 5. 28, that ye should not teach in this n,
41, worthy to suffer for his n.
Eph. 1. 21, far above every n.
Phil. 2. 9, 10, a n. above every n.
4. 3, whose n. are in the book of life.
Col. 3. 17, do all in the n. of the Lord Jesus,
Heb. 1. 4, obtained a more excellent n.
Jas. 2. 7, that worthy n.
Rev. 2. 13, holdest fast my n. 17, a n. written which no man knoweth.
3. 1, thou hast a n.

3. 1, thou nast w. 3. 13. 1, the n. of blasphemy. 14. 1; 22. 4, Father's n. in their foreheads. See Gen. 2. 20; Ex. 22. 9; Isa. 45. 3; John 10. 3. NAME (v.). Eccl. 6. 10, that which hath been is n. already.

Iss. 61.6, ye shall be n. priests of the Lord. Rom. 15.20, not where Christ was n. 2Tim. 2.19, every one that n. the name of Christ. See 1 Sam. 16.3; Isa. 62.2; Lu. 2.21; 6.13. NARROW. Isa. 28, 20; 49, 19; Mat. 7, 14 NATION. Gen. 10.32, by these were the n. divided. 20.4, wilt thou slay a righteous n. Num. 14.12; Deut. 9.14, I will make thee a.

greater n. 2 Sam. 7. 23; 1 Chron, 17. 21, what n. like thy

people.

Ps. 33, 12, hlessed is the n. whose God is the Lord.

147, 20, he hath not dealt so with any n.

147.20, he hath not dealt so with any n. Prov. 14.34, rightcouncess exalteth a n. Isa. 24; Mic. 4.3, n. shall not lift sword against n. 18. 2. 4; ms. scattered and peeled.
26. 2, that the rightcous n. may coter in.
34. 1, come near, ye n., to hear.
52. 15, so shall he sprinkle many n.
19r. 10. 7, O Kiog of n.
Zech. 2. 11, many n. shall he joined to the Lord.
8. 22, strong n. shall seek the Lord.
Mat. 24. 7; Mk. 13. 8; Lu. 21. 10, n. against n.
Lu. 7. 5. he loveth our l.

Lu. 7. 5, he loveth our n.

21. 25, distress of n.

John 11. 50, that the whole n. perish oot.

Join 11, 50, that the whole n, perish not, Acts 2, 5, devout men of every n, 10, 35, in every n, he that feareth, Phill, 2, 15, crooked and perverse n, Rev. 5, 9, redeemed out of every n, 8, ep. beut, 4, 27; 15, 6, Jer. 2, 11, 42; 31, 10, NATIVITY, Gen, 11, 28; Jer. 46, 16; Ezek, 21, 30; 23, 15.

NATURAL. Deut. 34.7, nor his n. force abated.

Rom. 1.31; 2 Tim. 3.3, without n. affection. 1 Cor. 2.14, the n. man receiveth not. See 1 Cor. 15.44; Phil. 2.20; Jas. 1.23.

NATURE. 1 Cor. 11, 14, doth not even n. itself teach.

Eph. 2.3, by n. children of wrath. Heb. 2.16, the n. of angels. 2 Pet. 1.4, partakers of the divine n. See Rom. 1.26; 2.14, 21; Gal. 2.15; 4.8.

See Rom. 1. 20; 2. 14, 21; 131. 2. 10; 4. 8.

RAUGHT. Prov. 20, 14, 16 is m, saith the huyer.

Iss. 49, 4, spent strength for n.

52, 3, ve have sold yourselves for n.

Mal. 1. 10, shut the doors for n.

Acts 5. 83, if of men, it will come to n.

See Deut. 15, 9; Joh 1. 9; Rom. 14, 10; 1 Cor. 1. 28.

NAUGHTINESS, 1 Sam. 17. 28; Prov. 11. 6; Jas.

NAUGHTY. Prov. 6. 12; 17. 4; Jer. 24. 2. NAY. Mat. 5. 37; 2 Cor. 1. 17, 18, 19; Jas. 5. 12. NEAR. Judg. 20, 34, kn Ps. 22, 11, trouble is n. Judg. 20, 34, knew not evil was n.

Ps. 22. 11, trouble is n.
148. 14, a people n. to him.
Prov. 27. 10, better a ceighbour that is n.
15a. 50. 8, he is n. that justifieth.
55. 8, call upon the Lord while he is n.
Obad. 15; Zeph. 1. 14, the day of the Lord is n.
Mat. 24. 33, it is n. even at the doors.

Mk. 13. 28, ye know that summer is n. See Ezek. 11. 3; 22. 5; Rom. 13. 11.
NECESSARY. Joh 23. 12; Acts 15. 28; 28. 10; Tit.

NECESSITY. Rom. 12, 13, distributing to the a.

of saints. of Serris.

1 Cor. 9, 16, n. is laid upon me.

2 Cor. 9, 7; Philem. 14, give, not grudgingly or of n.

See Acts 20, 34; 2 Cor. 12, 10; Phil. 4, 16.

NECK. Prov. 3, 3; 6, 21, bind them about thy n. Mat. 18, 6; Mk. 9, 42; Lu. 17, 2, millstone about

Lu. 15. 20; Acts 20. 37, fell on his n. Acts 15. 10, yoke on the n. of disciples. See Neh. 9. 29; Isa. 3. 16; Lam. 5. 5; Rom. 16. 4.

over nen. n. 28; 183. 3. 16; LAm. 5.5; Rom. 16. 4.

NEED. 2 Chron. 20. 17, ye shall not n. to fight.

Prov. 31. 11, he shall have no n. of spoil.

Mat. 8. 8; Lu. 12. 30, what things ye have n. of.

9. 12; Mk. 2. 17; Lu. 5. 31, n. not a physician.

14. 16, they n. not depart.

21. 3; Mk. 11. 3; Lu. 19. 31, 34, the Lord hath

n. of them.

n. oi them.
Lu. 11. 8, as many as he n.
Acts 2.45; 4. 25, as every man had n.
1 Cor. 12.21, cannot say, I have no n. of thee,
Phil. 4. 12, to shound and to suffer n.
19, God shall supply all your n.
2 Tim. 2. 15, that n. oot to he ashamed.

Heb. 4. 16, grace to help in time of n. 5. 1, ye have n. that one teach you. 1 John 3. 17, seeth his brother have n.

1 John 3. 17, secon in microust, have n. Rev. 3. 17, rich and have n. of nothing, 21. 23; 22. 5, city had no n. See Dout. 15. 8; Lu. 9. 11; John 2. 25; Acts 17. 25. NEEDFUL. Lu. 10. 42; Phil, 1. 24; Jas. 2, 16.

NEEDY. Deut. 15. 11, thou shalt open thine hand

to the m.

Job 24. 4, they turn the n. out of the way.

Job 24. 4, they turn the n. out of the way.

Ps. 9. 18, the n. shall not always be forgotten,

40. 17; 70. 5; 86. 1; 109. 22, I am poor and n.

42. 11, elt poor and n. praise thy name.

Prov. 31. 9, plead the cause of the poor and n.

Isa. 41. 17, when the n. seek water.

See Ezek. 18. 49; 18. 12; 22. 29; Amos 8. 4. 6.

NEGLECT. Heb. 2, 3, Mat. 18, 17; Acts 6, 1; 1 Tim. 4, 14:

NEGLIGENT. 2 Chron. 29. 11; 2 Pet. 1. 12. NEIGHBOUR. Prov. 3. 28, say not to thy n. go and come again.

14. 20, the poor is hated even of his n. 21. 10, his n. findeth no favour.

Eccl. 4. 4, envied of his n. Jer. 22, 13, that useth his n, service without wages. Hab. 2, 15, that giveth hie n, drink. Zech. 8. 16; Eph. 4. 25, speak every man truth to his n. Lu. 10. 29, who is my n. ? 14. 12, call oot thy rich n. See Ex. 20. 16; Lev. 19. 13; Mat. 5. 43; Rom. 13. 10. Hah. 2. 9 Hah. 2. 9.

NET. Pe. 141. 10, wicked fall into their own n.
Prov. 1. 17, in vain the n. is spread.
Eccl. 9. 12. as fishes taken in an evil n.
Hab. 1. 16, they sacrifice to their n.
Mk. 1. 34, k ingdom of heaven like a n.
Mk. 1. 13, they forsook their n.
Lu. 5. 5, at thy word 1 will let down the n.
See Mat. 4. 21; Mk. I. 16; John 2l. 6.
NETHLER. Dent 24. 6. John 41. 24. See Mat. 4. 21; MR. 1. 13; 30111 24.
NETHER. Dent. 24, 6; Joh 41, 24.
NEVER. Lev. 6, 13, the fire shall n. go out.
Joh 3. 16, as infants which n. saw light.
Pa. 10. 11, he will n. see it.
1.5, 5; 30, 6, shall n. he moved.
Prov. 27, 20; 30, 15, n. satisfied. Prov. 27. 20; 30. 15, m. satisfied.
1sa. 56. 11, which can n. have enough.
Mat. 7. 23, 1 m. knew you.
9. 33, it was n. so seen in Iarsel.
26. 33, yet will 1 n. he offended.
Mk. 2. 12, we n. saw it on this fashion.
3. 29, hath n. forgiveness.
14. 21, if he had n. hean born.
John 4. 14; 6. 35, shall n. thirst.
7. 46, n. man spake like this man.
8. 51; 10. 28; 11. 26, shall n. see death.
1 Cor. 13. 8, charity n. faileth.
Heb. 13. 5, I will n. leave thee.
2 Pet. 1. 10, ye shall n. fall.
See Judg. 2. 1; Pa. 56. 5; Jer. 33. 17; Dan. 2. 44.
NEW. Num. 16. 30, if the Lord make a n. thing. See Jung. 21; Fa. 86. 3; 66. 36. 31; 31. 24; NEW. Num. 16, 30, 14 the Lord make a n. thing. Ps. 33, 3; 40, 3; 96, 1; 96, 1; 144, 9; 149, 1; 1sa. 42, 10; Rev. 5, 9; 14, 3, a n. song. Eccl. 1, 9, no n. thing under the sun. Isa. 65, 17; 66, 22; Rev. 21, n. heavens and n.

earth.

earth. Lam. 3. 23, n. every morning. Mat. 9. 16; Mk. 2. 21; Ln. 5. 36, n. oloth to old

Mat. 9. 16; Mk. 2. 21; Lu. 5. 36, n. oloth to our garment.
13. 52, things n. and old.
Mk. 1. 27; Acts 17. 19, what n. doctrine is this. John 13. 34; 1 John 2. 7, 8, s. n. commandment. Acts 17. 21, to tell or hear some m. thing. 2 Cor. 5. 17; Gal. 6. 15, s. n. creature, Eph. 2. 15; 4. 24; Col. 3. 10, n. man. Heb. 10. 20, n. and living way. Rev. 2. 17; 3. 12, a. n. name.
21. 5, 1 make all things n. See 18s. 24. 7; 43. 19; 165. 6; Acts 2. 13.
NEWLY. Deut. 32. 17; Judg. 7. 19.
NEWRISS. Rom. 6. 4; 7. 6. NEWNESS. Rom. 6.4; 7.6.

NEWS. Prov. 25. 25.

NEWS. FRV. 22. 23.
NIGH. Num. 24. 17, but not n.
Deut. 30. 14; Rom. 10. 8, the word is n. unto thee.
Ps. 34. 18, n. to them of broken heart.
145. 18, n. to all that call upon him.
Eph. 2. 13, made n. by the blood of Christ.
See Joel 2. 1; Ln. 21. 20; Heb. 6. 8.

See Joel 2. 1; I.H. 21. 20; Heb. 0. 5.

NIGHT. Ex. 12. 42, a. n. to be much observed.

Joh 7. 4, when shall I arise and the n. be gone.

35. 10; Ps. 77, 6, songs in the n.

Ps. 30. 5, weeping may endure for a n.

11. 5, the terror by n.

136. 9; Jer. 31. 35, moon and stars to rule by n.

139. 11, the n. shall be light about me.

Isa. 21. 11, watchman, what of the n. Lu. 6. 12, he continued all n. io prayer. John 9. 4, the n. cometh when no man can work. 11. 10, walk in the n. he stumbleth.
Rom. 13, 12, the n. ls far spent.
1 Thess. 5. 2; 2 Pet. 3. 10, cometh as a thief in

the n.
Rev. 21. 25; 22. 5, no n. there.
See Job 7. 3; Ps. 121. 6; Mat. 27. 64; John 3. 2.

See Job 7. 3; PS. 121. 0; Mat. 21. 04; John 6. 2. NOBLE. Reh. 3. 5, the n. put not their neck. Job 29. 10, the n. held their peace. Jer. 2. 21, planted thee a. n. vine. 14. 3, the n. sent their little ones to the waters. Acts 17. 11, Bereans were more n. 1 Cor. 1. 26, not many n. See Num. 21. 18; Ps. 149. 9; Eccl. 10. 17.

NOISE. Ezra 3.13, not discern n. of joy. Ps. 66.1; 81.1; 95.1; 98.4; 100.1, joy.ful n. Ezek. 1.24; 43.2, n. of great waters. 2 Pct. 3.10, pass away with great n. See Josh. 6.27; Mat. 9.23; Mk. 2.1; Acts 2.6. NOISOME. Pa. 91. 3; Ezak. 14, 21; Rev. 16. 2.

NOTHING. Deut. 2. 7; Neh. 9. 21, thou hast lacked n.

2 Sam. 24.24, offer of that which doth cost n.

2 Sam. 24.24, offer of that which doth cost n.

2 Sam. 24.24, the same that which doth cost n.

2 Chron. 14. II, it is n. with thee to help.

Neh. 8. 10, to them for whom n. is prepared.

Joh. 8. 9, hut of yeasterday, and know n.

Pa. 49. 17, he shall carry n. away.

119. 165, n. shall offend them.

Prov. 13. 4, sluggard desireth and hath n.

7, maketh himself rich, yet hath n.

Lam. 1. 12, is it n. to you.

Mat. I7. 20; Lu. 1. 37, n. shall ho impossible.

21. 19; Mk. II. 13, n. hut leaves.

Lu. 6. 35, hoping for n. again.

7. 42, they had n. to pay.

John 15. 5, without me ye can do n.

1 Cor. 4. 4, I know n. by myself.

2 Cor. 6. 10, as having n.

13. 8, we can do n. against the truth.

1 Tim. 4. 4, n. to be refineed.

6. 1, brought n.; can carry n. out. lacked n.

6.7, brought n.; can carry n. out. See Phil. 4.6; Jas. 1.4; 3 John 7.

NOURISH. Isa. 1.2. I have n. and brought up

children.
1 Tim. 4.6, n. in words of faith.
Jas. 5.5, have n. your hearts.
See Gen. 45.11; 50.21; Acts 12.20; Col. 2.19.

See Gen. 45. 11; 50. 21; Acts 12. 20; Col. 2. NOW. Joh 4. 5, n. it is come upon thee. Ps. 119. 67, but m. have 1 kept thy word. Hos. 2. 7, then was it better than v. Lu. 14. 17, all things are n. ready. John 13. 7, thou knowest not n. 16. 12, ye cannot hear them n. 1 Cor. 13. 12, m. I know in part. Gal. 2. 20, the life 1 n. live. I Tim. 48, the life that n. is. 1 Pet. 1. 8, though n. ye see him not, 1 John 3. 2, n. are we sons of God. See Rom. 6. 22; Gal. 3. 3; Heb. 2. 8, NIMBER (n.). Joh 5. 9: 9. 10. marvellou

NUMBER (n.). Job 5.9; 9.10, marvellous things without n.

25. 3, is there any n. of his armies. Ps. 139, 18, more in n. than the saod. 147. 4, he telleth the n. of the stars. Acts 11. 21, a great n. believed. 16.5, churches increased in n. daily. Rev. 13. 17, 18, the n. of his name. See Deut. 7. 7; Hos. 1. 10; Rom. 9. 27.

NUMBER (v.). Gen. 41. 49, gathered corn till he

2611 %. 25 am. 24. 2; 1 Chron. 21. 2, n. the people. Ps. 90. 12, so teach us to n. our days. Eccl. 1. 15, wanting cannot he n. Isa. 53. 12; Mk. 15. 28, n. with transgressors. Mat. 10. 30; Lu. 12. 7, hairs are all n. Rev. 1, 9, multitude which no man could n. See Ex. 30. 12; Joh 14. 16; Ps. 40. 5; Acts 1. 17.

NURSE. Ex. 2. 7, 9; Isa. 60. 4. NURTURE. Eph. 6. 4.

OBEDIENCE. Rom. 5. 19, by the o, of one.

16. 26, the o. of faith. Heb. 5. 8, yet learned ha o. See Rom. 16. 19; 2 Cor. 10. 5; 1 Pat. 1. 2.

See Rom. 16. 19; 2 Cor. 10; 5; 1 Pet. 1. 2. 0 OBEDIENT. Ex. 24, 7, will we do and be o. Prov. 25. 12, wise reprover upon an o. ear. 1sa. 1. 19; 16, ye shall eat. 2 Cor. 2. 9, o. in all things. Eph. 6. 5; Tit. 2, 9, be o. to your masters. Phil. 2. 8, o. unto death. 1 Pet. 1. 4, sa. o. children. See Num. 27. 20; 2 Sam. 22. 45; Tit. 2. 5.

OBEISANCE, Gen. 37, 7: 43, 28: 2 Sam. 15, 5.

OBEISANCE. Gen. 37. 7; 43. 28; 2 Sam. 15. 5.

OBEY. Deut. 11. 27, a blessing if ye o.

Josh. 24. 24, his voice will we o.

ISam. 15. 22, to o. is hetter than sacrifice.

Jer. 7. 23, o. my voice and I will he your God.

Acts 5. 29, to o. God rather than men.

Rom. 6. 16, his servants ye are to whom ye o.

Eph. 6. 1; Col. 3. 20, o. your parents in the Lord.

2 Thess. 1. 8; 1 Pet. 4. 17, that o. not the gospel.

Heh. 13. 17, o. them that have rule over you.

1 Pet. 1. 22, purified in o. the truth.

See Ex. 5. 2; 23. 21; Dan. 9. 10; Mat. 8. 27.

OBJECT. Acts 24. 19

OBSCURE. Prov. 20. 20.

OBSCURITY. Isa. 29. 18; 58. 10; 59. 9. OBSERVATION. Lu. 17. 20.

OBSERVE. Gen. 37. 11, his father o. the saying. Ps. 107. 43, whose is wise and will o. these things. Ps. 107. 43, whoso is wise and will o. these up Prov. 23, 28, let mine ayes o. my ways. Eccl. 11. 4, he that o. the wind. Jonah 2. 8, that o. lying vanities. Mat. 28, 20, teaching them to o. all things. Mat. 28, 20, teaching them to o. all things. Mat. 29, Q. Herod feared John and o. him. 10. 20, all these have I o. See Ex. 12. 42; 31 16; Ezek. 20. 18; Gal. 4. 10, OBSERVER. Deut. 18, 10. OBSERVER. Deut. 18, 10. OBSERVER. Ps. 107. 43,

OBSTINATE. Dout. 2, 30: Isa. 48, 4.

OBSAINALE. Dett. 2.57; 188. 48. 47.
DETAIN. Prov. 8. 35, shall o. favour of the Lord.
Isa. 35. 10; 51. 11, shall o. joy and gladness.
Lu. 20. 35, worthy to o. that world.
Acts 28. 22, having o. help of God.
1 Cor. 9. 24, so run that ye may o.
1 Thess. 5. 9; 2 Thm. 2. 10, to o. salvation.
1 Thm. 1.31, 1 o. mercy.

Heb. 4. 18, o. mercy, Heb. 4. 18, o. mercy and find grace. 9. 12, having o. eternal redemption. 1 Pet. 2. 10, which had not o. mercy, but now have o. 2 Pet. 1. 1, o. like precious faith. See Dan. 11, 21; Hos. 2. 23; Acts 1. 17; 22. 28.

OCCASION. 2 Sam. 12. 14, great o. to enemies to

blaspheme. Dan. 6. 4, sought to find c.
Rom. 7. 8, sin taking c. by the commandment.
14. 13, an c. to fall in his brother's way.

17m. 5.14, give none o. to the adversary. See Gen. 43. 18; Ezra 7. 20; Ezek. 18. 3. OCCUPATION. Gen. 48. 33; Jonah 1. 8; Acts 18. 3; 19. 25.

OCCUPY. Ezek. 27. 9; Lu. 19. 13. ODOUR. John 12. 3; Phil. 4. 18; Rev. 5. 8.

ODUR. John 12. 3; Fnll. 4. 18; Rev. o. 8.
OFFENCE. Recl. 10. 4, yielding pacifieth great o.
Isa. 8, 14; Rom. 9, 33; 1 Pet. 2. 8, a rock of o.
Mat. 18, 23, thou art an o. to me.
18, 7; In. 17. 1, woe because of o.
Acts 24. 15, conscience void of o.
Rom. 14, 20, who easted with o.
1 Cor. 10, 32; 2 Cor. 6. 3, give none o.
Phil. 1. 10, without o. till the day of Christ,
See 1 Sam. 25, 31; Rom. 5, 15; 16, 17; Gal. 5, 11.
OFFEND. Joh 34, 31, I will not o. any more.

OFFEND. Job 34.31, I will not c. any mora.

Ps. 119, 165, nothing shall o. them.

Prov. 18. 19, brother o. is harder to be won. Mat. 5. 29; 18. 9; Mk. 9. 47, if aya o. thee. 13. 41, gather all things that o.

13. 41, gather an tuning tunt o.
57; Mk. 63, they were o. in him.
26. 33, though all shall be o., yet will not I.
Rom. 14. 21, whereby thy brother is o.
Jas. 2. 10, yet o. in one point.
See Gen. 20. 9; Jer. 37. 18; 2 Cor. 11. 23.
OFFENDER, 1 Kings 1. 21; Isa. 29. 21; Acts 25. 11.

OFFENDER. 1 Kings 1. 21; 1sa. 22. 21; Acts 25. 11. OFFER. 1 Judg. 5. 2, people willingly o. themselves. Pa. 50. 23, whose o. praise. Mat. 5. 24, then come and o. thy gift. Lin. 6. 29, one cheek, o. also the other. 1 Cor. 8. 1, 4, 7; 10. 19, things o. to idols. Phil. 2. 17, o. in the service of your faith. 2 Tim. 4. 6, now ready to be o. Heb. 9. 28, once o. to bear the sins of many. See 2 Chron. 17. 16; Exra 1. 6; 2. 88; Mal. 1. 8. OFFICE. 1 San 2. 36. but me into core of the

OFFICE, 1 Sam. 2, 36, put me into one of the

FFICE. 1 Sam. 2. 00, year an priests of priests of the priests of the priest of the priesthood. See Gen. 41.13; Ps. 109.8; Rom. 12. 4. OFFSCOURING. Lam. 3, 45; 1 Cor. 4, 13.

OFFSPRING. Job 27.14; Acts 17.28; Rev. 22.16.
OFFSPRING. Job 27.14; Acts 17.28; Rev. 22.16.
OFFSP. Prov. 29. 1, being o. reprovad.
Mal. 3.16, spake o. one to another.
Mat. 23.37; Lu. 13.34, how o. would I have ga-

therad.

therad. 1 Cor. 11. 28, as o. as ye eat. 1 Tim. 5. 23, thy o. infirmities. See 2 Cor. 11. 26; Heb. 9. 25; 10. 11. Ps. 45.7; Heb. 1.9, with o. of gladness.

O.L. Pa. 45. 7; Heb. 1. 9, with o. of gladness. 92. 10, be anointed with fresh o.
104. 15, o. to make his face to shine.
1ss. 81. 3, o. of joy for mourning.
Mat. 25. 3, took no c. with them.
Lu. 10. 34, pouring in o. and wine.
See Ex. 27. 20; Mic. 8. 7; Lu. 7, 46.
OLD. Deut. 8. 4; 29. 5; Neb. 9. 21, waxed not o.
Josh. 5. 11, did eat of the o. corn.
Ps. 37. 25, I have heen young, and now am o.
71. 18, when I am o. forsake me not.
Prov. 22. 8, when he ia o. he will not.
Iss. 58. 12, huld the o. waste places.
Jer. 6. 16, ask for the o. paths.

Jer. 6. 16, ask for the c. paths. Lu. 5. 39, he saith, the c. is better. Li. 5. 39, ne santa, the 6. 1a better.
2 Cor. 5. 17, o. things are passed away.
2 Pet. 2. 5. God spared not the o. world.
1 John 2. 7, the o. commandment.
Rev. 12. 9; 20. 2. that o. serpent.
See Joh 22. 15; Ps. 77. 5; Mat. 5. 21; Rom. 7. 6.
OMITTED. Mat. 23. 23.

ONCE. Gen. 18. 32, yet but this o. Non. 13, 30, let us go up at o.
Joh 33, 14; Pa 62, 11, apeaketh o., yea twice.
Isa 66, 8, ahall a nation be born at o.
Heb 8, 4, o. enlighteued.

9. 27, o. to dia. See Rom. 6. 10; Hab. 10. 10; 1 Pet. 3. 18.

See Roll. 5. 10; 120. 10. 10; 1 Feb. 5. 18.

ONE. Job 3, c. of a thousand,
Eccl. 7. 27; 1sa. 27. 12, o. by o.
Mk. 10. 21; Lu. 18. 22, o. thing thou lackest.
Lu. 10. 42, o. thing Is needful.
John 9. 25, o. thing I know.
17. 11, 21, 22, that they may be o.
Gal. 3. 28, all o. in Christ.
Enh. 4.5. a Lord of eith a bentism.

Eph. 4.5, o. Lord, o. faith, o. baptism. See Deut. 6.4; Mk. 12.32; 1 Tim. 2.5. OPEN. Num. 16. 30, if the earth or her mouth.

PEN. Num. 16. 30, if the earth or her mou Ps. 49. 4, 1 will o. my dark saying. 51. 15, o. thou my lips. 81. 10, o. thy mouth wide. 104. 28; 145. 16, thou o. thine hand. 119. 18, o. thou mine syes. Prov. 31. 8, o. thy mouth for the dumb. 1ss. 22. 22, he shall o. and none shall shut. 42. 7, to o. blind syes.

Isa, 60, 11, thy gates shall be o. continually, Ezek. 16, 63, never o. thy mouth. Mai. 3. 19, o. windows of neaven. Mst. 25, 11; Lu. 13, 25, Lord c. to us. 27, 52, graves were o. Mk. 7: 34, that is, be o. Lu. 24. 32, while he o. to us the scriptures. 45, then o. he their understandings. Acts 26. 16, to o. their eyes and turn them. 1 Cor. 16. 9, great door and effectual is o. Col. 4. 3. o. to us a door of utterrage. Col. 4. 3. o. to us a door of utterance

See Acts 16. 14; 2 Cor. 2. 12; Heb. 4. 13; Rev. 5. 2. OPERATION. Ps. 28, 5: Isa, 5, 12: 1 Cor. 12, 6: Col. 2, 12,

OPINION, 1 Kings 18, 21; Joh 32, 6,

OPPORTUNITY. Gal. 6. 10; Phil. 4. 10; Heb. 11, 15,

OPPOSE. Job 30. 21: 2 Thess. 2. 4: 2 Tim. 2. 25. OPPOSITIONS, 1 Tim. 6, 20.

OPPRESS. Ex. 22. 21; 23.9, o. a stranger. Lev. 25. 14, 17, ye shall not o. one another. 1 Sam. 12.3, whom have I o. Ps. 10. 18, that the man of earth may no more o.

Ps. 10. 18, that the man of earth may no rov. 14. 31; 22. 16, he that o, the poor. 28. 3, a poor man that o, the poor, Jer. 18, if ye o. not the stranger. Hos. 12. 7, he loveth to o. Zeoh. 7. 19, o. not the widow. See Mal. 3. 5; Acts 7. 24; 10. 38; Jas. 2. 6.

OPPRESSION. Deut, 26, 7, the Lord looked on

our o.

Ps. 62. 10, trust not lu o.

119. 134, deliver me from the o. of man.

Eccl. 4. 1, I considered the o.

7. 7, o. maketh a wise man mad.

Isa. 30. 12, ye trust in o.

See Isa. 33. 15; Zech. 9. 3; 10. 4.

ORATOR. Isa. 3. 3; Acts 24. 1.

ORDAIN. 1 Chron, 17. 9. I will o, a place for my

RDAIN. 1 Chron, 17. 9, 1 will o. a place for my people.
Ps. 8. 2, bast thou o. strength.
Sl. 5, this he o. In Joseph.
132.17, 1 have o. a lamp.
1sa. 26, 12, thou wilt o. peace for us.
30, 33, Tophet is o. of old.
Jer. 1. 5, I o. thee a prophet.
Mk. 3. 14, Jesus o. twelve.
John 15, 16, have o. you that ye should bring

forth.

forth and have by your forth acts 1.22, one be a. to be a witness. 10.42, a. of God to be the Judge. 13.48, a. to eternal life. 14.23; Th. 1.5, o. elders. 18.4, decrees that were a. 18.4, decrees that were a. 18.1, by that man whom he hath a. Rom. 13.1, powers are a. of God. God. 3.19, the law was a. by angels. Eph. 2.10, god worke which God hath before a. Jude 4. of old a. to the condemnation. See 1 Cor. 2.7; 9.14; 1 Tim. 2.7; Heb. 5.1. ORDER. Judg. 13.12, how shall we a. the child. 2 Kinge 20.1; lsa. 38.1, set thine bouse in a. John 10.22, land without any a. 23.4, I would o. my cause. 37.19, we cannot o. our speech.

23. 4. I would o. my cause.
37. 19, we caunot o. our speech.
Pg. 40. 5. they cannot be reckoned in c.
50. 21, 1 will set them in o.

50, 21, 1 will set them 11 o. 23, to him that c, his conversation aright, 110, 4; Heb. 5, 6; 6, 29; 7, 11, the o. of Melchisedec. 1 Cor. 14, 90, decontly and in o. See Pe. 37, 23; A dus 21, 24; 1 Cor. 15, 23. ORIJINANCE. Isa. 68, 24; 1 Cor. 15, 24 the o. of their

God. Kod. Mal. 3.14, what profit that we have kept o. Eph. 2.15, commandments contained in o. Col. 2.14, handwriting of o. Heb., 9.10, in caroal o. See Jer. 31. 36; Luke 1.6; 1 Pet. 2.13.

ORPHANS, Lam. 5. 3.

OUG HT. 1Chr. 12. 32 to know what Israel o. to do. Mat. 23. 23. 1ch. 11. 42, these o. ye to have done. 11. 24. 26, o. not Christ to have suffered. John 4. 26, place where men o. to worship. Acts 5. 29. we o. to obey God. Rom. 6. 26, pray for as we o. Heb. 5. 12, when ye o. to be teachers. Jas. 3. 19, these things o. not so to be. 2 Pet. 3. 11, what manoer of persons o. ye to he. See Rom. 12. 3; 15. 1; 1 Thm. 3. 15. OURS. Ms. 12. 7; 12. 12. 14; 1 Cor. 1. 2; 2 Cor. 1. 14. OUT. Num. 32. 23, your six will find you o. Ps. 25. 5, are o. of course. Prov. 4. 23, o. of it are the issues of life. Mat. 12. 34; 1. 15. 19, o. of abundance of heart the mouth speaketh. OUGHT. 1 Chr. 12, 32, to know what Israel o. to do.

2 Tim. 3. 11, o. of them all the Lord delivered me.

2 11m. 3. 11, 6.01 them an one Asia ass. 4.2, instant in season, o. of season, o. 5ree Gen. 2, 9, 23; 3. 19; John 15. 19; Acts 2. 5. OUTGAST. Ps. 147. 2; 1sa. 11. 12; 27. 13; Jer. 30, 17. OUTGOINGS. Josh. 17. 18; Ps. 65. 8. OUTRAGEOUS. Prov. 27, 4.

OUTRUN. John 20.4. OUTSIDE. Judg. 7.11; Mat. 23.25; Lu. 11.39. OUTSIDE. Judg. 7. 11; Mat. 25, 22; Lu. 11. 53.
OUTSTRETCHED. Deut. 28, 8; Jer. 21. 5; 27. 5.
OUTWARD. 1 Sam. 16, 7, looketh oo o. appearance.
Mat. 22, 27, appear beautiful o.
Rom. 2, 28, not a Jew, which is one o.
2 Cor. 4, 16, our o. man perish.
See Mat. 23, 28; Rom. 2, 28; 1 Pet. 3, 3.
OVERCHARGE. Lu. 21, 34, 2 Cor. 2, 5.

OVERCOME. Gen. 49, 19, he shall o. at last.

OVERPAST. 9. 57. 1; 1sa. 28. 20.

OVERPLUS. Lev. 25. 27.

OVERSEER. Gen. 41, 34; Prov. 6, 7; Acts 20, 28. OVERSHADOW, Mat. 17, 5; Mk. 9, 7; Lu. 1, 35; Acts 5. 15.

OVERSIGHT. Gen. 43.12; Neh. 11. 16; 1 Pet. 5.2. OVERSPREAD. Gen. 9. 19; Dan. 9. 27. OVERTAKE, Amos 9.13, plowman shall c. the

reaper. Gal. 6. 1, if a man be c. ln a fault. 1 Thesa. 5. 4, day should c. you as a thief. See Deut. 19. 6; Isa. 59. 9; Jer. 42. 16.

See Bed. 18.21; 18s. 58, 58, 58. 22.0; OVERTHROW. Ex. 23, 24, utterly o. them. Joh 19. 6, God hath o. me. Prov. 13. 6, wickedness o. the sincer. Jonah 3.4; forty days and Nineveh shall be o. Acts 5.39, ft it be of God, ye cannot at. See Gen. 19. 21; Prov. 29, 4; 2 Tim. 2. 18.

See Gen. 19. 21; Frov. 29. 2; 2 1111. 2 15.

OVERTURN. Job 9. 5; 12. 15; 28. 9; Ezek. 21. 27.

OVERWHELM. Job 6. 27, ye o. the fatherless.
Ps. 61. 2, when my heart 1s o.
77. 3; 142. 3; 143. 4, my spirit was o.
See Ps. 55. 5; 78. 53; 124. 4.

OVERWISE. Ecol. 7. 16.

OWE. Lu. 16.5, 7, how much o. thou. Rom. 13.8, o. no man anything. See Mat. 18.24, 28; Lu. 7.41; Philom. 18.

OSE MEL. 10. 23, 22; LU. 7. 41; Philom. 18.

OWN. Num. 32. 42, called it after his o. name.

1 Chron. 29. 14, of thine o. have we given thee,
Ps. 12. 4, our lips are our o.

67. 6, even our o. God shall bless us.

Mst. 20. 15, do what I will with my o.

Lown 1. 11, to his on and blee versions him.

John 1. 11, to his o, and his o, received bim not. 13.1, having loved his o. 10.1 Cor. 6.19, ye are not your o. See Acts 5.4; Phil. 3.9; 1 Tim. 5.8; Rev. 1.5. OWNER. Ex. 27, 28; 22, 11; Eccl. 5, 13; Isa. 1, 3.

PACIFY. Prov. 16. 14; 21. 14; Eccl. 10. 4; Ezek.

PAIN. Ps. 55. 4, my heart is sore p.
116. 3, the p. of hell gat hold.
Acts 2. 24, having loosed the p. of death.
Rom. 8. 22, creation travalleth in p. See Ps. 37. 16; Jar. 4. 19; 2 Cor. 11. 27.

PAINTED. 2 Kings 9, 30; Jer. 4, 30; 22, 14; Ezek, 23, 40,

PALACE. Ps. 48, 13, consider her p. ALACE. Ps. 48. 13, consider her p. 122, 7, prosperity within thy p. 144. 12, the similitude of a p. 147. 12, the similitude of a p. Ln. 11, 21, a strong man keapeth his p. Phil, 1. 13, manifest in all the p. See 1 Chron. 29. 1; Nah. 1. 1; 2. 8; Iss. 25. 2. AUL. Ln. 20, 29, 120. 36. Per. 48.

See I Chron. 29. 1; Nah. I. 1; 2. 8; Isa. 25. 2. PALE. Isa. 29. 22; Jer. 20, 6; Rev. 6. 8. PALM. Isa. 49. 16; Mat. 28. 67; Mk. 14. 65; Rev. 7. 9. PANT. Pa. 38. 10; 42. 1; 119. 131; Amos 2. 7. PARDON. Ex. 23. 21, ha will not p. 2 Kinge 5. 18, the Lord p. thy servant. 2 Chron. 30. 18, the good Lord p. every one. Neh. 9. 17, a God ready to p. Is. 55. 7, ha will abundantly p. See Jer. 33. 6; 50. 20; Lam. 3. 42; Mic. 7. 18. PARENTS. Mat. 10. 21; Mk. 13. 12, children risa

PARENTS. Mat. 10. 21; Mk. 13. 12, children risa

Artenas, met. 10. 21; met. 15. 12; changen rise up against p.
1.11. 18. 29, no man that hath left p.
21. 16, ye shall he betrayed hy p.
John 9. 2, sio, this man or his p.
Rom. 1. 30; 2 Tim. 3. 2, disohedient to p.
2 Con. 12. 14, not to lay up for p., but p. for childran.

Eph. 6.1; Col. 3. 20, children obay your p. See Lu. 2. 27; 8. 56; 1 Tim. 5. 4; Heb. 11. 23.

PART (n.). Josh. 22, 25, 27, ye have no p. in the Lord.

Lord.
Ps. 5.9, their inward p, is very wickedness.
51.6, in hidden p, make me to know.
118.7, the Lord taketh my p.
139.9, dwell in the uttermost p.
Mk. 9.40, not against us is on our p.
Lu. 10.42, that good p.
John 13.8, thou hast no p. with me.
Acts 8.21, naither p. nor lot.
2 Cor. 6.15, what p, bath ne that helieveth.
See Tit. 2.8; Rev. 20.6; 21.8; 22.19.
ART (m). Ruth 1.17, if ought but death p.

PART (v.). Ruth 1.17, if ought but death p. thee

and me. 2 Sam. 14. 6, there was none to p. them. Ps. 22. 18, they p. my garments. Lu. 24. 5), while he blessed them he was p. Acts 2. 45, p. them to all men. See Mat. 27. 35 j Mt. 15. 24; Ju. 23. 34; Joho 19. 24.

PARTAKE. Ps. 50. 18, hast bean p. with adul-

terars.

Rom. 15. 27, p. of their spiritual things.

1 Cor. 9. 10, p. of his hope.

13; 10. 18, p. with the altar.

10. 17, p. of that one bread.

22, p. of the Lord's table,

1 Tim. 5. 22, neither be p. of other men's sins,

Heb. 3. 1, p. of the heaven's sufferings.

5. 1, a p. of the glory,

2 Pat. 14, p. of the divine nature,

See Eph. 3. 6; Phil. 1. 7; Col. 1. 12; Rev. 18. 4.

ARRTIAL. Mal. 2, 9; 1 Tim. 5. 21; Jas. 2. 4: 3. 4. PARTIAL. Mal. 2.9; 1 Tim. 5.21; Jas. 2.4; 3.17.

PARTICULAR, 1 Cor. 12. 27; Eph. 5. 33.
PARTITION. 1 Kings 6. 21; Eph. 2, 14.
PARTNER. Prov. 29. 24; Lu. 6. 7; 2 Cor. 8. 23. PASS. Ex. 12, 13, when I see the blood I will

p. over. Iaa. 43.2, when thou p. through waters. Mat. 26. 39; Mk. 14. 36, let this cup p.

Lu. 16.26, neither can they p, to us. 1 Cor. 7.31; 1 John 2.17, fashion of this world p. Eph. 3.19, love of Christ which p, knowledge. Phil. 4.7, which p, all understanding. See Jer. 2.6; Lu. 18.37; Rom. 5.12; Rev. 2l. 1. PASSION. Acts 1, 3; 14, 15; Jas. 5, 17.

PAST. Job 29. 2, as in months p.

Eccl. 3. 15, God requirath that which is p.

Cant. 2. 11, the winter is p.

Jer. 8. 20, the harvest is p.

Rom. 3. 25, of sins that are p.

11. 33, ways p. finding out. 2 Cor. 5. 17, old things p. away. Eph. 4. 19, being p. faeling. See Eph. 2 2; 2 Tim. 2. 18; 1 Pat. 2. 10.

PASTOR. Jar. 3. 15; 17. 16; 23. 1; Eph. 4. 11. PASTURE. Pa. 95. 7; 100. 3; Ezek. 34. 14; John

10, 9, PATE. Ps. 7.16. PATH. Job 28. 7, there is a p. which no fowl koowath.

PATH. Job 28. 7, there is a p. which no fowl knoweth.
Ps. 16. 11, shew me the p. of life.
27. 11, lead me in a plain p.
65. 11, thy p. drop fatness.
77. 19, thy p. is in the great waters.
119. 105, a light to my p.
Prov. 4. 18, the p. of the just.
Isa. 2. 3; Mic. 4. 2, we will walk in his p.
42. 16, in p. they have not known.
58. 12, restorer of p. to dwell in.
Jer. 6. 16, ask for the old p.
Mat. 3. 3; Mk. 1. 3; Jun. 3. 4, make his p. straight.
See Ps. 189. 3; Prov. 3. 17; Lam. 3. 9; Heb. 12. 13.
PATIENCE. Mat. 18. 26, 29, have p. with me.
Lu. 8. 15, bring forth fruit with p.
21. 19, in your p. possess ye your souls.
Rom. 5. 3, tribulation worketh p.
8. 25, with p. wait for it.
15. 4, through p. and comfort.
5, the God of p.
2 Cor. 6. 4, as ministers of God in much p.
Col. 1. 11, strengthened with all might to all p.
1 Thess. 1. 4, glory in you for your p.
11. Thess. 1. 4, glory in you for your p.
11. Tim. 6. 11, follow after p.
11. Tim. 6. 11, follow after p.
12. 1, run with p.
Jas. 1. 3, riving of faith worketh p.

Heh. 10. 36, ye have need of p.

12. 1, run with p.

13. 1. 3, trying of faith worketh p.

4, let p. have har perfect work.

5. 7, the husbandman hath long p.

10, for an example of p.

11, ye have hard of the p. of Job.

2 Pat. 1. 6, add to temperance p.

Rev. 2. 2, 19, 1 know thy p.

3. 10, thou hast kept word of p.

13. 10: 14. 12, here is the p. of saints.

See Eccl. 7. 8; Rom. 12. 12; 1 Thess. 5. 14.

PATIENTLY. Ps. 37. 7; 40. 1; Heb. 6. 15; 1 Pet.

2. 20.

PATTERN. 1 Tim. 1.16; Tit. 2.7; Heb. 8.5; 9.23.

PATIERN. 1 Tim. 1. 16; Tit. 2. 7; Heb. 8.5; 9. 23. PAVILION. Pa. 18. 11; 27. 5; 31. 20; Jer. 43. 10. PAY. Ex. 22. 7, lat him p. donhle. Nnm. 20. 19. water, I will p. for it. 2 Kings 4. 7. sell the coll, and p. thy debt. Pa. 22. 25; 66, 13; 116, 14, will p. my vows. Prov. 22. 27; if then hast nothing to p. Eccl. 5. 4, defer not to p. 1t. Mat. 18. 26, p. that then owest. 23. 25, yp. 5, that of mint. See Ex. 21. 19; Mat. 17. 24; Rom. 13. 6; Heb. 7. 9. PEACE. Gen. 41. 16. an abswar of p.

See Ex. 21. B; Mat. 17. 22; KODI. 10. 0; He PEACE. Gen. 41. 16, an abswar of p. Num. 6. 28, tha Lord give thee p. 25. 12, my covenant of p. Datt. 20. 10, proclaim p. to 1t. 23. 6, thou shalt not seak their p. 1 Sam. 25. 6; Lu. 10. 5, p. he to this house. 2 Kings 9. 10, what hast thou to do with p.

PEACEABLE. PEACEABLE, Isa, 32, 18; 1 Tim, 2, 2; Heb, 12, 11; Jas. 3. 17. Gen. 37, 4; 1 Sam. 16, 4; Jer. 9, 8; PEACEABLY. Rom. 12, 16, PEELED. Isa. 18. 2; Ezek. 29. 18. PEEP. Isa. 8. 19; 10. 14. PEN. Job 19. 24; Ps. 45.1; Jer. 17.1; 3 John 13. PENCE. Mat. 18. 28; Mk. 14. 5; Lu. 7. 41; 10. 35. PENURY. Prov. 14. 22; Lu. 21. 4. PENURY. Prov. 14. 22; Lu. 21. 4. PEOPLE. Ex. 6. 7; Dent. 4. 20; 2 Ssm. 7. 24; Jer. 13. 11. 1 will take you to me for a p. Lev. 20. 24. 28, separated from other p. Deut. 4. 33. 3d. de ever p. hear voice of God. 33. 29. 0 p. saved by the Lord. 2 Sam. 22. 44; Ps. 18. 43. a p. 1 knew not. Ps. 61. 11, my p. would not hearken. 144. 15, happy is that p. Prov. 30. 25, ante s p. not strong. 1sa. 1. 4, a p. laden with iniquity. 27. 11, a p. of no understanding. 43. 4, 1 will give p. for thy life. 8, blind p. that have eyes. PENCE. Mat. 18, 28; Mk. 14, 5; Lu. 7, 41; 10, 35,

Jer. 6. 22; 50. 41, a p. cometh from the north. Junsh 1. 8, of what p. art thou? Lu. 1. 17, a p. prepared for the Lord, Tit. 2. 14, purify to himself a peculiar p. See Mat. 1. 21; Rom. 11. 2; Heb. 11. 25. See Mat. 1. 21; Rom. 11. 2; Heb. 11. 25.

PERCEIVE. Deut. 28. 4, a beart to p.
Jush. 22. 31, we p. the Lord is among us.
Jub 9. 11, 1 p. him not.
23. 8, I cannot p. him.
18a. 6, 9, see indeed, but p. not.
33. 19, deeper speech than thou caust p.
64. 4, nor p. by the ear what God hath.
Mat. 22. 18, Jesus p. their wickedness.
Mk. 6. 17, p. ye not.
Lin. 3. 46, 1 p. that virtue is gone out.
John 4. 19, 1 p. thou art a prophet.
Acts 10. 34, 1 p. God is no respecter.
1 John 3. 18, hereby p. we the love of God.
See I Sam. 3, 8; Neh. 6. 12; Job 33. 14; Mk. 12. 28,
PERFECT. Gen. 6. 9, Nosh was p. Sould state the terror of the Phil. 3.12, not as though I were already p.
15. In the special strength of the 4, 12, PERFECTION. Job 11.7; Ps. 119. 96; 2 Cor. 13.9; Heb. 6. 1. PERFECTLY. Jer. 23. 20; Acts 18. 26; 1 Cor. 1. 10. PERFECTNESS. Col. 3. 14.
PERFORM. Ex. 18, 18, not able to p. it thyself Esth. 5. 6; 7. 2, to half of kingdom it shall he p. Esth. 5. 6; 7. 2, to half of kingdom it shall be p. Job 5. 12, cannot p. their enterprise. Ps. 65. 1, unto thee shall the vow be p. 119. 106; 1. have sworn and I will p. it. Isa. 9. 7, zesl of the Lord will p. this. 44. 28, shall p. all my plessure. Jer. 23. 10; 33. 14, I will p. my good word. Rom. 4. 21, able sise to p. 7. 13, how p. to good I find not. Phil. 1. 6; p. it until 48. 9 of Christ. See Job 23. 14; Ps. 57. 2; Jer. 35. 14; Mat. 5. 33. INSTRUMENT NOTE IN 15. 200. § 118. PERFORMANCE, Lu. 1, 45; 2 Cor. 8, 11, PERIL. Lam. 5.9; Rom. 8. 35; 2 Cor. 11. 26. PERILOUS, 2 Tim. 3. 1. PERISH. Num. 17.12, we die, we p., we all p.
Dent. 26. 5, a Syrian ready to p.
Job 4.7, who ever p., being innocent.
29. 13, blessing of him that was ready to p.
34. 15, all flesh shall p. together.
Ps. 1. 6, way of ungodly shall p.
37. 20, the wicked shall p.
49. 12, like the beaste that p.

PERMISSION. Ps. 80. 16, they p. at rebuke of thy countenance. 102. 26, they shall p. but thou. Prov. 11. 10; 28. 28, when the wicked p. 29. 18, no vision, the people p. 31. 6, strong drink to him that is ready to p. Iss. 27. 13, they shall come that were ready to p. Jor. 1. 28, truth is p. Jonah 1. 6; 3. 9, God will think on us, that we p. 14. let us not p, for this man's life.

Mat. 8. 25; Lu. 8. 24; save us, we p.

18. 14; that one of these little ones should p.

26. 52; shall p, with the sword.

Mr. 4. 38, carset thou not that we p.

Lu. 13. 3, 5, ye shall all likewise p.

15. 17, 1 p, with hunger.

21. 18, not an hair of your head p.

John 6. 27, the meat which p.

Acts 8. 20, thy money p. with thee.

Col. 2. 22, which are to p, with the using.

2 Pet. 3. 9, not willing that any should p.

See Pa. 2. 12; Jen. 6. 21; John 10. 22; Rom. 2. 12.

PERMISSION. 1 Cor. 7. 6.

PERMIT. 1 Cor. 14. 34; 16. 7; Heb. 6. 3. not PERMIT. 1 Cor. 14. 34; 16. 7; Heb. 6. 3. PERNICIOUS. 2 Pet. 2. 2. PERPETUAL. Ex. 31.16, sabbath for a p. covenant. Lev. 25. 34, their p. possession. Ps. 9. 6, destructions are come to a p. end. Ps. 9, 6, destructions are come to a p. end.
74, 3; jer. 25, 9; Exck. 35, 9, the p. desolations.
Jer. 8, 5, a p. backeliding.
15, 18; why is my pain p.?
Hab. 3, 6, the p. tills.
See Gen. 9, 12; Jer. 5, 22; 50, 5; 51, 39; Ezek. 46, 14.
PERPETUALLY. 1 Kings 9, 3; 2 Chron. 7, 16;
Amos 1, 11. Amos J. 11.

PERPLEXED. Lu. 9, 7; 24. 4; 2 Cor. 4. 8.

PERPLEXITY. Iss. 22. 5; Mio. 7. 4; Lu. 21. 25.

PERSECUTE. Joh 19. 22, why do ye p. me?

Ps. 7, 1, save me from them that p. me.

10. 2, the wicked doth p. the poor.

11. 11, p. and take him, there is none to deliver.

143. 3, the enemy hath p. my coul.

Mat. 5. 11, 12, blessed when men p. you.

44, prey for them that p. you.

John 16. 20, if they have p. me.

Acts 9. 4; 22. 7; 25. 14, why p. thou me?

24. 4, 1 p., this way unto death.

25. 11, 1 p. them even to strange citles.

1 Cor. 4. 12, heing p., we suffer it.

15. 9; Gal. 1, 13, 1p. the church of God.

2 Cor. 4. 9, p. but out forsaken.

Phil. 3. 6, concerning zeal, p. the church.

See John 5. 16; Acts 7. 52; Rom. 12, 14; Gal.

1. 23; 4. 29.

PEREBCUTION. Mst. 13. 21; Mk. 4. 17, when p. PERSECUTION. Mat. 13. 21; Mk. 4. 17, when p. ariseth. 2 Con. 12. 10, take pleasure in p. 2 Con. 12. 10, take pleasure in p. 2 Tim. 3. 12, godly shall suffer p. See Lam. 5. 5; Acta 8. 1; Gal. 6. 12; 1 Tim. 1. 13. PERSEVERANCE. Eph. 6, 18. PERSON. Deut. 10. 17; 2 Sam. 14. 14, God, which regardeth not p.
2 Sam. 17. 11, go to battle in thine own p.
Ps. 15. 4; 1sa. 32. 5, 6, vile p.
28. 41; Prov. 12. 11; 28. 19, with vain p.
105. 37, not one feelie p.
Mat. 22. 16; Mk. 12. 14, regardest not p. of men.
2 Cor. 2. 10, forgave 1 it in the p. of Christ.
Hehi. 1. 3, the express image of his p.
2 Pet. 3. 11, what manner of p. ought ye to he?
See Mal. 16; Lu. 15. 7; Heh. 12, 16; Jude 16.
PERSUADE. 1 Kings 22. 20, who shall p. Ahab?
Prov. 25, 15, by long forbearing is a prince p.
Mat. 28. 14, we will p. him and secure you.
Acts 20. 28, almost thou p. me.
Rom. 14. 5, let every man be fully p.
Cor. 5. 11, we p. me.
Gal. 1. 10, do I how p. men or God? PERSON. Deut. 10. 17; 2 Sam. 14. 14, God, which

Heb. 6. 9, we are p. hetter things of you. See 2 Kings 18. 32; 2 Chron. 18. 2; 2 Tim. 1. 12. PERTAIN. Rom. 15.17; 1 Cor. 6.3; 2 Pet. 1.3. PERVERSE. Deut. 32, 5, a p. and crooked generation.
Job 6. 30, cannot my taste discern p. things?
Prov. 4. 24, p. lips put far from thee.
12. 8, p. heart shall be despised.
17. 20, p. tongue falleth into mischief.
23. 33, thine heart shall utter p. things.
Phil. 2. 15, in the midst of a p. nation.
See Num. 23. 21; Isa. 30. 12; I Tim. 6. 5. ration. See Num. 23. 21; Isa. 30. 12; I 17m. 6. 5.

PERVERT. Deut. 16. 19. a gift doth p. words.

Job 8. 3. doth God p. judgment?

Prov. 10. 9, he that p. his ways shall he known.

19. 3, the foolishness of man p. his way.

Jer. 3. 21, they have p. their way.

23. 36, ye have p. the words of God.

Acts 13. 10, not cease to p. right ways.

Gal. 1. 7, would p. the gospel.

See Eccl. 5. 8; Mic. 3. 9; Lu. 23. 2.

PERTITERISE. 25. 3. 0. 15. Lep. 42. 17. 44. 13. PESTILENCE. Ex. 5. 3; 9. 15; Jer. 42. 17; 44. 13. PESTILENT. Acts 24. 5. PETITION. 1 Sam. 1.17, God of Israel grant thee thy p. thy p. 1 Kings 2, 20, one small p. Esth. 5.6; 7.2; 9.12, what is thy p.? Dan. 6.7, whosoever shall ask a p. 13, maketh his p. three times a day. See Esth. 7.3; Ps. 20.5; 1 John 5.15. PHILOSOPHY. Col. 2. 8. PICK. Prov. 30. 17. PICTURES. Num. 33. 52; Prov. 25. 11; Isa. 2. 16. PIECE, 1 Sam, 2, 36; Prov. 6, 26; 28, 21, a p. of bread. 15. 33, Samuel hewed Agag in p.
Ps. 7.2, rending in p. while none to deliver.
50. 22, consider, lest I tear you in p.
Jer. 23. 29, hammer that breaketh rock in p. Amos 4.7, one p. was rained upon. Zech. 11.12, weighed for my price thirty p. 13; Mat. 27.6, 9, took thirty p. 61; silver. See Lu. 14. 18; Acts 19. 19; 23. 10; 27. 44. PIERCE. 2 Kings 18, 21; Isa, 36, 6, into his hand and p. it. Zech. 12.10; John 19.37, look on me whom they Zech. 12. 10; John 15.0; No. 3. — have p. 1 Tim. 6. 10, p. themselves with many sorrows. See 18a, Z. 1; Liu. 2. 35; Heb. 4. 12; Rev. 1. 7. PILE. Isa. 20. 33; Ezek. 24. 9. PILLAR. Job 9. 6; 28. 11, the p. thereof tremble. Prov. 9. 1, she hath hewn out her seven p. Gal 2. 9, Cephas and John, who seemed to be p. 1 Tim. 3. 15, the p. and ground of the truth. Rev. 3. 12, that overcometh will 1 make a p. See 18a, 19. 19; Jer. 1. 18; Joel 2. 30; Rev. 10. 1. PULIOW. Gen. 28. 11; 1 Sam. 19. 13; Ezek. 13. 18; PILLOW. Gen. 28. 11; 1 Sam. 19. 13; Ezek. 13. 18; Mk. 4, 38. PILOTS. Ezek, 27, 8 PIN. Judg. 16. 14; Ezek. 15. 3. PINE. 3 Lev. 26, 39; Lam. 4, 9; Isa. 33, 12; Ezek. PIPE. 1sa. 5. 12, the harp and p. are in their feasts, Mst. 11. 17; Lu. 7. 32, we have p. unito you. 1 1. Cor. 14; Tow shall it he known what is p.? Rev. 18. 22, voice of p. shall he heard no more. See 1 Sam. 10. 5; 1 Kings 1. 49; 1sa. 30. 29. PIT. Gen. 37, 20, cast him into some p. Ex. 21, 33, 34, if a man dig a p. Num. 16, 30, 33, go down quick to the p. Job 33, 24, deliver him from going down into the p. Fa. 22, 1; 143, 7, like them that go down into Ps. 25. 1; 130. 1, has the p.
40. 2, out of an horrible p.
Prov. 22. 14; 23. 27, a deep p.
22. 10, shall fall into his own p.
18a. 38. 17, the p. of corruption.
Mat. 12. 11; Lu. 14. 5, fall into a p. on sabbath,

PITCHER CONCORDANCE. PITCHER. Gen. 24, 14: Judg. 7, 16: Eccl. 12, 6: Lam. 4, 2, P1T1FUL. Lam. 4, 10; Jas. 5, 11; 1 Pet. 3, 8. PITY. Deut. 7.16; 13.8; 19.13, thine eye shall 'ITY. Deut. 7. 16; 13. 8; 19. 13, thine eye shall have no p.
Joh 19. 21, have p. on me, my friends. Fs. 69. 20, I looked for some to take p.
Frov. 19. 17, that hath p. on the poor lendeth.
28. 8, gather for him that will p. the poor.
18a. 13. 18, they shall have no p. on fruit.
63. 9, in his p. he redeemed them.
Jer. 13. 14, I will not p. nor spare.
Ezek. 16. 5, none eye p. thee.
24. 21, I will profane what your soul p.
Joel 2. 18, the Lord will p. his people.
Zech. 11. 5, their own shepherds p. them not.
Mat. 18. 33, as I had p. on thee.
See Ps. 103. 13; Jer. 15. 5; Lam. 2. 2; Jouah 4. 10.
ELACE. Ex. 3. 5; Josh. 5. 15, p. whereon thou pust. 18, 30, as 1 mad p. off thee.

2. [Jouah 4. 10.

PLACE. Ex. 3. 5; Josh. 5. 15, p. whereon thou standest is holy.

Judg. 18, 10, a. p. where there is no want.

2. Kings 6. 11, strike his hand over the p.

6. 1; Isa. 49. 26, the p. is too strait for us.

7. 28, 28, 8, the p. where thine honour dwelleth.

32. 7; 119. 114, thou art my hiding p.

37. 10, thou shalt diligently consider his p.

14. 20, the dark p. of the earth.

90. 1, our dwelling p.

Prov. 14. 26, his children have s. p. of refuge.

16. 3, the eyes of the Lord in every p.

Eocl. 3. 20, all go to one p.

18a. 5. 8, isy field to field, till there he no p.

60. 1, where is the p. of my rest?

Jer. 6. 3, they shall not be found for them.

Mal. 1. 1, in every p. inceuse shall be oftered.

Mal. 28, 6; Mk. 16. 6, see the p. where the Lord lay. Mat. 28. 6; Mk. 16. 6, see the p. where the l lay.

1.u. 10. 1, two and two into every p.

14. 9, give this man p.

John 8. 37, my word fish no p. in you.

18. 2, Judas knew the p.

Acts 2. 1, with one accord in one p.

4. 31, the p. was shaken.

Rom. 12. 19, rather give p. to wrath.

Eph. 4. 27, neither give p. to the devil.

Heb. 12. 17, found no p. of repentance.

Rev. 20. 11, there was found no p. for them.

See Ps. 16. 6; Iss. 40. 4; Eph. 1. 3; 2. 6; 3. 10. PLAGUE. Lev. 26. 21. I will bring seven times more p.
Deut. 28, 59, will make thy p. wonderful Deut. 28. 59, will make thy p. wonderni.
29, 22, when they see the p. of that isnd.
I Kings 8. 33, every man the p. of his own heart.
Ps. 73. 5, up or are they p. like other men.
91. 10, nor zuy p. come nigh thy dwelling.
Hos. 13. 14, O death, I will be thy p.
Rev. 18. 4, that ye receive not of her p.
22. 18. shell add to him the p. written.
See Lev. 14. 35; Num. 8. 19; 16. 46; Mk. 3. 10. See Lev. 14. 30; NIIII. 5. 19; 10. 40; Max. 3. 10. PI.AIN. 6-no. 25. 27, Jacob was 8 p. man. Ps. 27. 11, lead me in 2 p. peth. Prov. 8. 9, they are p. to him that understandeth. 15. 19, the way of the righteous is made p. Iss. 40. 4, rough places p. Hab. 2. 2, write the vision, make it p. See Gen. 13. 10; 19. 17; Iss. 26. 25; Mk. 7. 35. Det voll. 10. 10; 19. 11; 188. 20. 20; ME. 1. 43. PLAINLY, Deut. 21. 3, write the words very p. Iss. 32. 4, stammerers shall speak p. 10hn 10. 24, tell us p. 16. 25, I shall show you p. of the Father. 29, now speakest thou p. See Ex. 21. 5; Ezra 4. 18; John 11. 14; 2 Cor. 3. 12.

PLAITING. 1 Pet. 3. 3. PLANES. Isa. 44. I3.

PLANT (n.). Job 14.9, bring forth boughs like a p. Ps. 128, 3, children like olive p.

Ps. 144. 12, sons as p. grown up. 1sa. 5. 7; 17. 10, his pleasant p. 18. 8, broken down principal p. 53. 2, as a tender p. 1sa. 2, as a tender p. 1sa. 2, as a tender p. 1sa. 3, as a t PLANT (v.). Num. 24. 6, as trees which the Lord PLANT (v). Num. 24.6, as trees which the lath p.
2 Sam. 7. 10; 1 Chron. 17. 9, 1 will p. them.
Ps. 1.3; 1 pr. 17. 8, like a tree p.
80. 15, the viceyard thy right hand hath p.
92. 13, p. in the house of the Lord.
94. 9, he that p. the ear.
Jer. 2 21, I had p. thee a noble vine.
Ezek. 17. 10, hefing p. shall it prosper?
Lu. 17. 6, be thou p. in the Sea.
Rom. 6. 5, if we have been p. together.
1 Cor. 3. 6, I have p.
See Mat. 21. 33; Mk. 12. 1, Lu. 20. 9.
IATE. Ex. 28. 36: 39. 30; Jer. 10. 9. PLATE. Ex. 28. 36; 39. 30; Jer. 10. 9. PLATTED. Mat. 27. 29; Mk. 15. 17; John 19. 2. PLATTER, Mat. 23, 25; Lu, 11, 39, PLATTER. Mat. 23. 25; Lu. II. 39.
PLAY. Ex. 32. 6; 1 Cor. 10. 7, people rose up to p.
1 Sam. 16. 17, a man that can p. well.
2 Sam. 6. 21, 1 will p. before the Lord.
10. 12, let us p. the meo.
Joh 41. 5, wilt thou p. with him?
Ps. 33. 3, p. akilfully with a loud noise.
1sa. 11. 8, the sucking child shall p.
Ezek. 33. 32, can p. well on an instrument,
See 2 Sam. 2. 14; 1 Chron. 15. 29; Ps. 69. 25; Zech. 8.5.

PLEAD. Judg. 6. 31, 32, will ye p. for Baal?

Joh 9. 19, who shall set me a time to p.?

13. 19, who will p. with me?

16. 21, that one might p. for a man.

23. 6, will he p. against me with his great power?

18a. 1. 17, p. for the widow.

3. 13, the Lord standeth up to p.

43. 26, let us p. together.

59. 4, none p. for truth.

Jen. 2. 9, 1 will yet p. with you.

Lam. 3. 58, thou hast p. the causes of my soul.

Joel 3. 2, 1 will p. with them for my people.

See 1 Saut. 25. 38; John 18. 6; 18a. 66. 16; Hos. 2. 2.

PLEASANT. Geb. 3. 6, p. to the eyes.

28am. 1. 23, were p. 10 their lives.

28, very p. hast thou heen to me.

Fa. 16. 6, lines fallen in p. places.

106. 24, they despieed the p. land.

13. 1, how p. for brethren to dwell together.

Prov. 2. 10, knowledge is p. to thy soul.

15. 26, the worde of the pure are p. words.

16. 24, p. words are as honeycomb.

Eccl. 11. 7, it is p. to behold the sun.

Cant. 4. 13, 16; 7. 13, with p. fruits.

Sae. 4. 11, our p. things are laid waste.

Jer. 31. 20, is Ephraim 2 p. child?

Ezek. 33. 2. of one that hath 2 p. voice.

Dau. 10. 3. 1 ate no p. bread.

PLEASE. I Kings. 3. 10, the speech p. the Lord. PLEA. Deut. 17, 8. PLEASANTNESS. Prov. 3. 17. PLEASE. 1 Kings 3.10, the speech p. the Lord. Pa. 51. 19, then shalt thou he p. with sacrifices. 115. 3; 135. 6; Jonah 1.14, he hath done whatsoever he p.
Prov. 16. 7, when a man's ways p. the Lord.
Isa. 2. 6, they p. themselves in children of strangers. strangers.
53. 10, it p. the Lord to bruise him.
55. 11, accomplish that which 1 p.
Mic. 67, will the Lord he p. with rams?
Mal. 1.8, offer tt, will he be p. with thee?
John 8. 29, I do always those things that p. him.
Rom. 8. 8, in the flesh cannot p. God.
15. 1, to bear, and not to p. ourselves.
3, even Christ p. not himself.

1 Cor. 1. 21, it p. God by the foolishness of presching.
10.33, as 1 p. men in all things.
Gal. 1.10, do I seek to p. men?
Eph. 6.6; Col. 3.22, as mec. p.
Heb. 11.6, without faith it is impossible to p. God.
See 1 Cor. 7. 32; Col. 1. 19; 1 Thess. 2. 4; 1 John 3. 22. PLEASURE. 1 Chron. 29. 17, hast p. io uprightness. Esth. 1. 8, do according to every man's p. Job 21. 21, what p. hath he in his house? 300 21. 21, what p, nath he in his house?
25, another never easteth with p.
22. 3, is it any p, to the Almighty?
Ps. 16. 11, p, for evermore.
35. 27, hath p, in the prosperity of his servants.
51. 15, do good in thy good p.
102. 14, thy sorvants take p, in her stones.
102. 14, thy sorvants take p, in the stones.
103. 21, ye ministers of his that do his p. 102 14, thy servants take p. in her stones.
103 21, ye ministers of his that do his p.
111. 2, of all them that have p. therein.
147. 11, taketh p. in them that fear him.
149. 4, the Lord taketh p. in hie people.
Prov. 21. 17, he that loveth p. shall be poor.
Eccl. 5. 4, he hath no p. in fools.
12. 1, I have no p. in them.
Iss. 44. 28, Cyrus shall perform all my p.
58. 10, the p. of the Lord shall prosper.
58. 3, in the day of your fast ye find p.
13, doing thy p. on my holy day.
Jer. 22. 28; 48. 38; Hos. 8.8, a vessel wherein is no p.
Ezek. 18. 23; 33. 11, have I any p.?
Mal. 1. 10, I have no p. in you, said the Lord.
11. 8. 14, choked with p. of this life.
12. 32, Father's good p.
Eph. 1. 5, the good p. of his will.
Phil. 2. 13, to will and to do of his good p.
1 Tim. 5. 6, she that liveth in p.
2. Tim. 3. 4, lovers of p.
Heb. 10. 38, my soul shall have no p. in him,
11. 29, the p. of sin for a season.
12. 10, chastened us after their own p.
13. 5. 5, ye have lived in p. on earth.
14. 10, thy p. they were created.
15. 15. 10 thy p. they were created.
16. 15. 15. 10 thy p. they were created.
16. 15. 15. 10 thy p. they were created.

PLENTEOUS. Ps. 88. 5; 103. 6, p. in mercy. 130. 7, p. redemption. Hab. 1. 16, portion fat and meat p. Mat. 9. 37, the hervest truly is p. See Gen. 41. 34; Deut. 28. 11; 30. 9; Prov. 21. 5; Iss. 30. 23. PLENTIFUL. Ps. 31. 23; 68. 9; Jer. 2. 7; 48, 33; Lu. 12. 16.

PLENTY. Gen. 27. 28, p. of coro and wine, Job 22. 25, p. of silver. 37. 23, p. of justice. Prov. 3. 10, barns filled with p. See 2 Chron. 31. 10; Prov. 28. 19; Jer. 44. 17; Joel 2. 26.

2. 26.
PLOW. Job 4. 8, that p. iniquity shall reap.
Prov. 20. 4, not p. by reason of cold.
21. 4, the p. of the wicked is sin.
18a. 2. 4; Mic. 4. 3, beat swords into p.-shares.
22. 24, doth plowman p. all day to sow?
Joel 3. 10, beat your p-shares into swords.
Amos 9. 13, the p.-man overtake the reaper.
See Deut. 22. 10; 1 Sam. 14. 14; Job 1. 14; 1 Cor.
9. 10.

PLUCK. Deut. 23. 25, mayest p. the ears with

Mat. 12. 1; Mk. 2. 23; Lu. 6. 1, begau to p. ears John 10. 28, nor shall any p. out of my hand. See Gen. 8. 11; Lu. 17. 6; Gal. 4. 15; Jude 12. POINT. Jer. 17.1, written with the p. of a diamond. Heb. 4. 15, in all p. tempted. Jas. 2. 10, yet offend in one p. See Gen. 25. 32; Eccl. 5. 16; Mk. 5. 23; John 4. 47.

POLE. Num. 21. 8. POLICY. Dan. 8, 25.

POLISHED. Ps. 144. 12; Isa. 49. 2; Lam. 4. 7; Dag. 10. 6. POLL. 2 Sam. 14. 26 : Ezek. 44. 20 : Mic. 1. 16. POMP. 25, 23 Isa, 5, 14; 14, 11; Ezek, 7, 24; 30, 18; Acts

PONDER. Prov. 4. 26, p. the path of thy feet. 5. 6, lest thou shouldest p. 21, the Lord p. all his goings. See Prov. 21. 2; 24. 12; Lu. 2. 19.

POOL. Ps. 84.6; Isa. 35.7; 41.16; John 5.2; 9.7. 200L. Ps. 84. 6; 1sa. 35. 7; 41. 16; John 5. 2; 9. 7.

200R. Ex. 30. 15, the p. shall not give less.

Deut. 15. 11, the p. shall never cease.

Z Kings 24. 14, uone remained, save p. sort.

Job 24. 4, the p. of the earth hide.

23. 16, I was a father to the p.

Ps. 10. 14, the p. committeth himself to thee.

34. 6, this p. man cried.

40. 17; 69. 29; 70. 5; 86. 1; 109. 22, I am p.

49. 2; rich and p. together.

Prov. 10. 4, becometh p. that dealeth with slack band. POOR.

hand.
13. 23, food in the tillage of the p.
18. 23, the p. useth entreaties.
22. 2, rich and p. meet together.
30. 9, lest I be p. and steal.
18a. 41. 17, when p. and needy seek water.
Amos 2. 6, they sold the p.
Zech. 11. 7, 11, I will feed even you, O p. of the

Zeen. 11. 7, 11, 1 will feet even you, o p. flock.

Mat. 5. 3, blessed are the p. in spirit.

2 Cor. 6. 10, as p., yet mekling many rich.

8. 9, for your sakes he became p.

See Lev 27, 6; Jas. 22; Rev. 3, 17; 13. 16.

POPULOUS. Deut. 26, 5; Nah. 3. 8.

See Lev. 20. 3 jas. 2. 2; Rev. 3. 17; 13. 16.
POPULOUS. Deut. 25. 5; Nah. 3. 8.
PORTION. Geo. 31. 14, is there yet any p. for us?
48. 22, one p. above thy brethren.
Deut. 32. 9, the Lord's p. is his people.
2 Kings 2. 9, a double p. of thy spirit.
Neh. 8. 10; Esth. 9. 19, send p. to them.
Joh 20. 29, this is the p. of a wicked man.
24. 18, their p. is cursed.
26. 14; 27. 13, how little a p. is heard of him?
31. 2 what p. of God is there from above?
Pa. 11. 6, this shall be the p. of their cup.
16. 5, Lord is the p. of mine inheritance.
17. 14, have their p. in this life.
17. 13, God is my p. of mine inheritance.
17. 14, have their p. in this life.
18. 26, God is my p.
119. 57; 142. 5, thou art my p., O Lord.
Prov. 31. 15, giveth a p. to her maidens.
Eccl. 2. 10, this was my p. of all my labour.
3. 22; 5. 16; 9. 9, rojole, for that is his p.
5. 19, God hath given power to take p.
9. 6. nor have they any more p. for ever.
11. 2, give a p. to seven.
11. 2, give a p. to seven.
12. 10, 16; 5. 1. 39, p. of Jacoh not like them.
13. 10, my pleasent p. a wilderness.
14. 10, my pleasent p. a wilderness.
15. 24. 16, spoll the p. of my people.
16. 14. 42, their p. in due season.
16. 16. p. with unbellevers.
16. 16. p. with unbellevers.
16. 17. 140; Dan. 4. 15; 11. 26.
POSSESS. Geo. 22. 17; 24. 50, thy seed shall p. the
gate.
Joh. 23, made to p. months of vanity.

gate.
Job 7.3, made to p. months of vanity.
13.26, p. iniquities of my youth.

Prov. 8. 22, the Lord p. me in beginning. Lu. 18. 12, I give tithes of all I p. 21. 19, in patience p. your souls. See Lu. 12. 15; Acts 4, 32; 1 Cor. 7. 30; 2 Cor. 6. 10. See Lev. 25. 10; 27. 18; 1 Kings 21. 15.

See Lev. 25. 10; 27. 18; 18. 4 an everlasting p. Prov. 28; 10, good things in p. Ecol. 27; Mat. 19. 22; Mk. 10. 22, great p. Acts 2. 45, and sold their p. Eph. 1. 41, redemption of purchased p. See Lev. 25. 10; 27. 18; 1 Kings 21. 15. POSSIBLE. Mat. 19. 28; Mk. 10. 27, with God all USSIBLE: Mat. 19. 20; JRE. 10. 21, what trou an things are p. 24. 24; Mk. 13. 22, if p. deceive elect. 23. 39; Mk. 14. 35, 33, if p. let this cup. Mk. 9. 23, all things are p. to him that helieveth. 14. 38; Lu. 18. 27, all things are p. to thee. Rom. 12. 18, if p. live peaceshly.

See Acts 2. 24; 20. 18; Gal. 4. 15; Heb. 10. 4. POST. Deut. 8.9; Job 9. 25; Jer. 51. 31; Amos 9. 1. POSTERITY. Gen. 45.7; Ps. 49. 13; 109. 13; Dan. 11.4
POT. 2 Kings 4. 2, not anything save a p. of oil.
40, there is death in the p.
10 b 41.31, maketh the deep boil like a p.
Zech. 14. 21, every p. shall be holiness.
Mk. 7.4, the washing of cups and p.
John 2. 8, six water-p.
Sec Ex. 18. 33; Jer. 1. 13; John 4. 28; Heb. 9. 4.
POTENTATE. 1 Tim. 8. 15.
POLYND. 12. 10. 13. John 1. 13. POUND. Lu. 19. 13; John 12. 13. UR. Joh 10. 10, hast thou not p. me out as milk. POUR. milk.

20 Si rock p, out rivers of oil.

20 Si rock p, out rivers of oil.

20 Si rock p, out rivers of oil.

20 Si rock p, out wout heart before him.

Prov. I 23: Isa. 44 3: Joel 2 28, 29; Acts 2 17,

18, I will p, out my Spirit.

Cant. I. 3, as olotment p, forth.

Iss. 26. 16, p, out prayer when chastening.

22 15, till the spirit he p, on us.

44. 3, I will p, water on thirsty.

53 12, p, out his soul unto death.

Jer. 7.20; 42. 18, my fury shall he p, out.

Lam. 2 19, p, out thine heart like water.

Nah. 1.8, fury is p, out like fire.

Mal. 3. 10, if I will not p, out a blessing.

Mat. 28, i; Mk. 14, 3, p, ointment on his head.

John 2 15, he p, out the changers' money.

See 2 Sam. 23 16; 2 Kings 3. 11; Rev. 14. 10; 18. 1.

POURTRAY. Ezek. 4, 18. 10; 23. 14. POURTRAY. Ezek 4.1; 8.10; 23.14. POVERTY. Gen. 45.11; Prov. 20.13, lest thou come to p. Prov. 8. 11; 24. 34, thy p. come as one that travelleth. velleth.

10. 15. destruction of poor is p.

11. 24, it tendeth to p.

13. 18, p. to him that refuseth instruction.

28. 19, shall have p. enough.

30. 8; give me neither p. nor riches.

31. 7, drink and forept nor riches.

31. 7, drink and forept sis p.

See Prov. 23. 21; 2 Cor. 8. 2; Rev. 2. 9.

POWDER. Ex. 32. 20; 2 Kings 23. 6; Mat. 21. 44.

POWER. Gen. 32. 23; Hos. 12. 3, hast thou p. with God. Ex. 15. 6, glorious in p.
Lev. 26. 10, the pride of your p.
Deut. 8. 18, he giveth thee p. to get wealth.
2 Sam. 22. 33, God is my strength and p.
1 Chool. 29. 11; Mat. 6. 13, thine is the p. and

1 Chron. 28. 11; mas. 6. 10, state of glory.
2 Chron. 25. 8. God hath p. to help.
Joh 26. 2. him that is without p.
Ps. 49. 15. from the p. of the grave.
55. 6, being girded with p.
90. 11, who knoweth p. of thine anger.
Prov. 3. 27, when it is in p. to do it,
18. 21, in the p. of the tongue.
Eccl. 5. 19; 6. 2, p. to eat thereof.

Eccl. 8. 4. where word of king is, there is p. Iss. 40. 29, he giveth p. to the faint.
Mic. 3. 8. full of p. by the spirit.
Hab. 3. 4, the hiding of his p.
Zech. 4. 6, not by might, nor by p.
Mat. 9. 7; Mk. 2. 10; Lu. 5. 24, p. on earth to forgive.
8, who had given such p. to men.
24. 30; Lu. 21. 21, coming in clouds with p.
28. 18, all p. is given to me.
Lu. 1. 35, the p. of the Highest.
4. 6, all this p. will I give thee.
14. Jesus returned in the p. of the Spirit. 4. b, all this p. will I give thee.
14. Jesus returned in the p. of the Spirit.
22. his word was with p.
5. 17, the p. of the Lord was present.
9. 43, amazed at the mighty p. of God.
12. 5, that hath p. to cast into hell.
13. Dring you unto magistrates and p. 12. 5, that hath p, to cast into hell.

11, bring you unto magistrates and p.
22. 53, your hour and the p, of darkness.
24. 49, with p, from on high.
John 1. 12, p, to hecome sous of God.
10. 18, I have p, to lay it down.
17. 2, p, over all feels.
19. 10, I have p, to crucity thee.
Acts 1. 8, p, after the Holy Ghost is come.
3. 12, as though by our own p.
5. 4, was it not in thine own p.
8. 10, this man is the great p. of God.
10. citye me also this. 5. 5, was it in this own p.
5. 6, was it in this preat p. of God.
19, give me also this p.
26. 18, from the p. of Satan unto God.
Rom. 1. 20, his eternal p. and Godhead.
9. 17, that 1 might show my p. in thee.
13. 2, whoseever resistent the p.
10. 15. 43, it is raised in p.
Eph. 2. 2 prince of the p. of the air.
3. 7, the effectual working of his p.
Phil. 3. 10, the p. of his resurrection.
2 Thess. 1 9, from the glory of his p.
2 Tim. 1. 7, spirit of p. and love.
3. 5, form of godiliness, but denying the p.
Heh. 2. 14, him that had p. of death.
8. 5, the p. of the world to come.
7. 18, the p. of an enclose life.
Rev. 2. 26, to him will 1 give p.
4. 11, worthy to receive p.
See Mat. 22. 29; I.u. 22. 69; Rom. 1. 16.
POWERFUL. Ps. 29. 4; 2 Cor. 10. 10; Heh. 4. See Halt. 22. 3, 10. 22. 6, 10. 10. 15. See Halt. 22. See Halt. 22. 4; 2 Cor. 10. 10; Heb. 4. 12. PRAISE (a). Ex. 15. 11, fearful in p. Deut. 10. 21, he is thy p. and thy God. Judg. 5. 3; Ps. 7. 17; 9. 2; 57. 7; 51. 8; 104. 33, I will start a property of the see that the see thad the see that the see that the see that the see that the see th POWERFUL. Ps. 29.4: 2 Cor. 10. 10; Heb. 4. 12. Κk

PRAISE. PRAISE (v.). Gen. 49.8, whom thy brethren shall p.
2 Sam. 14.25, none to be so mnoh p.
Ps. 30. 9, shall the dust p, thee?
42.5. 11, 14.35, I shall yet p, him.
45. 17, therefore shall the people p, thee.
49. 16, men will p, thee when thou doest well.
63. 3, my lips shall p, thee.
67. 3.5, let the people p, thee.
67. 3.5, let the people p, thee.
71. 14, I will yet p, thee more and more.
72. 15, daily shall be be p,
76. 10, the writh of man shall p, thee.
88. 10, shall the dead arise and p, thee?
107. 32, p, him in the assembly.
115. 17, the dead p, not hee.
119. 164, seven times a day do I p, thee.
119. 149, seven times a day do I p, thee.
119. 149, let another p, thee.
119. 12, let another p, thee.
120. 31, her own works p, her in the gates.
121. 32, 123, Acts 2 47, 38.

PRANCING. Judg. 5. 22; Nah. 3. 2. PRANCING, Judg. 5, 22; Nah. 3, 2 PRATING. Prov. 10.8: 3 John 10. PRATING. Prov. 10.8; 3 John 10.
PRAY. Gen. 20, 7, 8 prophet and shall p, for thee.
1 Sam. 7.5, 1 will p, for you to the Lord.
12.23, shi ni cessing to p, for you.
2 Chron. 7, 14, if my people shall p.
Ezra 6.10, p, for the lite of the king.
Job 21. 15, what profit if we p. to him.
Ps. 5.2, to thee will 12.
55. 17, evening, morning, and at noon will 1 p.
122. 6, p, for the peace of Jerusalem.
1s. 45. 20, p, to s god that cannot save.
1sr. 7. 16; 11. 14; 14. 11, p, not for this people.
37. 3; 42. 2. 20, p, now to the Lord for us.
2coh. 7. 2, they sent men to p.
Mat. 5. 44, and p, for them which despitefully use you. Mat. 5. 44, and p. for them which despitefully use you.
6. 5, they love to p. standing.
14. 23: Mk. 6. 46; Lu. 6. 12; 9. 28, apart to p.
26. 36; Mk. 14. 32, while I p. yonder.
Mk. 11. 25, and when ye stand p., forgive.
Lu. II. 1, Lord, teach us to p.
18. 1, men ought always to p.
John 14. 16; 16. 26, 1 will p. the Father.
IT. 9, 1 p. for them. I p. not for the world.
20, neither p. I for these alone.
Acts 9. II, behold he p.
Rom. 8, 28, know not what we should p. for.
1 Cor. 14. 15, 1 will p. with the spirit, and p. with understending also.
Eph. 6. 18, p. always with all prayer. Eph. 6. 18, p. slways with all prayer. 1 Thess. 5. 17, p. without ceasing. 1 Tim. 2. 8, that men p. everywhere. Jss. 5. 13, ie any afflicted? let him p. 16, p. one for another.
1 John 5. 16, I do not say he shall p. for it.
See Lu. 9. 29; I Cor. II. 4; 14. 14; I Thess. 5. 25. PRAYER. 2 Chron, 7, 15, ears shall be attent to **RAYER: 2 Ultron. 1. 10, care shall be alread with p.

Job 15. 4, thou restrainest p.

16. 17; Ps. 4. 1; 5. 3; 6. 9; 17. 1; 35. 13; 39. 12;

66. 19; Lam. 3.8, my p.

Ps. 65. 2, thou that hearest p.

72. 15. p. shall be made continually,

109. 4, 1 give myself to p.

Prov. 15. 8, the p. of the upright.

18a. 1. 15, when ye make many p.

56. 7; Mat. 21. 13; Mk. 11. 17; Lu. 19. 46, house of p. of p. Mat 21. 22, whatever ye ask in p., believing. 23. 14; Mk. 12. 40; Lu. 20. 47, long p. Lu. 6. 12, all night in p. to God. Acts 3. 1, the hour of p. Acts 3.1, the nonr or p.
6.4, give ourselves continually to p.
12.5, p. was made without cessing.
16.13, where p. was wont to be made.
Phil. 4, 6, in everything by p.
13a.5.15, p. of faith shall save the stok.
16, effectual fervent p. of a righteous man.

1 Pet. 4.7, watch unto p. Rev. 5.8; 8.3, the p. of the saints. See Ps. 72.20; Dan. 9.21; Rom. 12.12; Col. 4.2. PREACH. Neb. 6. 7. appointed prophets to p. of thee.
1ss. 61.1, to p. good tidings.
Jonah 3.2, p. the preaching I bid thee,
Mat. 4.17; 10.7, Jesus began to p.
11.1, to p. in their cities. PREACHER. Rom. 10. 14, how shall they hear without a p.? 1 Tim. 2.7, whereunto I am ordained a p. 2 Pet. 2.5, Noah, a p. of righteousness. See Eccl. 1.1; 7.27; 12.8; 2 Tim. 1.11. See ECCU. 1. 1; 1. 21; 12. 8; 2 7 m. 1. 11.
PRECEPT. Neh. 9. 14, commandeds them p.
18a. 28. 10, 13, p. must be upon p.
29. 13, taught by p. of men.
19ar 35. 18, ye have kept Jonadab's p.
See Fs. 119. 4, etc.; Dan. 9. 5; MK. 10. 5; Heb.
9. 18. See Fs. 12. 3, etc.; Delli s. 0, Max. 40, 120.

9. 19.

PRECIOUS. Dent. 33. 13, 14, 15, 16, p. things.

1 Sam. 3. 1, the word was p. in those days.

26, 21, my soul was p. in thine eyea.

28 Kings. 13, let my life be p.

Ezna 8. 27, fine copper, p. as gold.

P. 42, 6, the redemption of their soul is p.

72 14, p. shall their blood be in his signt.

116, 15, p. in sight of the Lord is death of saints,

126, 6, bearing p. seed.

133, 2, like p. ointment upon the head.

133, 17, how p. are thy thoughts.

Prov. 3. 15, wisdom more p. than rubles.

Eccl. 7. 1, good name better than p. ointment.

18. 13, 12, 1 will make x man more p.

28, 16; 1 Pet. 2, 6, a. p. corner stone.

34, 4, eince thou wast p. in my sight.

Jer. 15, 19, take the p. from the vile.

Lam. 4, 2, the p. sons of Zion.

1 Pet. 1. 7, trial of faith more p. than gold.

19, the p. blood of Christ.

2. 7, to you which believe he is p.

2 Pet. 1. 1, like p. faith.

4, great and p. promises.

Ecc. Met. 98, 7, Mk. 14, 3. Jes. 5, 7, Rev. 21, 11. 4, great and n. promises. See Mat. 26. 7; Mk. 14. 3; Jas. 5. 7; Rev. 21. 11. PREEMINENCE. Eccl. 3. 19; Col. 1. 18; 3 John 9. PREFER. Ps. 137. 6; John 1. 15; Rom. 12. 10; I Tim. 5. 21. PREMEDITATE. Mk. 13. 11. PREPARATION. Prov. 16.1, p. of the heart. Eph. 6. 15, feet shod with p. of gospel. See Mat. 27. 62; Mk. 15. 42; Lu. 23. 54; John 19. 14. PREPARE. 1 Sam. 7. 3, p. your hearts to the Lord. 2. Chron. 20. 33, as yet the people had not p. Ps. 68, 10, thou hast p. of thy goodness. 107. 36, that they may p. acity. Prov. 8. 27, when he p. the heavens 1 was there.

PRESCRIBE.

Isa. 40. 3; Mal. 3, 1; Mat. 3, 3; Mk. 1, 2; Lu. 1, 76, n. way of the Lord. 62, 10, p. the way of the people. Amos 4, 12, p. to meet thy God. Jouah 1, 17, Lord had p, s great fish. Mat. 20, 23; Mk. 10. 40, to them for whom p. John 14, 2, 1 go to p. a place for you. Rom. 9, 23, store p. to glory. 1 Cor. 2, 9, things God hath p. Heb. 10, 5, a body hast thou p. me. See I Chron. 22, 5; Ps. 23, 5; Rev. 21, 2. PRESCUEIPE. Ergs. 72, 14, 10, 1 PRESCRIBE. Ezra 7, 22: Isa, 10, 1. PRESENCE. Gen. 4, 16, Calp went out from the p. of the Lord.

47. 15, why should we die in thy p.

5x. 33. 15, if thy p. go not with me.

Joh 23. 15, 1 am trouhled at his p.

5y. 16. 11, in thy p. is fulness of joy.

17. 2, my sentence come forth from thy p.

51. 11, cast me not away from thy p.

51. 11, cast me not away from thy p.

51. 13, 7, whither shall 1 fiee from thy p.?

Prov. 14. 7, go from p. of a foolish man.

Jer. 23. 39; 52. 3, 1 will cast you cut of my p.

Jonah 1. 3, to fiee from p. of the Lord.

Zeph. 1. 7, hold thy peace at p. of the Lord.

Lu. 13. 26, we have eaten and drunk in thy p.

Acts 3. 19, times of refreshing from the p.

2 Con. 10, 1, 10, who in p. am base.

2 Thess. 1. 9, destruction from the p. of the Lord.

See Gen. 16. 12; Ps. 23. 5; Prov. 25. 6; Lu. 15. 10.

FRESENT. 1 Sam. 10, 27, they brought him no p. of the Lord See Geth. 16. 12 | F. 2. 5. 5. 7 FeV. 2. 5. 16. 14. 15. 16. 17. PS. 46. 1, a very n. help in trouble. John 14. 25, being yet n, with you. Acts 10. 33, all here p. before God. Rom. 7, 18, to will is p. with me. Rom. 7, 18, to will is p, with me.
21, evil is p, with me.
8, 18, sufferings of this p, time.
12, 1, p, your hodies a living saorifice.
1 Cor. 7, 28, good for the p, distress.
2 Cor. 5, 8, to be p, with the Lord.
9, whether p, or absent.
Gal. 1.4, deliver us from this p, world.
Col. 1.28, p, every man perfect.
2 Tim. 4, 10, having loved this p, world.
Tit. 2, 12, live godly in this p, world.
Tit. 2, 12, live godly in this p, world.
Heb. 12, 11, no chastening for p, eseemoth joyous.
2 Pet. 1, 12, established in the p, truth.
See Ps. 72, 10; Mat. 2, 11; Lu. 2, 22.
PRESENTLY, Prov. 12, 16; Mat. 21, 19; 26, 53. PRESENTLY. Prov. 12. 16; Mat. 21. 19; 26. 53. PRESERVE. Gen. 32. 30, I have seen God, and PRESERVE. Geo. 32 30, I have seen God, my life is p. 45.5, did send me before you to p. life. Job 29, 2, as in days when God p. me. Ps. 36.6, thou p. ms. and beast. 121.7, the Lord p. thee from evil. 8, p. thy going out snd coming in. Prov. 2.8, he p. the way of his saints. 11, discretion shall p. thee. 20.28, mercy and truth p. the king. Jer. 49. II, I will p. them slive. II. 11. 33, lose his life shall p. it. See Neh. 9.6; Iss. 49.6; Hos. 12.13; Jude 1. See Neh. 9. 6; 183. 49. 6; HOS. 12. 13; JUGE 1. PR.ESS. Prov. 3. 10, p. burst with new wine. Amos 2. 13, I am p. under you as a cert is p. Mk. 3. 10, they p. on thim to touch him. Lu. 6. 38, good messure, p. down. 16. 16, every man p. into it. Phil. 3. 14, I p. toward the mark. See Mk. 2. 4; 5. 27; Lu. 6. 19; 19. 3. PRESUME. Deut. 18. 20; Esth. 7. 5. PRESUMPTUOUS. Num. 15. 30; Ps. 19. 13; 2 Pet. 2. 10.

PRETENCE. Mat. 23. 14; Mk. 12. 40; Phil. 1, 18. PREVAIL. Gen. 32. 28; Hos. 12. 4, power with God, and hast p. Ex. 17. 11, Moses held up hand, Israel p.

I Sam. 2. 9, by strength shall no man p. 1 SSM. 2. 9, by strength shall uo man p.
Pa. 9.18, let not man p.
65. 3, iniquities p. against me.
Ecol. 4. 12, if one p. against him.
Mat. 16. 18, gates of hell shall not p.
Acts 19. 20, grew word of God and p.
See Joh 14. 20; Jer. 20. ?; Lam. 1. 16; John 12. 19. PREVENT. 2 Sam. 22.6: Ps. 18.5, susres of death p. me. Ps. 88.13, in the morning shall my prayer p. 119.147, I p. the dawning of the morning. See Ps. 21. 3; 79. 6; Isa. 21. 14; I Thess. 4. 15. PREY. Isa. 49. 24, shall the p. he taken from the mighty?

Jer. 21. 9; 33. 2; 39. 18; 45. 5, his life shall he for s p. Ezek. 34. 22, my flock shall no more he s p. See Gen. 49. 9; Num. 14. 3; Neh. 4. 4; Amos 3. 4. PRICE. Lev. 25.52, the p. of his redemption.
2 Sam. 24.24; I Chron. 21.22, I will buy it at a p.
1 Cor. 6.29; 7.23, bought with a p.
1 Cor. 6.29; 7.23, bought with a p.
1 Pet. 3.4 meek spirit of great p.
See Deut. 23.18; Prov. 31.10; Zeob. 11.12. PRICKS. Num. 33. 55; Acts 9. 5; 26. 14. RIOR. 5, 30, 10, 10, 5, 20, 14. RIOR. 8, 31, 20, 116 them from p. of man. Prov. 8, 13, p. do I hate. 14. 3, in mouth of foolish is rod of p. Isa. 23, 1, woe to the crown of p. 15a. 28, 1, when the heart hath deceived thee. See Mk. 7, 22; 1 Tim. 3, 6; 1 John 2, 16. PRIEST. Gen. 14. 18; Heb. 7. 1, p. of most high God Ev. 19.6, a kingdom of p. 1 Sam. 2.35, I will raise up a faithful p. 2 Chron. 6.41; Ps. 132.16, p. clothed with salvatio.

13. 9, p. of them that are no gods.

15. 3, without a teaching p.

15. 3, without a teaching p.

15. 42, 2, as with the people, so with the p.

25. 7, p. and prophet have erred.

61. 6, shall be named the p. of the Lord.

Jer. 13. 13, will fill p. with drunkenness.

Mic. 3. 11, the p. teach for hire.

Mal. 2. 7, the p. lips should keep knowledge.

Lu. 17. 14, show yourselves to the p.

Acts 6, 7, p. were obedient to the faith.

Rev. 1.6; 5. 10; 2.0. 6, kings and p. to God.

See Heb. 2. 17; 3. 1; 4. 15; 7. 26.

PRIESTHOOD. Ex. 4d. 15; Num. 25, 13, and vatioo. PRIESTHOOD, Ex. 40. 15; Num. 25, 13, an everlasting p.

Num. 16. 10, seek ye the p. also.
Heb. 7. 24, an uochangeable p.
1 Pet. 2. 5, an holy p. 9, ye are a royal p. See Num. 18, 1; Josh, 18, 7; Neh. 13, 29. PRINCE. Gen. 32. 28, as a p. hast thou power. Ex. 2. 14; Num. 16. 13, who made thee a p. over us? us?
1 Sam. 2 S. Ps. 113. 8, to set them among p.
2 Sam. 3 S. p. failen in Israel.
Joh 12. 21; Ps. 107. 49, poureth contempt on p.
21. 28, where is the house of the p.?
31. 37, as a p. would 1 go oear him.
Ps. 45. 16, make p., to all the earth.
118. 9, than to put confidence in p.
146. 3, put not your trust in p.
Prov. 8. 15, by me p. decree justice.
31. 4, nor for p. strong drink.
Feel. 10. 7, p. walking as servents.
16, when they p. eat in the morning.
17, hiessed when p. eat in due season.
18a. 34. 12; 40. 23, all her p. shall be nothing.
18a. 34, 12; 40. 23, all her p. shall be nothing. 18t. 57. 12; 90. 20, 811 fer 72. Shall fer florating. Hos. 3. 4, shide many days without 8. p. Met. 9. 34; 12. 24; Mk. 3. 22, by p. of devils. John 12. 31; 14. 30; 16. 11, the p. of this world, Acts 3. 15, and killed the P. of life. 5. 31, exalted to be a P. and Saviour.

1 Cor. 2.6, wisdom of the p, of this world, 8, which none of p, of this world knew. Eph. 2.2, the p, of the power of the air. See Isa. 3.4; Hos. 7.5; Mat. 20.25.

PRINCIPAL. Prov. 4. 7; Isa. 28. 25; Acts 25. 23. PRINCIPALITY. Eph. 6, 12, we wrestle against

p. and powers.
Tit. 3. 1, to be subject to p.
See Born, 8, 38; Eph. 1, 21; 3. 10; Col. 1, 16.
PRINCIPLES. Heb. 5, 12; 6. 1.

PRINT. Lev. 19. 28; Job 13. 27; 19. 23; John 20. 25.

PRISON. Ps. 142.7, bring my soul out of p. Eccl. 4.14, out of p. ha comath to reign. Isa. 53. 8, taken from p. and from judgment,

18s. 53. 8, taken from p. and from judgment, 61. 1, opening of the p. Mat. 5. 25; Lu. 12. 58, thou be east into p. 11. 2, John heard in the p. 25. 36, 39, in p. that ye came unto me. Lu. 22. 33, to go with thee to p. and to death. 2 Cor. 11. 23, in p. more frequent. 1 Pet. 3. 19, spirits in g., See Jer. 32. 2; 33. 14; Lu. 3. 20; Acts 5. 18.

PRISONER. Ps. 79. 11; Zech. 9. 12; Mat. 27. 16; Eph. 3. 1.

PRIVATE. 2 Pat. 1, 20,

PRIVATELY. Mat. 24. 3; Mk. 9. 28; Lu. 10. 23; Gal. 2, 2 PRIVILY. Mat. 1. 19; 2.7; Acts 16. 37; Gal. 2.4; 2 Pet. 2. 1.

PRIZE, 1 Cor. 9, 24; Phil. 3, 14,

PROCEED. Gen. 24. 50, the thing p. from the Lord.

Lord.
Deut. 8. 3; Mat. 4. 4, that p. out of mouth of God.
Job 40. 5. I will p. no further.
1sa. 29. 14. I will p. to do a marvellous work.
51. 4, a law shall p. from mei.
Jer. 9. 3, they p. from evil to evil.
Mat. 15. 18; Mk. 7. 21, p. out of the mouth.
John 8. 42, I p. forth from God.
Jas. 3. 10, p. Diessing and cursing.
See Lu. 4. 22; John 15. 26; Eph. 4. 29; Rev. 22. 1.
DECCA AIM. Ex. 23 10. 24. 5 I will a the name.

PROCLAIM. Ex. 33, 19; 34.5, I will p. the name

of the Lord. Isa. 61. 1, to p. liberty to captives.

22, to p, acceptable year.
62.11, Lord hath p, thy salvation cometh.
Jer. 34.15, in p. liberty every man to his

Jef. 34, 13, 11 p. Hostry svery man to me neighbour.
Ln. 12, 3, p. upon the housetops.
See Dent. 20, 10; Prov. 20, 6; Jer. 3, 12; Joel 3, 9. PROCURE. Prov. 11. 27; Jer. 2. 17; 4. 18; 26. 19;

33, 9, PRODUCE. Isa. 41, 21. PROFANE. Lev. 18, 21; 19, 12; 20, 3; 21, 6; 22, 2,

p. nama of God. Jer. 23. 11, prophet and priest are p. Ezek. 22. 26, no difference hetween holy and p.

Ezek. 22. 28, no difference between holy & Mat. 12. 5, priests in temple p. asbath. Acts 24. 6, hath gone about to p. temple. 1 Tim. 1. 3, law for unbly and p. 4. 7, refuse p. and old wives fables. 6. 20; 2 Tim. 2. 16, avoiding p. habblings. Heb. 12. 16, any p. person. See Ps. 89. 39; Jer. 23. 15; Mal. 1. 12; 2. 10.

PROFESS. Rom. 1. 22; 2 Cor. 9, 13; 1 Tim. 2, 10;

PROFIT (n.). Gen. 25, 32, what p. shall hirthright

do me?

31. 28, what p, if we slay?

Job 21. 15, what p, if we pray?

Prov. 14. 28, in all labour there le p,

Eccl. 1. 3; 3. 9; 5. 16, what p, of labour?

2. 11, there was no p, under the sun,

5. 9, p, of the earth for all,

7. 11, by wiadom there is p,

Jar. 16. 19, things wherein is no p,

Mal. 3.14, what p, that we have kept,

1 Cor. 10, 33, not seeking own p, hut p, of many. do me?

Heb. 12. 10, ha chasteneth us for our p. See Esth. 3. 8; Ps. 30. 9; Isa. 30. 5; 1 Tim. 4. 15. PROFIT (v.). 1 Sam. 12. 21, valn things which

2 Tim, 2, 14, about words to no p.

cannot p.

Job 33. 27, 1 basin, is. 21, vain things whice
cannot p.

Job 33. 27, 1 have sinned, and it p. not.
34. 9, p. nothing to delight in God.

Prov. 16, 2, treasures of wickedness p. nothing. Prov. ft. 2, treasures of wickedness p. nothing.
11. 4, riches p. not in the day of wrath.
1sa. 30, 5, 6; people that could not p.
48. 17, the Lord which teachath these to p.
1gr. 2. 11, changed for that which doth not p.
23. 32, they shall not p. this people.
Mat. 18. 25; Mk. 3. 36, what is a man p.?
1 Cor. 12. 7, to every man to p. withal.
62. 15. 2, Christ shall p. you nothing.
1 Tim. 4.8, bodily exercise p. little.
Heb. 4.2, the word preached did not p.
See Mat. 15. 5; Rom. 2. 25; 1 Cor. 13. 3; Jas. 2. 14.
ROUTTABLE. Joh 22. 2 can a man be p. to

PROFITABLE. Joh 22, 2, can a man he v. to

God Eccl. 10. 10, wisdom is p. to direct. Acts 20, 20, I kept back nothing p. 1 Tim. 4, 8, goddiress is p. to all things. 2 Tim. 3, 16, scripture is p. for doctrine. See Mat. 5, 20; 2 Tim. 4, 11; Tit. 3, 6; Philem. 11. PROLONG. Deut. 4, 26; 30, 18, ve shall not v. your

day Joh 6. 11. what is mine end that I should p. my

lifa? Prov. 10, 27, fear of the Lord p. days. Eccl. 8, 12, though a sinner's days be p. See Pa. 61. 8; Prov. 28. 2; Isa. 13. 22; 53. 10.

PROMISE (n.), Num. 14, 34, ye shall know my breach of p.

1 Kings 8.56, hath not failed one word of p.

I KINGS 8.56, hath not failed one word of p. Ps. T7.8, doth his p. fail?
Lu. 24.49; Acts 1.4, p. of Father.
Acts 2.39, the p. is to you and your children.
28.6, for hope of the p.
Rom. 414, the p. made of none effect.
20, staggered north at the p.

20, staggeren nor at las p., 9, 4, to whom pertain the p. 8; Gal. 4.28, the children of the p. 2 Cor. 1. 20, p. are yea and Amen. Gal. 3. 21, is the law against the p. of God? 1 Tim. 4. 8; 2 Tim. 1. 1, p. of the life that now is. Heb. 6, 12, through faith and patience inherit

the p.
9. 15; 10.36, the p. of eternal luberitance,
11. 13, died, not having received p.
2 Pet. 1.4, great and practious p.
3.4, where is the p. of his coming?

9, not slack concerning his p. See Eph. 1. 13; 2. 12; 6. 2; Heb. 4, 1; 11. 9. PROMISE (v.). Ex. 12. 25, will give you as he hath p.
Num. 14. 40, will go to place the Lord p.
Deut. 1. 11; 15. 6, the Lord bless you as he hath p.

9. 28, not able to bring into land p. Josh. 23. 15, give the land he p, to give.

Josh. 23. 15, all good things which the Lord p.

2 Kings 8. 19; 2 Chron. 21. 7, he p. to give him a

Mk. 14. 11, they p. to give him money. Rom. 4. 21, what he p. he was able to perform. Heb. 10. 23; 11. 11, he is faithful that p. 1 John 2. 25, he hath p. eternal life. See 1 Kings 8. 24; Neh. 9. 15; Ezek. 13. 22.

PROMOTE. Num. 22, 17; 24, 11; Prov. 4, 8. PROMOTION. Pa. 75. 6; Prov. 3, 35. PRONOUNCE. Judg. 12. 8; Jer. 34. 5. PROOF. 2 Cor. 2, 9; 8, 24; 13, 3; Phil. 2, 22; 2.Tim. 4.5.

PROPER. 1 Chron. 29. 3; 1 Cor. 7. 7; Heb. 11. 23. PROPHECY. 1 Cor. 13, 8, whether p., shall fail. 2 Pet. 1. 19, sure word of p.

2F.s. 1. 14, sure word of p. 21, p. came not in old time. Rev. 1. 3; 22. 7, the words of this p. See Neh. 6, 12; Prov. 31, 1; 1 Tim. 4, 14.

PROPHESY. Num. 11, 25, they p, and did not cease.

2 Chron. 18. 7, he never p. good to me.

1sa. 30. 10, p. not to us right thinge.

Jar. 5. 31, prophets p. falsely.

14. 14; 23. 25, prophets p. lies.

28. 9, the prophet which p. of peace.

Ezek. 37. 9, p. to the wind.

Joel 2. 28; Acts 2. 11, your sone shall p.

Amps 3. 8, who can hut p. 7.13 p. not again any more. Mic. 2 11, 1 will p. of wine. Mat. 26.68; Mk. 14.65; Lu. 22.64, p., thou Christ. Rom. 12.6, let us p. according to the proportion. 1 Cor. 13.9 we p. in part. 14. 39, covet to p.
1 Thess. 5. 20, desplae not p.
See Amos 2. 12; 1 Cor. 11. 5; Rev. 10. 11; 11. 3. See Amos 2. 12; 1 Cor. 11.5; Rev. 10. 11; 11. 3. PROPHET. Ex. 7. 1, Aaron shall be thy. Num. 11. 29, would all Lord's people were p. 12. 6, if there be a p. among you. Deut. 13. 1, if there arise a p. or dreamer. 18. 15; Acts 3. 22; 7. 37, the Lord will raise up a p. 34. 10, there arose not a p. like Moses. 1 Sam. 10. 12; 19. 22, is Saul among p.? 1 Kings 13. 11, there dwelt an old p. in Beth-el. 18: 22, I only remain a p. 22. 7; 2 Kings 3. 11, is there not a p. besides? 2 Kings 6.3, be shall know there is a p. 1 Chron. 16. 22; Ps. 105. 15, do my p. no harm. 2 Chron. 20. 20, helieve tile p., so shall ye prosper. Ps. 74. 9, there is no more any p. 1es. 3. 2, the Lord taketh away the p. Jer. 29, 26, mad, and maketh himself a p. 37. 19, where are now your p.? Ezek. 2. 5; 33. 33, there hath been a p. among them. Hos. 2, 1, 65, 55, there has been a p. among them.
Hos. 9, the p. is a fool.
Amos 7.14; I was no p., nor p. eon.
Zech. 1.5, the p., do they live for ever?
Mat. 7.16, he ware of false p.
10. 41, that receiveth a p. in name of a p.
13. 51; MR. 6. 4; Lu. 4. 24; John 4. 44, a p. not without honour.
23. 29; Lu. 11. 47, ye build the tombs of the p.
Lu. 1 76, he called the p. of the Highest. I.u. 1. 76, he called the p. of the Highest.
1. 16, a greater p. than John.
28. not a greater p. than John.
39. if he were a p. would have known.
13. 33, it cannot be that a p. perish out of.
24. 19. Jeaus, who was a p. mighty.
John 4. 19, 1 perceive thou art a p.
7. 40, of a truth this is the P.
52, out of Gaillee ariseth no p.
Acts 26. 27, believest thou the p.
7 1 Cor. 12. 29, are all p.
7 1 37, if any man think himself a p.
Eph. 2. 20, huilt on foundation of p.
4. 11, he gave some p.

4. 11, he gave some p. 1 Pet. 1. 10, of which salvation the p. enquired. Rev. 22. 9, 1 am of thy brethren the p. See 1 Kings 20. 35; Neh. 6. 14; 1 Cor. 14. 32. PROPORTION. 1 Kings 7. 36; Joh 41. 12; Rom. 12. 8. PROSPER. Gen. 24. 58, the Lord hath p. my way.

39. 3, the Lord made all Joseph did to p.

Num. 14. 44, transgress, but it shall not p.

Deut. 26, 29, thou shalt not p. in thy ways.

1 Chron. 22. 11, p. thou, and build.

2 Chron. 22. 21, believe, so shall ye p. 2 Chrom. 20. 20, belleve, so shall ye p.
28.5, God made him to p.
Exra 5.8, this work p, in their hands.
Neh. 2. 20, the God of heaven will p. us.
Job 9.4, who hardened himself and p.
Pa. 1.3, whatsoever he doeth shall p.
37. 7, fret not because of him who p.
73. 12, the ungodly who p. in the world.
122, 6, they shall p. that love thee.
Prov. 28. 13, he that covereth sins shall not p.

PROVIDE Eccl. 11.8, knowest not whether shall p. 1sa. 53. 10, pleasure of the Lord shall p. 54. 17, no weapon against thee shall p. 55. 11, it shall p. in the thing. Jer. 2. 37, thou shalt not p. in them. 12. 1, wherefore doth way of wicked p.? 23. 30, no man of his seed shall p. Ezek. 17, 9, 10, shall it p.? 15, shall be p., shall he eacape? 1 Cor. 18. 2, lay by as God hath p. him. 3 John 2, in health, even as thy soul p. See Prov. 17. 8; Dan. 8. 28; 8. 12. PROSPERITY. Dent. 23. 6, thou shalt p. PROSPERITY. Deut. 23. 6. thou shalt not seek ROSPERITY. Deut. 23. 6, thou shalt not see their p.
1 Sam. 25. 6, say to him that liveth in p.
1 Sam. 25. 6, say to him that liveth in p.
1 San. 25. 1, in p, the destroyer shall come.
Ps. 30. 6, in my p. 1 said, 1 shall never.
73. 3, when 1 saw the p. of the wicked.
Prov. 1.32, p. of fools shall destroy them.
Eccl. 7. 14, in day of p. he joyful.
Jen. 22. 21, 1 spake to thee in thy p.
See 1 Kings 10. 7; Job 36. 11; Ps. 35. 17; 122. 7. PROSPEROUS. Gen. 39, 2, he was a p. man.
Josh. 1, 8, then thou shalt make thy way p.
Job 8, 6, make habitation of thy righteousness p.
Zech. 8, 12, the seed shall be p.
See Gen. 24, 21; Judg. 18, 5; 2 Chr. 7, 11; Rom. 1, 10. PROTECTION. Deut. 32.38 PROTEST. Gen. 43. 3; Jer. 11. 7; Zech. 3. 6; 1 Cor. 15. 31. 15.31.

PROUD. Job 38. 11, here shall thy p. waves he stayed.

40. 11, every one that is p., and abase him. Pa. 31. 23, rewardeth the p. doer.

40. 4, man that respecteth not the p. 42, render a reward to the p. 101. 5, him that hath a p. heart will not I auffer. 123. 4, sout filled with contempt of the p. 138. 6, the p. he knoweth afar off.

Prov. 8. 17, the Lord hateth a p. look. 15. 25, the Lord will destroy house of the p. 16. 5, p. in heart is abomination.

21. 4, a p. heart is sin.

Feel. 7. 8, patient better than p. in spirit. Hab. 2. 5, he is a p. man.

Mal. 3. 15, we call the p. happy.

Lu. 1. 51, seattered the p.

1 Tim. 6. 4, he is p., knowing nothing.

Jas. 4. 6, 1 Pet. 5. 5, God resisted the p.

See Job 9. 13; 28. 12; Rom. 1. 30; 2 Tim. 3. 2

PROUDLY. Ex. 18, 11; 1 Sam. 2. 3; Neb. 9. 10; PROUDLY, Ex. 18, 11; 1 Sem. 2, 3; Neh. 9, 10; 18a, 3, 5; Obad. 12. PROVE. Ex. 15. 25, there he p. them. Judg. 6, 39, let me p. thee but this once. 1 Sam. 17. 39, 1 have not p. them. 1 Kings 10. 1; 2 Chron. 9. 1, she came to p. Solomon.

Solution 1. The second s See Eccl. 2.1; 1.23; Ban. 1.14; Johnson. PROVERB. Deut. 28, 37, a p. and a byword. Pa. 69, 11, I became a p. to them. Eccl. 12.9, act in order many p. Ezek. 16, 44, every one that useth p. Lu. 4.23, will surely say this p. John 18.29, speakest plainly, and no p. See Num. 21.27; 1 Sam. 10, 12; Prov. 1.6. See Num. 21. 21, 188m. 10. 42; FROV. 15.

ROVIDE. Gen. 22. 8, God will p., himself a lamb.
30. 30, when shall 1 p. for mine own house?
Pa. 78, 20, can he p. fissh?
Mat. 10, p. neither gold nor silver.
Lu. 12. 20, whose shall those things be thou heat. 2.

hast p.?

Lu. 12. 33, p. bags that wax not old. Rom. 12. 17; 2 Cor. 8. 21, p. things honest. 1 Tim. 5. 8, if any p. not for his own. Heb. 11. 40, having p. better thing for us. See Joh 38. 41; Prov. 6. 8; Acts 23. 24. PROVIDENCE, Acts 24, 2 PROVISION. Gen. 42. 25; 45. 21, p. for the way. Ps. 132. 15, 1 will abundantly bless her. Rom. 14, 14, make not p. for the flesh. p. 8-b. Jsh. 9, 5; 1 Kings 4, 7; 2 Kings 6, 23. See Josh. 9, 5; 1 Kings 4, 7; 2 Kings 6, 23.

PROVOKE. Ex. 23. 21, ohey his voice and p. him

not.
Num. 14. 11, how long will this people p. me?
Deut. 31. 20, p. me and break my covenant,
Joh 12. 6, they that p. God are secure.
Ps. 106. 7, they p. him at the sea.
23, they p. him with their inventions.
Lu. 11. 35, hegan to urge and p. him to speak,
Rom. 10. 19; 11. 11, I will p. to jealousy.
1 Cor. 13. 6, is not easily p.
Gal. 5. 26, p. one another.
Eph. 6. 4. mot your children to wrath.

Gal. 5. 26, p. one snother. Eph. 6. 4, p. not your children to wrath. Heh. 10. 24, to p. to love and good works. See Prov. 20. 2; Isa. 65. 3; Jer. 7. 19; 44. 8 PRUDENCE. 2 Chron. 2.12; Prov. 8.12; Eph. 1.8.

PRUDENCE. 2 Chron. 2.12; Prov. 8.12; Eph. 1.8.
PRUDENT. Prov. 12.16, a p. man covereth shame.
23, a p. man concealerh knowledge.
14.15; the p. looketh well to his going.
16.21, wise in heart called p.
19.14, p. wife is from the Lord.
22.3; 27, 12, p. man foreseeth evil.
18.5. 5.21, wee unto them that are p. in their own eight.
19.14, p., counsel perished from p.
19.14, p., who is p.?
19.15, 14.10, 21, heat hid things from p.
19.16 18.15, 14.10, 21, heat hid things from p.
19.16 19.

PRUNE. Lev. 25. 3; Isc. 2. 4; Joel 3. 10; Mic. 4. 3.

PUBLIC. Mat. 1. 19; Acts 18. 28; 20. 20. PUBLISH. Deut. 32. 3, I will p. the name of the

Lord. 2Sum, 1, 20, p. it not in Askelon. Pc. 68, 11, great was the company that p. it, 18s. 52, ?; Nah, 1. 15, thetp. peace. Mk. 1, 45; 5, 20, he began to p. it much. Lu. 8, 39, p. throughout the whole city. See Esth. 1, 20; 3, 14; Joneh 3, 7; Mk. 13, 10. PUFFED. 1 Cor. 4.6; 5.2; 13.4; Col. 2.18.

PUFFETH. Ps. 10. 5; 12. 5; 1 Cor. 8, 1, PULL Lam. 3.11, p. me in pleces.
Amee 9, 15, chall no more he p. up.
Zech. 7.11, they p. away the shoulder.
Mat. 1.4; Lu, 6.42, p. mote out of thine eye,
Lu, 12.18, will p. down harns.
14.5, will not p. him out on sabhath.
2 Cor. 10.4, to the p. down of strong holds.
Jude 23, p. them out of the fire.
See Geu. 8.9; Ezra 6, 11; Ps. 31.4; Isa. 22.19.
PULPT. Nah. 8.4

PULPIT. Neh. 8.4. PULSE. 2 Sam. 17. 28; Dan. 1. 12.

PUNISH. Ezra 9. 13, p. less than iniquities deserve

serve.
Prov. 17, 28, to p. the just is not good.
Isa. 13, 11, I will p. the world for their evil.
28, 21, Lord cometh to p. inhabitants.
Jer. 13, 21, what wilt thou say when he p.
Acts 28, 11, 1p. them in every synagogue.
2 Thees, 1, 9, p. with everlasting destruction.
2 Pet. 2, 9, to day of judgment to he p.
See Lev. 28, 18; Prov. 21, 11; 22, 3; 21, 12.

PUNISHMENT. Gen. 4. 13, my p. is greater than ONISHMENT. Gen. 4.15, my p. 1s greate 1 can hear. Lev. 25. 41, accept the p. of their iniquity, 15 am. 28, 10, no p. shall happen to thee, Lam. 3. 39, a man for the p. of his sins, 4.6, p. greater than p. of Sodom. 22, the p. is accomplished.

Ezek. 14. 10, shall hear p. of their iniquity. Mat. 25. 46, everlasting p. Heb. 10, 29, of how much sorer p. 1 Pet. 2. 14, the p. of evildoers. See Prov. 19. 19; Amos 1. 3; 2. 1; 2 Cor. 2. 6.

See Prov. 19.19; Amos L. 3; Z. 1; Z. 05. Z. 0. PURCHASE. Ruth 4. 10, have I p. to be my wife. Pe. 74. 2, congregation thou hast p. Acta 1.18, p. a field with reward of iniquity. 8. 20, gift of God p. by money. 20. 28, he heat p. with his own hlood. Eph. 1. 14, redemption of p. possession. 1 Tim. 3. 13, p. to themselves a good degree. See Gen. 49. 32; Ex. 15. 16; Lev. 25. 33; Jer. 32. 11

1 Tim. 3.13, p. to themselves a good degree.

See Gen. 49. 32; Ex. 15. 16; Lev. 25. 33; Jer. 32, 11

PURE. Deut. 32, 14, the p. blood of the grape.

2 Sam. 22, 27; P. a. 18. 26, with p. abow thyself p.

Johd. 17, shall man be more p.?

18. 6, if thou wert p. and upright.

14. my doctrine is p.

16. 17, my prayer is p.

25. 5, stars are not p. in bis sight.

P. 12. 6, the words of the Lord are p.

19. 8, commandment of the Lord is p.

119. 140, thy word is very p.

Prov. 15. 25, words of the p. are pleasant.

20. 9, who can eay, 1 am p.?

Mic. 6, 11, shall 1 count them p.?

Zeph. 3. 9, turn to the people a p. language.

Acts 20, 26, p. from blood of all men.

Rom. 14. 20, all things indeed are p.

Phil. 4. 8, whatsoever things are p.

1 Tim. 3, 9; 2 Tim. 1, 3, in a p. conscience.

6. 22, keep thyself p.

Jas. 1. 27, p. religion.

3. 17, first p., then peaceable.

2 Pet. 3. 1, stir up your p. minds.

1 John 33, even as he is p.

Rev. 22. 1, a p. river of water of life.

See Ex. 27. 20; Ezra 6. 20; Mal. 1, 11.

PURENCES. 7 ch. 22, 20; P. Pow. 20, 11, 2 Car 5, 5.

PURELY. Isa. 1. 25.

PURLOINING. Tit. 2, 10.

PURPOSE. Job 17, 11, my p, are broken off.
Prov. 20, 18, every p, established by counsel.
1ss. 14, 27, the Lord hath p, who shall disannul?
46, 11, I have p, I will also do it.
Mat. 25, 8, to what p, is this waste?
Acts 11, 23, with p, of heart.
Rom. 8, 28, called according to his p,
9, 11, that the p, of God might stand.
Eph. 1, 11, according to the p,
3, 11, eternal p, in Chriet.
See 2 Cor. 1, 17; 2 Tim. 1, 9; 1 John 3, 8,
PURSE. Pny. 1, 14, Met. 10, 9, Mk 8, 8, Lu 10, 4

PURSE. Prov. 1, 14; Mat. 10, 9; Mk. 6, 8; Lu. 10, 4, PURSUE. Lev. 26, 17; Prov. 28, 1, shall flee when

ORSOLE 189, 20.11; FIOV. 20.11, SHALL MO HOME P. Dettt. 19.6; Josh, 20.5, lest avenger p. Joh 13, 25, wilt thou p. the stuhble? 30. 15, terrors p. my soul. PR. 34. 14, seek peace and p. it. Prov. 11 19, he that p. evil p. it to death,

Prov. 13. 21, evil p. sinners. Jer. 48. 2, the sword shall p, thee. See Ex. 15. 9; 2 Sam. 24. 13; 1 Kings 18. 27. See Ex. 15. 9; 28 am. 24. 13; 1 Kings 18. 27.
PU8H. Ex. 23. 1, p. not thine hand with the wicked.
Lev. 28. 9; Deut. 23. 20, p. ten thousand to flight.
Judg. 12. 3; 18 am. 28. 21, 1 p. my life in my hands.
18 am. 2. 38, p. me into one of priests offices.
1 Kings 9. 3; 14. 21, to p. my name there.
Eccl. 10. 10, must he p. to more strength.
18a. 43. 28, p. me in remembrance.
Mat. 19. 6; Mk. 10. 9, let not man p. ssunder.
Mk. 10. 18, p. his hands on them and blessed.
Philem. 18, p. that on mine account.
2 Pet. 1. 14, I must p. off this tabernacle.
See Lu. 9, 62; John 13. 2; 1 Thess. 5. 8.
PUTRIFYING. 18a. 1. 6. PUTRIFYING. Isa. L 6.

QUAKE. Joel 2.10; Nah. 1.5; Mat. 27.51; Heb. 12.21. QUANTITY, 18a, 22, 24 QUARREL. Col. 3, 13. Lev. 28, 25: 2 Kings 5, 7: Mk, 6, 19: QUARTER. Ex. 13.7; Mk. 1. 45; Rev. 20. 8.

QUENCH. Num. 11. 2, the fire was q. 2 Sam. 21. 17, q. not light of Israel. 2 Sam. 21. 17, q. not light of Israel.
Cant. 8.7, many waters cannot q. love.
Isa. 34. 10, shall not be q. night nor day.
42. 3; Mat. 12. 25, smoking flax not q.
66. 24, notither shall their fire be q.
Mx. 9. 43, 48, fire that never shall be q.
Eph. 6. 15, able to q. flery darts.
I Thess. 5. 19, q. not the Spirit.
Heb. 11. 34, q. violence of fire.
See Ps. 104. 11; 118. 12; Ezck. 20. 47; Amos 5. 6.
VITCETMON I Kines In I. 2 Chrum. 9. 1, to prov

QUESTION. 1 Kings 10.1: 2 Chron. 9.1, to prove

him with q.

Mat. 22, 46, neither durst ask him q.

Mk. 9. 16, what q. ye with them?

11, 29, I will ask you one q. 1 Cor. 10. 25, asking no q. for conscience, 1 Tim. 1. 4, which minister q. rather.

6. 4, deting about q. 2 Tim. 2. 23; Tit. 3. 9, unlearned q. avoid. See Mk. 1. 27; 9. 10; Acts 18, 15; 19, 40. QUICK. Num. 16. 30; Ps. 55. 15, go down q. Isa, 11. 3, of q. understanding.

Acts 10. 42; 2 Tim. 4. 1; 1 Pet. 4.5, Judge of q. and

dead.

dead.

Heb. 4. 12, the word is q, and powerful.

See Lev, 13, 10, 24; Ps. 124, 3.

QUIOKEN. Ps. 11, 20, thou shalt q, me again,

80, 18, q, us and we will call.

118; 25, q, me according to thy word.

37, q, me in thy way.

50, thy word hath q, me.

Rom. 8. 11, shall also q, your bodies.

1 Cor. 15, 36, that thou sowest is not q,

Eyh. 2. 1, you hath he q.

5; Col. 2. 13, q, us together with Christ,

1 Pet. 3, 18, to death in flesh, q, by Spirit.

See John 5. 21; 6. 63; Rom. 4. 17; 1 Tim. 6. 13.

QUIOKLY. Ex. 32, 8; Deut. 9, 12, have turned aside q.

salde q Num. 16. 46, go q. to congregation. Num. 16. 40, go q. to congregation.
Josh. 10. 5, come q. and save us.
Ecol. 4. 12, threefold cord not q. broken,
Mat. 5. 25, agree with adversary q.
Lu. 14. 21, go q. into streets and lanes.
John 13. 27, that thou doest, do q.
Rev. 2. 5, 16, repent, else I will come q.
3. 11; 22, 7. 12, I come q.
22, 20, surely I come q.
See Gen. 18. 6; 27. 20; Lu. 16. 6; Acts 22. 18.
LULTE Pe. 10; 30 them are they glad because.

WILET. Ps. 107. 30, then are they glad because q. 131.2, I have q, myself as a child. Eccl. 9.17, words of wise are heard in q. Isa. 7.4, be q, fear not. QUIET. 131. 2

Isa. 14.7. earth is at rest and a. Isa. 14.7, earth is at rest and q.
32. 13, in q. resting places.
33. 20, a q. habitation.
Jer. 49.23, sorrow on the see, it cannot be q.
Ezek, 16. 42, I will be q.
Acts 19. 36, ye ought to be q.
1 Thess, 4.1, study to be q.
1 Tim. 2, 2, a q. and peaceable life.
1 Pet. 3.4, ornament of a meek and q. spirit.
See 2 Kings 11. 20; 2 Chron. 14. 1; Joh 3, 13; 21. 23. QUIETLY. 2 Sam. 3. 27; Lam. 3. 26. QUIETILY. 25am. 3.21; Lam. 3.20.
QUIETINESS. Joh 34, 29, when he giveth q.
Prov. 17. 1, better a dry morsel end q.
Ecol. 46, better handful with q. than both.
Iss. 30. 15, in q. and confidence strength.
S. 17, effect of righteousness q.
See Judg. 8.28; 1 Chron. 22, 9; 2 Thess. 3. 12. QÜİT. E Ex. 21. 19: Josh. 2. 20: 1 8sm. 4. 9: 1 Cor. QUITE. Gen. 31, 15; Joh 6, 13; Hah. 3, 9, QUIVER, Ps. 127, 5; Jer. 5, 16; Lam. 3, 13, RACE. Ps. 19. 5; Eccl. 9. 11; 1 Cor. 9. 24; Heb. 12. 1. RAGE. 2 Kings 5. 12, turned away in a r. Fs. 2. 1; Acts 4. 25, why do the heathen r. Prov. 14. 16, the fool r. and is confident. See Prov. 6. 34; 29. 9; Dan. 3. 13; Hos. 7. 16. RAGGED, Isa. 2, 21. RAGING. Ps. 89.9; Prov. 20.1; Lu. 8.24; Jude RAGS. Prov. 23, 21; Isa, 64, 6; Jer. 38, 11. RAIN (n.), Lev. 26.4; Deut. 11. 14; 28. 12, r. in due season.
Dent. 11. 11, drinketh water of the r. of heaven.
32. 2, my dootrine shall drop as the r.
28 am. 23. 4, cleer shining after r.
1 Kings 16. 41, sound of abundance of r.
Ezra 10. 13, a time of much r.
Job 5. 10, who giveth r. on earth.
37. 6, to small r. end to great r.
38. 28, bath the r. a father.
78. 21 the r. or normy grass. 38, 28, bath the r, s father.
Ps. 72, 6, like r, on mown grass.
Prov. 25, 14, like r lounds and wind without r.
23, north wind driveth away r.
23, 1, as r, in harvest.
23, 1, as r, in harvest.
23, 3, that oppresseth poor is like sweeping r.
Eccl. 11, 3, if clouds be full of r.
12, 2, nor olouds return after r.
12, 2, nor olouds return after r.
12, 2, nor olouds return after r.
13, 4, 6, covert from storm and r.
15, 10, as the r, cometh down.
15, 10, as the r, cometh down.
15, 10, as the r, cometh down.
16, 3, he shall come unto us as the r.
16, 45, r, on just and unjust.
17, 25, ther, descended and floody came.

7. 25, the r. descended and floods came. See Jer. 5. 24; Acts 14. 17; 28. 2; Heb. 6. 7. RAIN (*). Ex. 16. 4. I will r. bread from heaven. Job 20. 23. God shall r. his fury on him. Pg. 11. 6, on wicked he shall r. snares. 76. 24, 27, and r. down manns. Ezek. 22. 24, thou art the land not r. upon.

Hos. 10. 12, till ha come and r. righteousness, See Gen. 2, 5; 7, 4; Amoa 4, 7; Rev. 11, 6. RAINY, Prov. 27. 15. RAISE. Dout, 18, 15; Acts 3, 22, will r. up a Pro-

AISE. Deut. 18. 15; Acts 3. 22, will r. up a Prophet.
Judg. 2. 16, 18, the Lord r. up judges.
1 Sam. 2. 8; Pa. 113. 7, he r. poor out of dust.
Job 41. 25, when he r. himself, mighty are.
Fa. 16, 14; 146. 8, he r. those that he howed down.
Iss. 46. 13, 1 have r. him in righteousness.
Hos. 6. 2; in third day he will r. us up.
Mat. 10. 8; 11. 5; Lu. 7, 22, r. the dand.
Job 21; 17. 25; Lu. 9, 22, be r. the third day.
John 2. 19, in three days I will r. it up.
6. 39, 40, 44, 54, 1 will r. him up at last.
Acts 2. 24, 25; 25, 15; 4, 10; 5. 30; 10. 49; 13. 30, 33,
34; 17. 31; Rom. 10, 9; 1 Cor. 6, 14; 2 Cor. 4, 14;
Gal. 1. 1; Eph. 1. 29, whom God hath r. up.
26. 8, why incredible that God should r. the
dead.

26. 8, dead.

dead.

Rom. 4.25, r. again for our justification.
6.4, like as Christ was r. from the dead.
8.11, Spirit of him that r. up Jeaus.
1 Cor. 6.14, and will also r. up us by his power.
15.15, r. up Christ, whom he'r. not up.
16, then is not Christ r.
1, if Christ he not r.

17, if Christ be not r.
35, how are the dead r.
43, it is r. in glory, it is r. in power.
2 Ccr. 1. 9, trust in God which r. the dead.
4. 14, he shall r. up us also.
Eph. 2. 6, and hath r. us up together.
Heb. 11. 19, accounting God was able to r. him.
35, women received dead r. to life.
13a. 5. 15, and the Lord shall r. him up.
See Lu. 20. 37, John 5. 21; 2 Tim. 2. 8,
2 N. E. 2 C. 21, Num 18 47, Lec 23, 21

RAN. Ex. 9. 23; Num. 16. 47; Jor. 23, 21. RANG. 1 Sam. 4.5; 1 Kinga 1.45.

RANKS. 1 Kings 7.4; Joel 2.7; Mk. 6.40. RANSOM. Ex. 21. 30, give for the r. of his life. 30, 12, avery man a r. for his soul. Job 33, 24, I have found a r.

36. 18, a great r. cannot deliver.
Pa. 49. 7, nor give a r. for him.
Prov. 13. 8, the r. of a man's life are his riches.

Frov. 13. 8, the r. of a man a life are his risa. 35. 10, the r. of the Lord shall raturn.
43. 3, I gave Egypt for thy r.
Hos, 13. 14, I will r. them from the grave,
Mat. 20. 25; Mk. 10. 45, to give his life a r.
I Tim. 2. 6, gave himself a r. for all.
See Prov. 6. 35; 18a. 51. 10; Jer. 31. 11,

RARE. Dan. 2. 11 RASE. Ps. 137. 7.

RASH. Eccl. 5. 2; Acts 19. 36.

RATHER. Joh 7. 15; Jer. 8. 3, death r, thao life. Ps. 84. 10, r. he a doorkeeper. Mat. 10. 6, go r. to lost sheep. 25, r. fear him that is able.

28. r. fear lim that is able.
28. 9, go r. to them that aell.
Mk. 6. but r. grew worse.
Lm. 18. 14. justfield r. than the other.
John 3. 18. loved darkness r. than light,
Acts 5. 29, obey God r. than men.
Rom. 8. 34, that died, year r., that is risen,
12. 19, r. give place to wrath.
12. 19, r. give place to wrath.
12. 19, r. buyled year r. to suffer.
12. 13, let it r. he healed, 13; Phil. 1. 12.
See Joah. 22. 24; 2 Kinga 5, 13; Phil. 1. 12.
A VENING. Pa. 22. 13: Ezek, 22. 25; Mat

RAVENING. Pa. 22, 13; Ezek. 22, 25; Mat. 7, 16. RAVENOUS. Isa. 35.9; 46.11; Ezek. 39.4

REACH. Gen. 11. 4; John 20. 37; 20. 11; Dzert. 39; 4. REACH. Gen. 11. 4; John 20. 37; 2 Cor. 10. 13, READ. Deut. 17. 19, king shali r. all his life. 1sa. 34. 16, seek out of book of Lord and r. Mat. 12. 3; 19. 4; 21. 16; 22. 31; Mk. 2. 25; 12, 10; Lu. 6. 3, have ye not r. Lu. 4. 16, Jasus stood up to r. 2 Cor. 3, 2, epistle known and r. of all men.

1 Tim. 4. 13, give attendance to r. See Hab. 2. 2; 2 Cor. 3. 14; Rav. 1. 3; 5. 4. READINESS. Acts 17. 11; 2 Cor. 8. 11; 10. 6.

READY. Num. 32, 17, we will go r. armed. Deut. 26.5. a Syrian r. to perish. 2 Sam. 18.22, wherefore run, ro tidings r. Neh. 9, 17, thou art a God r. to pardon, Job 12.5, r. to alip with his feet.

Job 12, 5, r. to any with his feet.
17. 1, the graves are r. for ma.
29. 13, hiesaing of him r. to perish.
Ps. 38. 17, I am r. to halt.
45. 1, pen of a r. writer.
86. 5, good and r. to forgive.
88. 15, r. to die from my youth.
Prov. 24. 11, deliver those r. to be slait.,
13 6. gives strong drink for to perish. 21. 6, give strong driuk to r. to be slain, 31. 6, give strong driuk to r. to perish. Eccl. 5. 1, be more r. to hear. Isa. 27. 13, shall come that were r. to perish.

32. 4, stammerers r. to speak plainly, 38. 20, the Lord was r. to sava me, Dan, 3, 15, if ye he r. to fall down, Mat, 22. 4; Lu, 14, 17, all things are r.

8, the wedding la r. 24, 44; Lu. 12, 40, he ye also r. 24. 44; Ltt. 12. 44, no ye also r.

25. 10, they that wore r. went in.

Mk. 14. 38, the spirit is r.

Lu. 22. 33, I am r, to go with thee.

John 7. 6, your time is alway r.

Acts 21. 13, r. not to he bound only, but,

Rom. 1. 15, I am r. to preach at Rome.

2 Cor. 2 18, declaration of your r. mind.

9. 2, Achaia was r. a year ago. 1 Tim. 6. 18, r. to distribute, 2 Tim. 4. 6, r. to be offered.

REASON (v.). Job 9. 14, choose words to r. with

REASON (v.). JOHO, 1.7, —
you.

13. 3. I desire to r. with God.
15. 3. should he r. with unprofitable talk.
18a. 1. 18. let us r. together.
Mat. 16. 7; 27. 25; Mk. 8, 16; 11. 31; Lu. 20. 5, they
r. among themselves.
Lu. 5, 22, what r. ye in your hearts.
24. 15, while they r. Jesus draw near.
Acts 24. 25, as he r. of righteousness.
See 1 Sam. 12. 7; Mk. 2. 6; 12. 28; Acts 28. 29.
REASONABLE. Rom. 12. 1.
REREI. Num. 14. 9, only r. not against the Lord.

REASONABLE. Rom. 12.1.

REBEL. Num. 14.9. only r. not against the Lord.

Josh. 1.18, whosever doth r. he shall die.

Neh. 2.19, will ye r. against the kind.

Job 24.13, that r. against the kind.

Pa. 105. 25, they r. not against his word.

Isa. 1. 2, have nourished children and they r.

63.10, they r. and vaxed his holy Spirit.

Lam. 3.42, we have r., thou hast not pardoned.

Dan. 9. 9, though we have r. against him. See 1 Sam. 12. 14: Ezek. 2. 3: Hos. 7. 14: 13. 16. REBELLION. 1 Sam. 15. 23, r. is as the sin of witchcraft

which crait.
Job 34.37, he addeth r. to his sin.
Prov. 17. 11, an evil man secketh r.
Jer. 28.16, thou hast tanght r.
See Deut. 31.27; Ezra 4. 19; Neh. 9. 17.

REBELLIOUS. Deut. 21, 18, 20, a stubborn and r.

I Sam. 20. 30. son of perverse r. woman. Ps. 66. 7, let not the r exalt themselves. 68. 8, the r. dwell in a dry land. Isa. 1. 23, r, companions of this ves. Jer. 5. 23, this people hath a r, heart. See Ezek. 2. 3; 3. 9; 12. 2; 17. 12; 24. 3.

REBELS. Num. 17. 10; 20. 10; Ezek. 20. 38. REBUKE (n.). 2 Kings 19. 3; Isa. 37. 3, this is a

EBUKE (n.). 2 Kings 19. 3; Isa. 37. 3, the day of r.
Ps. 39. 11, when thou with r. dost correct.
So. 18, perish at r. of thy countenance.
104. 7, at thy r. they fied.
Prov. 18. 8, the poor heareth not r.
27. 5, open r. 18 hetter than secret love.
Eccl. 7. 5, better to hear r. of wise.
Isa. 30. 17, thousand fiee at r. of one.
Jer. 15. 15, for thy sake I suffered r.
Phil. 2. 15, without r.
See Deut. 28. 20; Isa. 25. 8; 50. 2.
EFRIKE (n.) Ps. 6. 1: 38, 1, r. me not in

See Deut. 28. 20; 182. 25. 8; 50. 2.

REBUKE (v.). Ps. 6. 1; 38. 1, r. me not in anger. Prov. 9. 7, he that r. a wicked man getteth a blot. 8, r. a wise man, and he will love thee. 28. 23, he that r. a man shall find favour. Isa. 2. 4; Mic. 4. 3, he shall r. many nations. Zeoh. 3. 2; Jude 9, the Lord r. thee.

Mal. 3. 11, I will r. the devourer for your sakes. Mat. 8. 25; Mk. 4. 39; Lu. 8. 24, he r. wind. 16. 22; Mk. 8. 32. Peter began to r. him. Lu. 4. 39, he r. the fever. 17. 3, if thy brother trespass, r. him. 19. 39, Master, r. thy disciples. 1Tim. 5. 1, r. not an elder. 20, them that sin, r. before all. 2 Tim. 4. 2, r., exhort, with longsuffering. Tit. 1. 13; 2. 13, r. them sharply. Heb. 12. 5, nor faint when thou art r. See Ruth 2. 16; Nah. 5. 7; Amos 5. 10.

RECALL Lam. 3. 21.

RECALL. Lam. 3, 21. RECEIPT. Mat. 9.9; Mk. 2, 14; Ln. 5, 27.

RECEIVE 2 Kings 5.26, is it as time to r. money.

Joh 4.12, mine ear r. a little.

2.22, r. law from his month.

Ps. 6. 9, the Lord will r. my prayer.

49, 15, he shall r. me.

68, 18, hast r. gifts for men.

19. 10. 10 SHRIFT. THE.

18. 18, bast.r. gitte for men.

13. 24, afterwards r. me to glory.

Prov. 2. 1, if thou wilt r. my words.

18. 40. 2, she hast r. double.

18. 40. 2, she hast r. double.

18. 40. 2, she hast r. double.

18. 5, vice of the state

5. 43, to his own name, him ye will r.

44, which r. honour one of another.
16. 24, ask, and ye shall r.
20. 22, r. ye the Holy Ghost.
Acts 7. 59, r. my spirit.
8. 17, they r. the Holy Ghost.

Acts 10. 43, shall r. remission of sins. Acts at a 3, shall r. remission of sins.

19. 2, have yer, the Holy Ghost.

20. 24, which I have r. of the Lord.

Rom. 5 11, by whom wer, stonement.

14. 3, for God hath r. him.

15. 7, r. ye one another.

1 Cor. 3. 5, every man shall r. his own reward.

11, 23, 1 r. of the Lord that which also I de-

livered

livered. 2 Cor. 4.1, as we have r, mercy we faint not. 5.10, every one may r. things done. 7.2, r. us; we have wronged no man. Phil. 2.29, r. him in the Lord. 4.15, as concerning giving and r. Col. 2.8, as ye have r. Christ. IThm. 3.16, r. np into glory. 4.1 if it be r. with thanksgiving. 1. John. 3.22, whatsoever we ask we r.

1 John 3. 22, whatsoever we ask we r. See Ezek. 3. 10; Acts 20. 35; Jss. 4. 3.

RECKON. Lev. 25. 50, he shall r. with him that bought him.

Ps. 40. 5, thy thoughts cannot he r. up.

Mat. 18. 24, when he had begun to r.

25. 19, ford of servants r. with them.

Rom. 4. 4, reward is not r. of grace.
6. 11, r. yourselves dead to sin.
8. 18, I r. the sufferings of this present time.
See 2 Kings 22. 7; 1sa. 38. 13; Lu. 22. 37.

RECOMMENDED. Acts 14, 26: 15, 40.

RECOMMENDED. Acts 14. 26; 15. 40.

RECOMPENCE. Dent. 32. 35; to me belongeth r.

Job 15. 31, vanity shall be his r.

1s. 35. 4, God will come with a r.

Hos. 9. 7, days of r. are come.

Joel 3. 4, will ye render me a r.?

Lu. 14. 12, and a r. he made thee.

2 Cor. 6. 13, for a r., be ye also enlarged.

Heb. 2. 2; 10. 35; 11. 26, just r. of reward.

See Prov. 12. 14; 1sa. 34. 8; Jer. 51. 56.

RECOMPENSE. Num. 5. 7, he shall r. his tres-

Pass.
Ruth 2. 12, the Lord r. thy work.
2 Sam. 19. 38, we will r. it, whether.
Prov. 20. 22, say not, I will r. evil.
Isa. 65. 6, but will r., even r. tato their bosom.
Jer. 25. 14; Hos. 12. 2, will r. according to daeds.
Lu. 14. 14, for they cannot r. thee.
Rom. 12. 17, r. to no man evil for evil.
11. 35, it shall be r. to him again.
See 2 Chron. 8. 23; Jer. 32. 18; Heb. 10. 30.
PECONCULE 1 Sam. 29. 4. wherewith should be r.

RECONCILE. 1 Sam. 29.4, wherewith should he r.

himself. I sam. 22. 3, who have himself. Fzek, 45. 20, so shall ye r. the house. Mat. 5. 24, first be r. to thy brother. Rom. 5. 10, if when enamies we were r. Eph. 2. 16, that he might r. both. See Lev. 16. 20; Rom. 11. 15; 2 Ccr. 5. 19.

RECORD. Ex. 20, 24, in places where I r, my name

name.
Deut. 30. 19; 31. 28, I call heaven to r.
Joh 16. 19, my r. is on high.
John 8. 13, thon hearest r. of thyself.
Rom. 10. 2, I bare them r.
Phil. 1. 8, God is my r. how greatly I long.
I John 5. 7, three that bare r.
10, he believeth not the r.
11, this is the r, that God hath given.
3 John 12, we bare r., and our r. is true.
See Acts 20. 26; John 1. 19; Rev. 1. 2.
ECOLINT. Why 2. 5 a his workless.

RECOUNT. Nah. 2. 5, r. his worthies. RECOVER. 2 Kings 5.3, the prophet would r. him.

Ps. 39.13, that I may r, strength.
Isa, 11, 11, to r, remuant of hie people.
Hos. 29, and I will r, my wool and flax.
Mk. 16, 18, lay hands on sick, and they shall r.
Ln. 4, 18, preach r, of aight to blind.
See Isa, 38, 16; Jor. 8, 22; 41.18; 2Tim. 2, 16.

RED. Gen. 25. 30, r. pottage, 49, 12, eyes r. with wine.

2 Kings 3. 22, water r. as blood, Pe, 75. 8, wine is r, full of mixture, Prov. 23. 31, look not on wine when r. 1sa. 1. 18, though your sins be r, like crimson. 27. 2, a vineyand of r. with r. 63. 2, r, in thine apparel. Mat. 16. 2, fair weather, for the sky is r. See Lev. 15. 19; Num. 19. 2; Nah. 2. 3; Rev. 8. 4. See Lev. 15. 19; Num. 19. 2; Nan. 2. 3; Key. REDEEM. Gen. 48. 16, angel which r. me. Ex. 6. 6, I will r. you. 15. 13, people whom thou hast r. Lev. 27. 28, no devoted thing, shall he r. 2 Sam. 4, 9, the Lord bath r. my soul. Neh. 5. 5, nor is it in our power to r. them. 8, after our shillty have r. Jews. Job 5. 20, in famine he shall r. thee. 30 5. 20, in famine he shall r. there.

8. 23, to r. me from hand of mighty.

8. 23, to r. me from hand of mighty.

9. 22, 22, r. ferael out of all his troubles.

34. 22, the Lord r. the soul of his servents.

44. 26, r. us for thy mercies' sake.

48. 7, none cen r. his hrother.

15, God will r. my soul from he grave.

12. 14, he shall r. their soul from deceit.

107. 2, let the r. of the Lord say so.

130. 38, he shall r. Israel.

131. 12, 17, loo shall he r. with judgment.

35. 9, the r. shall walk there.

50. 2, is my band shortened that it cannot r.

51. 11, the r. of the Lord chall return.

52. 3, r. without money.

63. 4, the year of my r. is come.

Hos. 7, 13, though 1 r. them, they have spoken.

Hes. lies.
13.14. I will r. them from death.
Lu. 1.88, bath visited, and r. his people.
24. Zl. he who should have r. Israel.
63.1.3. r. us from curse of the law.
4.5. r. them that were under the law.
Tit. 2.14. that he might r. us from inlquity.
11 Pet. 1.18, not r. with corruptible things.
Rev. 5.9, thou hast r. us by thy blood.
Ses Num. 18.15; 2 Sam. 7.23; Eph. 5.16; Col. REDEEMER. Job 19. 25, I know that my r. liveth. Ps. 19. 14, O Lord, my strength and my r. 78. 35, God wase their r. Prov. 23. 11, their r. is mighty. 18a. 47. 4, as for our r., the Lord of hosts is his 18a. 4., 4, as as.

49. 29; 60. 16, know that I am thy B.

59. 20, the B. shall come to Zion.

63. 16, thou art our r.

See Isa. 41. 14; 44. 6; 48. 17; 54. 5; Jer. 50. 34. See 18a. 41. 14; 44. 6; 48. 17; 54. 5; Jer. 50. 34.

REDDEMPTION. Lev. 52. 24, grant a r, for the land.
Ps. 49. 8, the r, of their soul is precious.
111. 9, he sent r, to his people.
130. 7, plenteous r,
1en. 32 f, the right of r, is thine.
Lu. 2. 38, that looked for r, in Jerusalem.
21. 28, your r, draweth nigh.
Rom. 8. 23, the r, of our body.
Eph. 4. 30, sealed unto the day of r.
See Num. 3. 49; Rom. 3. 24; I Cor. I. 30; Heb. 9. 12. REDOUND. 2 Cor. 4.15, grace might r. REFORMATION. Heb. 9.10, time of r. REFORMED. Lev. 26. 23, if ye will not be r. REFORMED. Lev. 28. 23, if ye will not be r. REFRAIN. Gen. 45. 1, Joseph could not r. himself, Joh 7. 11, I will not r. my mouth, 29. 9, princeer. talking.
19. 40. 9, I have not r. my lips.
119. 101, r. my feet from every evil way,
Prov. I. 15, r. thy foot from their path.
10. 19, he that r. his lips is wise,
Acts 5. 38, r. from these men.
See Gen. 43. 31; Isa. 64. 12; Jer. 31. 18; 1 Pet. 3. 10. 20. 22, for a servant when he r.

Bool. 4, 14, out of prison he cometh to r.

Bool. 4, 14, out of prison he cometh to r.

Bool. 4, 14, out of prison he cometh to r.

20. 7, that saith unto Zion, thy God r.

20. 15, haist thou r. because thou closest?

22. 15, a king shall r. and prosper.

Mic. 4. 7, the Lord shall r. over them.

REFRESH. Ex. 31. 17, he rested and was r. Joh 32, 20, I will speak that I may be r. Prov. 25. 13, he r. the soul of his masters.

Acts 3, 19, times of r. shall come, 1 Cor. 16, 18, they r. my spirit, See 1 Kings 13, 7; Isa, 28, 12; Rom. 15, 32; 2 Cor. 7, 13. KEFUSE (n.). 18sm. 15. 9; Lam. 3. 45; Amos 8.6. REFUSE (e.). Gen. 37. 35, Jacob r. to be comforted. Num. 22. 13, the Lord r. to give me leave. 18sm. 16. 7, look not on him, for I bave r. him. Job 6. 7, things my soul r. to touch. Ps. 71. 2, my soul r. to be comforted. 76. 10, they r. to walk in his law. 118. 22, stone the builders r. Prov. 1. 24, I have called and ye r. 8. 33. he wise and r. th not. REFUSE (n.). 1 Sam. 15. 9; Lam. 3. 45; Amos 8. 6. Prov. 1. 24, T have called and ye r.
8. 33, be wise and r. it not.
10. 17, he that r. reproof.
13. 18, shame to him that r. instruction.
15. 32, he that r. instruction despiseth his soul.
21. 25, his hands r. to labour.
15s. 7. 15, 18, may know to r. the evil.
15er. 8. 5, they r. to return.
9. 8, they r. to know me.
15. 18, my wound r. to be healed.
25. 28, if they r. to take the oup.
38. 21, if thou r. to go forth.
2ech. 7. 11, they r. to hearken.
Acts 7. 35, this Moses whom they r.
1 Tim. 4. 4, nothing to he r.
7, r. profane and old wives fables. 17. n. r. profing to ner.
7. r. profine and old wives' fables.
5.11, the younger widows r.
12.12, Moses r. to be called.
12.25, r. not him that speaketh.
82.25, r. not him that speaketh.
82.25, r. not him that speaketh. REGARD. Gen. 45. 20, r. not your stuff. Ex. 5. 9, let them not r. vain words. Deut. 10. 17, that r. not persons. 1 Kings 18, 29, neither voice, nor any that r. Job 4. 20, they perish without any r. it. 34. 19, nor r. rich more than poor. In 18. 2, 10; Mar. 12. 12, r. not the person of men, Ln. 18. 2, neither r. men. Rom. 14. 6, he that r. the day, r. it to the Lord. Ses Dout, 28.50; 2 Kings 3, 14; Amos 5, 22; Phil. 2, 30. REGISTER. Ezra 2.62; Neh. 7.5, 64. REHEARSE. Judg. 5. 11, r. the righteous acts. Acte 14. 27, they r. all God had done. See Ex. 17. 14; 1 Sam. 8, 21; 17. 31; Acts 11. 4.

REINS Lu. 19. 14, not have this man to r, over us. 27, that would not I should r. Rom. 5. 14, death r. from Adam to Moses. Rom. 5. 14, death r. from Adam to Bloses. 17, death r. hy one. 21, as sin hath r., so might grace r. 6. 12, let not sin r. in your bodies. 1 cor. 4. 8, ye have r. as kings without us. 15. 25, for he must r. 2 Tim. 2. 12, if we suffer we shall also r. with him. Ray. 5. 10, we also shall r. on the earth. 11. 15, he shall r. for aver and ever. Rev. 19. 6, the Lord God omnipotent r. See Iss. 24. 23; Luke 1. 33; Rev. 20. 4; 22. 5. See 18a. 24. 23; Liuke 1. 35; Rev. 21. 4; 22. 5, LEINS. Job 16. 13, he oles weth my r. saunder. 19. 27, though my r. he consumed. Pa. 7. 9, 60d triekt the r. 16. 7, my r. instruct ms. 28. 2, examins ms, sry my r. 132. 21, thus I was pricked in my r. 139. 13, thou hast possessed my r. Prov. 23. 16, my r. shall rajoice. Isa. 11. 5, felthfulness the girdle of his r. Rev. 2. 23, I am he who ecarobeth the r. See Jer. 11. 20; 12. 2; 17. 10; 20. 12; Lam. 3. 13. REINS. REJECT. 1 Sam. 6.7. thay have not r. thes. but LEJECT. 1 Sam. 6.7, thay have not r. thee, but they have r. me.

10. 19, ye have r. God who saved you.

15. 23, because thou hast r. the word of the Lord.

16. 1, I have r. him from being king.

18a. 53. 3, despised and r. of meo.

19a. 2. 37, the Lord hath r. thy confidence.

7. 29, the Lord hath r. the generation.

8. 9, they have r. the word of the Lord.

14. 19, thou hast utterly r. Judah.

Lam. 5. 22, thou hast utterly r. us.

Hos. 4. 8, because thou hast r. knowledge, I will r. thea. r. thes. Mat. 21, 42; Mk. 12. 10; Lu. 20. 17, the stone which Mat. 21. 42; Mk. L2. 10; Lu. 20. 17, the stone which hullders .
Mk. 7. 9, full wall ye r. the commandment,
Lu. 7. 30, lawyers r. the counsel of God.
17. 25, must first be r. of this generation.
Tit. 3. 10, after admoutition r.
Heb. 12. 17, when he would have inherited was r.
Seg. Jar. 6. 19; Mk. 6. 26; 8. 31; Lu. 9. 22; John 12, 48, REJOICE. Deut. 12. 7, shall r. ln all ye put your hand to.

16. 14, thou shalt r. in thy feast.
28. 13; thou shalt r. in thy feast.
28. 63; 30, 9; the Lord will r. over you.
30, 9, r. for good as be r. over thy fathera.
1 Sam. 2. 1, because I r. in thy salvation.
1 Chron. 16; 10, let the heart of them r. that seak 1 Chron, 16, 10, let the heart of them r. that set the Lord.
2 Chron, 6, 41, let thy saints r. in goodness.
Job 21, 12, they r. at sound of the organ.
31, 25, if I r. because my wealth was great,
29, if I r. at destruction of him that,
38, 21, the horse r. in his atreagth,
Fa. 2, 11, r. with trembling,
5, 11, let all that trust in thee r.
9, 14, I will r. in thy salvation.
19, 5, r. as a strong man to run a race,
33, 22, our heart shall r. in him.
33, 15, in mine adversity they r.
26, lat them be ashamed that r. at my hurt.
38, 16, haar me, lest they should r. over me.
51, 3, bonsa thou heat broken may r.
52, lot them be ashamed that r. at my hurt.
53, 16, righteous shall r. when he seeth.
53, 1, in thadow of thy wings will r.
66, 3, let righteous r., yee, exceedingly r.
55, 6, that thy people may r. in the day.
96, 11, let the heavener,
97, 11, the Lord shall r. in his works.
107, 42, the righteous shall r.s whe works.
107, 42, the righteous shall r. in his works.
107, 42, the righteous shall r. in his works.
107, 42, the righteous shall r. in his works. the Lord.

4

Prov. 2. 14, who r. to do evil.

5. 18, r. with the wife of thy youth.

23. 15, if thine heart he wise, mine shall r.

24, father of the righteous shall greatly r.

25, she that hare thee shall r.

26. 11, r. not when thios coemy falleth.

29. 2, when righteous are in authority people r.

31. 25, she shall r. in time to come.

Ecol. 2. 10, my heart r. in all my labour.

3. 12, for a man to r. and do good.

22; 5. 19, that a mae should r. in his works.

11. 9, r. O young man in thy youth.

128. 9. 3, as men r. when they divide the spoil.

24. 8, noise of them that r. endeth.

29. 19, poor among man shall r.

35. 1, the desert shall r.

36. 1, the desert shall r.

36. 1, the yearvest shall r.

36. 13, my servacts shall r. nut ye.

68. 14, when ye see this, your heart shall r.

32. 41, 1 will r. over them to do them good.

51. 38, that they may r. and sleep.

Ezek. 7. 12, let not huyer r.

Amos 6. 13, which r. in a thing of nought.

Mic. 7. 8, r. not against ma.

Ahah. 3. 18, her. more of that sheep.

Lu. 1. 4, many shall r. at his hirrh, because.

21, in that hour Jesus r. in spirtt.

16. 6, g., with m. Prov. 2. 14, who r. to do evil. REJOICING. Job 8. 21, till he fill thy lips with r. Ps. 107. 22, declare his works with r. 116, 15, voice of r. is in tabernacles of the 116. 15. Voice of r. 1s in tapermacies of the righteous.
110. 111, they are the r. of my heart.
120. 6, shall doubtless come again r.
Prov. 8. 31, r. in the habitable part of his earth.
Isa. 65. 18, I create Jerusalam a r.
Jer. 15. 16. thy word was to me the r. of my heart.
Zeph. 2. 15, this is the r. city.
Acts 5. 41, r. that they ware counted worthy.
Rom. 12. 12, r. in hope.
2 Cor. 6. 10, as sorrowful, yet alway r.
1 Thess. 2. 19, what is our crown of r.
See Hab. 3. 14; Acts 8. 39; Gal. 6. 4; Jas. 4. 16.
RELIFASE. Esth. 2. 18; Mat. 27. 17; Mk. 15. 11; RELEASE. Esth. 2.18; Mat. 27.17; Mk. 15.11; John 19.10. RELIEVE. Lev. 25, 35, then thou shalt r. him. Ps. 146, 9, hs r. the fatherless and widow. Iso, 1, 17, r. the oppressed. Lam. 1.16, comforter that should r. my soul is far from ma See Acts 11, 29: 1 Tim. 5, 10, 16. See Adds II. 25; 1 Inth. 5, 64. I. 13; Jas. 1. 28, 27. RELIGIOUS. Acts 13, 43; Jas. 1. 26. RELY. 2 Chron. 13. 18; 16. 7, 8. REMAIN. Gen. 8. 22, while earth r. 14. 10, they that r. fled to the mountain. Ex. 12. 10, let nothing of it r. until morning.

Josh, 13. 1. there r. vet much land to be possessed.

I Kings 16. 22, I only r. a prophet.

Job 21. 32, yet shall he r. in the tomb.

Prov. 2. 21, the perfect shall r. in the land.

Eccl. 2. 9, my wisdom r. with me.

Jer. 17. 25, this city shall r. for ever.

21. 10 there is hit wounded men. 37. 10, there r. hut wounded men.
Lam. 2. 22, in day of anger none r.
Mat. 11. 23, would have r. until this day.
John 6. 12, gather up the fragments that r. 9.41, ye say, we see, therefore your sin r.
Acts 5.4, whiles it r., was it not thine own?
1 Cor. 15.6, the greater part r. to this present.
1 Thess. 4.15, we which are alive and r. unto oming of the Lord.

Heh. 4.9, there r. a rest to the people of God.

Jo. 26, there r. no more sacrifice for sins.

Rev. 3. 2, things which r. ready to die.

See Ps. 76. 10; Lam. 5. 19; John J. 33; J John 3. 9. REMEDY. 2 Chron, 36, 16; Prov. 6, 15; 29, 1. REMEMBER. Gen. 40. 23, yet did not the butler r. 41.9. I do r. my faults this day. Ex. 13. 3, r. this day ye came out of Egypt. 20. 8, r. the sabbath day. Num. 15. 39, r. all the commandments. Dent. 5. 15; 15. 15; 16. 12; 24. 18, 22, r. thou wast a servant. a servant.

8. 2, r. all the way the Lord led thee.

82. 7, r. the days of old.

1 Chron. 16. 12, r. his narvellous works.

Neh. 13. 14, r. me, O God, concerning this.

Job 7. 7, O r. my life is wind.

11. 16, r. it as waters that pass sway.

14. 13, appoint me a set time and r. me.

24. 20. the sinner shall be no more r.

Ps. 9, 12, when he maketh inquisition he r.

20. 7, we will r. the game of the Lord. Ps. 9. 12, when he maketh inquisition he r.
20. 7, we will r. the name of the Lord.
20. 7, r. thy mercies, they have been ever of old.
7, r. not sins of my youth, by mercy r. me.
63. 6, when I r. thee upon my bed.
77. 3, I r. God and was troubled.
78. 39, he r. that they were but flesh,
79. 8, r. not sgainst us former iniquities.
89. 47, r. how short my time is.
105. 8, he bath r. his covenant for ever.
119. 55, I have r. thy name in the night.
136. 23, who r. us in our low estate.
137. 1, we wept when we r. Zion.
137. 1, we wept when we r. Zion.
150. 5. 29, not much r. the days of his life.
11. 8, let him r. the days of his life.
11. 8, let him r. the days of his life. Eccl. 5. 20, not much r. the days of his life.
11. 8, let him r. the days of darkness.
12. 1, r. now thy Creator.
Caut. 1. 4, we will r. thy love.
Isa. 23. 16, sing songs that thou mayest be r.
43. 18; 46. 9, r. ye not the former things.
57. 11, thou hast not r. me.
65. 17, the former beavens shall not he r.
Jer. 31. 20, I do earnestly r. him still.
51. 50, ye that have escaped r. the Lord.
Lam. 1. 9, she r. not her last end.
Ezek. 16. 61; 20. 43; 36. 31, then shalt thou r. thy Amos 1. 9, and r, not the brotherly covenant, Amos 1. 4, and r. not the involtenty covenal Hab. 3.2, it in wrath r. mercy. Zeob. 10. 9, thy shall r, me in far countries Mat. 25. 75. Peter r. the word of Jesus. Lu. 16. 25, son, r. that thou in thy lifetime. 17. 32, r. Lot's wife. 23. 42. Lord r. me when thou comest, 24. 8, and they r. his words. John 2. 22, when he was risen, they r. 15. 20, r. the word I said unto you. Acts 11. 16, then r. I the word of the Lord, 20. 35, r. the words of the Lord Jesus, Gal. 2. 10, that we should r. the poor. Col. 4. 18, r. my honds. I Thess. 1. 3, r. your work of faith, Heb. 13. 3, r. them that are in bonds. I r. them that have the rule over you.

7. r. them that have the rule over you.

Rev. 2. 5, r. from whence thou art fallen. 3.3, r. how thou hast received. See Pa. 88. 5; 103. 14; Mat. 5. 23; John 16. 21. REMEMBRANCE. Num. 5. 15, bringing iniquity LEMEMBRANCE. Num. 5. 15, pringing iniquity to r.
2 Sam. 18. 18, no son to keep my name in r.
1 Kings 17. 18, art thou come to call my sin to r.
15. 6. 5, in death there is no r. of thee.
30. 4; 97. 12, give thanks at r. of his holiness.
17. 6, I call to r. my song in the night.
112. 6, righteous shall be in everlasting r.
Eccl. 1. 11, there is no r. of former things.
2. 16, no r. of wise more than the fool.
18. 43. 26, put me in r.
57. 8, behind doors hast thou set up thy r.
Lam. 3. 20, my soul bath them still in r.
Ezek. 23. 19, calling to r. days of youth.
Mal. 3. 16, a book of r.
Lu. 22. 19; 1 Cor. 11. 24, this do in r. of me.
John 14. 26, bring all things to your r.
Acts 10. 31, thine alms are had in r.
2 Tim. 1. 3, I have r. of thee In my prayers.
2. 14, of these things put them in r.
See Heb. 10. 3; 2 Pet. 1. 12; 3. 1; Jude 5; Rev. to r 16, 19, REMIT. John 20. 23, whose soever sins ye r., are r. REMIAT. John 20. 23, whose seever sins yer, are r. REMNANT. Lev. 5. 13, the r. shall be the priest's. 2 Kings 19. 4; Isa. 37. 4, lift up prayer for the r. Ezra 9.8, grace shewed to leave us a r. Isa. 1.9, unless the Lord had left a r. I. 11, to recover the r. of his people. 16. 14, the r. shall be very small and feehle. Jer. 44. 28, r. shall know whose words shall stand. Ezek. 6. 8, yet will I leave a r. Joel 2. 32, the r. whom the Lord shall csll. See Mic. 2. 12; Heg. 1. 12; Rom. 11. 5; Rev. 11. 13. REMOVE. Deut. 19. 14, shall not r. landmark. LEMOVE. Deut. 19. 19, Shall not r. landmark.
Job 9. 5, r. the mountains and they know not.
14. 18, the rock is r. out of his place.
Ps. 36. 11, let not hand of wicked r. me.
39. 10, r. thy stroke away from me.
46. 2, not fear though the earth he r.
51. 6, 1 r. his shoulder from burden.
103. 12, so far hist he r. our transgressions.
119. 22, r. from me reproach. 119.22, r. from me reprosch.
125. 1, as muunt Zion, which cannot be r.
Prov. 4. 27, r. thy foot from evil.
10. 30, the righteous shall never he r.
Eccl. 1. 10, r. sorrow from thy heart.
1sa. 13. 3, sarth shall r. out of her place.
24. 29, earth shall he r. like a cottage.
29. 13, have r. their heart far from me.
34. 10, the hills shall he r.
Jer. 4. 1, return unto me, then shalt thou not r.
Lam. 3. 17, thou hast r. my soul from peace.
Mat. 17. 20, ye shall say, r. hence, and it shall r.
Lu. 22. 42, r. this cup from me.
Gal. 1. 6, I marvel ye are so soon r.
Gal. 1. 6, or else I will r. thy candlestick.
See Job 19. 10; Eccl. 10. 9; Ezek. 12. 3; Heb. 12. 27.
END. 1 Kings 11. 11, I will r. the kingdom. See Joh 19, 10; Ecol. 10, 9; Ezek. 12, 3; Heb. 12, 2; REND. 1 Kings 11, 11, 1 will r, the kingdom. Isa. 64; 1, that thou wouldest r, the heavens. Hos. 13, 8, 1 will r, the earl of their heart. Joel 2, 13, r, your heart. Mat. 7, 6, lest they turn again and r, you. See Ps. 7, 2; Eccl. 3, 7; Jer. 4, 50; John 19, 24. RENDER. Deut. 32, 41, r. vengeance. 1 Sam. 26, 23, r. to every man his faithfulness. John 33, 28, he will r, to man his rightequances. 34, 11, the work of a man shall be r, to him. Ps. 28, 4, r, to them their desert. 38, 20, they that r, evil for good. 19, 12, and r, to our neighbour sevenfold. 94, 2, r, a reward to the proud. 116, 12, what shall 1 r, to the Lord. 19. 12, and r. to our neighbour sevenfold.
44. 2, r. a reward to the proud.
116. 12, what shall 1 r. to the Lord.
Prov. 24. 12; Rom. 2. 6, r. to every man according.
26. 16, wiser than seven men who can r. a reason.
Hos. 14. 2, so will we r. the calves of our lips.
Joel 3. 4, will ye r. me a recompence.

RENEW. Zech. 9. 12, I will r. double. Mat. 21. 41, r. fruits in their seasons. 22. 21; Mt. 12. 17; Lu. 20. 25, r. unto Cæsar. Rom. 13. 7, r. to all their dues. 1 Thess. 3, 9, what thanks can we r. 5. 15, see that none r. evil for evil. 1. Pet. 3. 9, not r. evil for evil, or railing. See Num. 15. 9; Judg. 9. 56; Fa. 62. 12; Iga. 66. 6. RENEW. Job 10. 17, thou r. thy witnesses. ENEW. JOB 10. 17, thour, thy witnesses. 29, 20, my bowwss r, in my hand. Pe. 51. 10, and r. a right spirit within me. 103. 5, thy youth is r. like the eagle's. 104. 30, thour, the face of the earth. 1ea. 40. 31, wait on Lord shall r. strength. 41. 1, let the people r. their strength. 41. i, let the people r. their strength. Lam. 5. 21, r. our days as of old. 2 Cor. 4. 18, the inward man is r. day by day. Eph. 4. 23, be r. in spirit of your mind. Col. 3. 10, new man which is r. in knowledge. Heb. 8. 6, if they fall away, to r. them again. See 2 Chrom. 15. 8; Rom. 12. 2; Tt. 3. 5. RENOUNCED. 2 Cor. 4. 2, have r. hidden things. RENOWN. Gen. 6.4; Num. 16.2, men of r. Num. 1.16, the r. of the congregation. Isa. 14.20, evil doers shall never he r. Ezek. 16.14, thy r. went forth smong the heatheu. 34.29, a plant of r. See Ezek. 23.23; 20.17; 39.13; Dan. 9.15. See Ezek. 23. 23; 20. 17; 39. 13; Den. 9. 10.

RENT. Gen. 37. 33, Joseph tar. in pieces.

Josh. 9. 4, bottles old and r.

Judg. 14. 5, 6, r. lion as he would have r. a kid.

1 Kings 13. 3, the altar shall be r.

Job 25. 5, the cloud is not r. under them.

Mat. 9. 16; Mk. 2. 21, the r. is made worse.

27. 51; Mk. 15. 38; Lu. 23. 45, vati was r. in twain.

See 1 Sam. 15. 27; Joh 1. 20; 2. 12; Jer. 36. 24.

REPAID. Prov. 13. 21, to righteous good shall be r.

PEDAID 2 Chron 24 5 cather money to r. the REPAIR, 2 Chron, 24.5, gather money to r, the house Isa. 61. 4, they shall r. the waste cities. See 2 Kiugs 12, 5; Ezra 9, 9; Neh. 3, 4; Isa. 58, 12. SEE ALUSS LE 3; EZTA B. 9; Neb. 3. 4; 18a. 58. REPAY. Deut. 7. 10, he will r. to his face. Lu. 10. 35, when I come I will r. thee. Rom. 12. 19, vengeance is mine, I will r. Philem. 19, I have written it, I will r. it. See Job 21. 31; 41. II; 18a. 59. 18. REPEATETH. Prov. 17. 9, he that r. a matter. REDENT Gas 8. 4 is the latter. REPENT. Gen. 6, it r. the Lord.

Ex. 13. 17, lest the people r.

32. 14; 2 Sam. 24. 16; 1 Chron, 21. 15; Jer. 26. 19, Lord r. of evil he thought to do.

Num. 23. 19, neither son of man that he should r. Deut. 32. 36, Lord shall r. for his servants.

1 Sam. 15. 29, will not r., for he is not a man that he should r. 1 Sam. 13. 29, will not r, for no 10 not a man that he should r.

Joh 42. 6, I r. in dust and sales.

Pa. 90. 13, let it r. thee concerning thy servants.

106. 45, Lord r. according to his mercies.

110. 4; Heh. 7, 21, Lord hath sworn and will not r.

Jer. 8. 6. no man r. of his wickedness.
18. 8; 28. 13, if that nation turn I will r.
31. 19, after that I was turned I r.
Joel 2. 13, he is slow to anger and r. him.
Mat. 12. 41; Lu. 11. 22, they r. at the preaching.
21. 29, afterward he r. and went,
27. 3, Judes r. himself.
Lu. 13. 3, except ye r.
15. 7, joy over one sinner that r.
17. 3, if thy brother r., forgive him.
Acts 8, 22, r. of this thy wickedness.
Rev. 2. 21, papace to r., and she r. not.
See Acts 2. 36; If. 30; Rev. 2. 5; 3. 3; 16. 9.
EEPENTANCE. Hos. 31. 14 r. shall be hid. not r. REPENTANCE. Hos. 13. 14, r. shall be hid.
Mat. 3. 6; Lu. 3. 6; Acts 26. 20, fruits meet for r.
Rom. 2. 4, goodness of God leadedth thee to r.
11. 29, gifts of God are without r.
2 Cor. 7. 10, r. not to be repented of.
Heb. 6. 1, not laying again the foundation of r.

Heb. 6. 6. to renew them again to r. 12.17, no place of r., though he sought it. See Lu. 15.7; Acts 20. 21; 2 Tim, 2. 25; 2 Pet. 3. 9. REPLENISH. Gen. 1, 28; 9, 1; Jer. 31, 25; Ezek. REPLIEST. Rom. 9. 20, that r. against God. REPORT (n.). Gen. 37. 2, their evil r. Ex. 23. 1, thou shalt upt n a false n. Num. 13. 32, an evil n of the land. 1 Sam. 2. 24, it is no good n I hear. 1 Kings 10. 6; 2 Chron. 9. 5, tt was a true n. I heard Prov. 15. 30, a good r, maketh the bones fat. Prov. 15. 30, a good r. meketit the bones 1st. 1st. 28. 19, a vexation only to understand r. 53. 1, who hath believed our r. 10. 22, of good r. among the lews. 2 Cor. 6. 8, by evil r. and good r. Phil. 4. 8, whatsoever things are of good r. 1 Tim. 37, a bishop must have a good r. See Deut. 2. 25; Heb. 11. 2, 39; 3 John 12. REPORT (v.). Neh. 6. 6, it is r. among heathen. Jer. 20. 10, r., say they, and we will r. it. Mat. 28. 15, saying is commonly r. Acts 16. 2, well r. of by the brethrea. I Cor. 14.25, he will r. that God is in you. See Ezek. 9. 11; Rom. 3. 8; 1 Tim. 5. 10; 1 Pet. 1. 12, REPROACH (n). Gen. 30. 23, bath taken away my r. 34. 14, that were a r. to us. 1 Sam. 11. 2, lay it for a r. upon all Israel. Neh. 2. 17, build that we he no more a r. Ps. 15. 3, that taketh not up a r. rs. b. s. that taken not up a r. 22 t, a r. of men. 31. 11, I was a r. amoug mine enemies. 44. 13; 78. 4; 86. 41, a r. to our neighbours. 66. 9; Rom. 15. 3, the r. of them that reproach-ed theo. od theo.

78. 66, put them to a perpetual r.

Prov. 6. 33, his r. shall not be wiped away.

14. 34, etn is a r. to any people.

18. 3, with ignominy cometh r.

18. 43. 28, I have given larael to r.

51. 7, lear not the r. of men.

Jer. 23. 40, I will bring au everlasting r.

31. 19, I did hear the r. of my youth.

Lam. 3. 30, he is filled full with r.

Ezek. 5. 14, I will make thee a r. among nations.

15. Jerusalem shall be a r. and a tsum.

Mic. 6. 16, ye shall bear the r. of my people.

2 Cor. 11. 21, I speak as concerning r.

12. 10, pleasure in r. for Christ's sake.

1 Tim. 3. 7, good report let be fall into r.

4. 10, we labour and auther r.

Heb. 11. 26, the r. of Christ greater riches.

13. 13, without the camp bearing his r.

See Ps. 66. 10; 11. 39; Jer. 8. 10; 20. 8; 21. 9.

LEPROACH (w). Num. 15. 30, r. the Lord. REPROACH (v.). Num 15.30, r. the Lord. Ruth 2.15, r. her not. 2 Kings 19.22; Iss. 37.23, whom hast thou r. Joh 19.3, these ten times have yo r. me. Joh 19. 3, these ten times have ye r. me. 27.6, my heart shall not r. me. Ps. 42. 10, as with a sword mine enemies r. me. 44. 18, the voice of him that r. 74. 22, how the foolish man r. thee. 116. 42; Prov. 27. 11, to answer him that r. me. Prov. 14. 31; 17. 5, oppressed poor r. his Maker. Lu. 6. 22, men shall r. you for my sake. 1 Pet. 4. 14, if ye be r. for Christ's sake. See Pe. 55. 12; 74. 18; 79. 12; 88. 51; Zeph. 2. 8. EPBGACHFUILLY. Joh 16. 10; 11 m. 5. 14. REPROACHFULLY. Job 16. 10; 1 Tim. 5. 14. REPROVE. 1 Chron. 16, 21, r. kings for their sakas Job 6.25, what doth your arguing r.
13. 10, he will r. you if ye accept.
22. 4, will he r. thee for fear.
40.2; he that r. God let him answer it.
Ps. 50. 8, I will not r. thee for hurnt offerings.

REPROVER Pa. 141. 5, let him r. me, it shall be excellent oil. Prov. 9. 8, r. not a scorner lest he hate thee. 15. 12, a scorner leveth not one that r. 19. 25, r. one that hath understanding. 29. 1, he that heing often r. 30. 6, leat he r. thee and thou he found. Isa. 11. 4, r. with equity for the meek.

Jer. 2. 19, thy backelidings shall r. thee.

John 3. 20, leat his deeds should be r. 16. 8, he will r, the world of sin.

See Lu. 3. 19; Eph. 5. 11, 13; 2 Tim. 4. 2.

REPPROVER. Prov. 25. 12; Ezek. 3. 26. REPUTATION. Eccl. 10. 1. him that is in r. for wisdom Acts 5.34, had in r. among the people. Phil. 2.7, made himself of no r. 29, hold such in r. See Job 18.3; Dan. 4.35; Gal. 2.2. REQUEST. Judg. 8, 24. I would desire a r. of thee.
Ezra 7.8, the king granted all his r.
Job 6.8, Oh that I might have myr.
Ps. 21. 2, hast not withholden r. of his lips.
106.15, he gave them their r.
Phill 1.4, in every prayer making r. with joy.
4.6, let your r. be made known.
See 2 Sam 1.4 15; Neb. 2.4; Esth. 4.8; 5.3.
REQUESTED. 1 Kings 19. 4, Elijah r. that he might die. REQUIRE. Gen. 9.5, blood of your lives will I r. 31.39, of my hand didet thou r. it. Deut. 10.12; Mic. 68, what doth the Lord r. Josh. 22. 23; 1 Sam. 20.16, let the Lord himself r. it.
Ruth 3.11. I will do all thou r.
I Sam. 21.8, the king's husiness r. haste.
2 Sam. 3.13, one thing I r. of thee. 2 Sam. 5. 15, one siling 17. of size.
19. 38, whatsoever thou shalt r. I will do.
2 Chron, 24. 22, the Lord look on it and r. it.
Neh, 5. 12, we will restore and r. nothing of them.
Ps. 10. 13, he hash said thou wilt not r. it. Fs. 10. 15, he had said thou with not r. it.

137. 3, they that wasted us r. of us mirth.

Prov. 30. 7, two things have I r. of thee.

Eccl. 3. 15, God r. that which is past.

Ess. 1. 12, who hath r. this at your hand?

Egel. 3, 18; 33. 6, his blood will I r. at thine hand 34. 10, I will r, my flock at their hand, Lu. 11. 50, may be r, of this generation. 12. 20, this night thy soul shall he r. 48, of him shall much be r. 19. 23. 1 might have r. mine own with usury. 1 Cor. 1. 22, the Jews r. a sign. 4.2, it is r. in etewards. See 2 Chron. 8. 14; Ezra 3. 4; Neh. 5. 18; Esth. 2. 15. See 2 Chron, 8, 14; Ezra 3, 4; Neh. 5, 18; Esth. z. 15. REQUITE. Gen. 50, 15, Joseph will certainly r. us. Deut. 32, 6, do ye thus r. the Lord. Judg. 1.7, as I have done so God hath r. me. 2 Sam. 2, 6, I also will r. you this kindness. 16, 12, it may be the Lord will r. good for this. 1 Tim. 5, 4, learn to r. their parents. See Ps. 10, 14; 41, 10; Jer. 51, 56. REREWARD. Josh. 8, 9; Iss. 52, 12; 58, 8. PERGUIE D. 38, 17 and and 18 an BESCUE. Ps. 35. 17, r. my soul.
Hos. 5. 14, none shall r. him.
See Deut. 28. 31; 1 Sam. 14. 45; Dan. 6. 27; Aots 23, 27, RESEMBLANCE. Zech. 6. 6, this is their r. RESEMBLE. Judg. 8.18; Lu. 13.18. RESERVE. Gen. 27. 36, hast thou not r. a hlessing.

2 Pet. 2. 4, to he r. to judgment. 3.7, the heavens and earth are r. unto fire. See Num. 18. 9; Rom. 11. 4; 2 Pet. 2. 9; Jude 6, 13. RESIDUE. Ex. 10.5, locusts shall eat the r. Isa. 38, 10, I am deprived of the r. of my years. Jer. 15.9, r. of them will I deliver to the sword. Ezek, 9.8, wilt thou destroy all the r. Zeoh, 8.11, I will not be to the r. as in former days, 12, 24 had he the r. of the Spirit.
Mal. 2. 15, yet had he the r. of the Spirit.
Acts 15. 17, that the r. might seek the Lord.
See Neh. 11. 20; Jer. 8. 3; 29. 1; 39. 3. See Neh. 11. 20; Jer. 8. 3; 29. 1; 39. 3. RESIST. Zech. 3. 1, at his right hand to r. Mat. 5. 39, r. not evil.
Lu. 21. 15, adversaries shall not be able to r. Rom. 9. 19, who hath r. his will.
13. 2, whoso r. power, r. ordinance of God. Jas. 4. 8; 1 Pet. 5. 5. God r. the proud.
7, r. the devil, and he will fiee.
1 Pet. 5. 9, whom r. stedfast in the faith. See Acts 6. 10, 7. 51; 2 Tim. 3. 8; Heb. 12. 4. RESORT. No. 7. 4. 7. bither to us. RESORT. Neb. 4.20, r. hither to us. Ps. 71. 3, whereunto I may continually r. John 18. 2, Jesus ofttimes r. thither. See Mk. 2. 13; 10. 1; John 18. 20; Acts 16. 13. EESPECT (n.). Gen. 4. 4, Lord had r. to Abel. Ex. 2. 25, God had r. unto them. 1 Kings 8. 28; 2 Chron. 6. 19, have r. unto their 1 Kings 8. 28; 2 Chiom. 6. 29, 20. 1. 25, prayer, 2 Chron. 19. 7; Rom. 2. II; Eph. 6. 9; Col. 3. 25, there is no r. of persons with God. Ps. 74. 20, have r. unto thy covenant. 119. 15, 1 will have r. unto thy ways. 138. 6, yet hath he r. to the lowly. Prov. 24. 23; 28. 31, not good to have r. of persons. Isa. 17. 7, his eyes shall have r. to Holy One. 22. 11, nor had r. to him that fashioned it. Phil. 4. 11, not that I speak in r. of want. See Heb. 11. 26; Jas. 2, 1, 3, 9; 1 Pet. 1. 17. RESPECT (v.), Lev. 19, 15, shalt not r, person of RESPITE. Ex. 8. 15; 1 Sam. 11. 3. REST (n.), Gen. 49, 15, Issachar saw that r. was good Ex. 31. 15; 35. 2; Lev. 16. 31; 23. 3, 32; 25. 4, the subbath of r. 33. 14, my presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee r. Lev. 25. 5, a year of r. to the land. Deut. 12. 10, when he giveth you r. from your enemies Judg. 3. 30, the land had r. fourscore years. Ruth 3. 1, shall not I seek r. for thee. I Chron. 22. 9, a man of r., and I will give him r. Ruth 3.1, shall not 1 seek r. for unes.
1Chron, 22.9, a man of r., and I will give him r
18, hath he not given yon r. on every side.
28.2, to huild a house of r.
Neh. 9.23, after they had r. they did evil.
Esth. 9.16, the Jews had r. from their enemies.
Job 3.17, there the weary he at r.
11.18, thou shalt take thy r. in safety.
11.19, when our r. together is in the dust.
Pa. 55.6, then would I fly sway and be at r.
95.11; Heh. 3.11, not enter into my r.
116.7, return to thy r., 0 my soul.
112.8, arise into thy r.
14, this is my r, for ever.
Eccl. 2.23, his heart taketh not r. in the night.
18.11.0, his r, shall be glortous.
14.7; Zech. 1.11, earth is at r. and quiet.
18.4, I will take my r.
30.15, in returning and r. shall ye be saved.
66.1, where is the place of my r.?
Jer. 6.16, ye shall find r. for your souls.
Ezck. 33.11, I will go to them that are at r.
Mic. 2.10, depart, this is not your r.
Mat. 11.28, I will give you r. ESBRVE. Gen. Z. 36, hast thou not r. a hiessing. Ruth 2, 18, gave her mother in law that she had r. Job 21. 30, the wicked is r. to day of destruction. 38. 23, which I have r. against time of trouble. Jer. 3. 5. will he r. anger for ever. 5. 24, he r. the weeks of harvest. 50. 20, I will parion them whom I r. Nah. 1. 2, the Lord r. wrath for his enemies. 1 Pet. 1. 4, an inheritance r. in heaven. 510

him.
28. 12, ye may cause the weary to r.
57. 20, like the sea when it cannot r.
62. 1, for Jerusalem's aske I will not r.
63. 14, Spirit of the Lord caused him to r.
Jer 47. 6, r. and be still.
Dan. 12. 13, thou shalt r. and stand in thy lot.
MY 5. 21 come and r. subtla Jer. 47. 6, r. and be etill.

Dan. 12. 13, thou chair r. and stand in thy lot.

Mk. 6. 31, come and r. awhile.

2 Cor. 12. 9, power of Christ may r. on me.

Rev. 4. 8, they r. not day and night.

6. 11, r. yet for a little season.

14. 13, that they may r. from their labours.

See Prov. 14. 33; Cant. L. 7; Isa. 32. 18; Lu. 10. 6.

RESTORE. Ex. 22. 4, he shall r. double.

Lev. 6. 4, he shall r. that he took away.

Deut. 22. 2, things strayed thou shalt r. again.

Fa. 23. 3, he r. my soul.

51. 12, r. to me the joy of thy salvation.

69. 4, I r. that which I took not away.

1sa. 1. 26, I will r. they judges as at the first.

Jor. 27. 22, I will r. them to this place.

30. 17, i will r. theath to thee.

Ezek. 33. 15, If wicked r. pledge.

Mat. 17. 11; Mk. 9, 12. Elias shall r. all things.

Lu. 19. 8, I r. him fourfold.

Aots. 16, wilt thou at this time r. the kingdom.

Gal. 6. 1, r. such an one in meekness.

See Buth 4. 15; Isa. 58. 12; Joel 2. 25; Mk. 8. 25.

RESTRAIN. Gen. 11. 6, nothing will be. RESTRAIN. Gen. 11.6, nothing will be r. Ex. 36.6, people were r. from bringing. 1 Sam. 3.13, his sons made themselves vile, and 1 Sam. 5. 13, 118 Sous Hade the character he r. them not.
Job 15. 4, thou r. prayer before God.
8, dost thou r. wisdom to thyself.
Ps. 76. 10, remainder of wrath shalt thou r.
See Gen. 8. 2; 1sa. 63. 15; Ezek. 31. 15; Acts 14. 18. Section. 8.2; 182.00.15; EZCR.31.10; AUSS 17.
EETAIN. Job 2.9, does then still r, integrity.
Prov. 3.18, happy is every one that r, her.
4.4, let thine heart r, my words.
11.16, a gracious woman r, honour,
Eccl. 8.8, no man hath power to r, the spirit.
John 20.23, whose soever sins ye r, they are r.
Sec Mic. 7.18; Rom. 1.28; Philem. 13. See Mic. 7. 18; Rom. 1. 28; Philem. 13. RETIRE. Judg. 20. 39; 2 Sam. 11. 15; Jar. 4. 6. RETURN. Gen. 3. 19, to dust shalt thour. Ex. 14. 27; the sea r. to his strength. Judg. 7. 3, whoseover is fearful, 18 th limr. Ruth 1. 16, entreat me not to leave the or r. 2 Sam. 12. 23, he shall not r. to me. 2 Kings 20. 10, let the shadow r. backward. Joh 1. 21, naked shall r. thither. 7. 10, he shall r. no more. 10. 21; 16. 22, 1 go whence I shall not r. 15. 22, he believeth not he shall r. out of darkness. Ps. 35. 13, my prayer r. into mine own bosom.

73. 10, his people r. hither. 13. M, nis people r. htther.
90. 3, thou sayest, r., ye children of men.
104.29, they die and r. to their dust.
116.7, r. to thy rest, 0 my soul.
Prov. 2.19, none that go to her r. again.
28. II, as a dog r. to his vomit.
27, he that rollet ha stone, it will r.
Ecol. 1. 7, whence rivers come, thither they r. again. .

Mat. 11. 29, ye shall find r. to your souls.
12. 43; Lu. 11. 24, seeking r. and finding none.
28. 45; Mb. 14. 41, sleep on and take your r.
John 11. 13, of taking r. in sleep.
Acts 9. 31, then had the churches r.
See Prov. 29. 17; Ecol. 6. 5; Dan. 4. 4; 2Thess. 1. 7.
REST (v.). Gen. 2. 2, he r. on seventh day.
Num. 11. 25, when the Spirit r. upon them.
2 Chron. 32. 8, people r. on the words.
Jol. 3. 18, there the prisoners r. together.
Ps. 18. 9; Acts 2. 26, my flesh shall r. in hope.
37. 7, r. in the Lord.
Ecol. 7. 9, anger r. in bosom of fools.
Iss. 11. 2, the spirit of the Lord shall r. upon him. Eccl. 5. 15, uaked shall he r. to go as he came, 12. 2, nor the clouds r. after the rain.
7, dust r. to earth and spirit r. to God.
1sa. 21. 12, if ye will enquire, enquire ye; r., come.
35. 10; 51. 11, the ransomed of the Lord shall r.
44. 22, r. unto me, for I have redeemed thee.
45. 23, word is gone out and shall not r.
55. 11, it shall not r. to me vold.
Jer. 4. 1, if thou wilt r., sath the Lord, r. unto 16. 19. let them r. unto thee, but r. not theu. 24. 7, they shall r. with whole heart. 31. 8, a great company shall r. thither. 31. 8, a great company enair. thither.
30. 3, revery man from his evil way.
Ezek. 46. 9, he shall not r. by the way he came.
Hee. 2, T. i will r. to my place.
T. 16, they r, but not to the most High.
14.7, they that dwell under his shadow chall r. Amos 4.6, yet have ye not r. to me.

Joel 2. 14, who knoweth it he will r. and repent.

Zech. 1. 16, I am r. to Jerusalem with mercles.

8. 3, I am r. to Zion and will dwell. 8.3. I am r to Ziou and will dwell.
Mal. 3. r, r to me and I will r to you.
16. then shall ye r. and discern.
Mat. 12. 44: Lu. 11. 24, I will r . Into my house.
24. 18, ceither let him in the field r. back.
Lu. 9. 10, spoeties r. and told him all.
10. 17, the sevecty r. with joy.
12. 36, when he will r. from wedding.
17. 18, not found that r. to give glory.
Acts 13. 34, now no more to r. to corruption.
Heb. 11. 15, might have had opportunity to r.
1 Pet. 2. 25, now r. to the Shepherd of your souls,
See Gen. 31. 3; Ex. 4. 18; Lev. 25. 10; 1ss. 55. 7.
EVUEAL. Deut. 29. 29. things r. belong unto REVEAL. Deut. 29. 29, things r. belong unto us and to our children. us and to our children.

I Sam. 3.7, nor was word of Lord r. to him.

Job 20. 27, the heaven shall r. his iniquity.

Prov. 11. 15; 20. 19, a talehearer r. secrets.

18. 22. 14, it was r. in mine ears.

40. 5, glory of the Lord shall be r.

53. 1; John 12. 38, to whom is arm of Lord r.

56. 1, my righteousness is near to be r.

56. 1, my righteousness is near to be r.

76. 11. 20, unto thee have 1 r. my cause,

33. 6, I will r. ahundance of peace.

Dan. 2. 22, he r. deep and secret things,

22, there is a God that r. secrets.

Ams. 3.7, he r. his secrets to the prophets.

Mat. 10. 26; Lu. 12. 2, nothing covered that shall not be r. not be r. t. them unto babes.

11.25, hast r. them unto babes.

16.17, flesh and blood hath not r. it.

Lu. 2.35, that thoughts of many hearts may he r.

17.30, in day when Son of man le r.

Rom. 1.17, righteousness of God r.

18, wrath of God is r. from heaven.

8. 18, glory which shall be r. in us.

10. r. 2.10, God hath r. them by his Spirit.

3. 13, it shall be r. by fire.

14. 30, if anything be r. to snother.

Gal. 1.16, to r. his Son in me.

2. Thess. 1.7, when Lord Jesus shall he r.

2. 3, man of sin be r.

8. that wicked one be r.

1. Pet. 1. 5, ready to be r. in last time.

4. 13, when his glory chall be r.

5. 1, partaker of glory that shall be r.

See Eph. 3. 5; Phil. 3. 15; 2 Thess. 2.6

LEVELATION, Rom. 2. 5, r. of righteous judgnot be r. REVELATION. Rom. 2. 5, r. of righteous judg-16.25, r. of the mystery. 1 Cor. 14.26, every one hath a r. 2 Cor. 12. 1, to visions and r. See Gal. 2.2; Eph. 1.17; 3.3; 1 Pet. 1.13; Rev. 1. I. REVELLINGS. Gal. 5. 21; 1 Pet. 4. 3. REVENGE. Jer. 15. 15, O Lord, r. me. 20, 10, we shall take our r. on him. Nah. 1. 2, the Lord r. and is furious. 2 Cor. 7. 11, what r. it wrought in you.

2 Cor. 10. 6, in readiness to r. See Ps. 79. 10; Ezek. 25. 12; Rom. 13. 4. REVENUE. Prov. 6. 19, my r. better than silver. 16. 8, better than great r, without right. Jer. 12. 13, ashemed of your r. See Ezra 4. 13; Prov. 15. 6; Isa. 23. 3; Jer. 12. 13.

REVERENCE. Ps. 69. 7; Mat. 21. 37; Mk. 12. 6; Heh. 12. 9.

REVEREND. Ps. 111.9, holy and r. is his name. REVERSE. Num. 23. 20; Esth. 8. 5, 8.

REVILE. Isa. 51.7, neither be afreid of r.
Mat. 27. 39, they that passed by r. him.
Mx. 15. 32, they that were crucified r. him.
1 Cor. 4. 12, being r. we bless.
1 Pet. 2. 23, when he was r., r. not again.
See Ex. 22. 28; Mat. 5. 11; John 9. 28; Acts 23. 4.

See Ex. 22. 22; Mat. 5. 11; John 9. 22; Acts. REVIVE. Reh. 4.2, will they r. the stones. Ps. 85. 6, wilt thou not r. us. 138. 7. thou wilt r. me. 138. 57. 15, to r. spirit of the humble. Hos. 6.2, after two days will he r. us. 14. 7; they shall r. as corn. Hab. 3. 2, r. thy work in midst of years. Rom. 7. 9, when commandment came sin r. 14. 9, Christ both died, rose, and r. See Gen. 45. 27; 2 Kings 13. 21; Ezre 9. 8. REVOLT 1 sa. 1.5. 31. 8. 59. 13. 1, Jer. 5. 23.

REVOLT. 1sa. 1.5; 13. 1; 52. 13; Jer. 5. 23.
REWARD (n.). Gen. 15. 1; thy exceeding great r.
Num. 22, r. r. of divination in their hand.
Dent. 10. 17, God who taketh not r.
Ruth 2. 12; full r. be given thee of the Lord.
2 Sam. 4. 10; thought I would have given r.
Joh 6. 22, did I say, give a r.
7. 2, as an hireling looketh for r.
Ps. 19. 11, in keeping them there is great r.
58. 11, there is a r. for the righteous.
91. 6, thou shalt see the r. of the wicked.
127. 3, fruit of womb is his r.
Prov. 11. 18, soweth righteousness a sure r.
21. 14, a r. in the bosom.
24. 20, no r. to the evil man.
Recl. 4. 9, they have a good r. for labour.
9. 5, neither have they any more a r.
Isa. 1. 23, every one followeth after r.
5. 23, instify wicked for r.
40. 10; 62. 11, his r. 1s with him.
Ezek. 16. 34, thou givest r, and no r. is given thee. REVOLT. 1sa. 1.5; 31.8; 59.13; Jer. 5.23.

thee

thee. Dan. 5. 17, give thy r. to another. Hos. 9. 1, thou hast loved a r. Mic. 3. 11, the heads thereof judge for r.

Mic. 5. 11, the heart motor, lauge Mr. 7, 3, judge saketh for a r. Mat. 6. 12; Ln. 6. 23, great is your r. in heaven. 46, what r. have ye. 6. 1, ye have no r. of your father. 2, 5, 16, they have their r.

2, 5, 16, they have their r.
10. 41, a prophet's r., a righteous man's r.
42; Mk. 9. 41, in no wise lose r.
11. 6. 35, do good and your r. shall be great.
23. 41, we receive due r. of our deeds.
Acts 1. 18, purchased with r. of inquity.
Rom. 4. 4. the r. 1s not reckoned.
1 Gor. 3. 8, every man shall receive his own r.

9. 18, what is my r, then. Col. 2. 16, let no man beguile you of your r.

3. 24, the no fish inheritance.

1 Tim. 5. 18, labourer worthy of his r.

Heh. 2. 2; 10. 35; 11. 26, recompence of r.

2 Pet. 2. 13, the r. of unrighteousness.

See 2 John 6; Jude 11; Rev. 11. 16; 22. 12.

See 2 John 6; Jude 11; Rev. 11. 16; 22. 12. REWARD (e.). Gen. 44. wherefore have ye r. Deut. 32. 41. I will r. them that hate me. 1 Sam. 24. 17, thou hast r. me good. 2 Chron. 15. 7, he strong, and your work shall he r. 20. 11, hehold how they r. us. Job 21. 19, he r. him and he shall know it. Ps. 31. 23, plentifully r. the prond doer. 35. 12; 109. 5, they r. me evil for good. 103. 10, nor r. us according to our inionities.

Ps. 137. 8, happy is he that r. thee.
Prov. 17. 13, whoso r. evil, evil shall not depart.
25. 22, heap coals, and the Lord shall r. thee.
26. 10, both r. the fool and r. transgressors.
Jer. 31. 16, thy work shall be r.
See 2 Sam. 22. 21; Mat. 6. 4; 16. 27; 2 Tim. 4. 14.
ICH. Gen. 13. 2, Abram was very r.
14. 23, legt thou shouldest av. I have read-

RICH. Gen. 13. 2, Ahram was very 7.
14. 23, lest thon shouldest say, I have made Abram 7

Ahram r.
Ex. 30.15, the r. shell not give more.
Josh. 22. 8, return with much r. to your tents.
Ruth 3.10, followedst not poor or r.
1 Sam. 2.7, the Lord maketh poor and r.
1 Kings 3. 11; 2 Chron. 1.11, neither hast asked r.
13, 1 have given thee hoth r. and honour.
10. 23; 2 Chron. 9. 22, Solornon exceeded all for r.
1 Chron. 29. 12, both r. and honour come of thee.
Job 15. 29, he shall not be r.
20. 15, he swallowed down r.
27. 19, r. man shall lie down, but shall not be exchered.

20. 15. he swallowed down.

27. 19. r. man shall lie down, but shall n
gathered.

36. 19. will he esteem thy r.

Ps. 37. 16. hetter than r. of many wicked.

39. 6. he hespeth up r.

45. 12. the r. shall entreat thy favour.

49. 16. he not sfraid when one is made r.

52. 7. trusted in abundance of r.

52. 10. if r. increase set not your heart.

73. 12. the ungodly increase in r.

104. 24. the earth is full of thy r.

112. 3. wealth and r. shall be in his house.

Prov. 3. 16, in left hand r. snd honour.

8. 18. r. and honour are with me.

10. 4, hend of diligent maketh r.

11. 4. r. profit not in day of wrath.

13. r. poor yet hath great r.

11. 25. fr r. make thermelyes wings.

25. 17. make thermelyes wings.

25. 17. make thermelyes wings.

25. 17. make thermelyes wings.

26. 11. r. man is wise in his own conceit.

80. 6. give me nother powers to re.

30. 6, give me neither poverty nor r. Eccl. 5. 13, r. kept for owners to their hurt.

Eecl. 5. 13, r. kept for owners to their hurt.
10. 20, curse not r. in thy hedchamber.
1sa. 45. 3, I will give thee hidden r.
53. 9, with the r. in bis death.
Jor. 9. 23, let not r. man glory in his r.
17. 11, getteth r. and not by right.
Ezek. 26. 5, heart lifted up because of r.
Hos. 12. 8, Ephraim said, I am become r.
Zech. 11. 5, hiessed he the Lord, for I am r.
Met. 13. 22; MR. 4. 19; Lu. 6. 14, deceitfulness of r.
Mr. 10. 23, hardly shall they that bave r.
12. 41 r. east in much.

MR: 10. 23, hardly shall they that have r.

12. 41, r. cast in much.

1a. 1. 53, r. he hath sent empty away.

6. 24, woe to you r. for ye have received.

12. 21, not r. toward God.

14. 12, call not thy r. neighbours.

13. 23, sorrowinl, for he was very r.

Rom. 2. 4, the r. of his goodness.

9. 23, make known the r. of his glory.

10. 12, the Lord is r. to all that call.

11. 2, fall of them the r. of the world.

33, the depth of the r. of the wisdom.

1 Cor. 4. 8, now ye are rill, now ye are r.

2 Cor. 6. 10, poor, yet making many r.

8. 9, r., yet for your sakes.

Eph. 1.7, redemption according to the r. of grace.

2. 4, God, who is r. in mercy.

Eph. 1.1, recemption according to the r. of grace. 2.4, God, who is r. in mercy. 7, that he might show the exceeding r. of grace. 3.8, unsearchable r. of Christ.
Phil. 4.19, according to his r. in glory by Christ.
Col. 1.27, r. of the glory of this mystery.
2.2, the r. of the full assurance.
17im. 6.9, they that will be r. fall into temptation.

17 nor trust in uncertain r.
18, do good and be r. in good works.
18, do good and be r. in good works.
18, to good and be r. in good works.
19, 10, let r. rejoice that be is made low.
2.5, hath not God chosen the poor, r. in faith.
5.2, your r. are corrupted.

Rev. 2. 9. but thou art r.

3. 17, because thou sayest, I am r.
18, buy of me gold that thou mayest be r.
5. 12, worthy is the Lamb to receive r.
See Lev. 25. 47, Jas. 1. 11; 2. 6; 5. 1; Rev. 6, 15.

RICHLY. Col. 3. 16; 1 Tim. 6. 17.

RIDDANCE. Lev. 23. 22; Zeph. 1. 16. RIDDLE. Judg. 14, 12; Ezek, 17, 2,

KIDDLE. Judg. 14. 12; Ezek. 17. 2.

KIDE. Deut. 32. 13, r. on high piaces of the earth.

33. 26, who r. upon the heaven.

Judg. 5. 10, ye that r, on white seses.

2 Kiugs 4. 24, slack not thy r. for me.

Job 30. 22, causest me to r. upon the wind.

Ps. 45. 4, in thy majesty r. prosperously.

66. 12, hast caused men to r. over our heads.

84. 4, 33, extol him that r. on the beavens.

Iss. 19. 1, the Lord r. on a swift cloud.

See Hos. 14. 3; Amos 2. 15; Hah. 3. 5; Hag. 2. 22.

RIDER. Gen. 49. 17; Ex. 15. 1; Job 39. 18; Zech.

RIDGES. Ps. 65. 10, waterest the r. thereof.

RIGHT (n.). Gen. 18. 25, shall not Judge of all do r.? Deut. 6. 18; 12. 25; 21. 9, shalt do that is r. 21. 17, the r. of the firsthorn is his. 2 Sam. 19. 25, what r. have t to cry to the king. Neh. 2. 20, ye have no r. in Jerusalem.

Joh 24. 6, should I lie against my r.

Job 34, 6, should 1 the against my r.
36, 6, he giveth r. to the poor.
Ps. 9, 4, thou maintainest my r.
17, 1, hear the r., 0 Lord.
140, 12, Lord will maintain r. of the poor.
Prov. 16. 8, great revenues without r.
Jer. 17, 11, that getteth riches and not by r.
Ezek 2.1. 27, till he come whose r. it is.
See Ames 5, 12; Mail. 3, 5; Heb. 13, 10.

RIGHT (adi.), Gen. 24. 48, the Lord led me in r.

way. Deut. 32.4. God of truth, just and r is be. 1 Sam. 12.23, I will teach you the good and r. way. 2 Sam. 15. 3, thy matters are good and r. way. Neh. 9. 13, thou gavest them r. judgments, Joh 6.25, how forcible are r. words. 34.23, he will not lay on man more than r. Pa. 19. 8, the statutes of the Lord are r.

34.23, he will not lay on man more than r. Pa. 19.8, the statutes of the Lord are r.
46.6, sceptre is a r. sceptre.
51.10, renew a r. spirit within me.
107.7, he led them forth by the r. way.
119.75, thy judgments are r.
Prov. 4.11, I have led thee in r. paths.
8, 6, opening of my lips shall be r. things.
12.5, thoughts of the righteous are r.
15, way of a fool is r., in his own eyes.
14. 12; 16. 25, there is a way that seemeth r.
12. 2 every way of man is r. in his own eyes.
14. 12; 16. 25, there is a way that seemeth r.
12. 2. every way of man is r. in his own eyes.
14. 22; 1, prophesy not r. things.
15. 30. 10, prophesy not r. things.
16. 2. 21, planted wholly a r. seed.
18. 30. 10, prophesy not r. things.
19: 21. 27; 33. 14, that which is lawful and r.
19: 21. 27; 33. 14, that which is lawful and r.
19: 21. 27; 33. 14, that which is lawful and r.
19: 21. 27; 33. 19, they know not how to do r.
Mat. 20. 4, whatsoever is r. I will give you.
Mk. 5. 15; Lu. 8. 35, in his r. mind.
Lu. 10. 28, thou hast answered r.
Eph. 6. 1, obey your parents, this is r.
Sec Judg. 17. 6, Lu. 12. 57; Acts 6. 21; 2 Pet. 2. 15.
11GHTEOUS. Gen. 7. 1, thee have I seen r. be-

RIGHTEOUS. Gen. 7. 1, thee have I seen r. be-

IGHTEOUS. Gen. 1. 1, thee neve is seen r. before me.

18. 23, with thou destroy r. with wicked.
29. 4, with thou slay also a r. nation?

38. 26, ehe hath been more r. thao I.

Ex. 23. 8, gift perverteth words of the r.

Num. 23. 10, let me die the deeth of the r.

Deut. 25. 1; 2 Chron. 6. 23, they shall justify the r.

1 Sam. 24. 17, thou art more r. than I.

1 Kings 2. 32, two men more r. than he.

104. 4. 1, where were the r. cut of the r.

1 Kings 2. 32, two men more research Job 4. 7, where were the r. cut off. 9. 15, though I were r. yet would I not answer, 15. 14, what is man that he should be r.

Job 17.9, r. shall hold on his way. Job 17, 9, r. shall hold on his way.
22, 3, is it any pleasure that thou art r.
23, 7, there the r. might dispute with him.
34, 5, Job hath said, 1 am r.
Ps. 1, 5, the congregation of the r.
6, the Lord knoweth the way of the r.
7, 9, the r. God tricht the hearts.
11, 3, what can the r. do.
34, 14, the r. cry, and the Lord heareth them,
19, many are the affilictions of the r.
37, 18, a little that a r. man hath.
21, the r. showeth mercy and riveth.

37.18. a little that a r. man hath.
21, the r. showeth mercy and giveth.
25, have not seen the r. forsaken.
29, the r. shall inherit the land.
30, mouth of r. speaketh wisdom.
39, salvation of r. is of the Lord.
55, 22, never suffer the r. to he moved.
55, 11, there is a roward for the r.
92, 21, the r. shall flourish like palm tree.
97, 11, light is sown for the r.
112, 6, r. shall be in everlasting remembrance.
125, 3, rod shall not rest on lot of r.

112. 6, r. shall be in everlasting remembra
125. 3, rod shall not rest on lot of r.
140. 13, the r. shall give thanks,
141. 5, let the r. smite me,
146. 8, the Lord loveth the r.
Prov. 2. 7, he layeth up wisdom for the r,
3.32, his secret is with the r.
10. 3, the Lord will not suffer r, to famish,
11, the mouth of r, is a well of life,
16, labour of r, tendeth to life.
21, lips of r, feed many,
24, desire of the r, shall be granted.
25, the r, is an everlasting foundation,
28, hope of the r, shall be gladness.
30, the r, shall never be removed.
11. 8, the r, is delivered out of trouble.

28, hope of the r. shall be gladness.
30, the r. shall never be removed.
11. 8, the r. is delivered out of trouble.
10, when it goeth well with the r.
21, seed of the r. shall be delivered.
23, the root of the r. shall not be moved.
5, thoughts of the r. are right.
10, r. man regardeth the life of his beast.
26, the r. is more excellent than his neighbour.
13. 9, the light of the r. rejoiceth.
21, to the r. good shall be repaid.
25, r. eatest to the satisfying of his soul.
14. 9, among the r. there is favour.
32, the r. hath hope in his death.
15, 6, in the house of the r. is much treasure.
15, the way of the r. is much glad beauter.
15, the heart of the r. is much glad beauter.
16, 16, in the house of the r. is much treasure.
17, the heart of the r. is much glad.
18, the r. much hino it and is safe.
10, r. munch hino it and is safe.
28, 1, the r. nunch hino it and is safe.
29, 2, when the r. are in authority, people rejoice.
18, 2, 10, are not the wise are in the hand of God.
2, one event to r. and wicked.
18, 3, 10, av to r. it shall be well.

9.1, the r. and the wise are in the hand of 2, one event to r. and wheked.
1sa. 3. 10, say to r. it shall he well.
24. 16, songs, even glory to the r.
28. 2, that the r. nation may enter.
11. 2, raised up a r. man from the east,
53. 11, shall my r. servant justify.
57. 1, r. perisheth, and no man layeth it.
60. 21, thy people shall be all r.
19c. 23. 5, raise to Dayd a r. branch.
Ezek. 13. 22, with lies ye have made r. sad.
16. 52, thy sisters are more r. than thou.

Ezek. 13. 22, with lies ye have made r. sad. 16. 52, thy sisters are more r. than thou. 33. 12, the righteousness of the r. shall not. Amos 2. 6, they sold the r. for silver. Mal. 3. 18, discern between the r. and wicked. Mat. 9. 13: 14 Mk. 2. 17; Lu. 5. 32, not come to call r. 13. 17, many r. men bave desired. 43, then shall the r. shine forth. 23. 28, outwardly appear r. to men. 29, garnish eepulchres of the r. 25, 46, the r. unto life eternal. Lu. 1. 6, they were both r. before God. 18. 9, trusted they were r. and despised others.

RIGHTEOUSLY. Lu. 23. 47, certainly this was a r. man.
John 7. 24, judge r. judgment.
Rom. 3. 10, there is cone r., no not one.
5. 7, scarcely for e r. man will one die.
19, many he made r.
2 Thess. 16, it is a r. thing with God.
2 Tim. 4. 8, the Lord, the r. Judge.
Heb. 11. 4, ohalaned witness that he was r.
1 Pet. 3. 12, eyes of the Lord are over the r.
4. 18, if the r. scarcely he saved.
2 Pet. 2. 8, Lot vexed his r. soul.
1 John 2. 1, Jesus Christ the r.
3. 7, r. as he is r.
Rev. 22. 11, he that is r, let him be r. still.
See Ezek. 3. 20; Mat. 10. 41; 17 im. 1. 9; Jas. 5. 18.
SIGHTEOUSLY. Pent 118. Peo. 31 9 indee r. RIGHTEOUSLY. Deut. 1. 16; Prov. 31, 9, judge r. Ps. 67, 4; 98, 10, thou shelt judge the people r. Isa. 33, 15, he that walketh r. shall dwell on high. See Jer. 11, 20; Tit. 2, 12; 1 Pet. 2, 23. RIGHTEOUSNESS. Gep. 30. 33, so shall my r. enswer for me.

Deut, 33, 19, offer sacrifices of r.

1 Sa. 26, 23; Job 33, 26, reuder to every man his r.

Joh 6, 29, return again, my r, is in it, 1 Sa. 26. 23; Job 33. 26, render to every man his r. Job 6. 23, return sgain, my r, is in it.
27. 8, my r. I hold fast.
29. 14, I put on r. and it clothed me.
35. 2, thou saidst, My r. is more than God's?
36. 3, I will ascribe r. to my Maker.
Ps. 4. 1, hear me, O God of my r.
5. offer the sacrifices of r.
9. 8, he shall judge the world in r.
15. 2, he that worketh r. shall never be moyed.
17. 15, as for me, I will behold thy face in r.
23. 3, leadeth me in paths of r.
24. 5, and r. from the God of his salvation,
40. 9, I have preached r.
45. 7; Heb. I. 9, thou lovest r.
50. 6; 97. 8, heavens shall declare his r.
72. 2, he shall judge thy people with r.
72. 2, he shall judge thy people with r.
73. 10, r. and peace heve kissed each other.
94. 15, judgment shall return unto r.
97. 2, r. is the hahitation of his throne.
111. 3; 112. 3, 9, his r. endureth for ever.
118. 19, open to me the gates of r.
77. 22, the durable riches and r. ars with me.
10. 2; 11. 4, but r. deliversth from death.
11. 5, r of the upright shall deliver,
19, r tendeth to life.
12. 25, in the way of r. is life,
14. 34, r exalteth a nation,
16. 8, hetter is a little with r.
12, the throne le setablished by r.
31, crown of glory if found in way of r.
Feel, 3, 1.5, a just man that perisheth in his r. 16. 8, better is a little with r.

13. the throne is established by r.

31. crown of glory if found in way of r.
Eccl. 7. 15, a just man that perisheth in his r.

18s. 11. 5, r. the girdle of his loine.

26. 10, yet will he not learn r.

27. 1, a king shall reign in r.

17. the work of r. peece, and the effect of r.

41. 10, uphold thee with right hand of my r.

46. 12, ye that are far from r.

56. 8, thy r. shall go before thee.

59. 16, his r. sustained him.

22 2 the Gentiles shall see thy r.

46. 6. ur r. are as filthy rags.

Jer. 23. 6; 33. 16, this is his name, The Lord our r.

33. 15, cause the branch of r. to grow.

51. 10, the Lord hath brought forth our r.

12. 20, the r. of the righteous man turn from r.

14. 14, deliver but their own souls by r.

19. 10, r. preak off thy sine by r.

19. 7, r. belongeth to thee.

24, to bring in everlasting r.

12. 3, they that turn many to r.

10. 10, turned fruit of r. into hemicok.

Zeph. 2. 3, ye meek of the earth, seek r, Mal. 4. 2, shall the Sun of r, exisc. Mat. 3. 15, to fulfil all r. 5. 6, hunger and thirst after r. 5. 6, hunger and thirst after r.
10, persecuted for r. sake,
21, except your r. exceed the r.
21, 32, John came to you in the wey of r.
Li. 1. 76, in r. before him.
Join 16. 8, reprove the world of r.
Acts 10. 35, he that worketh r. Acts 10, 35, he that worked it.
13, 10, thou snemy of all r.
24, 25, as he reasoned of r.
Rom. 1, 17; 3, 5; 10, 3, the r. of God.
4, 6, to whom God imputeth r. seal of the r. of faith. 11, seal of the r, of lands. 5. 17, which receive the gift of r. 18, by the r. of one. 21, so might grace reign through r. 21, so might grace reign through r. 6, 13, yield your members as instruments of r. 20, ye were free from r. 8, 10, the Spirit is life, because of r. 9, 30, the r. which is of faith. 9.30, the r. which is of fatth.
10.3, going shout to establish their own r.
4, Christ is the end of the lew for r.
10, with the heart man helieveth unto r.
14.17, kingdom of God not mest and drink, but r.
1 Cor. 1.30, Christ is made unto us r.
15.34, awake to r.
2 Cor. 5.21, that we might be made the r.
6 7 the armount of r. 2 Cor. 5. 21, that we might be made the r. 6. 7, the armour of r. 14, what fellowship hath r. Gal. 2. 21, if r. come by the law, 5. 5, we wait for the hope of r. Fph. 6. 14, the breastplate of r. Phil. 1. 11, filled with the fruits of r. 3. 6, touching the r. in the law, blespeless, 9, not beying mine own r., but the r. of God. 11m. 6. 11, follow after r. 2. Tim. 3. 16, for instruction in r. 4. 8. laid up for me a crown of r. 2 Tim. 3.16, for instruction In r.
4.8, laid up for me a crown of r.
Tht. 3.5, not by works of r.
Heb. 1.8, e scentre of r.
5.13, unskifful in the word of r.
7. by interpretation, King of r.
11.7, heir of the r. which is by faith.
33, through faith wrought r.
12. II, the peaceable fruit of r.
13.8, 1.20, wrath of man worketh not r. of God.
3.16, the fruit of r. is sown in peace.
1 Pet. 2.24, dead to sins should live unto r.
2 Pet. 2.5, a preacher of r.
21. better not to heye known way of r. 21, better not to have known way of 3. 13, new earth, wherein dwelleth r. better not to have known way of r. 3. 13, new earn, wherein dwelleth r.
1 John 2, 29, every one that dosth r.
See Isa, 54, 14; 53, 1; Zech, 8, 8; Rev. 19, 8.
RIGHTLY. Gen. 27, 36; Lu, 7, 43; 20, 21; 2 Tim. 2 15 RIGOUR. Ex. 1. 13, 14; Lev. 25, 43, 48, 53, RINGLEADER. Acts 24, 5, a r, of the sect of the Nazarenes. RIOTE Rom. 13. 13; Tit. 1. 8; 1 Pet. 4. 4; 2 Pet. 2. 13. RIPE. Gen. 40, 10, brought forth r, grapes. Ex. 22. 22, offer the first of thy r, fruits. Num. 16. 13, whatsoever is first r. he thine. Joel 3. 13, put in sickle, for the harvest is r, Mic. 7. 1, my soul desired the first-r. fruit. Rev. 14, 5, time to resp. for harvest of earth is r. See Num. 13. 23; Jor. 24. 2; Hos. 9. 10; Neh. 3. 12. RISE. Gen. 19. 2, ye shell r. up early. 23, the sun was r. when Lot entered Zoar. Num. 24. 17, a sceptre shall r. out of Israel, 32. 14, ye are r. up in your fathers stead, Joh 9. 7, commendest the sun and it r. not. 14. 12, man listh down and r, not. 24. 22, he r. up, and on man is sure of life. 31. 14, what shall I do when God r, up. 119, 27. 25, though was should r. against me, 119, 62, at midnight I will r, to give thanks, 127. 2; it is vain to r. up early. RIOT. Rom. 13. 13; Tlt. 1. 6; 1 Pet. 4. 4; 2 Pet. 2. 13.

Prov. 31.28, her children r. up and call her blessed. Eccl. 12.4, he shall r. at the voice of the bird. 1sa. 33.10, now will I r., saith the Lord. 58.10, then shall thy light r. in obscurity. 60.1, the glory of the Lord is r. upon thee. Jer. 7.12; 25.3; 35.14, I spake unto you, r. up Ser. 1. 25; 23. 5; 25. 14; 1 space into you, r. up early.
25; 25. 4; 28. 5; 29. 19; 35. 15; 44. 4, I sent my servants, r. early.
11. 7, r. early and protesting.
25. 27, fall and r. uo more.
Lam. 3. 63, sitting down and r. up, I am their 22. 27, Isli and r. no more.

Lam. 3.63, sitting down and r. up, I am their music.

Mat. 5. 45, maketh sun to r. on evil and good.

17. 9; Mk. 9. 9, until Son of man he r.

20. 19; Mk. 9. 31; 10. 34; Lu. 18. 33; 24. 7, the third day he shall r. again.

46, r., let us be going.

Mk. 4. 27, should sleep, and r. night and day.

9. 10, what the r. from dead should mean.

10. 49, r., he callet thee.

10. 2. 34, this child is set for the fall and r.

11. 7, I osanot r. and give thee.

22. 48, why sleep ye, r. and pray.

24. 34, the Lord is r. indeed.

John II. 23, thy brother shall r. again.

Acts 10. 13, r., Peter, kill and est.

20. 16, r., and stand upon thy feet.

23, the first that should r. from the dead.

10on. 15. 18, if so be the dead r. not.

20, but now is thrist r.

20. 10, if ye then be r, with Christ.

20. 15, if ye then be r. with Christ. Col. 3. 1, if ye then be r. with Christ. 1 Thess. 4. 16, the dead in Christ shall r. first. See Prov. 30. 31; Isa. 60. 3; Mk. 16. 2; Col. 2. 12. RITES. Num. 9. 3, according to all the r. of it. RIVER. Ex. 7. 19; 8.5, etretch out hand on r. 2 Sam. 17, 13, that city, and we will draw it into 2 Sam. 17. 13, that city, and we will draw it inte the r. 2 Kings 5. 12, are the r. of Damascus better. Job 20. 17, ye shall not see the r. of honey. 23. 10, he cutteth out r. among the rocks. 29. 6, the rock poured out r. of cil. 40. 23, he drinketh up a r., and hasteth not. Fe. 1. 3, tree planted by the r. 35. 8, the r. of thy pleasures. 46. 4. r., the streams whereof make glad. 65. 9, enrichest it with r. of God. 197. 33, turreth r. into a wilderness. 119. 138, r. of waters ruo down mine eyes. 137. 1, by the r. of Bahylon we sat. Ecol. 1. 7, all the r. run into the sea. 152. 2. 2, shall he as r. of water in a dry place. 45. 2, through the r. in the death not overflow. 16. 16 the mad thy peace been as a r. 46. 12. I will extend peace like a r. Lam. 2. 18. Let tears run down like r. Mic. 6. 7, he pleased with r. of oil. John 7. 38, shall flow r. of life. Rev. 22. 1, a pure r. of water of life. See Gen. 41. 1; Ex. 1. 22; Ezek. 47. 9; Mk. 1. 5. RALD. 1 Sam. 27. 10, whither have ye made s r. NALD. 1 Sam. 27. 10, whither have ye made s r. the r. ROAD. 1 Sam. 27. 10, whither have ye made a r. ROAR, 1 Chron. 16. 32; Ps. 98. 11; 98. 7, let the

OAR. 1 Chron. 16. 32; rs. vs. 11; vs. 1, let the sea. r.
Joh 3.24, my r. are poured out.
Ps. 46. 3, will not fear, though waters r.
104. 21, young lione r. after their prey.
Prov. 19. 12; 20. 2, king's wrath as the r. of a lion.
Isa. 59. 11, we r. like hears.
Jer. 6. 23, their voice r. like the sea.
25. 30, the Lord shall r. from on high.
Hos. 11. 10, he shall r. like a lion.
Joel 3. 16; Amos 1. 2, the Lord shall r. out of ROARING. Prov. 28. 15, as a r. llon, is a wicked ruler.

Lu. 21. 25, distress, the sea and waves r.
1 Pet. 5. 8, the devil as a r. floor.
See Ps. 22. 13; Isa. 31. 4; Ezek. 22. 25; Zeph. 3. 3.
ROAST. Ex. 12, 9, not raw, but r. with fire.
Prov. 12. 27, slothful man r. not that he took.
Isa. 44. 16, he r. r., 20d is satisfied.
See Deut. 16. 7; 1 Sam. 2. 15; 2 Ohron. 35. 13.
ROB. Prov. 22. 22, r. not the poor.
Isa. 10. 2, that they may r. the fatherless.
13. 1 have r. their treasures.
42. 22, this is a people r. and spoiled.
Ezek. 33. 15, if he give again that he had r.
Mal. 3. 6, ye have r. me.
2 Cor. 11. 8, 1 r., other churches.
See Judg. 9. 25; 2 Sam. 17. 6; Ps. 119. 61; Prov.
17. 12.
ROBBER. Joh 12. 8 telegraphen.

17. 12.

ROBBER. Job 12.6, tabernacles of r. prosper.

Iss. 42. 24, who gave Israel to the r.

Jer. 7. 11, is this house become a den of r.

John 10. 1, the same is a thief and a r.

8, all that came before me are r.

Acts 19. 37, these men are not r. of churches.

2 Cor. 11. 26, in perils of r.

See Ezek 7. 22; 18. 10; Dan. 11. 14; Hes. 6. 9.

ROBBERY. Phil. 2.6. thought it not r. to be equal.

ROBBERY. Phil. 2.6, thought it not r. to be equal.
ROBE. 1 Sam. 24.4, cut off skut of Saul's r.
Job 29.14, my judgment was as a r.
1sa. 61.10, covered me with r. of righteousness.
Lu. 15. 22, bring forth the best r.
20. 46, desire to walk in long r.
See Ex. 28.4; Mic. 2.5; Mat. 27.26; Rev. 6, 11.
ROCK. Ex. 33.22, I will put thee in a olit of r.
Num. 20.8, speak to the r. before their eyes.
10, must we fetch you water out of this r.
23.9, from the top of the r. I see him.
24.21, thou puttest thy rest in a r.
Deut. 8. 15, who brought thee water out of the r.
25.4, he is the R.
15. lightly esteemed the R. of his salvatico.
18, of the R. that begat thee.
30, except their R. had sold them.
31, their r, is not as our R.

30, except their E. had sold them.
31, their r. is not as our E.
37, where is their r. io whom they trusted?
18 am. 2. 2, neither is there any r. like our God.
28 am. 22. 2; Pz. 18. 2; 92. 15, the Lord is my r.
3, the God of my r.
32; Pz. 18. 31, who is a r., save our God?
23. 3, the E. of Israel spake.
1 Kings 19. 11, strong wind brake in pieces the r.
Joh 14. 18, the r. is removed out of his place.

1 Kings 19. 11, strong wind brake in pieces the r. Joh 14. 18, the r. is removed out of his place. 19. 24, graven in the r. for ever. 24. 8, embrace the r. for want of shelter. Ps. 27. 5; 40. 2, shall set me up upon a r. 13. 3; 71. 3; thou art my r. and my fortress. 61. 2, lead me to the r. that is higher than L. 81. 16, with honey out of the r. Prov. 30, 25, yet make their houses in the r. Cant. 2. 14, that art in the clefts of the r. 1sa. 8. 14, for a r. of offence.
17. 10, and to mindful of the r. of thy strength. 32. 2, as the shadow of a great r. 33. 16, defeace shall be munitions of r. Jer. 5. 3, they made their faces harder than r. 23, 28, hammer that breaken the r. in pieces. Nah. 1. 6, the r. are thrown found of und a r. 16. 16, upon the r. 1 will build my church. 18. 4. So some fell upon a r. Rom. 9. 33; 1 Pet. 2. 8. I lay a r. of offence. 1 (Cor. 10. 4. spiritual R. and that R. was Christ. Rev. 6. 16, said to the r., fall on us. Sec Judg. 6. 20; 18. 19; 1 Sam. 14. 4; Prov. 30, 19. 301. Job 9. 34, let him take hie r. from me.

see Juus. 6. 20; 18. 18; 18 3 18 18. 14. 4; Prov. 36. BOD. Job 9. 34, let him take his r. from me. 21. 9, neither is the r. of God upon them. Ps. 2. 9, break them with a r. of bron. 23. 4, thy r. and thy staff comfort me. Prov. 10. 13; 26. 3, r. for the back of fools. 13. 24, he that spareth his r. 22. 8, the r. of his anger shall fail.

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Prov. 23. 13, thou shalt heat him with thy r. 29. 15, the r and reproof give wisdom.

Isa. 10. 15, as if the r. should shake itself.

11. 4, shall come forth a r.

Jer. 48. 17, how is the heautiful r. hroken.

Ezek. 20. 37, cause you to pass under the r.

Mic. 6. 9, hear ye the r., and who hath appointed it.

2 Cor. 11. 25, thrice was I heaten with r.

See Gen. 30. 37; I Sam. 14. 27; Rev. 2. 27; 11. 1. 2 Sam. 18, 9; 2 Kings 9, 25; Neh. 2, 12; Pa. 18. 10. ROLL. Josh. 5. 9, I have r. away reproach.
Joh 30. 14, they r. themselves on me.
18a. 9. 5, with garments r. in blood.
34. 4; Rev. 6. 14, the heavens shall be r. together.
Mk. 16. 3, who shall r. us away the stone?
Lu. 24. 2, they lound the stone r. away.
See Gen. 28. 8; Frov. 6. 27; Isa. 17. 13; Mat. 27. 60. See Gen. 28. 8; Frov. 26. 2f; Isa. II. 13; Mat. 2f. 60. ROOF: Gen. 19. 8, under the shadow of my r. Deut. 22. 8, make a battlement for thy r. Job 29. 19; Ps. 13f. 6; Lam. 4. 4; Ezek. 3. 26, tongue cleaveth to r. of mouth. Mat. 8. 8; Lu. 7. 6. 1 am not worthy that thou shouldest come under my r. Mk. 2. 4, they uncovered the r. See, Josh. 2. 6; Judg. 16. 27; 2 Sam. 11. 2; Jer. 19. 13. ROOM. Gen. 24. 23, is there r. for us. _26. 22, the Lord hath made r. for us. 28. 22, the Lord bath made r. for us. Ps. 3.1 8, set my feet in a large r. 80. 9, thou prepareds tr. hefore it. Prov. 18. 16, a man's gift maketh r. for him. Mal. 3. 10, there shall not be r. enough. Mat. 23. 6; Mk. 12. 39; Lu. 20. 46, love uppermost r. Mk. 2. 2, there was no r. to receive them. Lu. 2.7, no r. for them in the inn. 12. 17, no r. to bestow my goods. 14. 7, how they chose out the chilef r. 9, hegin with shame to take the lowest r. 22, it is done, and yet there is r. See Gen. 6. 14; 1 Kings 8. 20; 19. 16; Mk. 14. 15. COOT (m.). Deut. 20. 18. a. r. that hearth gall. See Gen. 6. 14; I Kings 8. 20; 19. 16; Mk. 14. I ROOT (n.) Deut 29. 18, a. r. that beareth gall. 2 Kings 19. 30, shall again take r. downward, Job 5. 3. I have seen the foolish taking r. 8. 17, his r. are wrapped about the heap. 14. 8. the r. thereor wax old in the earth. 18. 18, his r. shall be dried up. 19. 28, the r. of the matter. 29. 19. my r. was apread out by the waters. Proy. 12. 3. of refuteau chall and the waters. 18. 10. his r. shall be dried up.
19. 28, the r. of the matter.
29. 19. my r. was apread out by the waters.
Prov. 12. 3, r. of righteous shall not he moved.
12, r. of righteous yieldeth fruit.
13. r. of righteous yieldeth fruit.
14. s. 524, their r. shall be rottenness.
11. 1, a Branch shall grow out of his r.
10; Romn 15. 12, there shall be a r. of Jesse.
27. 6; 37. 31, them that come of Jacob to take r.
53. 2, as a r. out of a dry ground.
Ezek. 31. 7, his r. was by great waters.
16. 14. 5, east forth his r. as Lebanon.
Mal. 4. 1, leave them neither r. nor branch.
Mal. 3. 10; Lu. 3, a wa laid to r. of trees.
13. 6; Mk. 4. 6; Lu. 8. 13, hecause they had no r.
Mk. 11. 20, fig tree dried up from the r.
Rom. 11. 16, if the r. be holy.
1 Tim. 6. 10, love of money the r. of all evil.
Heb. 12. 15, lest any r. of bitterness.
Jude 12, twice dead, plucked up by the r.
Eev. 22. 16, r. and offspring of David.
Eev. 2 Chron. 7. 20; Dan. 4. 15; 7. 8; 11. 7.
100T (w.). Deut. 29. 28, Lord r. them out. See 2 Chron. 7. 20; Dan. 4. 15; 7. 8; 11. 7. ROOT (v.). Deut. 29. 28. Lord r. them out. 1 Kings 14. 15, he shall r. up Israel. Job 18. 14, confidence shall be r. out. 31. 8, let my offspring be r. out. 12. r. out all mine increase.

Pa. 52. 5, r. thee out of land of the living. Mat. 13. 29, lest ye r. up also the wheat. 15. 13, hash not planted shall be r. up. Eph. 3. 17, heing r. and grounded in love. Col. 2.7, r. and built up in him. See Prov. 2. 22; Jor. 1. 10; Zeph. 2. 4. ROSE (a). Cant 2. 1. Les. 25. 1

ROSE (n.). Cant. 2. 1; Isa. 35. 1.

ROSE (v.). Gen. 32. 31, the sun r. upon him as he passed passed.
Josh. 3.16, waters r. up on an heap.
Lu. 18. 31, though one r. from the dead.
Rom. 14. 9, to this end Christ hoth died and r.
1 Cor. 15. 4, buried, and r. the third day.
2 Cor. 5. 15. live to him who died and r.
8ee Ju. 24. 33; Acts 18. 41; Thess. 4. 14; Rev.
19. 3. ROT. Num. 5. 21; Prov. 10. 7; Isa. 40. 20. ROTTEN. Joh 41. 27; Jer. 38. 11; Joel 1. 17. ROTTENNESS. Prov. 12. 4; 14. 30; Isa. 5. 24. ROUGH. Isa. 27. 8, stayeth his r. wind. 40. 4; Lu. 3. 5, r. places made plain. Zech. 13. 4, wear a r. garment to deceive. See Deut. 21. 4; Jer. 51. 27; Dau. 8. 21. ROUGHLY. Gen. 42. 7, Joseph spake r. Prov. 18. 23, the rich answereth r. See 1 Sam. 20. 10; 1 Kings 12. 13; 2 Chron. 10. 13. ROUND, Ex. 16, 14: Isa. 3, 18; Lu. 19, 43. ROWED. Jonah 1.13; Mk. 6.45; John 6.19, ROYAL. Gen. 49, 20, yield r. dainties. Esth. 1.7, r. wine in abundance. 5.1; 6.8; 8.16; Auts 12. 21, r. apparel. Jas. 2.8, fullil the r. law. 1 Pett. 2, a r. priesthood. See I Chron. 29. 25; Isa. 62. 3; Jer. 43. 10. RUBIES. Joh 28. 18; Prov. 8. 11; 31. 10. RUDDY. 1 Sam. 10. 12; Cant. 5. 10; Lam. 4. 7. RUDE. 2 Cor. 11. 6, r. in apsech. RUDIMENTS. Col. 2. 8, 20, r. of the world. RUJIM 2 Chron. 28. 23, they were the r. of him. Ps. 89. 40, hast brought his strong holds to r. Prov. 24. 22, who knoweth the r. of hoth. 26. 23, a fiattering mouth worketh r. Ezak. 18. 30, so indulry shall not be your r. 21. 15, that their r. may be multiplied.
Lu. 8. 49, the r. of that house was great. See Isa. 3. 8; Ezek. 63. 37; Amos 9. 11; Acts 15. 16. RULE (n.). Esth. 9. 1, Jews had r. over them. Prov. 17. 2, a wise servant shall have r. 19. 10, servant to have r. over princes. 25. 28, no r. over his own spirit. 25.28, 40 7. Over Ins own spirit.

13a. 63. 19, thou never barest r. over them.

1 Cor. 15. 24, when he shall put down all r.

Gal. 6. 16, as many as walk according to this r.

Heb. 13. 7, 17, them that have the r. over you.

See Ecol. 2. 19; Isa. 44. 13; 2 Cor. 10. 13. See Eccl. 2. D; Isa. 44. 15; 2 Cor. 10. 13.

RULE (e). Gen. 1. 15, to r. the day.
3. 18, thy husband shall r. over thee,
Judg. 5. 23, I will not r. over you.
2 Sam. 23. 5, that r. over men must be just.
Ps. 66. 7, he r. by his power for ever.
69. 9, thour r. the raging of the seca.
103. 19, his kingdom r. over all.
Prov. 16. 32, that r. his spirit.
22. 1, rich r. over the poor.
Eccl. 9. 17, him that r. among fools.
Isa. 3. 4, bahes r. over them.
32. 1, princes chall r. in judgment.
40. 10, his arm shall r. for him.
Ezek. 29. 15, shall no more r. over nations.
Rom. 12. 8, he that r. with diligence.
Col. 3. 15, peace of God r. in your hearts.
I Tim. 3. 4, one that r. well his own house.
5. 11, ellers that r. well. 5. 17, elders that r. well. See Dan. 5. 21; Zech. 6. 13; Rev. 2. 27; 12. 5. RUMOUR. Jer. 49, 14, I have heard a r.
Ezek. 7. 26, r. shall be upon r.
Mat. 24. 6; Mk. 13. 7, wars and r. of wars.
Sea 2 Kings 18. 7; Obad. 1; Lu. 7. 17.
KUN. 2 Sam. 18. 27, the r. of the foremost is like.
2 Chron. 16. 9, eyes of Lord r. to and fro.
Ps. 19. 5, as a strong man to r. a race.
23. 5, my cup r. over swiftly.
Cant. 1. 4, draw me, we will r. after thee.
Isa. 40. 31, they shall r. to thee.
Isa. 40. 31, they shall r. to thee.
Jer. 12. 5. if thou hast r. with the footmen.
51. 31, one post shall r. to meet another.
Dan. 12. 4, many shall r. to and fro.
Hab. 2. 2, that he may r. that readeth.
Zech. 2. 4, r., speak to this young man.
Lu. 6. 38, good measure r. over.
Rom. 9. 16, nor of him that r.
1 Cor. 9. 24, they which r. in a race r. all.
28, I therefore so r.
Gal. 2. 2, last I should r. or had r. in vain.
5, 7, ye did r. well.
Hob. 12. 1, let us r. with patence.
1 Pet. 4. 4, that ye r. not to same excess.
See Prov. 4. 12; Jer. 5. 1; Lam. 2. 18; Amos 8, 12.
RUSH (n.). Job 8, 11; Isa. 9, 14; 19, 15; 35, 7. RUSH (n.). Job 8. 11; Isa. 9. 14; 19. 15; 35. 7. RUSH (v.). Isa. 17. 13; Jer. 8. 6; Ezek. 3. 12; Acts RUST. Mat. 6. 19, 20; Jas. 5. 3, S.
SABBATH. Lev. 25. 8, number seven s. of years. 2 Kings 4. 23, it is neither new moon nor s. 2 Chron. 38. 21; as long as desolate she kept e. Ezsk. 46. 1, on the s. it shall be opened. Amos 8. 5, when will the s. be gone. Mk. 2. 27, the s. was made for mao. 28; Lu. 8. 5, the Son of man is Lord of the s. Lu. 13. 15, doth not each on à loose. See las. 1. 13; Lam. 1. 7; 2. 6; Mat. 28. 1; John 5. See Iaa. 1. 13; Lam. 1. 7; 2. 6; Mat. 28; 1; John 5. 18.

SACK. Gen. 42. 25; 43. 21; 44. 1, 11, 12; Joen. 9. 4.

SACRIFICE (n.). Gen. 31. 54, Jacob offered s. Ex. 5. 17, Iet us go and do s. to the Lord. Num. 25; 2c called people to the s. of their gods. 1 Sam. 2. 29, wherefore ktck ye at my a. 9. 13, he doth bless the s. 15. 22, to chey is better than s. Fs. 4. 5, offer the a. of righteousness. 27. 6, will I offer a. of joy. 40. 6; 51. 16, s. thou didet not desire. 51. 17, the a. of God are a broken apirit. 118. 27, bind the a. with cords. Prov. 15. 8, s. of wleked an ahomination. 17. 1, than a house full of s. with strife. 21. 3, to do justice is more acceptable than s. Eccl. 5. 1, the a. of fools. Isa. 1. 11, to what purpose is multitude of s. Jan. 8. 11; 9. 27; 11. 31, daily s. taken away. Hos. 3. 4, many days without s. s. 6. 6; Mat. 9. 13; 12. 7, I desired mercy and not s. Amos. 4. 4, bring your s. every morning. Zeph. 1, 7, the Lord hath prepared a s. Msl. 9. 49, every a. shall be salted. 12. 23, to love the Lord is more than s. Lu. 13. 1, blood Plate mingled with s. Acits 7. 42, have ye offered s. forty years. 14. 13, and would have done s. Rom. 12. 1, present your bodies a living s. 1 Cors. 84; 10. 19, 28, offered in s. to idole. Eph. 5. 2, a s. to God for swest-smelling savour. Phil. 2. 17, upon the s. of your faith. 4. 18, a s. acceptable, well pleasing. 16, there remained h no more a. for sin. 26, there remained h no more a. for sin.

Heb. 11. 4, a more excellent s.
13. 15, let ue offer the a. of praise
18, with such a. God is well pleased.
1 Pet. 2. 5, to offer up spiritual s.
See 2 Ohnon. 7. 1; Exra. 6. 10; Noh. 12. 43; Jonah 1.16.
SACRIFICE (v.). Ex. 22. 20, he that s. to any god. Exrs. 4. 2. we seek your God, and do a. to him. Neh. 4.2. will they s. to thee.
106. 37, they s. their sons to devils.
107. 22, let them s. sacrifices of thanksgiving. Eccl. 9. 2, to him that s. and that s. not.
15s. 65. 3, people that s. in gardenes then the seek. Hos. 8, 13, they s., but the Lord soccepteth not. Hish. 1.16, they s. unto their net.
1 Cor. 5. 7, Christ our passover is s. for us.
10. 20, things Gentless, they s. to devils.
See Ex. 8. 26; Daut. 15. 21; 1 Sam. 1. 3; 15. 15. SAD. 1 Kings 21.5, why is thy spirit so s. Eccl. 7.3, by a of countenauce the heart is made batter Mat. 8, 16, be not of a s. countenance. Mk. 10, 22, he was s. at that saying. Lu. 24, 17, as ye walk and are s. Seg Gen. 40, 6; 1 Sam. 1, 18; Neh. 2, 1; Ezek. 13. SADDLE. 1. Sam. 19. 26; 1 Kings 13, 13.

SAFE. 2 Sam. 18. 29, is the young man s.
Job 21, 9, their houses are s, from fear.
Pa. 119, 117, hold me up and 1 shall be s.
Prov. 18. 10, righteous run and are s.
29. 25, whose trusteth in the Lord shall be s.
Ezek. 34, 27, they shall be s in their land.
Acts 27, 44, so they escaped all s.
See 1 Sam. 12, 11; Isa, 5, 29; Lu. 15, 27; Phil. SAFEGUARD. 1 Sam. 22, 23, with me thou shalt be in s. Be 10 s.
SAFELY. Ps. 78. 53, he led them on s.
Prov. 1. 33, shall dwell s.
3. 23, shalt thou walk s.
31. 11, doth s. trust in her.
Hos. 2. 18, 1 will make them to lie down s.
See Isa. 41, 3; Zech. 14, 11; Mk. 14, 44; Acts 16, 23. SAFETY. Job 3, 28, I was not in s.
5, 4, his children are far from s.
11, 18, thou shalt take thy rest in s.
Prov. 11, 14; 24, 6, in the multitude of counsellors 18 a. 18 a. 21. 31, s. is of the Lord.
11 Thesa 5, 3, when they say peace and s.
15 Ec Job 24. 23; Fs. 12. 0; 33. 17; Isa. 14. 30.
AIL. 18a. 33. 23; Ezek. 27, 7; Lu. 8. 23; Acts SAIL. I 21. 9.

SAINTS. 1 Sam, 2. 9, he will keep feet of s.

Job 5. 1, to which of the s. wilt thou turn.

15. 15, he putteth no trust in his s.

Ps. 18. 3, but to the s. that are in the earth.

30. 4, sing to the Lord, 0 ye s. of his.

31. 28, the Lord forsaketh not his s. 37.28, the Lord forsaketh not his s.
50.5, sucher my s. togsther.
89.5, the congregation of the s.
7, to be feared in assembly of s.
97.10, preserveth the souls of his s.
116.15, precious is the death of his s.
132.6, let thy s. about for loy.
149.9, this honour have all his s.
132, then I heard one s. psaking.
132, then I heard one s. psaking.
133, then I heard one s. psaking.
134, then I heard one s. psaking.
135, then I heard one to thy s.
136, 71, 17, 17, 17, 2, called to be s.
137, he maketh interession for the s.
138, evit interession for the s.
139, receive her as becometh s.
140, receive her as becometh s.
140, age any so to law, and not before

2, the s. shall judge the world.
16.1, concerning collection for s.

2 Cor. 16. 15, the ministry of s.
Eph. 1. 18, his inheritance in the s.
2. 19, felloweitizens with the s.
3. 5, less than least of all s.
4. 12, perfecting of the s.
5.3, not named among you, as becometh s.
Col. 1. 12, the s. in light.
1 Thess. 3. 13, at coming of our Lord with s.
2 Thess. 1. 10, to be glorified in his s.
1 Tim. 5. 10, if she have washed the s. feet,
Jude 3, faith once delivered to s.
Rev. 5. 8; 8, 3, 4, the prayers of s.
See Phil. 4. 21; Rev. 11. 18; 13. 7; 14. 12; 15. 3. Rev. 5. 8; 8. 3, 4, the prayers of s. See Phil. 4. 21; Rev. 11. 18; 13. 7; 14. 12; 15. 3, SAKE. Gen. 3. 17, cursed for thy s. 8. 21, not curse ground for man's e. 12. 13, be well with me for thy s. 12. 13, be well with me for thy s. 18. 28. 1 will spare for their s. 30. 27, the Lord hath blessed me for thy s. Num. 11. 29, enviest thon for my s. Deut. 1. 37; 3. 26; 4. 21, angry with me for your s. 2 Sam. 9, 1, shew kindness for Jonathan's s. 18. 5, deal gently for my s. Neb. 9. 31, for thy great mercies's. Ps. 6. 4; 31. 16, save me for thy mercies's. 23. 3, he leaded the for his name's s. 44. 22, for thy s. are we killed. 106, 8, he saved them for his name's s. Mst. 5. 10, persecuted for righteousness's. 10. 18; Mk. 13. 9; Lu. 21. 12, for my s. 24. 22; Mk. 13. 20, for the elect's c. John 11. 15, 1 am glad for your s. 13. 38, wilt thou lay down thy life for my s. Rom. 13. 5; 1 Cor. 10. 25, for conscience s. Col. 1. 24, for his body's s. which is the church. 1 Thess. 5. 13, for their work's s. 1 Tim. 6. 23, for thy stomach's s. 1 Tim. 6. 25, for thy stomach's s. See Rom. 11. 25; 2 Cor. 8. 9; 1 Thess. 3. 9. SALUTATION. Mk. 12. 38; Lu. 1. 29; Col. 4. 18; 2 Thess. 3. 17. SALUTATION. Mk. 12. 38; Lu. 1. 29; Col. 4. 18; 2 Thess. 3. 17. 2 Thess. 3. 17.

2 Thess. 3. 17.

SALUTE. 1 Sam. 10. 4; 2 Kings 4. 29; Mk. 15. 18.

SALUTION. Gen. 49. 18, 1 have waited for thy s.

Ex. 14. 13; 2 Chron. 20. 17, see the s. of the Lord.

15. 2, he is hecome my s.

Deut. 32. 15, lightly esteemed the rock of his s.

1 Sam. 11. 13; 19. 5, the Lord wrought s. in Israel.

14. 45, Jonathan, who hath wrought this s.

2 Sam. 2. 31, he is the Lower of s. for his king.

1 Chron. 16. 25, show forth from day to day his s.

2 Chron. 6. 41, let thy priests be olothed with s.

F. 3. 8, s. his origoth to the bord.

5. 5, thou art the God of my s.

21. 1; 62. 6; Iss. 12. 2 my light and my s.

25. 3, say unto my soul. 1 am thy s.

37. 39, the s. of the righteons is of the Lord.

40. 10. I have declared thy faithfulness end s.

60. 23, to him will I show the s. of God.

61. 12; 70. 4, restore the loy of thy s.

68. 20, he that is cur God, is the God of s.

69. 13, hear me in the truth of thy s.

29, let thy s. set me up on high.

71. 15, my mouth shall show forth thy s.

72. 19, writing s. in the midst of the earth.

78. 22, they trusted not in his s.

59, his s. is night them that fear him.

91. 16, will satisfy him and show him my s.

90. 2 show forth his s. from day to day.

98. 3, ends of the earth have seen the s.

118. 14; Isa. 12. 2, the Lord is become my s.

119. 41, let thy e. come.

21. 19, 11, let thy e. come.

21. 19, 11, let thy e. come.

21. 19, 11, let thy e. come. SALUTE. 1 Sam. 10.4; 2 Kings 4, 29; Mk. 15, 18

Ps. 149. 4, besutify the meek with s.

lss. 12. 3, the wells of c.

20. 1, s. will God appoint for walls.

32. 2, be thou our s. in time of trouble,

45. 8, earth open and let them bring forth s.

17, sayed with an everlasting s.

49. 8, in a day of s. have I helped thee,

51. 5, my s. is gone forth,

52. 7, feet of him that publisheth s.

10, ends of the earth shall see s.

66. 1, my s. is near to come.

9. 11, we look for s., but it is far off.

16, his arm brought s.

17. an helmet of s. on his head. 10, an helmet of s, on his head, 60, 18, call thy walls S. 61, 10, the garments of s. 2.3, if we neglect so great s. 10. the captain of their s. 2.3, if we neglect so greats.
10, the captain of their s.
6.9, author of eternal s.
6.9 things that accompany e.
9.28, without sin unto e.
1 Pet. 1.5, kept through faith unto s.
9, end of faith, s. of your souls.
12, of which s. the prophets enquired.
12 Pet. 3.15, longsuffering of the Lord is s.
Jude 3, of the common s.
Rev. 7.10, saying, s. to our God.
See Job 13, 16; 1 Sam. 2.1; 2 Sam. 22.36. AME. Job 4.8, sow wickedness, reap the c. Ps. 102. 27; Heb. 1, 12, thou art the c, Mat. 5. 46, do not the publicans the s. Acts 1. 11, this s. Jesus shall come. Rom. 10. 12, the s. Lord over all. 12. 16; 1 Cor. 1. 10; Phil. 4.2, be of s. mind. Heb. 13.8, e. yesterday, to-day, and for ever. See 1 Cor. 10. 3; 12. 4; 15. 39; Eph. 4. 10. See 1 Cor. 10.3; E. 4; 10.39; EDD. 4. 10.

3.5; 7.13; 1 Sam. 16.5, e. yourselves.
Isa. 5 16, God shall be s. In righteousness.
13.3; 1 have commanded my s. ones.
20.23; they shall s. the Holy One.
60.11, s. themselves in gardens.
Jor. 1.5, 1 s. and ordained thee a prophet.
Ezek, 20.41; 30.23; 1 will be s. in you.
23.25; 39.27, s. in them in sight of heathen.
Joel 1.14; 2.15, s. ye a Isst.
John 10, 36, him whom the Father s. John 17.17, s. them through thy truth. 19, for their sakes I s. myself. Acts 20.32; 26.18, inheritance among them that Acts 20, 32; 20, 18, innertance among them that are s.

Rom. 15, 16, being s. by the Holy Ghost.

1 Cor. 1, 2, to them that are s.

8, 11, but now ye are s.

7, 14, husband is s. by the wife, and the wife is s.

Eph. 5, 26, s. and cleanse the church.

1 Thess, 5, 23, the very God of peace s. you.

1 Tim. 4, 5, it is s. by the word of God.

2 Tim. 2, 21, a vessel s. for the Master's use.

Heb. 2, 11, he that s. and they who are s.

10, 10, by the which will we are s.

14. perfected for syste them that s. 35 s.

13. by the which with we sate s.

13. 12, that he might s. the people.

13. 12, that he might s. the people.

1 Pet. 3. 15. a. the Lord God in your hearts.

Jude 1, to them that are s. by God the Father.

See Gen. 2.3; Ex. 13. 2; Job 1.5; Mat. 23. IV.

See Gen. 2.3; Ex. 15.2; Job 1.5; Mat. 25.11.

SANCTUARY. Ex. 15. 17, plant them in the s. 25. 8, let them make me a. s. 36. 1; 3. 4, work for the s. Num. 1. 9, service of s. belongeth to them. Nah. 10. 39, where are the vessels of the s. Ps. 74. 7, they have cast fire into thy s. Isa. 60. 13, beautify the place of my s. Lam. 2. 7, the Lord nath abhorred his s. See Dan. 8. 11; 9. 17; Heb. 8. 2; 9. 1. SAND. Job 6.3; Prov. 27.3; Mat. 7.26. SANG. Ex. 15.1; Neh. 12. 42; Job 38.7. SANK. Ex. 15.5, they s. into the bottom. SAP. Ps. 104, 16, trees full of a.

SAT.

AP. Ps. 104. 16, trees full of s.
AT. Judg. 20. 26, they e. before the Lord.
Job 29, 25, I s. chief.
Ps. 26, 4, have not s. with vain persons.
Jer. 15. 17, I s. alone because of thy hand.
Ezek. 3. 15, I s. where they s.
Mat. 4. 16, the people who s. in darkness.
Mk. 16. 19, he s. ou the right hand of God.
Lu. 7. 15, he that was dead s. up.
10. 39, Mary s. st Jesus' feet.
John 4. 6, a thus on the well.
See Ezra 10. 16; Neh. 1. 4; Pa. 137. 1; Rev. 4. 3.
ATAN, I Ghron, 21. 1. S. provoked David.

See Ezra 10. 16; Neh. 1. 4; Pa. 137. 1; Rev. 4. 3. SATAN. 1 Chron. 21. 1, S. provoked David. Ps. 109. 6, let S. stand at his right hadd. Mat. 12. 26; Mk. 3. 23; Lu. 11. 18, if S. cast out S. 16. 23; Mk. 5. 33; Lu. 4. 8, get behind me, S. Lu. 10. 18, I beheld S. as lightning fall. Act 5. 5. 3, why hath S. filled thins heart. 26. 18, turn them from power of S. 2 Cor. 12. 7, messenger of S. to buffet me. 2 Thess. 2. 9, after the working of S. 1 Tim. 1. 20, whom I have delivered unto S. 5. 15, already turned aside after S. See Rom. 16. 20; 1 Cor. 5. 5; 2 Cor. 2. 11; 11. 14. SATIATE. Let 3. 11 4. 25; 46. 10.

SATIATE. Jer. 31, 14, 25; 46, 10. SATISFY. Job 38. 27, to s. the desolate. Ps. 17. 15, I shall be s. when I swake. 22. 26, the meet shall eat and be s. 36. 8, they shall be s. with fatness.

22. 2b, the meet annit east of bes.
33. 8, they shall be s. with fatness.
37. 19, in days of famine be s.
69. 15, and grudge if they be not s.
63. 5, my soul shall be s.
63. 5, my soul shall be s.
63. 16, with horey should I have s. thee.
60. 14, s. us early with thy mercy.
91. 16, with long life will I s., him.
103. 5, who s. thy mouth with good.
104. 13, the earth is s.
105. 40, he s. them with bread from heaven.
107. 9, he s. the longing soul.
132. 15, I will s. her poor with bread.
132. 15, I will s. her poor with bread.
134. 14, s good man shall be s. from himself.
14. 14, s good man shall be s. from himself.
15. 23, he that hath it shall abide s.
20. 13, open thine eyes and thou shalt be s.
50. 15, three things never a.
Eccl. 1, 8, the eye is not s. with seeing.

Eccl. 4.8, neither is his eye s, with riches.
5. 10, shall not be s, with silver.
Isa. 9, 20; Mic. 6, 14, shall est and not be s.
53. 11, travail of his soul and he s.
58. 10, if thou s, the affiieted soul.
11, the Lord shall s. thy soul in drought.
Jer. 31. 14, shall be s. with my goodnoss.
Ezsk. 16, 28, yet thou couldest not he s.
Amos 4. 8, wandered to drink, but we'er not s.
Hab. 2.5, as death and cannot be s.
See Ex. 15. 9; Deut. 14. 29; Job 19. 22; 27. 14.
SAVE. Gen. 45. 7, to 8, your lives.
47. 25, thou hast s, our lives.
Deut. 22, 29, spoiled and no man shall s, thee.
33. 29, 0 people, s. by the Lord.
Josh. 10, 6, come up quickly and s. us.
Judg. 6, 15, wherewith shall 1 s. Istael?
Isam. 4.3, the ark may s. us.
10. 27, how shall this man s. us?
11. 3, if there be no man to s. us we will come.
14, 6, no restraint to s. by many or by firw.
2 sam. 19, 9, the king s. us, sind now he is fied.
2 Kings 6, 10, s. himself there, not once nor twice.
Job 2. 6, in thine hand, but a. his life.
22. 29, he shall s. the humble.
26. 2, how s. thou.
Ps. 7. 10, God who s. the upright.
26. 2, how s. thou.
Ps. 7. 10, God who s. the upright.
27. 4, he s. such as he of a contrite spirit.
44. 3, neither did their own arm s. them.
60. 5, s. with thy right hand.
72. 4, he shall s. the children of the needy.
80. 3; Prov. 28. 18; Jer. 17. 14; Mat. 10. 22; 24. 13;
Mk. 13. 13; 16. 16; John 10. 2; Acts 2. 21; 16. 31;
Rom. 5, 9; 9. 27; 10. 9; 11. 26, shall he s.
82. 2. thy servant that trusteth
119. 34, s. min from those that condemn.
118. 25, s. 1 beseech thee, send prosperity.
119. 94, s. me, for I have sought.
140. 31, s. him from those that condemn.
152. 5, s. 1 beseech thee, send prosperity.
119. 94, s. me, for I have sought.
163. 7, thy right hand shall s.
163. 1, thy right hand shall s.
164. 2. me, and I shall keep thy testimonles.
185. 2, surper the shall we have s.
45. 20, pray to a God that cannot s.
47. 15, they shall not shortened, that it cannot s.
48. 12, I wall s. they chidren.
59. 1, Lord's hand not shortened, that it

thes.

thee.

17. 14, s. me and I shall he s.

30. 10, I will s. thee from afar,

48. 6, flee, s. your lives.

Lam. 4. 17, s. nation that could not s. us.

Ezek. 3. 18, to ware wicked, to a. his life.

44. 22, therefore will I a. my flock.

Hos. 1. 7, I will s. them by the Lord.

13. 10, is there any other that may s. thee.

Hab. 1. 2, cry to thee and thou wilt not s.

Zeph. 3. 17, he will s.

Mat. 121, s. his people from their sins.

10. 25; Mk. 8. 35; Ln. 9. 24, will s. his life.

18. 11; Ln. 19. 10, to seek and to s. that which

was lost.

19. 25; Mk. 10. 26; Lu. 18. 29, who then can be s.?

was lost.
19. 25; Mk. 10. 26; Lu. 16, 26, who then can be s.?
21. 40; Mk. 15. 30, s. thyself.
42; Mk. 15. 31, he s. others, himself he cannot s.
Mk. 2. 4; Lu. 6, 9, is it lawful to s.
Lu. 7. 50; 18. 42, thy faith hath s. thee.
8. 12, lest they should believe and be s.
9. 56, not to destroy but to s.
13. 23, are there few that be s.?
23. 35, let him s. himself.
39, if thou be Christ, s. thyself and us.
John 3. 17, that the world might be s.

John 5.34, these things I say that ye might be s, 12, 47, not to judge but to s. Acts 2.47, such as should be s. 4.12, no other name whereby we must be s. 15. 1, except ye be circumcised ye cannot he s.
16. 30, what must I do to he s.?
27. 43, the centurion willing to s. Paul.
Rom. 8. 24, we are s. by hope. 11. 7, an ark to the s. of his house.

Jas. 1. 21, word which is able to s. your souls. 2. 14, can faith s. him?
4. 12, able to s. and destroy.
5. 15, prayer of faith shall s. sick,
20, shall s. a soul from death.
1 Pet. 3. 20, souls were s. by water, 4. 18, righteous scarcely be s. Jude 23, others s, with fear. See Mat. 14. 30; John 12. 27; 1 Pet. 3. 21. SAVE (except). 2 Sam. 22, 32, who is God, s. the Lord? Lord?
Mat. 11. 27, nor knoweth any s. the Son.
13. 57, s. in his own country.
17. 8; Mk. 9. 8, s. Jesus only.
Lu. 17. 18, s. this stranger.
18. 19, none good s. one.
2 Cor. 11. 24, forty stripes s. one.
62. 61. 4, clory s. in the cross.
See Mk. 5. 37; Lu. 4. 26; Rev. 2. 17; 13. 17. See Mk. 5. 37; Lu. 4. 25; Mev. 2. 17; 15. 17. SAVIOUR. 2 Sam. 22. 3. my refuge, my s. 2 Kings 13. 5; the Lord gave Israel a. s. Ps. 106. 21, they forgat God their s. Isa. 19. 20, he shall send them a s. 45. 21, a just God and a S. 49. 26, all shall know I am thy S. 63. 8, so he was their S. Eph. 5. 23, Christ is the s. of the body, 1 Tim. 4. 10, who is the S. of all men. Tit. 2. 10, adorn doctrine of God our S. 13. clorious appearing of our S. 13. clorious appearing of our S. 13, glorious appearing of our S.
Juda 25, the only wise God our S.
See Neh. 9. 27; Obad. 21; John 4. 42; Acts 5, 31. See Nen. 9. 21; OBBAL 21; JOHN 4. 92; AUIS O SAVOUR. Gen. 8.21, Lord smelled a sweet s, Ex. 5. 21, have made our s to be abhorred. Cant. 1.3, s. of thy good outment. Joel 2. 20, his ill s. aball come up. Mat. 5.13; Lu. 14.34; if salt bave lost his s. See Eccl. 10. 1; Ezek. 6.13; 20. 41; Eph. 5. 2. SAVOUREST, Mat. 16, 23; Mk. 8, 33. SAVOURY. Gen. 27. 4, 7, 14, 31. SAVOURY. Gen. 27. 4, 7, 14, 31.

SAW. Gen. 22. 4, Abraham as the place.
28. 28, we s. the Lord was with thee.

Ex. 10. 23, they s. not one auother.
24. 10, they s. the God of Israel.

Chron. 25. 21, they s. one another in the face.
Job 29. 11, when the eye s. me.

Ps. 77. 16, the waters s. thee.

Eccl. 2. 24, thie I s., it was from haud of God.

Cant. 3. 3. s. ye him whom my soul loveth.

Mat. 12. 22, both spake and s.

17. 8. they s. no mau. Mat. L. 2z, doth spake and a.
11.8, they s no man.
Mk. 8.23, if he s. ought.
John 1.48, under the fig-tree I s. thee.
8.56, Abraham s. my day.
20. 20, glad when they s. the Lord.
See I Sam. 19.5; Ps. 50. 18; lsa. 59. 16.

SAY. Ex. 3. 13, what shall I s. to them.
4. 12, teach thee what thou shalt s.
Num. 22. 19, know what the Lord will s.
Judg. 18. 24, what is this ye s. to me?
Ezra 9. 10, what shall we s. after this?
Mat. 3. 9, think not to s. within yourselves.
7. 22, many will s. in that day.
16. 13; Mx. 8. 27, whom do men s. that I am?
23. 3, they s. and do not.
Lu. 7. 40, I have somewhat to s. to thee.
1 Cor. 12. 3, no man can a that Jesns.
See Lu. 7. 7; John 4. 20; 8, 28; 16. 12.
SAYING. Deut. 1. 23. the s. pleased me well. SAYING. Deut. 1. 23, the s. pleased me well. 1 Kings 2. 38, the s. is good. Ps. 49. 4, my dark s. upon the harp. Ps. 49. 4, my dark s. upon the harp.
78. 2, uter dark s. of old.
Prov. 1. 6, the dark s. of the wise.
Mat. 28. 15, this s. is commonly reported.
Lu. 2. 51, kept all these s. in her heart.
John 4. 57, herein is that s. trus.
6. 60, an hard s., who can hear it?
See John 21. 23; Rom. 13. 9; 1 Tim. 1. 15. SCANT. Mic. 6. 10, s. measure. SCARCE. Gen. 27. 30; Acts 14. 18. SCARCELY. Rom. 5. 7; 1 Pet. 4. 18. SCARCENESS. Daut. 8. 9, bread without s. SCAREST. Job 7. 14, thou s. me with dreams. SCATTER. Gen. 11. 4, lest wa be s. abroad. Lev. 28. 33, I will s. you among the heathen. Num. 10. 35; Ps. 88. 1, let thine entemies be s. Joh 18. 15, brimstone shall be s. on his habitation. Jon 12. In Instance shall be a. on his habitation 37. 11, be a. his bright cloud.

138. 24, which s. the east wind.

198. 68. 30, s. thou the people that delight in war.

192. 9, the workers of iniquity shall be s.

147. 16, he s. the hear frost.

Prov. 11. 24, there is that s, and yet increaseth. 20. 8, a king s. avil with his eyes. 26, a wise king s. the wicked. Jan. 10. 21, all their flocks shall be s. 23. 1. wos to pastors that s. the sheep.
50. 17, Israel is a s. sheep.
Zach. 13. 7; Mat. 26. 31; Mk. 14. 27, sheep shall be s Mat. 9. 36, s. as sheap having no shepherd. 12. 30; Lu. 11. 23, he that gathereth not with See John 11. 52; 16. 32; Acts 8.1; Jas. 1.1. SCENT. Job 14.9; Jer. 48.11; Hos. 14.7. SCHOLAR. 1 Chron. 25.8; Mal. 2, 12, SCIENCE. Dan. 1.4; 1 Tim. 6, 20. SCOFF. Hab. 1. 10; 2 Pat. 3. 3. SCOFF. Hab. 1. 10; 2 Pet. 3. 3.

SCORCH. Mat. 13. 6; Mk. 4. 6; Rev. 16. 8.

SCORN. Esth. 3. 6; Job 16. 20; Ps. 44. 13; 79. 4.

SCORN.ER. Prov. 9, 8, reprova not a s.

13. 1. a. a. heartch not rebuke.

19. 25, smite a. s.

28. an ungodly witness s. judgment,

29. judgments are prepared for s.

21. 11, when s. 1s punished simple is made wise.

24. 9, the s. is an abomituation.

Isa. 29. 20, the s. is consumed.

Hoa. 1. 6, stretched out bands with s.

See Ps. 1. 1; Prov. 1. 22; 3. 34; 9. 12.

SCOURGE. Jubs. 5. 1 the s. of the topgus See Fs. 1.1; Frov. 1. 22; 3, 34; 9, 12.
SCOURGE. Job 5.21, the s. of the tongue,
9, 23, if the s. slay suddenly.
Isa. 28, 15, the overflowing s.
Mat. 10, 17; 23, 34, they will s. you.
John 2, 15, a s. of small cords.
Acts 22, 25, is it lawful to s. a Roman.
Heb. 12, 6, the Lord s. every son.
See Josh. 23, 13; Isa. 10, 25; Mat. 27, 26; John
19, 1. 19. 1. SCRAPE. Lev. 14. 41; Job 2, 8; Ezek. 20. 4. SCRIBE. 1 Chron. 27. 32, a wise man and a s. Isa. 33. 18, where is the s.?
Jar. 8, 8 the pari of the s. is in vain.
Mat. 5. 20, exceed righteousness of the s.

Mat. 7. 29, authority, and not as the s. 13. 52, every s. instructed unto kingdom. Mr. 12. 38; Lu. 20. 48, beware of the s. See Ezra 4. 8; 7. 6; Neb. 8. 4; Mat. 8. 19. SCRIP. 1 Sam. 17. 40; Mat. 16. 10; Lu. 10. 4; 22. 35. SEARCH (n.). Ps. 64. 6; 77. 8; Jer. 2. 34. SEARCH (v.). Num. 13. 2. that they may s. the

land.

Chron. 28. 9, the Lord s. all hearts. 1 Chron. 28. 9, the Lord s. 211 hearts.
Joh 11. 7, canet thou by s. find out God?
13. 9, is it good that he should s. you out?
28. 27, he prepared it and s. it out.
29. 16, the cause I knew not I s. out.
23. 11. I waited whilst ve s. out what to say.
36. 28. can number of his years he s. out.
Ps. 44. 21, shall not God s. this out?
159. 4, thou hast s. me and known me.

23, s. me and know my heart. Prov. 25. 2, houour of kings to s. out a matter.

See Joh 10. § 128. § Prov. 2. 4; I Pet. 1. 11.

SEARED. 1 Tim. 4. 2, conscience s. SEASON. Geo. 1. 14, for signs, and s., and days. Deut. 23. 12, give rain in his s. 2 Chron. 15. 3, for long s. without true God. Joh 5. 26, as a shock of corn in his s. Pet. 1. 3, that bringest forth fruit in his s. 22. 2, I ory in the night s. 104. 19, appointed the moon for s. Prov. 15. 23, word spoken in due s. Ecol. 3. 1, to everything there is a s. and a time. Isa. 50. 4, know how to speak a word in s. Jer. 5. 24, former sad latter rain in his s. 33. 20, day and night in their s. Ezek. 34. 26, cause shower to come down in s. Dan. 2. 21, changeth the times and s. 7. 12, three prininged for a s. Hos. 2. 9, take away my wine in s. Mat. 21. 41, render the fruits in their s. Lu. 1. 20, my words shall he fulfilled in s. 20. 16, at the s. he sent servant. 23. 8, destrous to see him of a long s. John 5. 4, angel weut down at certain s.

23. 8, desirous to see him of a long s. John 5. 4, sugel went down at certain s. 35, willing for a s. to rejoice. Acta 1.7, not for you to know times and s. 13. 11, not seeing the eur for a s. 24. 25, a convenient s. 2 Tim. 4. 2, be instant in s. Heb. 11. 25, pleasures of sin for a s. See 1 Thess. 5. 1; 1 Pet. 1. 6; Rev. 6. 11; 20. 3.

SEAT. 1Sam. 20.18, thy a will be empty.
Job 23.3, that I might come even to his a.
29.7, when I prepared my a in the street.
Fs. 1.1, the a. of the committle.

Amos 5, 3, cause s. of violeuce to come near, Mat. 21. 12, c. of them that sold doves. 23. 2, sorthes sti 11 Moses' a. 6; Mk. 12. 39, chief a. in synagogues. See Ezek. 6, 3; 28. 2; Lu. 1. 52; Rev. 2. 13; 4. 4.

SECRET (a,). Gen. 49. 6, come not into their s. Job 11. 6, the s. of wisdom.
15. 8, hast thou heard the s. of God?
29. 4, the s. of God was upon my tahernacle,
Ps. 25. 14, s. of Lord is with them that fear.

Ps. 27. 5, in s. of his tahernacle will be hide. Ps. 27. 5, in s. of his tahernacle will he hi 139. 15, when I was made in s. Prov. 3, 32, his s. is with the righteous, 9. 17, bread esten in s. 21. 14, a gift in s. pacifieth anger. 18s. 45. 19; 48. 18, I have not spoken in s. Mat. 6. 4, thy Father who seeth in s. 9, pray to thy Father which is in s. 42. 28, he is in the s. chambers. John 18. 20, in s. have I said outhing. See Prov. 11. 13; 20. 19; Dan. 2. 18; 4. 9.

SECRET (adj.). Deut. 29.29, s. things beloog to God. Judg. 3.19, I have a s. errand. 13.18, my name, seeing it is s. Ps. 19.12, cleause thou me from s. faults.

90. 8, our s. sius. Prov. 27. 5, open rebuke better than s. love. See Cant. 2. 14; 1sa. 45. 3; Jer. 13. 17.

SECRETLY. Gen. 31. 27, flee away c. Deut. 13. 6, entice thee s., saying. 1 Sam. 18. 22, commune with David s.

1 Sam. 18. 22, commune with David s. 23. 9, Saul s. practised mischief. 2 Sam. 12. 12, for thou didst it s. Joh 4. 12, a thing was a brought to me. 13. 10, if you a sceept persona. 31. 27, my heart hath been s. enticed. Ps. 16. 9, he lieth in wait s. 31. 20, keep them s. from the strife. John 11. 28, ahe called her sieter s. 10. 35 was feer of the area.

19, 38, s. for fear of the Jews. See Deut. 27, 24; Lev. 28, 57; 2 Kings 17, 9,

SECT. Acts 5. 17: 15. 5: 24. 5: 26. 5; 28. 22. SECURE. Job 11. 18; 12.8; Mat. 28, 14. SECURELY. Prov. 3. 29; Mic. 2. 8.

SEDUCE. Mk. 13. 22, show signs to s. 1 John 2. 26, concerning them that s. you. Rev. 2. 20, to s. my servsuts. See Prov. 12. 28; 1 Tim. 4. 1; 2 Tim. 3. 13.

Kev. 2. 20, to s. my servents.

See Prov. 12. 28; 1 Tim. 4. 1; 2 Tim. 3. 13.

SEE Geu. 11. 5, came down to s. the city.

44. 23, you shall s. my face no more.

45. 23, 1 will go and s. him hetgre 1 die.

Ex. 12. 13, when 1 s. the blood.

14. 13, s. the salvation of the Lord.

33. 20, there shall no mar s. me and live.

Dout. 3. 25, let me s. the good land.

34. 4, I have caused thee to s. it.

2 Kings 8. 17, open his eyes; that he may s.

10. 16, s. my zeal for the Lord.

Joh? 7, mine eye shall no more s. good.

19. 26, yet in my flesh shall I s. God.

Ps. 27. 13, believed to s. the goodness.

66. 5, come and s. the works of God.

49. 9, shall he not s.

12. 13. 6. 10, lest they s. with their eyes.

23. 3, eyes of them that s. shall not be dim.

33. 17, shall s. the king in his beauty.

40. 5, all flesh shall s. it together.

52. 8, they shall s. eye to eye.

12. 12. 2, eyes and s. not.

Mat. 5. 8, they shall s. God.

13. 14; MK. 4. 12; Acts 28. 28, s. ye shall s.

27. 4, s. thou to that.

28. 6, s. the place where the Lord lay.

MK. 8. 18, having eves s. event.

27. 4, s. thou to that.
28. 6, s. the place where the Lord lay.
Mr. 8. 18, having eyes s. ye not.
Lu. 17. 23, s. here or a. there.
John 1. 39; 11. 34; Rev. 8. 1, come and s.
50, thou shalt a. greater things.
9, 25, 1 was hind, now I s.
39, that they who a not might s.
Heb. 2. 9, but we s. Jesus.
1 Pet. 1. 8, though now we a him not.
1 John 3. 2, we shall s. him as he is.
See Mat. 27. 24; John 1. 51.

SEED. Gen. 3. 15, enmity hetween thy e.
47. 19, give us s.
Ex. 16. 31, manna like corisnder s.
Lev. 19. 19, thou shalt not sow miugled s. 26. 16, ye shall sow your s. in vain.

Lu. 13. 24, many will s. to enter in. 15. 8, doth she not s. diligently.

19. 10, is come to s. and to save.

Num. 20. 5, it is no place of s. Num. 20. 5, it is no place of s.

Deut. 1. 8, to give it to their s. after them.

11. 10, oot as Egypt where thou sowedst s.
14. 22, tithe all the increase of your s.
28. 38, thou shalt earry much s. into field.
Pa. 126. 6, bearing precious s.
Eccl. 11. 6, in the morning sow thy s.
Esc. 1. 10, the s. of an homer shall yield.
17. 11, in morning make thy s. to flourish.
55. 10, give s. to the sower.
61. 9, the s. which the Lord hath blessed.
Jer. 2. 21, 1 had planted thee wholly a right s.
Joel 1. 17, the s. is rotten.
Amos 9, 13, overtake him that soweth s.
Hag. 2. 19, is the s. yet in the barn?
Zech. 8. 12, the s. hall be prosperous.
Mal. 2. 15, that he might seek a godly s.
SEEK. Gen. 37. 15, what s. thou?
Num. 15. 39, that yet, so not after your own heart.
16. 10, s. ye the priesthood also.
Deut. 4. 29, if thou s. him with all thy heart,
12. 5, even to his habitation shall ye s. and come.
23. 6; Ezr. 9. 12, thou shalt not a. their peace.
Ruth 3. 1, shall I not s. rest for thee.
1 Chron. 28. 9; 2 Chron. 15. 2, if thou s. him, he
will be found. Deut. 1. 8, to give it to their s. after them. will be found.

2 Chron. 19. 3, hast prepared thine heart to a. God.

34. 3, Josiah began to a. after God.

34. 3, Josiah began to a. after God.

25. 4. 4. 9. 8. 9. 9. 10. 60 da sy ed.

Neb. 2. 10, to a. the welfare of Israel.

Joh. 5. 8, I would a. 10. 10. 60.

8. 5, s. unto God betimes.

20. 10, children shall s. to please the poor.

38. 29, from thence she a. the prey.

Pa. 9. 10, hast not forsaken them that a. thee.

10. 4, the wicked will not a. after God.

15. s. out his wickedness till thou find none.

14. 2; 53. 2, if there were any that did a. God.

24. 6. generation of them that a. him. will be found. 10, 8. Out an wiesemiess the from and none.
14 2; 53 2, if there were any that did s. God.
24 6, generation of them that s. him.
27. 4, desired, that will I s. after.
8, s. ye my face, thy face will I s.
43. 14: 1 Pet. 3. II, s. peace and pursue it.
63. 1, early will I s. thee.
69. 32, your heart shall live that s. God.
83. 16, that they may s. thy name.
122. 9, I will a. thy good.
Prov. 1.28, they shall s. me, but not find.
8. 17; those that s. me early shall find me.
11. 27; that diligently s. good.
21. 8, of them that s. death.
23. 30, they that go to s. mixed wine.
35. I will s. it yet again.
Eccl. 1. 13; 7. 25, gave my heart to s. wisdom.
Cant. 3. 2, I will s. him whom my soul loveth.
Isa. 1. 17, learn to do well, s. ludgment.
6. 19, should not a people s. unto their God. Isa. 1. 17, learn to do well, s. judgment.
8. 19, should not a people s. unto their God.
19. 3, they shall s. to charmers.
34. 16, s. ye out of the book of the Lord.
41. 17, when the needy s. water.
45. 19, I said not, s. ye my face in vain.
Jer. 5. 1, any that s. the truth.
29. 13, ye shall s. me and find when ye search.
30. 17, Zlon whom no man s. after.
34. 4 this man s. not welfare of people.
Lam. 3. 25, the Lord is good to the soul that s.
hlm.

hilm.

Ezak. 7. 25, they shall a peace,
34. 16, I will a that which was fost,
34. 16, I will a that which was fost,
34. 16, I will a that which was fost,
2m. 9. 3, I set iny face to s. by prayer,
Amos 5. 4, a. me and ye shall live,
2ph. 2. 3, s. ye the Lord, all ye meek,
Mal. 2. 7, they should a the law at his mouth,
Mat. 6. 32, after these things do Gentiles s.
33; Lu. 12. 31, s. first the kingsdom of God.
17. 1 Lu. 11. 9, s. and ye shall flod.
12. 39; 16. 4, adulterous generation s. a sign.
28. 5; Mk. 18, 6, I know that ye s. Jesus,
Mk. 1. 37, all men s. for thee.
8. 11, s. of him a sign from heaven.
Lu. 13, 7, I come s. fruit.

hlm

10. 10, its come to a and to save.
24. 5, why a ye the living among the dead?
John 1.34, what s. ye? of the worship him.
4. 22, the Father s. such to worship him.
1.25, is not this he whom they s. to kill?
34, ye shall s. me and shall not find me.
18. 8, if ye s. me, let these go their way.
20. 15, woman, whom s. thou?
Rom. 3. 11, there is none that s. after God.
1 Cor. 1. 22, the Greeks s. after wisdom.
10. 24, let no man s. his own.
13. 5, charity s. not her own.
2 Cor. 12. 14, i. s. not yours, but you.
Phil. 2. 21, all s. their own things.
Col. 3. 1, s. those things which are above.
Heb. 11. 6, a rewarder of them that s. him.
14, declare plainly that they s. a country. Heh. 11. 6, a rewarder of them that s. him. 14, deciare plainly that they s. a country. 13. 14, but we s. one to come. 1 Pet. 5. 8, s. whom he may devour. Rev. 9. 6, in those days shall men s. death. See Jer. 45. 5; Mat. 13. 45; John 6. 24; I Cor. 10. 33. See Jer. 43. 5; Mar. 13. 45; John 6. 24; 1 Cor. 10. 3: SEEM. Gen. 19. 14, he as so net that mocked. 29. 20, they s. to him but a few days. Num. 18. 9, s. it but a small thing. Prov. 14. 12, there is a way that s. right, Ln. 8. 18, taken away that he s. to have. 24. 11, words a. as idle tales. 1 Cor. 3. 18, if any s. to be wise. 11. 16, if any man s. to be contentious. Heb. 4. 1, lest any s. to come short. 12. 11, now no chastening s. to be joyous. See Gen. 27. 12; Eccl. 9. 13; Acts 17. 18; Gal. 2. 6. SEEMLY. Prov. 19. 10; 26, 1, SEEMLY. Prov. 19. 10; 26. 1. SEEM. Gen. 23. 30, 1 have s. God face to face. Ex. 14. 13. Egyptians whom ye have s. to-day. Judg. 6. 22, hecause 1 have s. an active. 2 Kings 20. 15, what have thay s. 10. 15. Junie seye hath s. all this. 28. 7. a math the vulture's eye hath not s. PS. 37. 25. have I not s. righteous forsaken. 90. 15, years wherein we have s. evil. Eccl. 6. 5, he hath not s. the sun. 1sa. 9. 2, have s. as great light. 4. 4. 1 Cor. 2. 9, neither hath eye s. 66. 8, who hath s. such things. Mat. 8. 1: 23. 5. to be a. of men. 84.4; 1 Cor. 2.9, neither Rath eye s.
86.8, who hath s. such things.
Mat. 8.1; 23.5, to be s. of men.
9.33, never so s. in Israel.
Mk. 9.1, till they have s. the kingdom of God.
Lu. 5.26, we have s. strange things to-day.
John 1.18, no man hath s. God.
8.51. bast thou s. Ahrabam?
John 14.9, he that hath s. me hath s. the Father.
Acts 11.23, when he had s. the grace of God.
1 Cor. 9.1, have I not s. Jesus Christ.
1 Tim. 6. 16, whom no man hath s., nor can see.
Heb. 11.1, evidence of things not s.
1. Pet. 1.8, whom having not s. ye love.
8cs John 5.37; 9.37; 16.24; 20.29; Roin. 1.20.
EEFFEE. Ex. 23. 19; 2 Kings 4.38; Ezek. 24.5. SEETHE. Ex. 23, 19; 2 Kings 4, 38; Ezek. 24, 5, SEIZE. Joh 3. 6; Pa. 55. 15; Jor. 49. 24; Mat. 21. 38. SELF. Tit. 1. 7; 2 Pet. 2. 10. SELF. Tit. 1.7; 2 Pet. 2. 10.

SELL. Gen. 25. 31, s. me thy hirthright.

37. 27, come, let us s. him.

1 Kings 21. 25, Abab did s. himself to work.

Neh. 5, 8, will ye even s. your brettnen.

Prov. 25. 23, hny the truth, and s. it not.

Joel 3. 8, 1 will s. your sons and daughters.

Amos 8. 5, that we may s. corn.

6, and s. the refuse of the wheat.

Mat. 19. 21; Mk. 10. 21; Lu. 12. 33; 18. 22, s. that

thom hast. thou hast Ltd. 22. 36, let hlm s. his garment, Jas. 4. 13, we will buy and s., and get gain. See Ps. 4. 12; Prov. 11. 26; 31. 24; Mat. 13. 44. SEILLER. Iss. 24. 2; Ezek. 7. 12, 13; Acts 16. 14.

Ex. 4. 13, s. by band of him whom thou wilt s. 2 Chron. 7. 13; Ezek. 14. 9, if I s. pestilence. 2 Chron. 7. 13; Ezck. 14. 9, if 1 s. pestilence.
P2. 20. 2, s. thee help from the sanctuary.
43. 3, s. out thy light and truth.
118. 25, s. now prosperity.
13a. 6. 8, whom shall 1 s. f. s. me.
Mat. 9. 36; Lu. 10. 2, z. labourers.
12. 20, till he z. forth judgment.
15. 23, z. her away, for she crieth after us.
Mk. 3. 14, that he might s. them to preach.
John 14. 26, whom the Father will s. in my name.
17. 8. heliwed that thou didst a. me. 17. 8, believed that thou didst a. me. Rom. 8. 3, God s. his Son in likeness. See Lu. 10. 3; 24. 49; John 20. 21; 2 Thess. 2. 11. SENSUAL. Jas. 3, 15: Jude 19. SENSUAL. Jas. 3. 15; Jude 19.
SENT. Gen. 45. 5, God 8. me.
Judg. 6. 14, have not 1 s. thee.
Ps. 71. 17, the skies s. out a sound.
106. 15. he s. learness into their soul.
107. 20. he s. his word and healed them.
Jer. 23. 21, 1 have not s. these prophets.
Mat. 15. 24, 1 am not s. but to lost sheep.
John 4. 34, the will of him that s. me.
9. 4, work the works of him that s. me.
17. 3, life eternal to know him whom thou hast s.
Acts 10. 29. as secons as I was s. for. Acts 10. 29, as soon as I was s. for. Rom. 10. 15, preach, except they he c. See Isa. 61. 1; John 1. 6; 3. 28; 1 Pet. 1. 12. SENTENCE. Ps. 17. 2, let my s. come forth. Prov. 16. 10, a divine s. in the lips of the king. Eccl. 8. 11, because s. 1s not executed speedily. 2 Cor. 1. 9, s. of death in ourselves. See Deut. 17. 9; Jer. 4. 12; Dao. 5. 12; 6. 23. See Deut. II. 9, Jeft. 4. 12; 1040. 5. 12; 0.26. SEPARATE. Geo. 13. 9. a thyself from me. Deut. 19. 2, thou shalt a three cities. Pro. 16. 26; 17. 9, whisperer s. chief friends. 19. 4, the poor is s. from his neighbour. Mat. 25. 32, he shall s. them. Rom. 8. 35, who shall s. us from love of God? 2 Cor. 6. 17, be ye s. Heb. 7. 26, s. from sinners. See Num. 6. 2; Ezra 10. 11; Isa. 56. 3; 59. 2. SEPARATION. Num. 6. 8; 19. 9; 31. 23; Ezek. 42, 20, 42.20.
SERPENT. Gen. 3.1, the a was more subtil.
49. 17. Dan shall be a s. by the way.
Job 26. 13, his hand formed the crooked s.
Ps. 58. 4, like the poison of a s.
140. 3, sharpened their tongues like a s.
Prov. 23. 22, at last it biteth like a s.
Eccl. 10. 8, breaketh a hedge a s. shall bite him.
11, a. will bite without enchantment.
Isa. 27. 1, the Lord shall punish the s.
65. 25. dust shall be the s. meat. Isa. 27. 1. the Lord shall punish the s.
65. 25, dust shall be the s. mest.
Jer. 8. 17. 1 will send s. among you.
Amos 9. 3, 1 will command the s.
Mic. 7. 17, they shall lick dust like as.
Mat. 7. 10; Lu. 11. 11, will he give him a s.?
10. 16, he ye wise as s.
23. 33, ye s., how can ye escape.
Mk. 16. 18, they shall take up s.
John 3. 14, as Mosea lifted up the s.
Rev. 12. 9; 20. 2, that old s. called the Devil.
See Ex. 4. 3; Num. 21. 9; 2 Kings 18. 4; Jas. 3. 7.
FUNNY Gan 9. 25. a. of a shall he be. See Ex. 4.3; Num. 21. 9; 2 Kings 18. 4; Jas. 3. ERVANT. Gen. 9. 25, a. of a. shall he be. 7. 2, as a s. desireth the shadow. Ps. 110. 16; 119. 125; 143. 12, 1 am thy s. Prov. 22. 1, the borrower is s. to the lender. 29. 19, as will not be corrected with words. 1sa. 24. 2, as with s. so with master. Mat. 10. 25, enough for a to be as his lord. 25. 21, good and faithful s. Lu. 12. 44, that s. which knew his lord's will. 17. 10, upprofitable s. John 8. 35, s. shideth not in house for ever. 15. 15, e. knoweth not what his lord doeth. 1 Cor. 7. 21, art thou called, being a s. 23, be not ye the s. of men.

Eph. 6.5; Col. 3. 22; Tit. 2.9; 1 Pet. 2.16, a. be obedient See Rom. 6. 16; Col. 4.1; 1 Tim 6.1; Rev. 22.3. SERVE. Gen. 25. 23, elder shall s. the younger. Deut. 6. 13; 10. 12, 20; 11. 13; 13. 4; Josh. 22. 5; 24. 14; 1 Sam. 7. 3; 12. 14, thou shalt fear the Lord and s. hlm. Josh. 24. 15, choose ye whom ye will s. 1 Chron. 28. 9, s. him with a perfect heart. Job 21. 15, what is the Almighty, that we should ion 21. 15, what is the analysis of the shift of the shif Mai. 3. 11, Spartin his son that a firm.

18, between him that a God and him that.

Mat. 6. 24; Lu. 16. 13, no man can a two masters.

Lu. 10. 40, hath left me to z. alone. Lu. 10. 40, bath left me to s. alone.
15. 28, these many years do I s. thee.
John 12. 26, if any man s. me, let him.
Acts 6. 2, leave word of God and s. tables.
Rom. 6. 6, henceforth we should not s. sic.
Gal. 5. 13, by love s. one another.
Col. 3. 24, for ye s. the Lord Christ.
1 Thess. 1. 9, from idola to s. living God.
Rev. 7. 15, they s. him day and night.
See Lu. 22. 27; Acts 13. 36; Heb. 9. 14; 12. 28. See Lin. 22. 21; AGCS 15. 36; 180. 5. 18; 12. 25. SERVICE. Ex. 12. 26, what mean ye by this s.? 1 Chron. 29, 5, who is willing to consecrate his s. John 16. 2, will think he doeth God s. Rom. 12. 1, your reasonable s. Eph. 6; doing s. as to the Lord. Phil. 2. 30, to supply your lock of s. See Ezra 6. 16; Fa. 104. 14; Jor. 22. 13. 9.13, I do s. my bow in the cloud. Deut. 1.8, I have s. the land before thee, Job 33.5, s. thy words in order. Pa.16.8, I have s. the Lord before me. Gen. 4. 15, the Lord s. a mark on Cain. Pa. 10. 8, I nave a. the Lord before me. 20.5, we will a. up our banners. 91. 14, he hath s. his love upon me. Ecol. 7. 14, hath s. the one against the other. Cant. 3. 6, s. me as a seal upon thine heart. Mat. 5. 14, a city s. on a hill. Acts 16. 10, no man shall s. on thee. Heb. 6. 13, the hope s. before us. See Ps. 75. 7. 107. 41; Eph. 1. 26; Col. 3. 2. SETTLE. Zeph. 1. 12; Lu. 21. 14; Col. 1. 23. SEVER. Lev. 20. 26; Ezek. 39. 14; Mat. 13. 49. SEW. Gen. 3. 7; Joh 14. 17; Ecol. 3. 7; Mk. 2. 21. SHADE. Pe. 121.5, the Lord is thy s. SHADOW. Gen. 19. 8, the s. of my roof. Joh 7. 2, as servant carnestly desireth the s. 14. 2, he fleeth as a s. and continueth not. 17. 7, all my members are as a s. Pa. 91. 1, under the s. of the Almighty. 102. 11, my days are like a s. 144. 4; Ecol. 8. 13, his days are as a s. Ecol. 6. 12, life which he spendeth as a s. Cant. 2. 3, under his s. with great delight. 17; 4.6, till the s. flee away. Iss. 4. 6, for a s. In the daytime. 25. 4, a s. from the heat. SEVER. Lev. 20. 26; Ezek. 39. 14; Mat. 13. 49. 198. 4. 0, for a s. in the daytime.
25. 4, s. 6 from the heat.
22. 2, ss the s. of s great mok.
49. 2; 51. 15, in the s. of his hand.
Jer. 5. 4, the s. of evening are stretched out.
Lam. 4. 20, under his s. we shall live.
165. 14.71, they that dwell under his s. shall re-Acts 5. 15, the s. of Peter might overshadow. Jas. 1. 17, with whom is no e. of turning. See Judg. 9. 15, 36; 1sa. 38. 8; Jonah 4. 5. SHAFT. Ex. 25. 31; 37. 17; Isa. 49. 2. SHAKE. Judg. 16. 20, I will s. myself. Ps. 29. 8, voice of Lord s. wilderness.

Ps. 72. 16, fruit thereof shall s. like Lebanon. 13. 2. 19, when he ariseth to s. the earth.
13. 13; Joel 3. 16; Hag. 2. 6, 21, I will s. the heayers. 52. 2, s. thyself from the dust. Hag. 2. 7, I will s. all nations. Mat. 11. 7; Lu. 7. 24, a reed s. with the wind. Lu. 6. 38, good measure, s. together. 2 Thess. 2. 2, be not soon s. in mind. Heb. 12. 26, I s. not earth only. 21, things which cannot be s. See Job 9. 6; Ezek. 37. 7; Mat. 24. 29. nee Jon B. 6; EZEK. 37. 7; Mat. 24, 29. HAME. Ps. 4.2, turn my glory into s. 40. 14; 83. 17, let them be put to s. Prov. 10. 5; 17. 2, a son that causeth s. 1sa. 61. 7, for your s. ye shall have double. Jer. 51. 51, s. hath covered our faces. EZEK. 16. 52, bear thine own s. SHAME. Ezek. 16.52, bear thine own s.
Dan. 12. 2, awake, some to s.
Zoph. 3.5, the unjust knoweth no s.
Lu. 14. 9, with s. to take lowest room. Acts 5. 41, worthy to suffer s.
1 Cor. 6.5; 15. 34, I speak this to your s.
Eph. 5. 12, a s. to speak of those things
Phil. 3. 19, whose glory is in their s.
Heb. 6. 6, put him to an open s.
12. 2, despising the s.
See I Cor. 11. 6; 14. 35; I Thess. 2. 2; 1 Tim. 2. 9.
HAPE. Lu. 3. 22. Tohrs. 37. Rev. 9. 7. SHAPE. Lu. 3. 22; John 5. 37; Rev. 9. 7. HARP. 1 Sam. 13. 20; John 5. 3; Nev. 9; 7.

14. After to s. the goads,
Ps. 52, 2; tongue like a s. razor,
140. 3, they s. their tongues like a serpent,
Prov. 25. 18, false witness is s. arrow. SHARP. 27. 17, iron s. iron, so e man s. his friend, 1sa. 41. 15, a s. threshing instrument. Acts 15. 39, the contention was so s. Heb. 4. 12, e. than any two-edged sword. Ses Mio. 7. 4; 2 Cor. 13. 10; Rev. 1. 16; 14. 14. SHEAF. Deut. 24. 19; Ruth 2. 7; Pe. 126, 6; 129, 7. SHEARERS. Gen. 36. 12; 1 Sam. 25, 7; Isa. 53, 7. SHEAPIL 1 Sam. IV. 51; 1 Chron. 21. 27; Ezek. 21. 3.
SHED. Gen. 9. 6, shall his blood be s.
Mat. 26, 28. e for many for remission of sins.
Rom. 5. 5, love of God s. in our hearts.
Tit. 3. 6, which he s. on ne shundently.
Heb. 9. 22, without s. of hlood is no remission.
See Ezek. 18. 10; 22. 3; Acts 2. 33.
SHEEP. Gen. 4. 2. Abel was a keeper of s.
Num. 27. 17; 1 Kings 22. 17; 2 Chron. 18. 16; Mat.
9. 36; Mr. 6. 34, as s. which have no shepherd.
1 Sam. 15. 14, what meanent this bleating of s.
Ps. 49. 14, like s. ere laid in the grave.
95. 7; 190. 3, we are the s. of his hand.
Isa. 53. 6, all we like s. have gone astray.
Jen. 12. 3, pull them out like s. for claughter.
Ezek. 34. 6, my s. wandered.
Mat. 7. 15, Take prophets in s. olothing.
10. 6, go rather to lost s.
12. 12, how much is a man better than a s.
John 10. 2, that entereth by door is shepherd of s.
11, good shepherd giveth his life for the s.
Zi. 18, feed my s.
See Mat. 10. 16; 12. II; 18. 12; 25. 32; Heb. 13. 20.
SHEET. Judg. 14. 12; Acts 10. 11; 11. 5. SHEATH. 1Sam. 17.51; 1 Chron. 21. 27; Ezek, 21. 3. SHEET. Judg. 14. 12; Acts 10. 11; 11. 5. SHELTER. Job 24. 6; Pc. 61. 3. SHEPHERD. Gen. 46. 34, s. abomination to Egyptians. Ps. 23. 1 Ps. 23.1, the Lord is my s. Isa. 13. 20, nor shall s. make their fold there. Isa. 13. 20, nor shall a make their fold there, 40. 11, he shall feed his flock like a s. 56. 11, they are s. that cannot understand.
Jer. 23. 4, I will set s. over them who shall feed, 50. 6, their s. have caused them to go astray.
Amos 3. 12, as the s. taketh out of the mouth, Zech. 11. 17, wore to the fdol s.
John 10. 14, I am the good s.
See Zech. 11. 3; Lu. 2. 6; 1 Pet. 2. 25; 5. 4.
HIELD. Judg 5. 8 was thave a s. seen.

SHIELD. Judg. 5. 8, wee there a s. seen,

Ps. 5. 12, compass him as with a s. 33. 20; 59. 11; 84. 9, the Lord is our s. 84. 11. a sun and 8. ors. 14, 3 5011 2410 8.
91. 4, truth shall be thy s.
Isa. 21. 5, enoint the s.
Eph. 6. 18, taking the s. of faith.
See Prov. 30. 5; Jer. 51. 11; Ezek. 23. 24; 39. 9. SHINE. Job 22. 28, the light shall s. upon thy ways. 29, 3, when hie candle s. upon my head. Ps. 104. 15, oil to make his face s. 139, 12, the night s. as the day. Prov. 4. 18, light that s. more and more. Prov. 4. 18, light that s, more and more.
1sa. 9.2, upon them hath the light s.
60.1, arlse, s, for thy light is come.
Dan. 12. 3, wise shall s, as the brightness.
Mat. 5. 16, let your light so s.
13. 43, the righteous s. as the sun.
2 Cor. 4. 6, God who commanded the light to s.
See John 1. 5; 2 Pet. 1 19; 1 John 2. 8; Rev. 1. 16. SHOCK, Judg. 15.5: Job 5. 26. SHOD. Mk. 6. 9; Eph. 6. 15. SHOOT. Ps. 22. 7, they s. out the lip. 64. 3, to s. their arrows, even hitter words. 144. 6. s. out thine arrows and destroy them. See I Chron. 12. 2; Mk. 4. 32; Lu 21. 30. SHORT. Joh 17. 12, the light is s. 20.5, triumphing of wicked is s. Ps. 69. 47, remember how s. my time is, Rom. 3. 23, come s. of the glory of God. 1 Cor. 7. 29, the time is s. See Num. 11. 23; Isa. 50. 2; 58. 1; Mat. 24. 22. SHORTER. Isa. 28. 20, the bed is s. SHORTLY. Gen. 41, 32; Ezek. 7, 8; Rom. 16, 20. SHOUT. Ps. 47.5, God is gone up with a s. Lam. 3. 6, when I s. he shutteth out my prayer. 1 Thess. 4.16, shall deecond with a s. See Num. 23. 21; 1 Sam. 4.5; Isa. 12. 6. SHOWER. Ps. 65. 10, makest it soft with s. 72. 6, like s. that water the earth. Ezek. 34. 25, will cause e. to come in season. See Deut. 32. 2; Job 24. 3; Jer. 3. 3; 14. 22. SHUN. Acts 20, 27: 2 Tim. 2, 16. SHUT. Gen. 7. 16, the Lord s. him in.
Isa. 22, 22, he shall open and none shall s.
60. 11, gates shall not be s. day nor night.
Jer. 35, 5, 1 am s. up, I cannot go to the house of Jer. 33. 5, 1 am s. up, I cannot go to the house the Lord.
Lam. 3. 8, he s. out my prayer.
See Gal. 3. 23: 1 John 3. 17; Rev. 3. 7; 20. 3.
SICK. Prov. 13. 12, maketh the heart s.
23. 35, stricken me and I was not s.
Cant. 2. 5, I am s. of love.
Isa. 1. 5, the whole head is e.
Hos. 7. 5, made him s. with bottles of wine.
Mat. 8. 14, wife's mother s.
Jas. 5. 14, is any s.? Cail elders of the church.
I5, prayer of faith shall save the s.
SICKNESS. Ps. 41. 3. Fool. 5. 17. Mat. 8. 17. SICKNESS. Ps. 41.3; Eccl. 5. 17; Mat. 8. 17. SIFT. Isa. 30, 28; Amos 9, 9; Lu. 22, 31.
SIGHT. Ex. 3, 3, this great s.
Deut. 28, 34, for s. of thine eyes.
Eccl. 6, 9, better ics. of eyes.
Mat. 11.5; 20, 34; Lu. 7, 21, blind receive s.
26; Lu. 10, 21, it seemed good in thy s.
Lu. 18, 42; Acts 22, 13, receive thy s.
21, 11, fearful s. and signs from beaven.
Rom. 12, 17, things honest in s. of all men.
2 Cor. 5, 7, walk by faith, not by e.
See Eccl. 11. 9; Isa. 43, 4; Dan. 4, 11; Heb. 4, 13.
SIGN. Isa. 7, 11, ask thee a. s. of the Lord. SIFT. Isa. 30. 28; Amos 9. 9; Lu. 22. 31. Gev. 158, 13, 14, ask thee a s. of the Lord.

(GN. 15s. 7, 11, ask thee a s. of the Lord.

55, 13, for an everlasting s.

Ezek, 12, 6, 1 have set thee for a s.

Dan. 4, 3, how great are his s.

Mat. 16, 3, s. of the times.

Mk. 16, 20, with s. following.

Lu. 2, 34, for a s. which shall be spoken against.

John 4, 48, except ye see 3. SIGN. Acts 2. 22, man approved of God by e.

SIGNIEY. Acts 4.30, that s. may be done by the name. See Rom. 4.11; 15.19; 1 Cor. 1.22; Rev. 15.1. SIGNIFY. John 12. 33; Heb. 9. 8; 1 Pet. 1. 11. SILENCE. Mat. 22. 34; 1 Tim. 2. 11; 1 Pet. 2. 15. SILENCE. Mat. 22. 34; I 11m. 2. 11; I Pct. 2 SILENT. I Sam. 2, 9, c in darkness. Ps. 28, 1, be not s. to me. 31. 17, let the wioked be s, in the grave. Zech. 2. 13, be s., all flesh, before the Lord. See Ps. 22. 2; 30. 12; Isa. 47. 5; Jer. 8. 14. SILLY. Job 5. 2; Hos. 7, 11; 2 Tim. 3. 6, SILVER. 1 Kings 10. 27, king made s, as stones, Job 22. 25, thou shalt have plenty of s. Ps. 12. 6; 66. 10, as s. is tried. Proy. 8. 10, receive instruction and not s. Iss. 1. 22, thy s. is become dross.

Jer. 6. 30, reprobate s. shall men call them. Mal. 3. 3, sit as a refiner and purifier of s. See Gen. 44. 2; Eccl. 12. 6; Mat. 27. 6; Acts 19. 24. SIMILITUDE, Num. 12, 8, the s, of the Lord. Dout. 4. 12, saw no s. Deut. 4. 12, saw no s. Ps. 144. 12, after the s. of a palace. Rom. 5. 14, after the s. of Adam's transgression. Jas. 3. 9, made after the s. of God. See Hos. 12. 10; Dan. 10. 16; Heb. 7. 15. IMPLE. Ps. 19. 7, making wise the s. 116. 6, the Lord preserveth the s. 19. 130; it giveth understanding to the s. Prov. 22. 3; 27. 12, the s. pass on, and are punished. SIMPLE. ished Rom. 16. 18, deceive the hearts of the e. See Prov. 7. 7; 8. 5; 9. 4; 14. 15; 19. 25. See Prov. 7.7; 8.5; 9.4; 14.15; 19.25.
SIN (n.), Gen. 4.7, s. lieth at the door.
Num. 27.3, died in his own s.
Deut. 24, 16; 2 Kings 14.6; 2 Chron. 25.4, put to
death for his own s.
Job 10.6, thou searchest after my s.
Ps. 19.13, from presumptuous s.
25.7, remember not s. of my youth.
32.1, blessed is he whose s. is covered.
38.18, I will be sorry for my s.
51.3, my s. is ever hefore me.
90.8, our secret s.
103.10, bath not dealt with us according to our s. m. s. our secret s.
103. 10, heth not dealt with us according to our s.
Prov. 5. 22, holden with cords of s.
10. 19, in multitude of words wanteth oot s.
14. 9, fools make a mock at s.
34, s. is a reproach to any people. Isa. 30. 1, to add s. to s.
43. 25; 44. 22, not remember s.
53; 10, offering for s. 53. 10, offering for any.

12, bare the s. of many.

12, bare the s. of many.

13, bare the s. of many.

14, 51.5, land filled with s.

15, 28. 18, nome of his s. shall be mentioned.

16. 6. 7, fruit of my body for s. of my soul.

16. 7, he that is without s.

16. 8, will reprove the world of s.

19. 11, hath the greater s.

10. 12, 16. 10, ley not this s. to their charge.

122. 16, wash away thy s.

16. 15, ball we continue in s.

17. 1 had not known s.

17. 1 had not known s.

18. 20, where s. abounded.

18. 23, whatsoever is not of faith is s. 1.4. 23, whatsoever is not of faith is s. 2 Cor. 5. 21, made him to be s. for us. 2 Thess. 2.3, that man of s. 1 Pet. 2.24, his own self bare our s. See 1 John 1. 5; 3. 4; 4. 10; 5. 16; Rev. 1. 5. See 1 John L. 2. 2. do not s. against the child. Ex. 9, 27; 10. 16; Num. 22, 34; Josh. 7. 20; I Sam. 15, 24; 26, 21; 2 Sam. 12, 13; Job 7. 20; Ps. 41. 4; Mat. 27. 4; Lu. 15. 18; I have s. Job 10. 14, 14 I s., thou markest me, Ps. 4. 4, stand in awe and s. not. 39. 1, that I s. not with my toogue.

Prov. 8, 36, he that s. against me.

Isa. 43.27, thy first father hath s. Ezek. 18.4, the soul that s. it shall die, Hos. 13.2, now they s. more and more, Mat. 13.21, how oft shall my brother s. John 5. 14; 8. II, s. no more. Rom. 6. 15, shall we s. because. I Cor. 15. 34, awake to righteousness and s. not. Eph. 4. 26, he ye sugry, and s. not. I John 3. 9, he cannot s. because born of God. See Num. 15. 28; Joh 1. 5, 22; Rom. 3. 23, INCEFEE Phil 1 10. 1 Per 2. 2 SINCERE. Phil. 1. 10; 1 Pet. 2. 2. SINCERITY. Josh. 24. 14; 1 Cor. 5, 8; Eph. 6, 24. SINFUL, Lu. 5, 6; 24. 7; Rom. 7, 13; 8, 3, SINGING. Ps. 100. 2; 126. 2; Cant. 2. 12; Eph. 5. 19. SINGLE. Mat. 6, 22; Lu. 11, 34. SINGLENESS. Acts 2, 46; Eph. 6, 5; Col. 3, 22, SINNER. Gen. 13. 13, men of Sodom s. exceedingly Ps. 1. 1, standeth not in way of s. 25. 8, teach s. in the way.
25. 8, teach s. in the way.
26. 9, gather not my soul with s
51. 13, s. shall be converted.
Prov. 1. 10, if s. entice thee. Prov. 1. 10, if a sortice thee.
13. 21, evil pursueth a.
Eccl. 9. 13, one s. destroyeth much good.
1sa. 33. 14, the s. in 210n are afraid.
Mat. 9. 11; Mk. 2. 16; Lu. 5. 30; 15. 2, eat with s.
13; Mk. 2. 17; Lu. 5. 22, call s. to repentance.
11. 19; Lu. 7. 34, a friend of s.
Lu. 7. 37, woman who was a s.
13. 2. suppose ye these were s. above all?
15. 7, 10, joy over one s.
18. 13, be merciful to me a s.
John 9. 16, how can a man that is a s. do such miracles? miracles? 25, whether he be a s. I know not. 25, whisher he he as, 1 kndw dot. Rom. 5, 8, while we were yet s. 19, mauy were made s. Heb. 7, 26, separate from s. See Jas. 4, 8; 5, 20; 1 Pet. 4, 16; Jude 15. SISTER. Job 17, 14; Prov. 7, 4; Mat. 12. 50; 1 Tim. SIT. 2 Kings 7. 3, why s. we here until we die? Ps. 69. 12, they that c. in the gate. 107. 10, such as s. in darkness.
1sa. 30. 7, their strength is to s. still.
1gr. 8. 14, why do we s. still?
Ezek. 33. 31, they s. before thee as thy people. EZER, 33, 51, they s. better thee as thy people. Mal. 3, 5, he shall s, as a refluer. Mat. 20, 25; Mk. 10, 37, to s, on my right hand. See Prov. 25, 1; Lam. 3, 63; Acts 2, 2, STUATION. 2 Kings 2, 19; Ps. 48, 2, SKILFUL. 1 Chron. 28, 21; Ps. 33, 3; Ezek. 21, 31; Dan. 1, 4. Dan. 1. 4.

SKILL. 2 Chron. 2. 7; Eccl. 9. 11; Dan. I. 17; 9. 22.

SKIN. Ex. 34. 29, wist not that s. of his face shone.

Job 2. 4, s. for s.

10. 11, thou hast clothed me with s. aud flesh.

19. 26, though after my s. worms destroy.

Jer. 13. 23, can the Ethiopian change his s.

Ezek. 37. 6, I will cover you with s.

Heb. 11. 37, wandered in sheep-s.

See Gen. 3. 21; 27. 16; Ps. 102. 5; Mic. 3. 2; Mk. SKIP. Ps. 29.6; 114.4; Jer. 46. 27. SKIRT, Ps. 133.2; Jer. 2.34; Zech. 8.23. SLACK. Deut. 7.10; Prov. 10.4; Zeph. 3.16; 2 Pet. 3.9.
SLAIN. Gen. 4.23, I have s. a man.
Prov. 7.26, strong men have been s. by her.
22.13, the slothful man saith, I shall be s.
24.11, deliver those ready to be s.
1sa. 22.2, thy s. men are not s. with the sword.
25.21, earth shall no more cover her s.
66.16, the s. of the Lord shall be many.
Jen. 9.1, weep for the s. of my people.
Lam. 4.9, s. with sword better than s. with

hunger.

Ezek. 37. 9, breathe upon these s. Eph. 2. 16, having s. the enmity. Rev. 5. 6, a Lamb as it had been s. See I Sam. 18. 7; 22. 21; Lu. 9. 22; Heb. 11. 37.

See Hos. 5, 2; Zech. 1, 3t. 3.2; meo. 11.31. SLAUGHTER. Fs. 44, 22, as sheep for the s. Isa. 53, 7, Jer. 11. 19, brought as a lamb to the s. Jer. 7.32; 196, valley of s. Ezek. 9.2, every man a s. weapon. See Hos. 5, 2; Zech. 11. 4; Acts 9, 1; Jas. 5. 5.

SLAVE, Jer. 2, 14; Rev. 18, 13,

SLAY. Gen. 18, 25, far from thee to s. the righteous. Joh 9, 23, if soorrge s. suddenly. 13, 15, though be s. me, See Gen. 4, 15; Ex. 21, 14; Neh. 4, 11; Lu. 11, 49;

19. 27.

SLEEP (n.), 1 Sam. 28. 12, deep s. from God. Job 4. 13; 33. 15, when deep s. falleth, Fs. 13. 3, lest I sleep the s. of death. 127. 2 giveth his beloved s. Prov. 3. 24, thy s. shall be sweet. 6 10; 24. 23, yet a little s. 20. 13, love not s., lest. Eccl. 5. 12, the s. of a labouring man, Jer. 51. 39, sleep a perpetual s. 1. n. 9. 32, heavy with set. 5. John 11. 13, of taking rest in s. Rom. 13. 11, high time to awake out of s. See Dan. 2. 1; 6. 18; 8. 18; Acta 16. 27; 20. 9. SLFEP (n.) Ex. 22. 27. raiment, wherein shall 19, 27,

SLEEP(v.). Ex. 22. 27, raiment, wherein shall he s. Job 7. 21, now shall I s. in the dust. Ps. 4. 8, I will lay me down and s. 121. 4, shall neither slumber nor s.

Froy. 4. 16, they s. not, except they have done. 6, 22, when thou s. it shall keep thee.
10. 5, he that s. in harvest is a son that causeth shame.

shame.
Cant. 5. 2, I s., but my heart waketh.
Dan. 12. 2, many that s. in the dust.
Mat. 9. 24; Mik. 5. 39; Du. 8. 52, not dead but s.
13. 25, while men s. the enemy sowed.
26. 45; Mk. 14. 41, s. on now.
Mk. 13. 36, coming suddenly he find you s.
Lu. 22. 46, why s. ye f rise and pray.
Johu 11. 11, our friend Lazarus s.
1 Cor. 11. 30, for this eause many s.
15. 51, we shall not all s.
Eph. 5. 14, awake thou that s.
1 Thess. 4. 14, them which s. in Jesus,
5. 8. let us not s. as do others.

5. 6, let us not s, as do others. 7, they that s. s. in the night. 10, that whether we wake or s. See Gen. 28. 11; 1 Kings 18. 27; Acts 12. 6; 1 Cor.

15, 20 SLEIGHT. Eph. 4.14, the s. of men,

SLEW. Judg. 9.64, a woman s, him. 1 Sam. 17.36, s, both the lion and the bear. 29,5, Saul s. his thousands. 2 Kings 10.9, who s, all these? Ps. 78.34, whos n b. s. them, then they sought

him.
Isa. 66. 3, killeth an ox is saif he s, a man.
Isa. 66. 3, killeth an ox is saif he s, a man.
Datt. 5. 19, whom he would he s.
Mat. 23. 35, whom ye s. between temple and altar.
Acts 5. 30; 10. 39, whom ye s. and hanged on a

tree. 22.20, kept raiment of them that s. him. Rom. 7. 11, sin by the commandment s. me. See Gen. 4.8; Ex. 2. 12; 13. 15; Neh. 9. 26; Lam. 2. 4. SLIDE. Deut. 32, 35; Ps. 28.1; 37.31; Hos. 4.18.

SLIGHTLY. Jer. 6.14; 8.11, healed hurt s. SLIME. Gen. 11.3; 14.10; Ex. 2.3.

SLIPPERY. Pa. 35, 6; 73, 18; Jer. 23, 12,

SLOTHFUL. Judg. 18. 9, be not s. to possess.
Mat. 25. 26, thou s. servant.
Rom. 12. 11, not s. in business.
Heb. 6. 12, that ye be not s.
See Prov. 18. 9; 19. 24; 24. 30; Eccl. 10. 18.
SLOW. Ex. 4. 10, I am s. of speech.
Neb. 9. 17, a God s. to anger.
Prov. 14. 29, s. to wrath 1s of great understanding.
Lu. 24. 25. s. of heart.
See Acts 27, 7; Tit. 1. 12; Jas. 1. 19.
SULUMEER Ps. 27, 3. that keepeth the will not a

SLUMBER. Ps. 121.3, that keepath thee will not s. Prov. 6.4, give not s. to thine eyelids. 10; 24, 33, a little more s.

10; 24, 33, a little more s.

1sa. 5.27, none aball s. among them.
56, 10, loving to s.

Nah. 3.18, thy shepherds s.

Rom. 11. 8, hath given them the apirit of s.

See Job 33. 15; Mat. 25. 5; 2 Pet. 2. 3.

SMALJ. Ex. 16. 14, s. round thing, s. as hoar-frost.

18. 22, every s. matter they shall judge.

Num. 16. 9, a s. thing that God hath separated.

13. a s. #hine that thou hast brought us. 13, a s. thing that thou hast brought us. Deut. 9.21, I ground the call s., even as s. as dust. 32. 2, dectrine distil as s. rain. 2 Sam. 7.19; I Chron. 17.17, yet a s. thing in thy

sight.

2 Sam. 7.19; 1 Chron. 17.17, yet a s. thing in the sight.
1 Kings 2.20, one s. petition of thee.
2 Kings 19.26, unabitants of s. power.
Job 8.7, thy beginning was s.
15.11, are consolations of God s.
38.27, he maketh s. the drops of water.
Ps. 119.141, 1 am s.
Prov. 24.10, thy strength is s.
1s. 7.13, is it a s. thing to weary men.
18.24, remnant very s. and feeble.
40.15, nations as the s. dust.
64.7, for a s. moment.
60.22, a s. one shall become.
Jor. 49.15, it will make thee s. among heathen.
Dan. 11.25, strong with a s. people.
Amos 7.2, shall Jacob arise? for he is s.
2ach. 4.10, the day of s. thines.
Mk. 8.7; John 6.9, a few s. fishes.
Als 12.16; 19.23, no s. stir.
13a. 3ach no s. dissension.
13a. 3ach no s. dissension.
13a. 42. Exch. 41.8; 1 Cor. 8, 2.
MART. Prov. 1.15, shall s. for it.

SMART. Prov. 11. 15, shall s. for it.

SMELL. Gen. 27. 27, as s. of field the Lord hath blessed

niessed.
Deut. 4.28, gods that neither see nor s.
Job 39, 25, he s. the battle.
Ps. 45.8, thy garments s. of myrrh.
115.6, noses have they, but they s. not,
Isa. 3.24, instead of sweets.
Dan. 3.27, nor the s. of fire.
1 Cor. 12. 17, hearing, where were the a.?
Ps. b. 5 2 sarrifice for expects experies.

Eph. 5.2, sacrifice for sweet-s. savour. Phil. 4.18, an odour of a sweet s. See Cant. 1.12; 2.13; 4.10; 7.8; Amos 5.21.

Section 1. 12; 2. 13; 4. 10; 7. 5; Amos 5. 21. SMITE. Ex. 2. 13, wherefore s. thou. 21. 12, he that s. a man. 1 Sam. 2s. 8, 1 will not s. second time. 2 Kings 8. 18, s. this people with himness. 21, shall 1 s. them. Ps. 121. 0, the sun shall not s. thee by day. 41. 6, left the rightcous s. me.

141.6, let the rightous s. me.
Frov. 19.25, s. a scorner.
18a. 10.24, he shall s. thee with a rod.
49.10, neither shall heat s. thee.
50.4, to s. with the fist of wickedness.
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50.4, to s. with the fist

SMITH. Mat. 24, 49, shall begin to s. his fellow-servants. Lu. 22. 49, shall we s. with sword.

John 18. 23, why s. thou me?

See Lu. 6. 29; Acts 23. 2; 2 Cor, 11, 20; Rev. 11. 8. SMITH. 1 Sam. 13. 19; Isa. 44, 12; Jer. 24. 1, SMITTEN. Num. 22, 28, that thou hast s. Deut. 28, 25, cause thee to be s. 1 Sam. 4, wherefore hath the Lord s. us. 2 Kings 13, 19, thou shouldest have a five or six Ps. 3. 7, thou hast s. all mine enemies. Jer. 2, 30, in vain have I.s. upon enemies.

102. 4, my heart is a.

1sa. 24. 12, the gate is s. with destruction.

53. 4, s. of God.

Jer. 2, 30, in vain have I.s. your children. Jor. 2 30, in vain have I s. your children, Hos. 6. 1, he hath s. and he will bind, Amos 4. 9, I have s. you.
See Joh 16. 10; Ezek. 22, 13; Acts 23. 3.
SMOKE. Gen. 19. 28, as the s. of a furnace.
Deut. 29. 20, the anger of the Lord shall s.
Ps. 37. 20, wicked consume into.
68. 2, as s. is driven away.
74. 1, why dolt thy anger s.
102. 3, my days are consumed like s.
104. 32; 144. 5, toucheth hills and they s.
119. 83, like a bottle in the s.
Prov. 10. 28, as s. to the eyes.
Isa. 8. 4, the house was filled with s.
34. 10, the s. thereof shall go up for ever.
51. 8, the heavene shall vanish like s.
65. 5, these are a s. in my nose.
Hos. 13. 3, as the s. out of a ohimney.
See Rev. 9. 2; 14. 11; 15. 8; 18. 9; 19. 3.
SMOKING. Gen. 15. 71; Ex. 20. 18; Isa, 42. 3 SMOKING. Gen. 15.17; Ex. 20.18; Isa, 42.3; Mar 12.20.

SMOOTH. Gen. 27.11, I am a s. man, I Sam. 17.40; Isa, 57.6, five s. stones. Isa, 30.10, speak unto us s. things. Lu. 3.5, rough ways shall be made s. See Ps. 55.21; Prov. 6.3; Isa, 41.7.

SMOTE. Num. 20.11, Moses s. the rock twice, Judg. 15.8, Samson s. shem hip and thigh. 18sm. 24.5, David's heart s. him. Isa. 20.10, in my wrath 1 s. thee. Jer. 31.19, I s. upon my thigh. Hag. 2.17, I s. you with blasting and mildew. Mat. 26.68; Lu. 22.64, who is he that s. thee? Lu. 18.13, s. upon his breast. Acts 12.23, immediately sngel s. him. See 2 Sam. 14.7; Boz. 234; Mat. 27.30.

SNARE. Ex. 10.7, this man he a s. unto us. Deut. 7.25, nor take silver of idols lests. 12.30, take heed that thou be not s. by them, Josh. 23.13, they shall be s. unto you. Judg. 8.27, thing became s. s. to Gideon. 18am. 18.21, that she may he s. 22.9, wherefore layest a s. for my life. 2 Sam. 22. 6; Ps. 18.5, s. of death prevented me. Joh 18.8, he walketh on a s. 22.10, s. are round about thee. Ps. 11.6, upon wicked he shall rain s. 38.12, they lay s. for me. SMOKING. Gen. 15, 17; Ex. 20, 18; Isa, 42, 3; Mat. 22. 10, a re round about thee.
Ps. 11. 6, upon wicked he shall rain s.
38. 12, they lay s. for me.
64. 5, commune of laying s. privily.
69. 22, let their table become a s.
91. 3, deliver thee from s. of fowler.
124. 7, the s. is broken.
Prov. 6. 2; 12. 13, s. with words of thy mouth.
7. 23, as a bird hasteth to the s.
13. 14; 14. 27, the s. of death.
18. 7, a fool's lips are the s. of his soul.
22. 25. learn his ways and get a s. to thy soul.
29. 8, bring city into s.
25, fear of mso bringeth a s.
Ecol. 9. 12, s. in an evil time.
Lam. 3. 47, fear and s. s. is come upon thee.
Lam. 3. 47, fear and s. s. is come upon us.
Ezek. 12. 13, he shall be taken in my s.
Hos. 9. 8, the prophet is a s.
Amos 3. 5, can a bird fall in s. ?
Lu. 21, 35, as a s. shall it come.

1 Tim. 3. 7, lest he fail-into the s.
8. 9, they that will he rich fall into a s.
2 Tim. 2. 28, recover out of the s. of the devil.
See Ex. 23, 33; Dent. 7. 16; Judg. 2. 3; Eccl. 7. 26. SNATCH. Iss. 9. 20, shall s. and be hungry. SNOW. Ex. 4. 8: Num. 12. 10: 2 Kings 5, 27, leprous 84 s. 25 sam. 23. 20, siew lion in time of s. Job 8. 16, wherein the s. is hid. 9. 30, wash myself in s. water. 24. 19, drought and hest consume s. waters. See Ps. 68. 14; 148. 8; Rev. 1. 14. SNUFFED. Jer. 14. 6; Mal. 1. 13. SOAKED. Isa. 34. 7, land s. with blood. SOAP. Jer. 2. 22; Mal. 3. 2. SOBER. 2 Cor. 5, 13, a. for your cause. 1 Thess. 5. 8, let us watch and be s. 1 Tim. 3. 2; Tit. 1. 8, a hishop must be s. Tit. 2. 2, aged men be s. 4, teach young women to be s. 1 Pet. 4.7, be ye therefore s. and watch. See Acts 26. 25; Rom. 12. 3; Tit. 2. 6. SODDEN. Ex. 12. 9; 1 Sam. 2. 15; Lam. 4. 10. SOFT. Joh 23. 16, God maketh my heart s. 41.3, will he speak s. words. Ps. 65. 10, thon makest it s. with showers. Prov. 15. 1, s. s. answer turneth away wrath. 25. 15, s. s. tongue breaketh the hone. See Fs. 55. 21; Mat 11. 8; Lin. 7. 25. SOFTLY. Gen. 33. 14; Judg. 4. 21; 1 Kings 21. 27; Isa. 38. 15. SOIL. Ezek. 17. 8, planted in a good s. SOIL. Ezek. 17. 8, planted in a good s. SOJOURN. Gen. 19. 9, this fellow eame in to s. 26. 3, s. in this land and I will be with thee. 47. 4, to s. in the land are we come. Dent. 26. 5, s. with a few and became a nation. Judg. 17. 9, I go to s. where I may find place. 2 Kings 8.1, s. wheresoever thon canst a. Fs. 120. 5, woe is me that I s. Iss. 23. 7, feet carry hor afar off to s. Jer. 42. 22. die in place ye desire to s. Lam. 4. 15, they shall no more s. there. 1. Heb. 11. 9, by faith he s. in land of promise. 1 Pet. 1.17, pass time of your s. here in fear. SOJOURNER. Gen. 23. 4: Ps. 39. 12. SOJOURNER, Gen. 23, 4; Ps. 39, 12, SOLD. Gen. 31. 15, our father hath s. us. 45. 4, whom ye s. into Egypt.
Lev. 25. 23, the land shall not be s. for ever. 33. 4, whom ye s. Into Esyps.
140. 25, 25, the land shall not be s. for ever,
142. shall not be s. as bondsmen.
17. 28, no devoted thing shall be s.
Deut. 15, 12, if thy brother be s. unto thee.
23. 30, except their Rock had s. them.
1 Kings 21. 20, thou hast s. thyself to work evil.
Nch. 5. 8, or shall they be s. unto us.
Esth. 7. 4, for we are s. to be slain.
15a. 50. 1, have ye s. yourselves.
15a. 50. 1, have ye s. yourselves for nought.
15am. 5. 4, our wood is s. unto us.
15am. 5. 4, our wood is s. unto us.
15am. 5. 4, our wood is s. unto us.
15am. 5. 4, our wood is s. unto us.
15am. 5. 4, our wood is s. unto us.
15am. 5. 4, our wood is s. unto us.
15am. 5. 4, but not so for slarthing.
13. 46, went and s. all that he had.
13. 46, went and s. all that he had.
15am. 1

Acts 2. 45, and s. their possessions. Rom. 7. 14, s. under sin. 1 Cor. 10. 25, whatsover is s. in shambles. See Lu. 19. 45; John 12. 5; Acts 5. 1; Heb. 12. 16. See Lut. 19. 50; John L. 2., Acts 5. 1; Hcfi. SOLDIER. Ezra 8. 22. ashsmed to require. Mat. 8. 9; Lu. 7. 8, having s. under me. Lu. 3.14, s. demanded, what shall we do? Acts 10. 7, a devout s. 2 Tim. 2. 3, as a good s. of Jesus Christ. See 2 Chron. 25. 13; 1 sa. 15. 4; Acts 27. 31. Solle. Gen. 8. 9, dove found no rest for s. 2 Sam. 14. 25; Isa. 1. 5, from s. of foot to crown. See Deut. 28. 35, 56, 65; Josh. 1. 3; Job 2. 7. SOLEMN. Ps. 92. 3, sing praise with a s. sound. See Num. 10. 10; Isa. 1. 13; Lsm. 2. 22; Hos. 9. 5. SOLEMNITY. Isa. 30. 29, when a holy s. is kept. See Deut. 31. 10; Isa. 33. 20; Ezek. 45. 17; 46. 11. SOLEMNLY. Gen. 43. 3; 1 Sam. 8; 50. Esca. 75. 11; 30. 11. SOLEMNLY. Ps. 68. 6, setteth s. in families, 107.4, wandered in s. way. Isa. 35. 1, the wilderness and s. place shall be glad. See Job 3. 7; 30. 3; Esm. 1. 1; Mt. 7. 14; Mt. 1. 35. See Job 3. 7; 50. 3; Lam. I. 1; Mic. 7. 14; Mic. 1. 35. SOME. Gen. 37. 20, e. svil besst. Ex. 18. 17, gathered s. more, e. less. I Kings 14. 13, found e. good thing. Ps. 20. 7, e. trust in charlots. 69. 20, I looked for s. to take pity. Dan. 12. 2, e. to life and s. to shame. Mat. 16. 14; Mic. 8. 28; Lu. 9. 19, s. say thou art John the Baytiss. John the Enptist.

28. 17. s. doubted.

John 6. 54, s. of you that believe not.

Acts 19. 32 21. 34, s. cried one thing, s. another.

Rom. 3. 3. what if s. did not believe.

5. 7. s. would even dare to die.

1 Cor. 6. 11, such were s. of you.

15. 34, s. have not knowledge.

Eph. 4. 11, s. prophets, s. evangelists.

1 Tim. 5. 24, s. men's sins are open.

Heb. 10, 25, ss the manner of s. is.

2 Pet. 3. 9, s. men count slackness.

See 1 Tim. 1. 19; 2 Tim. 2. 18; Jude 22.

OMTEODY. Lu. 8. 46; Acts 5. 36. 2 Pet. 3. 9, as. men count slackness.
See 1 Tim. 1. 19; 2 Tim. 2. 18; Jude 22.

SOMEBODY. Lu. 8. 46; Acts 5. 3d.

SOMETIMES. Eph. 2. 13, s. far off.
5. 6, ye wero s. darkness.
Col. 1. 21, s. aliensted.
See Col. 3. 7; 7t. 3. 3; 1 Pet. 3. 20.

SOMEWHAT. 1 Kings 2. 14; Gal. 2. 6; Rev. 2. 4.
SON. Gen. 6. 2; Johl. 6; 2. 1; 38. 7; John 1. 12;
Phil 2. 15; John 3. 1, s. of God.
Johl 4. 21, his s. come to bonour.
Ps. 2. 12, kiss the S., lest he he sngry.
66. 16, save s. of thine handmaid.
116. 16, I sm the s. of thine handmaid.
116. 16, I sm the s. of thine handmaid.
117. 25; 19. 13, a foolish s.
17. 25; 19. 13, a foolish s.
17. 25; 30 fm y womb, s. of my vows.
18a. 9. 5, unto us a s. is given.
14. 12, s. of the morning.
Jer. 35, 5, s. of the Rechabites.
Ezek. 20, 31; 23. 37, s. pass through fire.
Hos. 1. 10, the s. of the living God.
Mal. 3. 17, as a man spareth his s.
Mat. 11. 27, no man knoweth the S.
13. 55; Mk. 6. 3; Lu. 4. 22, the carpenter's s.
17. 5, this is my beloved S.
22. 42, Christ, whose s. is he?
Lu. 7. 12, only s. of his mother.
10. 6, if the s. of peace.
19. 9, he also is s. of Abraham.
John 1. 18; 3. 18, only begotten S. 10. 6, if the 5. of peace.
19. 9, he also is s. s. of Abraham.
John 1.18; 3.18, only begotten S.
5.21; the S. quickeneth whom he will.
8.35, the S. abideth ever.
36, if the S. make you free.
17.12; 2 Thess. 2.3, the s. of perdition.
Acts 4.35, s. of consolation.
Rom. 1. 9, serve in the gospel of his S.
23, God sending his own S.
29, conformed to the image of his S.

Rom. 8. 32, spared not his own S. 1 Cor. 4. 14, as my beloved s. I warn you. Gal. 4. 5, the adoption of s. Gal. 4.0, the adoption of s.
7, if s.s., then an heir.
Col. 1.13, the kingdom of his dear S.
Heb. 2. 10, bringing many s. to glory.
5.8, though s. S., yet learned he obedience.
11. 24, refused to be called s. 11. 24, refused to be called s.
12. 6, securgath every s.
1. 6h securgath every s.
1. 15 hp. 2. 22, antichrist denieth the S.
5. 12, he that hath the S. hsth life.
Sec 1. John 1. 7; 4. 9; 5. 10, 11; Rev. 21. 7.
SONGS. Job 30, 9, now am I their s.
35. 10; Ps. 77. 6, who giveth s. in the night.
Ps. 32. 7, with s. of deliverance.
33. 3; 1sa 42. 10, sing unto him a new s.
40. 3, he hath put a new s. in my mouth.
69. 12, 1 was the s. of drunkards.
119. 54, my s. in house of my pilgrimage.
137. 4, the Lord's s. in a strange land.
Prov. 25. 20, that singeth s. to heavy heart.
1sa. 23. 16. sing many s. Prov. 25. 20, that singers s. to neavy near.
Isa. 23. 16, sing many s.
35. 10, the ransomed shall come with s.
Ezek. 33. 32, as a very loyely s.
Amos 8. 3, s. of the temple.
Eph. 5. 19; Col. 3. 16, in psalms and spiritual s.
Sec Cant. 1. 1; Rev. 5. 9; 14. 3; 15. 3. See Cant. 1. 1; Rev. 5. 9; 14. 3; 15. 3.
SON. Ex. 2. 18, how is it ye are come so s.
Joh 32. 22, my Maker would s. take me away.
Ps. 37. 2, shall s. be ent down.
58. 3, Fo satray as c. as born.
68. 31, Ethiopis shall s. stretch out hands.
90, 10, it is s. cut off.
106. 13, they s. forgat his works.
Prov. 14. 17, be that is s. sngry.
See Mat. 21. 20; Gal. 1. 6; 2 Thess. 2. 2; Tit. 1. 7.
SORF. 2 (Chron 6. 20, 18. 16. 1. 1. 1. 16. 20) Sorke 2 Chron. 6. 22; iss. 1. 6; Lu. 16. 20.

SORROW. Gen. 3. 16, multiply thy s.

42. 28, with s. to the grave.

Job 6. 10, I would harden myself in s.

21. 17, God distributeth s. in his anger.

41. 22, s. is turned into joy.

Ps. 13. 2, having s. in my heart dsily.

90. 10, their strength is but labour and s.

116. 3, I found trouble and s.

127. 2, to eat the bread of s.

Prov. 10. 22, maketh rich, addeth no s.

23. 29, who hath s.

Eccl. 2. 25, stil his days are s.

1. 3, s. is better than laughter.

11. 10, remove s. from thy heart.

1ss. 17. 11, day of desperate s.

35. 10; 51. 11, s. and sighing fice away,

53. 3, s. man of s.

Jer. 30. 15, thy s. is incurable.

49. 23, there is s. on the sea.

John 16. 5, s. hath filled your heart.

2 Cor. 2. 7, with overmuch s.

7. 10, godly s. worketh repentance.

1 Thess. 4. 13, s. not as others.

1 Tim. 6. 10, pierced with many s.

See Prov. 14. 13, even in laughter the heart is s.

Jer. 30. 15, replemished every s. soul.

Zoph. 3. 18, I will gather them that are s.

Mat. 10. 29, ye shall be s.

Sey John 16. 7; 2 Cor. 2, ye worker, s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

28. 37, he began to be s.

29. 20. 31, ye on shall be s.

Sey John 7, 20 or. 6. 10; Phil. 2. 28.

SORWY. Ps. 38. 18, I will be s. for my sin.

188. 51. 20, ye shall be s.

Soulty. Ps. 38. 18, I will be s. for my sin. SORE. 2 Chron. 6. 29; Isa. 1. 6; Lu. 16, 20. SORROW. Gen. 3. 16, multiply thy s. SOURY. Ps. 38. 18, I will be s. for my sin. Isa. 51. 19, who shall be c. for thee? See 1 Sam. 22. 8; Neh. 8. 10; Mat. 14. 9. SORT. Gen. 6.19, two of every s. 1 Chron. 29.14, to offer after this s.

Dan. 3. 29, deliver after this s. Acts 17. 5, fellows of the baser s. 2 Cor. 7. 11; 3 John 6, after a godly s. 2 Thn. 3. 6, of this s. are they. See Deut. 22. 11; Eccl. 2. 8; Ezek. 27. 24; 38. 4. SOTTISH. Jer. 4. 22, they are a children.
SOUGHT. Gen. 43. 30, he s. where to weep.
Ex. 4. 24, the Lord at to kill him.
1 Sam. 13. 14, the Lord hath a. him a man.
1 Chron. 15. 13, we s. him not after due order.
2 Chron. 15. 43, when they s. him he was found.
15, they s. him with their whole desire.
16. 12, in his disease he s. not the Lord.
26. 5, as long as he s. the Lord.
Pa. 34. 4; 77. 2, 1 s. the Lord and he heard me.
111. 2, e. out of all that have pleasure.
Eccl. 7. 29, s. out many inventions.
12. 10, preacher s. to find acceptable words.
Isa. 62. 12, shalt be called, S. out.
65. 1, s. of them that asked not.
Jer. 10. 21, pastors have not s. the Lord.
Lam. 1. 13, they s. meat to relieve their souls.
Ezek. 22. 30, Is. for a man among them.
34. 4, neither have ye a. that which was lost.
Lu. 11. 16, s. of him a sign.
13. 6, he s. fruit thereon.
19. 3, s. to see Jesus.
Rom. 9. 32, s. It not by faith.
Heb. 12. 17, though he s. carefully with tears.
See Cant. 3. 1; Lu. 2. 44; 1 Thess. 2. 6.
SOUL. Gen. 2. 7, a living s. SOTTISH. Jer. 4, 22, they are s. children.

22. 25, they have devoured e. Hab. 2. 10, thou hast sinued against thy e. Mat. 10. 25 to destruy both a and body. 16. 26; Mk. 6. 36, lose his own s. 26. 38; Mk. 14. 34, my s. is exceeding sorrowful rul.
Lu. 21. 19, in your patience possess ye your s.
Acts 4. 32, of one heart and s.
Rom. 13. 1, let every s. be subject.
1 Thess. 5. 23, that your s. and body be preserved.
Heb. 6. 19, so anohor of the s.
13. 14, they watch for your s.
Las. 6. 20, shall seve a s. from death.
Let 2. 11, which war against the s.
Pet. 2. 11, which war against the s. 4. 19, commit keeping of s. to him. 2 Pet. 2. 14, beguiling unstable s.

SPEAK. 3 John 2, even as thy s. prospereth. See Prov. 3. 22: Ezek. 3. 19: Acts 15. 24. See Prov. 3. 22; Ezek. 3. 19; Acts 15. 24.

SOUND (n.). Lev. 25. 35, the s. of a shaken leaf.

1 Kings 18. 41, s. of shundance of rain.

Job 15. 21, a dreadful s. is in his ears.

Pa. 69. 15, that know the joyful s.

92. 3, harp with a solemn s.

Eccl. 12. 4, s. of grinding is low.

Jer. 50. 22, s. of battle in the land.

51. 54, s. of sa cry cometh.

Ezek. 33. 5, he heard s. and took not warning.

John 3. 8, hearest the s., but canst not tell.

Acts 2.2, suddenly s. s. frum heaven.

Rom. 10. 18, s. went into sll the earth.

Cor. 14. 8, au uncertain s.

See 2 Kings 6. 32; Rev. 1. 15; 9. 9; 18. 22.

SOUND (add.). Prov. 2. 7: 3. 21: 8. 14. s. wisdon Sound (adf.). Prov. 2. 7; 3. 21; 8. 14. s. wisdom. Prov. 14. 30, as. heart is life of the flesh. 1 Tim. 1. 10; 2 Tim. 4. 3; Tit. 1. 9; 2. 1, s. doctrine. 2 Tim. 1. 7, spirit of a s. mind. 13, form of s. words. See Ps. 119. 89; Lu. 15. 27; Tit. 2. 2, 6. SOUND(v.). Ex. 19. 19, the trumpet s. long, Joel 2. 1, s. an alarm in holy mountain. Mat, 6. 2, do not s. a trumpet hefore thee. I Thess. I. 8, from you s. out word of the Lord. See Neh. 4. 18; 1 Cor. 13. 1; 15. 52; Rev. 8. 7. SOUR. Isa, 16. 5; Jer. 31, 29; Ezek, 18. 2; Hos. 4. SOW. Job 4. 6, they that s. wickedness. Ps. 97. 11, light is s. for the righteons. 126. 5, s. in tears. Prov. 6. 16, he that s. discord. Eccl. 11. 4, observeth wind shall not s. 6, fn morning s. thy seed. Isa, 32.20, that a beside all waters.
Jer. 4.3, a, not smong thorns.
12.13, a, wheat, but shall reap thorns.
13.13, a, wheat, but shall reap thorns.
14.13, a, wheat, but shall reap thorns.
Nah. 1.14, that no more of thy name be a.
14.21, by baye a much and bring in little.
14.32, baye a, much and bring in little.
13.3; Mk. 4.3; Lu. 6.5, went forth to a.
37, he that a, good seed.
John 4.36, both he that a, and he that reapeth.
1 Cor. 15.36, that thou a, is not quickened.
2 Cor. 9, 6, he which a, sparingly.
Gal. 6.7, whatsoever a man a, that.
See Lev. 26, 5; Deut. 11. 10; Jer. 2.2; Jas. 3. 18.
OWER. Isa, 55, 10; Jer. 50, 16; 2 Cor. 9, 10. SOWER, Isa. 55, 10; Jer. 50, 16; 2 Cor. 9, 10. SOWER. 183. 5. 10; Jef. 30. 16; Zcof. 3. 10: SPAKE. Ps. 39. 3, then s. 1 with my tongue. 106, 33, he s. unadvisedly with his lips. Msl. 3. 16, s. often one to another. John 7. 46, never man s. like this man. 1 Cor. 13. 11. 1 s. as a child. Heb. 12. 25, refused him that s. on earth. 2 Pet. 1. 21, holy men s. as they were moved. See Geo. 35. 15; John 9. 22; Heb. 1. 1. SPAN. Isa. 40.12; 48.13; Lam. 2.20.
SPARE. Gen. 18.26, I will s. for their sakes.
Neh. 13.22, s. me according to thy mercy.
Ps. 39.13, s. me that I may recover strength.
Prov. 13. 24, he that s. the rod.
19. 16, let not thy soul s. for his crying.
Joel 2.17, s. thy people.
Msl. 3.17, I will s. them as a man s.
Lu. 15.17, bread enough and to s.
Rom. 6.32, s. not his own Son.
11. 21, if God s. not the angels.
Sea Prov. 17. 27; 21. 26; 18a. 54, 2; 58. 1.
SPARK. John 5, 7; 18. 5; 1sa. 1. 31; 50. 11. SPAN. Isa. 40. 12; 48. 13; Lam. 2. 20. SPARK. Joh 5. 7; 18. 5; Isa. 1. 31; 50. 11. PARK. Jon. 7; 18, 5; 18a. 1.31; 50. 11.
PEAK. Gen. 18. 37, to s. to God.
Ex. 4. 14, 1 know he can s. well.
33. 11, spake to Moses as a man s. to friend.
Num. 20, 6, s. to the rock.
1 Sam. 25, 17, s. man cannot s. to him.
Joh 11. 5, oh that God would s. against thes.
13. 7, will ye s. wickedly for God.

Job 32. 7, days should a.

33. 14, God a once, yea, twice,
37. 20, if a man e. he shall be ewallowed up.
Ps. 25. 8, I will hear what the Lord will a.
Prov. 23. 9, a not in the ears of a fool.
Lant. 7. 9, causing lips of those asleep to a.
Isa. 19. 18, shall a language of Canaan.
63. 1. I that a in righteousness.
65. 24, while they are yet s. I will heer.
1er. 20. 9, I will not s. any more in his name.
Hah 2. 3, at the end it shall s.
Zech. 8. 16; Eph 4. 25. s. every man the truth.
Mat. 8. 8, s. the word only, and my servant.
10. 19; Mk. 13. 11, how or what ye shall s.
12. 34; Ln. 6. 45, of abundance of heart mouth s.
36, every idle word that men shall s.
Mk. 9. 39, can lightly s. evil of me.
Lu. 6. 26, when all men s. well of you.
Job 3. 11, we s. that we do know.
Acts. 4. 17, that they s. to no man in this name.
20, we cannot hnt s.
26. 25, 1 s. words of truth and soberness,
1. 22. 4, that sheets thinself and to God.
2. 20. -4. 13, we believe and therefore s.
Eph. 4. 15, s. the truth in hove.
Heb. 11. 4, he being dead yet s.
12. 24, that s. better things than that,
Jas. 1. 19, slow to s.
EFFAR. 1 Sam. 13. 22, s. with any but Saul.
17. 45. thon comest to me with a. s. SPF.AR. 1 Sam. 13. 22, s. with any but Saul. 17. 45, then comest to me with a s. Ps. 46. 9, he cuttest the s. in sunder. Isa. 2. 4; Mt. 4. 3, heat s. into pruning hooks. See Joh 41. 22; der. 6. 23; Hab. 3. 11; John 18. 34. SPECIAL. Deut. 7.6; Acts 19.11. SPECTACLE. 1 Cor. 4.9, made a.s. to the world. SPEECH. Gen. 11. 1, earth was of one s. Ex. 4. 10, 1 am slow of s. Num. 12. 8, not in dark s. Deut. 32. 2, my s. shall distil as dew. 1 Kings 3. 10. Solomon's s. pleased the Lord. Job 6. 26, the s. of one that is desperate. Job 6, 26, the s. of one that is desperate.
15. 3, or with s. wherewith be can do no good.
Ps. 19. 2, day unto day uttereth s.
3, there is no s. where their voice.
Prov. 17. 1, excellent s. becometh not s fool.
Cant. 4.3, thy s. is comely.
18. 33. 19, of deeper s. than thou canst perceive.
Mat. 26. 73, thy s. bewrayeth thee.
1 Cor. 2. 1, not with excellency of s.
4. 19, not the s., but the power.
2 Cor. 3. 12, we use great pishness of s.
10. 10, bis s. is contemptible. Tol. 10, list s. is contemptation.
Col. 4.6, let your s. be alway with grace.
Tit. 2.8, sound s. that cannot be condemned.
See Ezek. 3.5; Rom. 16. 13; 2 Cor. 11. 6.
SPEECHLESS. Mat. 22, 12; Lu. 1. 22; Acts 9. 7. SPEED. Gen. 24. 12, send me good s. 2 John 10, receive him not, neither bid him God s.

Sec Ezra 6. 12; Isa. 5. 26; Acts 17. 15.

See Ezra 6.12; 1sa, 5.26; Acts 17.15.
SPEEDLY. Ps. 3.1.2, deliver me s.
69.17; 143.7, hear me s.
79.8, let thy mercies s, prevent us.
102.2, when 1 call, answer me s.
Eccl. 6.11, hecause sentence is not executed s.
1sa, 58.8, thy health shall spring forth s.
Zech. 8.21, let us go s. to pray.
Lu. 18.9, he will avenge them s.
See 1 Sam. 27.1; Ezra 6.13; 7.17; Joel 3.4.

SPEND. Job 21, 13, they s, their days in wealth. 36, 11, they s, their days in presperity. Ps. 90. 9, we s. our years as a tale. Isa. 55. 2, why s. money for that which is not

2 Cor. 12. 15, very gladly s. and be spent for you. See Prov. 21. 20; Eccl. 6. 12; Lu. 10. 35. SPENT. Gen. 21. 15, water was s. in the bottle.

bread.

Job 7. 6, days s. without bope. Ps. 31.10, my life is s. with grief. Isa. 49, 4. T have s. my strength for nought. Acts 17. 21, s. their time to tell some new thing. See Mk. 6. 35; Lu. 18. 14; 24. 29; Rom. 13. 12. SPILT. 2 Sam. 14, 14, as water s. SP1N. Ex. 35. 25; Mat. 6, 28; Ln. 12, 27. SPIRIT. Gen. 6. 3, my s. shall not always strive. Ex. 35, 21, every one whom his s. made willing. Num. II. 17, take of the s. that is on thee. I4. 24, he had another s. with him. I6. 22; 27. 16, the God of s, of all flesh. 27. 18, as man in whom is the s.
Josh. 5. 1, nor was there any more s. in them.
1 Kings 22, 21; 2 Chron. 18. 20, there came 1 Kings 2.2. 21; 2 Ciron. 18. 20, there eather forth as.
2 Kings 2.9, let a double portion of thy s.
Neh. 9. 20, thou gavest thy good s. to instruct.
Joh 4. 15, a s. passed before my face.
15. 13, thou turnest thy s. against God.
16. 4, whose s. came from thee.
28. 8, there is a s. in man.
Ps. 31. 5; Lu. 23. 46, into thine hand I commit Ps. 31. 5; Lu. 23. 46, into thine hand I commit my s.

32. 2, in whose s, there is no guile.

51. 10, renew a right s. within me.

76. 8, whose s, was not stedfast.

104. 4; Heb. 1. 7, maketh his angels s.

106. 33, they provoked his s.

139. 7, whither shall I go from thy s.

Prov. 16. 2, the Lord weigheth the s.

13. an haughty s. goeth before a fall.

19; 20. 23; Iss. 57. 15, an humble s.

25. he that ruicth his s. better than he.

Ecol. 3. 21, who knoweth s. of men, and s. of beasts. beasts.

1. 8. the patient in s. hetter than the proud.

8. 8. power over s. to retain s.

11. 5. the way of the s.

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11. 5. the way of the s.

11. 15. the way of the s.

11. 15. the way of the s.

11. 16. the shall return of God.

12. 16. the s. the state of them.

12. 11. the s. the state of them.

13. 16. the s. should fail before me.

14. 11. Lu. 4. 18. 5. of the Lord is upon me.

15. the s. should fail before me.

16. 11. 14. 3. 13. 13. 11. 1 went in the heat of my s.

11. 19; 18. 31; 36. 26, a new s.

11. 19; 18. 31; 36. 26, a new s.

11. 19; 18. 31; 36. 26, a new s.

11. 2. 11. nan walking in s. and falsehood.

11. 14. 26; 1M. 6. 49, it is a s.

12. siphed deeply in his s.

12. siphed deeply in his s.

12. 17. go before him in s. of Elias.

12. 17. go before him in s. of Elias.

12. 17. go before him in s. of Elias.

12. 17. so before him in s. of Elias.

12. 19. the s. the themple.

13. 5. her s. came again.

14. 24. God is a S., worship in s. and truth.

15. 16. 16. is a S. that not flesh and bones.

16. 10. not able to resist the s.

17. 16, his s. was stirred within him.

28. say that there is neither angel nor s.

18. the S. that not after flesh, but after S.

21. the law of the S. of life.

11. the S. of him that raised up Jesus. beasts. 7. 8, the patient in s. better than the proud. 2, the law of the S. of Me.
11, the S. of him that raised up Jesus.
16, the S. itself beareth witness. 16, the S. itself beareth witness.
28, the S. maketh intervession.
12. 11, fervent in s.
1 Cor. 2. 4, in demonstration of the S.
10, the S, searcheth all things.
4 21; Gal. 6. 1, in the s. of meekness.
5. 17, he that is joined to the Lord is one s.
20, glority God in body and s.
12. 4, diversities of gifts, but the same S.
10, to anyother discerning of s. 10, to another discerning of s.

1 Cor. 14. 2. In the s. he speaketh mysteries.
15. 45, the last Adam made a quickening s.
2 Cor. 3. 6, letter killeth, s. giveth life.
17, where S. of the Lord is, there is liberty.
Gal. 3. 3, having begun in the S.
5. 16, walk in the S.
22; Eph. 5. 9, the fruit of the S.
25, if we live in the S., let us walk in the S.
6. 8, soweth to the S. et all of the S. reap.
Eph. 2. 2, the s. that worketh in children of discondendaries. obedience.

8. access by one S.

22. habitation of God through the S.

3. fie, strengthened by his S. in inner man.

4. 3, the unity of the S.

4. one body and one S.

23. renewed in a. of your mind.

30. grieve not the holy S. of God.

6. 18, be filled with the S.

6. 17, take sword of the S.

Phil. 1.27, stand fast in one e.

2.1, if any fellowship of the S.

Col. 1.8, your love in the s.

2.5. absent in flesh, vet with you in a. obedience. 2.5, absent in fiesh, yet with you in s.
1 Thess. 5. 19, quench not the S.
2 Thess. 2. 13, chosen through sanctification of the S. the S.

1 Tim. 3. 16, justified in the S.

4.1, giving heed to seducing s.
12, be thou an example in s.
2 Tim. 4. 22, the Lord Jesus be with thy s.
Heb. 1. 14, ministering s.

4. 12, dividing asunder of soul and s.
9. 14, who through the eternal S.
12. 9, in subjection to the Father of s.
23, to s. of just men made perfect,
Jas. 2. 28, the body without the s. is dead.
4. 5, the s. lustent to envy.
1 Pet. 1. 2, through sanctification of the S.
3. 4. ornameut of a meek and outer. 3.4, ornament of a meck and quiet s. 18, but quickened by the S. 18, but quickened by the S.

19, preached to s. in prison.

4.6, live according to God in the s.

1 John 3.24, by the S. he hath given us.

4.1, believe not every s., but try the s.

2, hereby know ye the S. of God.

3, every s. that confesseth not.

5. 6, it is the S. that heareth witness.

8, the s., the water, and the blood.

Jude 19, escoual, having not the S.

Rev. 1. 10, 1 was in the S. on the Lord's day.

2. 7, 11, 71, 29; 3. 6, 13, 22, hear what S. saith.

4. 2, I was in the s., and behold.

11. 11, S. of life from God entered.

14. 13, blessed are the dead, yea, saith the S.

22. If, the S. and the bride say, Come.

See Mat. 8. 16; John 3. 5; Acts 7.59; Rorn. 7.6.

PIRITITAL Hes. 9. 7, the s. man is mad.

SPIRITUAL. Hos. 9. 7, the s. man is mad. Rom. 1. 11, impart some s. gift, 7. 14, the law is s. 1.14, the law le s.
15.27, partakers of their s. things.
1Cor. 2.13, comparing s, things with s.
15, he that is a judgeth all things.
3.1, not speak unto you as unto s.
10.3, all eat the same s. meat.
12.1; 14.1, concerning s. gifts.
15.44, raised a s. body.
46, that was not first which is s.
Gal. 6.1, ye which are s. restore.
Eph. 5.19, healms and bymns, and s. songs.
6.12, s. wlokedness in high places.
1 Pet. 2.5, s. a, house to offer s. sacrifice.
See 1 Cor. 9, 11; Col. 1, 9; 3, 16.
SPIRITUALLY, Rom. 8.6; 1 Cor. 2, 14; Rev. 11. 8.
SPITTE. Ps. 10. 14, thou beholdest misohief and s.

SPITE, Ps. 10. 14, thou heholdest mischief and s. SPOIL (n.). Judg. 5. 30, necks of them that take s. 1 Sam. 14. 32, people flow upon the s. 2 Chron. 15. 11, offered to the Lord of the s. 20. 25, three days gathering the s. 28. 15, with the s. they dothed the naked.

Esth. 3. 13; 8. 11, take the s. of them for a prey 9.10, on the s. laid they not their hand. Job 29. 17, 1 plukked the s. out of his teeth. Ps. 119, 162, rejotee as one that findeth s. Prov. 16. 19, than to divide s. with proud. 31. 11, he shall have no need of s. 1sa. 3. 14, the s. of the poor is in your houses. 47. 24, who gave Jacob for a s. 53. 12, divide the s. with the strong. See Ezek. 7. 21; 38, 13; Nah. 2. 9; Zech. 14. 1. POUL (a). Fr. 3. 29; we shall s. Furnishs. See Ezek, 7. 21; 38. 13; Nah. 2. 9; Zech. 14. 1. 8POIL (e.). Ex. 3. 22, ye shall s. Egyptians, Ps. 76, 5, the stouthearted are s. Cant. 2. 15, the little flows that s. the vines. Iss. 33. 1, woe to thee that s. and thou wast not s. 42. 22, this is a people robhed and s. Jer. 4. 30, when s. what wilt thou do. Hab, 2. 8, thou hast s. many nations. Zech. 11. 2, bowl because the mighty are s. Col. 2. 15, having s. principalities. See Ps. 35. 10; Iss. 22. 4; Col. 2. 8; Heb. 10. 34. See Fs. 55. 10, 183. 22. 4; Col. 2. 8; Reb. 10. 55.
SPOKEN. Num. 23. 19, hath he s., and shall he not make it good?
1 Sam. 1. 15, out of my grief have I s.
1 Kings 18. 24, the people said, it is well s.
2 Kings 4. 13, wouldest thou he s. for to the king.
Ps. 62. 11. God hath s. once. Ph. 62.11. God hath s. ome.

65.14, my mouth hath s. ome.

65.14, my mouth hath s. one.

67.3, glorious things are s. of thee.

Prov. 15.23, word s. in due season.

25.11, word filly s. is like.

Eccl. 1.21, no heed to all words s.

18.1.5, 15, even 1, have s.

18.1.5, 15, even 1, have s.

18.1.5, 15, what have we s. to much against.

18.1.2, 94, shall be s. of for a memorial.

19.2, 34, for s sign s. against.

19.3, 16, 18, sign s. against.

19.1, 16, let not your good be evil s. of.

19.1, 16, let not your good be evil s. of.

19.2, 19.2, 19.3, SPORT. Gcn. 26. 8; Isa. 57. 4; 2 Pet. 2. 13. SPOICI. Gen. 26. 5; 1sa. 57. 4; 2 Pet. 2. 13.
SPOIC. Num. 28. 3; 9. 11; 29. 17. Lamba without s.
Deut. 32. 5, their s. is not s. of his children.
Joh 11. 15. lift up thy face without s.
Jer. 13. 23, or the leopard his s.
Eph. 5. 27; glorious church, not having s.
1 Tim. 6. 14; commandment without s.
1 Tim. 6. 14; commandment without s.
1 Pet. 1. 19, lamb without hlemish or s.
2 Pet. 3. 14, that ys may be found without s.
Jude 12, these are s. in your feasts.
See Cant. 4. 7; 2 Pet. 2. 13; Jude 23.
SPOINSE Cant. 4. 5. 1. 16s. 4. 13 SPOUSE. Cant. 4, 8; 5, 1; Hos. 4, 13. SPRANG. Mk. 4.8; Acts 16.29; Heb. 7.14; 11.12. SPREAD. Deut. 32. 11, eagle s. abroad her wings. 2 Kinga 19. 14; Isa. 37. 14, s. letter before the

Lord.

Lord.
Joh 9. 8. God who alone s, out the heavens.
26. 9, he s, his cloud upon it.
29. 19, mp root was a, out by waters.
36. 30, he s, his light upon it.
37. 18, hast thou with him s, out the sky.
Ps. 105. 39, he s, a cloud for a covering.
140. 5, they have s. a net hy the wayside.
1sa. 1. 15, whea ye s. forth your hands I will hide.
33. 23, they could not s, the sail.
65. 2, s, out hands to a rebellious people.
Jer. 6. 2, they shall s, them hefore the sun.
Ezek. 26. 14, a place to s, nets upon.
Mat. 21. 8; MK. 11. 6; Lu. 19. 39, s. garments.
Acts 4. 17, but that it s. no further.
See Judg. 8. 25; I Kings 8. 6 1; Ezra 9, 5.
PRIGS. 18a. 18. 5; Ezek. 17. 6.

SPRIGS. Isa. 18. 5; Ezek. 17. 6.

SPRING. Num. 2.17, s. up, O well.
1 Sam. 9.25, about s. of the day.
Joh 5. 6, neither doth trouble s. out of the ground.

38, 16, hast thou entered into the s. of the sea?

Ps. 87. 7, all my s. are in thee. 104. 10, he sendeth the s. into valleys. 107. 33, he turneth water-s. into dry ground. 35, turneth dry ground into water-s.

Prov. 25. 26, a troubled fountain and a corrupt s. Prov. 25, 25, a troubed foundain and a criss. 42, 9, before they s. forth I tell you. 43, 19, a new thing, now it shall s. forth. 45, 8, let righteousness s. up together. 58, 8, thine health shall s. forth. II, shall be like s. of water. Mr. 4, 27, seed should s. he knoweth not. See Joel 2, 22; John 4, 14; Heb. 12, 15. SPRINKLE, Job 2, 12; Isa, 52, 15; Ezek, 36, 25, SPROUT. Job 14. 7, a tree will s. again. SPUNGE. Mat. 27. 48; Mk. 15. 36; John 19. 29. SPY. Num. 13, 16; Josh. 2, 1; Gal. 2, 4. STABILITY. Isa, 33. 6, the s, of thy times, STABLE. 1 Chron. 16, 30; Ezek. 25, 5. STABLE. 1 Uhron. 10. 30; Ezek. 25. 5. STAFF. Gen. 32. 10, with my s. 1 passed over. Ex. 12. 11, eat it with s. in hand. Num. 13. 23, hare grapes between two on a s. Judg. 6. 21, angel put forth end of his s. 2 Sam. 3. 29, not fail one that leaneth on s. 2 Kings 4. 29, lay my s. on face of the child. 18. 21; Is. 36. 6, thou trustest on s. Pa. 23. 4, thy rod and s. comfort me, Iss. 3. 1, the stay and s. of bread. 9. 4, thou bast broken the s. of his shoulder. 10. 5, the s. in their hand is indignation. 15. as if the s. should lift up tised. 10. 5, the s. in their band is independent.
15, as if the s. should lift up itself.
14. 5, the Lord bath broken s. of the wicked.
17. 48. 17, how is the strong s. broken.
18. 10, took my s., even Beauty.
18. 6. 8, take nothing, save s. only.
19. 19. 11. 21, leaning on the top of his s.
19. 19. 19. 19. 10. 22. 27; 18s. 28, 27. STAGGER. Job 12.25; Ps. 107, 27, s. like a drunken man Isa. 29. 9, they s., but not with strong drink. See Isa. 19. 14; Rom. 4. 20. STAIN. Job 3.5; Isa. 23.9; 63.3. STA1RS. 1 Kings 6.8; Neh. 9.4; Cant. 2.14. STAKES. Isa. 33. 20; 54. 2. STALK. Gen. 41. 5; Josh. 2. 6; Hos. 8. 7. STALL. Prov. 15. 17; Hab. 3. 17; Mal. 4. 2. STAMMERING. 1sa. 28. 11; 32. 4; 33. 19. STAMP. Deut. 9. 21; 2 Sam. 22. 43; Jer. 47. 3. STAMP. Deut. 9. 21; 2 Sam. 22. 43; Jer. 47. 3. STAND. Ex. 14. 13; 2 Chron. 20. 17, s. still and see. Deut. 29, 10, ye s. this day all of you before. 1 Sam. 9. 27, s. thou still a while that I may. I Kings 8. 11; 2 Chron. 5. 14, priests could not s. to minister. to minister.
17. 1; 18. 15; 2 Kings 3. 14; 5. 16, the Lord before whom I s.
2 Kings 10. 4, two stood not, how shall we s.
2 Chron. 34. 32, caused all present to s. to it.
Esth. 8. 11, to s. for their life.
100 8. 15, lean on his house it shall not s.
19. 25, he shall s. at the latter day.
Ps. 1. 1, nor s. in the way of sinners.
5, the ungodly shall not s. in judgment.
4. 4. s. lu zwe and sin not.

Isa. 40. 8, the word of God shall s. for ever.
65. 5, say, s. by thyself, I am holier.
Jer. 6, 16, s. ye in the ways, ask for old paths.
35, 19, not want a man to s. before me.
Dan, 11, 16, he shall s. in the glorious land.
12, 13, and shall s. in the glorious land.
12, 13, and shall s. in thy lot.
Mic. 5, 4, he shall s. and feed in strength,
Nab. 2, 8, s., shall they cry.
Zech. 3, 1, Satan s. at his right hand.
Mal. 3, 2, who shall s. when he appeareth?
Mat. 12, 25; Mk. 3, 24, 25; Lu. 11, 18, house divided shall not s.
16, 28; Lu. 9, 27, there be some s. here.
20, 3, others s. idle in the marketplace.
Rom. 5, 2, this grace wherein we s.
14, 4, Gud is able to make him s.
1 cor. 2, 5, faith should not s. in wisdom.
16, 13, s. fast in the flicht.
Gal. 4, 20, 1 s. in doubt of you.
5, 1, s. fast in the liberty.
Epb. 6, 13, having doos all, to s.
Phill, 12, s. fast in one spirit.
4, 1, 1 Thess, 3, 8, we live if y s. fast.
2 Tim. 2, 19, the foundation of God s. sure.
Jas. 5, 9, the judge s. hefore the door.
Rev. 3, 20, 1 s. at the door and knock.
6, 17, is come, and who shall be able to s.
20, 12, dead, small and great, s. before God.
See Rom. 14, 41; I cor. 10, 12; Rev. 15, 2.
TANDARD, Isa, 10, 18, as when s-bearer fainteth. STANDARD. Isa. 10. 18, as when s.-bearer fainteth.
49. 22, I will set up my s. to the people.
59. 19, Spirit of the Lord shall lift up s. 52. 10, go through, lift up a s. Jer. 4. 6; 50. 2; 51. 12, set up a s. See Num 1. 52; 2. 3; 10. 14. STATE. Ps. 39. 5; Mat. 12. 45; Lu. 11. 28, STATE. Ps. 39, 5; Mat. 12, 45; Lu. 11, 28, STATURE. Num. 13, 32, men of great s. 1 Sam. 16, 7, look not on height of his s. 1 sa. 10, 33, high ones of s. hewn down. 45, 14, men of s. shall come.

Mat. 6, 27; Lu. 12, 25, not add to s.
Lu. 2, 52, Jesus increased in s.
Lu. 2, 52, Jesus increased in s.
Eph. 4, 13, s. of the fulness of Christ.

See 2 Sam. 21, 20; Cant. 7, 7; Ezek. 17, 6; 31, 3. See 2 Sam. 21. 29; Gant. 7.1; Ezek. 17. 6; 31. 3. STATUTE. Ex. 18. 16, the s. of God. Lev. 3. 17; 16. 34; 24. 9, a perpetual s. 2 Kings 17. 8, s. of the heathen.

Nch. 9. 14, s. and laws.
Ps. 19. 8, the s. of the Lord are right.
50. 16, to declare my s.
Ezek. 5. 6, bath changed my s.
20. 25, s. that were not good.
33. 16, walk in the s. of life.
Zech. 1. 6, my s., did they not take held.
See Pa. 18. 22; 106, 45; 119. 12, etc.; Ezek. 18. 19.
STAYES. Num. 21. 18. nohles digoed with s. See Fa. 16. 22, 100, 40; 118, 12, etc.; EZCK. 1 STAVES. Num. 21. 18, nobles digged with s. 1 Sam. 17. 43, a dog that thou comest with s. Hab. 3, 14, strike through with his s. Zeob. 11. 7, took unto me two s. Mat. 10. 10; Lu. 9. 3, nor two coats nor s. See Mat. 25. 47; Mk. 14. 43; Lu. 22. 52. STAY (n.). 2 Sam. 22. 19; Ps. 18. 18, the Lord was STAY (n.). 2 Sam. 22. 19; Ps. 18. 18, the Lord was my s.
Iss. 3. 1, take away the s. and staff.
See Lev. 13. 5; 1 Kings 10. 19; Iaa. 19. 13.
STAY (v.). Gen. 19. 17, neither s. in plain.
Ex. 9. 28, ye shall s. no longer.
Num. 16. 48; 25. 8; 2 Sam. 24. 35; 1 Chron. 21. 22;
Fs. 106. 30, the plague was s.
2 Sam. 24. 16; 1 Chron. 21. 15, s. now thine hand.
Job 37. 4, he will not s, them.
38. 11, here shall thy proud waves be s.
37, who can s. the bottles of heaven.
Prov. 28. 17, let no man s. him.
Iss. 26. 3, whose mind is s. on thee.
27. 8, he s. bis rough wind. 27. 8, he s. his rough wind. 29. 9, s. yourselves and wonder. 30. 12, ye trust and s. in oppression.

5. the ungodly shall not s. in judgment.
4. 4. a. in awe, and sin not.
10. 1. why s. thou afar off.
24. 3. who shall s. in his holy place.
33. 11. the counsel of the Lord s. for ever.
33. 11. the counsel of the Lord s. for ever.
33. 2. s. up for my help.
78. 7. who may s. in thy aight.
78. 18. who will s. up for ma.
79. 18. who will s. up for ma.
79. 19. 3. shall s. at right hand of the poor.
79. 22. 2. our feet shall s. within thy gates.
79. 3. shall s. at right hand of the poor.
79. 22. 29. shall s. before kings.
79. 4. who is able to s. before envy?
60. 18. 3. s. not it na evel thing.
18a. 7. 7; 8. 10, thus saith the Lord, it shall not s.
21. 8. 1 s. condinually on watchtower.
23. 18, your agreement with hell shall not s.

Isa. 50, 10, trust in Lord and s. on his God. Dan. 4. 35, none can s. his haod. Hag. 1. 10, heaven is s., earth is s. See Josh. 10. 13; 1 Sam. 24, 7; Jer. 4. 6; 20. 9. See Josh. 10. 13; 1 Sam. 24. 7; Jer. 4. 6; 20. 9. STEAD. Ex. 4. 18, be to him in s. of God.

Num. 10. 31, be to us in a. of eyes.
32. 14, risen in your fathers' s.
Job 16. 4, if your soul were in my soul's s.
31. 40, thisdles grow in s. of wheat.
42. 4b, es shall set others in their s.
Ps. 45. 16, in s. of fathers shall be children.
Prov. 11. 8, the wicked cometh in his s.
Iss. 3. 24, in s. of girdle a rent.
55. 13, in s. of the thorn shall come np.
2 Cor. 5. 20, we pray you in Christ's s.
See Gen. 30. 2; 2 Kings 17. 24; 1 Chron. 5. 22.
STEADY. Ex. 17. 12, Moses' hands were s. STEAL. Ex. 11. 12, moses mades were states. 44. 8, how then should we a silver or gold. Prov. 6. 30, if he a. to satisfy his soul. 30. 9, lest 1 he poor and s. Jen 23. 30, prophets that s. my words. Mat. 6. 19, thieves break through and s. John 10. 10, this cometh not but to s. See Hos. 4. 2; Mat. 27. 64; Rom. 2. 21. See Hos. 4. 2; Mat. 27. 64; Rom. 2. 21.
STEALTH, 2 Sam. 19. 3, by s. into city.
STEDFAST. Pe. 78. 8, not s. with God.
Dan. 6. 26, living God and a. for ever.
Heb. 2. 2, word spoken by angels was s.
3. 14, hold our confidence s. to end.
6. 19, hope as anchor sure and s.
1 Pet. 5. 9, resist s. in the faith.
See Acts 2. 42; Col. 2. 5; 2 Pet. 3. 17.
STEEL. 2 Sam. 22. 35; Job 20. 24; Jer. 15. 12.
STEEP. Ezek. 38. 20; Mic. 1. 4; Mat. 8. 32. STEEP. Ezek. 38. 20; Mic. I. 4; Mat. 8. 32.
STEEP. 1 Sam. 20. 3, but a s, between me and death. Joh 14. 16, thou numberest my s. 23. 11, my foot hath held his a 29. 6, I washed my s. with butter. 31. 4, doth not he count my s.?
7, if my s, hath turned out of the way. Ps. 37. 23, the s. of a good man are ordered. 31, noce of his s. shall slide.
44. 16, nor have our a declined. 56. 6, they mark my s. 73. 2, my s. had well nigh slipped. 55. 13, set us in the way of his s. 119. 133, order my s. in thy word: Prov. 4. 12, thy s. shall not be straitened. 5. 5, her a, take hold on hell. 16. 9, the Lond directeth his s. 1sa. 28. 6; the s. of the needy shall tread. Jer. 10. 23, not in man to direct his s. Rom. 4. 2, walk in s. of that faith. 2 Cor. 12. 18, walked we not in sams s.?
1981. 22, that ye should follow his s. See Ex. 20. 26; 2 Sam. 22. 37; Lam. 4. 18; Ezek. 40. 22.

STEWARD. 1 Kings 16. 9, drunk in house of his s. Lu. 12. 42, that faithful and wise c. See Gon. 15. 2; Lu. 8. 3; 1 Cor. 4. 1; 1 Pet. 4. 10.

See Gen. 15. 2; Lu. 8. 3; 1 COr. 4. 1; 1 Pet., A. 10. STICK. Num. 16. 32, gathered s. on sabbath. 1 Kings 17, 12, 1 am gathering two s. Job 33, 21, his bouses, out. Pa. 38. 2, thine arrows s. fast in me. Prov. 18. 24, a friend that s. closer. Ezek. 37, 16, take s. and write on it. See 2 Kings 6. 6; Lam. 48; Ezek. 29. 4. STIFF. Ex. 32. 9; 33, 3; 34, 9; Deut. 9. 6, 13; 10. 16, a-necked peoul.

STITF. Ex. 32, 9; 33, 3; 34, 9; Deut. 9, 6, 13; 16, s.-necked people.
Ps. 75, 5, speak not with a neck.
Jer. 71, 23, obeyed not, but made their neck s.
Ezek. 2, 4, impudent and a.-hearted.
Acts 7, 51, ye s.-necked, ye do always resist.
See Deut. 31, 27; 2 Chrou. 30, 8; 35, 13.
STILL. Ex. 15, 16, ass. as a stone.
Num. 14, 38, Joshua and Caleb lived s.
Josh. 24, 10, Balzam blessed you s.
Judg. 18, 9, the land is good, and are ye s.?

2 Sam. 14. 32, good to have been there s. 2 Kinge 7. 4, if we sit s. here, we die also. 2 Chron. 22. 9, no power to keep s. the kingdom. Joh 2. 9, dost thou s. retain integrity. 100 2.9, dost thous, restant antegrity.

Ps. 4.4, commune with thine heart, and he s.

8.2, s. the enemy and avenger.

23.2, beside the s. waters.

46.10, be s. and know that I am God.

c. s. the steiny and averages.
23. 2, beside the a waters.
46. 10, be s. and know that 1 am God.
76. 8, earth feared and was s.
83. 1, hold not thy peace, be not s., O God.
84. 4, they will be s. praising thee.
107. 29, so that the waves thereof are s.
139. 18, when I awake, I am s. with thee.
Eccl. 12. 9, he s. taught knowledge.
130. 7, their strength is to sit a.
42. 14, I have been s. and refrained.
Jer. 3. 14, why do we sit s.?
21. 20, I do carnestly remember him s.
Zech. II. 16, nor feed that that standeth s.
May a parse and said, peace, he s.
Rev. 22. 11, unjust s., filthy s., holy s.
See Num. 13. 30; Pa. 65. 7; 80. 9; 92. 14.
STING. Prov. 23. 32; I Cor. 15. 55; Rev. 9. 10.
STIR. Num. 24. 9, who chall s. him up?
Deut. 32. 11, as an eagle s. up her nest.
18am. 22. 8, my son hath s. up my servant,
26. 19, if the Lord have s. thee up.
1 Kings 11. 14, the Lord s. up an adversary.
1 Chron. 5. 26; 2 Chron. 36. 22; Hag. 1. 14. God s.
up the spirit.
Job 17. 8, the innocent shall s. up himself.
41. 10, none dare s. him up.
Ps. 35. 23, s. up thyself.
39. 2, my sornow was
Prov. 10. 12, hatred s. up strifes.
15. 18; 29. 22, a wathful man s. up strife.
1st. 10. 26, the Lord shall s. up a securge,
14. 9, hell from henceth s. up the dead.
64. 7, none s. up himself to take hold.
11. 23, fa be, and the people.

18. 10. 25, the Lord Man 3. 40 a storage.
14. 9, hell from heneath a. up the dead.
64. 7, none s. up himself to take hold.
Lu. 23. 5, he s. up the people.
Acts 17. 16, his spirit was s. in him.
19. 23, no small s. about that way.
2 Tim. 1. 6, s. up gift of God in thee.
2 Pet. 1. 13. I think it meet to s. you up.
See Cant. 2. 7; 3. 5; 8. 4; Isa. 22. 2; Acts 12. 12.
STOCK. Job 14. 8, though the s. thereof die.
Isa. 40. 24, their s. shall not take root.
41. 19, shall I fall down to the s. of a tree?
Hos. 4. 12, my people ask counsel at their s.
Nah. 3. 6; Heb. 10. 33, a gazing-s.
Acts 13. 26, children of the s. of Abraham.
See Jer. 2. 27; 10. 8; 20. 2; Phil. 3. 5.
STOLE. 2 Sam. 15. 6. Absalom e. the hearts.

STOLE. 2 Sam. 15.6, Absalom e, the hearts. Eph. 4.28, lat him that s. steal no more. See Gen. 31. 20; 2 Kings 11. 2; 2 Chron. 22. 11; Mat. 28. 13.

STOLEN. Josh. 7. 11, they have a and dissembled. 2 Sam. 21, 12, men had a the bones of Saul.

2 Sam. 21. 12, men had a, the bones of Saul. Prov. 9. 17, a, waters are sweet. Olad, 5, a, till they had enough. See Gen. 30, 33; 31. 19; Ex. 22. 7; 2 Sam. 19. 41. STOMACH. 1 Tim. 5. 23, for thy s, sake. STONE. Gen. 11. 3, they had brick for s. 28, 18, 22; 31. 45; 35, 14, set up a a, for a pillar. Deut. 8, 9, a land whose s. are iron. Josh. 24. 27, this s, shall be a witness. 2 Sam. 17. 13, till there be not one small s. found there. there.

Z Kingg 3. 25, cast every man his s. Job 5, 23, in league with s. of the field. 6. 12, is my atrength the strength of s. ? 14. 19, the waters wear the a.

14. 19, the waters wear the a. of darkness.
41. 24, his heart is as firm as a e.
Ps. 91. 12; Mk. 4 6; Lu. 4. 11, lest thou dash thy foot against a a.
118, 22; Mst. 21. 42; Mk. 12. 10, a. the builders refused is become head e.
Prov. 27. 4, a a is heavy, a fool's wrath.

Isa. 54. 11, I will lay thy s. with fair colours. 183. 32. 14, I will say thy s., with this colours.
60. 17, bring for s. fron.
62. 10, gather out the s.
194. 2. 27, and to s s., thou hast brought me forth
Dan. 2. 34, s s. was cut out of the mountain.
Hab., 2. 11, the s. shall cry out of the wall. 19. that saith to the dumb s. arise. .19, that saith to the dumb s. arise.
Hag. 2.15, before s. was laid upon s.
Zeoh. 3.9, upon one s. shall be seven eyes.
4.7, hring forth the head-s. thereof.
7.12, they made their hearts as s.
Mat. 7.9, Zu. 11, 11, will be give him a s.?
21.44; Lut. 20.18, whoseever shall fall on this s.
42.2; Mk. 13.2; Lu. 19.44; 21.6, not one s. upon 24. 2; MK, 13. 2; LU, 19, 4; Z1. 5, not one snother.

Mk. 13. 1, see what manner of s. are here.

16. 4; Lu, 24. 2, found s. rolled sway.

Lu, 4. 3, command this s. that it be made.

John 1. 42, Cephas, by interpretation a s.

E. 1, first cast s. s. 8.7. Hest cast a s. 1.39. take e away the s. 1.39. take e away the s. Acts 17. 29. that the Gothead is like to s. 1 Pet. 2.5. se lively s. are built up. See ISam. 30.8; 1 Cor. 3. 12; 2 Cor. 3. 3; Rev. 2. 17. STONY. Ps. 141.6; Ezek. 11. 19; 36.26; Mat. 13.5. STUNY. Fs. 141. 6; Ezek. 11. 19; 36. 26; Mat. 13. 5. STOOD. Gen. 18. 22, a. yet before the Lord. Num. 14. 19, a. behind them.
Josh. 3. 16, waters a. up on an heap.
2 Kings 23, 3. all the people a to the covonant, Esth. 9. 16, Jews s. for their lives.
Fs. 33. 9, he commanded, and it a. fast, Lu. 24. 36, Jesus himself a, in the midst.
2 Tim. 4. 16, no man s. with me.
See Gen. 23. 3; Joh 29. 8; Ezek. 37. 10; Rev. 7. 11. STOOP. Gen. 49. 9, Judah s. down. Prov. 12. 25, heaviness maketh the heart s. John 8. 6, s. down and wrote on the ground. See 2 Chron. 36. 17; John 13; Mk. 1.7; John 10. 11. See 2 Chron. 36. 17; Job 9. 13; Mk. 1.7; John 10. 11. STOP. Gen. 8. 2, windows of heaven were s. 1 Kings 18. 44. that the rain a thee not. Ps. 107. 42, iniquity shall s. her mouth. Zeoh. 7. 11, refused, and a. their ears. Acts 7. 57, s. their ears snd ran upon him. Rom. 3. 18, that every mouth may be s. Tit. 1. 11, whose mouths must be s. Heb. 11. 33, through faith s. mouths of lions. See Gen. 26. 15; Job 5. 16; Ps. 58. 4; Prov. 21. 13. STORE Lev. 25. 29: 28. 10, acts of the olds. See Gen. 26. 15; Job 5. 16; Ps. 58. 4; Prov. 21. 1 STORE. Lev. 25. 22; 28. 10, east of the old s. Deut. 28. 5, hiessed he thy basket and s. 2 Kings 20. 11; the fathers have laid up in s. Ps. 144. 13, affording all manner of s. Nab. 2. 9, none end of the s. and glory. Mal. 3. 10, hrlug tithes into s.-house nor barn. 1 Cor. 16. 2, every oue lay by him in s. 1 Tim. 8. 19, laying up in s. a good foundation. 2 Pet. 3. 7, by same word are kept in s. See 1 Kings 10. 10; 1 Chron. 28. 16; Ps. 33. 7. STORM. Ps. 58. secans from prids. See I Kings 10. 10; I Chron. 29. 16; FS. 35. 18 TORM. Pe. 55. 8, esospe from windy s. 83. 15, make them afraid with thy s. 107. 29, be maketh the s. a calim. Iss. 4. 6; 25. 4, a covert from s. 28. 2, as a destroying s. Ezek. 38. 9, shalt ascend and come like a s. Kah. I. 3, the Lord hath his way in the s. See Job 21. 18; 27. 21; MR. 4. 37; Lu. 8. 23, STURMY. Pe. 107. 25. 148. 8. Exek. 13. 11. STORMY. Ps. 107. 25; 148. 8; Ezek. 13, 11. STORMY. Ps. 107. 25; 148. 8; Ezek. 13. 11.

STORY. 2 Chron. 13. 22; 24. 27.

STOIT. Dan. 7. 20, whose look was more s.

Mal. 3. 13, words have heen s. scainst me.

See Ps. 76. 5; 1ss. 9, 9; 10. 12; 46, 12.

STRAIGHT. Ps. 5. 8, make thy way s.

Prov. 4. 25, let eyelids look s. before thee,

Ecol. 1. 15; 7. 13, crooked cannot be made s.

1ss. 40, 3, make s. s. highway.

4; 42. 16; 45. 2; 1.u. 3. 5, crooked shall be made s.

1er. 3.1. 9, cause them to walk in a s. way.

Jer. 31. 9, cause them to walk in a s. way. Mat. 3. 3; Mk. 1. 3; Lu. 3. 4; John 1. 23, make

his paths s.

I.u. 13. 13, she was made s.
Acts 9, 11, street which is called S.
Heb. 12. 13, make s. paths for your feet.
See Josh. 6. 5; 1 Sam. 6. 12; Ezek. 1. 7; 10. 22. STRAIGHTWAY. Prov. 7. 22, he goeth after her s. Mst. 4. 20; Mk. 1. 18, they s. left their nets. Jas. 1. 24, s. forgetteth what manner. See Lu. 14. 5; John 13. 32; Acts 9. 20; 16. 33. See Lu. 14.5; John 13. 32; Acts 9. 20; 16. 33. STRAIN. Mat 23. 24; as ta gnat. STRAIN. Mat 23. 24; as ta gnat. STRAIT. 2 Sum. 24. 14, I am in a greats. Job 20. 22, he shall be in s. Isa. 49. 20, the place is too s. for me, give place. Mic. 27, it as prirt of the Lord s.? Mat. 7. 13; Ln. 13. 24, enter in at the s. gate. Lu. 12. 56, how am It s. till it be accomplished. 2 Cor. 6. 12, ye are not s. in us. Phil. 1. 23, I am in a s. hetwixt two. See 2 Kings 6. 1; Job 18. 7; 37. 10; Jer. 19. 9. STRAITIV. Gen. 43.7. Loch 6. 1. Acts 4. 17. STRAITLY. Gen. 43.7; Josh. 6.1; Acts 4.17. STRAITNESS. Deut. 28, 53; Job 36, 18 STRANGE. Gen. 42. 7. Joseph made himself s. Ex. 2. 22; 18. 3; Ps. 137. 4, in a s. land. Lev. 10. 1; Num. 3. 4; 26. 61, offered s. fire. Job 19. 17, my breath is s. to my wife. 300 19. 17, my priesta 13 s. to my whe.
31. 3, as, punishment to workers.
Prov. 21. 8, the way of man is frownd and s.
1sa. 22. 21. his s. work, his a. act.
Ezek. 3.5, not sent to people of a s. speech.
Zeph. 1. 8, clothed with a ppparci.
Lu. 5. 26, we have seen s. things to-day.
Acts 17. 20, we have highests s. things to one cars. Accs 11. 20, thou in interests, thinks out acts. 26. 11, persecuted them even to a cities. Heb. 13. 9, carried shout with a doctrines. 1 Pet. 4. 4, they think it a ye run not. 12, not a concerning the flery trial. See Judg. 11. 2; Ezra 10. 2; Prov. 2. 16; Jer. 8. 19. See Judg. 11. 2; Ezra 10. 2; Prov. 2. 16; Jer. 8. 19. STRANGER. Gen. 23. 4; Ps. 39. 12, I am a. s. with you. Ex. 23. 9, ve know the heart of a s. 1 Chron. 29. 16, we sre s. as were all our fathers. Job 15. 19, no s. passed among them.
31. 32, the s. did not lodge in the street.
Ps. 54. 3, for s. are risen up against me.
109. 11, let the s. spoil his labour.
146. 9, the Lord preserveth the s.
Prov. 2. 18, to deliver thee eveo from the s.
5. 10, lest s. he filled with thy wealth.
17, let them he thine own, not s. with thee.
8. 1, stricken thy hand with a s.
7. 6, from the s. which flattereth.
11. 15, he that is surety for a s. s. hall smart. 8.1 stricken thy hand with a s. with thes.
8.1 stricken thy hand with a s.
1.5 formula the strick t 13. 2, be not forgetful to entertain s. See Mat. 17. 25; John 10. 5; 1 Pet. 2. 11. STRANGLED. Nah. 2. 12; Acts 15. 20; 21. 25. STREAM. Ps. 124. 4; Isa. 35. 8; 66. 12; Amos 5. 24. STREET. Prov. 1. 20; Lu. 14. 21; Rev. 21. 21; 22. 2. STEELS: 1. Prov. 1. 20; Lu. 14. 21; Kev. 21. 21; 22. 2. STEENGTH. Ex. 15. 2; 2 Sam. 22. 33; Ps. 18. 2; 28. 7; 118. 14; Isa. 12. 2, the Lord is my a. Judg. 5. 21, thou hast trodden down s. 1 Sam. 2, b, by s. shall no man prevail. 5. 29, the 8. of Israel will not lie. Job 9. 19, if 1 speak of s., lo, he is strong. 12. 13, with him is wisdom and s. Ps. 18. 32, girded me with s. 27. 1, the Lord is the s. of my life.

Ps. 29. 11, the Lord will give s. to his people. 33. 16, mighty not delivered by much s. Ps. 29. 11, the Lord will give a to his people.

33. 15, mighty not delivered by mice s.

39. 13, spare me that I may recover s.

48. 1; \$1. I. God is our refuge and s.

68. 34, ascribe s. to God, his s. is in clouds.

35, God giveth s. and power.

13. 25, God is the s. of my heart.

44. 5, the man whose s. is in thee.

1, they go from s. to s.

68. 4, s. and beauty are in his sanctuary.

138. 3, strengthenedst me with s. in my soul.

Prov. 10. 28, the way of the Lord is s.

Eccl. 9. 15, wisdom is better than s.

10. 17, princes ent for s.

138. 25. 4, s. a. to the poor, s. to the needy,

40. 28, he increasent s.

14. 9, awake, put on s.

14. 2, 2 I will destroy s. of kingdoms.

Lu. 1. 51, he hash showed s. with his arm.

Rom. 5. 6, when ye were without s.

1 Cor. 15. 65, the s. of sin is the law.

Ev. 3. S. thou hasts a little s.

Ev. 3. S. thou hast a little s.

Eve. 3. S. thou hast a little s.

Eve. 3. S. thou hast a little s. See Job 21. 23; Prov. 20. 29; 2 Cor. 12. 9.
STRENGTHEN. Job 15. 25, he s. himself against.
Ps. 20. 2, a thee out of Zion.
104. 15, bread which a man's heart.
Eccl. 7. 19, wisdom s. the wise.
1sa. 35. 5, a ye the weak hands.
Lu. 22. 32, when converted, s. thy brethren.
Eph. 3. 16; Col. 1. 11, to be a with might.
Phil. 4. 13, all things through Christ whos. me.
See Lu. 22. 43; 1 Pet. 5. 10; Rev. 3. 2. STRETCH. Ps. 68. 31, s. out her hands to God. Iss. 28. 20, shorter than a man can a himself. Jer. 10. 12; 51. 15, he s. out the heavens. Ezek. 16. 27, 1 have s. out my hand over thee. Mat. 12. 13, s. forth hime hand. See Ps. 104. 2; Prov. 1. 24; Room. 10. 21; 2 Cor. 10. 14. STRIKE. Job 17. 3; Prov. 22. 26, s. hands. Ps. 110, 5, shall s. through kings. Prov. 7. 25, till s dart s. through his liver. See Prov. 23. 35; 1sa, 1, 5; 1 Tim. 3. 3; Tit. 1. 7. STRIVE. Gen. 6. 3, shall not always s. Prov. 3. 30, s. not without cause. Lu. 13, 24, a. to enter in at strait gate. 2 Tim. 2. 5, if a man e. for mastery. 24, the servant of the Lord must not s. See Isa. 45, 9; Jer. 50, 24; Mat. 12, 19; Heb. 12, 4. See Isa. 45.9; Jer. 50. 24; Mat. 12. 19; Heb. 12. 4.
STRONG. I Sam. 4.9; I Kinga 2. 2; 2 Chroo. 15. 7;
Isa. 35, 4; Dan. 10. 19, he s.
Job 9. 19, if I speak of strength, lo, he is s.
Ps. 19. 5, as a s. man to run a race.
24. 8, the Lord is s.
31. 2, be thou my s. rock.
71. 7, thou art my s. refuge.
Prov. 10. 15, rioh man's wealth is his s. city.
Is. 10, the name of the Lord is a s. tower.
Eccl. 9. 11, the battle is not to the s.
Iss. 40. 26, for that he is s. in power,
Mat. 12. 29, first bind the s. man.
Rom. 4. 20, s. in faith.
I Cor. 4. 10, we are weak, ye are s.
2 Thesa. 2. 11, s. delusion.
Heb. 5. 12, of milk, and not of s. meat.
6. 18, we have 2. a. consolation.
See Pro. 14. 26; Joel 3. 10; Rom. 15. 1; Rev. 5. 2.
STUBELE. Ps. 83, 13, make them as s. STUBBLE. Ps. 83.13, make them as s. Isa. 33. 11, conceive chaft, bring forth s. 41. 2, as driven s. Jor. 13. 24, 1 will scatter them as s. Ses Joel 2. 5; Nah. 1. 10; Mal. 4. 1; 1 Cor. 3. 12.

STUDY. 1 Thesa. 4. 11: 2 Tim. 2. 15.

SUBDUE. Ps. 47. 3, he shall a the people. Mic. 7 19, he will s. our iniquities. Phil. 3. 21, able to a all things. Heb. 11. 33, through fath s. kingdoms. See Dan. 2. 40; Zech. 9. 15; 1 Cor. 15. 28. SUBJECT. Ln. 10. 17, devils are s. unto us. Rom. 8. 7, not s. to law of God. Rom. 8. 7, not s. to law of God.

20, creature s. to vanity.

13. 1, s. to the higher powers.

15. 28, cherts of prophets s. to prophets.

15. 28, the Son also be s. to him.

Eph. 5. 24; as the church is s. to Christ.

Heb. 2. 15, all their lifetime s. to bondage.

Jas. 5. 17, a man s. to like passions.

1 Pet. 2. 16, servants be s. to your masters.

3. 22, angels and powers s. to him.

5. all of you be s. one to another.

See Lu. 2. 51; Col. 2. 20; Tit. 3. 1.

IIRMIT. 2. Sam. 22. 45. s. themselves. See Rom. 10. 3; Eph. 5. 21; Heb. 13. 17.
SUBSCRIBE. Iss. 44, 5; Jer. 32, 24.
SUBSCRIBE. Iss. 44, 5; Jer. 32, 24.
SUBSCRIBE. Iss. 44, 5; Jer. 32, 24.
SUBSTANCE. Gen. 13. 6, their s. was great.
Deut. 33, 11, blees hids.
Jeb. 30, 22, thou dissolvest my s.
129. 15, my s. was not hid from thee.
Prov. 3, 9, honour the Lord with thy s.
28. 8, he that by usury increaseth his s.
28. 8, he that by usury increaseth his s.
28. 8, he that by usury increaseth his s.
28. 1, give all his s. for love.
Jer. 15, 13; 17. 3, thy s. will I give to spoil.
Hos. 12. 8, 1 have found me outs.
Mic. 4. 13, I will consecrate their s.
Lu. 8.3 ministered to him of their s. Lu. 8. 3, ministered to him of their s. 15. 13, wasted his s. Heb. 10. 34, a better s. 11. 1, the s. of things hoped for. Ses Prov. 1. 13; 6. 31; 8. 21; 12. 27; 29. 3. SUBTILTY. Gen. 3. 1; 2 Sam. 13. 3; Prov. 7, 10. SUBTILTY. Gen. 27, 35; Mat. 28. 4; Acts 13. 10. SUBVERT. Lam. 3. 36; 2 Tim. 2. 14; Tit. 1. 11; 3. 11. SUCCESS. Josh 1.8, have good s. SUCK. Deut. 32. 13, s. honey out of rock, 33. 19, s. abundance of the seas.
Job 20. 16, s. poison of asps.
1sa. 60. 16, s. the milk of the Gentiles.
Sea Mat. 24. 19; Mk. 13. 17; Lu. 21. 23; 23. 29. See Mat. 24. 19; Mk. 13. 17; Lu. 21. 23; 23. 29. SUDDEN. J. Dob 22. 10; Prov. 3. 25; 1 Thess. 5. 3. SUDDENLY. Prov. 28. 1, be a destroyed. Ecol. 9. 12, when it falleth a Mal. 3. 1, shall a come to his temple. Mk. 13. 36. lest coming a he flud. 1 Tim. 5. 22, lay hands a on no man. SUF FER. Job 21. 3, s. me that 1 may apeak. Ps. 55. 22, never a righteous to be moved. 83. 33, nor s. my fatihituiness to fail. Prov. 19. 15, the idle soul ahall a. hunger. Ecol. 5. 12, not a him to sleep. Mat. 3. 16, a it to be so now. 8. 21; Lu. 9. 59, s. me first to bury my father. 16. 21; 17. 12; Mk. 23; Lu. 9. 22, s. many things. 19. 14; Mk. 10. 14; Lu. 18. 16, a little children. 23. 13, neither s. ye them that are entering. Lu. 24. 46; Acta 3. 16, behoved Christ to s. Rom. 8. 17, if was. with him. 1 Cor. 3. 15, he shell s. loss. 10. 13, will not a, you to be tempted. 12. 26, if one member a all a with it. Gal. 6. 12, leat they should a persecution. 2 Tim. 2. 12, if we a, we shall also reign. 3. 12, shall a persecution. Heb. 13. 3, remember them who s. 1942. 2, s. for us, leaving an axample, 4. 1, be that bath a, in the flesh. See Gal. 3. 4; Phil. 3. 8; Heb. 2. 18; 5. 8. SUFFICIENCY. Job 20. 22; 2 Cor. 3. 5; 9. 8. SUDDEN. Job 22, 10: Prov. 3, 25: 1 Thess. 5, 3, STUBLE. Prov. 4. 18, know not at what they s. Isa. 28. 7, they s. in judgment. 59. 10, wes. at noonday. Jar. 46. 6; Dan. 11. 19, s. and fall. Mal. 2. 8, have caused many to s. 1 Pet. 2. 8, that s. at the word. See John 11. 9; Rom. 9. 32; 11. 11; 14. 21. SUFFICIENCY. Job 20. 22; 2 Cor. 3.5; 9.8.

SHEFICIENT SUFFICIENT. 1sa. 40. 16, not s, to burn. Mat. 6, 34, s. for the day is the evil. 2 Cor. 2, 16, who is s. for these things? Sse Deut. 15. 8; John 6. 7; 2 Cor. 3. 5; 12. 9. SUM. Ps. 139, 17; Acts 22, 28; Heb. 8, 1, SUMMER. Gen. 8.25; Ps. 74. 17. 3. and winter. Frov. 6.8; 30.25, provideth meat in s. 10.5, he that gathereth in s. is a wise son. 28. 1, as enow in s. Jer. 6. 20, the s. is ended. Mat. 24. 32; Mk. 13. 28, ye know s. is ntgh. See Dan. 2.35; Sech. 14.6; Lu. 21. 30. UMPTUOUSLY. Lu. 16. 19, fared s. every day.
UN. Josh. 10. 12, s. stand thou still.
Judg. 5. 31, as the s. in his might.
Joh 8. 16, hypocrite is green before the s.
Ps. 58. 8, that they may not see the s.
Ps. 58. 9, that they may not see the s.
Ps. 58. 11, as and shield.
121. 6, the s. shall not smite thee.
Eccl. 1. 9, no new thing under the s.
12. 2, while the s. or stars he not darkened.
Cant. 1. 6, because the s. hat looked upon me.
6. 10, clear as the s.
Jer. 15. 9, he as is gone down while yet day.
Joel 2. 10; 3. 15, the s. be darkened.
Mal. 4. 2, the S. or ighteousness.
Mat. 5. 45, maketh his s. to rise on evil.
13. 43, then shall righteous shine as s.
Eph. 4. 28, let not s. go down on your wrath.
See 1 Cor. 15. 41; Jas. 1. 11; Rev. 7. 18; 2. 23.
UPPERFLUITY. Jas. 1. 21; Rev. 7. 18; 2. 23. SUMPTUOUSLY. Lu. 16. 19, fared s. every day. SUN. See I Cor. 15. 41; Jas. 1. 11; Kev. 7. 16; 21. 23. SUPERFLUITY. Jas. 1. 21, s. of naughtiness. SUPEPLICATION. 1 Kings 9. 3, have heard thy s. Joh 9. 15, 1 wulld make s. to my judge, Ps. 6. 9, the Lord hath heard my s. Dan. 9. 3, to seek by prayer and s. Zeoh. 12. 10; spirit of grace and s. Eph. 6. 18, with all prayer and s. 1 Tim. 2, 1, that s. be made for all men. See Ps. 28. 6; 31. 22; Phil. 4. 6; Heb. 5. 7. SUPPLY See 1. 20. 4. 10. SUPPLY. Phil. 1. 19; 2, 30; 4, 19. SUPPORT. Acts 20. 35; 1 Thess. 5. 14. SUPREME. 1 Pet. 2. 13, to the king as a. SUPER Num. 32. 23, be s. your sin will find.
Joh 24. 22, no man is s. of life.
Prov. 6. 3, make s. thy friend.
Iss. 55. 3; Acts 13, 34, the s. mercies of David.
Iss. 55. 3; Acts 13, 34, the s. mercies of David.
2 Tim. 2. 19, toundation of God standerh s.
See Iss. 33. 16; Heb. 6. 19; 2 Pet. 1, 10, 10.

SURFEITING. Lu. 21. 34, overcharged with e. SURPRISED. Isa. 33. 14; Jer. 48, 41; 51. 41. SUSTAIN: Ps. 3. 5; 55. 22; Prov. 18. 14; Isa. 59: 16.

16.
SWEAR. Ps. 15. 4, that s. to his burt.
Eccl. 9. 2, that s. as he that feareth an oath.
1sa. 45. 23, to me overy tongue shall s.
65. 16, shall s. by the God of truth.
Jer. 4. 2, s. the Lord liveth in truth.
23. 10, because of s. the land mourneth.
Hos. 4. 2, by s. and lying they break out.
10. 4, s. falsely in making s. ovenant.
Zech. 5. 3, every one that s. shall be cut off.
Mal. 3. 5. a witness segainst false s. Mal. 3. 5, a witness against false s. See Zeph. 1. 5; Mat. 26. 74; Heb. 6. 13.

See Zeph. 1.5; Mat. 28. 74; Heb. 6, 13.

SWEAT. Gen. 3. 19; Ezek. 44. 18; Lu. 22. 44.

SWEET. Joh 20. 12; though wickedness he s.

Pa. 55. 11; we took s. counsel together.

104. 34; my meditation shall be s.

104. 34; my meditation shall be s.

19. 17; stolen waters are s.

13. 19, desaire accomplished is s.

16. 24; pleasant words are s.

27. 7, to the hungry every bitter thing is s.

Eccl. 3, 12, sleep of labouring man is s.

Eccl. 3, 12, sleep of labouring man is s.

Cant. 2, 3, his fruit was s. to my taste.

Iss. 5. 20, put bitter for s. and s. for bitter.

23. 16; make s. melody.

Jas. 3. 11, at same place s. water and bitter. See Judg. 14. 18; Mic. 6. 15; Mk. 16. 1. SWELLING. Jer. 12.5; 2 Pet. 2. 18; Jude 16. SWIET. Eccl. 9. 11, the race is not to the s.

Amos 2. 15, the s. of foot shall not deliver.

Rom. 3. 15, feet s. te shed blood.

See Job 7. 6; 9. 25; Jer. 46. 6; Mal. 3. 5.

SWIM. 2 Kings 6. 6; Iron did s.

Ezek. 47, 5, waters to s. in.

See Ps. 6. 6; Jas. 25. 11; Ezek. 32. 6; Acts 27. 42.

SWOLLEN. Acts 23. a. when he should be no c.

SWOLLEN. Acts 26.6, when he should have s. SWOON. Lam. 2.11, children s. in streets.

SWOON. Lam. 2. 11, children s. in streets.

SWORD. Pe. 57. 4, their tongue a sharp s.

lsa. 2. 4, nation shall not lift up s.

Ezek. 7. 15, s. is without, pestilence within.

Mat. 10. 34, not to send peace, but a s.

Lu. 2. 35, s. s. shall plerce thy own soul.

Rom. 13. 4, he beareth not the s. in vsin.

Eph. 6. 17, the s. of the Spirit.

Heb. 4. 12, sharper than two-edged s.

Rev. 1. 16; 19. 15, out of his mouth a sharp s.

13. 10, that killeth with s. must he killed with s.

See Isa. 2. 4; Joel 3. 10; Mic. 4. 3; Lu. 22, 38.

TABERNACLE. Ps. 15. 1, shide in thy t. 27. 5, in secret of his t, shall he hide me. 84. 1, how amishle are thy t. 1ss. 33. 20, a t. that shall not be taken down. See Job 5. 24; Prov. 14. 11; 2 Cor. 5. 1.

Iss. 33.20. a.t. that shall not be taken down. See Job 5.24; Prov. 14. 11; 2 Cor. 5. 1.

TABLE. Ps. 23.5, thou preparest a.t. 69.22; let their t. become a snare. 78. 19. can God furnish a.t. in the wilderness? 128. 3, like olive plants shout thy t. Prov. 9. 2, wisdom hath furnished her t. Mat. 15. 27; Mk. 7.28, from their masters! t. Acts 6. 2, leave word of God and serve t. 2 Cor. 3. 3, fleshy t. of the heart. See Prov. 3. 3; Jer. 17. 1; Mal. 1. 7; T Cor. 10. 2L TAKE. Es. 6. 7, I will t. you for a people. 34. 9, t. us for thine inheritance. Judg. 19. 30, t. advice and speak your minds. 2 Kings 19. 30; lss. 37. 31, shall yet t. root. Job 23. 10, he knoweth the way that 1 t. Ps. 51. 11, t. not thy holy spirit from me. 116. 13, I will t. the cup of salvation. Cant. 2. 15, t. us the foxes, the little foxes. 14. 2, t. with you words. Amos 9. 2, thomos shall mine hand t. them. Mat. 6. 25. 25, thomos shall mine hand t. them. Mat. 6. 25, 25, thomos shall mine hand t. them. 16. 5; Mk. 8. 14, forgothen to t. bread. 18. 16, then t. with the eone or two more. 20. 14, t. that thine is, and go thy way. 26. 26; Mk. 14. 22; 1 Cer. 11. 24, t. eat, this is my body. Lu. 6. 29, forheld him not to t. thy cost also.

See John L. 29; 10. 18; 1 Cor. 10. 13; Rev. 22. 19; TALE. Ps. 90. 9; Lu. 24. 11.

TALK. Deut. 5. 24, God doth t. with man, 6. 7, t. of them when thou sittest. Joh 11. 2, a man full of t.
13. 7, will ye t. deceitfully for him.
15. 3, reason with unprofitable t.
Ps. 71. 24, t. of thy righteousness.
145. 11, t. of thy power.
Prov. 6. 22, it shall t. with thee.
Jer. 12. 1, let me t. with thee of judgments.
Ezek. 3. 22, arise, and I will t. with thee there, Mst. 22. 15, they might entangle him in his t.
Lu. 24. 32, while he t. with us by the way.

John 9, 37, it is he that t, with thee. See Prov. 14, 23; John 14, 30; Eph. 5, 4. TALL. Deut. 1, 28; 2, 10; 2 Kings 19, 23. TAME. Mk. 5.4; Jas. 3.7, 8. TARE. 2 Sam. 13. 31; 2 Kings 2, 24; Mk. 9. 20. TARE 2 Sam. 13. 31; 2 Kings 2. 24; Mk. 9. 20.
TARRY. Gen. 27. 44, and 4. a few days.
Ex. 12. 39, were thrust out and could not c.
2 Kings 1. 9, if we t. till morning light.
9. 3, flee sand t, not.
Ps. 66. 12, she that t. at home divided spoil.
101. 1, liar shall not t. in my sight.
Prov. 23. 30, they that t. long at the wine.
Iss. 46. 13, my salvation shall not t.
Jer. 14. 8, that turneth aside to t. for a night.
Hish. 2. 5, though it, wait for it.
Mat. 25. 5, while the bridegroom.
26. 38; Mk. 14. 34, t. here and watch.
Lu. 24, 29, he went in to t. with them.
49, t. ye in city of Jerusalem until endued.
John 21. 22, if I will that he t.
Acts 22. 16, why t. thou, sries and he bsptized.
I Cor. 11. 33, t. one for snother.
Heb. 10. 31, will come and will not t.
See I Sam. 30. 24; Mtc. 5. 7; John 3. 22.
TASTE. Num. 11. 8, the t. of it as t. of fresh oil. see 1 Sam. 30. 24; Mic. 5. 7; John 3. 22.

TASTE. Num. 1.8, the t. of it as t. of fresh oil.

Joh 6. 6, is any t. in white of egg?

12. 11, doth not the mouth t. his mest?

34. 3, trieth words as mouth t. meat.

Ps. 34. 8, t. and see that the Lord is good.

119. 103, how sweet are thy words to my t.

Jer. 48. 11, his t. remained in him.

Mat. 16. 28; Mk. 9. 1; Lu. 9. 27, some, which shall

not t. desth. Mat. 16. 28; Mk. 9. 1; Lu. 9. 27, some, whom shall not t, desth.
Lu. 14. 24, none bidden shall t, of my supper.
John 8.52, keep my saying, shall never t, death.
Col. 2. 21, touch not, t, not.
Heb. 2. 9, t, death for every msn.
6. 4, and have t, of the heavenly gift.
1 Pet. 2. 3, have t, that the Lord is gracious.
See 1 Sam. 14. 43; 2 Sam. 19. 35; Mat. 27. 34.

TATTLERS. 1 Tim. 5, 13, t. and busybodies. TAUGHT, Judg. 8. 16, he t. the men of Succoth. 2 Chron, 6, 27, thou hast t. them the good way. 23.13, such as *t*. to sing praise.
Ps. 71, 17; 119. 102, thou hast *t*. me.
Prov. 4. 4, he *t*. me also and said.

Prov. 4.4, he l. me siso and said.

11, 1 have l. thee in way of wisdom.
Ecol. 12.9, he still l. the people knowledge.
Isa. 29. 13, their feer is l. by precept of men.
54. 13, all thy children shall be t. of God.
Jer. 12. 16, se they l. my people to swear.
23. 33. t. them, rising up early.
Zech. 13. 5. l. me to keep esttle.
Mat. 7. 29; Mk. 1. 22. t. as having authority.
25. 15. and did as they were l.
In. 13. 28, thou hast l. in our streets.
John 6. 45, they shall be sll l. of God.
8. 29, as my Father hash l. me.
Gell. 1. 12, nor was l l. it, except by revelation.
6. 6, let him that is l. in the word.
Eph. 4. 21, if so he ye have been l. hy him.

Eph. 4. 21, if so he ye have been t. hy him. 2 Thess. 2. 15, the traditions ye have been t. Sas Col. 2. 7; 1 Thess. 4. 9; Tit. 1. 9; 1 John 2. 27. TAUNT. Jer. 24.9; Ezek. 5. 15; Hab. 2. 6.

TAUNT. Jer. 24.9; Ezek. 5. 16; Hab. 2.6.
TEACH. Ex. 4.15, 1 will t. you.
Deut. 4.10, that they may t. their children.
6.7; 11. 19, t. them diligently.
Judg. 13. 8, t. us what we shall do to the child.
1 Sam. 12. 23, 1 will t. you the good way.
2 Sam. 1. 18, bade them t. the use of the bow.
2 Chron. 15. 3, without s. t. priest.
Joh6: 24, t. mes and it will hold my tongue.
8. 10, thy fathers, shall not they t. thee?
12. 7, ask the heasts, and they shall t. thee.
34. 32, that which I see not t. thou me.
36. 22, God exalteth, who t. like him?
Ps. 25. 4, t. me thy paths.
8, he will t. silners in the way.
27. 11; 86. 11, t. me thy way and lead me.

3. 16. t. and admonishing one another.

3.16, t. and admonishing one another.
1 Tim. 1.3, charge some they t. no other.
2.12, I suffer not a woman to t.
3.2; 2 Tim. 2.24, apt to t.
4.11, these things command and t.
6.2, these things t. and exhort.
2 Tim. 2.2; stithful men, able to t.
Tit. 1.1, t. things they ought not.
2.4, t. young women to be soher.
12, t. us, that denying ungodliness.
Heb. 5.12, ye have need that one t, you sgain.
See Mat. 22.16; Mk. 6.34; 12.14; Rev. 2.20.

Nee Mst. 22. 10; Mk. 6. 34; 12. 14; Rev. 2. 20.

FEACHER. 1 Chron. 25. 8, as wellt, as scholst. Ps. 119. 99, more understanding than sil my t. Prov. 5. 13, have not oboyed voice of my t. 1ss. 36. 20, thine eyes shall see thy t. Hsh. 2. 18, interese shall see thy t. Hsh. 2. 18, at . of lies. John 3. 2, a t. come from God. Rom. 2. 29, thou srt a t. of bahes. 1 Cor. 12. 29, are sil t.? Eph. 4. 11, evaprelists, nastors and t. Eph. 4. 11, evangelists, pastors, and t. 1 Tim. 1. 7, desiring to be t. of the law. Tit. 2. 3, aged women t. of good things. See 1 Tim. 2. 7; 2 Tim. 1. 11; Heb. 5. 12; 2 Pet. 2. 1.

TEAR. Joh 16. 9, he t. me in his wrath.
13. 4, he t. himself in his anger.
15. 12, lest he t. my soul.
35. 15, they did t. me and ceased not.
90. 22, lest 1 t. you in pieces.
16. 5. 1, 1 will t. and go sway.
See Mic. 5. 8; Zech. 11. 18; Mr. 9. 18; Lu. 9. 39.

See Mic. n. 8; Zech. 11. 10; Mk. 9.18; Lu. 9. 39.

TEARS. Z. Klings 20. 5; Isa. 38. 5, 1 have seen thy t.

Joh 16. 20, mine eye poureth out t.

39. 12, hold not thy peace at my t.

42. 3, t. have been my meat.

56. 8, put thou my t. into thy hottle,

90. 5, the bread of t., and t. to drink,

116. 8, hast delivered mine eyes from t.

126. 5. they that sow in t.

110.5, fast derivated mine dyes from t.
126.5, they that sow in t.
1_{8a}, 16.9, I will water thee with my t.
25.8, will wipe sway t.
Jer. 9. 1, oh that mine eyes were a fountain of t.
13.17; 14.17, mine eyes run down with t.

13. 1f; 14. 1f; mine eyes from t.

Lam. 1.2, her t. sre on her cheeks
2. 11, mine eyes flow t.

Ezek. 24. 16, neither shell thy t. run down.

Mal. 2. 13, covering the slatar with t.

Lu. 7. 38, to wash his feet with her t.

Acts 20. 19, serving the Lord with many t.

31. ceased not to warn with t.

23. ceased not to warn with t. 2 Tim. 1.4, heing mindful of thy t. Ses 2 Cor. 2.4; Heb. 5.7; 12.17; Rev. 7.17.

TEDIOUS. Acts 24, 4, that I be not further t. TEETH. Gen. 49. 12, t. white with milk. Num. 11. 33, flesh yet between their t.

Job 19, 20, escaped with the skin of my t. Prov. 10. 26, as vinegar to the t. 1sa. 41. 16, an instrument having t. Jer. 31. 29; Ezek. 18. 2, t. set on edge. Amos 4. 6, cleanness of t. See Mio. 3; Zeoh. 9. 7; Mat. 27, 44; Rev. 9. 8. See Mic. 3. 5; Zech. 9. 7; Mat. 27. 44; Rev. 9. 8. TELL. Gen. 15. 5, t. the stars. 32. 29, t. me thy name. 2 Sam. 1, 20, t. it not in Gath. Ps. 48. 12. t. the towers thereof. 50. 12, if I were hungry, I would not t, thee. Ecol. 6. 12; 10. 14, who can t. what shall be after? 10. 20, that which hath wings shall t. Jonah 3. 9, who can t. if God will turn? Mat. 18. 15, t. him his fault. 17. t. it unto the church 17, t. it unto the church.

17. t i unto the church.
21. 27; Mk. 11.33; Lu. 20.8, neither t. I you.
Mk. 5. 19, t. how great things.
11. 33; Lu. 20.7, we cannot t.
Lu. 13. 32, t. that fox.
John 3.8, canst not.t. whence.
12, if 1 t. you of heavenly things.
4. 25, he will t. ns all things.
18. 34, did others t. it thee of me?
Acts 17. 21, either to t. or hear some new thing.
See Ps. 56. 8; Isa. 19. 12; Mat. 28. 7; 2 Cor. 12. EVENTER. EV. 20. 2. 32. Eval. 64. 4. 1. Cor. TEMPER. Ex. 29, 2; 30, 35; Ezek. 46, 14; 1 Cor. 12.

TEMPEST, Joh 9. 17, breaketh me with a t. Ps. 11. 6, on wicked he shall rain a t. 55. 8, hasten from windy storm and t. Isa. 32. 2, a covert from the t. Heb. 12. 18, not come to darkness and t. 2 Pet. 2. 17, clonds carried with a t.

TEMPESTUOUS, Ps. 50. 3; Jonah 1. 11; Acts 27. 14.

TEMPLE 28am 22.7, hear my voice out of his t.

TEMPLE 28am 21.7, hear my voice out of his t.

Neh. 6. 10, hid ourselves in the t.

Pa. 27.4, to enquire in his t.

29.9, in his t. doch every one speak of.

Isa. 6.1, his train filled the t.

Amos 8.3, songs of the t. shall be howlings.

Mal. 3.1, shall suddenly come to his t.

John 2. 19, destroy this t.

John 2. 19, destroy this t.

I Cor. 3. 16; 6. 19; 2 Cor. 6. 16, ye are the t, of God.

See Hos. 8. 14; Rev. 7. 15; 11. 19; 21. 22.

TEMPORAL. 2 Cor. 4.18, things seen are t.

TEMPT Gen. 22. I, God did t. Abraham.
Ex. 17. 2, wherefore do ye t. the Lord?
Num. 14. 22, have t. me these ten times.
Dent. 6. 16; Mat. 4. 7; Lu. 4. 12, ye-shall not t.
the Lord your God.
Ps. 78. 18, they t. God in their heart.
Iss. 7. 12, I will not ask, nor t. the Lord.
Mal. 3. 15, they that f. God are delivered.
Mat. 22. 18; Mk. 12. 15; Lu. 20. 23, why t. ye me?
Lu. 10. 25, a lawyer, t. him.
Acts 5. 9, agreed together to t. the Spirit.
15. 10. why t. ye God to nut s. yeke? Acts 5, agreet weether to the state of 15.10, why t. ye God to put a yoke?

1 Cor. 10.13, will not suffer you to be t.

Gal. 8.1, considering thyself, lest thou be t.

Heb. 2.18, bath suffered, being t.

Hen. 2, 18, natu sincrea, being ...
4, 15, in all points t, like as we are.
Jas. 1, 13, cannot be t., neither t. any man.
See Mat. 4, 1; Mk. 1, 13; Lu. 4, 2; John 8, 6,

See Mat. 4.1; Mk. 1. 13; Lu. 4.2; John 8.6.
TEMPTATION. Mat. 6. 13, lead us not into t.
95, 41; Mk. 14. 38; Lu. 22. 48, lest ye enter into t.
Lu. 8. 13, in time of t. fall away.
1 Cor. 10. 13, there hath no t. taken you,
Gat. 4. 14, my t. in flesh ye despised not.
1 Tim. 6. 9, rich fall into t.
Jas. 1. 2, when ye fall into divers t.
2 Pet. 2. 9, how to deliver out of t.
See Lu. 11. 4; Acts 20. 19; 1 Pet. 1.6; Rev. 3. 10.
"END. Prov. 11. 10. 423. 10. 23. 21. 5

TEND. Prov. 11, 19; 14, 23; 19, 23; 21, 5,

TENDER. Deut. 22, 54, man that is t.
32, 2, distil as small rain on t. herb.
2 Kings 22, 19; 2 Chron. 34, 27, thy heart was t.
Joh 14, 7, the t. branch will not censo.

Prov. 4. 3, t. in sight of my mother. Cant. 2. 13, 15; 7. 12, vines with t. grapes. 1sa. 47. 1, no more he called t. Jas. 4.1, 10 to the detect.

53, 2, grow up before him as a t. plant.
Dan. 1, 9, God hrought Daniel into t. love.
Lu. 1, 78, through the t. mercy of our God.
Eph. 4, 32, be kind and t.-hearted.
Jas. 5, 11, Lord is pitiful and of t. mercy. See 1 Chron. 22. 5; Ezek. 17. 22; Mk. 13. 28

TENOR. Gen. 43.7; Ex. 34. 27. TENOM. Gen. 43. 7; Ex. 34. 27.

TENT. Num. 24.5, how goodly are thy t.

1 Sam. 4. 10; 2 Sam. 18. 17, fled every man to his t.

1 Kings 12. 16, to your t., O I srael.

Ps. 93. 10, than to dwell in t. of wickedness.

Isa. 38. 12, removed as a shepherd's t.

54. 2, enlarge the place of thy t.

Jer. 10, 20, there is none to stretch forth my t.

Acts 18. 3, by occupation they were t.-makers.

See 1sa. 40. 22; Jer. 4. 20; 33. 7; Zech. 12. 7.

TENTH. Gen. 28, 22; Lev. 27, 25; Isa, 6, 13, TERRIBLE. Ex. 34, 10, a.t. thing I will do. Deut. 1, 19; 8, 15, that t. wilderness. 1, 21; 10, 17; Neh. 1, 5; 4, 14; 9, 32, a mighty

1. 21; 10, 11; Neal, 1. 5; 4. 14; 5. 32; a m God and 4.

10. 21, hath done for thee t. things. Indg. 13, 6, like an angel of God, very t. Job 37, 22, with God is t. majesty. 38, 22, the glory of his nostrils is t. Ps. 45, 4, shall teach thee t. things. 65, 5; by t. things in righteousness. 66. 3, say unto God, how t. art thou. 5, t. in his doing. 68, 35, t. out of thy holy places. 76, 12, he is t. to the kings of the earth. 99, 3, thy great and t. name. 145, 6, the might of thy t. acts. Cant. 6, 4, t. as an army with banners. 182, 25, 4, hlast of the t. ones. 64, 3, when thou didst t. things. 191, 15, 21, redeem thee out of hand of the t. Joel 2, 11, the day of the Lord is very t. Heb. 12, 21, so t. was the sight. See Lam. 5, 10; Ezek. 1, 22; 28, 7; Dan. 7, 7. ERRRIBLERESS. Deut. 26, 8; 1 Chron, 17, 21 God and t.

TERRIBLENESS. Deut. 26, 8: 1 Chron. 17, 21: Jer. 49, 16

TERRIBLY. Isa. 2. 19, 21; Nah. 2. 3.
TERRIFY. Joh 9. 34, let not his fear t.
Lu. 21. 9, when ye hear of wars, be not t.
24. 37, they were t. and affrighted.
Phil. 1. 28, in nothing t. hy adversaries,
&e Joh 7. 14; 2 Cor. 10. 9.

See Joh 7.14; 2 Cor. 10.9.

TERROR. Gen. 35.5; Joh 6.4, the t. of God.
Deut. 32.25, sword without and t. within.
Josh. 2.0, your t. is fallen upon us.
Joh 18.11. t. shall make him afraid.
24.17, in the t. of the shadow of death.
31.23, destruction was a t. to me.
33.7, my t. shall not make thee afraid.
Ps. 55.4, the t. of death are fallen upon me.
73.19, utterly consumed with t.
91.5, afraid for the t. by night.
Jer. 17.17, he not a t. to me.
20.4, a t. to thyself.
Ezek. 26.21; 27.36; 28.19, I will make thee a t.
Rom. 13.3, rulers are not t. to good works.
2 Cor. 5.11, knowing the t. of the Lord.
See Jer. 15.8; Lam. 2.22; Ezek. 21.12; 1 Pct. 3.
14.

14,

TESTIFY. Num. 35, 30, one witness shall not t. Deut. 31, 21, this song shall t. against them. Ruth 1.21, seeing the Lord hath t. against them. 2 Sam. 1.16, thy mouth bath t. against thee. Neb. 9. 30, t. against them by thy spirit. Job 15, 6, thine own lips t. against thee. Isa. 59, 12, our sins t. against us. Hos. 5, 5; 7, 10, the pride of Israel doth t. Mic. 6.3, what have I done? t. against me. Lu, 16: 23, send Lazarus, that he may t. John 2. 25, needed not that any should t.

John 3, 32, seen and heard, that he t. John 3, 32, seen and heard, that he t.
5.39, they t. of me.
7.7, hecause 1 t. of it.
15.26, he shall t. of me.
21.24, the disciple which t. of these things.
Acts 23.11, as thou hast t. in Jerusalem.
17tm. 2.6, save himself to he t. in due time.
1 Pet. 1.11, it t. heforehand the sufferings.
1 John 4.14, we have seen and de t.
See 1 Cor. 15.15; 1 Thess. 4.6; Rev. 22.16.
PETRIMONY 2 Kines 11.15 rejected his t. 119. 119. I love thy t.

129. thy t. are wonderful,

1sa. 8. 16. bind up the t.

20. to the law and to the t.

Mat. 10. 18; Mk. 13. 9, for a t. against them.

Ln. 21. 13, it shall turn to you for a t.

21. 24, we know that his t. is true.

Acts 14. 3, t. to the word of his grace.

1 Cor. 2. 1, declaring the t. of God.

2 Cor. 1 12, the t. of our conscience.

2 Tim. 1. 8, be not ashamed of the t.

Heb. 11. 5, Enoch had this t.

See Rev. 1. 2; 8. 9; 11. 7; 12. 11; 19. 10.

HANK. Mas. 11. 25: Lu. 10. 21; 18; 11. John

THANK. Mat. 11. 25; Lu, 10. 21; 18. 11; John 11. 41, I t. thee. Acts 28.15, t. God and took courage. 1 Cor. 1. 4, I t. God on your hehalf. 2 Thess. 1. 3, we are hound to t. God. 1 Tim. 1. 12, I t. Jesus Christ. See 1 Chron. 23. 30; Dan. 2. 23; Rom. 6. 17.

1 Tim. 1.12, It. Jesus Christ.
See 1 Chron. 23. 30; Dan. 2. 23; Rom. 6. 17.
THANKS. Neh. 12. 31, sompanies that gave t.
Mat. 28. 27; Lu. 22. 17, took the cup and gave t.
Lu. 2. 38, Anna gave t. to the Lord.
Rom. 16, e. satch to the Lord, for he giveth t.
Cor. 15. 57, t. he to God who giveth victory.
Eph. 5. 20, giving t. always for all things.
1 Thess. 5. 9, what t. can we render.
Rev. 4. 9, give t. to him that sat on throne.
See 2 Cor. 1. 11; 2. 14; 3. 16; 9. 16; Heb. 13. 15.
THANKSGIVING. Ps. 26. 7, the voice of t.
95. 2, come hefore his face with t.
Iss. 51, 3, t. and melody shall he found therein.
Amos. 4. 5, offer a sacrifice of t.
Phil. 4. 6, with t. let your requests be made.
Col. 4. 2, watch in the same with t.
1 Tim. 4. 3, to he received with t.
See Neh. 11. 17; 12. 8; 2 Cor. 4. 15; 9. 11.
THAT. Gen. 18. 75, t. he far from thee.
Num. 24. 13; 1 Kings 22. 14, t. will I speak.
Joh 23, 13, even t. he doeth.
Jan. 27. 4, t. will I seek after.
Zech. 11. 9, t. t. dieth, let it die.
Mat. 10. 15; Mk. 6. 11, than for t. city.
13. 12; 25. 29; Mk. 4. 25, t. he hath.
John 1. 8, he was not t. light.
5. 12, what man is t. which said?

John 1. 8, he was not t. light.
5. 12, what man is t. which said?
13. 27, t. thou doest do quickly.
21. 22, what ls t. to thee?
Rom. 7. 19, the evil I would not, t. I do.
Jas. 4. 15, we shall live and do this or t.
See Mk. 13. 11; I Cor. 11. 23; 2 Cor. 8. 12; Philem. 18.
THEN. Gen. 4. 26, t. hegan men to call.
Josh. 14. 12, if the Lord he with me, t. I shall be able.

he able. be able.
Ps. 27. 10. t. the Lord will take me up.
55. 12, t. I could have borne it.
Isa. 58, 8, t. shall thy light break forth.
Ezek. 39, 28, t. shall they know.
Mat. 5. 24, t. come and offer thy gift.
19, 25; Mk. 10. 28, who t. can be saved?
24. 14, t. shall the end come.
2 Cor. 12. 10, t. am I strong.
Sea I Cor. 4. 5; 13. 12; 1 Thess. 5. 3; 2 Thess. 2. 8.

THESE. Ex. 32. 4, t. be thy gods, O Israel. Eccl. 7. 10, former days better than t. Iss. 60. 8, who are t. that fly? Mat. 5. 37, whatsoever is more than t.? 23. 23, t. onght ye to have done. 25. 40, one of the least of t John 17. 20, neither pray I for t. alone. 21. 15, lovest thou me more than t.? See Joh 26. 14; Pa. 73. 12; Jer. 7. 4.

See JOD 20, 14; Fa. 13, 12; Jer. 7, 4.

THICK. Deut. 32, 15, then art grown t.
2 Sam. 18, 9, mule went under the t. boughs.
Pa. 74, 5, lifted up axes on the t. trees.
Ezek, 31, 3, top was among t. houghs.
Hab, 2, 6, ladeth himself with t. clay.
See 1 Kings 12, 10; 2 Chron. 10, 10; Neh. 3, 15;
Joh 15, 28.

THICKET. Gen. 22. 13; Isa. 9. 18; Jer. 4. 7, 29, THIEF. Ps. 50. 18, when thou sawest a t. Jer. 2. 26, as the t. is ashamed. Jer. 2. 20, as the t. is assumed. Jeel 2. 9, enter at windows like a t. Lu. 12. 33, where no t. approacheth. John 10. 1, the same is a t. and a rohber. 1 Pet. 4. 16, let none auffer as a t. See Prov. 6. 30; 29. 24; Mat. 24. 43.

TH1EVES. Isa, 1, 23; Lu. 10. 30; John 10. 8; 1 Cor. 6, 10,

THIGH. Gen. 24. 2; 47. 29, put hand under t. 32. 25, touched hollow of Jacob's t. Judg. 15, 8, smote them hip and t. Cant. 3, 8, every man hath sword on his t. See Ps. 45, 3; Jer. 31, 19; Ezek. 21, 12; Rev. 19, 16.

See Pa. 45. 3; Jer. 31. 19; Ezek. 21. 12; Rev. 19. 16. THINE. Gen. 31. 32, discern what is t. 1 Sam. 15. 28, to a neighbour of t. 1 Kings 20, 4, 1 am t. and all 1 have. 1 Chron. 29. 11, t. 1s the greatness. Ps. 74. 16, the day is t., the night also is t. 119. 94, 1 am t., saye me. Isa. 63. 19, we are t. Mat. 20. 14, take that is t. Lu. 4. 7, worship me, all shall be t. 22. 42, not my will but t. he done. John 17. 6, t. they were, and thou gavest. 10, all mine are t., and t. are mine. See Gen. 14. 23; Josh. 17. 18; 1 Chron. 12. 18; Lu. 15. 31.

15.31.

15.31.
THING, Gen. 21. 11, the t. was very grievous.
Ex. 18. 17, the t. thou doest is not good.
2 Sam. 13. 33, let not my lord take the t. to heart.
2 Kings 2. 19, thou hast asked a hard t.
Exc. 1. 9, the t. that hath been.
1ss. 7, 13, is it a small t. to weary?
41. 12, as at t. of nought.
43. 19; Jer. 31. 22, a new t.
Mk. 1. 27, what t. is this?
John 5. 14, lest a worse t. come.
Phil. 3. 16, let us mind the same t.
See Heh. 19. 29; 1 Pet. 4. 12; 1 John 2. 8.

THINK. Gen. 40. 14, but t. on me when it shall he wall

he well.

Neh. 5, 19, t, on me, O my God, for good.

Ps. 40, 17, 1 am poor, yet the Lord t. on me.

Prov. 23, 7, as he t. in his heart, so is he.

Iss. 10, 7, nor doth his heart t. so.

Jonah 1, 6; if God will t. upon us.

Mat. 3, 9, t. not to say within yourselves.

6, 7, t. they shall be heard.

9, 4, why t. ye evil in your hearts?

17, 25; 22, 11, what t. thou?

10, 12, 12, 14, the fet, what t. ye of Christ?

Rom. 12, 3, more highly than he ought to t.

1 Cor. 10, 12, that t. he skandeth.

2 Cor. 3, to t. anything as of ourselves.

Gal. 6, 3, 11 a mat t. himself to be something.

Eph. 3, 20, able to do above all we ask or t.

Fhil 4, 8, t. ou these things.

Jas. 1.7, 1et not that man t. he shall receive.

1 Fet. 4, 12, t. that that man t. as shall receive.

HIRST (a.), Fx. 17, 3, to kill us with t.

THIRST (n_i) . Ex. 17. 3, to kill us with t.

THIRST. Deut, 29, 19, to add drunkenness to t.
Judg, 15, 18, now 1 shail die for t.
2 Chron, 32, 11, doth persuade you to die by t.
Ps. 69, 21, in my t. they gave me vinegar.
1sa, 41, 17, when their tongue Isileth for t.
Amos 8, 11, not a t. for water, but of hearing.
2 Cor. 11, 27, in bunger and t. often.
See Deut, 28, 48; Joh 24, 11; Pa, 104, 11. THIRST (v.). Ps. 42.2; 63.1; 143.6, my soul t. for God God.
18a, 49, 10; Rev. 7, 16, shall not hunger nor t.
55. 1, every one that t.
Mat. 5, 6, t. after righteousness,
John 4, 14; 6, 35, shall never t.
7, 37, if any man t., let him come unto me.
19, 28, 14.
See Ex. 17, 3; Isa, 48, 21; Rom. 12, 20; 1 Cor. 4, 11. THIRSTY. Ps. 63, 1; 143, 6, iv s. t. land. 107, 5, hungry and t, their soul fainted. Prov. 25, 25, as cold waters to a t. soul. Isa. 21, 14, brought water to him that was t. 138. 21. 13, Daught was 6.
29, 8, as when a t. man dreameth.
44. 3, pour water on him that is t.
65. 13, but ye shall be t.
See Judg. 4. 19; Iss. 32. 6; Ezek. 19. 13; Mat. 25. 35. THISTLE. Gen. 3. 18, thorns and t. shall it bring forth. Job 31. 40, let *t*. grow instead of wheat. Mat. 7. 16, do men gather figs of *t* ? See 2 Kings 14. 9; 2 Chron. 25, 18; Hos. 10. 8. THORN. Num. 33, 55; Judg. 2. 3, t. in your sides. Ps. 118, 12, quenched as the fire of t. Prov. 15, 19, way of slothful man is as an hedge of t of t.
24. 31, it was all grown over with t.
28. 9, as a t. goeth into hand of drunkard,
Eccl. 7. 6, crackling of t. under a pot.
Caut. 2. 2, as the lily among t.
Iss. 33. 12, as t. cut, up shall they be burned. Isa. 33.12, as £ out up shall they be burned.

34. 13, and £ shall come up in her palaces.

55. 13, instead of the £. shall come up.

12. 13, but shall reap £.

12. 13, but shall reap £.

19. 2, £, 1 will hedge up thy way with £.

9, £. £ shall be in their tabernacles.

10. 8, the £. shall come up on their altars,

Mic. 7, 4, most upright is sharper than £. hedge.

2 Cor. 12. 7, a £ in the flesh.

Sce Mat. 13. 7, 27. 29; Mk. 15. 17, John 19, 2.

LOUGLYE (**). 1 £ brow. 28, £ br. Lord under. See Mat. 13. 7; 27. 29; Mk. 15. 17; John 19, 2. THOUGHT (n.). 1 Chron, 28, 9, the Lord understandeth the t. Joh 4. 13, in t. from the visions of the night. 12. 5, despised in t. of him that is at ense, 42, 2, no t. can be withholden from thee: Ps. 10. 4, God is not in all hist. 40. 5, thy t. cannot be reckoned. 92. 5, thy t. care very deep. 94. 11, the Lord knoweth the t. of man. 19, in the multitude of my t. 139, 2, thou understandest my t. afar off. 17, how precious are thy t. to me. 139.2, thou understandest my t. sfar off.
17, how precious are thy t. to me.
23, try me and know my t.
Prov. 12.5, the t. of the righteous are right.
16.3, thy t. shall be established.
24.9, the t. of foolishness is sin.
18a. 55. 7, and the unrighteous man bis t.
8, my t. are not your t.
9, so are my t. higher than your t.
Mit. 4. 12, they know not the t. of the Lord.
Mat. 6. 25, 31, 34; 10. 19; Mk. 13. 11; Lu. 12. 11, 22, take not. 18.16. 20 21, 57. 20 22; 6.8; 9.47; 11.17, Jesus knowing their t.
15.19; Mk. 7.21, out of the heart proceed evil t.
Lu. 2.35, the t. of many hearts be revealed.
24.29 why dot stee in your bearts?

24.38, why do \(\ellah\) arise in your bearts?

Acts 8.22, it. of thy beart may be forgiven,
1 Car. 3.29, Lord knoweth the \(\ellah\), of the wise,
2 Car. 10.5, bringing into captivity every \(\ellah\),
the word of God is a discerner of the \(\ellah\).

Jas. 2. 4, ye are become judges of evil t. See Gen. 6. 5; Jer. 4. 14; 23. 20; Amos 4. 13. Herought (w). Gen. 48. II, I had not t. to see thy face.

Num. 24. II, 1 t. to promote thee.
Deut. 19. 19, do to him as he t. to have done.

Extings 5. II, I t., he will surely come out.

Neh. 6. 2, they t. to do me mischief.

Fs. 48. 9, we have t. of thy loving kindness..

60. 21, thou t. I was such an one as thyself.

73. 16, when I t. to know this.

119. 59. I t. on my ways.

Frov. 30. 32, if thou hast t. evil.

Isa. 14. 24, as I have t., so shall it come.

Jen. 18. 8. I will repent of the evil It t. to do.

Zech. 8. 14, as I t. to punish you.

15. 1 t. to do well.

Mal. 3. 16, for them that t. on his name.

Mat. 1. 20, but while be t. on these things.

Mk. 14. 72, when he t. thereon he wept.

Lu. 12. IT. he t. within bimself, what shell.

19. 11, t. the kingdom of God should appear.

John 11. 13, they t. he had spoken of taking of rest. THOUGHT (v.). Gen. 48. 11. I had not t. to see Acts 10.19, while Peter t. on the vision. 26. 8, why should it be t. a thing incredible? 1 Cor. 13. 11, 1 t. as a child. Phil. 2. 6, it not robbery to be equal. See Gen. 20. 11; 50. 20; 1 Sam. 1. 13; Heb. 10. 29. THREAD. Gen. 14. 23; Josh. 2. 18; Judg. 16. 9. THREATEN. Acts 4. 17; 9. 1; Eph. 6. 9; 1 Pet, 2, 23, THREEFOLD. Eccl. 4, 12, a t, cord. THRESP (Js. 41.15, thou shalt t the mountains, Jer. 51. 33, it is time to t. ber. Mic. 4.13, arise and t. Hab. 3.12, thou didst t. the heathen, 1 Cor. 9. 10. t. in hope. Sec Lev. 28. 5; 1 Chron. 21. 20; Isa. 21. 10; 28. 28. THREW. 2 Kings 9. 33; Mk. 12. 42; Lu. 9. 42; Acts 22, 23. THROAT. Ps. 5.9; 115.7; Prov. 23.2; Mat. 18.28, THRONE. Ps. 1.4, the Lord's t. is in heaver 94, 20, shall t. of iniquity have fellowship? 122.5, there are set t. of indgment.
Prov. 20, 28, hist. is upholden by mercy.
18.6.6, 1.7, acts 7.49, heaven is my t.
Jer. 17, 12, a glorious high t. from the heginning.
Dan. 1.9, hist. was like the flery flame.
Mat. 19, 28; 25, 31, the Sou of man shall sit in THRONG. Mk. 3. 9; 5. 31; Lu. 8. 42, 46. THROW. Mic. 5. 11; Mal. 1. 4; Mat. 24. 2. THRUST. Joh 32.13, God t. him down, not man. Joel 2. 8, neither shall one t. another. Lu. 10. 15, shall be t. down to bell.
13. 23, and you yourselves t. out.
John 20.25, and t. my hand into his side.
Rev. 14. 15, t. in thy sickle.
See Ex. 11. 1; 1 Saun. 31. 4; Ezek. 34. 21. TIDINGS. Ps. 112.7, sfraid of evil t. Jer. 20. 15, cursed be the man who brought t. Dan. 11. 44, t. out of the east. Lu_1_19; 2. 10; 8. 1; Acts 13. 32; Rom. 10. 15, glad t. See Ex. 33, 4; 1 Kings 14, 6; Jer. 49, 23, TILL. Gen. 2, 5; Prov. 12, 11; 28, 19; Ezek, 36, 9. TILLAGE. 1 Chron. 27. 28; Neh. 10, 37; Prov. 13. 23. TIME. Gen. 47. 29, the t. drew nigh. Job 22. 16, cut down out of t. 38.23, reserved against the *t*. of trouble. Ps. 32. 6, In a *t*. when thou mayest be found. 37. 19, not ashamed in the evil *t*.

Joh 5. 19, there shall no svil t. thee. 8. 7, things my soul refused to t. Isa. 6. 7, lo, this hath t. thy lips.

Pa. 41. 1, deliver him in t. of trouble. 56. 3, what t. I am afraid. 69. 13; Isa. 49. 8; 2 Cor. 8. 2, acceptable t. ch. 3, whist t. 1 am airiaid.

69. 13: 1 Sa. 49. 8; 2 Cor. 5. 2, acceptable t.

89. 47, remember how short my t. 1s.

Ecol. 3. 1, there is a t. to every purpose.

9. 11. t. and chance happeneth to all.

Jer. 46. 21, twill hasten it in his t.

Jer. 46. 21, the t. of their visitation.

Ezek. 10. 8, thy t. was the t. of love.

Dan. 7. 25, s. t. and t. and the dividing of t.

Hos. 10. 12, it is t. to seek the Lord.

Mal. 3. 11, vine cast fruit before the t.

Mat. 10. 3, the signs of the t.

Lu. 19. 44, the t. of thy visitation.

Acts 3. 19, the t. of refreshing.

21, the t. of restitution.

Rom. 13. 11, it is high t. to awake.

1 Cor. 7. 23, the t. is short.

Eph. 5. 16; Col. 4. 5, redeeming the t.

Heb. 4. 16, help in t. of need.

Rev. 1. 3, the t is st hand.

10. 6, t. no longer.

See Prov. 17. 17; Eph. 1. 10; 1 Tim. 4. 1.

TINGIE. 1 Sam. 3. 11; 2 Kings 21. 12; Jer. TINGLE, 1Sam, 3, 11; 2 Kings 21, 12; Jer, 19, 3. TINKLING. Isa. 3. 16, 18; 1 Cor. 13. L TINALING. 188. 3, 16, 16; 1 Cor. 13. L.
TOGETHER. Prov. 22. 2, meet t.
Amos 3. 3, can two wait t.?
Mst. 18. 20, two or three gathered t.
Rom. 8. 28, work t. for good.
1 Thess. 4. 17, caught up t.
See Mst. 18. 6; Eph. 2, 21; 2 Thess. 2. 1. TO1L. Gen. 5. 29; 41. 51; Mst. 8, 28; Lu. 12, 27. TOLERABLE, Mat. 10, 15: 11, 24: Mk. 6, 11: Lu. Observables mat. 10. 12; 1 art. 0. 11; 10. 12.
ONGUE. Joh 5. 21, hid from scourge of the t. 20. 12, hide wickedness under his t. Ps. 34, 13; 1 Pet. 3, 10, keep thy t. from evil. Prov. 10. 26, t. of viss as choice silver. 12. 18; 31, 26, t. of wise is health.
15. 4, 13; 17, 26, t. of wise is health.
15. 4, a wholesome t. 1s a tree of life. 18, 21, death and life in the power of the t. 21. 23, whose keepeth his t. keepeth his soul. 25, 15, a soft t. breaketh the bone.
18a, 30, 27, his t. as a devouring fire.
18a, 30, 27, his t. as a devouring fire.
18a, 10, 27, this t. as a devouring fire.
18a, 12, 25, and hidleth hot his t.
18a, 12, 25, and hidleth not his t.
18a, 12, 25, and hidleth not his t.
2, 5, the t. is a little member.
2, the t. is a fire.
3, the t. can no man tame.
1, John 3, 18, nor let us love in t.
1, 2002. Ex. 20, 25; 32, 4, Deut. 27. 5; 1 Kings 6, 7. 10, 12 TONGUE. TOOL. Ex. 20. 25; 32. 4; Deut. 27. 5; 1 Kings 6. 7. TOOTH. Ex. 21. 24; Prov. 25. 19; Mat. 5. 38. TORCHES. Nah. 2.3; Zech. 12.6; John 18.3. TORMENT. Mat. 8. 28, to t. hefore time. Lu. 16. 23, heing in t. Heb. 11. 37, destitute, afflicted, t. 1 John 4. 18, fear hath t. Rev. 9. 5, t. as t. of a scorpion. 14. 11, the smoke of their t. See Mat. 4. 24; Mk. 5. 7; Lu. 8. 28. TORN. Gen. 44.28, surely he is t. in pleces. Ezek. 4.14, have not esten of that which is t. Hos. 6.1, he hath t., and he will heal us. Ses Isa. 5.25; Mal. 1.13; Mk. 1.26.

TOSS. Ps. 109, 23, I am t. up and down
Isa, 22, 18, he will t. thee like s ball,
54, 11, afflicted t. with tempest.
Eph. 4, 14, no more children, t. to and fro,
See Mat. 14, 24; Acts 27, 18; Jas. 1, 6.

TOUCH. Gen. 3. 3, nor t. it, lest ye die.
1 Sam. 10, 26, a hand whose hearts God had t.
1 Chron. 16, 22; Ps. 105, 15, t. not mine snointed.

Jer. 1.9, the Lord t. my mouth. Zech. 2. 8, he that t. you, t. the apple of his eye. Mat. 9. 21; Mk. 5. 28, if 1 may but t. his garment. Mk. 10. 13; Lu. 18. 15, children that he should t. them.
John 20. 17, t. me not.
2 Cor. 8. 17, t. not the unclean thing.
Col. 2. 21, t. not, tasts not.
See Joh 19. 21; Lu. 7. 14; 11. 46; 1 Cor. 7. 1.
TOWER. 2 Sam. 22. 3; Ps. 18. 2; 144. 2, my high t.
Ps. 61. 3, a strong t. from the enemy.
Prov. 18. 10, name of the Lord is a strong t.
Tag. 23 21 where is he that counted the t. them. Isa. 33. 18, where is he that counted the t. See Isa. 2. 15; 5. 2; Mic. 4. 8; Mst. 21. 33. TRAFFIC. Gen. 42, 34; 1 Kings 10, 15; Ezek, 17, 4. TRAIN. 1 Kings 10.2; Prov. 22.6; Iss. 6.1. TRAITOR. Lu. 6.18; 2 Tim. 3.4. TRAMPLE. Ps. 91. 13; Isa. 63.3; Mat. 7.6. TRANQUILLITY. Dan. 4.27, lengthening of thy t. TRANSFORM. Rom. 12, 2; 2 Cor. 11. 13, 14, 15. TRANSFORM. Rom. 12, 2; 2 Cor. 11. 13, 14, 15.
TRANSGERSS. Num. 14. 41, wherefore do ye t.?
1Sam. 2. 24, make the Lord's people to t.
Neb. 1. 3, if ye t. I will scatter you.
Ps. 11. 3, my mouth shall not t.
Prov. 28. 21, for piace of bread man will t.
Jer. 2. 8, the pastors t.
3. 13, only soknowledge that thou hast t.
Hsh. 2. 5, be t. hy wine.
See Mat. 15. 2; Rom. 2. 27; 1 John 3. 4; 2 John 9.
TRANSCERSTON. E. 24 7. Num. 14. 18. Cov. TRANSGRESSION. Ex. 34.7; Num. 14.18, for-RANNGRESSION. Ex. 34.7; Num. 14, 18 giving L.

1 Chron. 10, 13, Saul died for his L.

Ezrs 10, 6, he mourned because of their L.

Joh 7, 21, why dost thou not paydon my L.?

14, 23, make me to know my L.

14, 17, my L is sealed up.

31, 33, if I covered my L.

Pa. 19, 13, innocent from the great L. Ps. 19. 13, innocent from the great \(\ell.

25. 7, remember not my \(\ell.

25. 1, hissed is he whose \(\ell, is forgiven.

25. 1, hissed is he whose \(\ell, is forgiven.

26. 1, hiot out all thou shalt purge them.

27. 17, 19, he that covereth \(\ell.

28. 18. 25, 44, 22, blotteth out thy \(\ell.

26. 5, he was equinded for our \(\ell.

36. 5, he was equinded for our \(\ell.

36. 16, he of my people their \(\ell.

22ck, 18, 22 his \(\ell, shall not be mentioned.

36. 1, what is \(\ell, 1, 2 his \(\ell, 1, 2, 14)

37. 5ee Rom. 4, 15; 5, 14; 1 Tim. 2, 14; Heh. 2, 2.

37. TRANSGRESSOR. Ps. 5. 13, teach \(\ell, thy ways.

39. 5, he not merciful to any wicked \(\ell.

27. 18, the \(\ell, shall he ransom for upright.

18. 48, 5, thou wast called \(s, from the womb.

53. 12; Mk, 15, 28; Lu, 22, 37, numbered with the \(\ell, 2, 2, 2, 11, 12, 2, 2), numbered with the \(\ell, 2, 2, 2, 11, 12, Called \(d). the t. See Dan. 8. 23; Hos. 14. 9; Gal. 2. 18. See Dan, 8, 23; Hos. 14, 9; Gal. 2, 18.
TRANSLATE. 2 Sam. 3, 16; Col. 1, 13; Heh. 11, 5.
TRAP, Joh 18, 10; Pe. 93, 22; Jer. 5, 26; Rom. 11, 9.
TRAVAIL. Ps. 7, 14, het, with iniquity.
TSa. 23, 4, 14, not.
53, 11, the t, of his soul.
Hom. 8, 22, the whole creation t, in pain.
Gal. 4, 19, my children, of whom 1 t.
See Joh 15, 20; Tsa. 13, 8; Mic. 5, 3; Rev. 12, 2.
See Joh 15, 20; Tsa. 23, 22; Thrace, 2, 9, 2 Thrace. TRAVEL. Eccl. 1, 13; 2, 23; 1 Thess. 2, 9; 2 Thess. TRAVELLER. Judg. 5. 6; 2 Sam. 12. 4; Job 31. 32. TREACHEROUS. 1sa. 21. 2; Jer. 9. 2; Zeph. 3. 4. TREACHEROUSLY. Isa. 33. 1, thou desilest 4. Jer. 12. 1, why are they happy that deal 4.? Lam. 1.2, her triends have dealt 4. with her. See Hos. 5. 7; 6. 7; Mal. 2. 10, 15.

TREAD. Deut. 11. 24, whereon soles of feet i. 25. 4; 1 Cor. 9, 9; 1 Tim. 5, 18, not muzzle the ox when he t

when he t.
Pe. 13, let him t. down my life.
44.5, through thy name will we t. them under.
60. 12; 108. 13, shall t. down our enemies.
91. 13, shalt t. upon lion and adder.
18s. 10. 6, to t. them down like mire.
16. 10, shall t. out no wine.
63. 3, I will t. them in mine anger,
Jer. 43. 33, none shall t. with shouting.
Ezek, 24. 18, but ye must t. the residue.
Hos. 10. 11, loveth to t. out corn.
Mal. 4. 3, ye shall t. down the wicked.
See Job 9. 8; Iss. 41. 25; 63. 2; Rev. 19. 15.
PERASTIRE Gen. 42. 23. God hath given you t.

Mal. 4. 3, 'ye shall t, down the wicked.
See Joh 9 8; Iss. 41, 25; 63. 2; Rev. 19, 15.
TREASURE Gen. 43, 23, God hath given you t.
Ext. 10. 5; Ps. 135. 4, a peculiar t. to me.
Dent. 28, 12, open to thee his good t
Joh. 32, 12, open to thee his good t
Joh. 32, 12, pen to thee his good t
Joh. 32, 12, hill fill to of those that love me.
10. 2, t. of wickedness profiteth nothing.
15, 18, than great t, and frouble therewith.
21, 20, there is a t. to be desired.
Ecol. 28, 12 gathered the peculiar t. of kings.
1s. 2, 7, neither is there any end of their f.
45, 3, 1 will give thee the t. of darkness.
Jer. 41, 8, slay us not, for we have t.
51, 13, waters abundant in t.
Dan. 11, 43, power over the t. of gold.
Mic. 6, 10, the t. of wickedness.
Mat. 6, 21; Lu. 12, 34, where your t. is.
12, 35; out of the good t. of the heart.
13, 44, like unto t. hid in a field.
25, out of inf. things new and old.
18, 21; Mk. 10, 21; Lu. 18, 22, thou shalt have t. in heaven.
Lu. 12, 21, that layeth up t. for himself.
Col. 2, 3, in whom are hid t. of wisdom.
2 Cor. 4, 7, we have this t, in earthen vessels, Heh. 11, 28, greater riches that t. in Egypt.
Jas. 5, 3, ve have heaped t.

TREASURER. Neh. 13, 13; 1sa. 22, 15; Dan. 3, 2

See Deut. 32, 34; 33, 16; 1sa, 23, 6; Mat. 2, 11.
TREASURY. Josh. 6, 19; Jer. 38, 11; Mat. 27, 6.
TREE. Deut. 20, 19; the t. is man a lite.
Johl 4, 7, there is hope of a t.
24, 20, wickedness shall he broken as a t.
Ps. 1, 3; Jer. 17, 8, like a t. planted.
104, 16; the t. of the Lord are full of sap.
Eccl. 11, 3, where the t. falleth.
1sa, 56, 3, 1 am a dry t.
61, 3, called t. of righteousness,
Ezek. 16, 2, what is the vine t. more.
31, 9, all the t. of Eden envied him.
See Mk. 8, 2; Lu. 21, 29; Jude 12; Rev. 7, 3.
TRUMBLE Deut. 2, 25, the nations shall t.

TREMBLE. Deut. 2, 25, the nations shall t. Judg. 5, 4; 2 Sam. 22, 8; Ps. 18, 7; 77, 18; 97, 4, the earth t.

carth t.

Ezra 8. 4, assembled to me every one that t.

Job 8. 6, the pillars thereof t.

26. 11, the pillars of heaven t.

Fs. 2. 11, rejoice with t.

60. 2, thou hast made earth to t.

80. 1, the Lord reigneth, let the people t.

104. 32, he looketh on the earth and it t.

104. 32, he looketh on the earth and it t.

124. 16, is this the man that made earth t.?

62. 2, that the nations may t. at thy presence.

63. 5, will ye not t, at my presence?

33. 6, they shall t. for all the goodness.

Amos 2. 55, footh.

Amos 2. 55, footh.

Amos 2. 19, devile also believe and t.

Ese Acts 9. 6; 18. 29; 1 Cor. 2. 3; Eph. 6. 5; Phil.

TRENCH. 1 Sam. 17. 20; 26. 5; 1 Kings 18. 32; Ln.

TRESPASS. Gen. 31. 38, what is my t,

Gen. 50, 17, we pray thee forgive the £.

Rzra 9, 2, rulers have been chief in this t.

Rzs. 63, 21, gooth on still in his t.

Mat. 6, 14, if ye forgive men their t.

Mat. 6, 14, if ye forgive men their t.

Mat. 13, 15, if thy brother t., tell him his fault.

Lin. 17, 3, if thy brother t. against thee.

2 Cor. 5, 19, not imputing their t.

Epth. 2, 1, dead in t. and sins.

Col. 2, 13, having forgiven you all t.

See Num. 5, 6; 1 Kings 8, 31; Ezek. 17, 20; 18, 24.

Eld 1, 104, 03 the of the imposer. Gen. 50. 17, we pray thee forgive the t.

TRIAL. Joh 9. 23, the t. of the innocent. 2 Cor. 8. 2, a great t. of affliction. See Ezek. 21. 13; Heb. 11. 36; 1 Pet. 1. 7; 4. 12.

See Ezek. 21, 13; 1861, 11, 30; 1 Feb. 1. 1; 4, 12.
TRIBES, Ps. 105, 37, not one feeble person among their t.
122, 4, whither the t. go up.
1ss. 19, 13, they that are the stay of the t.
49, 6, my servant to raise up the t.
11ah. 3, 9, according to oaths of the t.
Mat. 24, 30, then shall all t. of earth mourn.
See Num. 24, 2; Deut. 1, 13; 12, 5; 18.5.

See Num. 24.2; Deut. 1. 13; 12.5; 18.5.

TRIBULATION. Deut. 4. 30, when then art in t.

Judg. 10. 14, let them deliver you in t.

Mat. 13. 21, when t. ariseth.

24. 21, then shall be great t.

John 16. 33, in the world ye shall have t.

Acts 14. 22, through much t.

Rom. 5. 3, we glory in t. also.

12. 12, patient in t.

See 2 Cor. 1. 4; 7. 4; Eph. 3. 13; Rev. 7. 14.

TRIBUTARY. Dent. 20. 11; Judg. 1. 30; Lam. 1. 1.

TRIBUTARY. Delth. 20. 11; dog. 1. 30; L8
TRIBUTE. Gen. 49, 15, a servant to.
Num. 31. 37, the Lord's t.
Deut. 16. 10, t. of freewill offering.
Ezra 7. 24, not lawful to impose t.
Neh. 5. 4 borrowed money for king's t.
Prov. 12. 24, the slothful shall be under t.
See Mat. 17. 24; 22. 17; Lu. 23, 2.
TRIM. 2 Sam. 19. 24; Jer. 2. 33; Mat. 25, 7.
TRIMPHER. 18; 14, 19, betch. 4 cleaningly

TRIUMPH. Ex. 15. 1, he hath t, gloriously. Ps. 25. 2, let not mine enemies 6. 22. 4. 1 will t. in the works of thy hands. 2 Cor. 2. 14, which always causeth us to 6. Col. 2. 15, a show of them, t. over them. See 2 Sam. 1. 20; Job 20. 6; Ps. 47, 1.

TRODDEN. Job 22, 15, way which wicked men

ROJDIEN. JODEZ. 19, way million that err. Ps. 119, 118, thou hast t, down all that err. 1sa. 5.5, the vineyard shall be t, down. 63. 3, 1 have t, the winepress alone. Mic. 7. 10, now shall she be t, as mire. Mat. 5. 13, salt to he t, under foot. Lu. 21. 24, Jorusalem shall he t, down. Heb. 10. 29, hath t. under foot Son of God. See Deut. 1. 36; Judg. 5. 21; isa. 18. 2. "CORTE 9 Kings 14 9: 2 Chron. 25. 18; Lu.

TRODE. 2 Kings 14. 9; 2 Chron. 25. 18; Ln. 12. 1. TROOP. 2 Sam. 22. 30; Ps. 18. 29; Hos. 7, 1.

TROUBLE (n.). Deut, 31, 17, many t. shall befall. 1 Chron. 22, 14, in my t. I prepared for the house. Neh. 0, 32, let not the t. seem little.

Joh 3. 26, yet t. came. 5. 6, neither doth t. spring out of the ground.

5.6, neither doth t. epring out of the ground.
7. man is hom to t.
19, shall deliver thee in six t.
14. 10 few days and full of t.
33. 25, weep for him that was in t.
34. 29, he giveth quietness, who can make t.
38. 23, I have reserved against the time of t.
78. 9, 9, a refuge in time of t.
78. 9, 9, a refuge in time of t.
78. 11, the t. of mine heart are enlarged.
22. 11, for t. is near.
23. 11, the t. of mine heart are enlarged.
24. 5, in time of t. he shall hide me.
46. 1, a very present help in t.
73. 5, they are not in t. as other men.
88. 3, my soul is full of t.
118. 143, t. and anguish have taken hold.
138. 7, though I walk in the midst of t.
1sa. 11. 14, at even ongtide t.

TROUBLE. Isa. 30. 6, into laud of t. they will carry riches. 65. 16, hecause former t, are forgotten. 65. 16, hecause former t. are forgotten. 23, they shall not hring forth for t. Jer. 2. 27, in time of t. they will say, save us. 8. 15, we looked for health, and hehold t. 1 Cor. 7. 28, such shall have t. in the flesh. 2 Cor. 1. 4, shle to comfort them in t. See Prov. 15. 6; 25. 19; Jer. 11. 12; 30. 7; Lam. 1. TRUCE. 2 Tim. 3.3, men shail he t.-hreakers. TRUE. Gen. 42, 11, we are t. men.

1 Kings 22, 16, tell me nothing but that which 1 Kings 22. 16, tell me nothing but that which is t.
2 Chron, 15. 3, Israel hath heen without the t. God. Neh. 9. 13, thou gavest them t. Isws.
Ps. 119, 160, thy word is t. from the beginning.
Prov. 14. 25, a t. wintess delivereth souls.
Jer. 10. 10, the Lord is the t. God.
Mat. 22. 16; Mk. 12. 14, we know that thou art t.
Lu. 16, 11, the t. riches.
John 1. 9, that was the t. light.
4. 23, when the t. worshippers.
5. 31, of myself, my witness is not t.
6. 32, the t. bread,
10. 41, *41 things that John apake were t.
15. 1, 1 am the t. vine.
17. 3; 1 John 5. 20, to know thee the only t. God.
2 Cor. 6. 6, as deceivers and yet t.
Eph. 4. 24, created in t. holiness.
Phil. 4. 8, whatsoever things are t.
Heb. 10. 22, draw near with t. heart.
See Rev. 3. 7; 6. 10; 15. 3; 16. 7; 19. 9, 11; 21. 5.
TRUST. Joblas. 15, though he slay me, yet will 39. 11, wilt thou t. him because his strength is great? PS, 25. 2; 31. 6; 55. 23; 56. 3; 143. 8, It. in thee. 37. 3; 40. 3; 62. 8; 115. 9; Prov. 3. 5; Isa. 26. 4, t. in the Lord. in the Lord.
118. 8, better to t. in the Lord.
114. 2, he in whom I t.
Prov. 28. 28, he that t. in his own heart is a fool.
Isa. 50. 10, let him t. in the name of the Lord.
Isa. 50. 10, let him t. in the name of the Lord.
Jer. 49. 11, let thy widows t. in me.
Mic. 7. 5, t. ye not in a friend.
Nah. 1. 7. Lord knoweth them that t. in him.
Mat. 27. 43, he t. in God, let him deliver.
Lu. 18. 9, certain which t. in themselves,
See Jer. 17. 5; 2 Cor. 1. 9; 1 Tim. 4. 10.
RIUTH Dent. 32. 4. a God of t.
RIUTH Dent. 32. 4. God of t. See Jer. 17. 5; 2 Cor. 1. 9; 1 Tim. 4. 10.
TRUTH. Deut. 32. 4, a God of t.
Pa. 15. 2, speaketh t. in his heart.
51. 6, desirest t. in in heart.
91. 4, his t. shall be thy shield.
117. 2, his t. endureth for ever.
119. 30, 1 have chosen the way of t.
Prov. 23. 23, huy the t.
1sa. 59. 14, t. is fallen in the streets.
Jer. 9, 3, they are not valiant for the t.
Zech. 3. 16, speak every man t. to his neighbour.
Mal. 26, the law of t. was in his mouth.
John 1. 14, full of grace and t.

John 8.32. know the t. and the t. shali make you free 14. 6, I am the way, the t., and the life. 16. 13, Spirit of t. will guide you into all t. 18. 38, when the way, and the substitute of the last state of the TRY, See Frov. 11. 5; 183, 22. 10; 1 ret. 4, 12; nev. o. 10. TURN. Job 23, 13, who can t. him.
Ps. 7. 12, if he t. not, he will whet his sword.
Prov. 1, 23, t. at my reproof.
Jer. 33. 18; Lam. 5, 21, t. thou me and 1 shall he t.
Ezek. 14. 6; 18. 30; 33. 9; Hos. 12. 6; Joel 2. 12, re-Ezek. 14. 0; 10. 00; 00. 0, 20 TWAIN. Isa. 6.2; Mat. 5, 41; 19, 5; Eph. 2.15. TWICE. Job 33, 14; Mk. 14, 30; Lu. 18, 12; Jude 12. TWINKLING, 1 Cor. 15, 52, in the t. of an eve. UNADVISEDLY. Ps. 106. 33, he spake u. UNAWARES. Lu. 21, 34; Gal. 2, 4; Heb. 13, 2; Jude 4. UNBELIEF. Mk. 9. 24, help thou mine u. Rom. 3. 3, shall u. make faith without effect? 11. 32, concluded all in u. Heh. 5. 12, evil heart of u. See Mat. 13. 58; Mk. 6. 5; 1 Tim. 1. 13; Heb. 4. 11. UNBLAMEABLE, Col. 1, 22; 1 Thess, 3, 13, UNCERTAIN. 1 Cor. 9. 26; 14.8; 1 Tim. 6.17. UNCLEAN. Acts 10, 28; Rom. 14, 14; 2 Cor. 6, 17. UNCLOTHED. 2 Cor. 5.4, not that we would be u. UNCORRUPTNESS. Tit. 2.7, in doctrine showing u. UNCTION. 1 John 2. 20, an u. from the Holy One. UNDEFILED. Ps. 119, 1, blessed are the u. Jss. 1. 27, pure religion and u. 1 Pct. 1. 4, an inheritance u. See Cant. 5. 2; 6. 9; Heb. 7. 26; 13. 4. UNDER. Rom. 3, 9; 1 Cor. 9, 27; Gal. 3, 10. UNDERSTAIND. Ps. 19.12, who can u. his errors?
73.11, then u. 1 their end.
119.100, 1 u. more than the ancients.
139.2, thou u. my thought afar off.
Prov. 8, 9, all plain to him that u. Prov. 8, 9, an piant to him that u.
20, 24, how can a man u. his own way?
29, 19, though he u. he will not answer,
1s. 6. 9, hear ye indeed, hut u. not.
28, 19, a vexation only to u. the report.
19r. 9, 24, let him glory in this, that he u. me.
Dan 10. 12, thou didst set thine leant to u. 12, 10, wicked shall not u., wise shall u. Hos. 14. 9, who is wise, and he shall u. these Hos. 14. 5, who is the property things?

Mat. 13. 51, have ye u, all these things?

24. 15, whose readeth, let him u.

Lu. 24. 45, that they might u. the scriptures,

John 8. 43, why do ye u. ou u. my speech?

Rom. 3. 11, there is none that u. 15.21, they that have not heard shall u. 1 Cor. 13, 2, though I u. all mysteries.

UNDERSTANDING. 1 Cor. 13. 11, I u. as a child. See 1 Cor. 14. 2; Heb. 11. 3; 2 Pet. 2. 12; 3, 16. See I Cor. 14. 2; Heb. 11. 3; 2Pet. 2. 12; 3, 16. INDERSTANDING. Ex. 31. 3; Deut. 4. 6, dom and u.

1. Kings a I. hast asked for thyself u.

4. 29, gave Solomon wisdom and u.

7. 14, filled with wisdom and u.

1. Chron. 12. 32, men that had u. of the times.

2 Chron. 26, 5, had u. in visions.

Joh 12. 18, he hath counsel aod u.

20. he taketh away the u. of the aged.

17. 4, thou hast hid their heart from u.

28. 12, where is the place of u.?

28. 8, the Almighty giveth them u.

38. 36, who hath given u. to the heart?

39. 17, neither imparted to her u.

19. 1, neight prises with u.

49. 3, meditstion of my heart shall be of u.

193. 13, 125, 144, 169; given me u.

99. 1 have more u. than my teachers.

104, through thy precepts I get u.

11, u. shall keep thee.

3. 5, lean not to thine own u.

19. by u. hath he established the heavens.

45. 7, get wisdom, get u.

8. 1, doth not u. put forth ber voice?

96. go in the way of u.

10. the knowledge of the boly is u.

14. 29, he that is slow to wreth is of great u.

16. 22, u. is a wellspring of ilife.

17. 24, wisdom is before him that bath u.

18. 8, be that keepeth u. shall find good. UNDERSTANDING. Ex. 31. 3: Dent. 4. 6. wis-17. 24, wisdom is before bim that bath u.
18. he that keepeth u. shall find good.
21. 30, there is no u. against the Lord.
24. 3, by u. an house is established.
30. 2, bave not the u. of a man.
Ecol. 9. 11, nor yet riches to men of u.
1sa. 11. 2, the spirit of u. shall rest on bim.
27. 11, it is a people of no u.
29. 14, the u. of prudent men shall be hid.
40. 14, who showed bim the way of u.?
28, there is no searching of his u.
1er. 3. 15, pastors shall feed you with u.
Ezek. 28. 4, with thy u. thou hast gotten riches.
Dan. 4. 34, mine u. returned. Ezek. 28. 4, with thy u. thou hast gotten riche Dan. 4. 34, mine u. returned.
Mat. 15. 16; Mk. 7.18, are ye also without u. ?
Mk. 12. 33. to love him with all the u.
Lu. 2. 47, astonished at his u.
24. 45, then opened he their u.
10. 11. 5, i will pray with the u. also.
20, be not children in u.
Eph. 4. 18, having the u. darkened.
Phil. 4. 7, peace of God, which passeth all u.
See Col. 1. 9; 2. 2; 2 Tim. 2. 7; 1 John 5. 20.

ENTERTAKE 1s. 34. 4. 4 for UNDERTAKE. Isa. 38. 14, u. for me. UNDONE. Josh. 11, 15; Isa, 6, 5; Mat. 23, 23; Lu. 11, 42, UNEQUAL. Ezek. 18. 25, 29; 2 Cor. 6. 14. UNFAITHFUL. Ps. 78. 57; Prov. 25, 19.

UNFEIGNED. 2 Cor. 6.6; 1Tim. 1.5; 2Tim. 1.5; 1 Pet. 1. 22. UNFRUITFUL. Mat. 13. 22 : Eph. 5. 11 : Tit. 3. 14 : 2 Pet. 1. 8

UNGODLINESS. Rom. 1, 18; 11, 26; 2 Tim. 2, 16; Tit. 2, 12.

Tit. 2. 12. UNGODLY. 2Chr. 19. 2, shouldest thou belp the u.? Job 18. 11, God hath delivered me to the u. Ps. 1. 1, counsel of u. 6, the way of the u. shall periab.

43. 1, plead my cause against u. nation. Prov. 16. 27, an u. man diggeth up evil. Rom. 5. 6, Christ died for the u. 1 Pet. 4. 18, where shall the u. appear? 2 Pet. 3. 7, perdition of u. men. See Rom. 4. 5; 1 Tim. 1. 9; 2 Pet. 2. 5; Jude 15. UNHOLY U. 12 10. 10; 1 Tim. 1. 9; 2 Tim. 3. 2; Heb UNHOLY. Lev. 10. 10; 1 Tim. 1, 9; 2 Tlm. 3, 2; Heb 10, 29

UNITE. Gen. 49. 6; Ps. 86. 11. UNITY. Ps. 133.1; Eph. 4.3, 13.
UNITY. Ps. 133.1; Eph. 4.3, 13.
UNJUST. Ps. 43.1; Prov. 11. 7; 29.27, u. man.
Prov. 28.8, be that by u. gain.
Zeph. 3.5, the u. knowth no shame.
Mat. 5.45, he sendeth rain on just and u. Ln. 18. 6, hear what the u. judge saith. UNKNOWN. Acts 17. 23; 1 Cor. 14. 2; 2 Cor. 6. 9; Gal. 1. 22 UNLAWFUL. Acts 10.28; 2 Pet. 2.8. UNLEARNED, Acts 4, 13; 1 Cor. 14. Acts 4, 13; 1 Cor. 14, 16; 2 Tim. 2.

23; 2 Pet. 3, 16 UNMINDFUL. Deut. 32. 18, thou srt u. UNMOVEABLE. Acts 27, 41; 1 Cor. 15, 58. UNPERFECT. Pa. 139. 16, yet being u.
UNPERFECT. Pa. 139. 16, yet being u.
UNPREPARED. 2 Cor. 9. 4, find you u.
UNPROFITABLE. Joh 15. 3, u. talk.
Mat. 25. 30; Lu. 17. 16, u. corvant.
See Rom. 3. 12; Tit. 3. 9; Philem. 11; Heb. 7. 18;
13.17.

UNPUNISHED. Prov. 11. 21; 16. 5; 17. 5; 19. 5; Jer. 25. 29; 49. 12, shall not he u. See Jer. 30. 11; 46. 28. UNQUENCHABLE. Mat. 3, 12; Lu. 3, 17. UNREASONABLE. Acts 25.27; 2 Thees. 3.2. UNREPROVEABLE. Col. 1. 22, u. in bls sight. UNRIGHTEOUS. Ex. 23. 1, an u. witness.

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See Dent. 25, 16; Ps. 71. 4; Lu. 16, 11; 1 Cor. 6, 9. UNRIGHTEOUSNESS. Lu. 16, 9, mammon of u. Rom. 1, 8, bold the truth in u. 2, 8, to them that obey u. 3, 5, if our u. commend righteousness. 6, 13, instruments of u. 9, 14, its there u. with God? 2 Cor. 6, 14, what followship with u.? 2 Thess. 2, 12, had pleasure in u. 2 Pet. 2, 13, receive the reward of u. 1, John 1, 9, cleanse us from all u. 5, 17, ell u. is sin. See Lev. 19, 15; Ps. 32, 15; Jen. 22, 13; John 7, 18. UNRULY. 1 Thess. 5, 14; Tit. 1, 6; Jas. 3, 8. UNSAVOURY. Joh 6, 6, can that which is u. he esten?

eaten?

UNSEARCHABLE, Job 5.9; Ps. 145.3; Rom. 11. 33; Epb. 3.8. UNSEEMLY. Rom. 1.27; 1 Cor. 13.5.

UNSKILFUL. Heb. 5. 13, is u. in the word. UNSPEAKABLE. 2 Cor. 9, 15; 12, 4; 1 Pet. 1, 8. UNSPOTTED. Jas. 1. 27, u. from the world. UNSTABLE. Gen. 49. 4; Jac. 1. 8; 2 Pet. 2. 14. UNTHANKFUL. Ln. 6. 35; 2 Tim. 3. 2. UNWASHEN. Mat. 15. 20; Mk. 7. 2, 5.

UNWISE. Deut., 32. 6; Hos. 13. 13; Rom. 1. 14; Eph. 5. 17.

Eph. 5. 17.
UNWORTHY. Acts 13. 46; 1 Cor. 6. 2; 11. 27.
UNWORTHY. Mat. 11. 20; Mk. 16. 14; Jas. 1. 6.
UPHOLD. Ps. 51. 12, u. with thy free spirit.
51. 4, with them that u. my soul.
119, 116, u. me secording to thy word.
145. 14, the Lord u. all that fall.
18a. 41. 10, I will u. thee with right hand,
42. 1, my servant, whom I u.
63. 5, wondered there was none to u.
Heh. 1. 3, u. all things by word of power.
See Ps. 37. 17; 41. 12; 63. 8; Prov. 20. 28.
UPPERMOST. Mat. 23. 6; Mk. 12. 39; Lu. 11. 43,

UPRIGHT. Job 12.4, the u, man is laughed to

scorn.
17. 8, w. men shall be astonied.
Ps. 19. 13, theo shall I be w.
25. 8; 92, 15, good and w. is the Lord.
37. 14, such as be of w. conversation.
49. 14, the w. shall have dominion.
111. 1, the assembly of the w.
112. 4, to the w. ariseth light.
195. 4 'that are w. in their hearts. scorn.

125.4, that are u. in their hearts. Prov. 2.21, the u. shall dwell in the land. 11.3, the integrity of the u. 20, such as are u. in their way. 14, 11, the tahernacle of the u. 44. 11, the tanet mark of the u. is his delight, 28. 10, the u. shall have good things. Eccl. 7. 29, God hath made man u. Cant. 1. 4, the u. love thes. See 1sa. 26. 7; Jer. 10.5; Mic. 7. 2; Hab. 2. 4.

See Fis. 20. 1, 35. 10.0.2, 10.0.2, 2, do ye judgo u. 84. 11, no good from them that walk u. Prov. 10. 9, 15. 21, 28. 18, he that walketh u. Isa. 33. 15, be that speaketh u. Be. 75. 15. 2; Amos 5. 10; Mic. 2. 7; Gal. 2. 14.

Bee Fs. 19. 2; Amos S. Be; Bill. 2. 7; Gal. 2. 19 UPRIGHTNESS. 1 Kings 3. 8; in u. of heart. 1 Chron. 29. 17; thou hast pleasure in u. 104 4. 6, the u. of thy ways. 33. 23, to show unto man his u. Ps. 25. 21, let u. preserve me. 143. 10, lead me into the land of u. Fron 2. 13, who leave the paths of u. See Ps. 111. 8; Prov. 14. 2; 28. 6; Isa. 26. 7, 10.

UPROAR. Mat. 26.5; Mr. 14.2; Acts 17.5; 21.31. UPWARD. Job 5.7; Eccl. 3.21; Isa. 38.14. URGE. Gen. 33.11; 2 Kings 2.17; Lu.11.53. URGENT. Ex. 12, 33; Dan. 3, 22 USE. Mat. 6. 7, u. not vain repetitions.

Ton. 7, 31, they that u, this world.
Gal. 5, 13, u, not liberty for an occasion.
1 Tim. 1, 8, if a man u, it lawfully.
See Ps. 119, 132; 1 Cor. 9, 12; 1 Tim. 5, 23.

Šee Ps. 119. 132; 1 Cor. 9. 12; 1 Tim. 5. 23. USURP. 1 Tim. 2. 12. I suffer not a woman to u. UTTER. Ps. 78. 2. I will u. dark sayings. 106. 2. who can u. the mighty active 106. 2. who can u. the mighty active. Prov. 1. 20. wisdom u. her voice. 23. 33. thine heart shall u. perverse things. 29. 11. a fool u. all bis mind. Eccl. 5. 2. let not thine heart be hasty to u. Rom. 8. 26. which cannot be u. 2 Cor. 12. 4. not lawful for a msn to u. Active 11. many things hard to be u. See Joh 33. 3; Iss. 48. 20; Joel 2. 11; Mat. 13. 35. HTTERANCE. Acts. 2. as the Shrift gavo u.

UTTERANCE. Acts 2. 4, as the Spirit gave u. See 1 Cor. 1. 5; 2 Cor. 8. 7; Eph. 6. 19; Col. 4. 3.

See 1 Cr. 1. 5; 2 Col. 4: pln a. 13; oc. 1. 3. UTTERLY. Ps. 119, 8, forsaks me not u. Jer. 23, 39, I will u. forgst you. Zeph. 1. 2. I will u. consume all things. 2 Pet. 2. 12, these shall u. perish. See Dent. 7. 2; Neh. 9. 31; Isa. 40, 30; Rev. 18. 8. UTTERMOST. Mat. 5. 28; 1 Thess. 2. 16; Heb. 7. 25.

VAGABOND, Ps. 109, 10; Acts 19, 13. VAIL. Mat. 27. 51; 2 Cor. 3. 14; Heb. 6. 19.

VAII. Mat. 27.51; 2 Cor. 3.14; Heb. 6.19.
VAIN. Ex. 5. 9, not regard v. words.
20.7; Deut. 5.11, shalt not take name of the Lord in v.
peut. 32.47; It is not a v. thing for you.
2 Sam. 6.20, as one of the v. fellows.
2 Kings 18.20; isa. 35. 5, they are but v. words.
Joh II. 12, v. man would be wise.
16.3, shall v. words have an end?
21.34, how then comfort ye me in v.?
Ps. 2.1; Acts 4.25, the people imagine a v. thing.
26.4, I have not sat with v. persons.
33. 17, an horse is a v. thing for safety.
38. 6, every man walketh in a v. show.

Ps. 60. 11; 108. 12, v. is the help of man. 89. 47, wherefore hast thou made men in v.? 127. 1, labour io v., the watchman waketh in v. Prov. 12. 11; 28, 19, followeth v. persons.

12.1., isBourt o, the water in e. Prov. 12.11; 23. 19, followeth v. persons.
31. 30, heauty is v.
13. 31, heauty is v.
14. 13. bring no more v. oblations.
45. 13. he restated it not in v.
19. I said not, seek ye me in v.
49. 4; 65. 23, laboured in v.
19. I said not, seek ye me in v.
49. 4; 65. 23, laboured in v.
19. 1. 32, in v. is salvation hoped for.
10. 3, the eustoms of the people are v.
46. 11, in v. shalt thou use medicines.
46. 11, in v. shalt thou use medicines.
46. 13. 14, v. he have said, it is v. to serve God.
45. 6. 7. use not v. repetitions.
16. 9; Mr. 7. 1; n. v. they worship me.
16. 9; Mr. 7. 1; n. v. they worship me.
18. 19. 19. 2. unless ye have helleved in v.
19. 10. 15. 2. unless ye have helleved in v.
20. 16. 1, receive not the grace of God in v.
21. 22, lest I should run in v.
21. 16. unruly and v. talkers.
23. 1. 25, this man's relicion is v.
24. 24. 18. 17. 18. 25. 26. 27. Phill. 2. 3.
24. LIANT. 18. 18. 21. 18. 11. 19. v. for me.

VALIANT. 18am. 18.17, he v. for me.

1 Kings 1.42, for thou art a v. man.

1sa. 10.13, put down inhabitants like a v. man.

Isa. 10. 13, put down inhabitants like a v. 1 Jer. 9. 3, they are not v. for truth. Heb. 11. 34, waxed v. in fight. See Ps. 60. 12; 118. 16; 1sa. 33. 7; Nab. 2. 3. VALUE. Joh 13. 4, physicians of no v. Mat. 10. 31; Lu. 12. 7, of more v. See Lev. 27. 16; Job 28. 16; Mat. 27. 9.

VANISH. Isa. 51.6; 1 Cor. 13.8; Heb. 8.13.

VANISH. 18a.bl. 6; 1 COT. 1.8; HeB. 8.13.
VANIST. Job. 7.3, to possess months of v.
15. 31, v. shall be his recompence.
35. 13, God will not hear v.
Ps. 12. 2, speak v. with his neighbour.
39. 5, every man at his hest state is v.
62. 9, are v. lighter than v.
144. 4, man is like to.
Prov. 13. 11, wealth gotten by v.

270v. 15. 11, Westin gotten by v. 30. 8, remove from me v. Eccl. 6. 11, many things incresse v. 11. 10, childhood and youth are v. 1sa. 30. 28, with the sieve of v. 1pc. 18. 15, have burned incense to v. Hab. 2. 13, shall weary themselves for v. Rom. 3. 29, cresture made subject to v.

Eph. 4. 17, walk in v. of mind. 2 Pet. 2. 18, great swelling words of v. See Eccl. 1. 2; Jer. 10. 8; 14. 22; Acts 14. 15. VARIABLENESS. Jas. 1.17, with whom is no v. VARIANCE. Mat. 10. 35; Gal. 5. 20. VAUNT. Judg, 7.2; 1 Cor. 13.4.

VAUNT. Judg. 7.2; 1 COr. 13. 4. VEH EMENT. Cant. 8. 6; Mk. 14. 31; 2 Cor. 7. 11. VENGEANCE. Deut. 32. 35, to me helongeth r. Prov. 6. 34; Isa. 34. 8; 61. 2; Jer. 51. 6, day of v. 1sa. 59. 17, garments of v. for clothing. Acts 28, 4, whom v. suffereth not to live. Jude 7, the v. of eternsl fire. Eee Mic. 5. 15; Nah. 1. 2; Lu. 21. 22; Rom. 12. 10.

See Mic. 5, 15; Nah. 1. 2; Lu. 21. 22; Rom. 12. 19. VERILY. Geo. 42. 21; Ps. 58. 11; 73. 13; Mk. 9. 12. VERITY. Ps. 111. 7; 1 Tim. 2. 7. VESSEL. 2 Klogs 4. 6, there is not a v. more. Ps. 31. 12, I am like a potter's v. Iss. 66. 20, hring offering in a clean v. Jor. 22. 28, a v. wherein is no pleasure. 25. 34, fall like a pleasant v. Mat. 13. 43 kg athered the good into v. 25. 4, the wise took oil in their v. Acts 9. 15, he is a chosen v. unto me, Rom. 9. 22, the v. of wrath. 23. the v. of mercy.

23. the v. of mercy.

1 Thess. 4. 4, to possess his v. in sanctification.

2 Tim. 2. 21, he shall he a v. to hnnour.

1 Pet. 3. 7. honour to wife as to weaker v.

See Iss. 52. 11; 63. 4; Jer. 14. 3; Mk. 11. 16. VESTRY. 2 Kings 10, 22, him that was over the v. STURE. Gen. 41. 42; Ps. 22. 18; I02. 28; Mat. 27. 35; Heb. 1. 12; Rev. 19. I3.

27. 35; Heb. 1. 12; Kev. 18. 15.
VEX. Ex. 22.1; Lev. 19. 33, not v. a. stranger.
Num. 33, 55, those ye let remain shall v. you.
2 Sam. 12. 18, how will he v. himself?
Joh 19. 2, how long will ye v. my soul?
16a. 11. 13, Judah shall not v. Ephraim.
Ezek. 32. 9, 1 will v. the hearts of many.
Mat. 15. 22, my daughter is grievously v.
2 Pett. 28, v. his rightcous soul.
See Lev. 18. 18; Judg. 16. 16; Isa. 63. 10; Hab. 2. 7.

VEXATION, Eccl. 1.14; 2.22; Isa. 9.1; 28.19; 65.14.

VICTORY. 2 Sam. 19. 2, v. was turned to mourn-

I Chron. 29, 11, thine is the v. P. 98. 11, hath gotten him the v. Mat. 12. 20, send forth judgment unto v. 1 John 5. 4, this is the v., even our faith. See 1sa. 25. 8; 1 Cor. 15. 54, 55, 57.

VIEW. Josh. 2.7; 7.2; 2 Kings 2.7; Neb. 2. 13.

VIGILANT. 1 Tim. 3.2; 1 Pet. 5.8. VIGILANT. 1 Thm. 3.2; J Pet. 5.8.

VILE. 1 Sam. 3.13, made themselves v.
Joh 18. 3, wherefore are we reputed v.?
40. 4, I am v., what shall I answer thee?
Ps. 15. 4; Iss., 32. 5; Dan. 11. 21, a v. person.
Jer. 15. 19, 124s the precious from the v.
Lam. 1. 11, see, O Lord, for I am become v.
Nah. 3. 6, I will make thee v.
Rom. I. 25, gave them up to v. affections.
Phil. 3. 21, shall change our v. body.
Jas. 2. 2, a poor man in v. raiment.
See 2. Sam. I. 21; Joh 30. 6; Ps. 12. 8; Nah. I. 14.
VILLANY Les. 29. 4. 142. 90. 23.

VILLANY. Isa, 32, 6; Jer, 29, 23,

VINE. Deut. 32. 32, their v. is of v. of 8odom.
Judg. 13. 14, may not eat anything that cometh of the v.

1 Kings 4.25, dwelt every man under his v, 2 Kings 18.31; Isa. 36.16, cat every man of his own v.

Ps. 80. 8, a v. out of Egypt. 128. 3, thy wife as a fruitful v. 128. 24. 7, the new wine mourneth, the v. lan-guisheth.

guisneth. Hos. 10. 1, Israel is an empty v. Mic. 4. 4, shall sit every man under his v. Mat. 26. 29; Mk. 14. 25; Lu. 22. 18, this fruit of

the v.

John 15, I, I am the true v.

See Deut. 8, 8; Cant. 2, 15; Joel I. 7; Hab. 3, 17.

See Deut. 8, 8; Cant. 2, 16, 10; 32, 10; Mic. 7. VINTAGE. Joh 24. 6; Isa. 16. 10; 32, 10; Mic. 7. 1.

VIOL. Isa, 5, 12; 14, 11; Amos 5, 23; 6, 5,

VIOL. Isa, 5, 12; 14, 11; Amos 5, 23; 6, 5. VIOLENCE. Gen. 6, 11, earth was filled with v. Ps. 11, 5, him that loveth v. 55, 4, have seen v. in the etity. 58, 2, weigh the v. of your hands. 72, 14, redeem thoir soul from v. 73, 6, v. covereth them as a garment. Prov. 4, 17, they drink the wine of v. 10, 6, v. covereth menth of wicked. Isa, 53, 9, because he had done no v. 60, 18, v. shell un more he heard.

Iss. 53. 9, because be had done no v.
60. 18; v. shall no more be heard.
Ezek. 8. 17; 28. 18; they have filled the land with v.
Amos 3. 10, store ny v. in their palaces.
Hab. 1. 3, v. is before me.
Mal. 2. 16; one coverett v. with his garment.
Mat. 11. 12, kingdom of heaven suffereth v.
Lu. 3. 14, do v. to no man.
See Mic. 2. 2; 6. 12; Zeph. 1. 9; Heb. 11. 34.
VIOLENT. Ps. 7. 16, bis v. dealing.
18. 48; 140, 1; Prov. 16, 29, the v. man.
See 2 Sam. 22, 49; Eccl. 5. 8; Mat. 11, 12,

VIOLENTLY. Isa. 22. 18; Mat. 8. 32; Mk. 5. 13. VIRGIN. Isa. 23. 12; 47. 1; 62. 5; Jer. 14. 17. VIRTUE, Mk. 5. 30; Lu. 6. 19; 8. 46; Phil. 4, 8. VIRTUOUS. Ruth 3, 11 : Prov. 12, 4 : 31, 10, 29.

VISAGE, Isa. 52. 14; Lam. 4.8; Dan. 3. 19.

VISAGE. Isa 52.14; Lam. 4.8; Dan. 3.19.
VISION. 70.50.8, as a v. of the night.
Prov. 29.18, where there is no v., people perish.
18.2.21. I. the valley of v.
28.7, they err in v.
Lam. 2.9, prophets find no v. from the Lord.
Hos. 12. 10, I have multiplied v.
Joel 2.28; Acts2.17, young men shall see v.
Zech. 13.4, ashamed every one of his v.
Mat. 17.9, toll the v. to no man.
Lu. 24.23, had seen a v. of angels.
Acts 26.19, not disobedient to heavenly v.
See Joh 4. 13; Ezek. I. 1; 8.3; Mic. 3.6.

See 301 %. 10; EZEK. 1. 1; 8. 5; ELC. 5. 1. TEST. Gen. 50. 24; Ex. 13, 19, God will v. you, Ex. 20. 5; 34. 7; Num. 14. 18; Deut. 5. 9, v. the iniquity of the fathers. 32. 34, when I v., I will v. their sin. Euth 1. 6, how the Lord had v. his people. Joh 5. 24, thou shalt v. thy habitation. 7. 18, shouldest v. him every morning. Ps. 5. 4; Heh. 2. 6, the son of man, that thou v.

him.

him.
196. 4, v, me with thy salvation,
19r. 5.9; 19. 9, shall I not v. for these things?
29. 10, I will v_n and perform my good word.
Ezek, 38. 8, after many days thou shalt be v.
Mat. 25. 36, I was sick, and v e v. me.
Acts 15. 14, bow God did v. the Gentiles.
13a. 1.27, to v. the fatherless and widows.
See Job 31. 14; Lu. 1. 88, 78; 7.15.

VISITATION. Joh 10. 12, thy w. hath preserved. Isa 10.3; I Pet 2. 12, in the day of w. Jer. 8. 12; 10. 15; 46. 21; 50. 27; Lu. 19. 44, in the time of w. See Num. 16.29; Jer. 11. 23; Hos. 9. 7.

VOCATION. Eph. 4.1, worthy of the v.

VOCATION. Eph. 4.1, worthy of the v. VOICE. Gen. 4.19, v. of thy brother's blood. 27, 22, the v. is Jacob's v. Ex. 23, 21, ohey his v. provoke him not. 24.3, all the people answered with one v. 32.18, it is not the v. of them that shout. Deut. 4.33, did ever people hear v. of God? Josh. 6.10, nor make any noise with thy v. 1 Sam. 24.16; 28.17, is this thy v.? 1 Kings 19.12, after the fire, a still small v. 2 Kings 4.31, there was neither v. nor hearing. Job 3.7, let no joyful v. oome therein. 30.31, organ into the v. of them that weep. 37.4 a. v. rogaeth.

39. 33, organ into the v. of them that weep.
37. 4, a v. roareth.
40. 9, canst thou thunder with a v. like him.
Ps. 5, 3, my v. shalt thou hear in the morning.
31. 22; 85, 6, the v. of my supplications.
42. 4, with the v. of my.
5, 7, to day, if ye will hear his v.
103. 20, the v. of his word.
Prov. 1. 20, uttereth her v. in the streets.
5, 13, not obeyed the v. of my teachers.
5, 13, not obeyed the v. of my teachers.
5, 1, doth out understanding my tooth her a 2

8. I. doth not understanding put forth her v.? 4, my v. is to the sons of man. Eccl. 5. 3, a fool's v. is known.

12.4, rise up at the v. of the bird. Cant. 2.8; 5.2, the v. of my beloved. 12, the v. of the turtle is heard.

14, sweet is the v. Isa. 13. 2, exalt the v. unto them. 40. 3; Mat. 3. 3; Mk. 1. 3; Lu. 3. 4, v. of hlm that

crleth.

6. the v. said, cry.
48. 20, with a v. of singing,
52. 8, with the v. together shall they sing,
65. 19, the v. of weeping be no more heard,
66. 6, a v. of noise, a v. from the temple,
19r. 7.34, the v. of mirth, and v. of gladness,
30. 19, the v. of them that make merry,
48. 2, a v. of cryling shall be. 48. 3, a v. of crylng shall be.

Ezek, 23, 42, a v, of a multitude at ease, 33, 32, one that hath a pleasant v. 43, 2, v, like a noise of many waters. Nah, 2, 7, lead her as with the v, of doves. Mat, 12, 19, neither shall any man hear his v. 1u, 23, 23, the v, of them and thief priests pre-John 5, 25, the dead shall hear v. of Son of God. 10.4, the sheep follow, for they know his v. 5, they know not the v. of strangers. 12, 30, this v. came not because of me. 5, they know not the v. of strangers.
12. 30, this v. came not because of me.
18. 37, every one that is of the truth heareth my v.
Acts 12. 14, and when she knew Peter's v.
28. 10, I gave my v. against them.
1 Cor. 14. 10, there are so many v. In the world.
19, that by my v. I might teach others.
Gal. 4. 20, I desire now to change my v.
1 Thess. 4. 16, descend with v. of archangel.
2 Pet. 2. 16, dumh ass speaking with man's e.
Rev. 3. 20, if any man hear my v.
4. 5, out of the throne proceeded v.
See Gen. 3. 17; Ps. 56. 5; John 3. 29; Acts 12. 22.
VOID. Gen. 1. 2; Jer. 4. 23, without form, and v.
Deut. 32. 28, a people v. of counsel.
Ps. § 69. 39, made v. the covenant.
119. 126, they have made v. thy law.
Prov. 11. 12. v. of wisdom.
1s. 55. 11, my word shall not return to me v.
Jer. 19. 7, make v. the counsel of Judah.
Nah. 2. 10, empty, v., and waste.
Acts 24. 16, a conscience v. of offence.
See Num. 30. 12; Rom. 3. 31; 4. 14.
VOLUME. Ps. 40. 7; Heb., 10, 7.
VOLUMEARY. Lev. 1. 3; 7. 16; Ezek. 46. 12; Col. VOLUNTARY, Lev. 1, 3; 7, 16; Ezek. 46, 12; Col. 2, 18, VOMIT. Job 20. 15; Prov. 26. 11; 2 Pet. 2. 22. VOM(n). Job 20, 15; Prov. 26, 11; 2 Pet. 2, 22 VOW (n). Gen. 28, 20; 23, 11.3, Jacob vowed a v. Num. 23, 39, these ye shall do beside your v. Deut. 12, 6, thither bring your v. Judg, 11, 30, Jephthah vowed a v., and said. 39, dit with her according to his v. 1 Sam. 1, 21, Elkanah went up to offer his v. Job 22, 27, thou shalt pay thy v. Ps. 22, 25; 66, 13; 116, 14, I will pay my v. 50, 14, pay thy v. unto the most High. 56, 12, thy v. are upon me, O God. 61, 5, for thon hast heard my v. 8, that I may daily perform my v. 65, 1, to thee shall the v. be performed. Prov. 7, 14, this day have I paid my v. 20, 25, after v. to make enquiry. Prov. 7. 14, this day have I paid my v. 20. 25, after v. to make enquiry. 31. 2, the son of my v. Eccl. 5. 4, when thou vowest a v., defer not to pay. Iss. 19. 21, they shall vow a v. unto the Lord, and made v. Acts 18. 18, shorn his head, for he had a v. 21. 23, four men which have a v. on them. See 2 Sam. 15. 7; Jer. 44. 25; Nah. 1. 15. VOW (v.). Deut. 23. 22, if forbear to v., no sin. Ps. 76. 11, v., and pay to the Lord your God. 132, 2, and v. to the mighty God. See Num. 21. 2; Eccl. 5. 5; Jonah 2. 9.

WAG. Jer. 18. 16; Lam. 2. 15; Zeph. 2. 15.
WAGES. Gen. 29. 15, what shall thy w. be?
30. 28, appoint me thy w.
31. 7, changed my w. ten times.
Ex. 2. 9, nurse this child, I will give w.
Jer. 22. 13, useth neighbour's service without w.
Hag. 1. 6, earneth w. to put in bag with holes,
Lu. 3. 14, be content with your w.
Lon. 4. 36 be that remath receiveth w. John 4.36, he that reapeth receiveth w. Rom. 6.23, the w. of sin is death. 2 Pet. 2, 15, the w. of unrighteousness. See Ezek. 29.18; Mal. 3.5; 2 Cor. 11.8. WAGONS. Gen. 45. 19; Num. 7. 7; Ezek. 23, 24. WAIL. Ezek. 32. 18, w. for the multitude, Amos 5. 16, w. shall be in all streets,

Mic. 1.8, therefore I will w. and howl.
Mat. 13, 42, there shall be w. and gnashing.
Mk. 5.38, he seeth them that w. greatly.
Rev. 1.7, all kindreds of the earth shall w.
18. 15, merchants shall stand afar of w. See Esth. 4. 3; Jer. 9. 10, 19, 20; Ezek. 7, 11,

Next. Sept. 49.18, 11 have us. for thy salvation. Num. 35.20; Jer. 9.8, by laying of us. 2 Kings 6.33, should 1 us for the Lord any longer? Joh 14.14, 1 will us. till my change come. 15.22, he is us. for of the sword. 17.13, if I us. the grave is my house. 29.21, to me men us., and kept silence, 23, they us for me as for rain.

29. 21, to me men w, and kept silence.
23, they w, for me as for rain.
30. 25, when I w, for light, darkness came.
Ps. 25. 3; 69. 6, let none that w, he ashamed.
27. 14; 37. 34; Prov. 20. 22, w, on the Lord.
33. 20, our soul w, for the Lord.
37. 7, w, patiently.
52. 9, I will w, on thy name.
62. 1; 130. 6, my soul w, upon God.
5, w, only on God.
65. 1, praise w, for thee in Zion.
69. 3, mine eyes fail while I w, for God.
104. 27, these all w, upon thee.
106. 13, they w, not for counsel.
123. 2, so our eyes w, on the Lord.
Pruv. 27. 18, he that w, on his master.
1sa. 30. 18, the Lord w, to be gracious.
40. 31, they that w, on the Lord shall renew.
42. 4, the isles shall w for his law.
59. 9, we w, for light.
64. 4, prepared for him that w, for him.
1am. 3. 26, good that a man hope and quietly w.
Dan. 12. 12, biessed is he that w, and cometh to the days.

Dan. 12. 12, blessed is he that w, and cometh to the days.
Hab. 2. 3, though the vision tarry, w for it.
Zech. 11. 11, poor of flock that w upon me.
Mk. 15. 43, who also w, for the kingdom of God.
Lu. 2. 25, w, for the consolation of Israel.
L. 35, like unto men that w, for their lord.
Acts 1. 4, but w, for promise of the Father.
Rom. 3. 23, groan, w, for the adoption,
25, then do we with patience w. for it.
L. 7, let w, so our ministering.
Cor. 9, 13, they which w, at the altar are partakers.

takers. Gal. 5. 5, we w. for the hope. 1 Thess. 1. 10, to w. for his Son from heaven. See Num. 3. 10; Neh. 12. 44; Isa. 8. 17.

WAKE. Ps. 139. 18, when I w. I am still with thee. Jer. 51. 39, aleep a perpetual sleep, and not w. Joel 3.9, prepare war, w. up the mighty meu. Zech. 4. 1, the angel came again, and w. me. 1 Thess. 5. 10, whether we w. or sleep, See Ps. 71. 4; 127. 1; Cant. 5. 2; Isa. 50. 4.

See Pa. Tt. 4; 121. 1; Cant. 5. 2; 18a. 50. 4.

VA.I.K. Gen. 17. 1, w. before me, and be perfect.

24. 40, the Lord before whom I w.

48. 15, before whom my fathers did w.

18. 20, the way wherein they must w.

18. 20, the way wherein they must w.

19. 21, I will w. among you.

Deut. 23. 14, God w. in midst of the camp.

Judg. 5. 10, eneak, ve that w. by the way.

2 Sam. 2. 29, Ahmer and his men w. all that night.

2534. 223, the w. on a mare.
22. 14, he w. in the circuit of heaven.
23. 3, when by his light I w. through darkness.
Ps. 23. 4, though I w. through the valley of the

shadow of death, 26, 11, as for me, I will w, in mine integrity. 48, 12, w. about Zion, and go round. 55, 14, we w. to house of God in company. 56, 13, that I may w. before God in light of the

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WALKING. Ps. 138.7, though I w. in midst of trouble.
Prov. 10.9; 28.18, be that w. uprightly w. surely.
13.20, that w. with wise men shall be wise.
19.1; 28.6, better is the poor that w. in integrity.
28.26, whoso w. wisely shall be delivered.
Eccl. 2.14, the fool w. in darkness.
18a. 2.5, let us w. in the light of the Lord.
9.2, the people that w. in darkness.
20.3, as my servant hath w. naked.
30.21, a voice saying, this is the way, w. in it.
35.9, the redeemed shall w. there.
59. 10, that w. in darkness, and hath no light.
11, w. in the light of your fire.
Jer. 6.16, ask where is the good way, w. therein.
10.23, not in man that w. to direct. Jer. 6. 16, ask where is the good way, w. therein. 10, 23, not in man that w. to direct.
Ezek. 28, 14, hast w. in midst of stones of fire.
Dan. 4. 37, those that w. in pride.
Hos. 14, 9, the just shall w. in them.
Amos 3. 3, can two w. together?
Mic. 6. 8, to w. humbly with thy God.
Nah. 2. 11, where the lion w.
Zeoh. 1 Ll, we have w, to and fro through the earth.

Mal. 3.14. what profit that we have w. mournfully? ly?

Mat. 9.5; Mk. 2.9; Lu. 5.23; John 5. 8, 11, 12;
Acts 3.6, arise, and w.
12. 43; Lu. 11. 24, w. through dry places,
14. 29, he w. on the water.

Mk. 16. 12, he appeared to two of them as they w.
Lu. 13. 33, I must w. to day, and to morrow.

John 8. 12, shall not w. in darkness.
11. 9, if any man w. in the day.

Rom. 4. 12, who w. in steps of that faith.
6. 4, w. in newness of life.
8. 1, who w. not after flesh, but after Spirit.

2 Cor. 5. T. wa w. by (aith.) 2 Cor. 5. 7, we w. by faith. Gal. 6. 16, as many as w. according to this rule. Eph. 2. 2; Col. 3. 7; in time past ye w. 10, ordained that we should w. in them. 4. 1, w. worthy of the vocation. 17, that ye w. not as other Gentiles. 4. 1, 20. WOUND to the vocation.
17, that ye sw. not as other Gentiles.
5. 15, sw. circumspectly.
Phil. 3. 17, mark them which w.
18, many so, of whom I told you.
Col. 1. 10; 1 Thess. 2. 12, that ye might w. worthy of the Lord.
11. Thess. 4. 1, how ye ought to w.
12, ye may sw. honestly.
2 Thess. 3. 6, from brother that w. disorderly.
1 Dest 4. 2. when we w. in lasciylousness. 1 Pet. 4. 3, when we so, in last viousness, 5. 8, so, shout, seeking whom he may devour, 1 John 1. 7, if we so, in the light.
2. 6, to so, even as be so.
See Gal. 5. 16; Eph. 5. 2; Phil. 3. 16.

WALKING. Deut. 2.7, I ord knoweth thy w. Job 31.26, the moon w. in brightness. Dan. 3.25, four men loose, w. in the fire. Mat. 14.25, Jesus went to them, w. on the sea, Mk. 8.24, I see men as trees, w. Acts 9.31, w. in the lear of the Lord. See Iss. 3.5 is; 2 Cor. 4.2; 2 Pet. 3.3; Jude 16,

See 188. 5. 10, 2 CO. 1. 12, 2 I to 3.0.; a can be WAIL. Gen. 49. 22, branches run over the 12. Ex. 14. 22, the waters were a n. to them. Rum. 22. 24, a m. being on this side, a m. on. 2 Sam. 22. 33; Ps. 18. 29, have I leaped over a n. 2 Kinge 20. 2; Iss. 36. 11, turned his face to the w. Ezga 5. 4, who commanded you to make this m.? Neh. 4. 6, so built we the n. Ps. 62. 3, a howing m. shall ye be, 122. 1, peace be within thy m. Prov. 24. 51, the n. thereof was broken down. 25. 23, like a city without m. 25. 23, like a city without m. 25. 12, it was mill God appoint for m. 59. 10, we grope for the m. 60. 18. thou shalt call thy m. Salvation. Ezek. 8. 7, a hole in the m. Dan. 5. 5, fingers wrote on the m. Amos 5. 19, leaned hand en m., and serpent bit him.

him.

Hab. 2.11, the stone shall cry out of the w. Acts 23.3, thou whited w. Eph. 2.14, the middle w. of partition. See Ezek. 38.11; Zech. 2.4; Acts 9.25; Rev. 21.14. WALLOW. Jer. 6. 26; 25. 34; w. in ashes. 2 Pet. 2. 22, washed, to her w. in the mire. See 2 Sam. 20. 12; Ezek. 27. 30.

Joe 2 Sam. 20, 12; E2CA. 21, 30.

ANDER. Num. 14, 33, your children shall w.
Deut. 27, 18, cursed be he that maketh blind to w.
Job 12, 24, he causeth them to w. WANDER. 15.23, he w. ahroad for bread

15. 23, he w. ahroad to vend.

15. 24, he w. ahroad to vend.

15. 25, the w. ahroad to vend.

16. 26, the word of vend.

17. 26, the word of vend.

17. 26, the word of vend.

17. 27, the word of vend.

17. 28, the word of vend.

17. 28, the word of vend.

17. 28, the word of vend.

18. 28, he wray not thin that w. from nest.

18. 28, he wray not thin that w.

18. 28, the word of vend.

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19. 28, th

See Hos. 9, 17; 17im. 5, 13; Heb. 11. 37; Judel 13. WANT (n.). Deut. 23, 48; thou shalt serve in w. Judg. 18: 10, a place where there is no w. 19. 20, let all thy w. lie on me.

19. 20, let all thy w. lie on me.

31. 19, if 1 have seen any perish for w.

31. 19, if 1 have seen any perish for w.

32. 19, there is no w. to them that fear him. Amos 4. 6, I have given you w. of bread. Mk. 12. 44, she of her w. oast in all.

Lu. 15. 14, he began to be in w.

See Prov. 6, II; Lam. 4. 9; 2 Cor. 8, 14; Phil. 4, 11.

WANT (n.) Pe. 23. 1. 1 shell not w.

WANT (v.). Ps. 23. 1, I shall not w. 34. 10, shall not w. any good thing. Prov. 9. 4, for him that w. understanding.

Prov. 9. 4, for him that w. understanding.
10. 19, in multitude of words there w. not sin.
13. 25, the helly of the wicked shall w.
Eccl. 6. 2, he w. nothing for his soul.
1sa. 34. 16, none shall w. her mate.
Jer. 44. 18, we have w. all things.
Eck. 4. 17, that they may w. hread and water.
John 2. 3, when they w. wine.
2 Cor. 11. 9, when I w. I was chargeable,
See Eccl. 1. 15; Dan. 5. 27; Tit. 1. 5; Jas. 1. 4.
WANTON Lev. 3. 18. Rem. 13. 13. 4. Tim. 5. 11.

WANTON. Isa. 3, 16; Rom, 13, 13; 1 Tim. 5, 11;

Jas. 5. 5. WAR (n.). Ex. 32. 17, there is a noise of w. Num. 32. 6, shall your brethren go to w., and shall ye st here?
Deut. 24. 5, taken a wife, shall not go to w. Judg. 5. 8, then was w, in the gates.
I Chron. 5. 22, many siain, because the w. was of

God.

God. 17, changes and w. are against me. 38. 23, reserved against the day of w. Ps. 27, 3, though w. should rise against me. 46. 9, he maketh w. to cease. 55. 21, w. was in his heart. 68. 30, scatter the people that delight in w. Frov. 20. 18, with good advice make w. Eccl. 3. 8, a time of w.

So., 5, 6, a line of w. 8. 8. 3, no discharge in that w. 1sa. 2. 4; Mic. 4. 8, nor learn w. any more. 1sr. 42. 14, to Egypt, where we shall see no w. Mic. 2. 8, as men averse from w. Mat. 24. 6; Mk. 13. 7; Lu. 21. 9, w. and rumours

of ev.

Lu. 14. 31, what king, going to make w.? Jas. 4.1, from whence come w.? Rev. 12.7, there was ve. in heaven. See Eccl. 9. 18; Ezek. 32. 27; Dan. 7. 21; 9. 26.

See Ecci. 9. 18; Ezek. 32, 21; Dan. 7, 21; 9, 25, WAR (v.). 2 Sam. 22, 35; Ps. 18, 34; 144.1, teacheth my hands to w.
2 Chron. 6. 34, 1f thy people go to w.
18a. 41. 12, they that w. against thee.
2 Cor. 10. 3, we do not w. after the flesh.
1 Tim. 1. 18, w. a good warfare.
2 Tim. 2. 4, no man that w. entangleth.

Jas. 4. 1, lusts that w. in your members. 2. ye fight and w., yet ye have not. 1 Pet. 2. 11, from lusts which w. against the soul. See 1 Kings 14. 19; 1sa. 37. 8; Rom. 7. 23. WARDROBE, 2 Kings 22, 14: 2 Chron, 34, 22, WARE. Mat. 24, 50; Lu. 8, 27; 2 Tim. 4, 15. WARFARE. Isa. 40.2, that her w. is accomplished. 2 Cor. 10.4, weapons of our w. are not carnal. See 1 Sam. 28.1; 1 Cor. 9.7; 1 Tim. 1.18. See 1 Saint. 25. 1; 1 Cot. 5. 1; 1 Ann. 1 10.

WARM. Ecol. 4. 11, how can one be w.?
Iss. 47. 14, bot be a coal to w. at.
Hag. 1.6, ye clothe you, but there is none w.
Mk. 14. 54; John 18. 18, Peter w. himself.
Jas. 2. 16, be ye w. and filled.
See 2 Kings 4. 34; Joh 37. 17; 39. 14; Iss. 44. 15 WARN. Ezek, 3.16; Acts 20.31; 1 Thess. 5.14. WASH. 2Kings 5. 10, go, w. in Jordan.
12, may I not w. in them, and be clean?
Job 9. 30, if I w. myself with snow water. Job 9. 30, if I w. myself with snow water.
11. 19, thou w. away things which grow.
29. 6, when I w. my steps with butter.
Ps. 26. 6; 73. 13, I will w. my hands in innocency.
51. 2, w. me throughly from mine iniquity.
7, w. me, and I shall be whiter than snow.
Prov. 30. 12, a generation not w.
Cant. 5, 12, bis eyes are w. with milk. Cant. 5. 12, bis eyes are w. with milk.

Isa. 1. 16, w. you, make you clean.

Jer. 2. 22, though thou w. thee with nitre.

4. 14, w. thy heart.

Fack. 16, 4, nor wast w. in water to supple thee.

Mat. 6. 17, when thou fastest, w. thy face.

27. 24, took water, and w. his hands.

Mk. 7. 3, except they w. oft, eat not.

Lu. 7. 38, hegan to w. his feet with tears.

44, she hath w. my feet with her tears.

John 9. 7, go, w. in the pool of Siloam.

Acts 16, 33, he w. their stripes.

22, 16, w. away thy sins.

Lor. 6. 11, but ye are w.

Heb. 10, 22, having our bodies w. witb pure water.

2 Pet. 2. 22, the sow that was w.

Rev. 1. 5, that w. us from our sins,

7, 14, have w. their robes.

See Neh. 4. 23; Eph. 5. 26; Tit. 3. 5; Heb. 9. 10.

VASTE. Deut. 32. 10; Jub 30, 3, in w. wilderness. See Noh. 4. 22; Eph. 5. 26; Tlt. 3. 5; Heb. 9. 10.

WASTE. Deut. 32. 10; Job 30. 3; no. wilderness.

1 Kings 17. 14, harrel of meal shall not w.

Ps. 80. 13, bear out of wood doth w. it.

91. 6, nor for the destruction that n.

1sa. 2. 1, the Lord maketh the earth w.

61. 4, they shall hulld the old w.

Joel 1. 10, the field is w., the corn is w.

See Prov. 18, 9; 1sa. 59. 7; Mat. 26. 8; Mk. 14. 4.

WATCH (n.). Ps. 90. 4, as a w. in the night.

119. 146, mine eyes prevent night w.

Jer. 51. 12, make the w. strong.

Hab. 2. 1, will stand upon my w.

See Mat. 14. 25; 24. 43; 27, 65; Lu. 2. 8.

WATCH (w.). Gen. 31. 49, the Lord w. between WATCH (v.). G Gen. 31, 49, the Lord w. between me and thee.
Job 14. 18. does thou not w. ever my sin?
Pa. 37. 32. the wicked w. the righteous.
102. 1. Iw., and am as a sparrow.
130. 6. more than they that w. for morning.
Isa. 29. 20. all that w. for injulty are cut off.
Jer. 20. 10, my familiars w. for my halting.
31. 28. so will I w. over them for evil.
Ezek. 1. 6. the end is come, it w. for thee.
Hab. 2. 1. I will w. to see what he will say.
Mat. 24. 42; 25. 13; Mk. 13. 35; Lu. 21. 36; Acts
20. 31, w. therefore.
26. 41; Mk. 13. 33; 14. 38, w. and pray.
1 Thess. 5. 6; 1 Pet. 4. 7, let us w. and be sober.
Heb. 13. 17, for they w. for your souls.
See I Cor. 16. 13; 2 Tim. 4. 5; Rev. 3. 2; 16. 15.
VATER (m.), Gen. 26. 20. the w. is ours. WATER (n.). Gen. 26. 20, the w. is ours. 49. 4, unstable as w. Deut. 8. 7, a land of brooks of w.

11, 11, land drinketh w. of rain of beaven.

Josh. 7.5. hearts melted, and became as w. Josh, 7.5, hearts melted, and became as w. 2 Sam, 14. 14, as w. spilt on the ground.
1 Kings 13. 22, eat no bread and drink no w. 22. 27; 2 Chron. 18. 26, w. of sfilletion.
2 Kings 3. 11, who poured w. on Elijah's hands. 20. 20, brought w. into the city.
Neb. 9. 11, threwest as a stone into mighty w. John 8. 11, can the flag grow without w.?
14. 8, through the seent of w. it will bud. Jon 8. 11, can the flag grow without wo.?

14. 9, through the scent of w. it will bud.

19. the w. wear the stones.

15. 16, who drinketh injurity like w.

22. 7, hast not given w. to weary to drink

28. 8, bindeth up w. in his thick clouds.

38. 30, the w. are hid as with a stone.

Ps. 22. 14, 1 am poured out like w.

23. 2, beside the still w.

33. 7, he gathereth the w. of the sea.

46. 3, though the w. roar and be troubled.

63. 1, thirsty land, where no w. is.

73. 10, w. of a full cup are wrung out.

77. 16, the w. saw thee.

19. 3, their hlood have they shed like w.

124. 4, traise him, ye w. above heavens.

170v. 5. 15, drink w. out of thine own cistern.

9. 17, stolen w. are sweet.

10. 5, councel is like deep w. 20. 5, counsel is like deep w. 25. 25, as cold w. to a thirsty soul. 27. 19, as in w. face answereth to face. 55. 25. as cold v. to a thirsty soul.
77. 19. as in v. face answereth to face.
30.4. who hatb bound the w. in a garment?
Ecc. 11. 1. cast thy bread upon the v.
Cant. 4. 15. John? 28, well of living w.
3. 1. may vo. cannot quench love.
1sa. 1. 22. thy wine is mixed with w.
3. 1. take away whole stay of v.
3. 1. take away whole stay of v.
18. 5. the w. shall fail from the seas.
18. 5. the w. shall fail from the seas.
18. 5. the w. shall fail from the seas.
18. 5. the w. shall rail from the seas.
18. 5. the w. shall overflow the hithing plare.
32. 20. plessed are ye that sow beside all v.
33. 16, his va. shall be sure.
35. 6, in wilderness shall vo. break out.
41. 17, when the poor seek vo.
43. 2, when thou passest through the w.
16, a path in the mighty w.
20. 1 give w. in the wilderness.
43. 7, in lip pour w. on him that is thirsty.
55. 1. conne ye to the w.
57. 20, whose w. cast up mire and dirt.
Jer. 2. 13; 17. 13, the fountain of living w.
9. 1, Oh that my bead were w.
14. 3, their nobles sent little ones to the w.
41. 2, behold w. rise up out of the north.
Ezek. 4. 17, that they may want bread and w.
31. 4, the vv. made him great.
30. 25, then will 1 sprinkel clean w. 7.11; 21.7, be weak as w.
31.4, the w. made bim greet.
36.25, then will 1 sprinkle clean w.
Annes 8.11, not farmine of bread nor thirst for w.
Met. 3.11; Mk. 1.8; Lu. 3.16; John 1.25; Acts
1.5; 11.16, haptize you with w.
10.42; Mk. 9.41, whose giveth a cup of cold w.
14.28, bid me come to thee on the w.
27.24, Pilate took w. and washed.
Lu. 2.23, ship filled with w.
24, rebuked the raglog of the w.
16.24, dip the tip of the finger in w.
John 3.5, except a man be born of w.
23, there was nuch w. there. 23, there was much w. there. 4. 15, give me this w. 4 15, give me this w.
5 3, waiting for moving of the w.
19, 34, forthwith came out blood and w.
Acts 19, 41, ear any forbid w.
Eph. 5, 26, in perils of w.
Eph. 5, 26, cleanse it with washing of w.
1 Pet. 3, 20, eight souls were saved by w.
2 Pet. 2, II, welle without w.
1 John 5, this 's he that came by w.
Rev. 22, 17, let him take w. of life freely.
See Ps. 29, 3; Jer. 51, 13; Ezek. 32; 41, 1.
WATER (v.), Gen. 2, 6, mist that w. face of ground. ground. 13. 10. the plain was well w.

WAVES. Dent, 11, 10, w. it with thy foot as a garden, Ps. 6, 6, I w. my couch with tears. Ps. 6, 6, 1 w. my couch with tears.

72. 6, as showers that w. the earth.

104. 13, he w. the hills from his chambers.

Prov. 11. 25, he that w. shall be w.

Isa. 16. 9, I will w. thee with my tears.

77. 3, I will w. it every moment.

55. 10, returneth not, but w. the earth.

58. 11. Jer. 31. 12, thou shalf he like a w. garden.

Ezek. 32. 8, I will also w. with thy blood.

1 Cor. 3. 6, Apollos w., hut God gave the increase.

See Ps. 65. 9; Ezek. 17. 7; Joel 3. 18. WAVES. Ps. 42.7, all thy w. are gone over me. 65.7; 89.9; 107.29, stilleth noise of v. 93.4, the Lord is mightier than mighty w. 1sa. 48, 18, righteousness as w. of the sea. 183. 48. 16, Taging outsides as w. of the sea. Jer. 5, 22, though the w. toss. Zech. 10, 11, shall smite the w. in the sea. Jude 13, raging w. of the sea. See Mat. 8, 24; 14. 24; Mk. 4. 37; Acts 27, 41. WAX (n.), Ps. 22, 14; 68, 2; 97, 5; Mic. 1, 4, WAX (n.), Ps. 22. 14; 68. 2; 97. 5; Mic. 1. 4.

WAX (n.), Ex. 22. 24; 32. 10, my vernth shall w. bot.

Num. 11. 23, is the Lord's hand w. short?

Dent. 8. 4; 29. 5; Neh. 9. 21, raiment w. not old.

32, 15, Jeshurun w. fat and kioked.

Ps. 102. 26; 1sa. 50. 9; 51. 6; Heh. 1. 11, shall w. old as doth a garment.

Mat. 24. 12, the love of many shall w. cold.

Lu. 12. 33, hags which w. not old.

See Mat. 13, 15; 1 Tim. 5. 11; 2 Tim. 3. 13.

WAY. Gen. 6, 19, all bad computed his w. See Mat. 13, 15; 1 Tim. 5. 11; 2 Tim. 3. 13. WAY. Gen. 6. 12, all bad corrupted his w. 24. 20, if God will keep me in this w. 36, seeing the Lord hath prospered my w. Num. 22. 32, thy w. is perverse. Deut. 8. 6; 26. 17; 28. 9; 30. 16; 1 Kings 2. 3; Ps. 119, 3; 128, 1; 1sa. 42. 24, walk in his w. Josh. 23. 14; 1 Kings 2. 2, the w. of all the earth. 1 Sam. 12. 23, teach you the good and right w. 2 Sam. 22. 31; Ps. 18. 30, as for God, his w, is referred. perfect. 2 Kings 7. 15, all the w. was full of garments. 2 Chron. 6. 27, when thou hast taught them the 2 Chron. 6. 27, when thou hast taught them the good vv.

Ezra 8. 21, to seek of him a right vo.

Joh 8. 23, to a man whose vv. is hid.

12. 24; Ps. 107. 40, to wander where there is no vo.

16. 22, I go the vv. whence I shall not return.

19. 8, fenced up my vv.

22. 15, hast thou marked the old vv.?

23. 10, he knoweth the vv. that I take.

24. 13, they know not the vv. of the light.

31. 4 doth not be see my vv.? 24. 13, they know not the w. of the light.
14, doth not he see my wo.?
38. 15, where is the w. where light dwelleth?
Ps. 1, 6, Lord knoweth w. of the righteoux.
2, 12, lest ye perish from the w.
25, 9, the nucle will be teach his w.
27. 11; 86. 11, teach me thy wo.
36. 4, in a w. that is not good. 37.5, commit thy w. unto the Lord. 39. 1. I will take heed to my w.
49.13, this their w. is their folly.
61.2, that thy w. may be known.
78.50, he made a w. to his anger.
55.10; Heb. 3.10, they have not known my w. 95. 10; Heb. 3. 10, they have not known my 101. 2, behave wisely in a perfect w. 119. 5. 0 that my w. were directed. 30, I have chosen the w. of truth. 59, I thought on my w. 168, all my w. are hefore thee. 139. 24, lead me in the w. everlasting. Prov. 2. 8, be preserveth the w. of his saints, 3. 6, in all thy w. acknowledge him. 17, hor w. are w. of pleasantness. 5. 21, the w. of man are before the Lord. 6. consider her w., and he wise. 23; 15, 24; Jer. 21. 8, the w. of life. 21. 15, the w. of a fool right in his own eyes. 15. 19, the w. of the slothfull man. 16. 7, when a man's w. please the Lord. 22. 6, train up a child in the w.

Prov. 23. 19, guide thy heart in the w.
28, 1st thine eyes observe my w.
28. 13, there is a lion in the w.
Ecc. 11. 5, the w. of the spirit.
12. 5, fears shall be in the w.
1sa. 2. 3; Mic. 4. 2, be will teach us of his w.
30. 21, this is the w., walk ye in it.
35. 8, and a w., called the w. of holiness.
40. 27, my w is hid from the Lord.
42. 16, blind by w. they knew not.
42. they would not walk in his w.
45. 13, I will direct all his w.
45. 13, I will direct all his w.
55. 8, neither are your w. my w.
56. 2, they dolight to know my w.
56. 2, they where is the good w.
71. 10; 32. 19, every man according to his w.
18. 11, make your w. and doings good.
32. 39, I will give them one heart and one w.
50. 5, they shall ask the w. to Zion.
Ezek. 3. 18, to warn the wicked from his w.
18. 29, are not my w. equal? are not your Prov. 23. 19. guide thy heart in the w. 18.29, are not my w. equal? are not your w. unequal? unequal?
Joel 2.7, march every one on his w.
Nah. 1.3, the Lord hath his w. in the whirlwind.
Hag. 1.5, cousider your w.
Mai. 3.1, he shall prepare the w. hefore me.
Mat. 7.13, broad is the w. that leadeth.
10. 5, go not into w. of Gentiles.
22, 16; Mk. 12, 14; Ln. 20, 21, teachest the w. of
God.
Mk. 8.3, they will faint by the w.
11. 8; Mat. 21. 8; Ln. 19. 36, spread garments in
the w. 11. 8; Mai. 21. 8; Lu. 19. 36, spread garments in the control of t the w. Heb.5.2, compassion on them out of the w. 9.8, the w. into the holiest. 9.8, the w. into the hollest.
10.20, by a new and living w.
Jas. 1, 8, unstable in all his w.
5.20, the sinner from error of his w.
2 Pet. 2, 2, follow their permicious w.
15, which have forsaken the right w.
21, better not to have known w. of rightcous-ness

1 Pet. 3. 7, honour to wife, as w. vessel.
See Job 12. 21; Jer. 38. 4; Rom. 15. 1; 1 Thess. 5. 14.
WEAKNESS. 1 Cor. 1. 25, the w. of God.
2. 5, I was with you in w.
15. 43, it is sown in w. ralsed in power.
See 2 Cor. 12. 9; 15. 4; Heb. 7. 18; 11. 34.
WEALITH. Deut. 8. 18, Lord giveth power to get w.
1 Sam. 2. 3; see as nemy in all the w.
2 Chron. 1. 11, thou hast not asked w.
Esth. 10. 3, seeking the w. of his people,
Job 21. 13, they spend their days in w.
31. 25, if I rejoiced because my w. was great.
Ps. 44. 12, dost not increase w. by price.
49. 6, they that trust in w. 49.6, they that trust in w. 10, wise men die, and leave w. to others. 112.3, w. and riches shall be in bis house. Prov. 5. 10, lest strangers be filled with thy w. 10.15; 18.11, the rich man's w. is his strong city. 13. 11, w. gotten by vanity.
19. 4; w. maketh many firends.
Acts 19. 25, by this craft we have our w.
1 Cor. 10. 24, seek every man another's w.
See Dent. 8. 17; Ruth 2. 1; Ezra 9. 12; Zech. 14. 14. WEALTHY. Ps. 66, 12; Jer. 49, 31. WEANED, 1Sam. 1, 22; Ps. 131, 2; Isa. 11.8; 28.9. WEAPON. Neh. 4.17, with other hand held a w. Isa, 13.5; Jer. 50.25, the w. of his indignation. 54, 11, no w. formed against thee. Jer. 22.7, every one with his w. Ezek, 9.1, with destroying w. in his hand. 2 Cor. 10.4, the w. of our warfare. See Job 20.24; Ezek, 39.9; John 18.3. See JOD 20, 22; E226K. 33. 9; JOHN 18. 5.
WEAR. Job 14.19, the waters ut, the stones.
Isa. 4. 1, we will w. our own apparel.
Zech. 13.4, nor chall they w. a rough garment,
Mat. 11. 8, that w. soft clothing.
See Deut. 22.5; E3th. 6.8; Lu. 9. 12; 1 Pet. 3. 3.
WEARINESS. Eccl. 12. 12; Mal. 1. 13; 2 Cor. 11. 27. WEARY. Gen. 27. 46, I am w. of my life.
2 Sam. 23. 10, he smote till bis hand was w.
Job 3. 17, and the w. be at rest. 10. 1, my soul is w.
16. 7, nnw he hath made me w.
22. 7, thou hast not given water to the w. 22.7, thou hast not given water to the w. Ps. 6. 6, 1 am w. with grosning. Prov. 3. 11, be not w. of the Lord's correction. 25. 17, lest be be w of thee. Iss. 5. 27, none shall be w. among them. 7. 13, will ye w. my God also? 98. 12, cause the w. to rest. 32. 2, as shadow of a great rock in w. land. 40. 28. God fainteth not, neither is w. 31. there shall runn and not be w. 31, they shall run, and not be w. 43.22, thou hast been w. of me. 48.1. a burden to the w. beast.
50.4 s a word in season to him that is w.
Jer. 6. 11, I am w. with bolding in.
15. 6. I am w. with repenting.
20. 9. I was w. with forbearing.
31. 25, I have satisted the w. soul.
Lu. 16. 5, lest she w. me.
Gal. 6.9; 2 Thess. 3.1, not w. in well doing,
See Judg. 4. 21; Pe. 66. 9; 69. 3; Hab. 2. 13.
UKARY (a) Ise 43 24 them beat w. me. 46. 1, a burden to the w. beast See Judg. 4. 21; Ps. 68, 9; 69, 3; Hab. 2, 13. WEARY (v.). Isa, 43, 24, thou hast v. me. 47, 13, w. in the multitude of counsels. 57, 10, w. in the greatness of thy way, Jer. 12, 5, with footmen, and they v. thee. Ezek. 24, 12, she hath w. herself with lies, Mic. 63, wherein have I w. thee. John 4. 6, heing w., sat thus on the well. Heb. 12, 3, lest ye be w. and faint. See Eccl. 10, 15; Jer. 4, 31; Mal. 2, 17. WEATHER. Job 37, 22; Prov. 25, 20; Mat. 16, 2. WEB. Judg. 16. 13; Joh 8. 14; Isa. 59. 5. WEDGE. Josh. 7. 21; Isa. 13. 12. WEEK. Gen. 29.27, fulfil her w. Jer. 5. 24, the appointed w. of harvest. Dan. 9. 27, in the midst of the w. Mat. 23. 1; Mk, 16. 2, 9; Lu. 24. 1; John 20. 1, 19;

Acts 20.7: 1 Cor. 16. 2, the first day of the w. See Num. 28. 26; Dan. 10. 2; Lu. 18. 12. See Num. 28, 29; Dan. 10, 2; Lu. 18, 12.

1 Sam. 1.6; John 20, 13, why w. thou?

11.5, what sileth the people that they w.?

30.4, no more power to w.

Job 27, 15, this widows shall not w. Job 27. 15, the widows shall not w.
30. 25, did not I w. for him that was in trouble f
Eccl. 3. 4, a time to w.
18a. 15. 2, be is gone up to w,
22. 4, 1 will w. bitterly.
30. 19, thou shalt w. no more.
Jer. 9. 1, that I might w. day and night.
22. 10, w. ye not for the desd.
Joel 1. 5, awake, ye drunkards, and w.
18a. 5. 39, why make ye this ado, and w.?
Lu. 6. 21, hlessed are ye that w. now.
7. 13; 8. 52; Rev. 5. 5, w. not.
23. 28, w. not for me, but w. for yourselves,
John 11. 31, she goeth to grave to w. there.
Acts 21, 13, what mean ye to w.?
Rom. 12. 15, and w. with them that w.
See John 16. 20; 1 Cor. 7. 30; Jas. 4. 9; 5. 1.
WEEFING. 2 Sam. 15. 30, w. as they went. Ses John 16. 20; 1 Cor. 7. 30; Jss. 4. 9; 5. 1.

WEEPING. 2 Sam. 15. 30, w. as they went.

Ezra 3. 13, not discern noise of joy from w.

Job 16. 16, my face is foul with w.

Ps. 6. 8, Lord hath heard the voice of my w.

30. 5, w. may endure for a night.

102. 9, 1 have mingled my drink with w.

Iss. 65. 19, the voice of w. he no more heard.

Jer. 31. 16, restrain thy voice from w.

48. 5, continual w. shall go up.

Joel 2. 12, turn to me with fasting and w.

Mat. 3. 12; 22. 13; 24. 51; 25. 30; Lu. 13. 28, w.

and gnashing of teeth.

Lu. 7. 38, stood at his feet behind him w.

John 11. 33, when Jesus saw her w.

20. 11. Marry stood without at sepulchre w. Jonn 11. 35, when Jesus saw ner 10. 20. 11, Mary stood without at sepulchre 10. Phil. 3. 18, now tell you even 10. See Num. 25. 6; Jer. 31. 15; Mal. 2. 13; Mat. 2. 18; Acts 9. 39 WEIGH. 25 sm., 14. 26, 20, the hair of his head. Job 6. 2, Oh that rny grief were wo. 31. 6, iet me be w. in an even belance. Isa. 25. 7, thou doet w. the path of the just. 40. 12, who hath w. the mountains? Dan. 5. 27, thou art w. in the balances. See Job 25. 25; Frov. 16. 2; Zech. II. 12. WEIGHT. Lev. 28, 28, deliver hread by w. Job 28, 25, to make the w. for the winds. Ezek. 4.10, thy mest shall be by w. 16, they shall est bread by w. 2, Cor. 4.17, a more exceeding w. of glory. Heb. 12, 1, lay aside every w. See Deut. 25, 13; Prov. 16, 11; Mic. 6, 11. WEIGHTY. Prov. 27.3; Mat. 23. 23; 2 Cor. 10. 10. WELFARE. Neh. 2. 10, to seek w. of Israel. Joh 30, 15, my w. passett sweet w. of Islaer. Joh 30, 15, my w. passett sweet, Pa. 69, 22, which should have been for their w. Jer. 38, 4, seeketh not the w. of this people. See Gen. 43, 27; Ex. 18. 7; 1 Chron. 18. 10. WELL (a.). Num. 21. 17, epring up, 0 w.
Deut. 6. 11, and w. which thou diggedst not.
2 Sam. 23. 15; 1 Chron. 11. 17, water of the w. of Bethlehem. Ps. 84.6, through valley of Baca make it a w. Prov. 5. 15, waters out of thine own w. Prov. 5, 15, waters out of time own w. 10, 11, a w. of life, Cant. 4, 15; John 4, 14, w. of living waters, 1sa. 12, 3, the w. of salvation, John 4, 6, sat thus on the w. 2 Pet. 2, 17, w. without water, See Gen. 21, 19; 49, 22; 2 Sam. 17, 18. WELL (adv.). Gen. 4.7, if thou doest w. 12.13, w. with me for thy sake. 29.6, is he w.? and they said, he is w. 40.14, think on me when it shall be w. Ex. 4.14, I know he can speak w.

WENT. Num. 11, 18, it was w. with us in Egypt, Deut. 4. 49; 5. 16; 6.3; 12.25; 19.13; 22.7; Ruth 3.1; Eph. 6.3, that it may go w. with thee. 1 Sam. 20.7, if he say thus, it is w. 2 Kings 4. 28, is it w. with thee, is it w. 2 Chron. 12. 12, in Judsh things went w. 2-Cirobi. 12. 12, in Judga traings went w. 18-49. 18-49. 18, when thou does w. to thyselficus. 14. 15, looketh w. with he righteous. 18. 15, looketh w. with he righteous. 30. 29, three things which go with the ment hat fear God. 18-48. 28. 24. 14 shall be w. with them that fear God. Ecci. 5.12, it shall be we with them that fear sa. 3. 10, say to the righteous, it shall be we. Ezek. 33. 32, one that can play w. Jonah 4.4, doest thou w. to be angry? Mat. 25. 21; Lu. 19. 17, w. done. Mk. 7. 37, be hath done all things w. Lu. 6. 25, when all mon speak w. of you. Gal. 5. 7, yo did run w. Gal. 5. 7, ye did run w. See Phil. 4, 14; 1 Tim. 3, 5; 5, 17; Tit. 2, 9. WENT. Gen. 4. 16, Cain w. out from the presence. Dent. 1. 31, in all the way ye w. 2 Kings 5. 26, w. not my heart with thee? Ps. 42. 4, I w. with them to the house. 106. 32, it w, ill with Moses. 116. 12. 10, 18 go, sir, and w. not. 11. 11. 14. as they w. they were cleaned. 18. 10, two men w. up into temple to pray. See Mat. 11. 7; 20. 1; Lu. 6. 19; John 8. 9. See Mat. 11. 7; 20. 1; Lu. 5. 19; John 8. 9; WEFT. 2 Kings 8. 11, the man of God vv. Ezra 10. 1; Noh. 8. 9; the people vv. very sore. Neb. 1. 4, 1 vv. before God. Lu. 7. 32, we mourned, and ve have not vv. 19. 41, beheld the city, and w. over it. John 11. 35, Jesus vv. 1 Cor. 7. 30, that weep as though they vv. not. See 2 Sam. 12. 22; Ps. 69. 10; 137. 1; Rev. 5. 4. WET. Job 24.8; Dan. 4. 15; 5. 21, WET. Job 24. 8; Dan. 4. 15; 5. 21.
WHAT. Ex. 18. 15, they wist not w. 1t was.
2 Sam. 18. 10, w. have I to do with you?
Ezra 9. 10, w. shall we say after this?
Joh 7. 17; 15. 14; Ps. 8. 4; 144. 3, w. is man?
1s. 38. 15; John 12. 27, w. shall 1 say?
Hos. 8. 4, w. shall 1 do unto thee?
Mt. 14. 36, not w. I wilt, but w. thou wilt.
John 21. 22, w. is that to thee?
See Acts 9. 6; 10. 4; 16. 30; 1 Pet. 1. 11. WHATSOEVER, Ps. 1.3, w. he doeth shall prosper. Eccl. 3.14, w. God doeth shall he for ever. Mat, 5.37, w. is more than these.
7. 12, w. ye would that men should do.
20. 4, w. is right I will give you.
Phil. 4.8, w. things are true.
See John 15. 16; Rom. 14, 23; 1 Cor. 10, 31. WHEAT. I Sam. 12. 17, is it not w. harvest to-day? Job 31. 40, let thistles grow instead of w. Jer. 12. 13, they have sown w., but reap thorns. 23. 28, what is the chaff to the w.? Mat. 3. 12, gather w. into garner. Lu. 22. 31, that he may sift you se w. See John 12. 24; Acts 27. 38; 1 Cor. 15. 37. WHEEL. Ex. 14.25, took off their chariot w.
Judg. 5.28, why farry the vo.?
Ps. 83.13, make them like a w.
Prov. 20.20, a wise king bringeth the w. over them.
Eccl. 12. 6, or w. broken at the elstern.
Isa, 28, 28, nor break it with the w. of his cert,
Nah, 3. 2, the noise of the ratiling of the w.
See Isa, 5, 28; Jer. 18, 3; 47, 3; Ezck, 1. 18. See 188, 5, 26; 36; 36; 36; 52; 52; 52; 54; 10; WHELP. 2 Sam, 17, 8; Prov. 17, 12; Hos. 13, 8. WHEN. 1 Sam, 3, 12, w. 1 begin I will also. 1 Kings 8, 30, w. thou hearest forgive. Ps. 94, 8, w. will ye be wise? Fccl. 8.7 who can tell him w. it shall be? Mat. 24, 3, Mk. 13, 4; Lu. 21, 7, w. shall these

things he? See Deut. 8.7; John 4.25; 16.8; 1 John 2.28.

WHENCE. Gen. 42.7; Josh. 9.8, w. come ye? Job 10.21, vs. 1 shall not return. Isa. 51.1, the rock w. ye are Lewn. Iss. 61.1, the rock w. ye are hewn.
Jas. 4.1, from w. come wars?
Rev. 7.13, w. came they?
See Mai. 13. 64; John 1. 48; 7.28; 9.29.
WHERE. Gen. 3.9, w. art thou?
Ex. 2.20; 2 Sam. 9. 4; Joh 14. 10, w. is he?
Job 9. 24, if not, w. and who is he?
Ps. 42. 3; w. is thy God?
Jer. 2. 6, w. is the Lord?
Zech. 1.5, your fathers, w. are they?
See 1sa. 49. 21; Hos. 1. 10; Lu. 17. 37.
WHEREEW Jul 18; a shall be come the? WHEREBY. Lu. 1. 18, 10. shall I know this? Acts 4.12, none other name vs. we must be saved. Rom. 8.15, the epirit of adoption, vs. we cry. See Jer. 33. 8; Ezek. 18. 31; 39. 26; Eph. 4. 30. WHEREFORE. 2 Sam. 12. 23, w. should I fast? When Effore. 2 Sam. 12. 23, w. should Mat. 14. 31, w. didst thou doubt?
26. 50, w. art thou come?
See 2 Sam. 16. 10; Mal. 2. 15; Acts 10. 21. WHERETO. Isa. 55. 11; Phil. 3, 16. WHEREWITH. Judg, 6, 5, w, shall I save Israel? Ps. 119, 42, so shall I have w. to answer. Mic. 6, 6, w, shall I come before the Lord? See Mat. 5.13; Mk. 9, 5; John 17, 26; Eph. 2, 4. WHET. Deut. 32. 41; Ps. 7. 12; 64. 3; Eccl. 10. 10. WHETHER. Mat. 21. 31, 10. of them did the will. 23.17, w. is greater, gold or temple?

Rom. 14. 8, w. we live or die.

2 Cor. 12. 2, w. in the body, or out.

See1 Kings 20. 18; Ezek. 2. 5; 3. 11; 1 John 4. 1. WHILE. 2 Chron. 15. 2. with you w. ye be with him.
Ps. 49. 18, m. he lived he blessed his sonl.
Isa. 55. 5, m. he may he found.
Isa. 55. 5, son gone down m. it was yet day.
Lu. 18, 4, he would not for a m.
24. 44, m. 1 was yet with you.
John 9. 4, work m. it is day.
I Tim. 5. 6, she is dead m. she liveth.
See 1 Sam. 9. 27; 2 Sam. 7. 19; Acts 20. 11.
WILD 1 Vicen 29 21. Prom. 28. 3; Nah. 3. 2 him. WHIP. 1 Kings 12. 11; Prov. 26. 3; Nah. 3. 2. WHIT. 1 Sam. 3, 18; John 7, 23; 13, 10; 2 Cor. 11. 5. Gen. 49. 12, his teeth shall be w. with WHITE. milk.

Num. 12, 10, leprous, w. as snow.

Job 8, 8, is any taste in the w. of an egg?

Ecol. 9, 8, let thy garments be always w.

Cant, 5, 10, my beloved is w. and ruddy.

Isa. 1, 18, they shall be w. as snow.

Mat. 5, 36, not make one hair w. or black.

John 4, 35, w. already to harvest.

Rey 2, 17, a. a. stone. Rev. 2. 17, a w. stone.
3. 4, walk with me in w.
See Dan. 11. 35; 12. 10; Met. 17. 2; 28. 3. WHITED. Mat. 23, 27; Acts 23, 3, WHITER. Ps. 51, 7; Lam. 4, 7. WHITHER, 2 Kings 5, 25; Cant, 6.1; Heb. 11.
WHOLE. 28am, 1, 9, my life le yet w, in me.
Ecc. 12, 13, this is the w. duty of man.
Jer. 19, 11, a vessel that cannot be made w.
Ezek, 15, 5, when w. it was meet for no work.
Mat. 5, 29, thy w. body be cast into hell.
9, 12; Mk, 2, 17, w. need not a physician,
13, 33; Lu, 13, 21, till the w, was leavened.
Mat. 16, 26; Mk, 8, 33; Lu, 9, 26, gain w. world,
John 11, 59, expedient that w. nation perish.
1 Cor. 12, 17, if w. body were an eye,
1 Thess. 5, 23, 1 pray your w. spirit.
Jas. 2 10, keep the w. law.
1 John 2, 2, for the eins of the w. world.
5. 19, the w. world lieft hin wickedness.
See Mat. 15, 31; John 5, 6; 7, 23; Acts 9, 34,
WHOLESOME. Prov. 15, 4; 1 Tim, 8, 3,
WHOLLY. Job 21, 23, deth, being w. at ease, WHITHER, 2 Kings 5. 25; Cant. 6.1; Heb. 11. 8. WHOLLY. Job 21. 23, dieth, being w. at ease. Jer. 2. 21, planted thee w. a right seed.

46. 28, not w. unpunished.

Acts 17.16, city w. givan to idolatry. 1 Thess, 5.23, sanctify you w. 1 Tim. 4.15, give thyself w. to them. See Lev. 19.9; Daut. 1.36; Josh. 14. 8. See Lev. 19. 9; Daut. 1. 30; Josn. 12. 32; to 20. he will. Mat. 11. 27, to 20, the Soo will reveal him. 21. 44; Lu. 20, 18, on 20. to thall fall. Lu. 4. 6, to 20. 1 will, 1 give it. 12. 48, to 20. much size giveo. See Gen. 31. 32; Judg. 11. 24; Acts 8. 19.

WHOSE, Gan. 32, 17, vo. art thou, vo. are these? Jer. 44, 25, shall know, vo, words shall stand. Mat. 22, 20; Mk. 12, 16; Lu. 20, 24, vo. is this im-

Lu. 12, 20, then w. shall thesa things be? Acts 27, 23, w. I am and whom 1 serve. See 1 Sam. 12, 3; Dan. 5, 23; John 20, 23.

WHOSOEVER. 1 Cor. 11.27, w. shall eat. Gal. 5. 10, bear his judgment, w. be he. Rev. 22. 17, w. will, let him take. See Mat. 11. 6; 13. 12; Lu. 8. 18; Rom. 2. 1.

WHY. 1 Sam. 2. 23, w. do ye such things?

Jer. 8. 14, w. do we sit still?

27, 13; Ezek, 18. 31; 33, 11, w. will ye die?

Mat. 21, 25; Mk. 11, 31; Lu. 20, 5, w. did ye not belleye?

Deliever Mk. 5, 39, w. make ye this ado? Mk. 5, 39, w. make ye this ado? Acts 9, 4; 22. 7; 26. 14, w. persecutest thou me? Rom. 9. 19, w. doth he yef find fault? 20, w. hast thou made me this? See 2 Chron. 25. 16; Lu, 2. 48; John 7. 45; 10. 20.

See 2 thron. 25. 16; Lu. 2. 48; John 7. 45; 10. 20. WICKED. Gen. 18. 23, destroy righteous with w. Deut. 15. 9, a thought in thy w. heart. 1 Sam. 2. 9, the w. shall be silent. John 3. 17, there the w. shall be silent. John 3. 17, there the w. ease from tronbling. 8. 22, place of the w. shall come to nought. 9. 29; 10. 15, if I be w., why labour I in vain? 21. 7, wherefore do the w. llva? 30, the w. is reserved to destruction. Ps. 7. 9, let the wickedness of the w. end. 11, God is angry with the w. 9. 17, the w. shall be turned into hell. 10. 4, the w. will not seek God. 11. 2, the w. bend their bow. 6, upon the w. he shall rain snares. 12. 8, the w. welk on every side. 20. 5. I will not sit with the w. 37. 21, the w. borroweth and payeth not. 32, the w. borroweth and payeth not. 32, the w. watcheth tha rightcous.

37. 21, the w. horroweth and payeth not.
32, the w. watcheth the rightcous.
35, 1 have seau the w. iu great power.
56, 3, the w. are estranged from the womb.
68. 2, so let the w. perish.
94, 3, how long shall the w. triumph?
139, 24, sea if there be any w. way in ma.
145, 20, all the w. shall fall by his own wickedness.

Prov. 11. 5, the w. shall fall by his own wickedness.
14. 32, the w. is driven away.
28. 1, that w. flee when no man pursueth.
Eccl. 7, 17, be not overmuch w.
Ex. 10. 1, saw the w. buried.
1sn. 13. 11, I will punish the w.
53. 9, he made his grave with the w.
55. 7, int the w. forsake his way.
57. 20, the w. are like the troubled sea.
Jar. 17. 9, the heart is desperately w.
Ezek. 3, 18; 33. 8, to warn the w.
11. 2, these men give w. counsel.
18. 23, have 1 any pleasurs that the w, should die?

dia?
33. 15, if the w. restora tha pledge.
Dan. 12. 10, the w. shall do wickedly.
Mic. 6, 11, with w. balancas.
Nah. 1. 3, the Lord will not acquit the w.
Mat. 12. 45; Lu. 11. 26, more w, than himselt.
13. 49, sever the w. from the just.
18. 32; 25. 28; Lu. 19. 22, thou w. servaut.
Acts 2. 23, and by w. hands have crucified
1 Cor. 5. 13, put away that w. person

Eph. 6. 16, the flary darts of the w. Col. 1. 21, in your mind by w. works. 2 Thess. 2. 8, theo shall that W. he revealed. See Ecol. 9. 2; 1ss. 48. 22; 2 Pet. 2. 7; 3. 17.

See Eccl. 9. 2; 18a. 48. 22; 2 Pct. 2. 7; 5. 11.
WICKEDLY. Joh 13, 7, will you speak w. for Cod?
34. 12, God will not do w.
Ps. 73. 8; 139. 29, they speak w.
Dan. 12. 10, the wicked shall do w.
Mal. 4. 1, all that do w.
See 2 Chron. 6. 37; 22. 3; Neb. 9. 33; Ps. 106. 6.

WICKEDNESS. Gen. 39.9. this great w.

nee 2 curon. 6. 37; 22. 3; Neh. 9. 33; Ps. 106. 6. WICKEDNESS. Gen. 39. 9, this great w. 1udg. 20. 3, how was this w.? 1sam. 24. 13. w. proceededth from the wicked. 1 Kings 21. 25, sold himself to work w. 1504. 48, they that sow w. reap the same. 25. 5, is not thy w. great? 35. 6, thy w. may hurt a mao. Ps. 7, 9, let the w. of the wicked come to an end. 55. 11, w. is in the midst thereof. 15. 11, w. is in the midst thereof. 15. 11, w. is in the midst thereof. 15. 12, w. is in the midst thereof. 16. 2, in heart ye work w. 84. 10, the tents of w. Prov. 4. 17, they eat the bread of w. 8. 7, w. is an abomination to my lips. 11. 5, the wicked shall full by his own w. 13. 8, w. overthroweth the sincer. 25. 26, his w. burneth as the fire. 47. 10, thou hast trusted in thy w. 16. 2, 21, this w. of folly. 15. 9. 18, w. burneth as the fire. 47. 10, thou hast trusted in thy w. 16. 7, she easteth out har w. 8. 10 may respect to the same and

Jer. 2.19, thine own w. shall correct thee.
6.7, she casteth out her w.
8.6, no man repented of his w.
44, 9, have you forgot the w. of your kings?
Ezek. 3.19, if he turn not from his w.
7. 11, violence is risen up into a rod of w.
31. 11, 1 have driven him out for his w.
33. 12, in the day he turnath from his w.
Hos. 9.15, for the w. of their doings.
10.13, ye have ploughed w.
Mic. 6.10, are treasures of w. in house.
Zech. 5.8, he said, this is w.
Mal. 1.4, the border of w.
Mal. 1.4, the border of w.
3. 15, they that work w. are set up.

Mal. 1.4, the border of w.
3. 15, they that work w. are set up.
Mr. 7. 21, out of the heart proceed w.
Lu. 11. 39, your inward part is full of w.
kom. 1. 29, being filled with all w.
1 cor. 5. 8, nor with the leaven of w.
Eph. 6. 12, spiritual w. in high places.
1 John 5. 19, the whole world lieth in w.
See Gan. 6. 5; Fs. 94, 23; Frov. 21. 12; Jer. 23. 11.

See Gan, 6, 5; Ps. 94, 23; Prov. 21. 12; Jer. 23. 11.

WIDE. Ps. 35, 21, thay opened their mouth w.
104. 25, this great and w. sea.
Prov. 21. 9; 25, 24; Jer. 22. 14, a w. house,
Mat. 7, 13; w. is the great that leadeth.
See Daut. 15, 8; Ps. 51. 19; Nah. 3, 13.
WIFE. Prov. 5. 18; Eccl. 9, 9, the w. of thy youth.
18, 22, whose findeth a w., findeth a good thing.
19, 14, a prudent w. is from the Lord.
Lu. 14, 20, 1 have married a w.
17, 32, ramember Lot's w. w. is sanctified.
Eph. 5, 25, tha husband is head of the w.
Rev. 21, 9, the first of the lamb's w.
Rev. 21, 9, the first of the lamb's w.
Rev. 11m. 3, 2; 5, 9; Tr. 1, 6; 1 Pzt. 3, 7.

WILES. Num. 25, 18; Eph. 5. 11.

WILFULLY. Heb. 10, 26, if was sin w.
WILFULLY. Heb. 10, 26, if was sin w.
WILLU. Mat. 8, 3; Mk. 1, 41; Lu. 5, 13, I w., be thou clean.

thou clean.

thou clean.
18. 14, not the w. of your Father.
26. 39, not as I w., but as thou wilt.
Mik. 3. 35, whosever shall do the w. of God.
John 1. 13, born not of the w. of the flesh.
4. 34, to do the w. of him that seat me.
Acts 21. 14, the w. of the Lord be done.
Rom. 7. 18, to w. is present with ma.
Phil. 2. 19, both to w. and to do.
1 Tim. 2. 8, I w. that men pray averywhere.
Rev. 22. 17, whoseover w., let him take.
See Rom. 9. 16; Eph. 1. 11; Heb. 2. 4; Jas. 1. 18.

WILLING. Ex. 35. 5, a w. heart.
1 Chron. 28. 9, serve God with a w. mind.
29. 5, who is w. to consecrate his service?
Ps. 110. 3, w. in the day of thy power.
Mat. 26. 44, the spirit is w.
2 Cor. 5, 8, w. rather to be absent,
6. 12, 1f there be first a w. mind.
1 Tim. 6, 18, w. to communicate. 2 Pet. 3, 9, not w, that any should perish. See Lu, 22, 42; John 5, 35; Philem, 14; 1 Pet. 5, 2, W1N. 2 Chron. 32.1; Prov. 11. 30; Phil. 3. 8. WIND. Job 6. 28, reprove speeches which are as w.
7.7, remember that my life is w.
Prov. 11. 29, he shall inherit w.
25. 23, the north w. driveth away rain,
30. 4, gathereth the w. in his fists.
Eccl. 11. 4, he that observeth the w.
Isa, 28. 18, we have brought forth w.
27. 8 he stayath his wayer. WINDOWS Gen. 7, 11; Eccl. 12, 3; Jer. 9, 21; Mal. 3. 10. MRII. 3.10,
WINGS. Ps. 17. 8; 36. 7; 57. 1; 51. 4; 68. 13; 91. 4,
the shadow of thy w.
18. 10; 104. 3, on the w. of the wind,
55. 6, Oh that 1 had w. like a dove!
139. 9, the w. of the morning.
Prov. 23. 5, riches make themselves w.
Wol 4.2 with healting in his Mal, 4, 2, with healing in his w. See Ezek. 1. 6; Zech. 5. 9; Mat. 23. 37; Lu. 13. 34. WINK. Job 15, 12; Pa. 35, 19; Prov. 8, 13; 10, 10; Acts 17, 30. WINTER, Gen. 8.22; Cant. 2.11; Mat. 24.20; Mk. 13, 18 WIPE. 2 Kings 21, 13; Isa, 25, 8; Lu, 7, 38; John 13, 5, WISDOM. Job 4.21, they die without w. 12.2, w. shall die with you. Prov. 4.7, w. is the principal thing, 16.15, hetter to get w. thau gold. 19.8, he that getteth w. loveth his own soul. 10. 10. b. hetter to get w. t.mat gold.

23. 4, cesse from thine own w.

23. 4, cesse from thine own w.

Ecol. 1. 18, in much w. is much grief.

Isa. 10. 13, by my w. I have done it.

29. 14, the w. of their wise men shall perish.

Jer. 5. 9, rejected the word of the Lord; and what

w. is in them.

Mic. 6. 9, the man of w. shall see thy uame.

Mat. 11. 19, w. 1a justified of her children.

1 Cor. 1. 17, not with w. of words.

24, Christ the w. of God.

30, who of God is made unto us w.

2 6, we speak w. among perfect.

3. 19, w. of this world is foolishness.

2 Cor. 1. 12, not with fisshiy w.

Col. 1. 9, that ye might be filled with all w.

4.5, walk in vo. toward them.

Jas. 1. 5, if any lack w.

3. 17, the w. from above is pure.

Rev. 5. 12, worthy is the Lamb to receive w. 13. 18, here is w. See Eccl. 1, 16; Rom. 11, 33; Col. 2, 3; 3, 16, See Ecci. 1. 17 com. 11. 25; 0.10 WISE. Gen. 3. 6, to make one w. Ex. 23, 8, the gift blindsth the w. Deut. 4. 6, this nation is a w. people, 32, 29, 0 that they were w? 1 Kings 3. 12, 1 have given thee a w. heart. Joh 9. 4, he is w. in heart, 11. 12, vain man would be w. 22, 2, he that is w. may be profitable, 32, 9, great men are not always w. Pa. 2. 10, be w. now, 0 ye kings. 19. 7, making w, the simple.

Ps. 36. 3, he hath left off to he w. 94. 8, when will ye he w.
107. 43, whose is w. and will observe.
Prov. 1. 5, a w. man shall attain w. counsels. Prov. 1.5, a w. man shall attain w. counsels, 3.7, be not w. in thine own eyes, 6, 6; 8, 33; 23, 19; 27, 11, be w. 9, 12, thou shalt be w. for thyself. 11. 30, be that winnerth souls is w. 16, 21, the w. in heart shall be called prudent, 20, 26, a w. king scattereth the wicked. Eccl. 7, 23, 1 said, I will be w. 9.1, the w. are in the hands of God. 12. 11, the words of the w. are as goads, Isa, 19, 11, I am the sou of the w. Dan. 12. 3, they that be w. shall shine, Mat. 10, 16, be w. as serpents. 11.25, hid these things from the w. Rom. 1.14, I am debtor to the w. 12. 18, be not w. in other lands. 12.16, be not w. in your own conceits. 1 Cor. 1. 20, where is the w.? 4. 10, ye are w. in Christ. 2 Tim. 3. 15, w. unto salvation. See Isa. 5. 21; Jer. 4. 22; Mat. 25. 2. WISELY. Pa.58.5, charming never so w. 101.2, I will behave myself w. Prov. 16.20, that handleth a matter w. See Prov. 21.12; 28.26; Eccl. 7.10; Lu.16.8. WISER. 1 Kings 4.31; Lu. 16.8; 1 Cor. 1.25.
WISH. Ps. 73.7, more than heart could w. Rom. 9.3, 1 could w. myself accursed.
3 John 2, 1 w. above all things.
See Joh 33.6; Jonah 4.8; 2 Cor. 13.9. WITHDRAW, Joh 9, 13; Prov. 25, 17; 2 Thess. WITHER. Ps. 1.3, his leaf shall not w. 37. 2, they shall w. as the green herh. 129. 5; 1ss. 40, 7; 1 Pct. 1.24, the grass w. Mat. 21. 19; Mk. 11. 21, the fig tree w. away. Jude 12, trees whose fruit w. See Joel 1. 12; John 15. 6; Jas. 1. 11. See Joel 1.12; John 19. 6; Jas. A. 11.
WITHHOLD. Ps. 40, 11. w. not thy mercies.
S4. 11, uo good thing will he w.
Prov. 3.21, w. not good from them to whom.
23. 13, w. not correction.
Eccl. 11. 6, w. not thy hand.
Jer. 5.25, your sins have w. good things.
See Job 22. 7; 42. 2; Ezek. 18. 16; Joel 1. 13.
WITHIA Mat. 23. 38 closure for what ice. WITHIN. Mat. 23. 28, cleanse first what is w. Mk. 7. 21, from w. proceed evil thoughts. 2 Cor. 7. 5, w. were fears. See Ps. 45. 13; Mat. 3. 9; Lu. 12. 17; 16. 3. WITHOUT. Gen. 24.31, wherefore standest thou w. 7 2 Chr. 15. 3, for a long season w. the true God. Prov. 1. 20, wisdom crieth w. 1sa. 52. 3; 55. 1, v. mouvey. Jer. 33. 10, w. man, w. heast, w. inbabitant. Hos. 3. 4, Israel w. king, w. prince, w. sacrifice. Eph. 2. 12, w. God in the world. Col. 4. 5; 1 Thesa. 4. 12; 1 Tim. 3. 7, them that aro w. Heb. 13, 12, Jeaus suffered w. the gate. Rev. 22, 15, for w. are dogs. See Prov. 22, 13; Mat. 10, 29; Lu. 11, 40. WITHSTAND. Eccl. 4.12, two shall w. him. Acts 11.17, what was I that I could w. God? Epb. 8. 13, able to v. in svil day. See Num. 22. 32; 2 Chron. 20. 6; Esth. 9. 2. WITNESS (n.). Gen. 31. 50, God is w. betwixt, Josh. 24. 27, this stone shall he a w. Job 16. 19, my w. is in heaven. Pa. 89. 37, as a fathful w. in heaven. Frov. 14, 6x a faithful w, ill neaven.

1sa.55, 4, I have given him for a w. to the people,

1sa.55, 4, the Lord he a true and faithful w.

Mat. 2s. 14, for a w. unto all nationa.

John 1.7, the same dorne for a w.

3. 11, ye receive not our w. 5. 38, I have greater w. than that of John.

Acts 14. 17, he left not himself without w. Rom. 2. 15, conscience also bearing them w. 1 John 5.9, the w. of God is greater.
10, hath the w. in himself. See 1s. 43. 10; Lu. 24. 46; Acts 1. 8; 13. 31.
WITNESS (w.). Deut. 4.28, heaven and earth to w. Les 3.9 countains and either a wainst them.

Although the continuous and the continuous and the continuous and continuous and continuous and prophets. I Tim. 6, 13, hefore Pilate w. a good confession. See 1 Sam. 12 3; Mat. 12. 6, 52; 27. 13; Mk. 14. 60.

WITS. Ps. 107, 27, are at their up. end.

WITTY. Prov. 8, 12, knowledge of w. inventions. WOEFUL. Jer. 17, 16, the w. day,

WOEFUL Jer. 17. 18, the w. day.
WOEMUL Jer. 17. 18, the w. day.
WOMAN. Judg. 9. 54, a w. alew him.
Ps. 48. 6; 1sa. 13. 6; 21. 3; 26. 17; 1cr. 4. 31; 6. 24; 13.
21, 22, 23; 30. 6; 31. 8; 36. 41; 49. 22, 24; 50. 43,
pain as of a w. in travail.
Prov. 6. 24, to keep thee from the evil w.
9. 13, a foolish w. is clamorous.
12. 4; 31. 10, x withtons w.
14. 1, every wise w. buildeth her honse.
21. 9, with a hrawing w. in wide honse.
Eccl. 7. 28, a w. among all those have 1 not found.
1s. 54. 6, as a w. forsaken.
Jer. 31. 22, a w. shall compass a man.
Mat. 5. 28, whose looketh on a w.
16. 28, 0 w., great is thy faith.
22. 27; Mk. 12. 22; Lu. 20. 32, the w. died also.
26. 10, why trouble ye the w.?
13, shall thie that this w. hath done he told.
John 2. 4, w., what have I to do with thee?
8. 3, a w. taken in adultery.
19. 26, w., hehold thy son.
Acts 9. 36, this w. was full of good works.
Rom. 1. 27, the natural use of the w.
11. 7, the w. is the glory of the man.
Gal. 4. 4 God sent forth his Son. made of a w. 11.7, the w. is the giory of the man.
Gal. 4.4, God sent forth his Son, made of a w.
1 Tim. 2.12, I suffer not a w. to teach.
14, the w. being deceived.
See 1sa. 49. 15; Lu. 7. 39; 13. 16; Rev. 12. 1.

See 18a, 49, 15; Lu. 7, 39; 13, 16; Rev. 12, 1. WOMB. Gen. 49, 25, Dissings of the w. 18 am. 1, 5, the Lord had shut up her w. Ps. 22, 9, took me out of the w. 10, east npon thee from the w. 127, 3, the fruit of the w. 1s his reward. 139, 13, covered me in my mother's w. Eccl. 11, 5, how bones grow in the w. 18a, 44, 2; 49, 5, Lord formed thee from w. 48, 8, a transgressor from the w. 49, 15, compassion on son of her w. Hoe, 9, 14, give them miscarrying w. 11, 27, blessed is the fruit of thy w. 11, 27, blessed is the w. that hare thee, See Job 3, 11; 24, 26; 31, 15; Prov. 30, 16. WOMEN. Jude. 5, 24, blessed above w.

Nome out of the control of the contr

dren

Mat. 11. 11; Lu. 7.28, among them that are born of w.
4. 41; Lu, 17. 35, two w. grinding at the mill.
Lu, 1. 28, blessed art thou among w.
1 Cor. 14. 34, let your w. keep silence.
1 Tim. 2. 9, w. adorn themselves.
11, let the w. learn in silence.
5. 14, that the younger w. marry.
2 Tim. 3. 6, lead captive silly w.
Tit. 2. 3, the aged w. in behaviour as becometh holiness.
16b, 11. 25, w. received their dead. of w.

Heb. 11. 35, w. received their dead. See Acts 16. 13; 17. 4; Phil. 4. 3; 1 Pet. 3. 5. WONDER (n.). Ps. 71. 7, as a w. unto many. 77. 14, thou art the God that doest w. Ps. 88, 12, shall thy w. be known in the dark.

Ps. 88, 12, shall thy w. be known in the dark.

96, 3, declare his w. among all people.

101, 24, his w. in the deep.

198, 20, 3, walked barefoot for a sign and w.

29, 14, I will do a marvellous work and w.

190el 2. 20; Aots 2. 19, I will show w. in heaven.

John 4. 48, except ye see signs and w.

Acts 4. 30, that w. may he done by the name.

See Rom. 15, 19; 2 Cor. 12, 12; 2 Thess. 2. 9.

WONDER (v.). Isa. 29. 9, stay yourselves and v. 59. 16, he v. there was no intercessor. 63. 5, 1 v. there was no intercessor. 63. 5, 1 v. there was none to uphoid. Hab. 1. 5, regard and v. marvellously. Zech. 3, 8, they are men w. at. Lu. 4, 22, all w. at the gracious words. See Acts 3. 11; 8. 13; 13. 41; Rev. 13. 3; 17. 6.

WONDERFUL. 2 Sam. 1.26, thy love was w. Joh 42. 3, things too w. for me.
Ps. 139. 6, such knowledge is too w. for me.
1sa. 9. 6, his name shall be called W.
28. 29, who is w. in connsel.
See Deut. 28. 59; Jer. 5. 30; Mat. 21. 15.

WONDERFULLY. Ps. 139. 14; Lam. 1. 9; Dan. WONDROUS.

7ONDROUS. 1 Chron. 18. 9; Job 37. 14; Ps. 26. 7; 75. 1; 78. 32; 105. 2; 106. 22; 119. 27; 145. 5; Jer. 21. 2; w. works. Ps. 72. 16; 86. 10; 119. 18, w. things.

PS. 12. 15; 30. 15; 11e. 16, w. tunigs.
WONT. Exod. 21. 29, if the ox were w. to push.
Mat. 27. 15, the governor was w. to release.
Mk. 10. 1, as he was w., he tanght them.
Lu. 23. 39, he went, as he was w.
Acts 18. 13, where prayer was w. to be made.
See Num. 22. 30; 2 Sam. 20. 18; Dan. 3. 19.

See Fillin. 22.7, behold the fire and the m. Dent. 29. 11; Josh 9. 21; Jer. 46. 22, hewer of w. 2 Sam. 18.8, the w. devoured more people. Ps. 141. 7, as one cleaveth w. Prov. 26. 20, where no w. is, fire goeth out. See Jer. 7. 18; Hag. 1. 8; 1 Cor. 3. 12.

WOOL. Ps. 147. 16, he giveth snow like w. Isa. 1. 16, your sine shall be as w. Dan. 7. 9; Rev. 1. 14, hair like w. See Prov. 31. 13; Ezek. 34. 3; 44. 17; Hos. 9. 1.

See Prov. 31.13; Ezek. 34.3; 44.17; Hos. 9.1.

WORD. Dent. 8.3; Mat. 4.4; every w. of God.

30.14; Rom. 10.8, the w. is very nigh.

Joh 12.11, doth not the ear try w.?

35.16, he multiplieth w.

38.2 by w. without knowledge.

Ps. 19.14, let w. of my mouth he acceptable.

66.11, the Lord gave the w.

119.43; 2 Cor. 6.7; Eph. 1.13; Col. 1.5; 2 Tim.

2.15; Jas. 1.18, the w. of truth.

Prov. 15.23, a. w. spoken in due season.

25.11, a w. fitty epoken.

30.21, shall hear a w. helmid thee.

50, 4, how to speak a w. in season.

Jer. 5.13, the w. is not in them.

18.18, nor shall the w. perish.

42.8; know whose w. shall stand.

Hos. 14.2; take with you w.

Mat. 8.8, speak the w. only.

23.6; every idle w. that men shall speak.

16.16, that every w. may be established.

12. 38, every idde w. that men shall speak 16. 18, that every w. may he established. 24. 35, my w. shall not pass away. Mr. 4. 14, the sower soweth the w. 8. 38; Lu. 9. 26, ashamed of my w. Lu. 4. 22, gracious w. which proceeded. 36, amazed, saying, what a w. is this? 24. 19, a prophet mighty in deed and w. John 6. 63, the w. I speak are life. 68, thou hast the w. of eternal life. 12. 48, the w. 1 have spoken shall judge. 14. 24, the w. ye hear is not mine.

11. 24, the w, ye hear is not mine.
17. 8, 1 have given the w. thou gavest me.
Acts 13. 15, any w. of exhortation.
20, 35, remember the w. of the Lord Jesns.
20, 25, the w. of truth and soberness.

1 Cor. 1.17, not with wisdom of w. 4.20, not in w., but in power. 14.9, utter w. easy to be understood. 14. 9, ther w. easy to be understood.
2 Cor. 1. 18, our w. was not yea and nay.
5. 19, the w. of reconciliation.
Gal. 5. 14, all the law is fulfilled in one w.
6. 6, him that is taught in the w. Gal. 5. 14, all the law is fulfilled in one w. 6, 6, him that is taught in the w.
Fph. 5. 6, deceive you with vain w.
Fph. 5. 6, holding forth the w. of life.
Col. 3. 16, let the w. of Christ dwell in you.
Thies. 1. 5. the gospel came not in w. only.
4. 18, comfort one another with these w.
1 Tim. 4. 6, nourished in v. of faith.
5. IV, ishour in the w. and doctrine.
2 Tim. 2. 14, strive not about w.
4. 2, preach the w.
11t. 1. 3, in due times manifested his w.
9, bolding fast the fsithful w.
11t. 1. 3, in due times manifested his w.
11t. 1. 3, in due times manifested his w.
9, bolding fast the fsithful w.
11t. 1. 3, to yet w. of his power.
2. 2, if the w. spoken by angels.
4. 2, the w. preached did not proft.
12, the w. of God is quick and powerful.
5. 13, is unskilful in the w.
6. 5, and have tasted the good w. of God.
7. 28, the w. of the oath.
11. 3, worlds were framed by the w.
23, if any be a hearer of the w.
24, if any be a hearer of the w.
25, this is the w. which is preached.
27, the sincere milk of the w.
31, obey not the w. may without the w.
32, that si mat stumble at the w.
31, obey not the w. may without the w.
29, the sincere milk of the v.
31, obey not the w. may without the w. 3. 1, obey not the w., may without the w. 2 Pet. 1. 19, a more sure w. of prophecy.
3. 2, the w. spoken by prophets.
5, by the w. of God the heavens were of old. 7, hese me by w. are kept in store.
1 John 1.1, hands have handled of W. of life.
2.5, whose keepth his w., in him is love.
3.18, let us not love in w.
Rev. 3.8, thou hast kept my w. 3.18, let us not love in w.
Rev. 3.5, thou hast kept my w.
10, the w. of my patience.
6.9, that were slain for the w.
22.19, take away from w. of this prophecy.
See Isa. 6.20; Jer. 20, 9; Mic. 2.7; Rev. 21.5.
WORK (**). Gen. 2.2, God ended his w.
5.29, shall comfort us concerning our w.
Ex. 20, 9; 23.12; Deut. 5. 13, six days thou shalt do all thy w.
35.2, six days shall w. be done.
Deut. 3.24, what God can do according to thy w.
4.28; 27.15; 2 Kings 19. 16; 2 Chron, 32. 19; Ps.
115. 4; 135, 15, the w. of men's hands.
1 Chron. 16. 37, as every day's w. required.
2 Chron. 31. 21, in every w. he began he did it.
34. 12, the men did the w. faithfully.
Exra 5.8, this w. goeth fast on.
6.7, let the w. alooe.
Neh. 3.5, their nohles put not their necks to the w.
6.3, why should the w. cease?
18, they perceived this w. was of God.
Job 1. 10, hast blessed the w. of his hands.
10. 3; 14. 15; Ps. 143. 5, the w. of thine hands.
34. 11, for the w. of a man shall he render.
Ps. 8.3, the w. of thy fingers.
19. 1, his handy-w.
33. 4, all his w. are done in truth.
40.5; 78.4; 107.8; 111. 4; Mat. 7. 22; Acts 2. 11, wonderful w.
90.17, establish the w. of our hands.
10. 3. 14 hate the w. of them that turn. wouderful w.
60. 17, establish the w. of our hands.
101. 3, I hate the w. of them that turn.
104. 23, man goeth forth to his w.
111. 2, the w. of the Lord are great.
141. 4, to practise wicked w.
Prov. 16. 3, commit thy w. unto the Lord.
20. 11, whether his w. be pure.
24. 12; Mat. 16. 27; 2 Tim. 4. 14, to every man according to his w.

according to his w.

Prov. 31.31, let her own w. praise her. Eccl. 1.14. I have seen the w. that are done. 3.17, there is a time for every w. 5.6, wherefore should God destroy the w.? 8.9. I applied my heart to every w. 9.1, their w. are in the hand of God. 7, God now accepteth thy w. 10, there is now in the prevention. 7, God now accepte the thy w. 16, there is no w. in the grave.
12. 14, shall bring every w. into judgment.
13. 12, 13, 13, 19; j. er. 1, 16; 10, 3, 9, 15; 51, 18, they worship the w. of their own hands.
5. 19, let him hasten his w.
10, 12, when the Lord hath performed his whole w.
26, 12, thou hast wrought all our w. in us.
28, 11, do his w., his strange w.
29, 15, their w. are in the dark.
49, 4 m. w. is with my God. 49. 4, my w. is with my God. 66. 18, 1 know their w. and their thoughts. Jer. 32. 19, great in counsel and mighty in w. 56. 18. 1 know their w. and their thoughts.
Jen. 22. 19. great in counsel and mighty in w.
43. 7, thou hast trusted in thy w.
43. 8. 1 knull have forget any of their w.
44. 1. 15. 1 will work a w. in your days.
14. 15. 1 will work a w. in your days.
15. all their w. they do to be seen.
18. 8. 5. a their w. they do to be seen.
18. 8. 5. he could there do no mighty w.
16. 15. 10, see the work the w. of God.
29. this is the w. of God, that ye helieve.
1. 21. I have dote one w. and ye all marvel.
9. 3. that the w. of God he made manifest.
19. 25. the w. I do in my Father's name.
22. for which of those w. do ye stone me?
14. 12. the w. I do shall be do, and greater w.
17. 4. I have finished the w.
16. 38. who went not with them to the w.
16. 38. who went not with them to the w.
16. 39. 1, by what law? of w.?
4. 6, imputeth righteousness without w.
19. 11, not of w. hit of him that calleth.
11. 6. grace, otherwise w. is no more w.
13. 12, casts off the w. of darkness.
14. 20, for meat destroy not w. of God.
10. or 3. 13, every man's w. made manifest.
9. 1 are not ye my w. in the Lord?
6. 4, let every not ww. post on w.
18. 19. 10, or of w. le isst any man hoast. Gall 2.16, by w. of law no flesh ne justinica.
6, 4, lot every man prove his own w.
Eph. 2, 9, not of w, lest any man boast.
4.12, the w. of the ministry.
5.11, the unifruitful w. of darkness.
Col. 1.21, enemies in your mind by wicked w.
1 Thess. 5.13, in love for their w, sake.
2 Timess. 2.17, in every good word and w.
2 Tim. 1. 9; Tit, 3.5, saved us, not according to our vo.

4.6, do the vo. of an evangelist.

Tit. 1.16, 1n vo. they deny him.

Heh. 6.1; 9.14, from dead vo.

2.14, if he baye not w., can faith save him?

17., faith without vo. is dead, being alone.

18. shew me thy faith without thy vo.

22. by w. was faith made perfect.

2 Pet. 3.10, earth and w. therein burnt up.

1 John 3.8, destroy the w. of the devil.

Rev. 2.2 9, 13, 19; 3.1, 8.15, I know thy w.

28. he that keepeth my vo. to the end.

3.2, I have not found thy w. perfect.

4.13, and their w. do follow them.

See Gal. 5.19; 2 Thess. 1.11; Rev. 18.6; 20. 12.

VORK (w.). 1 Sam. 14, 6, the Lord will w. for will vo. See Gal. 5. 19; 2 Thess. 1. 11; Rev. 18. 6; 20. 12. WORK (v.). I Sam. 14. 6, the Lord will w. for us. 1 Kings 21. 20. sold thyself to w. evil. Neh. 4. 6, the people had a mind to the w. Joh 23. 9, on left hand where he doth w. 33. 29, all these things w. God with man. Fa. 68. 2, In heart ye w. wickedness, 101. 1, he that w. deceit. 119. 126, it is time for thee to w. 18. 43. 13, I will w, and who shall let it? Mio. 2. 1, weo to them that w. evil. Hag. 2. 4, w., for I am with you.

Mal. 3.15, they that w, wickedness are set up.
Mat. 21.28, son, go w. to day in my vineyard,
Mk. 16.20, the Lord w, with them.
John 5.17, my Father w, nitherto and I w.
6.28, that we might w, the works of God.
30, what dost thou w.
7.
9. 4, night cometh, when ne man can w.
Acts 10.35, he that w, right counses is accepted.
Rom. 4.15, the law w, wrath.
5.3, tribulation w, pstience,
8.28, all things w, together for good.
1.0or, 4.12, and labour, w, with our own hands.
12.6, the same God which w, all in all.
2.0or, 4.12, death w, in us.
17, w, for us exceeding weight of glory,
Gal. 5.6, faith which w, by love.
Eph. 1.11, who w, all things after.
2.2, the spirit that now w,
3.20, the power that w, in us.
4.28, w, with his hands thing that is good.
Phil. 2.12, w, out your own salvation.
1 Thess. 4.11, w, with your own hands.
2 Thess. 2.7, mystery of iniquity doth w,
3.10, if any would not w, neither should he eat,
Jas. 1.3, trying of your faith w, patience,
See Ezek. 46, 1; Prov. 11. 18; 31.13; Eccl. 3.9.
WORKMAN, Hos. 8, 6; Eph. 2.10; 2 Tim.2. 15.

WORKMAN. Hos. 8.6; Eph. 2.10; 2 Tim. 2.15.

WORKMAN. Hos. 8. 6; Eph. 2. 10; 2 Tim. 2. 15.

WORLD. Job 18, 18, chased out of the w.
34, 13, who hath disposed the whole w.?
37, 12, on the face of the w.
50, 12, the w. is mine.
50, 12, the w. is mine.
71, 18; 97, 4, lightnings lightened the w.
73, 12, the ungodly, who prosper in the w.
71, 18; 97, 4, lightnings lightened the w.
93, 1, the w. also is stabilished.
Ecol. 3, 11, he hath set the w. in their heart.
183, 14, 21, nor fill the face of w. with cities.
24, 4, the w. languisheth.
34, 1, let tho w. hear.
Mat. 4, 8; Lu. 4,5, all the kingdome of the w.
5, 14, the light of the w.
13, 22; Mk. 4, 19, the cares of this w. choke.
33, the field is the w.
40, in the end of the w.
40, in the end of the w.
41, let Ms. 8, 38; Lu. 9, 25, gain the whole w.
18, 7, wee to the w. because of clences.
Mk. 10, 30; Lu. 18, 30; the 2, 5; 6, 5; in the w. to

come.
Lu. 1.70; Acts 3.21, since the w. began.
2.1, all the w. should be taxed.
18.8; 20.34, children of this w.
20.35, worthy to obtain that w.
10.10, he was in the w.
29, which taketh away the ein of the w.

29, which taketh away the sin of the w.
3.16, God so loved the w.
4.42; 1 John 4.14, the Saviour of the w.
6.33, he that giveth life unto the w.
7.4, shew bhyself to the w.
7.4, shew thyself to the w.
8.12; 9.5, I am the light of the w.
12.18, the whole w. is gone after him.
31, now is the judgment of this w.
47, not to judge the w. but to save the

13. 1, depart out of this w.

14. 17, whom the w. cannot receive.

22. manifest thyself unto us, and not unto w.

22, manifest thyself unto us, and not nine 27, not as the w. giveth, give I. 30, the prince of this w. cometh. 15, 18; 1 John 3.13, if the w. hate you. 19, the w. would love hie uwn. 16. 33, in the w. ye shall have tribulation. 17, 9, I pray not for the w. 16, they are not of the w. 21, 25, the w. could not contain the books. Acts 17, 6, triped the w. unsylde down.

Acts 17. 6, turned the vs. upside down.

Rom. 3. 19, that all the vs. may become guilty.

12. 2, he not conformed to this vs.

10. 12. 10, where is the disputer of this vs.?

2.6. the wisdom of this w.

1 Cor. 7.31, use this w, as not ahusing it. 2 Cor. 4. 4, the god of this w, bath hlinded, Gal. 1.4, this present evil w. 6.14, the w. is crucified unto me. Eph. 2. 2, according to the course of this w. 12, without God in the w.

Jas. 1. 27, unepotted from the w.
3. 8, the tongue is a w. of iniquity.
4. 4, friendship of the w.
2 Pet. 2. 5, God spared not the old w.
3. 6, the w. that then was.
1 John 2. 15, love not the w.
5. 19, the whole w. lieth in wickedness.
See 2 Sam. 22. 16; 1 Chron. 16. 30; Prov. 8. 20.
WORLDLY. Tit. 2. 12; Heb. 9. 1.

WORM. Joh 7.5, my flesh is clothed with 10.
17.14, 1 said to the w., then art my mother.

21. 26, though w. destroy this body.
21. 26, shall lie down and w. shall cover them.
24. 20, the w. shall feed sweetly on him.

24. 20, the w. shall feed sweetly on him.
25. 6, man, that is a w.
Ps. 22. 6, 1 am a w. and no man.
1sa. 14. 11, the w. is spread under thee.
41. 14, fear not, thou w. Jacoh.
66. 24; Mk. 9. 44, 48, 48, their w. shall not die.
See Jonah 4. 7; Mic. 7, 17; Acts 12. 23,
WORMWOOD, Jer. 9. 15; 23. 15; Amos 5. 7.
WORSE. Mat. 9, 16; Mk. 2. 21, rent is made w.
12. 45; 27. 64; Lu. 11. 26, last state w. than the

Inst. Mk. 5.26, nothing bettered, but grew w. John 5.14, lest a w. thing come unto thee. 1 Cor. 11.17, not for the hetter, but for the w. 1 Tim. 5.8, he is w. than an infide. 2 Tim. 3.13, ehall wax w. and w. 2 Pet. 2.20, the latter end is w. with them. See Jer. 7.25; 16.12; Dan. 1.10; John 2.10. WORSHIP. Pe. 95. 6, let us w. and bow down. 97. 7. w. him, all ye gods. 99. 5. w. at his footstool. Isa. 27.13, ehall w. in holy mount. Jer. 4.19, did we w. her without our men. Zeph. 1.5, them that w. the host of heaven. Mat. 4.9; Ln. 4.7, fall down and w. me. 15.9, in vain they do w. me. John 4.20, our fathers w. in this mountain. 22, ye w. ye know not what.

John 4.29, our lathers w. in this mountain.
22, ye w. ye know not what.
12. 20, Greeks es me to w.
Acts 11. 23, whom ye ignorantly w.
24. 14, so w. I the God of my fathers.
Rom 1. 25, w. the ereature more.
1 Cor. 14. 25, so falling down he will w. God.
Sec Col. 2. 18; Heh. 1. 6; Rev. 4. 10; 9. 20.
WORTH. Joh 24. 25; Prov. 10. 20; Ezek. 30. 2.

WORTHY. Gen. 32. 10, I am not w. of the least. 1 Sam. 26. 16, ye are w. to die. 1 Kings 1. 52, I he shew himself a w. man. Mat, 3. II, whose shoes I am not w. to hear. 8. 8; Lu. 7. 6, I am not w. that thou shouldest

come 10. 10, the workman is w. of his meat, 37, leveth father or mother more than me is not

w. of me.

w, of me.
22. 8, they which were bidden were not w.
Mk. 1. 7; Lu. 3. 16; John 1. 27, not w. to unloose.
Lu. 3. 8, fruits w. of repentance.
7. 4, that he was w. for whom he should do.
10. 7; I Tim. 5. 18, the labourer is w. of his hire.
12. 48, 'things w. of stripes.
15. 19, no more w. to be called thy ecn.
20. 35, u. to obtain that world

20, 35, u. to obtain that world.

Acts 24. 2. very w. deeds are done.

Rom. 8, 18, not w. to be compared with the

glery. Eph. 4.1; Col. 1. 10; 1 Thess. 2. 12, walk w.

WOULD.

Heb. 11, 38, of whom the world was not w. Jas. 2, 7, that w. name. Rev. 3.4, for they are w. See Nah. 2.5; Rev. 4. 11; 5.2; 16.6.

See Nah. 2.5; Rev. 4.11; 5.2; 16.6. VOULD. Num. 22: 29; 2v. there were a sword. Ps. 61.11, Israel w. none of my reproof. 38, they w. none of my reproof. 38, they w. none of my counsel. Dan. 5.19, whom he w. he slew. Mat. 7.12; 1u. 6.31, whatsoever ye w. that men. Mk. 3.13, calleth whom he w. Rom. 7.16, what I w. that do I not. 1 Cor. 7. 7 I w. that all men were even as I. Rev. 3.15; 1 w. thou wert cold or hot. See Num. 11. 29; Acts 26. 29; Gal. 5. 17. UNID 16. The 11.25 conventors were See Num. 11. 29; Acts 26. 29; Gal. 5. 17. WOUND (n.) Ex. 21. 25; give w. for w. Job 34. 6, my w. is incurshle.
Prov. 23. 25, who hath w. without cause?
27. 6, faithful are the w. of a friend.
Isa. 1. 6, hut w. and bruises.
Jer. 15. 18, why is my w. incurshle?
30. 17, 1 will heat thee of thy w.
Zech. 13. 6, what are these w. in thy hande?
Lu, 16. 34, bound up his w.
See Prov. 6, 33; 20. 30; Hos. 5, 13; Rev. 13. 3. 2, 19 WOUND (v.). Deut. 32. 39, I w., and I heal. 1 Kinge 22. 34; 2 Chron. 18. 33, carry me out. for I am w. for 1 am w.
Joh 5, 18, be w, and his hands make whole,
Ps. 64, 7, suddenly shall they be w.
109, 22, my heart is w, within me.
Prov. 7, 26, she hath east down many w.
18, 14, a. w. spirit, who can bear?
Isa, 53, 5, he was w, for our transgressions,
Jer, 37, 10, there remained but w. men.
See Gen. 4, 23; Mk, 12, 4; Lu, 16, 30; Acts 19, 16. WRAP. Isa. 28, 20: Mic. 7, 3: John 20, 7, WRATH. 18a, 28. 20; Mic. 7. 3; John 20; 7.

Dent. 32, 27, were it not I feared w. of enemy.
Job 21, 36; Prov. 11. 4; Zeph. 1. 15; Rom. 2. 5; Rev.
6. 17, the day of w.
36. 18, because there is w., beware.
Ps. 76. 10, the w. of man shall praise thee.
90, 7, by thy w. are we troubled.
Prov. 16, 14, w. of a king is as messengers of death. Prov. 16. 14, w. of a king is as messengers of des 19. 19, a man of great w, shall suffer. 27. 3, a fool's w. is heavier. 4, w. is cruel and anger outrageous. Eccl. 5. 17, much w, with his sickness. Eccl. 5. 17, much w, with his sickness. 18s. 13. 9, the day of the Lord cometh with w. 54. 6, in a little w. I hid my face. Nah. 1. 2, he reserveth w, for his enemies. Hab. 3. 2, in w. femember mercy. Mat. 3. 7; Lu. 3. 7, from the w, to come. Rom. 2. 5, w. against the day of w. Eph. 6. 4, provoke not your children to w. 1 Thess. 5. 9, hath not appointed us to w. 1 Thm. 28, lifting up holy hands, without w. See Jas. 1. 19; Rev. 6. 16; 12. 12; 14. 6. VRATHFILL. Ps. 86. 24. Prov. 15. 18. thing. WRATHFUL, Ps. 69, 24; Prov. 15, 16. WREST. Ex. 23.2; Deut. 16. 19; Ps. 56. 5; 2 Pet. 3. 16. WRESTLE. Gen. 32, 24; Eph. 6, 12 WRETCHED, Num. 11. 15; Rom. 7.24; Rev. 3. 17. WRING. Judg. 6, 38; Ps. 75, 8; Prov. 30, 33. WRINKLE. Job 16. 8; Eph. 5, 27. WRITE. Prov. 3.3; 7.3, w. on table of thy heart. Isa. 10.1. w. grievousness which they have pre-19. few, that a child may w. them. Jer. 22. 39, w. ye this man childless. 31. 33; Heb, & I, I will w. it in their hearts, Hah, 2. 2, w. the vision, make it plain. See Job 13. 25; Ps. 6f. 6; Rev. 3. 12. WRITING. Ex. 32. 16; John 5. 47; Col. 2. 14.

WRITTEN. Joh 19. 23, Oh that my words were w. Pe. 59. 28, let them not be w, with righteous.

Ezek, 2.10, roll was w, within and without, Lu, 10, 20, your names are w, in heaven, John 19, 22, what I have w, I have n, 10, 10, 11, w, for our admonition. 2 Cor. 3.2, our epistle w, in our hearts, See Isa, 4.3; Jer. 17, 17, 18, ev. 2.17, 13, 8, See Isa, 4.3; Jer. 17.1; Rev. 2. 17; 13.8. WRONG. Ex. 2.13, to him that did the w. 1 Chron. 12.17, there is no w. in mine hands. Jor. 12. 3, do no w. Mat. 20. 13, friend, I do thee no w. 1. Cor. 6. 7, why do ye not rather take w. 2 Cor. 12. 13, forgive me this w. Col. 3. 25, he that doeth w. shall receive. Philem. 18, if he bath w. thee. See Prov. 8. 36; Acts 25. 10; 2 Cor. 7. 2. WRONGETHI Y. Low 10. 17. Feed. 22. 20. 1 WRONGFULLY, Job 21.27: Ezek. 22. 29: 1 Pet. WROTE, Dan. 5.5; John 8, 6; 19, 19; 2 John 5, WROTE. Dan. 5.5; John 3. 6; 19.19; 2 John 5.

WROTH. Gen. 4.6, why art thou w.?

Deut. 1. 34; 3. 26; 3. 18; 2 Sam. 22. 8; 2 Chron. 28.

2 Kings 5. 11, but Naaman was w. and went away.

Ps. 89, 36, thou hast been w. with thine anointed.

1sa. 41.6, 1 was w. with my people.

54. 9, 1 have sworn I would not be w.

57. 13, neither will I he always w.

64. 9, be not w. very sore.

Mat. 18. 34, his lord was w., and delivered.

See Num. 16. 22; Isa. 28. 21; Mat. 2. 16.

WROUGHT. Num. 23. 23. what bath God w.? Mat. 18, 34, his lord was w, and delivered. See Num. 16. 22; i.sa. 28, 21; Mat. 2.16. w. 18 w. 18. 21; h. 28. 21; h. 21. 21. 32. 32. what bath God w.? 1 Sam. 6. 6, when God had w, wonderfully. 14. 45, Jonathan bath w, with God this day. Neh. 4. 17, with one of his hands w. in the work. 6. 16, this work was w. of our God. Joh 12. 9, the hand of the Lord hath w. this, 36. 23, who can say, thou hast w. iniquity? Ps. 31. 19, hast w. for them that trust in thee 68. 28, strengthen that thou hast w. for ue. 133. 15, curiously w. in lowest parts of, Eccl. 2. 11, 1 looked on all my bands had w. 182, 26. 12; thou hast w. all our works in us. 41. 4, who bath w. and done it? Jer. 18. 3, he w. a work on the wheels, Ezek. 20. 9, 1 w. for my name's sake. 20. 12; these last have w. but one hour. 26. 10; Mk. 14. 6, she hath w. a good work on me. John 3. 21, manifest that they are w. in God. Acts 15. 12, what wonders God had w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 3, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he we had had w. 18. 5, he had had w. 18. 5, he had had w. 18. 5, he had had w. 18. 5, he had be with them, and w. 18. 5, he had be with them, and w. 18. 5, he had be with them, and w. 18. 5, he had be with them, and w. 18. 5, he had be with them, and w. 18. 5, he had be with them, and w. 18. 5, he had be well as the w. 18. 5, he had be well as the w. 18. 5, he had be with them, and w. 18. 5, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he shode with them, and w. 18. 5, he w. 1 thing.
7.11, what carefulness it w, in you.
12.12, the signs of an apostle were w.
Gal. 2.8, be that w. effectually in Peter.
Epb. 1.20, which he w. in Christ,
2 Thess. 3.8, but we w. with labour.
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Jas. 2.2; faith w. with in works.
1 Pet. 4.3, to bave w. the will of the Gentiles.
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2 Cor. 1.17, there should be y., y., and nay, nay.

See 2 Cor. 1.16; Phil. 3.8; 2 Tim. 3.12. YEAR. Gen. 1. 14, for seasons, days, and y. 47. 9, few and evil have y. of my life heen. Ex. 13. 10, keep this ordinance from y. to y.

Ex. 23. 29. I will not drive them out in one y.
Lev. 16. 34, make atonement once a y.
25. 5, it is a y. of rest.
Num. 14. 34, each day for s y. shell ye besr.
Deut. 14. 22, thou shalt tithe y. by y.
15. 9, the y. of release is at hand.
26. 12, the third y. which is y. of tithing.
32. 7, coosider the y. of many generatious,
Judg. 11. 40, to lement four days in a y.
18am. 2. 19, brought a coat from y. to y.
7. 16, went from y. to y. io circuit.
28am. 14. 26, every y. h. poplled it.
1. Kings 17. 1, there shall not be dew nor rain these y. zsam. 14. 20, every y, he polied it.

Kings IT. 1, there shall not be dew nor rain these y.

2 Chron. 14. 6, the land had rest, no war in those y.

30 hlo. 5, are thy y, as man's days?

15. 20, the number of y, is hidden.

18. 22, when a few y, are come.

22, 7, multitude of y, should teach wisdom.

36. 11, they shall spend their y, in pleasures, 26, nor number of his y, he searched out.

Ps. 31. 10, my y, are spent with sighing.

61. 6, prolong his y, as many generations.

65. 11, thou crownest the y,

17. 5, the y, of sucient times.

10. I will remember the y, of the right hand.

16. 33, their y, did he consume in trouble.

90. 4, a thousand y, in thy sight.

9. we spend our y, as a the that is told.

10, the days of our y, are threescore and ten.

10, 22, 4, thy y, are throughout all geocrations.

27, thy, shall have oo end.

Prov. 4. 10, the y, of thy life shall be many.

5. 1 est thou give thy y, to the cruel.

10. 27, y, of wicked shall be shortened.

Ecc. 1. 21, nor y, draw nigh.

18. 21. 16, according to the y, of a hireling.

25. 1, aday ey, to y

35. 15, go soutly all my y.

36. 12, i. 1. 4, 18, acceptable y, of the Lord.

63. 4, the y, of my redeamed.

17. 5, shall not be careful in y, of drought.

28. 1, this y, thou shall die.

51. 46. 8 rumour shall come in ove y.

Ezek. 4. 5, I have kaid ou thee the y, of their iniquity.

22. 4, thou art come even unto thy y. Ezek. 4.5. I have laid on thee the y. of thei quity.

22. 4. thou art come even unto thy y.

33. 5. in latter y, thou shalt come.

48. 17, it shall be his to the y. of liberty.
Dan. 11. 6, in the end of y. they shall join.
Joil 2. 2, to the y. of many generations.
Mic. 6. 5. shall I come with ealves of y. old?
Hab. 3. 2, revive thy work in midst of y.
Mal. 3. 4, offering pleasant, as in former y.
Lu. 13. 8, let it alone this y. also.
Gal. 4. 10, ye observe deys and y.
Rev. 20. 2, Satan bound for a thousand y.
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Judgs 19, 18, y, I bave left me.

2 Kings 19, 18, y, T bave left me.

2 Kings 15. 25, nor case warm.

28 %,

Ezra 3. 6, the foundation was not y, laid.

Job 1. 16, while he was y, speaking.

13. 15, though he slay me, y, will I trust.

29. 5, when the Almighty was y, with me,

Ps. 2. 6, y, have I set my king.

Eccl. 4. 3, he which hath not y, been,

Isa. 28. 4, while it is y, in his hand.

49. 15, y, will I not forget.

Jer. 2. 9, I will y, plead with you.

Son Acts 8. 16; Rom. 9, 9, 9, 1007. 3.3.
YIELD. Geo. 4. 12, not beneforth y, strength. Lev. 19, 25, that it may y, the increase.
28, 4, the land shall y, her increase.
Num. 17, 8, the rod y, almoods.
2 Chroul 30, 8, y, yourselves to the Lord.
Nch. 9, 37, it y, much increase to the kings.
Ps. 61, 8, the earth y, her increase.
197, 37, plant vineyards, which may y, fruits.
Prov. 7, 21, she caused him to y.
Ecol. 10, 4, y, psclicite preat offences.
Hos. 8, 7, 11 it y, strangers shall swallow it.
Juel 2. 22, fig tree and vine y, their strength,
Hath. 3, 17, though fields shall y, no meat.
Aut. 27, 65, orted again and y, up the ghost.
Acts 23, 21, do not thou y, to them.
Rom. 6, 13, neither y, your members, y, yourselves to God.
16, to whom ye y, yourselves servants. 16, to whom ye y. yourselves servants. Hab. 12, 11, y. the peaceable fruits of rightcousness See Gen. 1. 29; Isa. 5. 10; Dan. 3. 28. Yoke. Gen. 27. 40, thou shalt break his y. Lav. 26. 13, 1 have broken bands of your y. Num. 19. 2; 1 Sam. 6, 7, on which never came y.
Deut. 28, 48, he shall put s y. on thy oeck.
I kings 12.4, thy father made our y, griavous.
Iss. 9.4; 10.27; 14.25, thou hast broken the y. of his burden. his burden. S.8, that ye break every y. See 8, that ye break every y. Jer. 2. 20, of old time I have broken thy y. 27. 2; 28. 13, make thee bonds and y. 31. 18, as a bullock meaccustomed to the y. Lam. 3. 27, it is good to bear the y, in youth. Mat. 11. 23. take my y. upon you. Mat. II. 29. take my y. upon you.
30, for my y. is easy.
Acts 15, 10, to put a y. on disciples' neck.
2 Cor. 8, 14, not unequally y. with unbelievers.
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1 Tim. 6. 1, servants as are under the y.
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YOU. Gen. 48.21, God shall be with y.
Ruth 2.4, the Lord he with y.
1 Chron. 22.18, is not the Lord with y.
2 Chron. 15.2, the Lord is with y. while,
Jar. 18.6, cannot I do with y.
42.11; Hag. 1.13; 2.4, for 1 am with y.
Lech. 8.23, we will go with y., God is with y.
Mat. 7.12; Lu. 6.21, that men should do to y.
28.20, I am with y. alway.
Lu. 10.16, he that heareth y. heareth me.
13.28, and y. yourselves thrust out.
Acts 13.46, eseing ye put it from y.
Rom. 18.20; 1 Cor. 16.23; Phil. 4.23; Col. 4.18;
1 Thess. 5.28; 2 Thess. 3.18; 2 Tim. 4.15; Tit. 3.

15: Heh. 13.25; 2 John 3: Rev. 22, 21, grace be

4. 9, a brother who is one of y.
Thess. 5. 12, know them that are over y. 1 Thess. 5. 12, show them that are over y.
1 John 4. 4, greater is he that is in y.
See Hag. 1. 4; Mal. 2. 1; 2 Cor. 8. 13; Phil. 3. 1; 1
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wander. 39. 16. ostrich is hardened against her y 39. 16. ostrich is hardened sgainst her y. Ps. 37.25. I have been y., and now amold. (16. 71, from following ewes great with y. 84. 3. a nest where she may lay her y. 147. 9, he giveth food to y. ravens which cry. Prov. 30. 17, the y. eagles shall eat it. Cant. 2. 9; 8. 14, my beloved is like a y. hart. Isa. 11. 7, their y. shall lie down together. 40. 11, gently lead those that are with y. Jer. 31. 12, flow together for y. of the flock. Ezek. 17. 4, cropped off his y. twigs. John 21. 18, when y. thou girdedst thyself. Tit. 2. 4, teach the x. women to he soher. Tit. 2. 4, tesch the y. women to be soher. See Gen. 33, 13; Isa. 30, 6; Mk. 7, 25; John 12, 14,

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20. 11, his lones are into the sin of his y.
29, 4, as in days of my y.
30. 12, on my right hand rise the y.
32. 25, be shall return to the days of his y.
36. 14, hypocrites die in y.
Fs. 25. 7, remember not the sins of my y.

Ps. 71.5, thou art my trust from my y.
17, thon hast taught me from my y.
88. 15, ready to die from my y. up.
89. 45, days of y. hast thou shortened.
103. 5, thy y. is renewed like the eagle's.
110. 3, the dew of thy y.
127. 4, the children of thy y.
129. 1, they have afflicted me from my y.
144. 12, as plants grown up in y.
Prov. 2. 17, forsaketh the guide of her y.
5. 18, rejoice with the wife of thy y.
10, childhood and y. are vanity.
12. 1, remember now thy Creator in days of y.
1sa. 47. 12, wherein thou hast laboured from thy y.

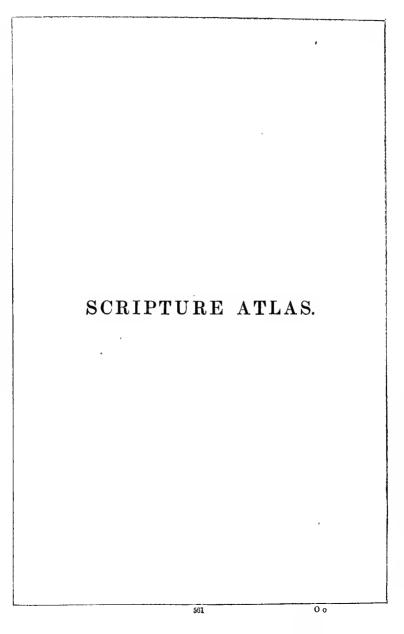
thy y.

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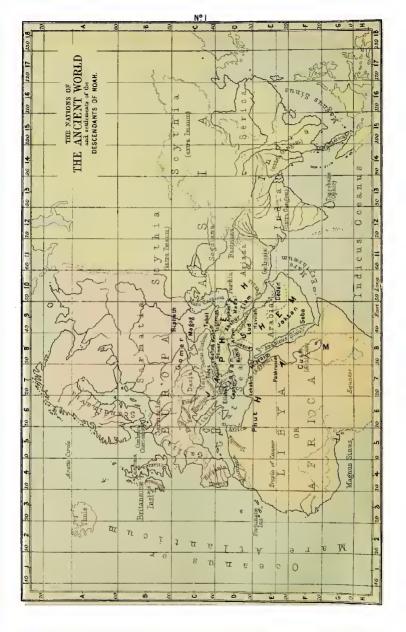
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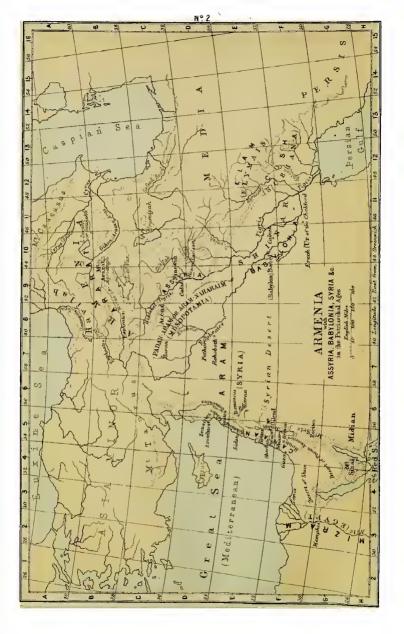
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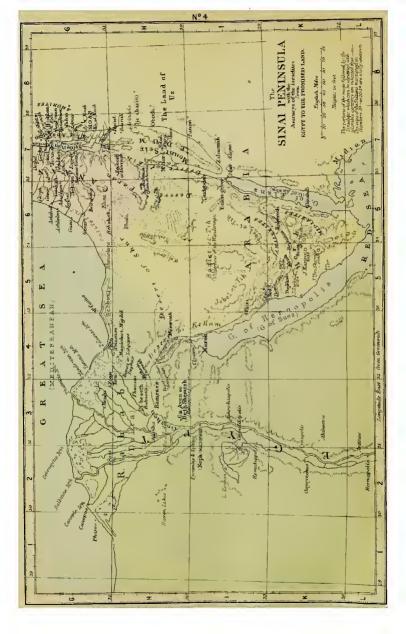
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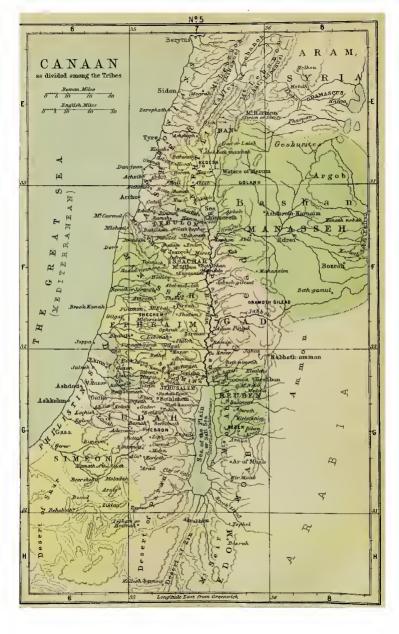
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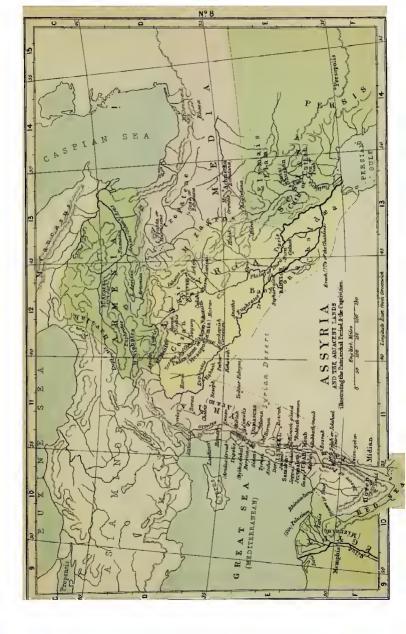


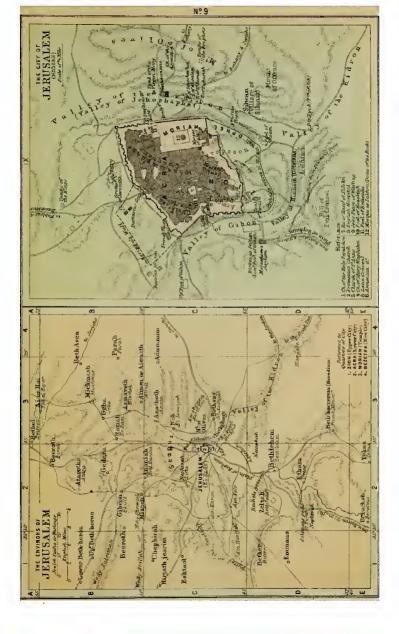


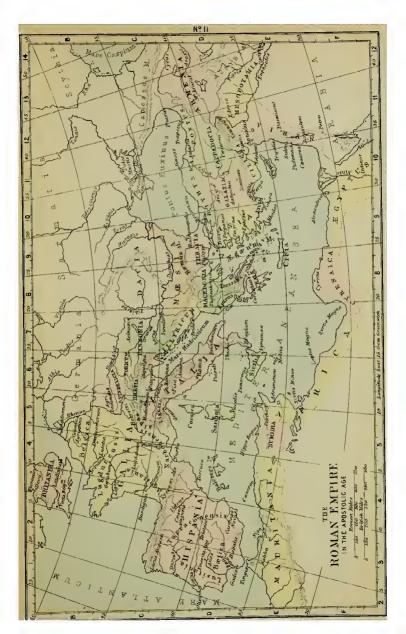


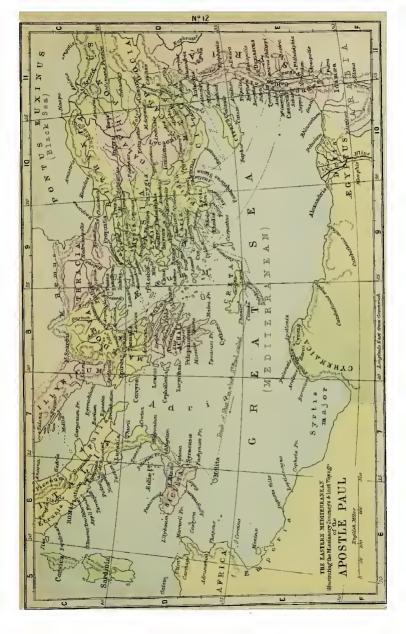












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